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Poetry.

THE MUSIC OF THE PINES.

BY MRS. F. A. HANAFORD.

On a day in the early Autumn time
I roamed with a friend afar,
Where the ribbon berries, and the orchis fair,
And the lofty pine-trees are.
Oh the music roar of the forest pines!
How it filled my heart with glee,
As it brought to mem'ry's view the hours
Of my childhood by the sea.

The feathery fern by the mossy rock
In its wild luxuriance grew,
And the trailing vines of the blackberry swept
In the tangled pathway new,
And the music voice of the forest pines
Filled the air with melody,
Like the roar of the cat'ract's waters grand,
Or the sound of the distant sea.

There the fragrant *saxifraga* rose
By the whortleberry's side,
In the welcome shade of the lofty trees,
Where the zephyrs cool abide.
And the verd'rous plumes of the forest pines
Swift waved in their murmurous glee,
And my heart went back to my childhood's home,
And the voice of its sounding sea.

There the song of the forest bird was heard
From the bough far-off and high,
And the whistle clear of the farmer's boy
As he came our pathway nigh.
But the solemn voice of the murmurous pines
Was the sweetest sound to me,
As it brought to mind those earlier hours
By its roar like the distant sea.

When the ransomed gather in bliss, at last,
Where the sea shall roll no more,
Say how shall the heart be satisfied
That was born on an island shore?
Oh the music roar of the forest pines
May be heard from life's fair tree,
And its hearing leaves have a murmuring voice
Like the sound of the distant sea.

—*N. Y. Independent.*

Select Literature.

ACROSS THE SANDS.

That was a happy week which I spent at Avranches, eleven years since, in the midst of preparations and pleasing bustle which even the humblest wedding seldom fails to call forth. It was to attend Emma's wedding that I had, with some difficulty, obtained a brief leave of absence from H. M. Ship ——, on board of which I was junior Marine officer, and which was very soon to sail for the West Indies. Emma was my sister, and she and I were alone in the world, with no other relation than the kind old aunt with whom Emma had lived since our mother had died. This aunt's name was Pearson, and she was one of the English residents of Avaranches, whom economical living had allured to the coast of Normandy. At Avaranches, then, Emma had lived for two years, and in that bleak air the early delicacy of her health grew more and more perceptible, until aunt Pearson became alarmed, and consulted a physician. The physician looked grave and talked of the seeds of consumption, of prudence, and of a warmer climate. It was one of those prescriptions easier to give than to follow.

For Aunt Pearson was poor, Emma had nothing, and I, her brother, a second lieutenant of Marines, possessed little more than my pay. We were the children of a clergyman, who had been too good a parish priest to die rich, and the kind old aunt had but a modest annuity whereon to maintain her neice and herself, while a migration to the south would have overtasked her slender purse. Under these circumstances, I was rejoiced to hear that Emma's long engagement to Harry Hilton was at last to be brought to a happy close. Harry, who had been a school friend of mine, who had visited the Vicarage when we were all children together, was a good fellow and a clever one though a little fiery of temper and stubborn of will. He loved Emma fondly and faithfully, and they had long been troth-plighted, conditionally on the young man's getting his father's consent. And, by degrees, old Mr. Hilton, a rich merchant at Bordeaux, had been won over to receive as his daughter-in-law, a girl who had no portion but a sweet nature and a fair face. The young folks were to be married at once, and to set up house at Bordeaux, with Mr. Hilton, who was a widower, with no other child than Henry, who was already a junior partner in the firm.

The wedding was fixed for Wednesday, and on the Saturday preceding it, we planned an excursion to Kervæn, a small town on the Breton side of the river Couësnon, and formerly a frontier post belonging to the old Celtic duchy.

Our party was a large one. Mrs. Pearson had many friends in Avaranches, and as soon as it was mentioned that we designed an excursion to the Breton borders, several of the English residents expressed a wish to accompany us. There were, therefore, four or five carriages, besides two or three boys, who were at home for their holidays, and were wild with excitement as they galloped on their shaggy and sure-footed ponies. Hilton rode a fine English horse, a new purchase which he had made in Paris, and which he intended to take down with them to the south. And I drove Emma in a queer little jangling pony-chaise of native construction, while aunt Pearson shared a *voiture de lauage* with three friends.

The day was a beautiful one. We spent some hours pleasantly enough at Kervæn, and dined among the ruins of the fort. The beauty of the day had faded, though gradually. Clouds, like huge skeins of unravelled wool, that covered the violet sky, were not unwelcome in screening off the sun. We had started early, for, though the evening was fine, the road was a long one, winding among the curves and undulations of the bay.

"Are those Norman fellows never coming back with the carriages?" said Hilton, looking at his watch, impatiently; "I have letters to write that *must* go to England by to-night's post.

But nobody else was in any particular hurry to start, and we continued to lounge among the ruins. Even Emma did not seem, for once, to sympathize with Hilton's wish to be moving, and she scolded him playfully for his impatience.

But Hilton was seriously bent on getting back to the town. He had received that morning, two letters, bearing the London postmark, and it was absolutely necessary that the young merchant should write by return to his correspondents.

Much time had been wasted, and ere we finally started the sun was going down, while we had many a kilometre of road to travel. The members of the party took their places in the different carriages, and the noisy schoolboys remounted their ponies. All was ready for a start, when Harry, who had been chafing terribly at the delay, and who was apprehensive that we should reach town long after the departure of the mail, proposed to strike across the sands, which were hard and firm, and thus to curtail the distance by nearly one-half

Indeed, when I looked at the wide stretch of smooth sand, gleaming wet in places that ran far out to seaward, but in general as flat and dry as a billiard-table, I felt disposed to comply with Harry's desire. We had but to ford the shallow stream of Couesnon, a little river note-worthy as being the old barrier between Erance and Bretagne, and our way lay clear before us. So at least, I, in my innocence, opined; but I was startled at the vehemence with which the old residents combated the project. The sands, they said, were notoriously treacherous and insecure; they were full of shifting quicksands of remarkable depth and tenacity; the tide, at certain states of wind and sea, ran in over those flats with a speed that even well-mounted horsemen could not evade; fifty persons, on an average, perished yearly on that fatal coast, through some imprudent confidence in their own judgement or activity. In short, even with a guide, the Greve de St. Michel was best avoided, and without a guide it were madness to venture upon it. I did not exactly believe in all this chorus of evil; but I put sufficient faith in the popular opinion that the tempting sands had better be left in possession of the sea-crows that were solemnly walking to and fro beside the pools, digging ever and anon with their sharp bills into the soft surface, in quest of worms or shellfish. Not so, however, did my brother-in-law elect. His lip curled scornfully, and he could hardly listen with patient politeness to the Cassandra-like predictions of the old ladies, who were the chief speakers. He had, in fact, been too long on the Continent not to be aware how prone to the marvellous, and to exaggeration of the peculiarities of the country, English residents are apt to be. He was of a bold spirit, too, and not easily turned from anything by the mere notion of problematic peril. Thus he persisted; the others demurred; and the result was an animated discussion, in which Harry was in the minority. He was only backed by the schoolboys, wild with delight at the idea of such "jolly fun" as a race homeward across the sand, all the more attractive because their elders held them in such horror. Emma, indeed, would willingly have gone by that route, though she was sorely puzzled between Aunt Pearson's boding remarks, and her lovers confidence that there was no risk, and that the dangers of the Greve at low water, must be purely fanciful.

I don't say Hilton was a perfect character. He was, as I have hinted, rather hot of temper and excessively obstinate, though of a generous and kindly nature. His petulance increased with the well-meant but injudicious efforts of our friends to dissuade him from the wild idea of crossing the sands. He would, I do not doubt, have given up the plan, though not perhaps with a very good grace, had Emma at first asked him to stay for her sake. But she did nothing of the sort. On the contrary, she was disposed to side with him, and when the rest vowed that for untold gold they would, not tempt Providence by such an act of folly she was still inclined to hearken to her lover's voice had I not interposed.

"No, no, Emma," said I, turning it off with a laugh. "After Monday next, when you have promised to love and obey our headstrong friend on the chestnut charger, you may risk your life as much as you please. Till then I am your lawful guardian, and shall not stir one yard from the Prince President's highway; so you must submit to go home in safety."

Hilton declared in dudgeon that he would go alone, write his letters, and have time to smoke a cigar and play a game of billiards at the Cercle, before we returned. He would not listen to a word of advice, though two or three old Breton fishermen, and some shrill-voiced fisherwomen added their warnings to those of our company.

Hilton merely shrugged his shoulders made some good-humoured but contemptuous rejoinder, and tightened his horse's girth. The good horse neighed and pawed the beach impatiently.

"Harry," said my sister, now alarmed for the first time, and with imploring eyes fixed on her lover's face, "Harry, to please me——"

It was too late. Had Emma spoken before she would have carried the day, but now Hilton was piqued and nettled by so much opposition to his proposal, and his mind was made up. He was, as I have said, a brave man, but he had also that sensitive shrinking from the slightest imputation of fear which is only felt by the young, and which wears off with the experience of the world's ways. To recoil now, when every one was busy in conjuring up perils and obstacles in store for him would have been a bitter pill for his proud and hasty nature to swallow. So gathering up his reins, he spurred off, waving an adieu to Emma, and dryly remarking that we gave ourselves a great deal of unnecesary anxiety about the safety of a person so insignificant as himself, but that the laugh would be against us when we met at Avranches by tea-time. Twice he looked back to us with a half payful gesture of leave taking, and then a rising headland concealed him from our view.

We started at a good round pace, glad to get away from the croaking of the Breton peasants, whose dismal predictions had anything but a reassuring effect upon my poor sister. Our little pony chaise was much lighter than the cumbrous four-wheeled carriages, and as Emma was eager to get back to Avranches to assure herself of the safety of our rash knight errant, I drove fast, and we soon outstripped the rest of the party. As for the youngsters on their ponies, they were somewhat sulky at the paternal prohibition, sternly reiterated, to accompany Hilton across the bay, and therefore kept aloof from the train of vehicles, scampering up by-lanes, leaping any fence where a gap afforded a tempting passage, or tearing along the road in a breakneck pace that usually ended in a harmless tumble.

For some time after quitting Avranches the road tended somewhat inland, and it was only now and then that, between the gnarled boughs of the orchards, or across the weedy ridges of the fallows, we could catch a glimpse of the sea. But presently we found ourselves skirting the coast line, winding among sand-hills, and frequently crossing the narrow bridge that crossed some brooklet on its way to the ocean. To the left was the broad sea, to the right were the bare sands, and far away loomed the rock-cradled fort of Mont St. Michel, and the twin islet of Tombelaine, and even Avranches, clinging to and crowning the crest of its steepy scarped hill—but of Hilton we saw nothing. This was the less surprising, as owing to the twists in the road, and the many sandy bluffs that stood out between us and the sky-line, our view of the strand was limited to that portion immediately before us.

Emma was excessively agitated, though she did her best to hide her fears, and was perpetually standing up in the carriage to gaze forth into the yellow stretch of sand, dappled already by the flickering shadows of evening. The sun was sinking, and the wind rising. The white clouds overhead had grown much thicker and darker, growing like the web of the Parcæ, till they covered the whole sky. I felt uucomfortable, and the more so because for Emma's sake, I felt it necessary to keep a cheerful countenance, but I began to recognize the signs of an approaching gale. The wind, as the old fisherman remarked, was westerly, and it came every minute in stronger and angrier gusts, sweeping the dead leaves from the trees, and making a melancholy sighing among the sedges and tamarisks of the lonely shore. I looked out to sea, and even at that distance I fancied I could see the dark blue line of the advancing tide gaining, still gaining, on the shore, and rushing on swift and smooth, over the level strand, where neither rock nor shingle barred its way.

"Where can Harry be? I don't see him. O, George, your eyes are better than mine!" said Emma, trembling as she stood up for the tenth time to strain her gaze across the yellow flats.

"I see nothing," answered I. "Stop, there is something in the distance, a dark object, but it cannot be a man and horse, it is so small, and so near the water, where no sane person would venture, with the tide coming in at such a rate. Some seabird driven by the storm."

"Then there is going to be a storm?" asked Emma, with such white lips, and such evident distress, that I could have bitten off my tongue for lack of caution.

Just then the eldest of the English schoolboys, who had raced past us some time before with his noisy crew of young comrades, came tearing back with his pony in a lather of foam and heat.

"O, Captain Lethbridge," said the boy, "we have seen a gentleman on horseback trying to escape from the sea, and I'm sure it's Mr. Hilton, and the poor horse seemed so tired, and the tide's coming in dreadfully fast, like a millrace."

I tried to stop the boy. It was of no use the words were spoken and Emma gave a shriek so piercing and heart-broken in its agonizing accents, that it haunts me to this very hour, and will haunt me to my dying day. Lashing the vigorous little nag into a gallop, in an instant I gained the point whence our young informant had come, and there I sprang out and assisted Emma to scramble up a steep ridge of sand that overlooked the whole of the desolate flat, now terribly encroached on by the advancing tide. A few drops of rain fell, and the wind whistled shrilly by, and the sea-gulls and gannnets flew hoarsely screaming around, and fluttered off inland, on their white wings. The muttering howl of distant thunder resounded, but we cared nothing for rain or thunder. Our eyes were riveted on a horseman who was making his way slowly and painfully through deep and moist sand in which his weary steed sank fetlock deep at every bound.

Hilton! There was no mistaking him; but how came he there, and how had he lingered so long among those dangerous wastes? No doubt he had missed the safe way, hardly to be found, even by natives of the country, and had wandered long among the treacherous quagmires and pools of sullen waters, for I could see that the noble horse flagged wearily, and that there were stains of mud and sand upon his heaving flanks, as if he had floundered through more than one of the *lises*, as they are locally called. The sea was behind him, swift and pitiless, like a low wall of dark blue water, crested with foam, and seeming to devour the shore as it swept onwards. Worse still, the coming tide was "quickening" the sands as it advanced, for we saw pools appear where dry banks had lately been, and the surface heaved and glistened, and the horse had to make desperate efforts to advance shorewards.

I shouted loudly to encourage the poor fellow, but the wind drowned my voice; and now the thunder rolled, and the lightning flashed redly over the sea, and it seemed suddenly to grow dark, while torrents of rain came dashing down; but we did not heed them. If my own life had been trembling in the balance I could hardly have felt more anxiety; and as for Emma, I hardly dared steal one glance at her pale and anguish wrung features, as she stood on the highest point of the rock, clinging to me for support, and waving her handkerchief, poor thing, while her eyes pierced the twilight, riveted on the figure of that lonely horseman on whom the sea was gaining with fearful rapidity.

"Why does he not head straight for the shore? Ah, now he takes the right course! but the horse can scarcely answer to the spur," I muttered between my set teeth. "Oh, push on, for Heaven's sake, press on!" I cried with the full strength of my lungs, using my outspread hands as a trumpet, and Hilton heard the call, started, and knew us, for he gave an answering hail, which only reached us as an inarticulate cry. But the voice of human sympathy, or the sight of her he loved, seemed to revive him, for he lifted his steed with the rein, and pressed on more steadily, while immediately afterwards the horse seemed to find firmer footing, for he no longer sank beneath the surface, and as he broke into a quicker pace he shook his head with a long neigh of triumph. The carriages had by this time arrived and come to a halt, but the horses were alarmed by the lightning, which was now almost incessant, and they were with difficulty kept under control, while two or three of the party came scrambling on foot up the bank, uttering exclamations of dismay and compassion.

"He is nearer, nearer now. The horse goes fast. He will be saved, he is safe! Harry! Harry!" cried Emma, taking hope as the firmer ground was reached; then as the storm gathered, she turned wildly to me; "George, brother, say that he is safe!"

I said something, I do not remember what, to encourage Emma's despair, perhaps, should her hopes be disappointed, but I meant it for the best, and the boys, who were excitedly watching the struggle, set up a cheer.

"Well done! he can gallop now. He is on firm ground. Mr. Hilton is safe, papa; he is out of reach of the sea! Hurrah!"

But the joyous shout died away on their young lips as, with an awful plunge, the good horse sank so the saddle girths, snorting, plunging, rearing wildly, but in vain, for ever effort seemed but to bury him deeper and deeper in the tenacious quicksand, and his neigh of distress changed to that horrid scream, seldom heard but on the battle-field, which nothing but extremity of pain or fear can elicit.

We shouted to Hilton to throw himself from the saddle—to fling himself flat upon the treacherous surface—as the only chance of life; but I do not think we were heard, so hoarsely did the thunder roar overhead, while the darkness deepened so much that it was only when a flash of lightning showed every detail of the scene that we could distinguish the sufferer.

Emma's despair was fearful to witness, and in her passionate grief she upbraided us for allowing the victim to perish, unhelped before our eyes; but human aid was useless there, and we could but remain spectators of what we were powerless to prevent. At every fresh flash we could see by the vivid though momentary light, the horse sinking deeper and deeper. The moist sand was up to his withers now, a few short moments and it reached his neck; now the horse was wholly lost to sight, and the rider was waist deep in the quagmire, sinking, still sinking, as if dragged by some viewless monster below into a living grave. And the sea came on triumphant, relentless, its blue wall curling and frothing as it ran, arrow-swift, over the strand, and already a foamy line of shallow water had reached to within a few yards of the spot where Harry remained, helpless.

Another flash. The line of foamy water crept snake-like on, reached Harry, passed him, and rolled on far to landward, and line after line, streak after streak, came in the deepening water, and then rolled on the low blue wall, and still the quicksand gaped insatiate for its prey. It was up to his armpits now, the water, and presently another flash showed the poor wretch his head alone above the salt flood, with a face deadly pale, and eyes that glared white and ghastly in the lurid glow of the lightning, while the lips seemed to move, but whether in prayer to Heaven, or a hopeless cry for aid, can never be known. No sound reached us. The rain was blindingly thick, and the wind raved as it swept the hurrying clouds before it. There was a longer pause than usual between the flashes. To our impatience it seemed as if the dreadful darkness endured for ages. At last it came, broad and bright, the fierce flare of the white light, but nothing was visible; nothing but grey sea and white foam, where the little waves began to toss and curl, and the curving wall of blue ran far shoreward. We strained our eyes but could see nothing more. Unwilling to trust our senses, anxiously we waited for the next flash, and it came; but we saw nothing but waste of sea and sky. Harry Hilton was lost forever to men's sight until the Judgment Day.

In the agony of that suspense, I had almost forgotten my poor sister. Her voice had died away in sobs, and she had sunk at my feet and lay there crouching. But when I saw that the grave had closed over its victim, I bent to raise Emma, and thought at first she was in a swoon, but a cry of dismay from one of the party aroused me to a new fear. We lifted Emma tenderly, and by the light of the carriage-lamps saw the signs of the mischief I had dreaded, only too plainly. Poor girl, the white handkerchief she had waved so long was pressed to her lips now, and stained with crimson drops that ran heavily down, and left a dark stain on the light muslin she wore, and on the small white wrist that lay passive between my hands.

Why linger on that sad story? Suffice it that Emma's frail health had not been able to endure the anguish of that hideous scene. A blood vessel had given way, and she never spoke more, and before we reached Avranches she was dead.

We buried poor Emma on the very day that was to have witnessed her union with him whom she had loved—loved too well to survive his fearful end.

☞ A story is in circulation that the Princess of Wales inquired of Dr. Locock whether the mental or physical condition of her son would be injuriously affected by vaccination, he being a seven months' child. As an illustration of what a seven months' child might become, Dr. Locock referred to Earl Russel, Her Majesty's Chief Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, whose sagacious policy with respect to the Dano-German difficulty was no doubt fresh in the recollection of her Royal Highness at the time. The unfortunate mention of Earl Russell as a type of physical and intellectual vigor sent the poor princess out of the room, like Queen Boadicea, "full of rage and full of grief."

☞ A rich landlord ones cruelly oppressed a poor widow. Her son, a little boy of 8 years, saw it. He afterwards became a painter, and painted a life likéness of the dark scene. Years afterwards he placed it where the man saw it. He turned pale, trembled in every joint, and offered any sum to purchase it that he might put it out of sight. Thus there is an invisible painter drawing on the canvas of the soul a life likeness reflecting correctly all the passions and actions of our spiritual history on earth. Eternity will reveal them to every man. We must meet out earth life again.

HEALTH FOR THE SOLDIER!—For one who dies from the effects of the bullet, ten perish from damp and exposure to night air. Small doses of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS, taken every other night, will correct all disorders of the liver and stomach, purify the blood, and insure sound health to every man. If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. 222

CURIOSITY OF VISION.—A person may see the blood vessels of his eye, displayed as it were on a screen before him, by a most simple experiment. Let a lamp or candle be held in one hand, and the eye directed steadily forward; now move the lamp up and down, or sideways, on one side of the line of vision; in a short time an image of the blood-vessels will present itself, like the picture of a tree or shrub, with its trunk and branches, to the admiration of the observer.

☞ "That's bully!" as the gentlman said when he got hold of tough steak.

Night.

Who calls me dark? For do I not display
Wonders that else man's eye would never see?
Waste in the blank and blinding glare of day,
The skies bud forth their glories but to me.

Is it not mine to pile Heaven's crystal cup—
Drained by the thirsty sun, and void by day—
Brimful of living gems, profuse, heaped up,
The bounteous largesse of my royal way?

Mine to call o'er at dusk the roll of Heaven—
Marshal its glittering files in order due;
To beckon forth the lurking star of even,
And bid the constellations start to view?

The wandering planets to their paths recall,
And summon to the muster truant spheres,
Till, flocking to my standard one and all,
They throng the zenith in unfathomed tiers.

Is not a crown of lightnings mine to wear,
When polar flames suffuse my skies with splendor?
Mine, too, the homage with the sun to share
His vagrant vassals rush through space to render?

Do I not lure stray sunbeams from the day,
To hurl them broadcast as winged meteors forth;
Strew sheafs of fiery arrows on my way,
And blazon my dark spaces in the north!

Who calls me dark? For are not hidden things
Revealed by me to science, whose keen eye
Looks forth beneath the shadow of my wings,
To fathom space, and scan infinity!

Do I not bid her learn how Heaven yet teems
With germs slow ripening from Creation's morn,
And see where filmy Chaos vaguely gleams,
The spawn of suns and systems yet unborn.

Our Rebel Parrot.

There was a parrot for sale at the Sanitary Fair then being held in our city; a most beautiful and accomplished bird, — from Mell's account,—with green-yellow back and blue-purple breast. It had been the property of a soldier, and was found after the dreadful day at Chicamauga, without an owner. It was an extremely handsome bird, but did not possess an amiable temper,—parrots never do, I believe—and poor Mell tried in vain to win from it any show of affection. Saucy Poll repulsed all her gentle advances, unless accompanied by something nice in the eating line, and Mell was too proud always to buy its regard. Little Alice—she's the brown eyes — succeeded better than either of her sisters in taming the feathered shrew. Poll's cage was badly shattered, and really quite unsafe; so, one day, after some hints from the small banditti, a fine new cage, made in the strongest manner, was brought in. At her first introduction to it, Poll showed the utmost contempt and displeasure. She made fierce plunges at the bars with her beak, and glared venomously at all the little fixtures and arrangements for her comfort. But by-and-by, when Alice dressed her cage with flowers; instead of tearing them to pieces, as we all expected,—she winked very knowingly and said—

"Poll's a soldier. Poll likes flowers."

We thought this very cunning, and wondered if the poor fellow who slept at Chicamauga had taught her. Alice, feeling that that she was in favor, went and brought some hard army crackers, which had been exhibited at the fair, and offered them to her; bur the creature cast them off in scorn, screeching at the top of her voice—

"Poll's a soldier! Poll's worn her teeth off."

Next morning, as Mell was bringing in the newspaper from the doorstep, her eye fell upon Gen. Butler's name in one of the headings, and she read it aloud. Imagine our astonishment at hearing the word caught up by some invisible tongue;—

"Butler 's a brute! Old Abe 's a scarecrow! Little Mac 's a slow coach! Hurrah for Jeff Davis!"

The truth flashed upon us. Our parrot was a rebel, and a most violent one—it seemed. Josie's black eyes flashed angrily, Alice looked grieved, and Mell was terribly mortified. What could we do? Let the uncanny creature shout secession from our piazza to all the passers-by? Never! we said; and so tried our best to convert her. But in vain Alice filled her ears with Union songs and sentiments, and Mell punished her with a dark closet, and Josie threatened with Fort Lafayette. Poll continued to scream treason till she was tired of it, which did not happen for several days.

After this she became good natured, and, whenever the cage door was opened, would leave it, and go foraging all over the house. When she saw company coming in, she would walk up my lace curtains, hide herself on the middle bar of the window, and, when they were fairly seated, startle them with hideous cries of —

"Look out! Poll's going to shoot! Poll's a soldier."

She clawed great holes in my chair-tidies, using them as ladders to her favorite perches on the tops of the rocking-chairs. She stole the food from our plates, the hair-pins from our hair, and the strings from our shoes and was altogether as great a nuisance as a pet can be.

But the strangest part of the story is to come. One day there was an arrival at our house. Papa had found a soldier-boy at the depot, who had lately been released from a Southern prison, and was on his way to his home in a Western State. He had stepped off the cars at our station, and, in getting on again, his poor, weak limbs had somewhat failed him, and he fell, receiving a severe injury. The poor fellow begged so hard not to be sent to the hospital, that papa just took him in the carriage and brought him home to be nursed by mamma and the girls. Well we got him comfortably in bed, and left him to try to sleep, with the door of the room a little way open. Very soon I missed Poll, and fearing some mischief, went to the room and peeped in. Would any one believe it? There sat the parrot on the pillow, close to the soldier's face, feeding him; yes, actually picking the bread out of a glass of toast water near by, and dropping it into his mouth! And the young fellow seemed greatly pleased with the proceeding, and talk-to and fondled the bird, as if it were an old friend.

"Well, Frank, I see you have a new nurse," said I, stepping in.

His face, so thin and white, flushed brightly as he answered—

"Yes; Poll and I are old acquaintances. I lost her after the battle of Chicamauga."

"Is it possible," I cried, "that Poll is your property? Why, she is the veriest rebel in the land."

"I know it," he answered, laughing. "I never could stop her impudent tongue, though once she came near getting me arrested for treason. Poll is a Southern bird, and must have had a thorough secession training."

Then he related how, when with his regiment in Mississippi, he had gone on a foraging excursion into the country, and found a planter's house, deserted by its inmates, and the bird nearly starved in its cage. How he had carried it back to camp, and adopted it for his pet; and it had shown much gratitude, and gone with him through long marches and engagements, all the while shouting insanely for Jeff Davis, to the great amusement of the soldiers, who quite discouraged her master's efforts to reform her.

"When I was sick with the measles," continued Frank Scott, "and lay in the hospital three months, I taught Poll to take care of me; and many are the bits of cake and fruit she has brought me when it stood out of my reach, or," he added smilingly, "had been forbidden by the physicians."

On the terrible field of Chicamauga they were separated, and now the joy of their meeting was very pleasant to witness.

"Mamma," said brown eyes, "I think better of Poll than I did, since I've found she can love somebody, though she won't love me."

Our soldier stayed with us a long while, and so perseveringly did he train his pet, that before he returned to the army, she had been partially converted from her errors. The young man offered her as a parting gift to the girls, but none of us would think of again parting such tried friends. Poll manifested no regret at parting, but went off screeching a valedictory of—"Old Abe's an honest man, honest man! He makes greenbacks! Poll's a greenback!" And a letter lately received from Frank Scott contains the pleasing intelligence that Poll has taken the oath of allegiance, and vows to shed her last feather in the Union cause.—*Independent.*

CUSTOMER—"A slight mourning hat-band, if you please."

HATTER—"What relation, sir?"

CUSTOMER—"Wife's uncle."

HATTER—"Favorite uncle, sir?"

CUSTOMER—"'Um—well, yes."

HATTER—"May I ask, sir, are you mentioned in the will?"

CUSTOMER—"No such luck."

HATTER (to his assistant, briskly)—"Couple o' inches, John!"

☞ A hospitable English gentleman one day informed his butler that six clergymen were going to dine with him, and desired him to make due preparation. "May I ask, sir," deferentially replied the butler, "whether they be 'igh or low church?" "What on earth makes you ask such a question?" "Because, sir, you see if they're 'igh they drinks, and if they're low they eats."

☞ The editor of the Baltimore American lately asked a commissary what use was to be made of some barrels of dried coffee grounds, and received for reply that the barrels sold for $12 each, and the grounds were re-aromatized by the transforming hand of modern chemistry, and put up in pound papers, which are decorated with attractive labels and high-sounding names."

NATIONAL CHARACTERISTICS.—In new colonies the Spaniards begin by building a church, the French a ball-room, the English a tavern.—*Chateaubriand.*

☞ "The Ohio," says a correspondent, "is a sickly stream." "Yes," replies a Louisville paper, "it has been confined to its bed as long as we can remember."

☞ Andrew Johnson was once a tailor, and is therefore "sound on the goose."

☞ A wag says a codfish aristocrat is one of those men who can pin a dried herring to his coat tail and imagine himself a whale!

☞ Mr. Whipple, the celebrated Photographic Artist, of Boston, closes his rooms for the summer, July 4th, opening them again the first of September.

The Middlesex Journal,

E. MARCHANT, PROPRIETOR,

Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

TERMS—$2.00 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher; and any person wishing his paper discontinued, must give notice thereof at the expiration of the term, whether previous notice has been given or not.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square (14 lines this type) one insertion,	$1 00
Each subsequent insertion,	25
Half a square (seven lines), one insertion,	75
Each subsequent insertion,	20
One square one year,	10 00
One square six months,	6 00
One square three months,	4 00
Half a square one year,	6 00
Half a square six months,	4 00
Half a square three months	2 00

Less than half a square charged as a square; more than half a square charged as a square.
Larger advertisements as may be agreed upon.

SPECIAL NOTICES, *leaded*, 12 cents per line for one insertion, each subsequent insertion 5 cents.

☞ All advertisements, not otherwise marked on the copy, will be inserted UNTIL ORDERED OUT, and charged accordingly.

AGENTS FOR THE JOURNAL.

South Reading—DR. J. MANSFIELD.
Stoneham:—E. T. WHITTIER.
Winchester:—JOSIAH HOVEY.
Reading:—L. E. D. GLEASON.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., Boston and New York; S. R. NILES, (successor to V. B. Palmer,) Scollay's Building, Court street, Boston, are duly empowered to take advertisements for the JOURNAL, at the rates required by us.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The attention of business men everywhere is called to this paper as an advertising medium. The JOURNAL circulates largely in the towns that surround Woburn, and will increase their business by advertising in its columns.

Every kind of JOB PRINTING done at short notice, on reasonable terms and in good style.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of correspondents.

☞ Subscribers are requested to remit direct to the office of publication.

The Middlesex Journal.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, JULY 2, 1864

TO THE PATRONS OF THE MIDDLESEX JOURNAL.

The undersigned respectfully announces to the citizens of Woburn and surrounding towns, that he has purchased of Mr. E. T. Moody, the office of the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL, which paper he will hereafter conduct. It will be his aim to make the JOURNAL an acceptable visitor to the citizens of this portion of Middlesex County.

Correspondents are especially invited to continue their favors.

EDGAR MARCHANT.

It will be seen by the above that the undersigned has disposed of the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL office, to Mr. Edgar Marchant, of Salem, who takes control of the paper from this date. Mr. Marchant has had many years experience in the publication of newspapers, which eminently fits him to conduct the JOURNAL in a manner that will prove satisfactory to the public.

To our valuable correspondents, who have contributed so much to make the JOURNAL attractive to its many readers, we return our sincere thanks, and hope they will be pleased to continue their favors.

And to our many kind friends, who have so liberally patronized us in advertising and job work, we feel greatly indebted. Their kindness has added materially to our prosperity. In this connection we ask leave to say, that the job department will receive the close attention of the new proprietor, for whom we bespeak the patronage of the public.

Those of our subscribers who have paid in advance will receive the paper as usual, and advertisements paid for, will be continued until the expiration of their time.

To our patrons, one and all, with whom our business transactions in almost every instance have been so pleasant and harmonious, we bid adieu, and hope that their intercourse with our successor will be as agreeable as it has been with us, of which we have no doubt.

E. T. MOODY.

WOBURN, July 1, 1864.

WOBURN FIVE CENTS SAVINGS BANK.—The Treasurer of this Institution, James N. Dow, Esq., has just made his annual report, and from it we gather the following items:—Total capital, July 1st, 1864, $79,557.43; invested as follows:—Bank Stock, $9,101.00 Loans on Bank Stock, 600.00; Loans on Mortgages, 22,600.00; Loans, personal, 8,650.00; U. S. Gov't Stocks, 31,063.80; Mass. State Stocks, 2,040.00; Cash on hand, 6,102.63. Total, $79,557.43. The total capital July 1, 1863, was $68,212.32; making a gain, during the year, of $11,345.11. These figures show the bank to be in an excellent condition, and in every way worthy of the confidence of our people.

At a meeting of the members held last evening, the following persons were chosen office holders for the ensuing year:—Presdt., Bowen Buckman; Vice Presidents, Abijah Thompson, Thomas Richardson, Jas. Tweed; Trustees, Stephen Dow, J. P. Converse, P. L. Converse, Horace Conn, Gawin R. Gage, A. E. Thompson, Wm. Winn, Wm. T. Grammer, O. R. Clark, John D. Tidd, Nathan Wyman, Stephen Nichols; Secretary, James N. Dow.

MUSIC HALL CONCERT.—It will be seen by reference to our advertising columns, that a Grand Concert is to be given on the Great Organ in Music Hall, Boston, on Monday next, July 4th. Among the organists who are to perform is Mr. Geo. E. Whiting, late organist of the First Cong. Church, in Woburn.

R. R. ACCIDNT.—A man named Michael Barrett, of Stoneham, had his head bruised and his arm badly crushed, on Wednesday afternoon last, while attempting to step from the Woburn to the Stoneham car, on the 3 o'clock train. He was taken to the Mass. General Hospital, where his arm was amputated.

☞ A letter from our correspondent "N. A. R." came to hand last night too late for this week's issue.

High School.

The yearly examinations of the various schools in town were concluded by the closing exercises of the High School, on Thursday and Friday of this week. Thursday was devoted by the committee to a strict examination of the pupils in all the studies of the past year, and they express themselves in the highest degree pleased and satisfied with the evidence given them of faithful and intelligent application on the part of the scholars, and of devoted and well directed effort on the part of the teachers. This result gratifying as it is, was not all unexpected by those acquainted with the character and professional reputation of the principal and his assistants. The latter, Misses Woodberry and Littlefield, are graduates of the school, and not only by their fine scholarship as pupils, but also by their practical experience in teaching, and by the careful use of all opportunities for the cultivation and enlargement of the faculties, are eminently fitted for the post they so well occupy. It is pleasant to see those who formerly were an honor to the school, so placed as to be now an advantage to it, and the record of these teachers speaks well for the policy of employing "home talent" in the work of instruction.

Mr. Emerson, the principal, came to us with a very high reputation, as well from college as from his field of labor in Winchester, and we have no doubt that every parent who has had children under his charge since he came among us, will most heartily concur with the superintending committee in their opinion that Woburn may be very glad in possessing a scholar, a gentleman and an instructor so accomplished as Mr. Emerson.

We are informed that the class just graduated has made Mr. E. the recipient of a handsome copy of The Spectator, as a token of their affectionate regard for him, and their appreciation of his services.

On Friday afternoon, the Lyceum Hall was crowded by the friends of the school, assembled to witness the graduating exercises of the class of '64. The right and left sides of the platform were occupied by the pupils of the school, and by members of the Boards of School Committee, and of Selectmen, while the central part of the stage was filled by the young ladies and gentlemen of the graduating class.

Four years ago the class numbered thirty-five; it has lost two members by death, nineteen have left the school at different periods, and but fourteen (two young gentlemen and twelve young ladies) have finished the prescribed course of study. The exercises consisted of original declamations and essays, the singing of an original hymn, and the presentation of the diplomas. Music was furnished at intervals by the Germania Band, and, it is needless to say, was of a high order of excellence.

Perhaps no class that has been graduated from the High School has ever offered to its audience better written articles than were listened to on Friday afternoon. They were good without exception, but we particularly remarked the following named pieces:

"Press on, there is light beyond," by Miss Vaughan; "No true man was ever blasted by the breath of critics," by Miss Fowle; "Retrospect and Prospect," which was very well written and very well read, by Miss Streeter, and which called forth the applause of the audience; "How blessings brighten as they take their flight," by Miss Munn, from which we cannot withhold high praise, as being unpretentiously beautiful in many passages; "Obedience to Law," by Master Fowle, which contained many just thoughts, forcibly expressed; and "Liberal Culture," by Miss Champney, the Valedictorian, whose production for simplicity of style, directness of expression, and maturity of thought, was perhaps the best essay of the occasion. We expect to publish next week one or more of these productions.

The presentation of diplomas was preceded by remarks from the gentlemen of the Committee, and was followed by a prayer from Rev. J. C. Bodwell.

We append an original hymn, written by Miss Ione G. Streeter.

To-day we part, no more to meet
As in the time gone by;
Our schoolday joys behind us left,
Before us,—mystery.

We part in gladness; life is bright,
For Hope has cheered our way,
And Love, and Joy, and Happiness
Smile on us here to-day.

Should the storm-cloud above us burst,
We'll pray for strength to bear;
We'll learn to look beyond the cloud,
For God is smiling there.

Though parting now, we'll hope to meet
When this life's work is done,
And tuning harps of sweetest chord,
Surround our Father's throne.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—The yearly examination of this school was held on Wednesday, the 29th inst. A very large number of visitors was in attendance, and the exercises gave great pleasure to the friends of the pupils, and were very satisfactory to the Committee. Mr. Carter's labors have been crowned with an abundant measure of of success and he has been ably seconded by his competent assistants. We presume it is to the taste of these ladies that we must attribute the very beautiful floral decorations that made the room seem like a conservatory with every plant in full bloom.

The graduating class numbers thirty who will all we hope enter the High School.

LAW.—We beg to call attention to the card of M. L. Morse, Esq., in another part of this paper. Mr. Morse has established an office in Stoneham, where he will be happy to attend to any business that may be entrusted to his care. The public will find him efficient and reliable in all his dealings.

A GOOD WRINGER.—We have seen used several kinds of Clothes Wringers, and from our observation we are compelled to give the palm to the "Universal." It does its work excellently, and is in every way substantial. One of this kind may be examined at this office.

PENMANSHIP.—Prof. Voigt is about forming a school in this town for instruction in the art of penmanship. Mr. Voigt claims that he is able to reform the worst, and apparently the most incorrigible handwriting in one course of lessons; and indeed, his system of teaching is meeting with the most marked and admirable success, as indicated by the samples of writing of his school just completed at Stoneham. Professor Voigt *guarantees* an improvement satisfactory to his pupils; and, as there is a great redundancy of wretched writers, many will doubtless avail themselves of this opportunity. Parents will do well to give their children the advantage of scientific instructions at an early age—it will prbably pay as well as any investment in the educational line that can be made.

The school meets next Wednesday—Juvenile Class at 2½; Pupils of the High and Grammar schools at 4½; Class for Adults 7½ P. M.

DROWNED.—On Monday morning last, Mr. John Bruce, a native of Ramsey, Isle of Man, was drowned in the Back Bay, Boston while attempting to swim across the channel near the Providence Railroad. The deceased was a nephew of Mr. Philip Teare, of this town, with whom he formerly resided. The funeral took place on Tuesday, and was attended by the Journeyman Plumbers Association, of Boston, of which he was Secretary. He served in the army, and was 22 of age.

MILITARY.—Lieut. James E. Tileston and John B. Horne, both of the 6th New York Battery, have arrived home, their time of service having expired.

Private Thomas McCarthy, and Geo. H. Ready, of Co. K, 39th Regt., who were wounded in the early part of this campaign, arrived home on furlough, the week.

Private Geo. D. Wyman, of Co. K, 59th Regt., arrived home on furlough last evening.

JULY MAGAZINES.—Godey's Lady's Book has many specialities in this number, making it exceedingly valuable. Ladies cannot afford to be without it.

The Continental has some excellent articles among which are—"An Army; Its organization and movements;" "American Slavery and Finance," by Hon. Robert J. Walker; "The English Press;" &c., &c.

FIREMAN'S SONG.—We have received from the author, Mr. John L. Parker, a song entitled "Coffee, Cheese and Crackers," and dedicated to the "Loyal Fireman of the United States." The words are appropriate and well adapted to the use of the gallant fireman of our country. The music we can only suppose to be good—not having heard it sung and being unacquainted with the art,—as it is by Earnest Leslie, the author of the celebrated and touching song, "Rock me to sleep Mother."

GAS.—The Woburn Gas Company, owing to the high price of coal, have raised the price of gas to four dollars per thousand cubic feet.

Letter from Co. K, 39th Regt.

IN TRENCHES IN FRONT OF PETERSBURG, VA., June 25, 1864.

I will take time merely to drop you a line. Irving Foster, was killed on the 17th, by the explosion of a case shot, while we were advancing. Albert Gleason, was wounded in the arm by a similar explosion, and has since had his arm amputated. Louis Walker was wounded in neck slightly, on the evening of the 17th. Julius Ramsdell, who cut his thumb severely last winter, and has been in hospital since has, just returned. The 12th leave for home to-night, 25th. The recruits and substitutes have been transferred to the 39th. There are about 88 men under command of Lieut. Manifield. It has not been decided whether they will form new companies, or be distributed among our present companies. Adjt. Moulton, and Lieut. Manifield, who were wounded at Laurel Hill have returned to duty.

CARL BOYD.

CAMP NEAR PETERSBURG, VA., June 20, 1864.

EDITOR OF MIDDLESEX JOURNAL.—DEAR SIR,—Having heard that you was a friend to Col. J. P. Gould of the 59th Mass. Vols., and having been under his command some two years myself, I feel that the public should know the man as well as personal friends.

In the charge made by the 1st division on the rebel pits on the eve of June 17th, Col. Gould was in command, and it is the opinion of all who were present at that successful overthrow of the rebels, and the capture of their pits that our success was owing to the steadiness and personal bravery and coolness of Col. Gould. All had perfect confidence in the man, and were willing to follow where he might lead. If any man, general or colonel, deserves credit, it is Col. G. All we wish or hope for is, that at a day not far distant, we shall have the pleasure of seeing the star shine upon the shoulder of one of the truest soldiers in the service. True merit deserves its reward in a war like the present, and may we not hope to soon see a steady, clear-headed, brave man have his reward?

Our division lost about a thousand men in the charge upon the pits. Lieut. Col. Hodges, at present in command of the regiment, is a brave true soldier, one who who will not leave his men under any circumstances.

Respectfully yours,

AZOF.

IS IT POSSIBLE that any Soldier can be so foolish as to leave the city without a supply of HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT and PILLS? Whoever does so will deeply regret it. These medicines are the only certain cures for Bowel Complaint, Fevers, Sores and Scurvy. If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. 223

WINCHESTER.

For the Middlesex Journal.

ACCIDENT.—On Thursday evening of last week, as a son of Mr. John W. Taylor was riding a horse down the hilly part of the Main Street, near Cutter village, to meet his father, who drives an express team, he came in contact with a horse and vehicle which was being driven recklessly along the street, and was thrown off his horse, and being entangled in the harness, was considerably bruised. The occupants of the vehicle were also thrown out, but suffered no damage. The boy was conveyed into Mr. Shepard's house near by, and Dr. Chapin called in, who dressed the wounds, and they are doing well at last accounts.

PATENTS.—In the list of New England Patents, recently issued from the U.S. Patent Office, was one to J. A. Woodbury, of this town, for improvement in slide valves for steam engines.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—An axle on the engine Daniel Abbott, attached to the cattle train, broke last Tuesday morning as it was approaching the centre station, and after running a short distance the engine was thrown from the track. The break fortunately happened at a good location, and no damage was done except to the engine. The early trains were somewhat delayed by the accident.

BATHING.—Great complaint has been made by the residents near Wedge Pond, that some boys are in the habit of openly bathing in these waters, thereby preventing the ladies from visiting the pond and enjoying the air and scenery around it. These boys, when remonstrated with upon such a course of proceeding, have shown their ill breeding by their impudent speech and their persistence in violating the laws of decency and good manners in the presence of ladies.

However much our young friends, during the extreme warm weather, may wish to enjoy the luxury of bathing, they must not do it to the annoyance of others, and where it is objected to. They must frequent those waters not so much exposed to the public view, and use proper precautions to prevent any complaint from this cause. Although we have no municipal regulation upon this point, yet the good sense of the boys and young men will I trust, remedy the evil without any further proceedings being necessary.

IN MEMORIAM.—Letters received in town last Monday conveyed to us the melancholy information that our friend and fellow townsman, Capt. Jefferson Ford, died in the military hospital at Beaufort, N. C., on the 18th inst., after a brief illness. The particulars respecting the cause and duration of his illness have not been received, but we learn that he was removed from the U. S. gunboat Monticello, of which he was the Acting Master, on the 16th inst., to the hospital on shore in a sick and unconscious state, and continued so until his death two days after. His disease was thought to have been cholera morbus. He was buried with military honors in the cemetery at Beaufort. Capt. Ford entered into the navy as acting master soon after the outbreak of the rebellion, and was at the attack on port Royal, and has continued in active service with but little intermission ever since. He was an experienced shipmaster, and was highly esteemed by those in whose interests he was concerned in the merchant service, and his appointment to a similar situation in the navy was one eminently fit to have been made, and reflected great credit upon those making the selection. His inflexible firmness and honesty in the discharge of his official duties secured for him the respect of those under his command, and the confidence of his superior officers. He had no sympathy with traitors to the government, and did not believe in affording them aid and succor in the least degree, and he faithfully acted upon this principle in the various stations which he was called upon to fill. He was deeply interested in the freedpeople of the South, and in response to his appeal, a generous contribution of needed articles was furnished from our own and adjacent towns, to a colony of these people upon one of the islands. He has fallen at his post like a hero, not by the bullet of the enemy, but stricken by the hand of disease, another victim of this wicked rebellion. He leaves a wife and two daughters, who have thus lost a beloved husband and father, the community an upright and honorable citizen, the government a true and faithful public officer. He was an intimate friend of the late A. D. Weld, who fell a victim to disease in a somewhat similar manner in the early stage of the war, while in the service of his country. Both were actuated by the same principle of loyalty and duty, and have sacrificed their lives in its observance and performance.

Their remains rest in Southern soil, but their memory, like that of others who have fallen in this war, will ever be fresh and green with those who had learned to respect true manliness and worth, and patriotic devotion to duty in these their associates, friends or countrymen.

NAVAL.—It will be gratifying to the numerous friends of Mr. Wm. H. Westcott, formerly a teacher in the Gifford Grammar School, to know that he received notice last Wednesday, of his having passed a satisfactory examination before the examining board for an assistant surgeon in the regular naval service, and that he stood third on the list of those examined, from whom the vacancies in that grade of officer will be filled. He has been serving as a volunteer assistant surgeon in the navy, and attached to the blockading squadron off Charleston for some time, and his commission, which he will probably soon receive, is sufficient evidence of his capabilities for the office, as well as a pleasant position for a young man to attain.

HIGH SCHOOL.—The exhibition of the High School took place yesterday afternoon in the school house. The forenoon was devoted to recitations in the several branches of study. The afternoon programme was as follows: Salutatory, by Miss Emma M. Cate; Recitation of class in Chemistry; Declamation—Dignity of Labor, by Master George Breedon; Composition—Trifles make perfection, but perfection no trifle, by Miss Fanny L. Vreeland; Declamation—Extract from Speech of Henry Wilson, by Master Arthur Whitney; Recitation of class in Botany; Composition—The Power of the Will, by Master George Breedon; Declamation—New England, by Master J. D. Twombly; Reading of the High School Offering, Editors, Misses Cate and Vreeland; Declamation—Edinburgh after Flodden, by Master Henry Lynde; Valedictory, by Miss Nettie M. Lindley. The exercises were interspersed with singing, which was well done, although but few of the boys participated in it. The comments on the other performances must be reserved for next week.

The graduating class, consisting of Misses Nettie M. Lindley, Emma M. Cate, Fanny L. Vreeland, and Master George Breedon, were then presented with the usual diplomas.

The parting song was sung by the school with great spirit.

PARTING SONG.

Composed by Miss Nettie Lindley, of the Graduating Class.

AIR—"HAVEN."

Father give thy blessing now,
As to Thee we humbly bow;
Make us feel thy love, thy power,
Bless us in this parting hour.
As aside our books we lay,
For a long, bright holiday,
As away our course we wend,
Guide us, keep us and defend.

As this room again we tread,
Or to other scenes are led,
Still preserve us from all harm,
By thine everlasting arm.
Give us strength to do the right,
Give us patience, give us light;
Keep us from temptation's power;
Help us in each trying hour.

Bless our friends and teachers dear;
Keep them in thy holy fear.
Grant us when this life is o'er,
We may meet to part no more.
Meet in heaven at thy right hand,
One redeemed, unbroken band,
And to Thee all praise be given,
Praise on earth and praise in heaven.

EXCELSIOR.

READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

[The communication which we publish below, reached us last Saturday morning, too late for that day's paper. It was delayed on its way.—ED.]

MR. EDITOR.—Last Sabbath (June 19th) I made an effort to hear the pastor of the other Congregationalist church in this place, but was unsuccessful. In his stead Dea. Charles Manning officiated, and preached an excellent discourse from the text, "God is a Spirit and must be worshipped in Spirit and in truth." The argument for heart adoration instead of mere lip-service, was well enforced by Scripture proofs and with classical allusions indicating due research.

I observed the church to be more modern in style both outside and inside, than the others, as it is the newest edifice. The singing, was very good especially the impressive singing of one stanza of the beautiful hymn

"Sweet hour of prayer,"

sang just before the prayer was offered, as if a spontaneous utterance of the choir, the hymn not being given out from the pulpit.

But I am grieved to see the apparent want of harmony between these two Congregationalist churches. They seem to mix very much after the fashion of oil and water. Possibly I may be thought to have no right to refer to such a matter, since I am a stranger in the place, and a member of neither of these churches. But it is precisely because I am an "outsider" that I see this want of harmony, and because I love the cause of Christ that I am pained by it. The Psalmist could not here say "Behold how good and pleasant a thing it is for brethern to dwell together in unity," nor any looker-on exclaim, "See how these Christians love one another," except in irony. I do not wonder that in the late great Revival, which swept as a wave of salvation over our land and other lands, this village scarcely felt its influence. In union alone is efficiency; in harmony alone is strength. And too often Christ is wounded in the house of his friends. I would not advocate any union of right with wrong, any sacrifice of principles, but I cannot see why those professing the same views need to be other than friendly in their relations.

"Leno" speaks of war meetings recently held in this village. I don't doubt his assertion, but I wonder when they were held. No public notice was given, and no one whom I have met attended them. In the ancient and beautiful seaport town from which I came to this village notices of such meetings were given from the various pulpits, and the large Town Hall was crowded with interested hearers of both sexes, and, by the way, the women of our land have borne their full share of labor and sacrifice and suffering in this conflict for universal liberty, and have earned a right to be present on all such occasions. But here, things seem to be carried on in a different style. The only thing which has shown the Reading public to be awake since I have been here was the gathering of the Teachers of the Middlesex Co. Teachers' Association, and that was an affair of interest and a credit to the town. But ever since the place has been quiescent, so far as I know. One might go to sleep on the busiest highway, and not fear to be awakened except by the jingle of friend Harris' bell as he brings us Woburn bread and cakes, (why can't Reading have a bakery of her own?) or the merry noise of the children,—those human flowers which beautify even Reading paths, thank God?—when school is dismissed.

"Leno" speaks of Fremont, and though, being a woman, I have no more vote than a Morselander's cat (said Morselander mentioned her to the census-man as the third member of his family, himself and wife, the other two,) yet I may be allowed to speak of the Pathfinder also: I have always admired his energy and enterprise, and in the Freesoil Campaign did my full share in supporting Fremont as the exponent of Freedom; and did it too, of course, without any prospect of being called to his cabinet, or receiving any lucrative appointment for my services, (which few *male* editors or writers of that day could endorse) but now that Abraham Lincoln has shown his desire and purpose to secure freedom to all white or black—I say let Fremont enjoy his Mariposa claim, and "Old Abe" stay at the White House!

P. A. H.

For the Middlesex Journal.

Items of local news are scarce indeed, news from the war is meagre enough. The dry weather is pinching vegitation severely indeed, so dry has it become that the Duck Pond in front of the Provision Market has entirely disappeared, which fact demonstrates the truth of my statement beyond question. Pedestrians are in consultation in reference to bridging the common so that it can be crossed safely without being smothered in the dust. Would it not be well to pull up the trees generally and insert the tops in the earth so as to preserve them if possible until rain again shall appear, the roots of course would have to take care of themselves as any one can see, but they should take their turn in extreme cases. Wells and cisterns are becoming dry, but they are not wholly useless as they can be used as cellars also, to keep ones toe nails from burning to a crisp. Hogs are dying off and it is hinted the *dry rot* is the cause.

Congress has at last taken some sensible steps toward recruiting our army, and now would it not be well for Congress to pass an Embargo Law and threby put a stop to gold being carried out of the country, methinks then the speculators in gold, who are worse than secessionists if possible, might possibly turn their attention to some honest calling.

LENO.

SOUTH READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

SURPRISE AND PRESENTATION.—An agreeable surprise visit was paid to Miss Ada Walker on Monday evening, by the members of the choir of the Orthodox Society with which she has been very pleasantly connected for a number of years past. The choir, as is usual on such occasions, was much larger than on the Sabbath, but this did not prevent a perfect *harmony* in carrying out the arrangement of the programme. Miss W. was presented with a valuable set of silver spoons, and other desirable articles, as a testimonial of their appreciation of her services as a singer. Addresses were made by Messrs. J. F. Emerson, J. G. Aborn, and Elam Porter; singing by the choir and others who were invited in to add to and partake of the pleasure of the occasion.

It is feared and somewhat expected (this is said privately of course,) that Miss Walker will soon leave her pleasant home among us to make a pleasant home for somebody else. This visit was in anticipation of such an event. If her friends allow her to go, they will receive a *Bond* in return that she shall be properly protected and cherished. The community will miss her pleasant smiles, for it is not every one that knows how to be always cheerful.

PERSONAL.—Rev. C. R. Bliss has returned from a summer vacation of a few weeks. During his absence, he visited the Philadelphia hospitals, and searched the records for South Reading soldiers, but found none there at that time. He then inquired for Massachusetts men. Many of this class he found, and generally doing well. He reports the hospitals in an excellent state of management, and was much gratified in observing the care and kind attention which the sick and wounded men received.

HORTICULTURAL.—The Horticultural exhibition, which was expected to come off about this time will be dispensed with. Lack of rain has caused a very small yield of strawberries and flowers, and lack of time will hardly allow the gathering of those already matured. The fall exhibition will probably be more of an affair than usual.

MILITARY.—On Saturday evening of last week the enrolled citizens of South Reading held a meeting to adopt measures to raise volunteers in anticipation of another call by the President. A committee was chosen to see if the funds could be raised to offer the necessary inducements.

M.

STONEHAM.

For the Middlesex Journal.

Items this week may be rather dry. We are having extremely dry weather,—the roads are dry (see the dust!)—the grass in the fields is dry—the cornstalks and potato tops are dry—the throats of men are dry—and your correspondent partakes of the epidemic, and is also dry. Stoneham, like Woburn, is situated on pretty high ground. When noon comes we are nearer the sun than some of our neighbors of the surrounding towns. Just now we may be said to be "high and dry."

RECRUITS.—The subscription for procuring recruits to fill our next quota of volunteers that shall be called for by the President, has gone up to $5000! I am told. They are to be procured at Washington, and are veterans who have been discharged on account of having served out their time, and for other reasons. They are said to be good soldiers, and we may well feel satisfied when we are able to put veterans into the ranks instead of raw recruits.

Let me note one fact here, Mr. Editor. The promptness with which we have answered calls for soldiers from our little town is due in a great measure to the energy and ability of two prominent men, John Hill, and L. F. Lynde. Mind, I say, "in a great measure." They are not entitled to *all* the credit, and I don't give them all the credit. They have had men to back them up with influence and money. Mr. Hill has been to Washington on this business, and has done most efficient service for the town. It is true his position as chairman of the selectmen has required him to do more than others, but I wish to direct attention to the fact that he has spared no pains or expense to do thoroughly all that the town could expect of him.

With few exceptions, all our citizens have taken hold of the recruiting business and the Sanitary contributions, and what they could do has been done in a creditable manner. I will try to get a list of the contributions for recruits by next week. How would it do also to publish the names of those persons liable to the draft, who have done 000 for the cause?

Our farmers are busy in the hay-field this week. Did you ever see better hay weather? Last year, every pound of my hay got wet; this year, so far, not an ounce.

LEE.

Special Notices.

Woburn Gas Light Co., Notice.

From and after JULY 1st, and until further notice, the price of Gas will be four dollars per one thousand cubic feet.

AARON THOMPSON, Treasurer.

Woburn, July 1, 1864. 40—2w

Instruction on the Piano-Forte.

MRS. L. M. DALTON, would like to procure a few pupils for instruction on the Piano-Forte.—Her experience enables her to give thorough instruction, and she invites those wishing to take lessons to call upon her at her residence, CANAL STREET, WOBURN.

Woburn, June 10, 1864. 37—3m.

DR. F. WINSOR,

Has taken the house in WINCHESTER, lately occupied by DR. INGALLS.

OLD PAPERS, &C.

OLD NEWSPAPERS, PAMPHLETS, &c. purchased at the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL OFFICE. Persons having large or small quantities to dispose of, are invited to bring them to the above place.

Woburn, April 23, 1864.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS is one of the greatest strengthening preparations extant. It is especially adapted to those who are afflicted with the Fever and Ague, or any other disease arising from a disordered condition of the digestive organs. For the Fever and Ague there is perhaps no medicine in the world equal to it, as it enters, purifies and replenishes the blood, which is so important to bring about a healthy action in diseases of this nature. The Bitters are now among the most popular, and at the same time, valuable specifics in the medical world. In recommending it to the public, we are fully conscious of doing them a great service, knowing, as we do, their many excellent qualities, and sure and speedy action in all cases where the disease is caused by irregularity of the digestive organs. A trial will suffice for the most skeptical.

☞ See advertisement.

For sale by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere. 30—2m.

FEMALES! FEMALES! FEMALES!
Use the SAFE, PLEASANT REMEDY known as
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
For all Complaints Incident to the sex. No family should be without it, and none will when once tried by them. It is used
BY YOUNG AND OLD
In the decline or change of life, before and after Marriage, during and after confinement, to strengthen the Nerves, restore NATURE to its Proper channel, and invigorate the Broken down Constitution, from whatever cause originating.
USE NO MORE WORTHLESS PILLS!
TAKE
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
See Advertisement in another column. Cut out and send for it.

THE TURNED HEAD!

This title of one of Dr. Warren's stories is realized in a moment by all who use

Cristadoro's Hair Dye,

which in five minutes changes
WHITE TO BLACK,
or red to a rich brown, without drying up the juices of the hair. It is the only safe hair dye in the world.

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere and applied by all Hair Dressers.

Price, $1, $1.50, and $3 per box, according to size.

Cristadoro's Hair Preservative.

Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Hair. Price, 50 cents, $1, and $2 per bottle, according to size. 37—3w.

Married

In Woburn, June 26, by Rev. J. C. Bodwell, Mr. Peter Hayward, to Miss Frances Young, both of Stoneham.

In Salem, June 15, by Rev. Mr. Haskell, Capt. Chas. B. Leathe, 40th Mass. Regt., to Miss Clara Hitchings, both of Reading.

Died

In Woburn, June 24, James, son of George and Elizabeth McDermott, aged 9 mos., 10 dys.

June 27, Timothy son of Daniel and Bridget McClary, aged 2 yrs., 6 ms.

In South Reading, June 20, Mrs. Susan M., wife of Elbridge M. Stowell, aged 45 years 10 months.

A CARD.

THE undersigned, in behalf of the absent mother, also of the brothers and sisters of the late JOHN BRUCE, also in his own behalf, would hereby express sincere thanks to the members of the "Boston Plumbers Association," for the kindness and sympathy manifested toward them in their bereavement.

PHILIP TEARE.

Woburn, July 1, 1864.

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his patrons and the public generally that he has removed to his new Shop on Winn St.

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a call at his new stand, where with increased facilities for business all work entrusted to his care will be done promptly, and in the most workmanlike manner, and at the lowest prices.

402w R. F. ELLIS

SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
WOBURN CENTRE.

M. L. MORSE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
STONEHAM.

☞ Office over Store of G. H. Montague.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given, that the Subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of ABEL WYMAN, late of Woburn, in the county of Middlesex, deceased, and taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

CHARLES A. WYMAN, Admr.

Woburn, May 24th, 1864.

Letters Remaining Unclaimed,

IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN, State of Massachusetts, 1st day of July, 1864.

☞ To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for *'advertised letters,'* give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Free delivery of letters by carriers, at the residence of owners, in cities and large towns, may be secured by observing the following rules;

1. Direct letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the post office and State.
2. Head letters with the writer's post office and State, street and number, sign them plainly with full name, and request that answers be directed accordingly.
3. Letters to strangers or transient visitors in a town or city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked, in the lower left-hand corner, with the word 'Transient.'
4. Place the postage stamp on the upper right hand corner, and leave space between the stamp and direction for post-marking without interfering with the writing.

N. B. A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within 30 days or less, written or printed with the writer's name, post office, and State, across the left-hand end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with at the usual prepaid rate of postage, payable when the letter is delivered to the writer."—Sec. 28, of Law of 1863.

Hunt, Hellen — Murphy, James
Hoey, Owen — Porter, Susan
Weir, A. N. Mrs.

NATHAN WYMAN, P. M.

Wanted to Hire,

A CONVENIENT HOUSE in a good locality, in the Centre of Woburn, containing 8 or 9 rooms. Apply at the JOURNAL Office.

VERNATELLA.

WARRANTED TO MAKE THE

SOLES OF BOOTS AND SHOES

WATER AND DAMPNESS PROOF,

AND WEAR ONE-THIRD LONGER.

VERNATELLA,

is a preparation from Copper, having no grease, Linseed oil, or anything of the kind, and when the soles are once saturated with it, water can no more get through them than through copper itself.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

AT RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

But its cost to the purchaser is really NOTHING, as it makes the soles wear enough longer to more than pay for it, leaving as a net gain the making of them Water and Dampness Proof, and the preservation thereby of that priceless gem, the health.

LADIES, READ THIS.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH!

Use Vernatella on the soles of your Shoes. It makes them water proof and thereby protects your feet from dampness, for the ground is always more or less moist, either from rain or the morning and evening dew.

At Wholesale in Boston by

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 38 Hanover street.
S. M. COSCORD & CO., 86 Hanover street.
M. S. BURR & CO., 26 Tremont street.
CARTER, RUST & CO., 43, Hanover street.

And Wholesale Druggists generally. Also by all the Principal Dealers in Boots and shoes.

Manufactured in the CHEMICAL DEPARTMENT of the

Cahoon Manufacturing Company.

WYMAM & TYLER, Agents.
40—7m 82, Water street, Boston.

MILLINERY

—AT—

Reduced Rates.

THE subscriber wishing to close out her Summer Stock of

Millinery Goods,

will sell them after this date, at GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

MOURNING GOODS,

Ready made, or supplied to order, at short notice. She has lately added a good assortment of

Hoop Skirts, Hosiery, Corsets,

GLOVES, DRESS TRIMMINGS,

LACES, AND SMALL WARES,

all of which will be sold at LOW RATES.

M. E. FIELD,
NEW BANK BUILDING.

Woburn, June 24, 1864.—39-tf.

BOSTON MUSIC HALL,

JULY 4, 1864.

THE Management take pleasure in announcing that the Hall will be open during the day of MONDAY, JULY 4th, for the exhibition of, and concerts with

THE GREAT ORGAN,

on which occasion the

National Airs of all Nations

with other appropriate pieces, will be played.

ORGANISTS—W. Eugene Thayer, B. J. Lang and G. E. Whiting.

Tickets, for the day only, 25 cents, for sale at the Hall. 39-2w.

TO LET FOR STORAGE,

A STABLE, 18x25, with cellar, located in the rear of Dwight Eager's Estate.
39-3w Apply to ELI COOPER.

"BIG THING ON ICE."

ONE OF TUFT'S

ARCTIC SODA FIXTURES!

Has been placed on the Counter of the APOTHECARY at

No. 5 Wade Block, Main St.

He now offers to the thirsty public a cold glass of Soda Water with either of

12 varieties of Fruit and Cream Syrups.

☞ CALL AND SAMPLE THE GOODS. ☜

4711 Farina Cologne 4711

Celebrated for its excellence all over the world, For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

BEST Stencils & INK. FURNISHED TO ORDER, AT Woburn Bookstore



COAL, LUMBER, &C.

THE firm of AYER & MCDONALD having been dissolved, the subscriber respectfully gives notice to the inhabitants of Woburn and vicinity, that he will continue the business, at the same stand, in all its branches, and trusts by giving strict attention to business, and always keeping on hand the different kinds of COAL, WOOD and LUMBER, to receive that generous share of public patronage which has been accorded to the late firm during the past year.

LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

OFFICE—Immediately adjoining the North end of the Depot, Woburn Centre.

JOS. B. MCDONALD.

Woburn Feb, 13th, 1863.

Town Warrant.



Commonwealth of Massachusetts

MIDDLESEX ss.

To either of the Constables of the Town of Woburn in said County, GREETING:

IN the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, you are hereby required to notify and warn the inhabitants of the Town of Woburn, qualified to vote in town affairs, to meet at the Town Hall, in said Woburn, on Monday, the Eleventh day of July, at seven of the clock, P. M., to act on the following articles, viz:

Art. 1. To choose a Moderator to preside at said meeting.

Art. 2. To see if the Town will authorize the Selectmen to select at their discretion and lay out anew or make an enlargement of the School-House lot on Warren Street, in Woburn, agreeably to General Statutes of Mass., Chapter 38, Section 38, by taking and appropriating land now owned and occupied by Benjamin Daland and Samuel C. Skelton, or others, or do or act anything in relation to the same.

And you are directed to serve this Warrant by causing the same to be published in the "WOBURN TOWNSMAN," and "MIDDLESEX JOURNAL," seven days at least, before the time named herein for holding said meeting.

Hereof fail not, and make due return of this Warrant, with your doings thereon, to the Town Clerk, at or before the time of holding said Meeting.

Given under our hands, and the seal of the Town affixed, this Thirtieth day of June, A. D., 1864.

ELBRIDGE TRULL, A. E. THOMPSON, MOSES A. TYLER, E. E. THOMPSON, L. G. RICHARDSON, } Selectmen of Woburn.

A true copy. Attest:
EDWARD SIMONDS, Constable.

ATKINSON'S FURNITURE POLISH.

For VARNISHED or POLISHED FURNITURE, this excellent Polish will not fail to restore furniture to its original brilliancy. After using this preparation, the touch of the hand will not leave a mark or soil furniture.

Obtained at the principal dealers in furniture, and traders generally. W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., manufacturer. Tremont corner Boylston streets. Wholesale agents, Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. Warranted not to injure the varnish. 40 3m

Keep Cool by Drinking

BRIGHAM'S

ARCTIC SODA WATER,

Which runs in a constant stream at No. 5 WADES BLOCK.

Real Estate For Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale a DWELLING-HOUSE, on Rail-Road Street, about one-fourth of a mile from Main Street. The Eastern part contains seven rooms; the Western eight rooms. Good water convenient for both parts. Each part so arranged as to be convenient for two families.

Also House-Lots of various locations and Prices. Terms accommodating.

LUKE FOWLE.
Woburn, April 20, 1864. 30—3m.

ATKINSON'S FRENCH PLASTER.

Highly Recommended for CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD JOINTS, NAILS IN-GROWING, or any Disease of the Feet.

This Plaster effects a cure without pain or inconvenience. After the application the boot or shoe can be worn with perfect ease. Warranted not injurious. Procured of all principal druggists and Boot and shoe dealers. Made only by W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., Tremont corner Boylston streets, Boston, Mass. Wholesale agents, G. C. Goodwin & Co.; John Wilson, Jr., & Co., Boston.

L. H. ALLEN,

FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,

FURNISHES at his Wareroom, four doors north of depot, Caskets of all sizes and qualities. Black Walnut, Mahogany, White Wood, and Pine coffins, of every size and price. Plates of various styles, and Plain and Fancy Handles. Thibet, Cashmere, Colored, Lawn, Muslin, and Cambric Shrouds. Metallic Caskets furnished at the shortest notice. Every thing furnished at the lowest living prices.

The subscriber having received from the Board of Selectmen the appointment of Funeral Undertaker for the town, now offers to the public his new and elegant HEARSE, which has been manufactured expressly to his order, and which he will furnish with one or a pair of horses, at the usual price.

He likewise offers the new invention for preserving the bodies of deceased persons by cold air alone, without the direct application of ice, which is so repugnant to the feelings. When preserved by the cold air process, a glass reveals at any moment the features of the departed, and the corpse will keep much longer than in the ordinary way.

The subscriber would take this opportunity to return his thanks for the liberal patronage he has hitherto received, and hopes with his new improvements to continue to give his customers the highest satisfaction.

All orders answered with promptness, and Coffins delivered within ten miles free of expense.

L. H. ALLEN.
Woburn Center, March 4, 1864.—23-6m

FIREWORKS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

CUTTER & AUSTIN,

32 & 36 Federal, and 107, 111, & 113 Congress Sts., BOSTON,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Fireworks, Chinese Lanterns,

TORCHES, &c.

The New Union Lantern,

Red, White & Blue, for political processions.

Exhibitions furnished to any amount.

Send for Price List. 37-4w.

Three Important New Books.

THAYER'S LIFE OF PRES. LINCOLN,

THE PIONEER BOY—Price $1.25.

THE FERRY BOY AND THE FINANCIER, A LIFE OF SEC. CHASE—$1.25.

YOUTH'S HISTORY OF THE REBELLION. By THAYER—$1.25.

For sale by all Booksellers and Newsmen. Sent by mail on receipt of Price. Canvassers and Travelling Agents wanted.

WALKER, WISE & CO., Publishers, Boston.

Penrhyn Marble Co.

Enamelled Slate Chimney Pieces, cheaper than Marble. Garden Vases, Pedestals, Flower Pots and Hanging Baskets, Toilet Sets, Bohemian Lava, China and Terra Cotta Vases, and other fancy goods—Flower Baskets, Chimney Tops, English Tile.

The best assortment of the kind in Boston.

JOSEPH STORY, Treas.

Studio Building 112 Tremont st., Boston.

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.
FROM S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.

NEWHALL'S CHALLENGE.

Any one who has tried

NEWHALL'S CHALLENGE COFFEE!

Must acknowledge that it is rightly named, for it is

Unequalled by any Substitute

For the expensive kinds of Coffee. No one should fail to buy it. Manufactured by

H. B. NEWHALL,

36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

And sold by Grocers throughout the country.

The Eye. The Eye.

Dr. E. KNIGHT,

PHYSICIAN and OCULIST,

Has discovered a new treatment for the Eye and Ear, whereby he is curing some of the worst cases of blindness and deafness ever known, without instruments or pain. Eyes blind for years, and pronounced incurable by the best Oculists in this country, have been cured in a few weeks.

CANCERS! CANCERS!

Dr. Knight has discovered a new treatment for Cancers that surpasses all others now in use.—It cures without knife, plaster or pain, and heals without a scar. Fistula, White Swellings, Erysipelas, Palsy and Fits cured in half the time and at half the expense of any other treatment.

CONSUMPTION easily cured when taken in season. Every kind of humors eradicated from the system.

Dr. Knight invites all afflicted with the above named diseases to call and consult him before resorting to any other treatment. Fifteen days will satisfy any one of efficiency of his new medicine. No charge for consultation. Office 257 Tremont St., Boston.

Congress Paint Store,

Corner of Water & Congress Sts., BOSTON.

SAMUEL WHEELER, Agt.

(Formerly in Union Street.)

MANUFACTURER OF THE

Constant White Paint,

Which he challenges the world to produce its equal for beauty and durability. It is vastly superior to that formerly known as Florence White, made by him.

ALSO DEALER IN

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Drugs,

GLUES, and PAINTERS SUPPLIES.

ALSO, AGENT FOR THE

BRIDGEWATER

MINERAL PAINT,

Which is seven eighths Iron, and warranted superior to all other Fire-proof Paints ever known—in color, fineness and durability.

S. M. COLCORD & CO.,

(Successors to CARTER, COLCORD, & PRESTON,)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

No. 86 Hanover and 1 & 3 Portland sts., BOSTON,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, and Chemicals

Of superior quality, English, French, American

Soaps, Perfumeries & Toilet articles

and Patent Medicines,

Of all kinds, and in the largest quantities;

BRANDIES, WINES, and LIQUORS,

Of unequalled purity and quality for medicinal purposes;

FANCY LABELS,

In new and elegant designs, by the best Lithographers.

Manufacturers of SODA WATER and choice SODA SYRUPS. Quotations furnished on application. Orders solicited, and promptly executed at lowest market rates.

FAIRBANKS & BEARD,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Mineral and Soda Waters,

ALE PORTER, and CIDER.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Miles's Croton Cream Ale.

Orders by express or mail filled with same goods and at as low prices as if the customer applied in person.

Orders for ALE CIDER and PORTER, for exportation, promptly put up.

Howard Athenæum Building, Howards st., Boston.

MOSES FAIRBANKS. JOSIAH BEARD.

ALLEN, CHENEY & BARTLET,

131 Friend and 38 Canal St.,

[Formerly Allen & Webber.]

Manufacturers of Cabinet, Library, Dining Room and Chamber

FURNITURE

Invites the attention of those in want of substantial and handsomely made articles of Furniture, in Walnut, Mahogany and Oak. We have a large stock on hand, and are constantly receiving new and elegant styles from our manufactory. Our goods being made by ourselves, from the best seasoned and kiln-dried stock, we feel confident that they will prove satisfactory.

WM. H. ALLEN.
E. P. CHENEY.
GORDON BARTLET.

CHELSEA DYE HOUSE,

AND

LAUNDRY.

[Established in 1840.]

208 Washington, St., opp. Marlboro' Hotel BOSTON.

Color all descriptions of

Silk and Woolen Goods,

Color and cleanse

Ladies and Gentlemen's Garments,

Kid Gloves, Feathers,

Straw and Felt Hats, Bonnets.

And the celebrated Finishers of New Shirts for Manufacturers.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

WASHING MADE EASY.

Housekeepers Attention.

CHALCIDEAN,

OR ANTI-ROTTING CLEANSER.

FOR WASHING CLOTHES.

Half the labor of washing saved, and three-fourths the soap, by use of the

CHALCIDEAN.

All former fluids in use have rotted the cloth. The CHALCIDEAN will not rot the articles washed with it, and besides extracting the dirt with ease, it gives them a PURE WHITENESS.

In these days of high prices it is quite a consideration to preserve the

STRENGTH OF THE CLOTH.

No Washing Machine is needed, as the CHALCIDEAN wonderfully

Lessens the Labor of Washing.

Wholesale Agents for Mass., C. F. WELLS Co., No. 7 Lindall Street, Boston

R. H. HOOPER, General Agent, No. 134 State Street, Boston.

Retailed by Grocers generally.

HARRY JENNINGS,

32 Portland St., Boston, Mass.

Offers to the public his infallible ARSENICAL SOAP, for the destruction of Fleas, Lice, Bugs, Sheep Ticks, and Vermin of all descriptions; 25 and 50 cents a box. Warranted to kill all vermin in five minutes, (and not to injure the animal,) and easily applied.

H. J. has a sure cure for Manage Distemper and all kinds of diseases, and sent to any part of the United States. Also, agents wanted.

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.
FROM S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.

U. S.

10-40 5 Per Cents.

5-20 6 " "

One Year Certificates,

AND

AMERICAN GOLD

BOUGHT and SOLD.

Gold Coupons collected, and returns made at the market rates.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission, and our correspondents promptly advised of any business transacted for them.

MELLEN, WARD & MOWER

BANKERS,

No. 20 Congress Street,

CHARLES MELLEN, late with Galloupe & Putnam.
CHARLES H. WARD, late with Spencer, Vila & Co.
CALVIN R. MOWER, " " " " "

BOSTON.

Complete Musical Library, $10.

Comprising nearly

One Thousand Pieces of Piano Music.

"HOME CIRCLE," a collection of Piano Music, Marches, Waltzes, Polkas, Quadrilles, &c., 2 Vols. "SHOWER OF PEARLS," Choice Vocal Duets with Piano Accompaniment. "SILVER CHORD," a collection of Songs, Ballads, Duets, Quartets, &c, Piano Accomp. "OPERATIC PEARLS," comprising the Vocal Beauties of the best Operas.—Piano Accomp. The above sent, postpaid, for $10 or each at the following prices—Plain, $2; Cloth, $2.25; Full Gilt, $3. OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

SPRING BEDS.

For an Excellent Bed

USE

Tucker's Patent Spring Bed,

This is the Standard Spring Bed in the market, and is more extensively sold than any other. Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Also

CHEAP FOLDING SPRING BOTTOM WOOD COTS,

An excellent article for a spare bed. For sale by the Furniture Dealers generally. At wholesale by HIRAM TUCKER,

117 & 119, Court St., Boston, Mass.

GEO. A. MANSFIELD & CO.

NO. 36, Faneuil Hall, Square,

BOSTON,

Wholesale dealers in

"PLUMER LAST"

Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers.

☞ Malleable Cut and Wrought Iron, Steel and Brass

HEEL AND TOE IRONS.

Orders by mail or Express, for any quantity filled promptly.



FAIRBANKS'

Standard Scales

The Genuine Article.

Accurate, Durable, Convenient.

A Complete Variety,

AS

Hay, Coal, Railroad, Platform, Counter, Druggists' and Butchers' Scales;

BEAMS, WEIGHTS, &C.,

For sale at our Warehouse,

118 Milk Street,

(Thorndike Building) Corner of Batterymarch Street, Boston.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO..

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX ss.

PROBATE COURT.

To the Next of Kin and others interested in the estate of JAMES BENNETT, late of Burlington, in said County deceased. GREETING:

WHEREAS JOSHUA P. CONVERSE, the Administrator of the estate of said deceased has presented to said Court for allowance the first account of his administration on said estate, and application has been made for a distribution of the balance in his hands among the next of kin of said deceased;

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Framingham, in said County, on the Fourth Tuesday of June next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why said account should not be allowed and distribution made according to said application.

And said Joshua P. Converse is ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same, once a week, in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, three weeks successively, the last publication to be two days at least before said Court.

Witness, WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this tenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

37 4w. J. H. TYLER, Register.

WM. PRATT,

WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER,

And dealer in Watches, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, &c.

347 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.

PARTICULAR attention given to repairing fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

For Sale or to Let,

THE "FLANDERS PLACE," situated on Main Street, near the High School-house. Enquire of

J. B. WINN or JOHN JOHNSON.

Woburn, June 1st, 1864.—26 tf.

French, English and American

TOILET SOAPS,

Genuine.

From the manufactories of Coudray, Mangenet & Coudray, Gelle Freres, Lowe, Son & Haydon, Patty, Glenn, Worsley, and others,

For sale by

W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made to supply the Circulating Library at the WOBURN BOOKSTORE, with all the new books as soon as published. A number of those lately issued, have been procured and are now ready for use. Others will be added as soon as published.

Woburn, May, 1864.

Jaques' Extract Pond Lily,

Just received and for sale by

W. C. BRIGHAM

FOR SALE

A COOKING STOVE, in good order.—Will be sold cheap. Apply at the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL office.

NEW STOCK OF ROOM PAPER!

A LARGE SUPPLY OF

NEW PATTERNS,

of the above, has just been received from New York, at the

Woburn Bookstore,

and will be sold very low. Also, BORDERING in variety, and Paper for Curtains and Side Lights.

S. R. PRIEST,

DEALER IN

BOOTS, SHOES, AND RUBBERS,

MAIN STREET, WOBURN,

One door north of Whitford's Central Market.

Repairing in all its branches. 30tf

WYMAN'S

AMBROTYPE, MELAINOTYPE, AND

Daguerreotype Rooms,

KELLEY'S BLOCK, ... WOBURN.

PARTICULAR attention given to copying pictures.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon

CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,

WOBURN CENTRE.

C. W. EATON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

MAIN STREET, SOUTH READING.

Attention given to Conveyancing, and Collecting of Soldiers Claims, Pensions, &c., at Lowest Commissions. 33tf.

TOILET EXTRACTS.

In endless variety, many of which will be sold at a low figure. By

W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

HARD TIMES COFFEE,

The very best

Substitute for Pure Coffee;

And not distinguished from Pure Java by people generally.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

H. B. NEWHALL,

No. 36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

DR. HAYES' CERTIFICATE.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance. It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D., State Assayer.
16 Boylston St., Boston, 25th Feb., 1864."
36—2 m e o w

G. R. GAGE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

New Bank Building, Woburn,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he is now located in his new store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS

made in the best style, and warranted to fit.

Particular attention paid to making

Boys' Clothing.

He has on hand a large stock of the best and most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the season, which will be made up to order at the most reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS

of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly on hand.

Woburn, March 19th, 1864.

English, French and American

BRUSHES,

FOR THE

HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.

For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

Something for the Times!

A NECESSITY IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD

JOHNS & CROSELY'S

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE.

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE

the only article of the kind ever produced which

Will Withstand Water.

It will Mend Wood,

Save your broken Furniture.

It will Mend Leather,

Mend your Harness, Straps, Belts, Boots, &c.

It will Mend Glass,

Save the pieces of that expensive Cut Glass Bottle.

It will Mend Ivory,

Don't throw away that broken Ivory Fan, its easily repaired.

It will Mend China,

Your broken China Cups and Saucers can be made as good as new.

It will Mend Marble,

That piece knocked out of your Marble Mantle can be put on as strong as ever.

It will Mend Porcelain,

No matter if that broken Pitcher did not cost but a shilling; a shilling saved is a shilling earned.

It will Mend Alabaster,

That costly Alabaster Vase is broken and you can't match it; mend it, it will never show when put together.

It will Mend Bone, Coral, Lava, and in fact everything but Metals.

Any article Cemented with AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE will not show where it is mended.

EXTRACTS:

"Every Housekeeper should have a supply of Johns & Crosley's American Cement Glue."—*New York Times.*

"It is so convenient to have in the house."—*New York Express.*

"It is always ready; this commends it to everybody."—*Independent.*

"We have tried it, and find it as useful in our house as water."—*Wilkes' Spirit of the Times.*

Economy is Wealth.

$10.00 per year saved in every family by One Bottle of

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
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Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

VERY LIBERAL REDUCTION TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.
TERMS CASH.

For sale by all Druggists, and Storekeepers generally throughout the country.

JOHNS & CROSLEY,

(Sole Manufacturers),

78 William street,

Corner of Liberty street, NEW YORK.

WOBURN MARBLE & GRANITE STONE-WORKS.

THE subscribers offer for sale the largest and best assortment of MARBLE

Monuments and Gravestones

ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular attention given to the

Fitting up of Cemetery Lots

with GRANITE EDGE-STONE and POSTS.

Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for Building purposes furnished to order.

OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin Warerooms, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass

A. SCOTT & CO.
R. PICKERING, Agent.

Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1854—21-y.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE

EFFECTED IN

Good Stock & Mutual Companies;

Also, PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, &c., obtained for Widows, Children, Fathers, Mothers, Brothers or Sisters, through the agency of HORATIO WOODMAN, Esq., of Boston,

By SPARROW HORTON Agt.,

AT THE

WOBURN POST-OFFICE.

C. S. ADKINS,

DEALER IN

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

PERIODICALS,

CONFECTIONERY, &C., &C.,

WOULD respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Woburn and vicinity to a good assortment of

Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Sand, Mucilage, Sealing Wax, and all articles usually found in a Stationery Store.

Daily Papers and Periodicals of the day.

Sheet Music—Vocal and Instrumental.

Violin and Guitar Strings.

Confectionery of all kinds, and of the best quality.

Also, HOVEY'S HAIR BALM, one of the best preparations for the Hair, offered to the public.

"TOWNSMAN" BUILDING,

Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

MIDDLESEX

WAR-CLAIM ASSOCIATION,

Office, 4 Niles Block, 33 School St., Boston.

THIS ASSOCIATION has been formed to aid Soldiers, Seamen, and their Families, in obtaining PENSIONS BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, PRIZE MONEY, LAND, and other claims against the Government.

Applications for the collection of claims should be made by letter, or in person, to the Attorney of the Association.

Advice will be given by the Attorney without charge.

Upon the collection of claims, small charges, established by the Directors, will be made.

HON. JOEL PARKER, President.
HON. D. W. GOOCH, } Vice Presdts.
HON. GEO. S. BOUTWELL, }
DIRECTORS—Joel Parker, Geo. S. Boutwell, D. W. Gooch, Leonard Huntress, James M. Shute, Phineas J. Stone, Chas. Hudson, E. J. Collins, Amos Stone, B. Hosford, Horace Conn, J. H. Waitt, Charles Kimball, John K. Going.

A. B. COFFIN, Attorney, No. 33 School Street, Boston. GEO. W. COPELAND, Secretary and Treasurer, 5 Tremont Street, Boston. 29 1y.

A. B. COFFIN,

ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW

No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.

Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street.

J. M. GROSVENOR, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE at the Corner of Union and Main Streets.

REFERENCES—Dixi Crosby, M. D., Prof. of Surgery at Dartmouth College; E. R. Peaslee, M. D., LL. D., New York; Surgeon J. C. Dorr, U.S. A., Washington, D. C.; E. B. Peirson, M. D., Salem, Mass. 29-tf.

SLATE AND TIN ROOFING.

D. TILLSON & SON,

Slate and Metal Roofers,

55 SUDBURY STREET, BOSTON,

Cover Roofs with Slate or Tin in the best manner and on reasonable terms. Orders left with D. H. TILLSON, Railroad Street, Woburn, will receive prompt attention. 25-3m



DR. C. T. LANG,

Surgeon Dentist.

Cor. Winn and Pleasant Sts.

Woburn Centre, Mass.

MRS. M. E. FIELD,

MILLINER,

Keeps constantly on hand

BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, DRESS TRIMMINGS, CAPS, BRAIDS, LACES, SILKS, WORSTEDS, &c.

MOURNING GOODS furnished at short notice

☞ BONNETS Bleached, Pressed and Trimmed to order.

Bank Block, Main Street, Woburn.

WILLIAM WINN,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER.

BURLINGTON, MASS.

Sales of Real and Personal Estate attended to on reasonable terms.

Orders left at the *Journal* office will receive prompt attention.

H. HARRIMAN,

HARNESS AND COLLAR MANUFACTURER.

Corner of Ockley Court and Main Street, (opposite Central House), Woburn Mass.

Harnesses of every description made from the best stock, and by experienced workmen, at low prices.

Repairing neatly done.

HORACE COLLAMORE,

DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

OFFICE:—4 WADE'S BLOCK,

Woburn Centre.

FRANK P. DODGE,

WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER,

ALSO, DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, Musical Instruments, Fancy Goods, &c

☞ *Melodeons For Sale and to Let.*

WADE BLOCK, MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

Central Market,

Main Street, Woburn.

THE subscriber having taken the store formerly occupied by E. O. SOLES, will keep constantly on hand West India Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Vegetables &c. H. WHITFORD.

BOSTON AND LOWELL

And Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Stony Brook Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowel Railroads.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 16th, 1864, trains will leave BOSTON for—

Upper Railroads, 7.00, 8 00 a m, 12.00, 5.30 p m.
Wilton, Milford, Danforth's Corner, S. Merrimack 7.00 a.m. 12.00, 5.30 p. m.
Nashua, 7.00, 8.00† am, 12 m, 5 30 pm
Tyngsboro', No. Chelmsford 7.00am, 12.00, 5.30pm
Groton Junction 10.00 (exp) a.m., 2.30 p. m.
Lowell, 7.00, 8.00†, 10.00 am, 12-00 (exp), 2.30, 5.30 (exp), 6 pm.
North Billerica, Billerica & Tewksbury, Wilmington, 7.00, 10.00 a m, 5.00 p m.
S. Wilmington, N. Woburn, 10 a m, 2.30, p m.
Woburn W. S., 7.00, 10.00, a.m., 2.30, 5.00 p m.
E. Woburn, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, a m, 2.30, 3.00, 5.10, 7.30† pm.
Winchester and West Medford, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, am, 2.30, 3,00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p m.
College Hill 6.45, 10.00, 11.30 a.m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30† 7.30, 9.30* p.m.

* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

Mondays at 11.30 p. m., a train leaves for Lowell, Nashua and Way Stations.

The 10.00 A. M., and 9.30 P. M., Trains from Boston stop at Milk Row, Somerville Centre, and College Hill Stations, to take passengers for Stations above Winchester.

TRAINS FOR BOSTON LEAVE

Wilton at 6.15, 11.00 a. m. 3.30 p m.
Milford, 6.20, 11.05, a. m. 3.55 p m.
Danforth's Corner, 6.30, 11-13, a m, 4.08 p m.
South Merrimack, 6.35, 11-21 a m, 4.23 p m.
Nashua at 7.00, 11-45, a m, 5.00, 8.40 p m,
Tingsboro' 7.15, 11.57 a m., 5.12 pm.
North Chelmsford, 7.22, 12.06 a.m., 5.19 p.m.
Groton Junction 8.00 a m, 12.45 p m.
Lowell 7, 7.30* 9.30, a m, 12.15*, 2.15 5.30*, 6*pm
North Billerica 7.09, 9.39 a m, 2.22, 5.41, p m.
Billerica and Tewksbury 7.16, 9 46 a m, 2.29, 5.47 p m.
Wilmington at 7.26 9.55 a m, 2.39, 5.55, p m.
South Wilmington 10.00 a m, 2.43 p m.
North Woburn 10.03 a m, 2.45 p m.
Woburn Watering Station at 7.39, 10-08 a m, 2.53, 6.04 p m.
East Woburn at 7.00, 9.00, 10-10 a m, 1.15, 2.54, 5.00 6.30, p m.
Winchester at 6.05, 7.05 7.45, 9.05, 10-15 a m, 1.20, 3.00, 5.05, 6-35, 8.20, p m.
West Medford at 6.15, 7.15, 7.52, 9.15, 10 28 am 1.30 3.07, 5.15, 6-45, 8.25 p m.
College Hill 6.19, 7.19, 9.19 a.m., 1.33, 3.10, 5.19, 6.47 8 28 p. m.

*Or on arrival of trains from Nashua.
†Northern Depot.

The 9.30 A. M., and 9 15 P. M., Trains from Lowell stop at College Hill, Somerville Centre, and Milk Row Stations, to leave Passengers from Stations above Winchester.

Woburn Branch.

Trains for Woburn Centre, leave Boston, at 6.45 11.30, a. m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30,* p. m.

Trains leave Woburn Centre for Boston, at 6.00, 7.00, 7.40, 9 a m, 1.15, 5.00, 6.30, 8-15 p m.

* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

Stoneham Branch.

The Trains on this Road will leave Boston (from Lowell Railroad Depot) for Stoneham, at 6-45, and 11-30 A M, 3-00, 5-10, and 7-30* P M.;

Leave Stoneham for Boston, at 6 52, and 8-5 A M, 1-00, 4-52, and 6-22 P M.,

* Saturdays at 10-00 P M.

J. B. WINSLOW, Superintendent,
B. L. and N. & L. R. R.

SPRING CLOTHING!



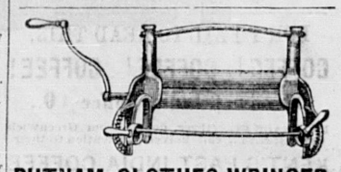
THE subscriber has on hand a large stock of goods, suitable for the approaching season, and which he will manufacture into all kinds of garments, in the best manner.

He begs to say that he depends solely on his ability to please, for a share of public patronage and would respectfully invite attention to specimens of his skill and workmanship now in the market. If they are satisfactory, you are requested to call, at the old stand, and look at his goods.

☞ Come and see if this is not the place to get what you want, at the price you wish to pay.

P. TEARE, Merchant Tailor.

Woburn, March 19, 1864.—tf.



PUTNAM CLOTHES-WRINGER.

THE ONLY RELIABLE SELF-Adjusting Wringer.

The frame being of Iron thoroughly galvanized, all danger from rust is removed, and the liability to shrink, swell, split, &c so unavoidable in the wooden machines, is prevented.

No thumb-screws or complicated fastenings to wear out or get out of order; it can be fastened firmly to the tub in a single second.

WARRANTED WITH OR WITHOUT COG-WHEELS.

It took the FIRST PREMIUM at FIFTY-SEVEN State and County Fairs in 1863, and is without exception the best Wringer ever made.

Instead of believing the statements of parties interested in the sale of other Wringers,

TRY IT, AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELF.

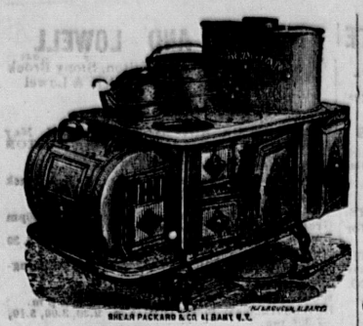
Test it THOROUGHLY with ANY and ALL others, and if not entirely satisfactory, return it.

It will wring anything from a thread to a bed quilt without alteration.

Patented in the United States, England, Canada, and Australia. Energetic men can make from $2 to $10 per day. Agents wanted in every town.

Putnam Manufacturing Co.—

GENTLEMEN; I know from practical experience that iron well galvanized with zinc will not oxidize or rust one particle. I can safely say, after several years' experience in the manufacture of chain for chain-pumps and water-drawers, in which



SHEAR PACKARD & CO. ALBANY N.Y.

FIRST PREMIUM
COOK STOVE.

THIS Stove took the First Premium at the State Fair held at Rochester, October 1st, 1862, and again at Utica, September, 15, 1863.

Economy is Wealth !

This maxim will be fully demonstrated by buying an

AMERICAN HOT AIR
COOKING STOVE,

AS it will bake, boil and roast better than any other Stove, with a saving of 25 per cent n fuel, and a very large percentage in convenience.

They have the following advantages :

1st. They are constructed with a view of great durability ; all the plates exposed to the fire are made of an extra thickness.

2d. The flues are lined with non-conducting cement, thereby applying the heat directly to the oven, and the oven can be heated and kept in baking order with less fuel than any other stove.

3d. They have a hot air draft, which not only makes the fuel burn freely and last longer, but adds to the heating and baking facilities.

4. They consume all the gasses from the fuel, thereby adding largely to the amount of heat obtained from the quantity of fuel used.

5th. The Stove is made, mounted and finished in the most superior manner. The oven is large and well ventilated. The Stove is convenient in form, and made for use ; to adopt the language of some who have used this Stove, "It will do more work with less fuel than any other stove." In proof we add the following testimony :

American Hot Air Cooking Stove.

J. H. DAVIS, ESQ.—*Dear Sir* : We find the Stove I purchased of you the fore part of June last, called the American Hot Air Cooking Stove, in all respects as recommended ; and we could not be induced to part with it under any circumstances were we unable to replace it with one of the same kind. To make a long story short it is perfect in every particular. It bakes, broils, roasts and boils first rate, besides being very economical in the way of fuel. My wife thinks it superior to Stuart's (which she has used), as it is capable of doing the same work much quicker. Should you have any customers in want of a *perfect S ove*, have them call on me if they have a doubt as to the good qualities of the American Hot Air Cooking Stove. Respectfully Yours, C. H. MCKINSTRY.

Canajoharie, July, 1863.

FAIRFIELD, Conn., April 17th 1863

MR. GEO. P. STOCKWELL.—*Dear Sir* : Last December we purchased from you the "American Hot Air Cooking Stove." We have seen nothing of the kind which is constructed on such scientific principles—insuring the thorough consumption of the fuel—obtaining the greatest amount of heat possible at a small expense, and so distributing it as to secure all the results for which a Cooking Stove is required. We can safely say, that it fully realizes all the expectations which we had formed from the recommendations we had seen, and we can therefore honestly recommend it to any person in search of such an article, as combining economy and utility. Yours, &c., ALEX. MCLEAN, JR Pastor of the 1st Cong. Church Fairfield, Conn.

Manufactured by

SHEER, PACKARD & CO.,
17 & 19 *Green St., Albany, N. Y.*

For Sale by—J. F. LORING, Worcester, L. PATCH, & CO., Fitchburg, and I. L. FOOTE, & CO., Lowell, Mass.

DON'T FAIL TO READ THIS.
COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!
The East India Coffee CO.,

154 READE ST., (three doors from Greenwich Street), N. Y., call universal attention to their

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE.
has all the flavor of OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA, and is but half the price ; and also that

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE
has twice the strength of Java, or any other Coffee whatever and wherever used by our first class hotels and steamboats, the stewards say there is a saving of 50 per cent.

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
is the most healthy beverage known, and is very nutritious. The weak and infirm may use it at all times with impunity. The wife of the Rev. W. Eaves, local minister of the M. E. Church, Jersey city, who has not been able to use any coffee for fifteen years, can use

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE.
three times a day without injury, it being entirely free from those properties that produce nervous excitement.

Dr. JAMES BOYLE, of 156 CHAMBERS STREET, says ; "I have never known any Coffee so healthy, nutritious, and free from all injurious qualities as

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
I advise my patients to drink it universally even those to whom I have hitherto prohibited the use of coffee."

The PRINCIPAL OF THE NEW YORK EYE INFIRMARY says : "I direct all the patients of our Institution to use exclusively

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
and would not be without it on any account."

The Rev. C. LAURE, an eminent clergyman of the M. E. Church, now stationed at Halsey street, Newark, says of

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE.
"I have used it nearly a year in my family. and find it produces no ache of the head or nervous irritation, as in the case of all other Coffees. It is exceedingly pleasant, and I cordially recommend it to all clergymen and their families."

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
is used daily by the families of Bishop Ames, Bishop Baker, Bishop James, and many of the most distinguished clergymen and professional men in the country."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS !
and be sure that the packages are labeled

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
154 Reade Street, New York.
as there are numerous counterfeits afloat under the name of "Genuine East India Coffee." "Original East India Coffee," etc., put forth by impostors to deceive the unwary.

In 1 lb. packages, and in boxes of 36, 60, and 160 lbs., for Grocers and large consumers. Sold by Grocers generally.

Orders from Country Grocers solicited, to whom a very liberal discount will be made.

Wholesale Agents ; Hoeflich & Molan, and W. J. Heiss & Brother Philadelphia ; Francis H. Perry, Providence ; A. L. Waite & Co., Boston ; Pynchon & Lee, Springfield, Mass ; S. N. Callender, Buffalo ; Gorden M'Millan & Co , Cleveland ; A. A. Colter & Co., Cincinnati ; J. & J. W. Bunn, Springfield, Ill., ; H. B. Shields, Corydon, Ind. ; and C. C. Garber, Chicago.

The Am. Adv. Agency 306 Broadway, N. Y., will receive orders for the above named Coffee.

Business Department—E. ALFOBD.
Corresp. Dep.—FOWLER & WELLS.

JOHN G. COLE,
PAINTER AND GLAZIER.

Paper Hanging, White-washing and Colorin done in the neatest manner. Also, Graining an Marbling. Sashes and Blinds of every description furnished. PAINTS, OIL and GLASS, of the best quality, constantly on hand.

☞ SHOP, first building south of the Branch Railroad Depot, Main street.

FARINA COLOGNE!

Just received and for sale by

W. C. BRIGHAM.

MIDDLESEX JOURNAL
BOOK AND JOB
PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

Main Street, Woburn.

WE call the attention of the public to the facilities of the above establishment for the execution of

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PRINTING.

We are prepared to supply all classes of the community with any kind of printing they may need.

BLANK BOOKS,
INSURANCE POLICIES,
BANK CHECKS,
CIRCULARS,
PROGRAMMES,
PAMPHLETS,
ORDER OF EXERCISES,
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BILL HEADS,
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BLANK RECEIPTS,
BUSINESS CARDS,
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BALL CARDS,
ORDER OF DANCES,
SHOW BILLS,
POSTERS,
AUCTION BILLS,
SHOP BILLS,
MILK BILLS,
LABELS,
&c., &c, &c

Particular attention paid to printing

POSTERS OF EVERY SIZE.

Also—Visiting, Wedding, Ball and Business Cards.

☞ Persons in the adjoining towns who may wish printing done, can send their orders by mail, or otherwise, and rest assured that they will be promptly and correctly filled.

JOURNAL PRINTING ROOMS,
MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

FEMALE STRENGTHENING CORDIAL

THIS Medicine is of long tried efficacy for correcting all disorders incidental to the feminine sex. That the afflicted may feel assured that this Cordial is truly valuable and worthy their confidence,—not one of those secret compounds purposed to destroy healthy action,—I add a few testimonials from physicians who all favor the Eclectic and Reformed Practice of Medicine

Dr. Willard C. George, formerly Professor in the Worcester Medical College, and President of the Eclectic Medical Society, Mass., speaks of it in the following terms :

"I have used the Female Strengthening Cordial similar to that prepared by Dr. Geo. W. Swett, 106 Hanover Street, and I regard it as one of the best Medicines for Female Complaints that can be found."

Dr. J. King, Author of "Woman : Her Diseases and their treatment," says :

"This Medicine appears to exert a specific influence on the Uterus. It is a valuable agent in all derangments of the Female Reproductive Organs."

Dr E Smith, President of the New York Association of Botanic Physicians, says :

"No Female, if in delicate health, should omit the timely use of this valuable Cordial. I owe much of my success in midwifery to the use of this Medicine."

Mothers and Married Ladies!

The following from Dr. Fay is well worthy your notice—

"As a general remedy for Female Complaints this 'Cordial' is a very valuable one, but by the Profession it is esteemed more highly for its good results during Confinement in relieving the great suffering attendant upon childbirth. I acknowledge with Dr. Smith that much of my success in midwifery is due to the use of this medicine. It strengthens both mother and child. In such cases I follow the directions of Prof. King, by allowing my patients to use it a few weeks previous to confinement, as by the energy it imparts to the Uterine nervous system the labor will be very much facilitated, and removes the cramps which many females are liable to. No woman, if she knew the great value of this Strengthening Cordial would fail to use it."

I have received numerous testimonials from different parts of the country where used. Knowing the good it is capable of doing, I will warrant every bottle of my "Cordial" to be satisfactory in its results.

The following symptoms indicate those affections in which the Female Strengthening Cordial has proved invaluable—

Indisposition to Exertion, Wakefulness, Uneasiness, Depression of Spirits, Trembling, Loss of Power, Pain in the Back. Alternate Chills and Flushing of Heat, Dragging Sensation at the Lower Part of the Body, Headache, Languor, Aching along the Thighs, Intolerance of Light and Sound, Pale Countenance. Derangement of the Stomach & Bowels, Difficult Breathing, Hysteria, &c., &c.

It is a specific remedy in all Uterine Diseases, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Irregularity, Painfulness, Profuse or Suppression of Customary Discharges, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Scirrhus or Ulcerated State of the Uterus, Sterility, &c., &c.

No better Tonic can possibly be put up than this, and none less likely to do harm, as it is composed wholly of vegetable agents, and such as we have known to be valuable, and have used for many years.

Price per Bottle, 75 Cents.

Sold by Druggists generally ; also, sent to any address on receipt of price

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Lyon's Periodical Drops,
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Lyon's Periodical Drops,

The Great Female Remedy!
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Are Better Than Pills !
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Lyon's Periodical Drops are
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation

ever brought before the public, and as a diuretic and specific for irregularities, challenges the world to produce an equal ; they are, in the most obstinate cases,

Reliable, And Sure To Do Good !
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good !
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good !
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good !

And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,

If The Directions Are Adhered To !
If The Directions Are Adhered To !
If The Directions Are Adhered To !
If The Directions Are Adhered To !

Safe At All Times !
Safe At All Times !
Safe At All Times !
Safe At All Times !

except when expressly forbidden in the directions which are wrapped around each bottle, and have the written signature of DR. JNO, LYON, upon them.

None Others Are Genuine !
None Others Are Genuine !
None Others Are Genuine !
None Others Are Genuine !

Beware Of Counterfeits !
Beware Of Counterfeits !
Beware Of Counterfeits !
Beware Of Counterfeits !

They cure all those ills to which the female system is subjected with dispatch and a degree of certainty which nothing but a scientifically compounded fluid preparation could reach.

Use No Other !
Use No Other !
Use No Other !
Use No Other !

For my Drops stand before the world as the *ne plus ultra* of all remedies, for the cure of all diseases of the kidneys and bladder, Leucoreah, Prolapsus, and the mild, but positive correction of all irregularities.

Do Not Be Imposed Upon !
Do Not Be Imposed Upon !
Do Not Be Imposed Upon !
Do Not Be Imposed Upon !

by those who have other preparations, which they desire to palm off upon the strength of the popularity of my Drops, and who recommend their own nostrums, thus appropriating to themselves the constant demand for my Periodical Drops as a medium for selling something which is worthless and inefficient. But when the Druggist you apply to has not got them, either make him buy them for you, or else enclose One Dollar to the nearest General Wholesale Agent, who will return you a bottle by return Express.

You will thus save yourself trouble and obtain relief from the greatest FEMALE REGULATOR of the Nineteenth Century

Over 25,000 Bottles of this medicine have been sold within the last six months, and every Lady that has used them, but for the nature of the cure would furnish us with her sworn certificate of their efficacy. It takes but One Dollar to make the experiment, and I appeal to those of your sect who are suffering—will you waste away when a single Dollar will give you instant relief.

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DISTILLED
RESTORATIVE FOR THE HAIR,

Restores Gray and Faded Hair and Beard to its Natural Color, and is a most Luxurious Dressing

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Clark's Restorative, Restores the Color.
Clark's Restorative, Eradicates Dandruff.
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Clark's Restorative, Is an unequalled Dressing.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Children.
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Clark's Restorative, Is perfectly harmless.
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Clark's Restorative, Is splendid for Whiskers.
Clark's Restorative, Keeps the Hair in its Place.
Clark's Restorative, Cures Nervous Headache.
Clark's Restorative, Prevents Eruptions
Clark's Restorative, Stops Itching and Burning.
Clark's Restorative, Keeps the Head Cool.
Clark's Restorative, Is delightfully perfumed.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Sediment.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Gum.
Clark's Restorative, Polishes your Hair.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Parties.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Balls.
Clark's Restorative, All Ladies need it.
Clark's Restorative, No lady will do without it.
Clark's Restorative, Costs but $1
Clark's Restorative,

Is Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Price, $1 per bottle. 6 bottles for $5.

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FOR the immediate relief of COUGHS, COLDS HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, &c., &c., &c. They go right to the spot, stop your cough, clear your throat, purify the breath, and give volume to the voice. They are unsurpassed for allaying inflammation in the Larynx, Trachea, and Lungs. They relieve all complaints which originate in the respiratory organs. They will prevent a cold settling upon the lungs. They contain no opium or narcotic properties. They are the safest medicine for children They are useful in every house They are convenient to carry in your pocket, and particularly adapted to the army Public speakers and singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. They are purely white and in form of a wafer, and are perfectly safe to use for all Bronchial and lung complaints, and have a specific medicinal and curative effect on all diseases of the mucous membrane.

The dose can be graduated so as to be suitable for the infant in the cradle, to the individual of three score years and ten. Officers and soldiers should not be in the field without them.

One Box of the PULMONALES will be sent by mail to any address for forty cents.

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Bogle's Wigs and Hair Work, Now Improvements.

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WISTAR'S BALSAM
—OF—
WILD CHERRY

Has been used for nearly
HALF A CENTURY!

With the most astonishing success in curing Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, and every affection of

THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST,
INCLUDING EVEN
CONSUMPTION!



THERE is scarcely one individual in the community who wholly escapes, during the season, from some one, however slightly developed, of the above symptoms —a neglect of which might lead to the last named, and most to be dreaded disease in the whole catalogue. The power of the 'medicinal gum" of the Wild Cherry Tree over this class of complaints, is well known; so great is the good it has performed, and so great the popularity it has acquired.

In this preparation, besides the virtues of the Cherry, there are commingled with it other ingredients of like value, thus increasing its value ten fold, and forming a Remedy whose power to soothe, to heal, to relieve, and to cure disease, exists in no other medicine yet discovered

From R. FELLOWS, M. D.
HILL, N. H., Nov. 3d, 1860.

S. W. FOWLE & CO.—

Although I have generally a great objection to patent medicines, I can but say in justice to DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, that it is a remedy of superior value for *Pulmonary Diseases*.

I have made use of this preparation for several years, and it has proved to be very reliable and efficacious in the treatment of severe and long-standing *coughs*. I know of one patient, now in comfortable health, who has taken this remedy, and who, but for its use, I consider would not now be living.

R. FELLOWS, M. D.

From E. T. QUIMBY, M. A., Principal of the "New Ipswich Appleton Academy."

NEW IPSWICH, N. H., Oct. 4th, 1860.

S. W. FOWLE & Co.—

Gentlemen,—This certifies that for more than fifteen years I have frequently used Dr. Wistar's Balm of Wild Cherry, for Coughs, Colds, and Sore Throat, to which I, in common with the rest of mankind, am subject, and it gives me pleasure to say that I consider it the *very best* remedy for such cases, with which I am acquainted. I should hardly know what to do without it.

Respectfully yours,
E. T. QUIMBY.

From the Depot Master at South Royalston Mass.

SOUTH ROYALSTON, Jan. 4th, 1860.

Messrs. SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston.—

In the spring of 1858 I was most severely afflicted with a hard dry cough, with its usual accompaniments of night sweats, completely prostrating my nervous system, and producing such a debilitated state of health, that after trying medical aid to no purpose, I had given up all hopes of ever recovering, as had also my friends. At this stage of matters I was prevailed upon to try Wistar's Balsam, and before using two bottles the effect was almost magical. My cough entirly left me the night sweats deserted me, hope once more elated my depressed spirits and soon I had attained my wonted strength and vigor.

Thus had this balsam, as has often been remarked by persons conversant with the above facts in this vicinity, literally snatched me from the yawning grave. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted.

Very respectfully yours.
BENJ. WHEELER.

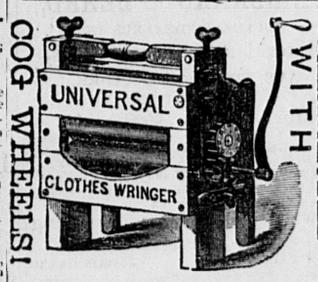
From GEORGE A. KIMBALL, Esq., Druggist.

HAVERHILL, Nov. 30th, 1860.

Gents,—It is now about eleven years since I took the agency for the sale of Dr. Wistar's Balsam or Wild Cherry, and I can truly say that so far as my observation extends it has proveda most valuable medicine for the cure of Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the Lungs. My sales for the Balsam are increasing. I herewith send you an order for more of the Balsam, which you will please send me soon.

Respectfully yours,
GEORGE A. KIMBALL.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston, and for sale by all druggists.



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THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER is the only Wringer with the patent Cog Wheel Regulator which positively prevents the Rolls from wearing out or breaking or twisting on the shaft. It is Self-Adjusting and Adjustable.

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STOMACH BITTERS.

A pure and powerful Tonic, corrective and alterative of wonderful efficacy in disease of the

Stomach, Liver and Bowels,

Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation, Colic, Intermittent Fevers, Cramps and Spasms, and all Complaints of either Sex, arising from Bodily Weakness whether inherent in the system or produced by special causes.

NOTHING that is not wholesome, genial and restorative in its nature enters into the composition of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. This popular preparation contains no mineral of any kind, no deadly botanical element; no fiery extant; but it is a combination of the extracts of rare balsamic herbs and plants with the purest and mildest of all diffusive stimulants.

It is to be forearmed against disease, and, so far as the human system can be protected by human means against maladies engendered by an unwholesome atmosphere, impure water and other external causes, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS may be relied on as a safeguard.

In districts infested with *Fever and Ague*, it has been found infallible as a preventative and irresistable as a remedy and thousands who resort to it under apprehension of an attack, escape the scourge; and thousands who neglect to avail themselves of its protective qualities in advance are cured by a very brief course of this marvelous medicine. Fever and Ague patients, after being plied with quinine for months in vain, until fairly saturated with that dangerous alkaloid, are not unfrequently restored to health within a few days by the use of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

The weak stomach is rapidly invigorated and the appetite restored by this agreeable Tonic, and hence it works wonders in cases of DYSPEPSIA and in less confirmed forms of INDIGESTION. Acting as a gentle and painless apperient, as well as upon the liver, it also invariably relieves the CONSTIPATION superinduced by irregular action of the digestive and secretive organs.

Persons of feeble habit, liable to *Nervous Attacks, Lowness of Spirits* and *Fits of Langour*, find prompt and permanent relief from the Bitters. The testimony on this point is most conclusive, and from both sexes.

The agony of BILIOUS COLIC is immediately assuaged by a single dose of the stimulant, and by occasionally resorting to it, the return of the complaint may be prevented.

As a General Tonic, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS produce effects which must be experienced or witnessed before they can be fully appreciated. In cases of *Constitutional Weakness, Premature Decay* and Debility and Decrepitude arising from OLD AGE, it exercises the electric influence In the convalescent stages of all diseases it operates as a delightful invigorant. When the powers of nature are relaxed, it operates to re-enforce and re-establish them.

Last, but not least, it is *The Only Safe Stimulant*, being manufactured from sound and innocuous materials, and entirely free from the acid elements present more or less in all the ordinary tonics and stomachics of the day.

No family medicine has been so universally, and, it may be truly added, deservedly popular with the intelligent portion of the community, as HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Prepared by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Storekeepers everywhere.

HELMBOLD'S
GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, a Positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calcareous depositions, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

For Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms :—

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves, Trembling,
Horror of Disease, Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,
Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face,
Pallid Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

Impotency, Fatuity, Epileptic Fits,

In one of which the Patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "Direful Diseases,"

"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, *but none will confess. The records of the insane asylums*

And Melancholy Deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the Truth of the assertion.

The Constitution once affected with Organic Weakness requires the aid of Medicine to Strengthen and Invigorate the System.

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does.

A Trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females—Females—Females.

In many Affections peculiar to Females the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leuchorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicines for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. *Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash Cures*

Secret Diseases

In all their Stages, At little Expense,
Little or no change in Diet. No inconvenience,
And no Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous, Diseased and wornout Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands who have been the Victims of Quacks, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the URINARY ORGANS, whether existing in MALE or FEMALE, from whatever cause originating and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these Organs requires the aid of a DIURETIC, HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE GREAT DIURETIC, and is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is Recommended.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will accompany the medicine.

Price, $1.00 per bottle, or Six for $5.00. Delivered to any Address, securely packed from observation.

Describe Symptoms in all Communications.

Cures Guaranteed! Advice Gratis!!

Address letters for information to
H. B. HELMBOLD, Chemist.
104 South Tenth-st., bel. Chestnut, Philadelphia.
HELMBOLD'S *Medical Depot,*
HELMBOLD'S *Drug and Chemical Warehouse,*
594 Broadway, New York.

☞ Beware of counterfeits and unprincipled dealers who endeavor to dispose of "of their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by Helmbold's Genuine Preparations. Ext. Buchu —Ext. Sarsaparilla—Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by all druggists everywhere.

Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Cut out the Advertisement and send for it. And avoid imposition and exposure.

For sale in Woburn by W. C. BRIGHAM.



Friends and Relatives
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIER'S & SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
AND
OINTMENT.

All who have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care, that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment ; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

Coughs and Colds affecting Troops

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite, Incidental to Soldiers.

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

Weakness or Debility Induced by over Fatigue,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the operation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

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Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

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Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

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Poetry.

Our Home Beyond the River.

BY MRS. P. A. HANAFORD.

[Written on receiving from a friend a beautiful engraving with the above title.]

Our home is beyond the tide, friend,
Our home is beyond the tide,
Where the glorious city of light is seen
Whose gates are open wide;
Through the golden streets of that city fair
We soon shall pass along,
And a holy joy shall fill our hearts
As we greet the shining throng,
Who walk those streets through the endless day,
Earth's dear ones side by side—
Oh, the bliss that awaits us when we reach
Our home beyond the tide!

Our home is beyond the tide, friend,
Our home is beyond the tide,
Where the river of life with its water bright
Is rolling deep and wide.
There the tree of life with its fruit so fair
O'er the sparkling waters bends,
And beneath its shade with unmeasured bliss,
We shall meet our cherished friends.
Oh, we soon shall rest in those sacred bowers,
Where no cynic our love shall chide,
And the saints' communion unhindered share
In our home beyond the tide!

Our home is beyond the tide, friend,
Our home is beyond the tide,
And tho' between us and that blissful shore
The river of death may glide,
Yet its waters, though surging around our barques,
Can never our souls o'erwhelm;
We've hope for our anchor, and love for the breeze,
And our Saviour at the helm.
We shall safely pass o'er the Jordan of death,
To the land where the saints abide,
To the home of the angels, the mansions of joy,
To our home beyond the tide.

Our home is beyond the tide, friend,
Our home is beyond the tide,
And many a loved one, speeding there,
Has vanished from our side;
For us will the voiceless charon soon
With his muffled oar draw nigh,
And bear us to meet the welcomes sweet
Of loved ones now on high.
How thrills the heart with the thought of tones
Which ne'er from our hearts have died,
Of the faces dear which we hope to greet,
In our home beyond the tide!

Our home is beyond the tide, friend,
Our home is beyond the tide,
And we must not sigh with a vain regret
For the ills which here betide.
But oft, from the heights of faith sublime,
Gaze far o'er the darksome wave,
And bless our God for the rest from care
In the land beyond the grave.
The waves of sin surge no more round the Rock
In the cleft of which we hide;—
Oh, with longing hearts we wait the call
To our home beyond the tide!

Our home is beyond the tide, friend,
Our home is beyond the tide,
And we must not sigh for those earthly joys
"Best Wisdom" hath denied;
For the thorns of earth there are flowers in heaven,
For its cares there is long repose,
For the vale of tears there 's the mount of joy,
Where the heart with rapture glows.
Then, with loving hearts, we will do His will,
In whose promise our hearts confide,
And patiently wait for our turn to reach
Our home beyond the tide.

—*Salem Register.*

WOBURN HIGH SCHOOL.

We have the pleasure of placing before our readers two of the papers read at the Graduation of the class of 1864, of the Woburn High School. These, with the other productions of that Class, prove the members to be fully equal in ability, to any preceeding class.

Liberal Culture—(Valedictory.)

BY MISS ANNA L. CHAMPNEY.

The spirit of the present is such, that it might seem unnecessary to dwell on the benefits or sound forth the praises of Liberal Culture. When we see the numerous colleges, seminaries, public schools, and other institutions of learning, that dot the land like stars in the nightly firmament, it would seem that its intrinsic value were already fully appreciated. Still our system of education is not without its defects. Our knowledge is too partial. We are too apt to devote ourselves exclusively to one range of studies, and consequently the mind is confined in a narrow channel where freedom of thought is well nigh impossible. We see objects but from one point of view; hence bigotry and conceit often ensue, and thus one may be less benefited by a thorough knowledge of one branch of study, than by a less perfect acquaintance with many. It is not uncommon to meet with persons of intelligence and agreeable manners, who have had no technical education, just that which they gather from conversation, public lectures, the Sunday sermon, and twenty other different sources, helps them in their business and social relations and influences their whole lives for good. But although it is true that much may be learned in this general way, yet it is only by earnest application, and regular, definite study, that thorough developement can be attained.

In the first place, it is important that the object of culture be clearly understood. Here many fall into error, and it can generally be determined how far an individual comprehends this object by examining the apparent motives which lead him to acquire it. Some seek it for the sake of fame: that they may exhibit their wondrous store of learning to the multitude, and drink in the sweet praise that is poured out to them, like so much divine nectar. Others, perhaps, seek it wholly from pride; they cannot bear the thought of being estimated lower than their companions. Scholars in a class at school, often learn their lessons with just this object in view. They know the shame of being low in rank and strive, not for the real lasting benefits that their studies might and would impart, if properly pursued, but that they may equal or excel their classmates in recitation, and perhaps, excite their envy. But how comparatively small is the number, who apply themselves diligently to the pursuit of liberal culture, with the genuine purpose of obtaining its best and noblest results. The real value of education is, that it gives us the power of using the faculties which God has given us, in the manner in which He intended.

And in this great work of every one's life the different powers of the mind and soul should receive equal attention. The most valuable and the truest culture—that culture which has for its aim knowledge of the truth—cannot be attained, without a corresponding elevation of the intellect and the affections, and from this results the noblest type of man, who is "Learned without pride, and not too wise to pray." It is only by the combination of both—the perfect union of the best qualities of mind and heart, each and all improved to the utmost of which he is capable, that man can reach the truest standard of Life. We observe an excellent illustration of this fact in the life of one of our own statesmen. Where can there be found a man of a larger and more general culture, refined manners and lofty moral tone, than Edward Everett? His is a model of such true manhood, and his character is so elevated, that he may well be imitated by every youth in the country.

But how can this result, this most perfect union of truth and beauty, be attained? Of one thing we may be sure; that there is no true education of the mind and heart, without the cultivation and appreciation of the fine arts. The relation between art and nature is most intimate. Art should follow in the train of nature as the summer follows the spring. And whatever is closely allied to nature must be a fit study for man himself, who is but a single chord in that grand harmony which burst forth when Creation dawned and "The morning stars sang together." Sculpture, painting, music and poetry, contribute much to the perfect education of both mind and heart. The human form, the shrine of the "noblest work of God" is ever a study worthy our highest attention, and the conceptions of the sculptor, bold, strong, and beautiful, are evidences of a refinement of nature which it is almost impossible to attain in any other branch of culture. The painter, whether of landscape or figures, must have the same general refinement and love of beauty. He may appear outwardly or to the careless observer, to have a coarse, rough, nature, but in his soul somewhere is the appreciation of the beautiful and sublime, else he could not be the true artist. And for the genius that enables him to become such, he should exercise a never failing gratitude and zealously improve the talents thus beneficently bestowed on him. The same is true of music. This is a divine gift. There is scarcely anything more refining to the soul, or better calculated to elevate the thoughts into a higher sphere. Who can listen to the grand swelling of organ, without feeling himself raised above the earth, and borne aloft in rapture on the wings of imagination! The hardest heart has sometimes been softened by the influence of music, and a last, sad chant, has been known to turn the tide of human existence. The assassins, sent to murder Alessandro Stradella, were led to pause in their wicked work, by hearing him chant a prayer and so softened and affected were they by the beauty and pathos of the music, and his performance of it, that they not only abandoned the intent with which they had come but warned him of his enemy, and enabled him to gain a place of safety. If the influence of music then, is such as to greatly refine the better feelings of the heart, it should especially be taught to the young. Blest are those happy few who can gain instruction in this accomplishment at their own homes. Music in the home circle has a charm that none but those who know its pleasures can ever appreciate. It knits more firmly together the silken cords of love around each heart, quells uprising passions and soothes the troubled mind. But as the majority of youth do not have this advantage at home, it is important that they should be so taught at school, where all meet in love and kindness with hearts peculiarly fitted for the silent but powerful influence of song.

But how often, when engaged in the pursuit of some one of these branches of education do men pause and ponder over the use of this or that. Some men of the present day have a strange interpretation of the word utility, and they even go so far as to think, or at least say, that nothing but that which is unquestionably useful is worthy our attention. But what constitutes utility? Certainly the presence of beauty detracts not of itself, from the usefulness of an object or pursuit, and this very quality of beauty is often the one which was intended by the Creator be of the most use to mankind. Man is not a mere machine; he has an inner nature, which is capable of the highest development, and this developement is more frequently affected by the exercise of the imagination in the study of the beautiful than by contending with solemn facts and stern realities aided by reason. The absurd extent to which utilitarianism is sometimes carried, is illustated in the case of the mathematician, who after carefully reading one of Milton's sublime epics, on reaching the closing lines of the poem, threw down the volumn with an air of disgust and disdainfully exclaimed, "What does that prove?"

Probably all things in the universe have their use, but how few objects there are wholly destitute of beauty. It seems hardly possibly for any one looking upon Nature even with a careless eye, to say that utility is the only purpose to be regarded. Why, then, has God painted the flowers with such lovely tints, clothed the grass of the field, and the foliage of the forest, with such luxuriant verdure, and arrayed the butterfly in such gorgeous colors? There is scarcely anything in "pure and undiseased nature" without some degree of beauty, and even where we do find objects seemingly destitute of this attribute, they are but "spots of blackness in creation, to make its colors felt."

And we, for the past four years, have here been attempting to educate ourselves to the appreciation of this same beauty, whether appearing to us in the varied forms of nature or in the works of human art. To the appreciation of beauty, I say, but not to that alone, for I trust that the more practical, but perhaps less entertaining duties of a student's life, have not been neglected by us. It has not been our expectation to emerge from this hall of learning, finished scholars, but having passed through a course of preliminary instruction, to take our places in life with our minds fully awakened to the importance of that high culture, which should continue to be our aim, through all our subsequent years. But the pleasant days, that we have spent in each other's society, together pushing out those blossoms of learning, which we fondly hope will, in the future, mature into the well-ripened fruit, are now about to close. Together we have listened to the words of wisdom and guidance that have fallen from the lips of our teachers; together we have laughed and wept over the joys and sorrows incident to youth, and particularly to school-life; but the haunts that have known us so familiarly will know us no more. We are now to go out into the world, to gather, as best we may, the products of our earlier labor, and seek in the happiness afforded by the union of mental and moral culture, the reward of youthful toil.

But you, my schoolmates, have not yet to experience this change; you will still continue your pursuit of knowledge here. But as the relations, which until now have existed between us with such depth and strength, are about to be severed forever, will you not pardon us for reminding you of the value of a proper training of the faculties in youth, and for urging you to study in the right way and with a right purpose? Do not mistake the motives which should lead you to seek knowledge, and especially beware of that fatal ambition for distinction, and pride of place, which have been the ruin of so many. Be diligent, that when you shall stand in the place which we occupy to-day, it may be with a feeling of greater satisfaction with regard to your progress, than *we* now feel, looking over *our* past, filled as it is with so many marks of indifference and wasted energy. Remember the importance of uniting the education of the mind and soul into the perfect character, and toward this end strive with all your power. And with this parting word, which we trust will be received in the spirit of kindness with which it is offered, we bid you an earnest farewell.

To our teachers, would I say, in behalf of my class, a few parting words, such as our hearts, in their simplicity, direct our tongues to speak. First, we would heartily thank you, for the untiring zeal with which you have engaged in your appointed work for our good. We can never forget your kindness under our many trials of your patience, or the generosity with which you have so often proffered us most valuable counsel. To *you*, under whose special care and direction we have been for the past year, are we indeed most grateful. Whatever of wisdom and knowledge shall reveal itself to us in our future years, we shall attribute, with the deepest gratitude, to you. We shall always cherish among our dearest remembrances, the time, so short, but so pleasant, that we have passed with you as our teacher. You have gained the love and respect of each and all of us—such love and such respect as Time can never destroy, and the most earnest wish of our hearts is, that the future of your life will be as pleasant and happy, as we are assured it will be just and honorable. And may we not hope that *you* will not forget *us*;—that we shall always be remembered by you with kindness, and that you will believe that though our foolish hearts have often played the truant, yet they were ever most desirous of pleasing you? On our part, we trust that we may fulfil, as far as you could wish, the promises of our youthful years, keeping ever in mind the thought of the hour that we owe to ourselves, to you, and the whole community, our best efforts to attain a high and *Liberal Culture*. But with this there comes the intrusive feeling, deep, tender, earnest, that the relations which have so closely bound us in each other's friendship, are indeed closed forever, and that it is for us now, to speak the most reluctant word of separation,—Farewell, dear teachers! May the sunshine of prosperity lighten all your future, and the benedictions of Heaven rest upon you forever!

Classmates—It is with a heart filled to overflowing with tender sadness and warm affection, that I turn to *you*, with the consciousness that it is thus that I address you for the last time. We are now looking forward to a future, which is to be spent among scenes widely different from those we leave behind. Some of us will, of necessity, be wholly separated from each other—others, perhaps, will still continue to meet in almost daily intercourse; but be that as it may, we can never cease to cherish a tender regard for all who were our classmates; even as we now love the memory of those two, who were called away from earth, to become members of that bright band of celestial spirits, who receive their inspiration from the immortal fount, that "flows fast by the oracle of God."

As we take our places in life, let us never forget that our aim and destiny should be high and noble. May we not think, as so many do, that with our school days ends our time for education; and in the first exultation of freedom from discipline, may we not cast aside all thought of labor and duty, but remember that we still have work to perform, and the most important of our lives. When the doors of the school-room are closed upon us students, let us still keep up the spirit and high aim of the true scholar, never forgetting that the character of this life is but the foreshadowing of that which is to come. But while thus speaking of duties and obligations respecting the future, we must not forget the occasion which calls us together, now. It is the day of our parting; the day when we shall grasp each other by the hand and gaze into the dear familiar faces, for the last time. But as the sun touches the firmament with diviner radiance after the day is gone, so in future years will the "great artist, Memory," revive and glorify these scenes of our school days, and "in her various gallery, where the sunlight sweetest falls," will she place this closing scene of our school-life, this parting hour, when hand in hand, and with heart responsive to heart, we speak to each and all,—to school-mates, teachers, classmates,—that sad, yet ever sacred word, Farewell!

Retrospect and Prospect.

BY MISS IONE G. STREETER.

We are looking with eager eyes into the future—and the past, which is bright behind us, sheds its light upon the present and throws a mellow radiance before; but ere all its ties are thrown off, ere we take up our new burden, let us review that past, which to-morrow shall be only a thing of memory.

We, that stand here to day, are so many left of thirty-two who commenced our course together four years ago. Looking back over the way, we see here and there the by-paths through which our companions turned their feet away from our goal, and two graves over which we have mourned together. There's another spot, that shall ever be sacred in our memory; 'tis where we parted from our first beloved guide.

Through these four years we have studied and thought and listened, till we found the strange, tangled mystery of our native language, a most curiously wrought chain, in every link of which is set a tablet with a whole history inscribed, but in a foreign tongue; and we determined to persevere till some of their meaning should be revealed. So, armed with Grammar, Lexicon and Note-book, we began digging with a will at the gnarled roots of Latin verbs, and separating the thick, matted tendrils of clinging adjectives. New pleasures met us at every step; we found that the echoes of a Roman forum had been wakened by a Cicero's voice, that the hearts of a Roman people had been thrilled by his eloquence. We found that a Virgil had walked those same streets, and the same multitude that shouted applause to Cicero's oratory, had been charmed to silence by the music of Virgil's poetry; that there had been, in the far-off ages, while the vast wilderness of Columbia rested in almost primeval stillness under the setting sun, poets and statesmen and philosophers, whose works were not mere "echoes that die with the music that bore them, lights that are darkened the moment they're shown," but living voices, that sound through all the ages of the past and reach our own, with all their original melody, bright, fixed stars, shining pure and steady among the constellations of genius. We have watched and listened, till we have made a part of their spirit our own, and in the years that are to come, that music shall give us much of joy, and that starlight shall often shine through the clouds that hang above us.

We studied Algebra. From my case of school-books there is one missing, and it may be found somewhere, with cover and fly-leaves gone, with the margins covered with improvised notes and sketchings in pencil. Surely it looks as if it had been used. That book is my Algebra, and I used to think, if Pandora had only kept *x y z* in the bottom of her box, there would have been much less trouble in the world. For a whole year we wandered among the mazes of unknown quantities, often fearing that we should never get out of them; but we at last came off triumphant. We found that x might represent any conceivable number—y and z the same—and they all meant nothing. Then we took Geometry and Trigonometry, and Surveying, and they were all a continuation of Algebra, intensified.

Then we rose from the fields of earth, and searched the starry mysteries of heaven. We read that all the hosts of twinkling stars were not scattered anyhow through the air, but that they were countless systems of worlds, rolling on through space, in perfect order, sending up to the ear of God as they advance, that grand anthem of praise, the music of the spheres, which has been eternally reverberating through the long aisles of the universal temple, and which shall still peal forth in its most perfect, exquisite harmony, till the whole creation of worlds shall have been blotted out. When we watch, and listen, we can almost feel the throbbing of God's great heart, and our own draws nearer to Him.

We have studied the human frame, and trembled to find that we were killing ourselves by inches. We have studied about the beasts and birds and creeping things, till we were lost in wonder and admiration of the power and skill of their Creator. We have gathered bright flowers, and torn their delicate petals from the stem, to learn which one of that long vocabulary of unpronouceable technicals we might apply to them. The flowers were beautiful, but, oh! there's everything in a name.

With the philosophers, we have studied why an apple falls, what 'tis that holds in their places the myriad parts of the universe, and keeps them from rushing together in general ruin. We have examined the inventions of man, and felt that He who brings the powers of earth and air into obedience to His will, is higher up in the scale of being than the beasts of the field.

And in Chemistry—How shall I tell you what we found there? It taught that the odious olefiant gas, that we burn in our streets and houses, is only a different combination of the same elements that form the invaluable otto of roses; that the "soot that clings to the poor man's chimney, is but another form of the diamond that sparkles on the brow of royalty;" but all this we abstracted, with much of our toil and our teacher's patience, from an almost hopeless confusion of unmeasurable terms and algebraic abbreviations, but we caught a glimpse of our Creator's hand, and at some future time may venture again to look into the "history and mystery" of atoms and elements.

We have shut ourselves out from physical companionship and held communion with noble minds, when our whole souls were lifted up far above earth and our hearts almost ceased beating while we drank in sublime thoughts, and while burning words were imprinted forever on our memories; and again visions exquisitely beautiful have floated before us, or images so ludicrous that perchance in the silence of the wood-land we have laughed till the echoes responded in their mocking tone.

There's more of mirth and gayety, of beauty and sublimity, in words, than we, all our lifetime shall know.

We have traced civilization back to its fountain head, found why Greece fell, and the Roman republic became a military despotism. We have looked back with hearts full of reverence, while our lips would smile at the Puritan fathers. We hold fast in our hearts the name of Washington, remember with wonder and admiration, Napoleon, and scorn the meanness of England's policy. All our life long we will read the history of all nations, and, wherever we may find a true patriot or a noble philanthropist, will place his name on the roll of honor.

Then we have looked into our own minds and searched out the power that our Father gave, and felt that we were truly made "a little lower than the angels," that the whole "image and likeness" of God has not yet been blotted out from man; but we have been humbled when we looked into our moral life seen "sins committed while conscience slept, promises made but never kept, and felt how we have lowered the high-born soul that we inherited from God. This is what our past has been, now we come to you, oh! world, fearing what we have to meet, knowing that you will not much help us. We all come to walk in different paths toward the same goal, through earth to heaven.

Here is one who shall go out from among us with a firm resolve that his life shall not be given in vain. Grant him a few years more of preparation, then, with all the enthusiasm, and infinitely more than the wisdom of Peter the Hermit, or Richard the Lion Hearted, he shall unfurl his standard and start forth to right the wrongs of men. We hope that millions will come to support his banner, and when the walls of our national capitol shall ring with the echoes of his voice, may the heart of the whole nation thrill in obedience to his high control. So shall he stamp the age with his seal and thus shall it be recorded in the annals of time.

Here is one, who, even as now, shall keep on her steady way, bowing not her high principle, lowering not her woman's dignity. After the fetters of her school-life are thrown off, surrounding herself with sweet-breathed flowers, she shall give voice to the music in her soul, and when at last her spirit leaves earth it shall be "as harpstrings are broken asunder by the music they throb to express," and may she find in that dark hour that "behind the cloud the starlight lurks," and fly away where the jarring discord of this world's toil and strife will never more mar the beauty of her melodies.

And one, with her dark hair put smoothly away from her fair brow, whose eyes speak of some deeper thought, shall devote her whole life to the cause of humanity, among those fair islands of the southern seas, where God seems to have renewed paradise, she shall commence her labors to point man upward, upward, onward to the light beyond; to lead them out from the darkness of heathenism to perfect day.

There is another, whose name shall yet be heard abroad in the world, whose mental culture shall excite applause. She shall not stop midway in her course, but rising higher and higher, at last "reach those summits where the eye sees the earth as one vast plain and one boundless reach of sky." She shall do noble deeds, and write noble words, to cheer her fellow beings and bring them higher up toward true perfection.

Our sister whose heavy lashes droop over your gentle eyes, yours is a true woman's mission. There shall be no books abroad that bear your name upon the titlepage, but there shall be more lessons of love and duty in your happy home than volumes could record. There shall be much of joy because you have lived, and there will be sorrow on earth when you have passed away.

Here is one with jetty hair and sparkling eyes who knows that "blessings brighten as they take their flight;" so with her heart o'erflooded with joy she goes lightly on that way which loving hands have smoothed and shaded, scattering all about her gladness and beauty. Who shall say that her mission is a useless one?

And we have one whose pleasure shall be the ringing echo of her duty, she shall keep even step in the march of life. In our mother land, she shall be found, the mistress of one of her noblest ancient mansions, and all her wide-spread influence shall be poured into the scale of right, so that all wrong shall flee away from her presence.

Here are two who have thus far walked hand in hand, and they shall not soon be separated, for they shall both go out from their childhood's home to the land made desolate by war, and seek to lessen the pain and sorrow of the noble brave who devote their lives to their country. As ministering angels they will bow o'er the dying soldier's bed and catch the last breathed message or prayer or blessing. They will serve their country as nobly as if planets governed their high destiny, while the sweetest flowers of life bloom in their hearts and all around their way.

Here is one who, toiling in a different sphere, shall not be less useful. His ships shall go forth upon the seas, and from every foreign shore shall bring its native wealth and pour it into his hand. But it is not all to fill his storehouses with merchandize or his coffers with gold. In our beautiful southern land, where the live oak throws its broad shade over the earth below, and the majestic pines support the clouds above, where the magnolia breathes its sweet incense on the air, there shall stand a temple of science, whose origin was in his beneficent mind, and whose endowment is his most sure investment, and more than this he shall scatter far and wide "bread upon the waters."

We have one whose heart is light as summer air, but whose ready sympathy lightens our sorrows, and that same sympathy shall point her to her work. Over all the wide sea of life, she sees so many tiny waifs, tossed hither and thither, that with her pitying heart she gathers them up and keeps them in her tender care, while he, the benefactor of the poor, lends her his strong arm for help; and such a brother thanks God that he hath such a sister, while we thank Him for them both.

There's one with sunny hair and large blue eyes that grow dim if even the lightest shadow fall on her way; but, sister, rejoice, for with faith and hope to guide, yours may be a noble work to bind many hearts to thine own, and lead them in the narrow way.

And you whose dark eyes are turned away from the bright future to search the dim vistas of the past, from prophecy to history, 'tis a daring pen that ventures to predict your future, and yet the urging spirit whispers write, that among the realms of poesy, high up toward the temple of fame she shall soon be toiling, and on its records her name shall soon be written, not with a bold hand, neither tremulous, but in a graceful flowing line, and it shall never fade nor be blotted out, even after her life history shall have been forgotten. As for myself, my future is dark and sealed. Do with me, Father, whatsoe'er thou wilt, but only give me strength to bear, and take me home at last.

☞ The following dialogue is said to have taken place recently between a married couple on their travels:—"My dear, are you comfortable in that corner?" "Quite, thank you my dear," "Sure there's plenty of room for your feet?" "Quite sure, love," "And no cold air from the window by your ear?" "Quite certain, darling." "Then my dear, I'll change places with you."

The Middlesex Journal,

E. MARCHANT, PROPRIETOR,

Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

TERMS—$2,00 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher; and any person wishing his paper discontinued, must give notice thereof at the expiration of the term, whether previous notice has been given or not.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square (14 lines this type) one insertion,	$1 00
Each subsequent insertion,	25
Half a square (seven lines), one insertion,	75
Each subsequent insertion,	20
One square one year,	10 00
One square six months,	6 00
One square three months,	4 00
Half a square one year,	6 00
Half a square six months,	4 00
Half a square three months,	2 00

Less than half a square charged as a square; more than half a square charged as a square.
Larger advertisements as may be agreed upon.

SPECIAL NOTICES, *leaded*, 12 cents per line for one insertion, each subsequent insertion 5 cents.

☞ All advertisements, not otherwise marked on the copy, will be inserted UNTIL ORDERED OUT, and charged accordingly.

AGENTS FOR THE JOURNAL.

South Reading—DR. J. MANSFIELD.
Stoneham—E. T. WHITTIER.
Winchester—JOSIAH HOVEY.
Reading—L. E. D. GLEASON.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., Boston and New York; S. R. NILES, (successor to V. B. Palmer,) Scollay's Building, Court street, Boston, are duly empowered to take advertisements for the JOURNAL, at the rates required by us.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The attention of business men everywhere is called to this paper as an advertising medium. The JOURNAL circulates largely in the towns that surround Woburn, and will increase their business by advertising in its columns.

Every kind of JOB PRINTING done at short notice, on reasonable terms and in good style.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of correspondents.

☞ Subscribers are requested to remit direct to the office of publication.

The Middlesex Journal.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1864

TO THE PATRONS OF THE MIDDLESEX JOURNAL.

The undersigned respectfully announces to the citizens of Woburn and surrounding towns, that he has purchased of Mr. E. T. Moody, the office of the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL, which paper he will hereafter conduct. It will be his aim to make the JOURNAL an acceptable visitor to the citizens of this portion of Middlesex County.

Correspondents are especially invited to continue their favors.

EDGAR MARCHANT.

It will be seen by the above that the undersigned has disposed of the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL office, to Mr. Edgar Marchant, of Salem, who takes control of the paper from this date. Mr. Marchant has had many years experience in the publication of newspapers, which eminently fits him to conduct the JOURNAL in a manner that will prove satisfactory to the public.

To our valuable correspondents, who have contributed so much to make the JOURNAL attractive to its many readers, we return our sincere thanks, and hope they will be pleased to continue their favors.

And to our many kind friends, who have so liberally patronized us in advertising and job work, we feel greatly indebted. Their kindness has added materially to our prosperity. In this connection we ask leave to say, that the job department will receive the close attention of the new proprietor, for whom we bespeak the patronage of the public.

Those of our subscribers who have paid in advance will receive the paper as usual, and advertisements paid for, will be continued until the expiration of their time.

To our patrons, one and all, with whom our business transactions in almost every instance have been so pleasant and harmonious, we bid adieu, and hope that their intercourse with our successor will be as agreeable as it has been with us, of which we have no doubt.

E. T. MOODY.

WOBURN, July 1, 1864.

INDEPENDENCE.

Our national birth-day was one of the most beautiful of the season—

"The rose had been washed, just washed in a shower,"

and the bushes of this Queen of Flowers made a splendid exhibition in all our gardens. Cherries looked tempting on the trees, and strawberries, though diminished by the drought, yet made a fair show. The plentiful rain of Saturday came in good time for our holiday, as well as for vegetation, laying the dust and freshening and cooling the atmosphere.

Boston seems to have been almost the only place in New England, where extensive, costly, and appropriate and varied entertainments were provided for the public. This was to her honor, and profit also, for a great deal of money was expended at her hotels, saloons and other places, by the 100,000 strangers who passed in to our commercial metropolis on this jubilee day.

The "Great Organ," brought from Germany, was played upon during the whole day, at assigned hours, and full audiences attended. This instrument has earned a good deal of money since it was set up in Music Hall, and has not yet lost its popularity. We can compare its music to nothing better than the dashing of waves upon the shore, combined with the whistling of the wind and the rattling of the rain. It, at times, sends out a perfect torrent of sound, like that of a water-fall, and then it sings you a gentle air like a maiden at her spinning wheel or piano.

There is another organ of great celebrity at the church of the Immaculate Conception at Boston, built by the great American builders, Messrs. E. and G. G. Hook. This organ, though very much smaller than the one at Music Hall, is yet a large instrument and of much power. It has great sweetness and delicacy, and makes the arches of the spacious church to ring with melody as from aerial chimes.

No house to us seems so appropriate for a patriotic celebration of the Fourth, as the Old South Church, where, for so many years the exercises have been performed. The place is a historical as well as a sacred one, and the memories of the orators who have spoken there, and the audiences who have listened, now passed away, come over us with reverential and patriotic emotions. This year the celebration was in the Boston Theatre, a new and spacious edifice. The music by the children of the public schools was a most attractive and inspiring feature of the celebration, and the reading of the Declaration of Independence, recalled the patriotic sentiments of the olden time, and the days of union of heart and hand of the South with the North. Judge Russell's oration was very well received. It seized upon the aspects of the present hour and was hopeful of the future, dark as the present hour now is.

The great mass of the people were gratified by beholding very successful and wonderful voyages in the air, and splendid pyrotechnics.

It could hardly be expected, that living so far from revolutionary times, and all the orators in that grand drama of our history dead, that the freshness of feeling, the joyousness of Independent day, should continue. Besides, we have a great many with us from foreign lands, who cannot be expected to participate in the historical and proud recollections of a native citizen of the United States. But we should do all in our power on such a day to honor our fathers, who lived in the days which tried men's souls, and left us a legacy of freedom which we should guard with watchful jealousy and transmit unimpaired to posterity.

HIGH PRICE OF PAPER.—Since our last issue, the paper which we use in printing the JOURNAL, has advanced in price, two dollars on a ream, or in other words, it now costs three times as much as it did eighteen months ago. And this advance in the cost of paper has taken place without any increase in the subscription price of the paper. How long this state of things will last no one can tell, but it will probably last until the value of our currency is nearer par than it is at this moment. We observe that a convention of newspaper publishers, comprising those in the western part of the State, is to be held at Springfield on the 15th instant, for the purpose of advancing the subscription prices of their papers, and also the rates of advertising. This is something that has been long felt to be necessary, and we hope the western publishers will set an example that will be speedily followed throughout the State. To publish a paper nowadays, and insert advertisements at the old rates, is ruinous to the proprietors' pockets, and the sooner we have a state convention of publishers, for the purpose of revising the list of prices, the better it will be for all concerned. We hope that our exchanges will take this matter into consideration at once, and use all their influence in securing the much needed end.

WOBURN SOLDIERS.—On Saturday last, Perley M. Griffin, of the 6th New York Battery, whose term of service has expired, and Orlando Crocker, of the 59th Regiment, wounded, arrived home.

Ser't G. W. Cubbet, who lost a leg in the early battles of the campaign, reached home on Thursday evening.

The funeral of Cor'pl Samuel Healey, who died at Chester hospital, Pa., June 24, of wounds received at the battle of Cold Harbar, took place from his father's residence, in East Woburn, on Saturday last.

THE FOURTH.—The "glorious Fourth" passed off very quietly in Woburn. The boys made some little noise *very* early in the morning, but aside from this everything was still. Probably never so many of our people visited the city before on a similar occasion. Every train, and each a long one, was crowded. The last up train did not reach town, with its wearied mass of humanity, until after two o'clock in the morning of the 5th. But all had a "good time," and some, judging from appearances, too good.

LIBEL SUITS.—At the present (July) Term of the Superior Court within and for the County of Suffolk, an action is entered of E. L. Norton, Esq., Navy Agent against the Proprietors of the Boston Post for an alleged libel respecting the transactions of the former with the Messrs. Smiths, recently arrested by the Government. Damages are laid at $5000. Messrs. Ranney & Morse, are Pliff's counsel. Another action is entered in the same Court of Dr. Charles A. Phelps against Rev. E. N. Kirke, for an alleged libel growing out of the divorce suits tried some time since between the Pliff. and his wife. Damages at $10,000. Messrs. Somerby & Howe, Pliff's. counsel.

DROWNING ACCIDENT.—Mr. Gordon Rose was drowned in Crystal Lake, Stoneham, while bathing, on Wednesday evening. He was a native of England.

WOBURN PHALANX.—The Woburn Phalanx have voted to recruit the company to its maximum, and enlist for one hundred days, under the recent call of the Governor for militia men.

☞ At the meeting of the enrolled men on Thursday evening, no decided action was taken in regard to filling the quota of our town under the next call.

☞ The fence around the Common has just been repaired and painted, which gives it a decidedly better appearance.

☞ Particular attention is called to the notice of the Selectmen in our advertising columns. The citizens of Woburn should do the handsome thing in this matter of sending recruits to the army.

REMOVAL.—Mr. R. F. Ellis, blacksmith, has removed his place of business from Main to Winn street, where he is prepared to attend to the wants of his customers, as heretofore.

Our Army Correspondence.

JONES' LANDING,
EIGHT MILES BELOW RICHMOND,
James River, June 28, 1864.

MR. EDITOR,—When war and its ravages engage so large a share of all newspaper correspondence nowadays, let us for a moment turn our thoughts into another channel. No fairer part of the earth exists than a large part of this State. Its magnificent water power, rivalling by four-fold the State of New York. Its deep and fertile clay loam soil and springy under surface, so sure to produce corn, wheat and rich pasturing. Its deep and thick forests of wood and timber make it a great State for agriculture. Upon the banks of the James for two and a half centuries have grown up some of the most extensive and beautiful plantations in the country. Nature has lavished her choicest charms upon the banks of this lovely river. I have seen plantations extending eight miles, much of the way more charming and delightful than any garden in New England. Many of the plantations comprise from 3000 to 7000 acres, with elegant buildings, filled with all that art and taste can gather. With trees shrubs and flowers of the rarest beauty, and the sweetest perfume. With 1000 acres of corn, 500 of wheat, 500 of clover in full bloom, more than knee high, over which are roaming 100 head of horses and cattle, sleek and uncontrolled. But all of this beauty and plenty is passing away by the blast of war, which the avarice of the slaveholder has fanned into a flame of destruction. Slavery has made the owners of this fair dominion proud, selfish and corrupt; revelling in ease and luxury, while human beings have sighed for the smallest liberty, and bled under the lash of the task master. Virginia, proud and haughty, like the imperious queen from whom she received her virgin name, is now paying for her selfish and blind devotion to slavery and rebellion, by the heavy tread of war, with its iron heel upon her heart, crushing her power, and fading all her beauty. I will admit for the argument (but not as the fact) the slaves are better off than if free; but the power and the right of the master to make them wretched I condemn; the right and will to sparate husband and wife and children, never more to meet on earth, with no tidings of each other's fate, is *barbarous*, is *hellish*. It is an admitted fact that the natural affections of the blacks are as strong as those of the whites; but under the rule of slavery these ties are broken, and the agony and tears of the separated ones unheeded. I will say nothing of the insecurity of the marriage ties—that pit of domestic woe and infamy where millions have been sacrificed to the lusts of white fiends. I have been led into this train of thought by talking to-day with an intelligent colored man, who has just escaped from Richmond, and who, some three years ago, after the death of his master, found himself upon the auction block of a Baltimore slave pen. His mother, his wife, and five children were sold, his mother to go to Louisiana, three of his children to go to Georgia, one child to go to Texas, the other child to go to Tennessee, while his wife and himself were bought and taken to Virginia. During the three long years of hope deferred, and love undying, he has never heard a word from these pledges of love, yes, *images of God*, robbed from him, and sold away in the double bondage of slavery and separation. Think of this, ye mothers and fathers of New England, who live only for your offspring, and grieve at their short absence. Could you have seen the tears roll down the cheeks of this childless father, as he told me for weeks and months he had prayed to God that he might once more meet some one of his children, you too would have been moved to tears. He said all the sufferings of bondage of toil and lashes he would undergo to be with them again. He said daily he prayed for the triumph of the Union army, that he might have a ray of hope of meeting some of them once more. But to add to this poor man's sorrow, when he started from Richmond, his wife and infant child started with him, but being pursued they were captured, and he escaped with a shower of balls falling around him, he said his wife would be whipped and sold south, and he never see her again; this he thought would kill her, for since the sale of the other children she had pined and cried constantly. As I left him, his last words were, "Oh, massa, my wife and children; won't de Union army conqner, so I can find dem?" I thought, perhaps, not even then, till the day of resurrection shall gather every nation, kingdom and tongue to judgment. The above case is but one of many of similar and deep affliction that I have met. The blacks that have come into our lines (and they are thousands) are industrious, ambitious, and willing to work. The impulse of freedom, and the thought that I too am a man, has given them energy and hope. The government employs them all, give them wages and rations. They drive nearly all the teams, load and unload vessels, build roads, take charge of horses, and all the more common kinds of labor formerly done by white soldiers. I have been speaking of contrabands. Of black soldiers I say, without any reservation, that they are obedient, brave, civil, and neat; they learn easily, and when learned perform faithfully. They have a personal interest in this war—one of liberty and life, and when they strike they strike home. At the recent attack upon Petersburg they fought most splendidly, carrying a fort and breastwork, capturing cannon, and driving the enemy from their defences at the point of the bayonet. They actually hugged the captured guns, they were so overjoyed. Their commander thanked them with unmeasured praise, saying that "he never saw better or braver fighting." I was in the vicinity of the battle at Petersburg, and when they advanced on the position, which they carried and held against some of Beauregard's best troops, a happier and more determined set of soldiers I never saw. They are honest, and can be trusted to guard all kinds of property and stores without any fear of loss or plunder. It is interesting to see how anxious these blacks are to learn to read and spell; every noon, while resting, and eating their rations, you will see whole groups of them gathered together, while one of their number will have the leaf of a primer, spelling out words aloud to his listening companions. I have been along and taken their leaf, or a piece of paper, and read to them, and they would listen with breathless attention, delighted with the idea that some time they might learn to read, and rend the dark veil of ignorance that has shut out the light of the most common instruction. The weather is very hot here; yesterday 115 degrees above zero, with myriads of flies, musquitos and bugs. The country abounds in cherries, blackberries and raspberries, while hundreds of trees hang thick with the black and white mulberries, sweet and dead ripe. You get but a little that is reliable in the papers of what the condition of things are here. Long and desperate assaults, stubborn and continued seiges, bloody and frightful battles, lie in our path to Richmond; but all will be accomplished. I was an eye-witness to the two days attack upon Petersburg, a part of the time within the line of entrenchments. I will hereafter give you an account of this desperate contest, in which our losses were very heavy, and the assaults and defences were equal to any of the war. I passed through all of the division hospitals after the battle, and will tell you of the ghastly horrors of a battle, with the terrible wounds and death that are its fruits.

R.

WASHINGTON, July 2d, 1864.

DEAR EDITOR:—Once more the temperature admits a return to old habits, and your correspondent essays a line or two for your information. Was there ever at any time such hot days as composed the last week of the last month? It hardly seems possible that there can be sufficient degrees upon the Centigrade thermometer to mark the heat under which for a few days we have suffered. And now after the receipt of a few showers that the atmospere has somewhat cooled, how pleasant to be able to sit without the perspiration gathering in great drops to form minute rivers of hot water ever running and scorching! If life were to be composed entirely of such days as the 24th and 25th ult., it were a burden scarcely worth possessing at any price.

Feeling thus the stress of the weather as we do, laying here idle and all the appliances for soldierly comfort close at hand, how must they feel it who much farther south and exposed all day and every day to the full beating of the southern sun still face the enemy in the entrenchments near his capital. Oh, you at home who move about airily and thinly clad, who carefully choose the shady side of the street as you saunter to your place of business in your linen duster and hat of straw, who look with eye of jealousy upon the one speck of dust that may chance to light upon your varnished boot, who frequent apothecary shops to sip the cooling soda, and sit upon the portico of your hotel to chat the news over, wondering why the army of the Potomac does not finish up "this little job," come visit these dirty men at Petersburg who carry muskets and eat fried pork, and if you do not find in these same dirty, dusty, and it may be ragged veterans a new nobility of character such as before you never dreamed of; if you do not see that God by noble instruments is working out here the enfranchisement of the nations, then has the life you have led amid brick wall and safety, sapped out the existence of those qualities which mankind look to mankind to possess for the elevation of the human standard. None but one who has been a soldier can fully understand what the men, who compose our armies, are doing for their country. There is not a man in in our armies that face the enemy but suffers more than those in civic life think it possible for man to suffer and do. It is not one season of hardship or battle, that happens at intervals of rest, but it is always fighting always enduring. The day's battles i. succeeded by the night's march. Day after day men lay at their arms in line of battle and in a blazing sun without the privilege even of washing themselves. The dust gathers in layers on their bodies. It would shock you, my dear madam, to have one of these dingy veterans enter your parlor, or sleep in one of your snowy beds, but yet these are the men that are guarranteeing to you the possession of all these comforts.

The men of our armies not only are going to preserve the nation against rebellion but elevate the nation in moral excellence. It is usual for people to talk of the immorality and evil influences of a soldier life. Whatever may have been and is the character of of other armies, morality and good habits are the marked characteristics of those now in the field. When after the end of this war our soldiers are returned to civil life, they will improve society. The great reason of improvement in many is that great opportunity is afforded them to think which the bustle and attractions of home life tend to prevent. Many acquire habits of personal cleanliness which they never had before. At home it is quite frequent to hear religion ridiculed and scoffed at. I have been in the army now nearly three years and do not remember one instance of such. It has been the habit in our extreme enlightenment to sneer at, as weaknesses, any exhibition of the softer emotions of the heart. It is not so in the army. Companionship in danger and hardships breeds tenderness of heart, and I have seen the hardy soldier that had faced the enemy in many hard fights and laughed at cold and heat and marches, burst into a passion of tears at parting from his comrade. Rough men acquire womanly tenderness and compassion toward their sick and wounded companions. Bayard Taylor says rightly

"Ah, soldiers to your honored rest
Your love and glory bearing,
The bravest are the tenderest
The loving are the daring!"

These soldiers, who now are the defenders of our liberty, are in the future to be founders of an order of things which shall make our nation pure and christian-like. And if we gain no other thing by this war, there will be the immense benefit of the superior order of citizens which it will return to us. The blood shed in this struggle will purify not only the nation but the individuals of the nation and mankind all over the world. God grant that the glory of the coming day may dawn upon the eyes of the present generation!

All of this grew out of the hot weather. Now to return.

The days jog lazily on about equally divided between guard duty and whitewashing. At the latter we are rapidly becoming experts having whitewashed the post hospitals and some of the empty barracks. We have received 27 new men from the 10th N. Y. Battery which has for a month been garrisoning Fort Craig. We are to have about fifty more. With them came a 2d Lieut. Church.

Capt. Martin went home yesterday on a furlough of ten days. As usual all sorts of rumors prevail, some of them of the most extravagant. The most probable course seems to be that we shall get horses shortly and go immediately to the front, for in the recent movements, the horse batteries have been rather roughly handled. Pennington's battery of our old brigade got pretty well cut up near Gordonsville, losing 47 men and several caissons. Gen. Sheridan's last raid was not so successful as it might have been notwithstanding newspaper correspondents. Since last writing two other batteries (infantry) have come to this camp to fit out and drawn their horses, guns, &c. It seem rather strange that they should come after us, and get fitted out first.

HOPLITE.

WINCHESTER.

For the Middlesex Journal.

HIGH SCHOOL.—The recent examination of the High School was in all respects a very satisfactory one. The pupils acquitted themselves creditably in the various branches of study, and evinced that they had given due attention to their studies. The original compositions by the graduating class were all excellent, and rather above those of preceding exhibitions. "The power of the will," by Master Geo. Breedon, was well presented, and illustrated by reference to the various departments of life. Gen. Grant in the military and Prescott in the literary world, were cited as striking examples of what a resolute will can accomplish. The Valedictory, by Miss Lindley, would do honor to any one. "Life's Teachers" was her theme, and admirably was the subject presented and enforced by allusion to the works of nature and creation—to the good and great around us, from all of whom we may draw lessons how to "make our lives sublime." Of the twenty four that entered the class four years previously, only four remained. The teachers during this period were gracefully and justly complimented, and the advice to classmates, schoolmates and others, well-timed, and judicious, and to the point. In fact, it was *the* best composition that has been delivered in this school. It was not only expressed in choice and fitting language, but its delivery was in accordance with its spirit, and, in this respect, as well as in the former, elicited the warm encomiums of all who heard it. In saying this, it is no disparagement to others who have done so well, but it is the general opinion that this effort of our young friend is in every way worthy of especial commendation. The art of expressing our ideas and thoughts in appropriate words is but imperfectly understood and manifested by most of our High School scholars; but no one can question that it is one of the most desirable things to obtain. The declamations were well performed. The "High School Offering," a written paper, made up from the original contributions of the pupils, showed no small amount of literary ability. It was well spiced with humorous pieces, conundrums, &c., which served to give to it variety. Dr. Chapin having generously given his services to the school on several occasions in familiar lessons in Botany, on which subject he is quite an adept, was complimented by a writer in the "Offering" for his valuable instructions, and at the close of the exercises, he made some remarks in return for the compliment paid him, urging strongly the importance of the study of this and kindred topics. Remarks were also offered by Messrs. Joy and Stone of the Committee, and Rev. Mr. Robinson, who expressed themselves highly pleased with the performances. The Chairman of the Committee stated that Miss Annie Stevens, who had been unable to be present the last term on account of ill health, but who had, up to that time, been a member of the graduating class of this year, and a diligent and worthy pupil, would receive a diploma with the rest of her classmates. This tribute to this young lady was justly her due, as she has shown herself throughout her course of studies a faithful pupil and a good scholar.

The teacher's desk on this occasion was ornamented with choice bouquets of flowers, which shed their sweet fragrance through the room.

In the paper read, several allusions were made to the condition of the "High School House," the necessity of a new one, and a humorous advertisement of the building being for sale. As the visitors were passing out of the room at the close of the exercises, the stove funnel came down directly on to the seats just vacated, thus fortunately doing injury to no one, but adding force to the suggestions of the paper and to the universally expressed want of the school for a decent building and appurtenances.

It was a great mistake in having the examination and exhibition in the miserable school house, when it would have been far better for all concerned to have had it in the Lyceum Hall.

RELIGIOUS.—At the Cong. Church, last Sabbath, the pastor preached a discourse appropriate to the recent death of Capt. Ford whom, at the close, he referred to in fitting terms, and eulogised as the christian gentleman and patriot. The deceased was a member of this church, and illustrated in his life those christian graces which adorn and beautify the daily life.

FOURTH OF JULY.—The return of this ancient and time honored anniversary was observed in a very quiet manner by our townspeople. Other than the ringing of the bell at sunrise, noon and sunset, nothing of a public character took place. The juvenile portion of the community gave vent to their patriotism in the usual form, but did not encroach upon the slumbers of our good people until after sunrise of the morning of this day.

SCHOOLS.—The examination of the Gifford Grammar School last week is said to have been an excellent one. Under the teaching of Miss Isabella E. Tenney, this school has attained a high rank both as respects its discipline and the proficiency in the studies. Of the Mystic and other schools creditable mention might also be made according to the observations of the Committee but as I cannot speak from personal knowledge I forbear further comments. At the examination of candidates for the High School last Saturday thirty-seven presented themselves and were examined by printed questions. Eighteen were admitted, and some twelve others conditionally that they pass a satisfactory examination at a future time in one or more branches of study in which they are deficient.

RECRUITS.—On account of the next draft there are eight men to our credit. No doubt our efficient War Committee will be able to obtain the number required under the call for half a million of men to fill up the decimated ranks of the army which is soon to be issued.

EXCELSIOR.

STONEHAM.

For the Middlesex Journal.

MR. EDITOR.—The drouth has been broken once since I wrote to you last, and we are anxiously awaiting the gentle droppings of the clouds so that it may be effectually restrained. At this present writing, there is a cry coming up from the ground in every cultivated field for water, water, more water. In my own fields there has been a standstill for some weeks in the case of certain crops which ought to be flourishing like the green bay tree at this season.

The fourth hardly came to our place this year and so most of our citizens went down to the city to see it there. I can say nothing against the habit of going to such a place on a hot, dusty day, when every street and avenue is crowded with multitudes of pleasure-seekers, for I was guilty of the indiscretion myself this year. The "little folks" must see the menagerie of Van Amburg, of course. We recollected with what raptures we gazed into the glaring eyeballs of the African lion, when we were children, how we laughed at the pranks of the monkeys, how we wondered at the looks of the polar bear, and how we shuddered at the sight of the horrible hyena, when we thought of his digging up the corpse out of the grave at night. For one half day, therefore, we lived over again some of the scenes of our youth with our children.

Signs of progress are still visible about the Congregational meeting-house. It has been partly painted over once, has been shingled and new steps have been put up leading to the front doors. The pastor, Rev. Swift Byington, was installed, I hear, Wednesday P. M. Rev. Dr. Manning did not deliver the sermon, but Rev. Mr. Robinson did, and a tremendous long one, too, it is said. One of the other ministers, who was to deliver some sort of a charge failed to come to time, and the charge had to be given by one who had not properly and fully charged himself before delivering his charge to others. But, on the whole the exercises must have been interesting, for the people stayed and heard the exercises patiently from two o'clock till five.

The call from the President for soldiers to man the fortifications around Washington is receiving attention from our volunteer company regularly organized in our town. A meeting of all liable to a draft between 18 and 24 is called for this (Thursday) evening.

Our shoe makers are enjoying some leisure just now, on a strike for higher pay. I do not pretend to know the merits of the case, but simply hope that labor may be amply compensated and a good deal of it performed as heretofore.

SOUTH READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

THE FOURTH.—Monday was a delightful day, though not marked in this place with any public demonstration. The boys began to congregate early on Sabbath evening, hoping to have full control of affairs after the darkness of night came on. But, unfortunately for their plans, the police happened to be out on the same evening, and they being older, and having a legal organization, took the precedence in giving orders. They were not asleep or idle on that night, but deserve much credit for their activity and success in dispersing gangs of boys and young men, who if together for any good purpose would have chosen broad daylight for their operations. Early in the morning, an occasional squib and doleful horn were heard, but at 4 o'clock the bells pealed out their merry sounds, which, after an hour's continuance, closed up the ringing for the day, with the exception of the town bell, that went "ding-dong" almost continuously for eight or ten hours, creating a general desire for the "evening shades to draw nigh." In the evening fireworks were displayed from Main street and several other streets in the vicinity of the common. As usual, numbers went to Lynn and Chelsea Beaches, and others to Boston, having in view the fireworks in the evening. We have heard of no serious accident. A few slight ones occurred, such as the burning of dresses by fire crackers in the hands of careless boys.

FIRE.—About half past ten o'clock on Friday forenoon, July 1st, a fire broke out in the "Silas Richardson" House on Salem street, which was greatly damaged, though not entirely consumed. The Yale engine was on the spot in a very few minutes after the alarm was given, and, considering the usual delay for hose bursting, was promptly in action, throwing four large streams upon the flames that were issuing from every part of the roof, attic windows, &c. The firemen and citizens worked nobly at the brakes, at the hose, and in the house. The furniture in the lower part was mostly removed. The house was occupied by widow Silas Richardson and her adopted daughter, Mrs. Collins and family, with boarders. Most of the valuable clothing belonging to them all was destroyed. The fire was caused undoubtedly by children playing with matches, setting the beds on fire in the chamber. So rapidly did the fire spread that Mrs. Richardson was burned in her first efforts to suppress it. Her injury was not serious. The house was owned by Mr. Alpha Richardson of Stoneham, and insured at Andover.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Seaver returned from Washington last week from his mission to the sick and wounded. He was enabled to administer many comforts to our men, though they all speak of the kindness which they receive from the attendants at the hospitals and the agents of the Massachusetts Commission. J. S. Eaton and wife accompanied Mr. Seaver home. They will spend the summer in New England. Mr. Eaton has done great service for our soldiers at Washington, which will not soon be forgotten. O. S. Moulton, Esq., who has proved himself the soldier's friend, is still in the War Department at Washington, and will not fail to do what he can for the relief of the suffering, so far as his ability to do so will admit.

JURORS.—Messrs. A. A. Currier, John Henry Emerson and Elbridge M. Stowell, have been drawn jurors to the Court now held at Concord.

SCHOOL VACATION.—The public schools will close on the 23d inst. for a vacation of 6 weeks.

M.

PICNIC.—The Baptist Sabbath School held a picnic, in Fowle's Grove, on Thursday last. A pleasant time was passed by all.

MEASLES, are prostrating the Volunteers by hundreds, the hospitals are crowded with them. Soldiers, be warned in time. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are positively infallible in the cure of this disease; occasional doses of them will perserve the health even under the greatest exposure.

If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. 224

Special Notices.

NOTICE.

The young lady who took a Carpet Bag from the Woburn Branch Depot, on Tuesday afternoon, that did not belong to her, may save herself some trouble by returning the same to the depot without delay. (398) Woburn, July 6, 1864.

Woburn Gas Light Co., Notice.

From and after JULY 1st, and until further notice, the price of Gas will be four dollars per one thousand cubic feet.

AARON THOMPSON, Treasurer.

Woburn, July 1, 1864. 40—2w

Instruction on the Piano-Forte.

Mrs. L. M. DALTON, would like to procure a few pupils for instruction on the Piano-Forte.—Her experience enables her to give thorough instruction, and she invites those wishing to take lessons to call upon her at her residence, CANAL STREET, WOBURN.

Woburn, June 10, 1864. 37—3m.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS is one of the greatest strengthening preparations extant. It is especially adapted to those who are afflicted with the Fever and Ague, or any other disease arising from a disordered condition of the digestive organs. For the Fever and Ague there is perhaps no medicine in the world equal to it, as it enters, purifies and replenishes the blood, which is so important to bring about a healthy action in diseases of this nature. The Bitters are now among the most popular, and at the same time, valuable specifics in the medical world. In recommending it to the public, we are fully conscious of doing them a great service, knowing, as we do, their many excellent qualities, and sure and speedy action in all cases where the disease is caused by irregularity of the digestive organs. A trial will suffice for the most skeptical.

☞ See advertisement.

For sale by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere. 30—2m.

FEMALES! FEMALES! FEMALES!
Use the SAFE, PLEASANT REMEDY known as HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
For all Complaints incident to the sex. No family should be without it, and none will when once tried by them. It is used
BY YOUNG AND OLD.
In the decline or change of life, before and after Marriage, during and after confinement, to strengthen the Nerves, restore NATURE to its Proper channel, and invigorate the Broken down Constitution, from whatever cause originating.
USE NO MORE WORTHLESS PILLS!
TAKE
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
See Advertisement in another column. Cut out and send for it.

THE TURNED HEAD!

This title of one of Dr. Warren's stories is realized in a moment by all who use

Cristadoro's Hair Dye,

which in five minutes changes
WHITE TO BLACK,
or red to a rich brown, without drying up the juices of the hair. It is the only safe hair dye in the world.
Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere and applied by all Hair Dressers.
Price, $1, $1.50, and $3 per box, according to size,
Cristadoro's Hair Preservative.
Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Hair. Price, 50 cents, $1, and $2 per bottle, according to size. 37—3m.

Married

In South Reading, July 3, by Rev. Charles R. Bliss, Mr. Albert H. Bond to Miss Mary A. Walker, all of South Reading.

Died

In Woburn, July 1, Margaret Hughes, aged 21 years.

In Woburn, July 1, Catherine, daughter of Edward and Margaret Fitzpatrick, aged 14 days.

In Burlington, July 5, Mrs. Anna Gorham Frothingham, aged 67 years.

SELECTMEN'S OFFICE,
WOBURN, July 7, 1864.

The attention of the citizens of Woburn, NOT LIABLE TO DRAFT, is respectfully called to the annexed Circular, and extracts from Gen. Order No. 23. It affords the opportunity to those interested in the success of the National cause, to give to the country the proof of their patriotism, by placing in the Army a personal representative.

All cannot go to the front and give their personal service, but every citizen has now the privilege of voluntarily placing his representative there, and thus aiding to secure the prompt and decisive overthrow of the rebellion.

Let the citizens of Woburn nobly respond to this new call on their patriotism.

All persons enlisting as representative recruits under this authority, will receive the Town Bounty of One Hundred and Twenty-Five Dollars.

By order of the Board of Selectmen,
A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
PROVOST-MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., June 26, 1864.

Persons not fit for military duty and not liable to draft, from age or other causes, have expressed a desire to be personally represented in the Army. In addition to the contributions they have made in the way of bounties, they propose to procure at their own expense, and present for enlistment, recruits to represent them in the service. Such practical patriotism is worthy of special commendation and encouragement. Provost-Marshals, and all other officers acting under this Bureau, are ordered to furnish all the facilities in their power to enlist and muster promptly the acceptable *representative recruits* presented, in accordance with the design herein set forth.

The name of the person whom the recruit represents will be noted on the Enlistment and Descriptive Roll of the recruit, and will be carried forward from those papers to the other official records which form his military history.

Suitably prepared certificates of this *personal representation* in the service will be forwarded from this office, to be filled out and issued by Provost-Marshals to the persons who put in *representative recruits*.

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost-Marshal General.

FROM GEN. ORDER NO. 23.

The men enlisted under the provisions of the above circular will be entitled to the bounty from the State; and their families the State Aid. These men are *Representative Recruits*,—that is to say, men induced to enlist, by the exertions of patriotic men who who are not themselves liable to do military service, and not substitutes who are enlisted in the place of men either liable to military duty, or who have been drafted.

By order of His Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander in-Chief.
WILLIAM SCHOULER,
Adjutant General.

jy9

Town Warrant.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

MIDDLESEX SS.

To either of the Constables of the Town of Woburn in said County, GREETING:

IN the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, you are hereby required to notify and warn the inhabitants of the Town of Woburn, qualified to vote in town affairs, to meet at the Town Hall, in said Woburn, on Monday, the Eleventh day of July, at seven of the clock, P. M., to act on the following articles, viz:

Art. 1. To choose a Moderator to preside at said meeting.

Art. 2. To see if the Town will authorize the Selectmen to select at their discretion and lay out anew or make an enlargement of the School-House lot on Warren Street, in Woburn, agreeably to General Statutes of Mass., Chapter 38, Section 38, by taking and appropriating land now owned and occupied by Benjamin Daland and Samuel C. Skelton, or others, or do or act anything in relation to the same.

And you are directed to serve this Warrant by causing the same to be published in the "WOBURN TOWNSMAN," and "MIDDLESEX JOURNAL," seven days at least, before the time named herein for holding said meeting.

Hereof fail not, and make due return of this Warrant, with your doings thereon, to the Town Clerk, at or before the time of holding said Meeting.

Given under our hands, and the seal of the Town affixed, this Thirtieth day of June, A. D., 1864.

ELBRIDGE TRULL, A. E. THOMPSON, MOSES A. TYLER, E. E. THOMPSON, L. G. RICHARDSON, } Selectmen of Woburn.

A true copy. Attest:
EDWARD SIMONDS, Constable.

Letters Remaining Unclaimed,

IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN, State of Massachusetts, 9th day of July, 1864.

☞ "To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for *'advertised letters,'* give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Free delivery of letters by carriers, at the residence of owners, in cities and large towns, may be secured by observing the following rules;

1. Direct letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the post office and State.

2. Head letters with the writer's post-office and State, street and number, sign them plainly with full name, and request that answers be directed accordingly.

3. Letters to strangers or transient visitors in a town or city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked, in the lower left-hand corner, with the word 'Transient.'

4. Place the postage stamp on the upper right hand corner, and leave space between the stamp and direction for post-marking without interfering with the writing.

N. B. A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within 30 days or less, written or printed with the writer's name, post office, and State, across the left-hand end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with at the usual prepaid rate of postage, payable when the letter is delivered to the writer."—Sec. 20, of Law of 1863.

Byrne, Philip 2
Carena, Bridget
Stevens, Charles Mrs.
Vose, Edwin A. (heirs of)
Winship, Mary E.
Walker, James R.

NATHAN WYMAN, P. M.

4711 Farina Cologne 4711

Celebrated for its excellence all over the world, For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

Wanted to Hire,

A CONVENIENT HOUSE in a good locality, in the Centre of Woburn, containing 8 or 9 rooms. Apply at the JOURNAL Office.

VERNATELLA.

WARRANTED TO MAKE THE
SOLES OF BOOTS AND SHOES
WATER AND DAMPNESS PROOF,
AND WEAR ONE-THIRD LONGER.

VERNATELLA,

is a preparation from Copper, having no grease. Linseed oil, or anything of the kind, and when the soles are once saturated with it, water can no more get through them than through copper itself.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

AT RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

But its cost to the purchaser is really NOTHING, as it makes the soles wear enough longer to more than pay for it, leaving as a net gain the making of them Water and Dampness Proof and the preservation thereby of that priceless gem, the health.

LADIES, READ THIS.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH!

Use Vernatella on the soles of your Shoes. It makes them water proof and thereby protects your feet from dampness, for the ground is always more or less moist, either from rain or the morning and evening dew.

At Wholesale in Boston by
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 38 Hanover street.
S. M. COSCORD & CO., 26 Hanover street.
M. S. BURR & CO., 26 Tremont street.
CARTER, RUST & CO., 43, Hanover street.
And Wholesale Druggists generally. Also by all the Principal Dealers in Boots and Shoes.
Manufactured in the CHEMICAL DEPARTMENT of the
Cahoon Manufacturing Company.
WYMAM & TYLER, Agents.
40—7m 82, Water street, Boston.

ATKINSON'S FURNITURE POLISH. For VARNISHED or POLISHED FURNITURE, this excellent Polish will not fail to restore furniture to its original brilliancy. After using this preparation, the touch of the hand will not leave a mark or soil furniture. Obtained at the principal dealers in furniture, and traders generally. W. D. ATKINSON, JR., manufacturer, Tremont corner Boylston streets. Wholesale agents, Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. Warranted not to injure the varnish. 40 3m

Keep Cool by Drinking
BRIGHAM'S
ARCTIC SODA WATER,
Which runs in a constant stream at No. 5 WADES BLOCK.

Real Estate For Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale a DWELLING-HOUSE, on Rail-Road Street, about one-fourth of a mile from Main Street. The Eastern part contains seven rooms; the Western eight rooms. Good water convenient for both parts. Each part so arranged as to be convenient for two families.

Also House-Lots of various locations and Prices. Terms accommodating.

LUKE FOWLE.
Woburn, April 20, 1864. 30—3m.

ATKINSON'S FRENCH PLASTER. Highly Recommended for CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD JOINTS, NAILS IN-GROWING, or any Disease of the Feet.

This Plaster effects a cure without pain or inconvenience. After the application the boot or shoe can be worn with perfect ease. Warranted not injurious. Procured of all principal druggists and Boot and shoe dealers. Made only by W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., Tremont corner Boylston streets Boston, Mass. Wholesale agents, G. C. Goodwin & Co.; John Wilson, Jr., & Co., Boston.

L. H. ALLEN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,

FURNISHES at his Wareroom, four doors north of depot, Caskets of all sizes and qualities. Black Walnut, Mahogany, White Wood, and Pine coffins, of every size and price. Plates of various styles, and Plain and Fancy Handles. Thibet, Cashmere, Colored, Lawn, Muslin, and Cambric Shrouds. Metallic Caskets furnished at the shortest notice. Every thing furnished at the lowest living prices.

The subscriber having received from the Board of Selectmen the appointment of Funeral Undertaker for the town, now offers to the public his new and elegant HEARSE, which has been manufactured expressly to his order, and which he will furnish with one or a pair of horses, at the usual price.

He likewise offers the new invention for preserving the bodies of deceased persons by cold air alone, without the direct application of ice, which is so repugnant to the feelings. When preserved by the cold air process, a glass reveals at any moment the features of the departed, and the corpse will keep much longer than in the ordinary way.

The subscriber would take this opportunity to return his thanks for the liberal patronage he has hitherto received, and hopes with his new improvements to continue to give his customers the highest satisfaction.

All orders answered with promptness, and Coffins delivered within ten miles free of expense.

L. H. ALLEN.
Woburn Center, March 4, 1864.—23-6m

MILLINERY
—AT—
Reduced Rates.

THE subscriber wishing to close out her Summer Stock of
Millinery Goods,
will sell them after this date, at GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

MOURNING GOODS,

Ready made, or supplied to order, at short notice. She has lately added a good assortment of
Hoop Skirts, Hosiery, Corsets,
GLOVES, DRESS TRIMMINGS,
LACES, AND SMALL WARES,
all of which will be sold at LOW RATES.

M. E. FIELD,
NEW BANK BUILDING.
Woburn, June 24, 1864.—39-tf.

TO LET FOR STORAGE,

A STABLE, 18x25, with cellar, located in the rear of Dwight Lager's Estate.
39-3w Apply to ELI COOPER.

"BIG THING ON ICE."
ONE OF TUFT'S
ARCTIC SODA FIXTURES!
Has been placed on the Counter of the APOTHECARY at
No. 5 Wade Block, Main St.
He now offers to the thirsty public a cold glass of Soda Water with either of
12 varieties of Fruit and Cream Syrups.
☞ CALL AND SAMPLE THE GOODS. ☜

WM. PRATT,
WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER,
And dealer in Watches, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, &c.
347 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.
PARTICULAR attention given to repairing fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

HEAD-QUARTERS, BOSTON, July 6, 1864.
GENERAL ORDER, No. 24.

Five thousand Infantry Volunteers have been called for from Massachusetts, for one hundred days' service, to do Garrison duty in the fortifications near the City of Washington. Their services are required at once. Officers in command of Regiments and Companies of Massachusetts Militia will immediately perfect their organizations, and report for orders.

Gentlemen not in Commission, qualified by character and experience to command Companies, will be authorized to raise new Companies upon application to these Head-quarters.

These troops are to be employed in garrison duty, and must be raised without unnecessary delay. The troops can be forwarded by companies to report at Washington.

In addition to the United States pay, each non commissioned officer and private will receive from the Commonwealth twenty dollars a month during his term of service.

Volunteers under this call will be exempted from any draft that may be ordered during such term of one hundred days' service.

The young men of Massachusetts are expected to respond to this call with the same alacrity which characterized their fathers in the Revolution, and their brothers when the President made his first call in April, 1861.

By order of his Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

WILLIAM SCHOULER,
jy9—1t Adjutant-General.

COLLECTOR'S SALE FOR TAXES IN READING.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Taxes assessed by the Assessors of the town of Reading, in said Middlesex County, upon the lands hereinafter named, are unpaid, and that I shall sell at Public Auction, at the OFFICE of the Selectmen, in said Reading, on WEDNESDAY, the third day of August next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, the said lands for the payment of said taxes and all necessary intervening charges, unless the same are paid before said sale:

CHARLES E. HALL, of Reading—About ¼ of an acre of land, with house and outbuildings thereon, and now occupied by Francis H. Knights—bounded, westerly, by Linden street; northerly by land of Daniel Nichols; easterly by land of C. F. Pinkham, and southerly by land of John Adden—

State, county and town tax, for 1862,	$23.92
JAMES CRAWFORD, of Roxbury—A parcel of land on Bear Hill, being lots numbered 27, 28, 54, 55, on a plan of lands called Fairmount, made by E. Buckman, and recorded with Middlesex Deeds, (So. Dist.) Book of Plans No 6, Plan 30—	
State, county and town tax, for 1863,	00.88
Highway tax, for 1862,	07
	95
E. R. MORSE, Boston—A parcel of land on Bear Hill, being lots numbered 90, 91, 92, 93, on plan of lands called Fairmount, made by E. Buckman, and recorded with Middlesex (So. Dist.) Deeds, Book of Plans No. 6, Plan 30—	
State, County and town tax, for 1863,	00.88
Highway tax, for 1862,	5
	93
CHARLES W. CUMMINGS, Maine—About ¼ acre of land on Federal street—bounded, southerly by Federal street; westerly by C. W. Young's estate; northerly by land of N. P. Pratt; easterly by land of John M. Housman, being lot No. 18 on Plan of house lots in Reading, belonging to Milo Parker and others, recorded in Middlesex (So. Dist.) Dead Book of Plans No. 5—	
State, county and town tax, for 1862,	00.88
" " " " " " 1863,	83

GEORGE BATCHELDER, Collector.
Reading, July 5, 1864. jy9

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, Free of Charge. Address

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House, New York City.
jy9—1m*



COAL, LUMBER, &C.

THE firm of AYER & MCDONALD having been dissolved, the subscriber respectfully gives notice to the inhabitants of Woburn and vicinity, that he will continue the business, at the same stand, in all its branches, and trusts by giving strict attention to business, and always keeping on hand the different kinds of COAL, WOOD and LUMBER, to receive that generous share of public patronage which has been accorded to the late firm during the past year.

LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

OFFICE—Immediately adjoining the North end of the Depot, Woburn Centre.

JOS. B. McDONALD.
Woburn Feb. 13th, 1863.

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his patrons and the public generally that he has removed to his new Shop on Winn St.

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a call at his new stand, where with increased facilities for business all work entrusted to his care will be done promptly, and in the most workmanlike manner, and at the lowest prices.

402w R. F. ELLIS

SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
WOBURN CENTRE.

M. L. MORSE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
STONEHAM.
☞ Office over Store of G. H. Montague.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given, that the Subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of ABEL WYMAN, late of Woburn, in the county of Middlesex, deceased, and taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

CHARLES A. WYMAN, Admr.
Woburn, May 24th, 1864.

For Sale or to Let,

THE "FLANDERS PLACE," situated on Main Street, near the High School house. Enquire of
J. B. WINN or JOHN JOHNSON.
Woburn, June 1st, 1864.—36 tf.

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.
FROM S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.

U. S.
10-40 5 Per Cents.
5-20 6 " "
One Year Certificates,
AND
AMERICAN GOLD
BOUGHT and SOLD.

Gold Coupons collected, and returns made at the market rates.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission, and our correspondents promptly advised of any business transacted for them.

MELLEN, WARD & MOWER
BANKERS,
No. 20 Congress Street,
CHARLES MELLEN, late with Galloupe & Putnam.
CHARLES H. WARD, late with Spencer, Vila & Co.
CALVIN R. MOWER, " " " " " "
BOSTON.

Complete Musical Library, $10.
Comprising nearly
One Thousand Pieces of Piano Music.
"HOME CIRCLE," a collection of Piano Music, Marches, Waltzes, Polkas, Quadrilles, &c., 2 Vols. "SHOWER OF PEARLS," Choice Vocal Duets with Piano Accompaniment. "SILVER CHORD," a collection of Songs, Ballads, Duets, Quartets, &c., Piano Accomp. "OPERATIC PEARLS," comprising the Vocal Beauties of the best Operas.—Piano Accomp. The above sent, postpaid, for $10 or each at the following prices—Plain, $2; Cloth, $2.25; Full Gilt, $3. OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

SPRING BEDS.
For an Excellent Bed
USE
Tucker's Patent Spring Bed,
This is the Standard Spring Bed in the market, and is more extensively sold than any other. Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Also
CHEAP FOLDING SPRING BOTTOM WOOD COTS,
An excellent article for a spare bed. For sale by the Furniture Dealers generally. At wholesale by
HIRAM TUCKER,
117 & 119, Court St., Boston, Mass.



FAIRBANKS'
Standard Scales
The Genuine Article.
Accurate, Durable, Convenient,
A Complete Variety,
At
Hay, Coal, Railroad, Platform, Counter, Druggists' and Butchers' Scales;
BEAMS, WEIGHTS, &C.,
For sale at our Warehouse,
118 Milk Street,
(Thorndike Building) Corner of Batterymarch Street, Boston.
FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO..

French, English and American
TOILET SOAPS,
Genuine.
From the manufactories of Coudray, Mangenet & Coudray, Gelle Freres, Lowe, Son & Haydon, Patty, Glean, Worsley, and others.
For sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

Jaques' Extract Pond Lily,
Just received and for sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM

FOR SALE

A COOKING STOVE, in good order.—Will be sold cheap. Apply at the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL office.

OLD PAPERS, &C.

OLD NEWSPAPERS, PAMPHLETS, &c. purchased at the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL OFFICE. Persons having large or small quantities to dispose of, are invited to bring them to the above place.

Woburn, April 23, 1864.

NEWHALL'S CHALLENGE.

Any one who has tried
NEWHALL'S CHALLENGE COFFEE!
Must acknowledge that it is rightly named, for it is
Unequalled by any Substitute
For the expensive kinds of Coffee. No one should fail to buy it. Manufactured by
H. B. NEWHALL,
36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.
And sold by Grocers throughout the country.

CHELSEA DYE HOUSE,
AND
LAUNDY.
[Established in 1840.]
208 Washington, St., opp. Marlboro' Hotel
BOSTON.
Color all descriptions of
Silk and Woolen Goods,
Color and cleanse
Ladies and Gentlemen's Garments,
Kid Gloves, Feathers,
Straw and Felt Hats, Bonnets.
And the celebrated Finishers of New Shirts for Manufacturers.

Penrhyn Marble Co.
Enamelled Slate Chimney Pieces, cheaper than Marble. Garden Vases, Pedestals, Flower Pots and Hanging Baskets, Toilet Setts, Bohemian, Lava, China and Terra Cotta Vases, and other fancy goods—Flower Baskets, Chimney Tops, English Tile.
The best assortment of the kind in Boston.
JOSEPH STORY, Treas.
Studio Building 112 Tremont st., Boston.

HARRY JENNINGS,
32 Portland St., Boston, Mass.
Offers to the public his infallible ARSENICAL SOAP, for the destruction of Fleas, Lice, Bugs, Sheep-Ticks, and Vermin of all descriptions; 25 and 50 cents a box. Warranted to kill all vermin in five minutes, (and not to injure the animal,) and easily applied.
H. J. has a sure cure for Manage Distemper and all kinds of diseases, and sent to any part of the United States Also, agents wanted.

Grand Seal Smoking Tobacco!
A very popular brand, for sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM.

NEW STOCK
OF
ROOM PAPER!
A LARGE SUPPLY OF
NEW PATTERNS,
of the above, has just been received from New York, at the
Woburn Bookstore,
and will be sold very low. Also, BORDERING in variety, and Paper for Curtains and Side Lights.

S. R. PRIEST,
DEALER IN
BOOTS, SHOES, AND RUBBERS,
MAIN STREET, WOBURN,
One door north of Whitford's Central Market.
Repairing in all its branches. 30tf

WYMAN'S
AMBROTYPE, MELAINOTYPE, AND
Daguerreotype Rooms,
KELLEY'S BLOCK, ... WOBURN.
ARTICULAR attention given to copying pictures.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBURN CENTRE.

C. W. EATON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MAIN STREET, SOUTH READING.
Attention given to Conveyancing, and Collecting of Soldiers Claims, Pensions, &c., at Lowest Commissions. 32tf.

TOILET EXTRACTS.
In endless variety, many of which will be sold at a low figure. By
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

HARD TIMES COFFEE,
The very best
Substitute for Pure Coffee;
And not distinguished from Pure Java by people generally.
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
H. B. NEWHALL,
No. 36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

DR. HAYES' CERTIFICATE.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance. It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully,
A. A. HAYES, M. D., State Assayer.
16 Boylston St., Boston, 85th Feb., 1863."
36—2 m e o w

G. R. GAGE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
New Bank Building, Woburn,
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he is now located in his new store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.
BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS
made in the best style, and warranted to fit.
Particular attention paid to making
Boys' Clothing.
He has on hand a large stock of the best and most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the season, which will be made up to order at the most reasonable rates.
FURNISHING GOODS
of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly on hand.
Woburn, March 19th, 1864.

Something for the Times!
A NECESSITY IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD
JOHNS & CROSELY'S
AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE.
AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE
the only article of the kind ever produced which
Will Withstand Water.
It will Mend Wood,
Save your broken Furniture.
It will Mend Leather,
Mend your Harness, Straps, Belts, Boots, &c.
It will Mend Glass,
Save the pieces of that expensive Cut Glass Bottle.
It will Mend Ivory,
Don't throw away that broken Ivory Fan, its easily repaired.
It will Mend China,
Your broken China Cups and Saucers can be made as good as new.
It will Mend Marble,
That piece knocked out of your Marble Mantle can be put on as strong as ever.
It will Mend Porcelain,
No matter if that broken Pitcher did not cost but a shilling; a shilling saved is a shilling earned.
It will Mend Alabaster,
That costly Alabaster Vase is broken and you can't match it; mend it, it will never show when put together.
It will Mend Bone, Coral, Lava, and in fact everything but Metals.
Any article Cemented with AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE will not show where it is mended.
EXTRACTS:
"Every Housekeeper should have a supply of Johns & Crosley's American Cement Glue."—*New York Times.*
"It is so convenient to have in the house."—*New York Express.*
"It is always ready; this commends it to everybody."—*Independent.*
"We have tried it, and find it as useful in our house as water."—*Wilkes' Spirit of the Times.*
Economy is Wealth.
$10.00 per year saved in every family by One Bottle of
AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
VERY LIBERAL REDUCTION TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.
TERMS CASH.
For sale by all Druggists, and Storekeepers generally throughout the country.
JOHNS & CROSLEY,
(Sole Manufacturers),
78 William street,
Corner of Liberty street, NEW YORK.

English, French and American
BRUSHES,
FOR THE
HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.
For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

WOBURN MARBLE & GRANITE STONE-WORKS.

THE subscribers offer for sale the largest and best assortment of MARBLE
Monuments and Gravestones
ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular attention given to the
Fitting up of Cemetery Lots
with GRANITE EDGE-STONE and POSTS.
Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for Building purposes furnished to order.
OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin Warerooms, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass
A. SCOTT & CO.
R. PICKERING, Agent.
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1854—21-y.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE
EFFECTED IN
Good Stock & Mutual Companies;
Also, PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, &c., obtained for Widows, Children, Fathers, Mothers, Brothers or Sisters, through the agency of HORATIO WOODMAN, Esq., of Boston,
By SPARROW HORTON Agt.,
AT THE
WOBURN POST-OFFICE.

C. S. ADKINS,
DEALER IN
BOOKS, STATIONERY,
PERIODICALS,
CONFECTIONERY, &C., &C.,
WOULD respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Woburn and vicinity to a good assortment of
Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Sand, Mucilage, Sealing Wax, and all articles usually found in a Stationery Store.
Daily Papers and Periodicals of the day.
Sheet Music—Vocal and Instrumental.
Violin and Guitar Strings.
Confectionery of all kinds, and of the best quality.
Also, HOVEY'S HAIR BALM, one of the best preparations for the Hair, offered to the public.

"TOWNSMAN" BUILDING,
Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

MIDDLESEX
WAR-CLAIM ASSOCIATION,
Office, 4 Niles Block, 33 School St., Boston.
THIS ASSOCIATION has been formed to aid Soldiers, Seamen, and their Families, in obtaining PENSIONS BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, PRIZE MONEY, LAND, and other claims against the Government.
Applications for the collection of claims should be made by letter, or in person, to the Attorney of the Association.
Advice will be given by the Attorney without charge.
Upon the collection of claims, small charges, established by the Directors, will be made.
HON. JOEL PARKER, President.
HON. D. W. GOOCH, } Vice Presdts.
HON. GEO. S. BOUTWELL, }
DIRECTORS—Joel Parker, Geo. S. Boutwell, D. W. Gooch, Leonard Huntress, James M. Shute, Phineas J. Stong, Chas. Hudson, E. J. Collins, Amos Stone, B. Hosford, Horace Conn, J. H. Wait, Charles Kimball, John K. Going.
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A. B. COFFIN,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW
No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.
Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street.

J. M. GROSVENOR, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE at the Corner of Union and Main Streets.
REFERENCES—Dixi Crosby, M. D., Prof. of Surgery at Dartmouth College; E. R. Peaslee, M. D., LL. D., New York; Surgeon J. C. Dorr, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.; E. E. Pelrson, M. D., Salem, Mass. 29 tf.

SLATE AND TIN ROOFING.
D. TILLSON & SON,
Slate and Metal Roofers,
55 SUDBURY STREET, BOSTON,
Cover Roofs with Slate or Tin in the best manner and on reasonable terms. Orders left with D. H. TILLSON, Railroad Street, Woburn, will receive prompt attention. 26-3m

DR. C. T. LANG,
Surgeon Dentist.
Cor. Winn and Pleasant Sts.
Woburn Centre, Mass.

MRS. M. E. FIELD,
MILLINER,
Keeps constantly on hand
BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, DRESS TRIMMINGS, CAPS, BRAIDS, LACES, SILKS, WORSTEDS, &c.
MOURNING GOODS furnished at short notice
☞ BONNETS Bleached, Pressed and Trimmed to order.
Bank Block, Main Street, Woburn.

WILLIAM WINN,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER,
BURLINGTON, MASS.
Sales of Real and Personal Estate attended to on reasonable terms.
Orders left at the *Journal* office will receive prompt attention.

H. HARRIMAN,
HARNESS AND COLLAR MANUFACTURER.
Corner of Oekley Court and Main Street, (opposite Central House), Woburn Mass.
Harnesses of every description made from the best stock, and by experienced workmen, at low prices.
Repairing neatly done.

HORACE COLLAMORE,
DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX COUNTY.
OFFICE:—4 WADE'S BLOCK,
Woburn Centre.

FRANK S. DODGE,
WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER,
ALSO, DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated-Ware, Musical Instruments, Fancy Goods, &c
☞ *Melodeons For Sale and to Let.*
WADE BLOCK, MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

Central Market,
Main Street, Woburn,
THE subscriber having taken the store formerly occupied by E. O. SOLES, will keep constantly on hand West India Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Vegetables, &c. H. WHITFORD.

BOSTON AND LOWELL

And Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Stony Brook Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowel Railroads.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 16th, 1864, trains will leave BOSTON for—

Upper Railroads, 7.00, 8.00 a m, 12.00, 5.30 p m.
Wilton, Milford, Danforth's Corner, S. Merrimack 7.00 a.m. 12.00, 5.30 p. m.
Nashua, 7.00, 8.00† am, 12 m, 5 30 pm
Tyngsboro', No. Chelmsford 7.00am, 12.00, 5.30pm
Groton Junction 10.00 (exp) a.m., 2.30 p. m.
Lowell, 7.00, 8.00†, 10.00 am, 12.00 (exp), 2.30, 5.30 (exp), 6 pm.
North Billerica, Billerica & Tewksbury, Wilmington, 7.00, 10.00 a m, 5.00 p m.
S. Wilmington, N. Woburn, 10 a m, 2.30, p m.
Woburn W. S., 7.00, 10.00, a.m., 2.30, 5.00 p m.
E. Woburn, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, a m. 2.30, 3.00, 5.10, 7.30* pm.
Winchester and West Medford, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, am, 2.30, 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p m.
College Hill 6.45, 10.00, 11.30 a.m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30* 7.30, 9.30* p.m.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.
Mondays at 11.30 p. m., a train leaves for Lowell, Nashua and Way Stations.
The 10.00 A. M., and 2.30 P. M., Trains from Boston stop at Milk Row, Somerville Centre, and College Hill Stations, to take passengers for Stations above Winchester.

TRAINS FOR BOSTON LEAVE

Wilton at 6.15, 11.00 a. m. 3.30 p m.
Milford, 6.20, 11.05, a. m. 3.55 p m.
Danforth's Corner, 6.30, 11.13, a m. 4.05 p m.
South Merrimack, 6.35, 11.21 a m, 4.23 p m.
Nashua at 7.00, 11.45, a m, 5.00, 8.40 p m,
Tingsboro' 7.15, 11.57 a m., 5.12 pm.
North Chelmsford, 7.22, 12.06 a.m., 5.19 p m.
Groton Junction, 8.00 a m, 12.45 p m.
Lowell 7, 7.30* 9.30, a m, 12.15*, 2.15, 5.30*, 9*tpm
North Billerica 7.09, 9.39 a m 2.22, 5.41, p m.
Billerica and Tewksbury 7.16, 9 46 a m, 2.29, 5.47 p m.
Wilmington at 7 26 9 55 a m, 2.39, 5.55, p m.
South Wilmington 10 00 a m, 2.43 p m.
North Woburn 10.03 a m, 2.45 p m.
Woburn Watering Station at 7.39, 10.05 a m, 2.53, 6.04 p m.
East Woburn at 7.00, 9.00, 10.10 a m, 1.15, 2.54, 5.09 6.30, p m.
Winchester at 6.05, 7.05 7.45, 9.05, 10.15 a m, 1.20, 3.00, 5.05, 6.35, 8.20, p m.
West Medford at 6.15, 7.15, 7.52, 9.15, 10 22 am 1.30 3.07, 5.15, 6.45, 8.25 p m.
College Hill 6.19, 7.19, 9.19 a.m., 1.33, 3.10, 5.19, 6.47 8.28 p. m.
*Or on arrival of trains from Nashua.
†Northern Depot.
The 9.30 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., Trains from Lowell stop at College Hill, Somerville Centre, and Milk Row Stations, to leave Passengers from Stations above Winchester.

Woburn Branch.

Trains for Woburn Centre, leave Boston, at 6.45 11.30, a. m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30,* p. m.
Trains leave Woburn Centre for Boston, at 6.00, 7.00, 7.40, 9 a m, 1.15, 5.00, 6.30, 8.15 p m.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

Stoneham Branch.

The Trains on this Road will leave Boston (from Lowell Railroad Depot) for Stoneham, at 6.45, and 11.30 A M, 3.00, 5.10, and 7.30* P M.
Leave Stoneham for Boston, at 6.52, and 8.5 A M, 1.00, 4.52, and 6.29* P M.
* Saturdays at 10.4 P.M.

J. B. WINS, Superintendent,
B. L. and N. & L. R. R.

SPRING CLOTHING!

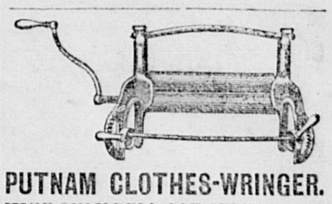


THE subscriber has on hand a large stock of goods, suitable for the approaching season, and which he will manufacture into all kinds of garments, in the best manner.

He begs to say that he depends solely on his ability to please, for a share of public patronage and would respectfully invite attention to specimens of his skill and workmanship now in the market. If they are satisfactory, you are requested to call, at the old stand, and look at his goods.

☞ Come and see if this is not the place to get what you want, at the price you wish to pay.

P. TEARE, Merchant Tailor.
Woburn, March 19, 1864.—tf.



PUTNAM CLOTHES-WRINGER.

THE ONLY RELIABLE SELF-Adjusting Wringer.

The frame being of Iron thoroughly galvanized, all danger from rust is removed, and the liability to shrink, swell, split, &c so unavoidable in the wooden machines, is prevented.

No thumb-screws or complicated fastenings to wear out or get out of order; it can be fastened firmly to the tub in a single second.

WARRANTED WITH OR WITHOUT COG-WHEELS.

It took the FIRST PREMIUM at FIFTY-SEVEN State and County Fairs in 1863, and is without exception the best Wringer ever made.

Instead of believing the statements of parties interested in the sale of other Wringers,

TRY IT, AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELF.

Test it THOROUGHLY with ANY and ALL others, and if not entirely satisfactory, return it. It will wring anything from a thread to a bed quilt without alteration.

Patented in the United States, England, Canada, and Australia. Energetic men can make from $3 to $10 per day. Agents wanted in every town.

Putnam Manufacturing Co.—

GENTLEMEN: I know from practical experience that iron well galvanized with zinc will not oxidize or rust one particle. I can safely say, after several years' experience in the manufacture of chain for



FIRST PREMIUM
COOK STOVE.

THIS Stove took the First Premium at the State Fair held at Rochester, October 1st, 1862, and again at Utica, September, 15, 1863.

Economy is Wealth?

This maxim will be fully demonstrated by buying an

AMERICAN HOT AIR COOKING STOVE,

AS it will bake, boil and roast better than any other Stove, with a saving of 25 per cent n fuel, and a very large percentage in convenience.

They have the following advantages:

1st. They are constructed with a view of great durability; all the plates exposed to the fire are made of an extra thickness.

2d. The flues are lined with non-conducting cement, thereby applying the heat directly to the oven, and the oven can be heated and kept in baking order with less fuel than any other stove.

3d. They have a hot air draft, which not only makes the fuel burn freely and last longer, but adds to the heating and baking facilities.

4. They consume all the gasses from the fuel, thereby adding largely to the amount of heat obtained from the quantity of fuel used.

5th. The Stove is made, mounted and finished in the most superior manner. The oven is large and well ventilated. The Stove is convenient in form, and made for use; to adopt the language of some who have used this Stove, "it will do more work with less fuel than any other stove." In proof we add the following testimony:

American Hot Air Cooking Stove.

J. H. DAVIS, ESQ.—*Dear Sir:* We find the Stove I purchased of you the fore part of June last, called the American Hot Air Cooking Stove, in all respects as recommended; and we could not be induced to part with it under any circumstance were we unable to replace it with one of the same kind. To make a long story short it is perfect in every particular. It bakes, broils, roasts and boils first rate, besides being very economical in the way of fuel. My wife thinks it superior to Stuart's (which she has used), as it is capable of doing the same work much quicker. Should you have any customers in want of a *perfect Stove*, have them call on me if they have a doubt as to the good qualities of the American Hot Air Cooking Stove.

Respectfully Yours, C. H. MCKINSTRY.

Canajoharie, July, 1863.

FAIRFIELD, Conn., April 17th 1863

MR. GEO. P. STOCKWELL.—*Dear Sir:* Last December we purchased from you the "American Hot Air Cooking Stove." We have seen nothing of the kind which is constructed on such scientific principles—insuring the thorough consumption of the fuel—obtaining the greatest amount of heat possible at a small expense, and so distributing it as to secure all the results for which a Cooking Stove is required. We can safely say, that it fully realizes all the expectations which we had formed from the recommendations we had seen, and we can therefore honestly recommend it to any person in search of such an article, as combining economy and utility. Yours, &c., REV. MCLEAN, JR.

Pastor of the 1st Cong. Church Fairfield, Conn.

Manufactured by

SHEER, PACKARD & CO.,

17 & 19 *Green St., Albany, N. Y.*

For Sale by—J. F. LORING, Worcester, L. PATCH, & CO., Fitchburg, and I. L. FOOTE, & CO., Lowell, Mass.

DON'T FAIL TO READ THIS.

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

The East India Coffee CO.,

154 READE ST, (three doors from Greenwich Street), N. Y., call universal attention to their

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE

—o—

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. has all the flavor of OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA, and is but half the price; and also that

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE has twice the strength of Java, or any other Coffee whatever and wherever used by our first class hotels and steamboats, the stewards say there is a saving of 50 per cent.

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, is the most healthy beverage known, and is very nutritious. The weak and infirm may use it at all times with impunity. The wife of the Rev. W. Eaves, local minister of the M. E. Church, Jersey city, who has not been able to use any coffee for fifteen years, can use

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. three times a day without injury, it being entirely free from those properties that produce nervous excitement.

Dr. JAMES BOYLE, of 456 CHAMBERS STREET, says; "I have never known any Coffee so healthy, nutritious, and free from all injurious qualities as

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, I advise my patients to drink it universally even those to whom I have hitherto prohibited the use of coffee."

The PRINCIPAL OF THE NEW YORK EYE INFIRMARY says: "I direct all the patients of our Institution to use exclusively

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, and would not be without it on any account."

The Rev. C. LAURE, an eminent clergyman of the M. E. Church, now stationed at Halsey street, Newark, says of

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. "I have used it nearly a year in my family, and find it produces no ache of the head or nervous irritation, as in the case of all other Coffees. It is exceedingly pleasant, and I cordially recommend it to all clergymen and their families."

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, is used daily by the families of Bishop Ames, Bishop Baker, Bishop James, and many of the most distinguished clergymen and professional men in the country."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

and be sure that the packages are labeled

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,

154 Reade Street, New York.

as there are numerous counterfeits afloat under the name of "Genuine East India Coffee," "Original East India Coffee," etc., put forth by impostors to deceive the unwary.

In 1 lb, packages, and in boxes of 36, 60, and 100 lbs., for Grocers and large consumers. Sold by Grocers generally.

Orders from Country Grocers solicited, to whom a very liberal discount will be made.

Wholesale Agents; Hoeflich & Molan, and W. J. Heiss & Brother Philadelphia; Francis H. Perry, Providence; A. L. Waite & Co., Boston; Pynchon & Lee, Springfield, Mass; S. N. Callender, Buffalo; Gorden M'Millan & Co, Cleveland; A. A. Colter & Co., Cincinnati; J. & J. W. Bunn, Springfield, Ill.; H. B. Shields, Corydon, Ind.; and C. C. Garber, Chicago.

The Am. Adv. Agency 308 Broadway, N. Y., will receive orders for the above named Coffee.

Business Department—E. ALFORD.
Corresp. Dep.—FOWLER & WELLS.

JOHN G. COLE,

PAINTER AND GLAZIER.

Paper Hanging, White-washing and Coloring done in the neatest manner. Also, Graining and Marbling. Sashes and Blinds of every description furnished. PAINTS, OIL and GLASS, of the best quality, constantly on hand.

☞ SHOP, first building south of the Branch Railroad Depot, Main street.

FARINA COLOGNE!

Just received and for sale by

W. C. BRIGHAM. 21-6m

MIDDLESEX JOURNAL

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Main Street, Woburn.

WE call the attention of the public to the facilities of the above establishment for the execution of

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PRINTING.

We are prepared to supply all classes of the community with any kind of printing they may need.

BLANK BOOKS,
INSURANCE POLICIES,
BANK CHECKS,
CIRCULARS,
PROGRAMMES,
PAMPHLETS,
ORDER OF EXERCISES,
LEGAL BLANKS,
BILL HEADS,
CATALOGUES.
SERMONS,
NOTE BOOKS.
BLANK RECEIPTS,
BUSINESS CARDS,
ADDRESS CARDS,
BALL CARDS,
ORDER OF DANCES,
SHOW BILLS,
POSTERS,
AUCTION BILLS,
SHOP BILLS,
MILK BILLS,
LABELS,
&c., &c, &c

Particular attention paid to printing

POSTERS OF EVERY SIZE.

Also—Visiting, Wedding, Ball and Business Cards.

☞ Persons in the adjoining towns who may wish printing done, can send their orders by mail, or otherwise, and rest assured that they will be promptly and correctly filled.

JOURNAL PRINTING ROOMS,

MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

FEMALE STRENGTHENING CORDIAL

THIS Medicine is of long tried efficacy for correcting all disorders incidental to the feminine sex. That the afflicted may feel assured that this Cordial is truly valuable and worthy their confidence,—not one of those secret compounds purposed to destroy healthy action,—I add a few testimonials from physicians who all favor the Eclectic and Reformed Practice of Medicine.

Dr. Willard C. George, formerly Professor in the Worcester Medical College, and President of the Eclectic Medical Society, Mass., speaks of it in the following terms:

"I have used the Female Strengthening Cordial similar to that prepared by Dr. Geo. W. Swett, 106 Hanover Street, and I regard it as one of the best Medicines for Female Complaints that can be found."

Dr. J. King, Author of "Woman: Her Diseases and their treatment," says:

"This Medicine appears to exert a specific influence on the Uterus. It is a valuable agent in all derangments of the Female Reproducive Organs."

Dr E Smith, President of the New York Association of Botanic Physicians, says:

"No female, if in delicate health, should omit the timely use of this valuable Cordial. I owe much of my success in midwifery to the use of this Medicine."

Mothers and Married Ladies!

The following from Dr. Fay is well worthy your notice—

"As a general remedy for Female Complaints this 'Cordial' is a very valuable one, but by the Profession it is esteemed more highly for its good results during Confinement in relieving the great suffering attendant upon childbirth. I acknowledge with Dr. Smith that much of my success in midwifery is due to the use of this medicine. It strengthens both mother and child. In such cases I follow the directions of Prof. King, by allowing my patients to use it a few weeks previous to confinement, as by the energy it imparts to the Uterine nervous system the labor will be very much facilitated, and removes the cramps which many females are liable to. No woman, if she knew the great value of this Strengthening Cordial would fail to use it."

I have received numerous testimonials from different parts of the country where used. Knowing the good it is capable of doing, I will warrant every bottle of my "Cordial" to be satisfactory in its results.

The following symptoms indicate those affections in which the Female Strengthening Cordial has proved invaluable—

Indisposition to Exertion, Wakefulness, Uneasiness, Depression of Spirits, Trembling, Loss of Power, Pain in the Back, Alternate Chills and Flushing of Heat, Dragging Sensation at the Lower Part of the Body, Headache, Languor, Aching along the Thighs, Intolerance of Light and Sound, Pale Countenance, Derangement of the Stomach & Bowels, Difficult Breathing, Hysteria, &c., &c.

It is a specific remedy in all Uterine Diseases, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Irregularity, Painfulness, Profuse or Suppression of Customary Discharges, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Scirrhus or Ulcerated State of the Uterus, Sterility, &c., &c.

No better Tonic can possibly be put up than this, and none less likely to do harm, as it is composed wholly of vegetable agents, and such as we have known to be valuable, and have used for many years.

Price per Bottle, $1.00.

Sold by Druggists generally; also, sent to any address on receipt of price.

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Lyon's Periodical Drops,
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The Great Female Remedy!
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Lyon's Periodical Drops
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Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!

Lyon's Periodical Drops are
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation

ever brought before the public, and as a diuretic and specific for irregularities, challenges the world to produce an equal; they are, in the most obstinate cases,

Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!

And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,

If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!

Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!

except when expressly forbidden in the directions which are wrapped around each bottle, and have the written signature of DR. JNO. LYON, upon them.

None Others Are Genuine!
None Others Are Genuine!
None Others Are Genuine!
None Others Are Genuine!

Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!

They cure all those ills to which the female system is subjected with dispatch and a degree of certainty which nothing but a scientifically compounded fluid preparation could reach.

Use No Other!
Use No Other!
Use No Other!
Use No Other!

For my Drops stand before the world as the *ne plus ultra* of all remedies, for the cure of all diseases of the kidneys and bladder, Leucoreah, Prolapsus, and the mild, but positive correction of all irregularities.

Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!

by those who have other preparations, which they desire to palm off upon the strength of the popularity of my Drops, and who recommend their own nostrums, thus appropriating to themselves the constant demand for my Periodical Drops as a medium for selling something which is worthless and ineffectual. But when the Druggist you apply to has not got them, either make him buy them for you, or else enclose One Dollar to the nearest General Wholesale Agent, who will return you a bottle by return Express.

You will thus save yourself trouble and obtain relief from the greatest FEMALE REGULATOR of the Nineteenth Century.

Over 25,000 Bottles of this medicine have been sold within the last six months, and every Lady that has used them, but for the nature of the cure would furnish us with her sworn certificate of their efficacy. It takes but One Dollar to make the experiment, and I appeal to those of your sect who are suffering—will you waste away when a single Dollar will give you instant relief.

Prepared solely by DR. JNO. L. LYON, Practicing Physician.

Price $1 per bottle.

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WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
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DISTILLED

RESTORATIVE FOR THE HAIR,

Restores Gray and Faded Hair and Beard to its Natural Color, and is a most Luxurious Dressing

FOR THE HAIR AND HEAD.

Clark's Restorative, Restores the Color.
Clark's Restorative, Eradicates Dandruff.
Clark's Restorative, Promotes its growth.
Clark's Restorative, Prevents its falling off.
Clark's Restorative, Is an unequalled Dressing.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Children.
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Clark's Restorative, Is perfectly harmless.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Oil.
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Clark's Restorative, Is splendid for Whiskers.
Clark's Restorative, Keeps the Hair in its Place.
Clark's Restorative, Cures Nervous Headache.
Clark's Restorative, Prevents Eruptions
Clark's Restorative, Stops Itching and Burning.
Clark's Restorative, Keeps the Head Cool.
Clark's Restorative, Is delightfully perfumed.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Sediment.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Gum.
Clark's Restorative, Polishes your Hair.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Parties.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Balls.
Clark's Restorative, All Ladies need it.
Clark's Restorative, No lady will do without it.
Clark's Restorative, Costs but $1

Is Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Price, $1 per bottle,—6 bottles for $5.

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Of all colors, sizes and qualities.

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* * * I have tried the apparatus and my wife and I proclaim the, same a most valuable and indispensable article, and we now wonder how we could have done so long without it. * * * * [Editor Coal Oil Circular.

* * * An economical contrivance for getting up heat at short notice for nursery and general household purposes, * * * one important point is the saving in cost over coal fires. * * * N. Y. Evening Post.

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Arranged for Kerosene, or Coal Oil, Or Gas. A descriptive pamphlet of thirty pages furnished gratis, also

THE UNION ATTACHMENT.

Price, 50 Cents.

To be attached to a Common Kerosene Lamp or Gas-burner, by which Water may be boiled, and food cooked; also arranged to support a shade.

EVERY FAMILY NEEDS ONE.

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SKINNER'S
PULMONALES

FOR the immediate relief of COUGHS, COLDS HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, &c., &c., &c. They go right to the spot, stop your cough, clear your throat, purify the breath, and give volume to the voice. They are unsurpassed for allaying inflammation in the Larynx, Trachea, and Lungs. They relieve all complaints which originate in the respiratory organs. They will prevent a cold settling upon the lungs. They contain no opium or narcotic properties. They are the safest medicine for children They are useful in every house They are convenient to carry in your pocket, and particularly adapted to the army. Public speakers and singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. They are purely white and in form of a wafer, and are perfectly safe to use for all Bronchial and lung complaints, and have a specific medicinal and curative effect on all diseases of the mucous membrane.

The dose can be graduated so as to be suitable for the infant in the cradle, to the individual of three score years and ten. Officers and soldiers should not be in the field without them.

One Box of the PULMONALES will be sent by mail to any address for forty cents.

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Luxuriant Hair for All

Bogle's Hyperion Fluid, Restores and Dresses Hair.

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Surpass all others. Cheapest, best and most reliable. Try! Be convinced. W. BOGLE,
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WISTAR'S BALSAM
—OF—
WILD CHERRY

Has been used for nearly

HALF A CENTURY!

With the most astonishing success in curing Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, and every affection of

THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST,

INCLUDING EVEN

CONSUMPTION!



THERE is scarcely one individual in the community who wholly escapes, during the season, from some one, however slightly developed, of the above symptoms—a neglect of which might lead to the last named, and most to be dreaded disease in the whole catalogue. The power of the "medicinal gum" of the Wild Cherry Tree over this class of complaints, is well known; so great is the good it has performed, and so great the popularity it has acquired.

In this preparation, besides the virtues of the Cherry, there are commingled with it other ingredients of like value, thus increasing its value ten fold, and forming a Remedy whose power to soothe, to heal, to relieve, and to cure disease, exists in no other medicine yet discovered

From R. FELLOWS, M. D.
HILL, N. H., Nov. 3d, 1860.

S. W. FOWLE & Co.,—

Although I have generally a great objection to patent medicines, I can but say in justice to DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, that it is a remedy of superior value for *Pulmonary Diseases.*

I have made use of this preparation for several years, and it has proved to be very reliable and efficacious in the treatment of severe and long-standing *coughs.* I know of one patient, now in comfortable health, who has taken this remedy, and who, but for its use, I consider would not now be living.

R. FELLOWS, M. D.

From E. T. QUIMBY, M. A., Principal of the "New Ipswich Appleton Academy."
NEW IPSWICH, N. H., Oct. 4th, 1860.

S. W. FOWLE & Co.,—

Gentlemen,—This certifies that for more than fifteen years I have frequently used Dr. Wistar's Balm of Wild Cherry, for Coughs, Colds, and Sore Throat, to which I, in common with the rest of mankind, am subject, and it gives me pleasure to say that I consider it the *very best* remedy for such cases, with which I am acquainted. I should hardly know what to do without it.

Respectfully yours,
E. T. QUIMBY.

From the Depot Master at South Royalston Mass.
SOUTH ROYALSTON, Jan. 4th, 1860.

Messrs. SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston.—

In the spring of 1858 I was most severely afflicted with a hard dry cough, with its usual accompaniments of night sweats, completely prostrating my nervous system, and producing such a debilitated state of health, that after trying medical aid to no purpose, I had given up all hopes of ever recovering, as had also my friends. At this stage of matters I was prevailed upon to try Wistar's Balsam, and before using two bottles the effect was truly magical. My cough entirely left me the night sweats deserted me, hope once more elated my depressed spirits and soon I had attained my wonted strength and vigor.

Thus had this Balsam, as has often been remarked by persons conversant with the above facts in this vicinity, literally snatched me from the yawning grave and restored me to this world for the benefit of the afflicted.

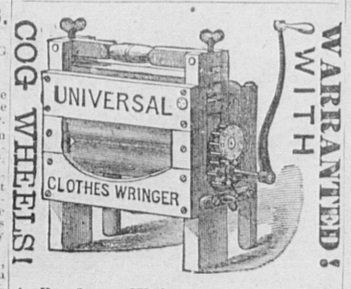
Very respectfully yours.
BENJ. WHEELER.

From GEORGE A. KIMBALL, Esq., Druggist.
HAVERHILL, Nov. 30th, 1860.

Gents,—It is now about eleven years since I took the agency for the sale of Dr. Wistar' Balsam of Wild Cherry, and I can truly say that so far as my observation extends it has proveda most valuable medicine for the cases of Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the Lungs. My sales for the Balsam are increasing. I herewith send you an order for more of the Balsam, which you will please send me soon.

Respectfully yours,
GEORGE A. KIMBALL.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston, and for sale by all druggists.



A Perfect Wringer and Most Excellent Washer Combined.

THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER is the only Wringer with the patent Cog Wheel Regulator which positively prevents the Rolls from wearing out or breaking or twisting on the shaft. It is Self-Adjusting and Adjustable.

It is not only a perfect Wringer, but the Cog Wheels give it a power which makes it a

Most excellent Washer,

(Fully equal to any Washing Machine in use); pressing and separating the dirt with the water from the clothes.

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The Universal Clothes Wringer.

On receipt of the above price from places where no agent is selling, we will send a Wringer free of expense. What we especially want is a good

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in every town. And good man can make larger wages than any other employment will afford, as the demand is great and the sales rapid.

We offer strong inducements, and give the first responsible party who applies the exclusive sale in the town. Address

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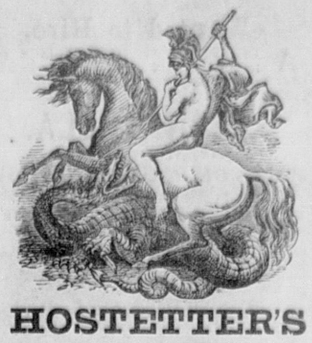
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CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS.

A pure and powerful Tonic, corrective and alterative of wonderful efficacy in disease of the

Stomach, Liver and Bowels,

Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation, Colic, Intermittent Fevers, Cramps and Spasms, and all Complaints of either Sex, arising from Bodily Weakness whether inherent in the system or produced by special causes.

NOTHING that is not wholesome, genial and restorative in its nature enters into the composition of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. This popular preparation contains no mineral of any kind, no deadly botanical element; no fiery extant; but it is a combination of the extracts of rare balsamic herbs and plants with the purest and mildest of all diffusive stimulants.

It is to be forearmed against disease, and, so far as the human system can be protected by human means against maladies engendered by an unwholesome atmosphere, impure water and other external causes, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS may be relied on as a safeguard.

In districts infested with *Fever and Ague*, it has been found infallible as a preventative and irresistable as a remedy and thousands who resort to it under apprehension of an attack, escape the scourge; and thousands who neglect to avail themselves of its protective qualities in advance, are cured by a very brief course of this marvelous medicine. Fever and Ague patients, after being plied with quinine for months in vain, until fairly saturated with that dangerous alkaloid, are not unfrequently restored to health within a few days by the use of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

The weak stomach is rapidly invigorated and the appetite restored by this agreeable Tonic, and hence it works wonders in cases of DYSPEPSIA and in less confirmed forms of INDIGESTION. Acting as a gentle and painless apperient, as well as upon the liver, it also invariably relieves the CONSTIPATION superinduced by irregular action of the digestive and secretive organs.

Persons of feeble habit, liable to *Nervous Attacks, Lowness of Spirits* and *Fits of Languor*, find prompt and permanent relief from the Bitters. The testimony on this point is most conclusive, and from both sexes.

The agony of BILIOUS COLIC is immediately assuaged by a single dose of the stimulant, and by occasionally resorting to it, the return of the complaint may be prevented.

As a General Tonic, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS produce effects which must be experienced or witnessed before they can be fully appreciated. In cases of *Constitutional Weakness, Premature Decay* and Debility and Decrepitude arising from OLD AGE, it excelses the electric influence In the convalescent stages of all diseases it operates as a delightful invigorant. When the powers of nature are relaxed, it operates to re-enforce and re-establish them.

Last but not least, it is *The Only Safe Stimulant*, being manufactured from sound and innocuous materials, and entirely free from the acid elements present more or less in all the ordinary tonics and stomachics of the day.

No family medicine has been so universally, and, it may be truly added, deservedly popular with the intelligent portion of the community, as HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Prepared by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Storekeepers everywhere.

HELMBOLD'S
GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, a Positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calcareous depositions, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

For Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:—

Indisposition to Exertion,	Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory,	Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves,	Trembling,
Horror of Disease,	Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision,	Pain in the Back,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,	
Hot Hands,	Flushing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin,	Eruptions on the Face,
Pallid Countenance.	

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

Impotency, Futuity, Epileptic Fits,

In one of which the Patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "Direful Diseases,"

"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, *but none will confess. The records of the insane asylums*

And Melancholy Deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the Truth of the assertion.

The Constitution once affected with Organic Weakness requires the aid of Medicine to Strengthen and Invigorate the System.

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does.

A Trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females—Females—Females.

In many Affections peculiar to Females the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy. as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leuchorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicines for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash Cures

Secret Diseases

In all their Stages, At little Expense, Little or no change in Diet. No inconvenience, And no Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous, Diseased and wornout Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands who have been the Victims of Quacks, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the URINARY ORGANS, whether existing in MALE or FEMALE, from whatever cause originating and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these Organs requires the aid of a DIURETIC. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE GREAT DIURETIC, and is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is Recommended.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will accompany the medicine.

Price, $1.00 per bottle, or Six for $5.00. Delivered to any Address, securely packed from observation.

Describe Symptoms in all Communications.

Cures Guaranteed! Advice Gratis!!

Address letters for information to

H. B. HELMBOLD, Chemist,
104 South Tenth-st., bel. Chestnut, Philadelphia.

HELMBOLD'S *Medical Depot,*
HELMBOLD'S *Drug and Chemical Warehouse,*
594 Broadway, New York.

☞ Beware of counterfeits and unprincipled dealers who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by Helmbold's Genuine Preparations. Ext. Buchu—Ext. Sarsaparilla—Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by all druggists everywhere.

Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Cut out the Advertisement and send for it. And avoid imposition and exposure.

For sale in Woburn by W. C. BRIGHAM.



Friends and Relatives
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIERS & SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
AND
OINTMENT.

All who have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care, that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

Coughs and Colds affecting Troops

will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite, Incidental to Soldiers.

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

Weakness or Debility Induced by over Fatigue,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's should be recommended for Dysentery and Falx, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

Volunteers Attention! Indiscretions of Youth.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises,

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Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

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Poetry.

For the Middlesex Journal.

MR. EDITOR:—The following lines were written by a native of South Reading, who is now a resident of Baltimore, as a memorial of the 59th Regt. passing through the city of his adoption, and although not written for publicity, yet knowing they will be read with pleasure by his many friends, I place them for your acceptance. J. F. E.

The rattling drum roll, and the clear,
Shrill stirring sound of fifes are near—
Sounds not unwonted in these days
Of stern grim strife and battle frays.
Each day a thronging warrior band
March to obey their chief's command.
Onward they move, through dusk and damp,
From sunrise shores of Maine afar,
To States where gleams fair Empire's star;
From sunny crests of Northern hills,
To far Sierra's golden rills;
From dark Pacific's flushing surf,
By Northland lakes and rivers grand,
To deep Atlantic's rocky strand;
'Mid hamlets lone, in realms remote,
Brave men have heard the war drum's note;
Quick to obey its thrilling call,
Have left their homes and loved ones all—
March firmly, bravely to the front,
To dare the battle's fiery brunt,
And wave fair freedom's peerless stars
In face of Godless treason's bars!
And Massachusetts has a place;
Her heroes move with martial grace,
While here and there the service bars,
On forearm, tell of cruel scars;
Of victory and defeat they tell—
Of soldiers fighting till they fell.
When the Potomac, red with blood,
Bore dying heroes down its flood,
There on these fatal bluffs behold
Our brave McKay and Warren bold;
Through the fierce battle's fiery din,
They fearless stood, as ranks grew thin;
'Mid bursting shell and crashing sho',
To "*go or die*" they wavered not;
None braver, of the ancient sires,
When *first* gleamed Freedom's deathless fires.

More near, sweet sounds of music pour
Along the streets of Baltimore;
The morning sun in splendor shines
On bayonets keen, in gleaming lines,
And when the silvery silken fold
Of Bay State banner fair unrolled,
We searched with eager eye and glance
For some familiar countenance;
For down these ranks in army blue,
Are loyal faces, known and true.
No showering bricks from housetops tall,
Or pistol shots from screening wall,
Around the veteran warriors fall.
Our "*Fifty ninth.*" God shield them all,
As dauntless to the front they press,
For conflict in the Wilderness!
Who holds the Battle Flag? its stars of gold
Are borne by our own Townsend bold!
And who is worthier to bear than he,
With *shattered hand*, the banner of the free?
He saw it shine with dew of life blood wet,
At Roanoke, and Newberne's parapet,
And now unfurls above the glittering line,
The sacred Banner, ever more divine!
"O'er conquer'd Richmond's streets we hope to tread,
With this bright banner to free sunshine spread!"
Then said with lion heart, nor 'bated breath,
"I bear it on, to victory or death!"
Hasten, brave men! your glorious eagle speed—
Be Victory ever where those colors lead.
Speed, shining stars, and light the heavy gloom,
Where foul Rebellion waits its final doom!
Strike once again, for *Liberty*, for *God*,
O'er brothers' graves, and where the lost ones trod,
While through the thunder crash, the volleying din,
May Freedom's golden light shine grandly in.

Proof of a Proverb.

WRITTEN FOR MISS M. T. D****, BY FRANCO.

"Poeta nascitur—orator fit,"
There's no kind of use in denying it;
So I'll give you the proof on which I've hit.
"Poeta nascitur,"—once on a time,
A friend (one that's a friend of mine
Tried his hand at turning a rhyme.
Sweep and sheep, as all good people know,
Jingle as well as snow and blow.
Forgetting that rhyme, like folks, has feet,
He wrote his verse with his wit asleep.
I'll give you the words direct to show,
Lest I get blamed for saying so:

"The wind blew down our west sweep,
Father and I put it up. Sheep!"

By this quotation, I think to prove
That the muse cannot by all be wooed.
But lest you ask for a larger amount,
I give you this to add to the count;
It was written by one in the early time
When life seems to most but a joyous chime,
Yet a touch of sadness mingles its strains,
As sun-gendered rainbows shine through the rains:

"Once there was a baby born,
But now it has gone;
Its parents do over it weep,
Because it's in a deep sleep!"

By these examples, and many more,
Which it won't do to stop to add encore,
I think I have proved, as I promised, that
"Poeta nascitur" is a stubborn fact,
The last of all is "orator fit,"
Nor is it less hard the proving it,
'Tis to remind you of what you know,
And you will allow the thing is so
Think of the Grecian now cramming in stones,
And talking to ocean in stammering tones;
Think of the "Dinner Bell's" first faltering speech,
Commenced in the house, but adjourned to the street;
Think—but no, by this I'm sure you've thought
That all of your naye must come to nought,
"Poeta nascitur—orator fit,"
There's no kind of use in denying it.
So I've given you the proof on which I've hit.
And here I shall stop, tho' not out of wit,
But because I'm so "shy of using it."

GOD A LOVER OF BEAUTY.—We doubt not that God is a lover of beauty. We speak reverently. He fashioned the world in beauty when there was no eye to behold it but his own. All along the wild forest He has carved the forms of beauty. Every cloud and mist-wreath and vapor veil is a shadowy reflection of beauty. Every spring and rivulet, river and ocean, is a glossy mirror of beauty. Every diamond and rock and pebbly beach is a mine of beauty. Every sea and planet and star is a blazing face of beauty. All along the aisles of earth, all over the arches of heaven, all through th expanse of the universe, are scattered, in rich and infinite profusion, the life gems. of beauty. All natural motion is beauty in action. From the mote that plays in a little frolic in the sunbeam, to the world that blazes along the firmament, are visible the ever-varying features of the enrapturing spirit of beauty. All this great realm of dazzling and bewildering beauty was made by God.

TWICE AT BAY.

BY EDW. WILLETT.

It was midnight in East Tennessee, not the night of nature, but the middle of that dark and detestable night during which that persecuted region was crushed under the Davis despotism. It was political midnight in East Tennessee. It was nearly twilight, when a young man and a young girl sat at the open window of a fine mansion near a pleasant little village—a village now almost swept out of existence by the Sirrocco breath of war.

The girl was Mary Basham, an orphan, who with her brother Richard, had inherited the splendid property of her parents, consisting mostly of land and slaves. The greater part of the slaves, had been left to her brother; but the mansion belonged to them in common, and she also owned a good sum in Louisville bank shares. Her brother had taken up arms to protect his property, as he said, and as he probably thought and was then a Captain of Confederate guerillas. Mary Basham was considered a "great catch," and it was certainly strange, if not improper, in Mrs. Grundy's eyes, that she should love that fair-haired young man who sat by her side at the open window, for Ernest Elder had no riches, except a fair share of talent and a true and honest heart. He was only a music teacher, and a German at that. Consequently, he was worse than a Yankee, and a marriage with him would be as bad a mesalliance as Mary Basham could make.

"You are foolish, Ernest," said the girl as she plucked a flower from the vine and pulled it to pieces. "What is the Union to you that you are so anxious to make yourself a martyr for its sake? Besides, what can you do for the Union by hiding out in the woods and mountains, and being hunted down at last, and hung, or shot, or imprisoned? So far, although you have been subject to annoyance, you escaped harm; and now, if you will simply submit to the new order of things, all will be well, and you will not be troubled."

"The Union is everything to me, Mary Basham," said the young man, "for it sheltered me, and its flag protected me when I came to this country an exile; and under the Union I have enjoyed the fruit of my labor, and have been happy and contented. It would be worse than ingratitude to desert it now, because I happen to be among its enemies."

"Then you will leave me," said the girl, as she tore a flower passionately.

"I must, Mary, unless you can be convinced that it is politic as well as right to seek peace and safety on Union ground. But that is not to be expected, and I do not wonder at you, being a slave owner."

"O, bother the slaves," broke in the impetuous girl. "They are more trouble than they are worth, and always were. Dick Basham is welcome to all of them, if he wants them, except Hessy and little Jim. I always felt as if I belong to them, more than they belong to me, and the feeling is irksome. But as for those guerilla bands, like that of brother Dick's, they are a disgrace to the country, and ought not to be permitted. Dick has said he meant to bring his gang of ruffians here some night, and give them a supper—as if I would stay in the house where these wretches were holding their drunken orgies! I dared him to do it. Humph! he talks so much about the blood of the Bashams—let him try to commit such an outrage on common decency, and he will find that there is as much blood of the Bashams in my veins as in his. I will let master officer know that I am not to be frightened by him."

The conversation was here interrupted by a rough-looking man, dressed in brown homespun, badly tattered, and carrying a long rifle upon his shoulder, who came hurriedly over the lawn toward the house. Hardly stopping to knock, he entered the front door and pushed into the room where Mary Basham and Ernest Felder were talking.

"Beg pardon, Miss," said he, pulling a slouched hot from an unkempt head, and resting the butt of his rifle upon the carpet; sorry to come in so sudden like, but I hevn't no time for perliteness. Mr. Felder, the guerillas has been huntin' for you in the village, and they ken trot. So there ain't no time for tradin' horses, ef you want to git off."

"It has come sooner than I expected, Mary," said Ernest, as he started up. I must bid you farewell now, and perhaps forever. If I can reach the federal lines safely, I will try to get word to you."

"No use talking 'bout the Federal lines now, Mr. Felder," said the rough-looking man, "for here's the guerillas."

As he spoke, about twenty horsemen, dressed in a homespun imitation of the Confederate uniform, rode up the street, and halted in front of the mansion. They were a villainous set to look at, and were armed with all sorts of weapons, from a hunting rifle to a flintlock pistol. At their head rode a young man in the gay uniform of a Confederate officer, whose seat in the saddle was quite unsteady.

"They are a part of Dick Basham's gang," said Mary, as she coolly surveyed them from the window, "and he is with them, and he is drunk again, I'll be bound. It is enough to destroy any man's respect for himself, to associate with such wretches, and I should think nothing could induce a gentleman, as Dick Basham used to be, to do it.

"Come, Ben Sterling," said Felder, who had hastily seized his hat, "we can yet escape by the back way."

"No!" exclaimed the girl as her eye shot fire. "You can do no such thing, for they have already surrounded the house. Come, now, you two, you are men, and you have arms, and if it comes to the worst, you know how to sell your lives dearly. But let me do my part first, for I tell you that not a man of that gang shall cross this threshold while Mary Basham lives! Mr. Felder, give me one of your pistols."

Quite overcome by the intrepidity and energy of the high-spirited girl, Ernest Elder almost mechanically handed her a pistol. As quick as thought, she brought out from an adjoining closet a large tin can filled with powder, carried it into the hall, threw open the door, and stood there, with pistol in hand, proud and defiant, and beautiful in her pride and defiance.

Capt. Basham, with four of his rough troopers dismounted, and walked toward the house. The path was hardly wide enough for the gallant captain, whom a commission as a lieutenant-general could not have induced to walk in a straight line. But he staggered on until he was brought to a sudden pause by the ringing voice of his sister.

"Halt there, Dick Basham!" exclaimed the indignant girl.

"What do you want here, with that pack of dirty hounds at your heels? None of your ragamuffin cut-throats shall enter this house, nor shall you until you are sober."

"Don't be foolish, Mary," hiccoughed the officer. "We only want that goldarned Dutch Tory Abolition piano tuner, if he is in the house. He must fight for the South now, or hang."

"Ernest Felder is here," answered Mary, "and he is no Dutch Tory Abolition piano tuner, but a gentleman, and that is more than you are now, Dick Basham. He has harmed neither you nor any one else, and has not meddled with your niggers, or any other man's, and you shall not touch him while he is under my roof."

"It is my roof as much as it is yours, Mary," persisted Dick, who was inclined to temporize when he saw that the "blood of the Bashams" was fairly up in his sister.

"It is not; for you said the house was to be all mine while the war lasted, if I would let you have Jake and Henry. If it was not mine, none of your thieving gang should ever enter it, nor shall you, as I told you, until you are sober."

"Come on, boys," said Basham, as he commenced to stagger toward the house. "My sister is carrying the joke too far. We are not to be turned from our duty by a girl. Make way there, Mary, for we must search the house."

"Halt there for your life!" his sister almost shouted, in a tone that caused the young man to stop instantly. "Do you know this can of powder, Dick Basham?" said she, as she pointed to it with her pistol. "And this?" thrusting the muzzle deep among the shining black grain. "Now I warn you, sir, that if you or any of your thieves approach a step nearer, I will blow house and all to atoms, as far as this can of powder can do it."

"Hold, Mary!" exclaimed her brother, whom her desperate resolution had almost sobered. "For God's sake take your pistol out of that powder! You are excited; and the least slip of your finger would send you and perhaps all of us into eternity."

"I am as cool as ice, Dick Basham," answered the girl, "and my nerves are as firm as iron. Now mark me; I give you until I count twenty to mount your horses and ride away from here. If you do not leave in that time, I swear to you by the blood of all the Bashams, that I will fire the pistol into the powder. One—two—"

"I'll be bound she'd do it, captain," said one of the men. "I can see it in her eye, and I reckon we'd better be goin'."

"Of course she would," said Basham almost indignantly. "I would never own her for a sister of mine, if she had't spunk enough for that. Well she mut have her way this time, and we will have chances enough to catch the Dutchman."

"We are going now, Mary," he continued, "but you will be sorry for this, and if you have so far forgotten your position and your duty as to fall in love with that piano tuner, both you and he shall pay dearly for it."

"Never fear but that I can take care of my position and my duty, Dick Basham," said the girl, as the guerillas mounted their horses and rode away.

When it was fairly night, Felder bade Mary good-by, and went to the hills with Ben Sterling. Mary sent her boy Jim with them, to bring her word if they got off safely; and when the boy returned she sent him back to their temporary hiding place, with two horses and a supply of provisions.

Ernest Felder, after much hardship and some narrow escapes, reached the Federal lines in safety. Finding a number of his old friends in the cavalry force, some of them in high rank, he joined that arm of the service; and, as he had a thorough military education, and was as brave as a man may well be, his promotion was quite rapid; so that in the course of time he was known as Maj. Felder, and was spoken of as a very promising officer.

It was many long months after the midnight of East Tennessee, before the gleam of Union bayonets and the flash of Union sabres began to make a very pleasant sort of sunrise in that region. In the advance of the grand army, which at last carried relief and protection to that persecuted people, was a fine squadron of cavalry, which occupied, after a slight resistance, the village near which Mary Basham lived. This squadron was commanded by Maj. Ernest Felder.

Dick Basham had been killed while making a brave, but desperete defence against the overwhelming force of the Federals when they entered the village; and his sister, although she did not love him as she formerly had, was indignant at his death, and resolved to revenge it if she could find a shadow of excuse for so doing. So, with the "blood of the Bashams" boiling in her veins, she seated herself at the same window where she and Ernest had sat so many months before.

More troops came pouring into the village, among them an infantry regiment, all tired and hungry. An army on the march seldom treats very tenderly the country through which it passes, nor is discipline always preserved as it should be. Some of these men were excited by liquor, and others were foraging about as they chose.

A number of them made their appearance at Mary Basham's fine mansion, and commenced a raid upon the pigs and poultry. Mary warned them off, but they laughed at her, and ordered her to open the door, threatening to break it open if she refused. She again warned them off, and levelled her rifle at the foremost man. The soldier laughed, and advanced toward the door with a rail to burst it in. Mary Basham coolly sighted her piece, but as she drew the trigger a fine looking, fair-haired officer rode up in front of the disorderly soldiers just in time to receive the bullet in his shoulder. He fell from his horse, and had only strength enough to order the men to protect that house, and to carry him in. It was Ernest Felder.

When Mary Basham saw who it was that she had shot, she quite forgot the death of her brother in this new calamity, and her coolness and firmness forsook her entirely. She did her best, however, to cure the wound she had inflicted, and the presence of the wounded officer in the house was the best protection she could have had.

It was two months before Ernest fully recovered, and when he was able to return to duty, Mary Basham felt that she was not forgetting her position in marrying the brave and talented officer.

LOOK UP.—It is what we rejoice to see,—men, women and children, rich and poor, old and young, always looking up. It shows the purity of your intentions, and the determination of your hearts. We never despair of a man, however poor and degraded he may be, who looks up—springs up. We see in him the elements of a true man. No matter if the seas have swallowed your property, or the fires have consumed your dwellings,—look up, and take fresh courage. Is your name a by word or a reproach? Look up to the sky, and let its image be reflected in your heart. Detraction will then rebound from your bosom. Are you trod upon by the strong? Look up—push up,—and you will stand as strong as he. Are you crowded out of the society of the rich? Look up, and soon your company will be coveted; whatever may be your circumstances or condition in life, always make it a point to look up—to rise higher and higher.—and you will attain your fondest expectations. Success may be slow, but surely it will come. Heaven is on the side of those who look up.

ADVERTISE.—An exchange says if any person in business would succeed, he must let people know where he is and what he is about; and a business that will not pay to advertise in these times is not worth pursuing. Many persons have an idea that after they have been some time in business it is not necessary to advertise further. But that is an idea suited to dead men, and not to those who mean to compete in the struggles of life. Do they suppose that nobody is born here? That the same people are purchasing now that did ten years ago?

DINNER AS AN EDUCATOR.—You will find that a great deal of character is imparted and recieved at a table. Parents too often forget this; and, therefore, instead of swallowing your food in sullen silence, instead of brooding over your business, instead of severely talking about others, let the conversation at the table be genial, kind, social, and cheering. Don't bring disagreeable things to the table in your conversation any more than you would in your dishes. For this reason, too, the more company you have at your table the better for your children. Every conversation with company at your table is an educator of the family. Hence the intelligence and the refinement and the appropriate behaviour of the family which is given to hospitality. Never feel that intelligent visitors can be anything but a blessing to you and yours. How few have fully gotten hold of the fact that company and conversation at the table are no small part of education.—*Dr Todd.*

ORANGES IN THE AZORES.—Nowhere are oranges of more importance than in the Azores. These islands live upon them, both directly as food, and indirectly as a profitable investment. Just as in other parts of the world a man's wealth is reckoned by the number of sheep, cattle, or horses which he can call his own, so here the orange-tree forms the unit of value. You do not say such a one is worth so many thousand pounds, but that he has a *quinta* containing so many trees. High and low, rich and poor alike, derive their incomes from oranges. Whether it be for good or evil, the population are certainly not "divorced from the soil" in the Azores, for while the great proprietor has his thousand or fifteen hundred stems, the peasant rejoices in the "orange tints that gild the greenest bough" upon his own dozen or half-dozen trees. During the years when the orange-trees are yielding no fruit, maize or beans are grown between their ranks, but seldom afterwards, unless the owner be very poor, or very greedy. The islanders devote their whole time, thought, and energies to the cultivation of the orange, and watch over the trees with great care and anxiety, to preserve them from the violence of the elements, or the ravages of that destructive insect, the coccus. The crop is generally bought by the merchant before it has reached maturity, and there are professional valuers who have attained great precision in calculating the produce of each tree. After the bargain is made, however, the weather or the insects may play sad havoc with the quinta, and cause heavy loss to the purchaser. The well-known Saint Michael oranges, so much esteemed in England, come from the largest of the Azores, which, upon an area of two hundred and twenty-nine miles, yields annually oranges to the value of about ninety thousand pounds, and to the number of nearly three hundred millions. A seventh of this quantity is usually consumed by the inhabitants; the rest is exported.

ECONOMY IN SOCIAL EXPENSES. — The movement of the ladies in behalf of economy of expenditure, is especially important in view of the fact that in this country the women determine the scale of living. It is one of the peculiarities of American social life. Why, we need not discuss here, but the women have an overruling influence on society. In all classes, it is the wife or daughter who determines the style of the home and the general rate of expenditure. The men are sufficiently extravagant, and waste money enough, but it is not generally in social expenses. The furniture, the dress and ornament of women and children, the number of servants, the style of living,—all those little things which make up a great deal of the expenses of the household,—are legislated on and settled by the weaker sex. Now it happens that most of the luxuries and extravagances in this direction are of foreign source, and must be imported. When brought here they do not—the most of them—add anything to the wealth of the country, and they must be paid for, to a considerable extent, in gold.

Our extravagance acts in two ways to injure the national cause. It diminishes the resources of the people for supporting the war, and it raises the price of every article which the government requires, or which the people consume. With gold at 200, every man, women or child receives only half a dollar's worth of commodities for every dollar, and is so far unable to help the government, while the government must pay double for all it buys, and each year be doubling the debt (and consequent taxation) which it ought legitimately to incur. Economy, saving in luxuries and indulgences—especially the imported,— will at once leave at freedom a large part of the annual savings of the country, to enrich its capital and to be placed in government funds. The richer the people are, the more certainly will the taxes be met and the better the public credit. The higher the national credit, and the more raised for the war by loans, the less circulation and the lower the premium on gold. This, of course, is clear to every one. A lessening of imports will also, to a certain degree, bring down the price of gold. All these principles are well known to the community; but the difficulty is to make *individuals* feel their responsibility. It is so very hard for each person to see that "he is the nation,"—that is, that the nation is made up of persons, and if each one is economical and invests his private savings in government securities, the whole people will be paying their debts, and gold will go down.

All rational observers have seen, from the beginning, that the greatest danger to the North was the financial. It was certain that ultimately we must conquer the rebellion; but it might be thought national bankruptcy, and that would be a defeat which would spread disaster over this continent, difficult to imagine. This has been among the possibilities. At the rate of insane private expenditure which has been seen during the past two years, we were rapidly hurrying towards this awful abyss. It is, in a moral point of view, remarkable that the innate good sense and the conscience of our community should not have seen earlier the dreadful want of harmony and propriety—even if no higher considerations were present — between a nation bleeding at every pore, wasting its life-blood and its wealth, and individuals reveling in extravagance, display and luxury.

This movement of the women is not a day too early for the national honor and conscience, or for the financial safety of the country. We are sure that nothing but want of proper instruction in certain elementary truths in political economy has delayed such public action so long. And we know that none will be more persistent in it, or more self-sacrificing, than the women of America. In many families, such economy has been commenced for many months, and even such necessities as tea and sugar, and coffee, have been absent from many tables for a considerable time.

There is fortunately, no danger of our people overdoing economy. Our scale of living is so high that we can spare a great deal and never feel it. We all believe in a good, generous diet, and no doubt one reason of the remarkable "efficiency" of labor in this country is to be found in the good living of all classes. We appreciate, also, the importance of keeping up the grace and comfort of life, for civilization itself depends on such matters. But we all, men and women, are in the habit of wasting our means on a vast number of "extravagances," which we could do quite as well without. And in this fearful struggle, even some things which are ordinarily necessities, could be dispensed with for the sake of the national success.—*N. Y. Times.*

DON'T GIVE UP.—A few days since, we heard of a little boy who put on a pair of skates for the first time, and as usual in such cases, his feet went faster than his head, and he fell.

His elder brother, who was skating with him, on seeing him fall and hurt himself, advised him to give it up.

"No, I shall not give it up," replied the little fellow; "I can learn to skate, and I *will* learn."

And at it he went again, with an energy and determination that bade defiance to all apparent difficulties, and he did learn to skate.

There, thought we, is the boy who will succeed in the world. In twenty years, if he lives, he will have become a man whose influence will be felt in society.

There, my young friends, is a noble lesson for you. "Don't give up," but rather say "I can and I will."

If you are requested to write compositions, "Don't give up."

If you have anything to do, "Don't give up," but let your motto ever be, "I *can* and I *will*."

THE AUTOCRAT OF THE RUSSIAS!—Alexander II is pre-eminently the reformer of the present day. By the disenthralment of myriads of his subjects, Serfdom is rapidly yielding to the light and mission of civilization. He is correcting time honored abuses, and gradually suiting the progress and emancipation of the Russian Serf, to the demands and intelligence of the times, so that the path of Muscovite Royalty is truly democratic and progressive. The status quo of the medical profession at the advent of Dr. Holloway in its midst, was really deplorable,—if not actually retrogressive, but like the Czar he burst the shackles which retarded its progress, and dissipated the fallacies that overshadowed it. He discountenanced innumerable errors which disgraced it, and instituted the doctrine of reason and common sense. The effect of his Pills and Ointment in coughs, colds, and tightness of the chest soon became apparent by the number of his patients, and the increasing demand for his medicines. The speedy relief experienced by sufferers from diseases of the chest arising from sudden colds, by rubbing the Ointment upon the chest morning and evening whence it is absorbed into the system, as salt by meat, is almost marvellous. It allays the irritation and inflammation, and disperses the mucus and humors which collect in the passages and impede the respiration. The Pills act on the somach, liver, and blood, which they invigorate, cleanse, and purify, so that the whole system is thoroughly subjected to the restorative regulating and exhilarating influence of these life-sustaining vegetable and balsamic preparations. For the various disorders peculiar to the winter season, these invaluable medicines will be found equally efficacious. We must not omit to mention that in 1851, Dr. Holloway had the honor of being presented to the late autocrat Nicholas, father of the present Emperor, who gave him a most gracious and distinguished reception, and to show his high appreciation of his celebrated medicines, directed an ukase to be issued, authorizing the free introduction and sale of the Pills and Ointment throughout the Russian dominions.—"*Merchants' Magazine.*"

The Middlesex Journal,

E. MARCHANT, PROPRIETOR.

Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

TERMS—$2.00 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher; and any person wishing his paper discontinued, must give notice thereof at the expiration of the term, whether previous notice has been given or not.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square (14 lines this type) one insertion,	$1 50
Each subsequent insertion,	25
Half a square (seven lines), one insertion,	75
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One square three months,	4 00
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Half a square six months,	4 00
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Less than half a square charged as a square; more than half a square charged as a square.
Larger advertisements as may be agreed upon.

SPECIAL NOTICES, *leaded*, 12 cents per line for one insertion, each subsequent insertion 5 cents.

☞ All advertisements, not otherwise marked on the copy, will be inserted UNTIL ORDERED OUT, and charged accordingly.

AGENTS FOR THE JOURNAL.

South Reading—DR. J. MANSFIELD.
Stoneham—E. T. WHITTIER.
Winchester—JOSIAH HOVEY.
Reading—L. E. D. GLEASON.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., Boston and New York; S. H. NILES, (successor to V. B. Palmer,) Scollay's Building, Court street, Boston, are duly empowered to take advertisements for the JOURNAL, at the rates required by us.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The attention of business men everywhere is called to this paper as an advertising medium. The JOURNAL circulates largely in the towns that surround Woburn, and all will increase their business by advertising in its columns.

Every kind of JOB PRINTING done at short notice, on reasonable terms and in good style.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of correspondents.

☞ Subscribers are requested to remit direct to the office of publication.

The Middlesex Journal.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, JULY 16, 1864

'A LOCAL HABITATION AND A NAME.' Judge Story, when a student at Cambridge, made the very important remark, that there was room for every body in the world, meaning that no one person need be curious of another's ability, aspiration and success, for we were not crowded enough for that, and each should look kindly on all. Every one may have a place and it is his, to the detriment of no one. So of newspapers—no one need be jealous of another—for each has its appropriate field of labor. The newspapers of the large cities, sending out their daily papers with the news from all countries, occupy their field, and the smaller papers, in towns of moderate dimensions, have theirs, and circumscribed as is their sphere, dwelling mainly on local topics, it is none the less important. The historian, Macaulay, writing the history of England, sought to give us the form and purpose of local and domestic life, and to show us how our fathers and mothers lived. This local and domestic portraiture had been too much overlooked by previous historians, who presented us with battles, courts, kings and queens, and courtiers—dry enough, and bloody and corrupt. But Macaulay, made to live over again, in his pages, the fireside enjoyments, the ancient modes of dress, household furniture, country inns, stage coaches, rural sports, and the observance of the Sabbath. With curious eyes looking into the past, he gathered up the little incidents of home life, the occurrences in rural and far off towns, and built up again the scenes of the past. Local papers, like our own, should aim to preserve for the future historian of our country, the familiar outlines which mark every locality, and make intelligible and attractive the lives of men. We shall aim to discharge our duty in this respect, and will thank our friends to communicate to us, for publishment, those local items, which however small and uninteresting they may seem, in themselves, yet, when presented in a picture of our town and the surrounding towns and villages, assume a greater importance, and serve not only valuable ends for history, but bring into better acquaintance those who live together, and create a general interest in the community.

We intend to do all that we can, in every respect, to make attractive and acceptable to our readers, the "JOURNAL;" to aim not to foster prejudices and create discord, but to remove improper biases and promote harmony and the highest interests of all. Will the people aid us and give us a hearty and steady support? Will they come forward, as subscribers and advertisers? and thereby enable us to accomplish the most desirable results. Our patronage must be almost entirely local, for our circle is thus limited, but within that seemingly narrow outline, there is enough to interest, instruct and elevate. To the people of Woburn and the patrons of this paper, we make these suggestions. Our cause is one. Let us all take hold together and do our work, well and promptly.

The journeymen Curriers of Woburn are on a "strike." They do not complain of the prices paid by their employers, but, as we understand it, they seek to dictate as to who shall be employed in establishments in which they work. The journeymen Curriers of South Danvers and Salem had a strike last spring, and the same demands were made by them there, as here. We believe that they have generally returned to their work, though the bosses made no concessions. The journeymen should remember that they are not so strong of purse as their employers, and they should also bear in mind the fact, that where there is much "striking," there are blows to receive as well as give. We trust the difficulty will soon be accommodated, and that the journeymen, who are doubtless well-meaning men, will shortly return to their usual, and really profitably and healthy, avocation. In the meantime, let all concerned be kind and considerate towards each other, and if there are wrongs on either side, let them be redressed, in a spirit of mutual concession and forbearance.

THE ONE HUNDRED DAYS' MEN.—The President, as our readers are already aware, has called for one hundred thousand volunteers, to garrison our forts, &c. There never was a time when men were more urgently needed by the government than at this juncture, when the rebels are making almost superhuman efforts to invade the free States. There should be a prompt and cheerful response, and a going forth to meet the pressing exigencies of the hour. We must not falter now in the holy cause of sustaining the government; and while we all desire peace, we know that in order to obtain it, we must quit ourselves like men. The rebellion must be subdued; the rebels must be humbled and brought into complete submission, before the great Northern heart can be softened and the way of the return of the South to the Union be made acceptable and plain. The eyes of the world are upon us, and as good and patriotic citizens, let every man be ready to bear his part in crushing out the monster's life, and bringing the now discordant States into a perfect union of heart and hand. The great prosperity which we believe awaits us in the future, can only be secured by a faithful performance of our duty *now*. We must be emulous to preserve and hand down to posterity, wholly unimpaired, the liberty which it cost us so much blood and treasure to obtain. Woburn has a work to do in this matter. Let her do it at once.

OUR CORRESPONDENTS.—It would be hard to find a more able corps of writers than those who from week to week contribute to the columns of this paper. We hope to make their personal acquaintance soon. Nothing adds more to the interest and value of the JOURNAL, than the letters from Reading, South Reading, Stoneham, Winchester, etc. We have only a word to say to their authors, as to all others who favor us with local information, and that is, if possible, Be short. The pressure upon our columns is great, and while short articles will always be thankfully received, and be sure of a place, the exigency of the hour may, sometimes, compel us to leave out altogether, or materially abridge, papers of great value, on which much time and labor may have been bestowed. Besides, short articles are best, are oftener read, and are generally more attractive and more easily comprehend and remembered. Be short, but terse, always bearing in mind the old maxim, "That a long newspaper article is a 'scare-crow' to the general reader."

NEW TYPE.—A portion of the JOURNAL appears in new type to-day. It is from the establishment of Phelps & Dalton, Boston, whose type, for beauty of cut, finish and durability, has a reputation exceeded by none. We shall make other improvements in the appearance of the JOURNAL, as soon as it may be convenient to do so.

GOING UP—The price of the New York dailies. They have heretofore been sold for three cents. After the first of August five will be the price. Paper, and almost everything else connected with publishing newspapers, has advanced about three hundred per cent. When will the publishers of this section have the moral courage to charge a fair price for their services to community?

The Unitarians of Woburn are greatly enlarging and improving their church. When the extension and repairs are completed, it will be one of the ornaments of the place. The churches of Woburn are models of neatness and beauty. Nothing speaks more plainly in praise of a people than elegant, spacious and costly churches. The Congregational church is a large and handsome structure, and we think its superior cannot be found in any town in Massachusetts.

A heavy gale of wind swept over this place on Monday evening last. It was accompanied by lightning and thunder. Though the clouds looked uncommonly dark and portentous, no damage was done, and not a drop of rain fell, the want of which is severely felt.

The pirate Florida is destroying vessels on our coast. Government has sent several steamers in search of her. We trust she may soon meet the fate of that late scourge of the seas, the Alabama.

Cool, sparkling, delicious Soda, is one of the "institutions" of hot weather. It can be found opposite our office, at the store kept by Dr. Brigham.

Harper's Monthly, for August, is for sale at the Woburn Bookstore. The contents are rich and varied, as is always the case with this first-class publication.

The JOURNAL is for sale at the Woburn Bookstore.

PROCEEDINGS OF TOWN MEETING, July 11, 1864.—On Art. 1, chose Stephen M. Allen, Moderator.

On Art. 2—Voted, That the Selectmen (in accordance with Chap. 38, Sec. 38, of the General Statutes of Mass.) select at their discretion, and appropriate the same for the enlargement of the school-house lot on Warren Street, lands now owned and occupied by Benjamin Daland, Samuel C. Skelton, or others, if, in their judgment, said lands cannot be purchased of the proprietors at reasonable rates for the purposes contemplated.

Voted to dissolve the meeting. W.

ROBBERY.—The Horn Pond depot, on the Woburn Branch Railroad, was entered by a window on the night of the 12th instant, by a thief, and thirty-one pairs of Oxford Ties stolen. They were worth about a dollar a pair. The thief was probably frightened at something, as he left valuable articles behind him, which one bent on plunder could have readily secured.

Since the above was in type, we learn that six pair of the ties have been returned, by an Irishman, who said he found them in the bushes near the railroad track.

THE CENTRAL HOUSE is a well kept hotel. Mr. Norris, the proprietor, spares no pains or expense, to make everything agreeable and comfortable to his guests. His tables are furnished with every delicacy and all the substantials the market affords. The Clerk, Mr. D. F. Stevens, is obliging and courteous, thoroughly acquainted with his business and the wants of the public. The waiters are attentive and polite. Mr. Norris has recently made great improvements in the "Central," and the surrounding buildings. He deserves a generous support.

MILITARY ITEMS. — We regret to learn that Corporal Hiram S. Page, of Co. K, 1st Reg. Mass. H. Artillery, died in hospital, at West Philadelphia, on the 9th inst., from a gun-shot wound, by which his skull was fractured. Corporal P. was a citizen of North Woburn.

Private William O'Brien has arrived home. He is on furlough, having been wounded.

Lieut. L. F. Wyman, is at home, on a furlough. He lost a finger in battle recently.

Roderick McDonald is supposed to have been taken prisoner by the rebels.

Corporal Wm. H. Matthews, who was wounded at the battle of the Wilderness, has arrived home.

Corporal H. N. Shepard, his term of service having expired, is now at home.

Private Louis M. Walker, who was wounded in the wrist and leg, and had the latter amputated, died in hospital at Alexandria, Va., June 30th.

Mr. John W. Smith, of the U. S. steamer Powhatten, has returned home, his term of service having expired.

The discharged members of the Woburn Union Guard are making preparations to receive their comrades, who are soon to return home. They should have a warm reception.

The Woburn Mechanic Phalanx, after securing about seventy men, with the intention of volunteering in the 5th Regiment, have, it is said, abandoned the idea for the present.

☞ We shall always endeavor to put our paper to press at an early hour in the afternoon of Friday. This is necessary in order to get our large edition into the mails by Saturday morning. Correspondents and advertisers will please remember this.

The attention of the reader is invited to the notice of the ladies connected with the Woburn Branch Sanitary Commission.

The object for which they intend to meet is a good one, and we trust ample funds will be placed at their disposal. Much suffering has been alleviated by the Sanitary Commission heretofore; and the grand work must not be suffered to languish for want of means.

Enrolled men will please give their attention to the Provost Marshal's Notice.

THE CHILDREN connected with the Unitarian Sabbath School held a Pic-nic on the grounds of Jos. R. Kendall, on Thursday last. Refreshments were abundant, the Music good, and a large company were in attendance.

Adjutant General Schouler, in a letter to the Governor, turns the tables upon the members of the convention recently assembled here, who called in question the correctness of the rolls in his office. His demonstration that they are correct is complete, and the remark that the trouble in regard to enlistments in towns chiefly arises from the employment of bounty brokers cannot be disputed with truth. Let the town authorities be as solicitous to obtain men for the U. S. army as they are to fill their quotas, and there will be no difficulty between the various officials connected with recruiting.—*Boston Transcript.*

In these days of "Hard Times," when the public is complaining, especially our laboring class, that it takes two dollars to go as far as one formally did to procure eatables, and when so many imitations of genuine articles are brought into the market, there is nothing which has appeared that comes so near the pure, as regards quality and flavor, of any of them, as the "HARD TIMES COFFEE." See advertisement.

The total debt of the country on the last of this month will be one thousand seven hundred and twenty-five millions.

READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

The shoe manufactory of Caleb D. Brown, Esq., was entered Tuesday night by removing a pane of glass, and seven cases of boots and shoes were abstracted therefrom by thieves, probably several in number. It would seem that they were quite deliberate in their movements; after securing their boots they went to the barn of Mr. William Kingman, took his horse and harness, and then attached the animal to a wagon suited to their purpose, belonging to Mr. Hiram Litchfield on Main Street. The horse, wagon and harness has been recovered; the horse was found in a barn near Spot pond, it having been found at large by the owner of the barn, and kindly taken care of; the wagon and harness were found in the woods at some distance from the road. Mr. Brown offers a reward of one hundred dollars for the recovery of the goods, and a like sum for the detection and conviction of the thieves, to which the Selectmen add two hundred dollars.

Mr. Wallis Davis, formerly of the 13th Regiment Mass. Volunteers, has recently been commissioned a Lieutenant in Col. Gould's Regiment, the 59th.

Considerable effort has been made for a few days past to raise a company of one hundred days' men from this town, and some twelve names were obtained, when, owing to an unfortunate occurrence, the whole movement received its quietus—so I am informed.

Rev. Mr. Wilcox is ill with rheumatic fever, and has consequently been unable to preach for several Sabbaths.

The Navy Department seems all at once to be wide awake in sending some ten vessels, or boats, after the pirate Florida; but it is quite probable these ships are slow coaches, which the Florida will be little concerned about. This tremendous effort now, reminds us of the wisdom of the man who put a button on his barn door *after* the horse was stolen.

LENO.

SOUTH READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

DEATH BY DROWNING.—Last week the Middlesex Journal and other papers referred to an accident by drowning in Crystal Lake, Stoneham. Crystal Lake is in South Reading, where the young man (Gordon Rose) was stopping at the house of Doct Lewis, who lives on the border of the Lake. The family were enjoying a pleasant bath in the lake on Wednesday afternoon of last week, Rose and another friend, a surgeon in the army, also stopping there, being of the party. Rose undertook to cross the lake, remarking that he could swim well in salt water, but did not know how he should succeed in fresh water. He was told that he carried himself excellently well. The surgeon, however, who could not swim, took the boat and rowed, keeping a little distance from him. After a while Rose said, "My strength is failing, and you must help me." The surgeon thought him jesting, as he saw no appearance of faltering, but still made towards him, when he again exclaimed, "I am sinking, and you must save me." The oar was extended to him, but he was too much exhausted to lay hold of it, and sank. He arose to the surface several times, but each time at a distance from the spot at which he last went down. This was a terrible scene for the family and friends on shore to witness. Mr. Tasker, who arrived from Boston soon after, recovered the body with grappling irons. Efforts were made until midnight to resuscitate the body, but in vain. Some two or three years ago, Mr. Tasker, who lives on the border of the lake, lost a brother by a like accident near the same spot where this sad event occurred.

ALARM.—The alarm of fire which called out the engine about 9 o'clock on Monday morning, was caused by the burning of soot in the chimney of the house occupied by Mr. Coon, on Hart's Hill. Fire was seen issuing from the chimney, which led to the belief that the house was on fire, and the alarm given. The engine company were met about half way with the cry, "All out," and they gladly returned to their work.

MILITARY.—Our military company, the Richardson Light Guard, is nearly fillee up with the young men of our town, and will probably go into camp this week in response to the call for one hundred days men. Many of these have seen hard service, while some will find it entirely a new business, but are prompted to do what they can in this time of their country's need. M.

WINCHESTER.

For the Middlesex Journal.

REWARD.—In accordance with the vote of the Town at its last annual meeting, the Selectmen have offered a reward of twenty dollars to any person or persons who will give information that will lead to the detection and conviction of any one who has been guilty of stealing wood, fencing, fruit or any such property; also the like sum of twenty dollars to any person or persons giving information that shall lead to the detection and conviction of any one who shall maliciously cause any injury to fences, trees, buildings, or any other property, public or private, if such damage shall be done within the precincts of the town.

This is a move in the right direction, and it is to be hoped, will prevent those thefts and injuries to public and private property which have taken place in some parts of the town. Owners of wood lots cannot afford to have their wood carried off without receiving pay therefor, nor their fences taken away after the labor and expense of putting them up; nor their fruit which after much care and labor, had ripened and awaited the gathering. The injuries to some of our school-houses, fences and trees, has been not only annoying but expensive. The perpetrators of these outrages now have fair warning that the hand of the law will be upon them if they continue their nefarious work.

ENLISTMENTS.—The Selectmen have just issued a circular to the citizens of inhabitants of the town who are intending to enlist in the service of the army or navy, advising them to be sure and enlist under the auspices of the recruiting officers here, that thereby they may get for themselves the whole of the State and Town bounty, and their families receive State aid. The Selectmen state that they are prepared to receive enlistments, paying therefor a town and citizen bounty of two hundred dollars, which with the State bounty, will amount to $525 to each volunteer. Attention is also called to the opportunity offered those who are exempt, by reason of age, to have a representative recruit in the army, and for every such person so placed, and credited to the quota of Winchester, the town will pay the individual furnishing the man the same bounty as is paid the other volunteers. Several of our prominent citizens have already furnished a representative soldier in the army, and others have it in contemplation. There are many such having the ability, so far as money is concerned, to do likewise, and they can evince their patriotism in this way in no unmistakable manner, and, though exempted themselves, be proud of the record that they have one to fight for them in the great struggle of the age.

TAXES.—The collector is distributing his tax bills for the current year. The rate of taxation is $17.10 on $1000, against $10.80 of last year, or an increase of $6.30 per $1000. This heavy tax might reasonably be expected under the circumstances, and arises from the expenses of carrying on the war. This and the government tax of ten per cent. on incomes and the other revenue taxes, will bear very hard upon persons of small means, and those doing a limited amount of business. But the war *must* be carried on to a successful termination; and the best that those who stay at home can do, is to bear cheerfully the onerous taxes levied upon them to support the Government, and through it our brave soldiers in the field, hoping for "the good time coming," when right and justice shall triumph over wrong and injustice, and our country become indeed "the land of the free and the home of the brave."

EXEMPTS.—Agreeably to the request of the Selectmen, some sixty or seventy of the enrolled men of our town, who claimed exemption from various causes, went before the Commissioner Hopkinson and Doctor John L. Sullivan, of Malden, surgeon of the enrolling Board, in the Selectmen's room, last Wednesday afternoon, and after examination, thirty-eight of the number were declared exempt. The desirability of this course was urged upon the enrolled men, that thereby the quota of the town might be reduced in case of a draft, and the trouble and expense to which said persons would be subjected, avoided. The plan was a good one, and if the Boards of Enrollment in the different districts would pursue a similar course in each town and city, it would facilitate the operation of the draft, and prevent those additional drafts which have been resorted to in Boston and elsewhere.

MASTER OF ARTS.—Among the honorary degrees conferred at Tufts' College, last Wednesday, was that of Master of Arts on Rev. James Franklin Powers, the former Principal of the High School, and now the Pastor of the Universalist Church at East Cambridge.

EXCELSIOR.

STONEHAM.

MR. EDITOR,—As I write, the sounds peculiar to war times greet my ears. The drum-beat calls together the men who are rallying for the defence of our "seat of disturbance," as some one calls the capital of our country at this time. I understand that at this present writing (Wednesday evening) our company of 100 days' men numbers over 70 names, good and valiant men, duly and truly prepared, worthy and well qualified. There has been some delay in procuring a captain, as I learn. There *is* a man among them who is capable and popular, who has acted as orderly sergeant and who has seen service. But what is very odd is, that he doesn't want to be captain—would prefer going in a more private capacity. His refusal will not be accepted by the company, I learn, and he will probably "cave in" and take command.

Your correspondent heard the Rev. Swift Byington preach his initiatory sermon as pastor of the Congregational Church, last Sabbath morning. His subject was, "What you may expect of the minister." He said he should make *preaching* his main business, and, therefore, the people must give him time to study, and not expect him to be visiting very much of the time among the parish members. I suspect his forte may possibly be sermonizing, and if so, why shouldn't he bend his efforts on that kind of labor in which he is most successful. It is true we have some scripture which runs thus: "these things ought ye to have done and not leave the other undone." But the preacher made it appear that the great burden upon him is to preach the gospel—not the whole of it in one sermon, as some men try sometimes to do. I thought it a most appropriate remark, considering that the weather did not suffer one to remain long in one position and take comfort in listening to a tedious sermon. He told us what the people might *not* expect from him—that he should never listen to insinuations, seldom notice any hints that might be thrown out, and yet, if any one had anything to say to him, openly and fairly, he should hold himself ready to meet him in candor and fair dealing. If his preaching did not seem at all times suited to the case of any of his hearers, they must wait patiently until their turn came, and if they gave good heed, they would find something adapted to their wants and capacities.

I am told that I made one mistake in the account I gave of the exercises at the Installation last week. It was Dr. Manning only who was "*non est inventus*," not found in the place appointed for him to fill on that occasion. All the addresses and charges were delivered by the persons who had prepared them and committed them to memory. The D. D. being absent, the exercises might, perhaps, be compared (without irreverence be it said) to the play of Hamlet, with Hamlet's part left out.

Beach going has become quite fashionable, and large parties start off every week and oftener, of late. Parish societies and schools make up companies, and omnibuses and coaches and hay-ricks come into play again. The position of the beach is unfavorable for us who start off towards it in the morning and then return at night, because we have at this season a hot sun to face both ways.

So far as I can ascertain, the strike among shoemakers here has not resulted in any material advance in wages yet. "Bosses" are curtailing their business a little, waiting probably, like Mr. Micawber, for "something to turn up." And, considering the number of unemployed laborers around town, who appear to take things easy and have a good time of it, I should say there were a good many gentlemen in that uncertain and expectant state of mind in which Dickens represents his Mr. Micawber.

SCHOOLS.—All the public schools will close next week. The High School will pass through the ordeal of an examination on Wednesday and Thursday, 20th and 21st instants, commencing each day at 9 o'clock, A. M. The classes will be examined, as I learn from the Principal, in the following order:

WEDNESDAY A. M.
1st class—Arithmetic.
3d " Chemistry.
1st " Grammar.

AFTERNOON.
2d " Latin.
1st " French.
4th " History.

THURSDAY A. M.
1st " Latin.
3d " Algebra.
4th " Grammar.

AFTERNOON.
1st " History.
3d " Latin.
2d " Geometry.
4th " Arithmetic.

The exercises of the Graduating Class will take place in the Town Hall, on Friday P. M., commencing at 2 o'clock.

The examination of the Central Grammar School, at the East School, will occur on Friday A. M., commencing at 9 o'clock. This is now the only Grammar School, properly so called, that there is in town, being composed of the higher classes of the three Grammar Schools which used to be in operation.

A couple of hours spent by parents in the school room, on examination day, would give them a better idea of the condition of our schools than can be obtained by mere hearsay evidence. LEE.

Our Stoneham correspondent writes to us under date of Friday, 15th, as follows:

"We are making this a memorable day. As I write, our company of one hundred days men are marching through our streets. Spectators line the sidewalks; every kind of business is suspended for the hour. The company march to the depot, Highland Station, on the B. & M. R. R., where they are to take the cars for Boston.

"This company is Company C., 50th Regt. The officers ars Francis McSweetser, Capt.; Marshal P. Sweetser, 1st Lieut., and Moses Downs, jr., 2d Lieut.

"A company of about two hundred citizens under the command of Major L. F. Lynde, are doing escort duty to the soldiers on their way to the depot.

"I learn that Company G. of the 13th Regt., whose time is now up, or nearly so, are to return on Wednesday of next week. A meeting of citizens is called to-night to take measures to give them a welcome home."

Our Army Correspondence.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
CAMP NEAR RICHMOND,
June 12, 1864.

EDITOR OF THE JOURNAL: DEAR SIR,—Having a short respite from the labors of marching and fighting, the thought suggested itself that perhaps my time could not be better employed than noting down a few thoughts as they come and go, on this pleasant, and to us (who have become accustomed to the almost unceasing roar of musketry and thunder of artillery), quiet day.

The almost universal remark here, even with veteran officers and soldiers is, that there has not been anything in the history of the past three years that can, in hardly a single instance, equal the struggle of this army for the past month. This will give you some idea of what we have suffered and what we have endured.

For my own part, I doubt whether, since the creation, has the world ever witnessed such fearful scenes as have been presented to our vision during the present campaign. No one, not a participant in the contest, can fully realize the bloody nature of our late struggle, and nothing but an undying love for those glorious ideas of liberty and equality, sanctified by the blood of the heroes of the American revolution, would have enabled our soldiers to press on and overcome such obstacles as have already been surmounted. Add to this, a firm and abiding confidence in our leader, Gen. Grant, to conduct us to a final triumph. And we earnestly hope that all loyal citizens will make every effort to stay up and strengthen our noble army. Encourage, we beseech you, in every way you possibly can, our government in the present prosecution of the war. And let your action be prompt and decisive. Do not, we entreat you, after the terrible sacrifices that have already been made, fail to do your whole duty. Recollect that there are thousands of anxious eyes turned toward the North, watching intensely for aid in this our time of greatest need. Let not indifference or neglect on your part weaken our arms, or in the least demoralize us by rendering dull and cold our patriotism.

But the bugle has sounded again, and I must on with my equipments and fall in.

ADIEU.

PRIVATE advices from Washington are to the effect that a call for half a million of troops will soon be made public. This fact should hurry up recruiting.

In Boston people are uniting to buy coal by the cargo, and thus save two or three dollars per ton.

ATTENTION, SOLDIERS!—Protect your Health!—No sensible man will leave the city without Holloway's Pills and Ointment; for wounds, bruises, sores, fevers and dysentery, these medicines are the best in the world. Every English and French soldier uses them.

If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. 225

Special Notices.

Treasurer's Notice.

All persons who contributed towards the fund raised to pay volunteers in December last which the town voted to repay, except those who authorized the recruiting committee to retain their money to secure additional recruits, can receive the sums contributed by them, at the Treasurer's office, on Saturday and Monday, July 16th and 18th.

GAWIN R. GAGE, Treasurer.
Woburn, July 16, 1864.

☞ THE WOBURN BRANCH SANITARY COMMISSION, will hold its Third Semi-annual Union Meeting, in the large society room of the Congregational Church, Thursday evening, July 21st, at 7½ o'clock.

Returned soldiers, and all persons interested in the cause for which the Commission is laboring, are cordially invited to be present.

FEAR AT AN END!

No one is now deterred from changing the

WHISKERS OR MUSTACHE

from red, gray or sandy to a rich

BLACK OR BROWN

by a fear of injuring or staining the skin.

CHRISTADORO'S DYE

is harmless as water, mild as new milk and

TRUE TO NATURE

in the magnificent colors it imparts.

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere and applied by all Hair Dressers.

Price, $1, $1.50, and $3 per box, according to size.

Cristadoro's Hair Preservative.

Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Hair. Price, 50 cents, $1, and $2 per bottle, according to size. jy16—3w.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE."

This Coffee has stood the test, and is

Unequalled by any other Substitute.

No one who delights in a

Cup of good Coffee

Should be without it.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

H. B. NEWHALL,

36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

Certificate of Dr. Hayes.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance. It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D.,
State Assayer.

jy16—2m eow

NOTICE.

The young lady who took a Carpet Bag from the Woburn Branch Depot, on Tuesday afternoon, that did not belong to her, may save herself some trouble by returning the same to the depot without delay. (jy8) Woburn, July 5, 1864.

Instruction on the Piano-Forte.

MRS. L. M. DALTON, would like to procure a few pupils for instruction on the Piano-Forte.—Her experience enables her to give thorough instruction, and she invites those wishing to take lessons to call upon her at her residence, CANAL STREET, WOBURN.

Woburn, June 10, 1864. 37—3m.

FEMALES! FEMALES! FEMALES!

Use the SAFE, PLEASANT REMEDY known as HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

For all Complaints incident to the sex. No family should be without it, and none will when once tried by them. It is used

BY YOUNG AND OLD.

In the decline or change of life, before and after Marriage, during and after confinement, to strengthen the Nerves, restore NATURE to its Proper channel, and invigorate the Broken down Constitution, from whatever cause originating.

USE NO MORE WORTHLESS PILLS!

TAKE

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

See Advertisement in another column. Cut out and send for it.

Married

In Reading, July 6th, by Rev. Mr Barrows, Silas Emerson to Mrs. Trutilla W. Young.

Died

In Hospital, at Alexandria, Va., June 30th, Private Louis Monto Walker, of Woburn, of wounds received at the battle of Petersburg, Va., June 18th, Co. K, 39th Reg. Mass. Vols., aged 18 years, 9 mos.

In Hospital, at Philadelphia, Pa, July 7th, Corpl. Hiram L. Page, of Woburn, of wounds received at the battle of Petersburg, Va., June 17th, Co. K, 1st Mass. Heavy Artillery, aged 20 years, 6 months.

In Winchester, July 10, Nellie Florence, daughter of Stillman and Hannah F. Nichols, aged 6 years, 10 months, 17 days.

In East Woburn, July 7, Mrs. Betsey Pearson, aged 66 years.

In No. Woburn, July 10, Ida J., daughter of Chas. and Sarah G. Nichols, aged 9 years, 6 months, 21 days.

In Woburn, July 11, John, son of Patrick and Mary Callahan, aged 5 years.

In Woburn, July 13, Bridget, daughter of John and Johanna Carrol, aged 1 year, 3 months.

Notice to Enrolled Men!

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
6TH DISTRICT, MASS.,
Lawrence, July 2, 1864.

ANY person enrolled may appear before the Board of Enrollment and claim to have a name stricken from the list, if he can show to the satisfaction of the Board, that the person named is not properly enrolled on account of

1st. Alienage.
2d. Non-residence.
3d. Over age.
4th. Permanent physical disability.

Citizens of the District are invited to appear at any time before the Board to point out errors in the lists, and to give such information as may aid in the revision or correction thereof.

The Surgeon of the Board will examine cases of permanent physical disability, between the hours of 8 and 11, each day.

H. G. HERRICK,
jy16—1t Capt. & Pro. Mar. 6th Dist. Mass.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX SS.
PROBATE COURT.

WHEREAS, SAMUEL S. HOLTON, of Winchester, has petitioned said Court to grant him a letter of administration on the estate of John Carton, late of Woburn in said County of Middlesex, deceased; all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of August next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively, in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir of said deceased, within two days after said first publication.

Witness WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of the said Court, this fourteenth day of June, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-four.

jy16—3w J. H. TYLER, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX SS.
PROBATE COURT.

WHEREAS WILLARD J. PEARSONS, of Woburn, in said County, has presented to said Court, for Probate, an instrument purporting to be the last will of Abigail Bruce, late of Woburn in the County of Middlesex, deceased, and that he may be appointed Administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of said deceased, Joseph Gardner, the executor named in said will, having deceased; all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of August next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir of said deceased, within two days after said first publication.

Witness WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of the said Court, this fourteenth day of July, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-four.

jy16—3w J. H. TYLER, Register.



SELECTMEN'S OFFICE.
WOBURN, July 7, 1864.

The attention of the citizens of Woburn, NOT LIABLE TO DRAFT, is respectfully called to the annexed Circular, and extracts from Gen. Order No. 23. It affords the opportunity to those interested in the success of the National cause, to give to the country the proof of their patriotism, by placing in the Army a personal representative.

All cannot go to the front and give their personal service, but every citizen has now the privilege of voluntarily placing his representative there, and thus aiding to secure the prompt and decisive overthrow of the rebellion.

Let the citizens of Woburn nobly respond to this new call on their patriotism.

All persons enlisting as representative recruits under this authority, will receive the Town Bounty of One Hundred and Twenty-Five Dollars.

By order of the Board of Selectmen,
A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
PROVOST-MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., June 26, 1864.

Persons not fit for military duty and not liable to draft, from age or other causes, have expressed a desire to be personally represented in the Army. In addition to the contributions they have made in the way of bounties, they propose to procure at their own expense, and present for enlistment, recruits to represent them in the service. Such practical patriotism is worthy of special commendation and encouragement. Provost-Marshals, and all other officers acting under this Bureau, are ordered to furnish all the facilities in their power to enlist and muster promptly the acceptable *representative recruits* presented, in accordance with the design herein set forth.

The name of the person whom the recruit represents will be noted on the Enlistment and Descriptive Roll of the recruit, and will be carried forward from those papers to the other official records which form his military history.

Suitably prepared certificates of this *personal representation* in the service will be forwarded from this office, to be filled out and issued by Provost-Marshals to the persons who put in *representative recruits*.

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost-Marshal General.

FROM GEN. ORDER NO. 23.

The men enlisted under the provisions of the above circular will be entitled to the bounty from the State; and their families the State Aid. These men are *Representative Recruits*,—that is to say, men induced to enlist, by the exertions of patriotic men who who are not themselves liable to do military service, and not substitutes who are enlisted in the place of men either liable to military duty, or who have been drafted.

By order of His Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander in-Chief.

WILLIAM SCHOULER,
Adjutant-General.
jy9

$225 SEVEN OCTAVE **$225.**

ROSEWOOD PIANO FORTES.

GROVESTEEN & CO., 499 BROADWAY, N. Y. NEW enlarged scale PIANO FORTES, with all latest improvements. Thirty years' experience, with greatly increased facilities for manufacturing, enables us to sell for CASH at the above unusually low price. Our Instruments received the highest award at the World's Fair, and for five successive years at the American Institute. Warranted five years. ☞ Terms net cash. Call or send for descriptive circular. 26-3m

4711 Farina Cologne 4711

Celebrated for its excellence all over the world, For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

VERNATELLA.

WARRANTED TO MAKE THE
SOLES OF BOOTS AND SHOES
WATER AND DAMPNESS PROOF,
AND WEAR ONE-THIRD LONGER.

VERNATELLA,

is a preparation from Copper, having no grease. Linseed oil, or anything of the kind, and when the soles are once saturated with it, water can no more get through them than through copper itself.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

AT RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

But its cost to the purchaser is really NOTHING, as it makes the soles wear enough longer to more than pay for it, leaving as a net gain the making of them Water and Dampness Proof and the preservation thereby of that priceless gem, the health.

LADIES, READ THIS.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH!

Use Vernatella on the soles of your Shoes. It makes them water proof and thereby protects your feet from dampness, for the ground is always more or less moist, either from rain or the morning and evening dew.

At Wholesale in Boston by

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 38 Hanover street.
S. M. COSCORD & CO., 86 Hanover street.
M. S. BURR & CO., 26 Tremont street.
CARTER, RUST & CO., 43, Hanover street.
And Wholesale Druggists generally. Also by all the Principal Dealers in Boots and Shoes.

Manufactured in the CHEMICAL DEPARTMENT of the

Cahoon Manufacturing Company.

WYMAM & TYLER, Agents.
40—7m 82, Water street, Boston.

ATKINSON'S FURNITURE POLISH.

For VARNISHED or POLISHED FURNITURE, this excellent Polish will not fail to restore furniture to its original brilliancy. After using this preparation, the touch of the hand will not leave a mark or soil furniture. Obtained at the principal dealers in furniture, and traders generally. W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., manufacturer, Tremont corner Boylston streets. Eastern part contains seven rooms, the Western eight rooms. Good water convenient for both parts. Each part so arranged as to be convenient for two families.

Also House-Lots of various locations and Prices. Terms accommodating.

LUKE FOWLE.
Woburn, April 20, 1864. 30—3m.

ATKINSON'S FRENCH PLASTER.

Highly Recommended for CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD JOINTS, NAILS IN-GROWING, or any Disease of the Feet.

This Plaster effects a cure without pain or inconvenience. After the application the boot or shoe can be worn with perfect ease. Warranted not injurious. Procured of all principal druggists and Boot and shoe dealers. Made only by W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., Tremont corner Boylston streets Boston, Mass. Wholesale agents, G. C. Goodwin & Co.; John Wilson, Jr., & Co., Boston.

L. H. ALLEN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,

FURNISHES at his Wareroom, four doors north of depot, Caskets of all sizes and qualities. Black Walnut, Mahogany, White Wood, and Pine coffins, of every size and price. Plates of various styles, and Plain and Fancy Handles. Thibet, Cashmere, Colored, Lawn, Muslin, and Cambric Shrouds. Metallic Caskets furnished at the shortest notice. Every thing furnished at the lowest living prices.

The subscriber having received from the Board of Selectmen the appointment of Funeral Undertaker for the town, now offers to the public his new and elegant HEARSE, which has been manufactured expressly to his order, and which he will furnish with one or a pair of horses, at the usual price.

He likewise offers the new invention for preserving the bodies of deceased persons by cold air alone, without the direct application of ice, which is so repugnant to the feelings. When preserved by the cold air process, a glass reveals at any moment the features of the departed, and the corpse will keep much longer than in the ordinary way.

The subscriber would take this opportunity to return his thanks for the liberal patronage he has hitherto received, and hopes with his new improvements to continue to give his customers the highest satisfaction.

All orders answered with promptness, and Coffins delivered within ten miles free of expense.

L. H. ALLEN.
Woburn Center, March 4, 1864.—23-6m

Keep Cool by Drinking

BRIGHAM'S
ARCTIC SODA WATER,

Which runs in a constant stream at No. 5 WADES BLOCK.

Real Estate For Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale a DWELLING-HOUSE, on Rail-Road Street, about one-fourth of a mile from Main Street. The Eastern part contains seven rooms, the Western eight rooms. Good water convenient for both parts. Each part so arranged as to be convenient for two families.

Also House-Lots of various locations and Prices. Terms accommodating.

LUKE FOWLE.
Woburn, April 20, 1864. 30—3m.

MILLINERY
—AT—
Reduced Rates.

THE subscriber wishing to close out her Summer Stock of

Millinery Goods,

will sell them after this date, at GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

MOURNING GOODS,

Ready made, or supplied to order, at short notice. She has lately added a good assortment of

Hoop Skirts, Hosiery, Corsets,

GLOVES, DRESS TRIMMINGS,
LACES, AND SMALL WARES,
all of which will be sold at LOW RATES.

M. E. FIELD,
NEW BANK BUILDING.
Woburn, June 24, 1864.—39-tf.

TO LET FOR STORAGE,

A STABLE, 18x25, with cellar, located in the rear of Dwight Kager's Estate.
39-3w Apply to ELI COOPER.

"BIG THING ON ICE."

ONE OF TUFT'S
ARCTIC SODA FIXTURES!

Has been placed on the Counter of the APOTHECARY at

No. 5 Wade Block, Main St.

He now offers to the thirsty public a cold glass of Soda Water with either of

12 varieties of Fruit and Cream Syrups.

☞ CALL AND SAMPLE THE GOODS. ☜

WM. PRATT,
WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER,
And dealer in Watches, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, &c.
347 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.
PARTICULAR attention given to repairing fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

FARINA COLOGNE!

Just received and for sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

HEAD-QUARTERS, BOSTON, July 6, 1864.
GENERAL ORDER, No. 24.

Five thousand Infantry Volunteers have been called for from Massachusetts, for one hundred days' service, to do Garrison duty in the fortifications near the City of Washington. Their services are required at once. Officers in command of Regiments and Companies of Massachusetts Militia will immediately perfect their organizations, and report for orders.

Gentlemen not in Commission, qualified by character and experience to command Companies, will be authorized to raise new Companies upon application to these Head-quarters.

These troops are to be employed in garrison duty, and must be raised without unnecessary delay. The troops can be forwarded by companies to report at Washington.

In addition to the United States pay, each non-commissioned officer and private will receive from the Commonwealth twenty dollars a month during his term of service.

Volunteers under this call will be exempted from any draft that may be ordered during such term of one hundred days' service.

The young men of Massachusetts are expected to respond to this call with the same alacrity which characterized their fathers in the Revolution, and their brothers when the President made his first call in April, 1861.

By order of his Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

WILLIAM SCHOULER,
jy9—1t Adjutant-General.

COLLECTOR'S SALE FOR TAXES IN READING.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Taxes assessed by the Assessors of the town of Reading, in said Middlesex County, upon the lands hereinafter named, are unpaid, and that I shall sell at Public Auction, at the OFFICE of the Selectmen, in said Reading, on WEDNESDAY, the third day of August next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, the said lands for the payment of said taxes and all necessary intervening charges, unless the same are paid before said sale:

CHARLES E. HALL, of Reading—About ¼ of an acre of land, with house and outbuildings thereon, and now occupied by Francis H. Knights—bounded, westerly, by Linden street; northerly by land of Daniel Nichols; easterly by land of C. F. Pinkham, and southerly by land of John Adden—

State, county and town tax, for 1862,	$23.92

JAMES CRAWFORD, of Roxbury—A parcel of land on Bear Hill, being lots numbered 27, 28, 54, 55, on a plan of lands called Fairmount, made by E. Buckman, and recorded with Middlesex Deeds, (So. Dist.) Book of Plans No. 6, Plan 30—

State, county and town tax, for 1863,	00.88
Highway tax, for 1862,	07
	95

E. R. MORSE, Boston—A parcel of land on Bear Hill, being lots numbered 90, 91, 92, 93, on plan of lands called Fairmount, made by E. Buckman, and recorded with Middlesex (So. Dist.) Deeds, Book of Plans No. 6, Plan 30—

State, County and town tax, for 1863,	00.88
Highway tax, for 1862,	5
	93

CHARLES W. CUMMINGS, Maine—About ¼ acre of land on Federal street—bounded, southerly by Federal street; westerly by C. W. Young's estate; northerly by land of N. P. Pratt; easterly by land of John M. Houseman, being lot No. 18 on Plan of house lots in Reading, belonging to Milo Parker and others, recorded in Middlesex (So. Dist.) Deed Book of Plans No. 5—

State, county and town tax, for 1862,	00.88
" " " " " 1863,	83

GEORGE BATCHELDER, Collector.
Reading, July 5, 1864. jy9

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, Free of Charge. Address

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House, New York City.
jy9—1m*

COAL, LUMBER, &C.

THE firm of AYER & MCDONALD having been dissolved, the subscriber respectfully gives notice to the inhabitants of Woburn and vicinity, that he will continue the business, at the same stand, in all its branches, and trusts by giving strict attention to business, and always keeping on hand the different kinds of COAL, WOOD and LUMBER, to receive that generous share of public patronage which has been accorded to the late firm during the past year.

LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

OFFICE—Immediately adjoining the North end of the Depot, Woburn Centre.

JOS. B. McDONALD.
Woburn Feb. 13th, 1863.

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his patrons and the public generally that he has removed to his new Shop on Winn St.

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a call at his new stand, where with increased facilities for business all work entrusted to his care will be done promptly, and in the most workmanlike manner, and at the lowest prices.

402w H. F. ELLIS

SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
WOBURN CENTRE.

M. L. MORSE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
STONEHAM.
☞ Office over Store of C. H. Montague.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given, that the Subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of ABEL WYMAN, late of Woburn, in the county of Middlesex, deceased, and taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

CHARLES A. WYMAN, Admr.
Woburn, May 24th, 1864.

For Sale or to Let,

THE "FLANDERS PLACE," situated on Main Street, near the High School-house. Enquire of

J. B. WINN or JOHN JOHNSON.
Woburn, June 1st, 1864.—36 tf.

Letters Remaining Unclaimed,

IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN, State of Massachusetts, 9th day of July, 1864.

☞ "To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for *'advertised letters,'* give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Free delivery of letters by carriers, at the residence of owners, in cities and large towns, may be secured by observing the following rules:

1. Direct letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the post office and State.

2. Head letters with the writer's post office and State, street and number, sign them plainly with full name, and request that answers be directed accordingly.

3. Letters to strangers or transient visitors in a town or city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked, in the lower left-hand corner, with the word 'Transient.'

4. Place the postage stamp on the upper right hand corner, and leave space between the stamp and direction for post-marking without interfering with the writing.

N. B. A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within 30 days or less, written or printed with the writer's name, post office, and State, across the left-hand end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with at the usual prepaid rate of postage, payable when the letter is delivered to the writer."—Sec. 28, of Law of 1863.

John Caldwell,	Patrick Murphy,
Mary E. Collyes,	Jacob Parel,
George Flagg,	Betsy Stone,
John Holihu,	John Tyler,
C. S. Jacobs,	Jennie Suttle.

NATHAN WYMAN, P. M.

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.
FROM S. M. PETTENGILL & Co.

Complete Musical Library, $10.

Comprising nearly
One Thousand Pieces of Piano Music.

"HOME CIRCLE," a collection of Piano Music, Marches, Waltzes, Polkas, Quadrilles &c., 9 Vols.
"SHOWER OF PEARLS," Choice Vocal Duets with Piano Accompaniment. "SILVER CHORD," a collection of Songs, Ballads, Duets, Quartets, &c. Piano Accomp. "OPERATIC PEARLS," comprising the Vocal Beauties of the best Operas.—Piano Accomp. The above sent, postpaid, for $10 or each at the following prices—Plain, $2; Cloth, $2.25; Full Gilt, $3. OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

SPRING BEDS.

For an Excellent Bed
USE
Tucker's Patent Spring Bed,

This is the Standard Spring Bed in the market, and is more extensively sold than any other. Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Also

CHEAP FOFDING SPRING
BOTTOM WOOD COTS,

An excellent article for a spare bed. For sale by the Furniture Dealers generally. At wholesale by HIRAM TUCKER,
117 & 119, Court St., Boston, Mass.



FAIRBANKS' Standard Scales

The Genuine Article.

Accurate, Durable, Convenient,

A Complete Variety,

AS

Hay, Coal, Railroad, Platform, Counter, Druggists' and Butchers' Scales;

BEAMS, WEIGHTS, &C.,
For sale at our Warehouse,

118 Milk Street,

(Thorndike Building) Corner of Batterymarch Street, Boston.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO..

French, English and American
TOILET SOAPS,
Genuine.

From the manufactories of Coudray, Mangenet & Coudray, Gelle Freres, Lowe, Sou & Haydon, Patty, Glenn, Worsley, and others,
For sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

Jaques' Extract Pond Lily,

Just received and for sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM

FOR SALE

A COOKING STOVE, in good order.—Will be sold cheap. Apply at the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL office.

OLD PAPERS, &C.

OLD NEWSPAPERS, PAMPHLETS, &c. purchased at the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL OFFICE. Persons having large or small quantities to dispose of, are invited to bring them to the above place.

Woburn, April 23, 1864.

CHELSEA DYE HOUSE,
AND
LAUNDY.
[Established in 1840.]
208 Washington, St., opp. Marlboro' Hotel
BOSTON.

Color all descriptions of
Silk and Woolen Goods,
Color and cleanse
Ladies and Gentlemen's Garments,
Kid Gloves, Feathers,
Straw and Felt Hats, Bonnets.

And the celebrated Finishers of New Shirts for Manufacturers.

Penrhyn Marble Co.

Enamelled Slate Chimney Pieces, cheaper than Marble. Garden Vases, Pedestals, Flower Pots and Hanging Baskets, Toilet Setts, Bohemian, Lava, China and Terra Cotta Vases, and other fancy goods—Flower Baskets, Chimney Tops, English Tile.

The best assortment of the kind in Boston.
JOSEPH STORY, Treas.
Studio Building 112 Tremont st., Boston.

HARRY JENNINGS,
32 Portland St., Boston, Mass.

Offers to the public his infallible ARSENICAL SOAP, for the destruction of Fleas, Lice, Bugs, Sheep-Ticks, and Vermin of all descriptions; 25 and 50 cents a box. Warranted to kill all vermin in five minutes, (and not to injure the animal,) and easily applied.

H. J. has a sure cure for Manage Distemper and all kinds of diseases, and sent to any part of the United States. Also, agents wanted.

Grand Seal Smoking Tobacco!

A very popular brand, for sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS is one of the greatest strengthening preparations extant. It is especially adapted to those who are afflicted with the Fever and Ague, or any other disease arising from a disordered condition of the digestive organs. For the Fever and Ague there is perhaps no medicine in the world equal to it, as it enters, purifies and replenishes the blood, which is so important to bring about a healthy action in diseases of this nature. The Bitters are now among the most popular, and at the same time, valuable specifics in the medical world. In recommending it to the public, we are fully conscious of doing them a great service, knowing, as we do, their many excellent qualities, and sure and speedy action in all cases where the disease is caused by irregularity of the digestive organs. A trial will suffice for the most skeptical.

☞ See advertisement.

For sale by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere. 30—2m.

NEW STOCK
OF
ROOM PAPER!

A LARGE SUPPLY OF
NEW PATTERNS,
of the above, has just been received from New York, at the

Woburn Bookstore,

and will be sold very low. Also, BORDERING in variety, and Paper for Curtains and Side Lights.

S. R. PRIEST,
DEALER IN
BOOTS, SHOES, AND RUBBERS,
MAIN STREET, WOBURN,

One door north of Whitford's Central Market.
Repairing in all its branches. 30tf

WYMAN'S
AMBROTYPE, MELAINOTYPE, AND
Daguerreotype Rooms,
KELLEY'S BLOCK, ... WOBURN.
☞ PARTICULAR attention given to copying pictures.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBURN CENTRE.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MAIN STREET, SOUTH READING.

Attention given to Conveyancing, and Collecting of Soldiers Claims, Pensions, &c., at Lowest Commissions. 33tf.

TOILET EXTRACTS.

In endless variety, many of which will be sold at a low figure. By
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

HARD TIMES COFFEE,
The very best
Substitute for Pure Coffee;

And not distinguished from Pure Java by people generally.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
H. B. NEWHALL,
No. 36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

DR. HAYES' CERTIFICATE.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance. It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully,
A. A. HAYES, M. D., State Assayer.
16 Boylston St., Boston, 85th Feb., 1864."
36—2 m c o w

G. R. GAGE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
New Bank Building, Woburn,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he is now located in his new store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS

made in the best style, and warranted to fit.

Particular attention paid to making

Boys' Clothing.

He has on hand a large stock of the best and most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the season, which will be made up to order at the most reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS

of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly on hand.

Woburn, March 19th, 1864.

Something for the Times!

A NECESSITY IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD
JOHNS & CROSELY'S
AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE.
AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE
the only article of the kind ever produced which
Will Withstand Water.

It will Mend Wood,
Save your broken Furniture.

It will Mend Leather,
Mend your Harness, Straps, Belts, Boots, &c.

It will Mend Glass,
Save the pieces of that expensive Cut Glass Bottle.

It will Mend Ivory,
Don't throw away that broken Ivory Fan, its easily repaired.

It will Mend China,
Your broken China Cups and Saucers can be made as good as new.

It will Mend Marble,
That piece knocked out of your Marble Mantle can be put on as strong as ever.

It will Mend Porcelain,
No matter if that broken Pitcher did not cost but a shilling; a shilling saved is a shilling earned.

It will Mend Alabaster,
That costly Alabaster Vase is broken and you can't match it; mend it, it will never show when put together.

It will Mend Bone, Coral, Lava, and in fact everything but Metals.

Any article Cemented with AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE will not show where it is mended.

EXTRACTS:

"Every Housekeeper should have a supply of Johns & Crosley's American Cement Glue."—*New York Times.*

"It is so convenient to have in the house."—*New York Express.*

"It is always ready; this commends it to everybody."—*Independent.*

"We have tried it, and find it as useful in our house as water."—*Wilkes' Spirit of the Times.*

Economy is Wealth.

$10.00 per year saved in every family by One Bottle of

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
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Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

VERY LIBERAL REDUCTION TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.
TERMS CASH.

For sale by all Druggists, and Storekeepers generally throughout the country.

JOHNS & CROSLEY,
(Sole Manufacturers),
78 William street,
Corner of Liberty street, NEW YORK.

English, French and American
BRUSHES,
FOR THE
HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.
For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

WOBURN MARBLE & GRANITE STONE-WORKS.

THE subscribers offer for sale the largest and best assortment of MARBLE

Monuments and Gravestones

ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular attention given to the

Fitting up of Cemetery Lots

with GRANITE EDGE-STONE and POSTS.

Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for Building purposes furnished to order.

OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin Warerooms, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass

A. SCOTT & CO.
R. PICKERING, Agent.
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1854—21-y.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE

EFFECTED IN
Good Stock & Mutual Companies;

Also, PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, &c., obtained for Widows, Children, Fathers, Mothers, Brothers or Sisters, through the agency of HORATIO WOODMAN, Esq., of Boston,

By SPARROW HORTON Agt.,
AT THE
WOBURN POST-OFFICE.

C. S. ADKINS,
DEALER IN
BOOKS, STATIONERY,
PERIODICALS,
CONFECTIONERY, &C., &C.,

WOULD respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Woburn and vicinity to a good assortment of

Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Sand, Mucilage, Sealing Wax, and all articles usually found in a Stationery Store.

Daily Papers and Periodicals of the day.
Sheet Music—Vocal and Instrumental.
Violin and Guitar Strings.
Confectionery of all kinds, and of the best quality.

Also, HOVEY'S HAIR BALM, one of the best preparations for the Hair, offered to the public.

"TOWNSMAN" BUILDING,
Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

MIDDLESEX
WAR-CLAIM ASSOCIATION,
Office, 4 Niles Block, 33 School St., Boston.

THIS ASSOCIATION has been formed to aid Soldiers, Seamen, and their Families, in obtaining PENSIONS BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, PRIZE MONEY, LAND, and other claims against the Government.

Applications for the collection of claims should be made by letter, or in person, to the Attorney of the Association.

Advice will be given by the Attorney without charge.

Upon the collection of claims, small charges, established by the Directors, will be made.

HON. JOEL PARKER, President.
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Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street.

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OFFICE AND RESIDENCE at the Corner of Union and Main Streets.

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SLATE AND TIN ROOFING.

D. TILLSON & SON,
Slate and Metal Roofers,
55 SUDBURY STREET, BOSTON,

Cover Roofs with Slate or Tin in the best manner and on reasonable terms. Orders left with D. H. TILLSON, Railroad Street, Woburn, will receive prompt attention. 25-3m

DR. C. T. LANG,
Surgeon Dentist.

Cor. Winn and Pleasant Sts.
Woburn Centre, Mass.

MRS. M. E. FIELD,
MILLINER,
Keeps constantly on hand

BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, DRESS TRIMMINGS, CAPS, BRAIDS, LACES, SILKS, WORSTEDS, &C.

MOURNING GOODS furnished at short notice

☞ BONNETS Bleached, Pressed and Trimmed to order.

Bank Block, Main Street, Woburn.

WILLIAM WINN,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER.
BURLINGTON, MASS.

Sales of Real and Personal Estate attended to on reasonable terms.

Orders left at the *Journal* office will receive prompt attention.

H. HARRIMAN,
HARNESS AND COLLAR MANUFACTURER.

Corner of Oekley Court and Main Street, (opposite Central House), Woburn Mass.

Harnesses of every description made from the best stock, and by experienced workmen, at low prices.

Repairing neatly done.

HORACE COLLAMORE,
DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

OFFICE:—4 WADE'S BLOCK,
Woburn Centre.

FRANK P. DODGE,
WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER,
ALSO, DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated-Ware, Musical Instruments, Fancy Goods, &c

☞ *Melodeons For Sale and to Let.*
WADE BLOCK, MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

Central Market,
Main Street, Woburn.

THE subscriber having taken the store formerly occupied by E. O. SOLES, will keep constantly on hand West India Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Vegetables, &c. H. WHITFORD.

BOSTON AND LOWELL

And Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Stony Brook Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowel Railroads.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 16th, 1864, trains will leave BOSTON for—

Upper Railroads, 6.00, 8.00 a m, 12.00, 5.30 p m.
Wilton, Milford, Danforth's Corner, S. Merrimack 8.00 a.m. 12.00, 5.30 p. m.
Nashua, 6.00, 8.00 am, 12 m, 5.30 pm
Tyngsboro', No. Chelmsford 6.00am, 12.00, 5.30pm
Groton Junction 10.00 (exp) a.m., 2.30 p. m.
Lowell, 6.00, 8.00†, 10.00 am, 12.00 (exp), 2.30, 5.30 (exp), 6 pm.
North Billerica, Billerica & Tewksbury, Wilmington, 6.00, 10.00 a m, 2.30, 6.00 p m.
S. Wilmington, N. Woburn, 10 a m, 2.30, p m.
Woburn W. S., 6.00, 10.00, a.m., 2.30, 6.00 p m.
E. Woburn, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, a m, 2.30, 3.00, 5.10, 7.30* pm.
Winchester and West Medford, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, am, 2.30, 3.00, 5.10, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p m.
College Hill 6.45, 10.00, 11.30 a.m., 2.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p.m.
Mondays at 11.30 p. m., a train leaves for Lowell, Nashua and Way Stations.
The 10.00 A. M. and 9.30 P. M., Trains from Boston stop at Milk Row, Somerville Centre, and College Hill Stations, to take passengers for Stations above Winchester.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BOSTON LEAVE

Wilton at 6.15, 11.00 a. m. 3.30 p m.
Milford, 6.20, 11.05, a. m. 3.55 p m.
Danforth's Corner, 6.30, 11-13, a m, 4.08 p m.
South Merrimack, 6.35, 11-21 a m, 4.23 p m.
Nashua at 7.00, 11.45 a m, 5.00, 8.40† p m,
Tingsboro' 7.15, 11.57 a m., 5.12 pm.
North Chelmsford, 7.22, 12.06 a.m., 5.19 p.m.
Groton Junction, 8.00 a m, 12.45 p m.
Lowell 7, 7.30* 9.30, a m, 12.15*, 2.15 5.30*, 8*pm.
North Billerica 7.09, 9.39 a m, 2.22, 5.41, p m.
Billerica and Tewksbury 7.16, 9 46 a m, 2.29, 5.47 p m,
Wilmington at 7.26 9.55 a m, 2.39, 5.55, p m.
South Wilmington 10.00 a m, 2.43 p m.
North Woburn 10.03 a m, 2.45 p m.
Woburn Watering Station at 7.39, 10.08 a m, 2.57, 6.04 p m.
East Woburn at 7.00, 9.00, 10.00 a m, 1.15, 2.54, 5.00 6.30, p m.
Winchester at 6.05, 7.05 7.45, 9.05, 10-15 a m, 1.20, 3.00, 5.05, 6.35, 8.20, p m.
West Medford at 6.15, 7.15, 7.52, 9.15, 10 22 am 1.30 3.07, 5.15, 6.45, 8.25 p m.
College Hill 6.19, 7.19, 9.19 a.m., 1.33, 3.10, 5.19, 6.47 8.28 p. m.
*Or on arrival of trains from Nashua.
†Northern Depot.
The 9.30 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., Trains from Lowell stop at College Hill, Somerville Centre, and Milk Row Stations, to leave Passengers from Stations above Winchester.

Woburn Branch.

Trains for Woburn Centre, leave Boston, at 6.45 11.30, a. m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30,* p. m.
Trains leave Woburn Centre for Boston, at 6.00, 7.00, 7.40, 9 a m, 1.15, 5.00, 6.30, 8-15 p m.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

Stoneham Branch.

The Trains on this Road will leave Boston (from Lowell Railroad Depot) for



FIRST PREMIUM
COOK STOVE.

THIS Stove took the First Premium at the State Fair held at Rochester, October 1st, 1862, and again at Utica, September, 15, 1863.

Economy is Wealth!

This maxim will be fully demonstrated by buying an

AMERICAN HOT AIR COOKING STOVE,

AS it will bake, boil and roast better than any other Stove, with a saving of 25 per cent n fuel, and a very large percentage in convenience.

They have the following advantages:

1st. They are constructed with a view of great durability; all the plates exposed to the fire are made of an extra thickness.

2d. The flues are lined with non-conducting cement, thereby applying the heat directly to the oven, and the oven can be heated and kept in baking order with less fuel than any other stove.

3d. They have a hot air draft, which not only makes the fuel burn freely and last longer, but adds to the heating and baking facilities.

4. They consume all the gasses from the fuel, thereby adding largely to the amount of heat obtained from the quantity of fuel used.

5th. The Stove is made, mounted and finished in the most superior manner. The oven is large and well ventilated. The Stove is convenient in form, and made for use: to adopt the language of some who have used this Stove, "it will do more work with less fuel than any other stove." In proof we add the following testimony:

American Hot Air Cooking Stove.

J. H. DAVIS, ESQ.—*Dear Sir:* We find the Stove I purchased of you the fore part of June last, called the American Hot Air Cooking Stove, in all respects as recommended; and we could not be induced to part with it under any circumstances were we unable to replace it with one of the same kind. To make a long story short, it is perfect in every particular. It bakes, broils, roasts and boils first rate, besides being very economical in the way of fuel. My wife thinks it superior to Stuart's (which she has used), as it is capable of doing the same work much quicker. Should you have any customers in want of a *perfect Stove*, have them call on me if they have a doubt as to the good qualities of the American Hot Air Cooking Stove. Respectfully Yours, C. H. MCKINSTRY.

Canajoharie, July, 1863.

FAIRFIELD, Conn., April 17th 1863.

MR. GEO. P. STOCKWELL.—*Dear Sir:* Last December we purchased from you the "American Hot Air Cooking Stove." We have seen nothing of the kind which is constructed on such scientific principles—insuring the thorough consumption of the fuel—combining the greatest amount of heat possible at a small expense, and so distributing it as to secure all the results for which a Cooking Stove is required. We can safely say, that it fully realizes all the expectations which we had formed from the recommendations we had seen, and we can therefore honestly recommend it to any person in search of such an article, as combining economy and utility. Yours, &c., ALEX. MCLEAN, JR. Pastor of the 1st Cong. Church Fairfield, Conn.

Manufactured by

SHEER, PACKARD & CO.,
17 & 19 *Green St., Albany, N. Y.*

For Sale by—J. F. LORING, Worcester, L. PATCH, & CO., Fitchburg, and I. L. FOOTE, & CO., Lowell, Mass.

DON'T FAIL TO READ THIS.

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

The East India Coffee CO.,

154 READE ST., (three doors from Greenwich Street), N. Y., call universal attention to their

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE

—o—

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. has all the flavor of OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA, and is but half the price; and also that

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE has twice the strength of Java, or any other Coffee whatever and wherever used by our first class hotels and steamboats, the stewards say there is a saving of 50 per cent.

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, is the most healthy beverage known, and is very nutritious. The weak and infirm may use it at all times with impunity. The wife of the Rev. W. Eaves, local minister of the M. E. Church, Jersey City, who has not been able to use any coffee for fifteen years, can use

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. three times a day without injury, it being entirely free from those properties that produce nervous excitement.

Dr. JAMES BOYLE, of 156 CHAMBERS STREET, says: "I have never known any Coffee so healthy, nutritious, and free from all injurious qualities as

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, I advise my patients to drink it universally even those to whom I have hitherto prohibited the use of coffee."

The PRINCIPAL OF THE NEW YORK EYE INFIRMARY says: "I direct all the patients of our Institution to use exclusively

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, and would not be without it on any account."

The Rev. C. LAURE, an eminent clergyman of the M. E. Church, now stationed at Halsey street, Newark, says of

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. "I have used it nearly a year in my family, and find it produces no ache of the head or nervous irritation, as in the case of all other Coffees. It is exceedingly pleasant, and I cordially recommend it to all clergymen and their families."

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, is used daily by the families of Bishop Ames, Bishop Baker, Bishop Janes, and many of the most distinguished clergymen and professional men in the country."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

and be sure that the packages are labeled

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
154 Reade Street, New York.

as there are numerous counterfeits afloat under the name of "Genuine East India Coffee," "Original East India Coffee," etc., put forth by impostors to deceive the unwary.

In 1 lb. packages, and in boxes of 36, 60, and 100 lbs., for Grocers and large consumers. Sold by Grocers generally.

Orders from Country Grocers solicited, to whom a very liberal discount will be made.

Wholesale Agents; Hoelfish & Molan, and W. J. Heiss & Brother, Philadelphia; Francis H. Perry, Providence; A. L. Waite & Co., Boston; Pynchon & Lee, Springfield, Mass; S. N. Callender, Buffalo; Gorden M'Millan & Co, Cleveland; A. A. Colter & Co., Cincinnati; J. & J. W. Bunn, Springfield, Ill.; H. B. Shields, Corydon, Ind.; and C. C. Garber, Chicago.

The Am. Adv. Agency 308 Broadway, N. Y., will receive orders for the above named Coffee.

Business Department—E. ALFOBD.
Corresp. Dep.—FOWLER & WELLS.

JOHN G. COLE,
PAINTER AND GLAZIER,

Paper Hanging, White-washing and Colorin done in the neatest manner. Also, Graining an Marbling. Sashes and Blinds of every description furnished. PAINTS, OIL and GLASS, of the best quality, constantly on hand.

☞ SHOP, first building south of the Branch Railroad Depot, Main street.

FARINA COLOGNE!

Just received and for sale by

W. C. BRIGHAM.

MIDDLESEX JOURNAL
BOOK AND JOB
PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

Main Street, Woburn.

WE call the attention of the public to the facilities of the above establishment for the execution of

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PRINTING.

We are prepared to supply all classes of the community with any kind of printing they may need.

BLANK BOOKS,
INSURANCE POLICIES,
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SHOW BILLS,
POSTERS,
AUCTION BILLS,
SHOP BILLS,
MILK BILLS,
LABELS,
&c., &c., &c.

Particular attention paid to printing

POSTERS OF EVERY SIZE.

Also—Visiting, Wedding, Ball and Business Cards.

☞ Persons in the adjoining towns who may wish printing done, can send their orders by mail, or otherwise, and rest assured that they will be promptly and correctly filled.

JOURNAL PRINTING ROOMS,

MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

FEMALE STRENGTHENING CORDIAL

THIS Medicine is of long tried efficacy for correcting all disorders incidental to the feminine sex. That the afflicted may feel assured that this Cordial is truly valuable and worthy their confidence,—not one of those secret compounds purposed to destroy healthy action,—I add a few testimonials from physicians who all favor the Eclectic and Reformed Practice of Medicine.

Dr. Willard C. George, formerly Professor in the Worcester Medical College, and President of the Eclectic Medical Society, Mass., speaks of it in the following terms:

"I have used the Female Strengthening Cordial similar to that prepared by Dr. Geo. W. Swett, 106 Hanover Street, and I regard it as one of the best Medicines for Female Complaints that can be found."

Dr. J. King, Author of "Woman: Her Diseases and their treatment," says:

"This Medicine appears to exert a specific influence on the Uterus. It is a valuable agent in all derangments of the Female Reproducive Organs."

Dr E Smith, President of the New York Association of Botanic Physicians, says:

"No Female, if in delicate health, should omit the timely use of this valuable Cordial. I owe much of my success in midwifery to the use of this Medicine."

Mothers and Married Ladies!

The following from Dr. Fay is well worthy your notice—

"As a general remedy for Female Complaints this "Cordial" is a very valuable one, but by the Profession it is esteemed more highly for its good results during Confinement in relieving the great suffering attendant upon childbirth. I acknowledge with Dr. Smith that much of my success in midwifery is due to the use of this medicine. It strengthens both mother and child. In such cases I follow the directions of Prof. King, by allowing my patients to use it a few weeks previous to confinement, as by the energy it imparts to the Uterine nervous system the labor will be very much facilitated, and removes the cramps which many females are liable to. No woman, if she knew the great value of this Strengthening Cordial would fail to use it."

I have received numerous testimonials from different parts of the country where used. Knowing the good it is capable of doing, I will warrant every bottle of my "Cordial" to be satisfactory in its results.

The following symptoms indicate those affections in which the Female Strengthening Cordial has proved invaluable—

Indisposition to Exertion, Wakefulness, Uneasiness, Depression of Spirits, Trembling, Loss of Power, Pain in the Back, Alternate Chills and Flushing of Heat, Dragging Sensation at the Lower Part of the Body, Headache, Languor, Aching along the Thighs, Intolerance of Light and Sound, Pale Countenance, Derangement of the Stomach & Bowels, Difficult Breathing, Hysteria, &c., &c.

It is a specific remedy in all Uterine Diseases, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Irregularity, Painfulness, Profuse or Suppression of Customary Discharges, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Scirrhus or Ulcerated State of the Uterus, Sterility, &c., &c.

No better Tonic can possibly be put up than this, and none less likely to do harm, as it is composed wholly of vegetable agents, and such as we have known to be valuable, and have used for many years.

Price per Bottle, $1.00.

Sold by Druggists generally; also, sent to any address on receipt of price.

For sale in Woburn by E. TRULL and at MRS FIELD'S Millinery Store.

Be sure and get that prepared at the

THE NEW ENGLAND BOTANIC DEPOT
Geo. H. Swett, M. D.—Proprietor
106 *HANOVER STREET,*
BOSTON, MASS.

21-6m

TO THE LADIES OF AMERICA

Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,

The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!

Lyon's Periodical Drops
Lyon's Periodical Drops
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Lyon's Periodical Drops

Are Better Than Pills!
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Lyon's Periodical Drops are
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation

ever brought before the public, and as a diuretic and specific for irregularities, challenges the world to produce an equal; they are, in the most obstinate cases,

Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
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And Cannot Do Harm,
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And Cannot Do Harm,

If The Directions Are Adhered To!
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Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!
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Safe At All Times!

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None Others Are Genuine!

Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!

They cure all those ills to which the female system is subjected with dispatch and a degree of certainty which nothing but a scientifically compounded fluid preparation could reach.

Use No Other!
Use No Other!
Use No Other!
Use No Other!

For my Drops stand before the world as the *ne plus ultra* of all remedies, for the cure of all diseases of the kidneys and bladder, Leucoreah, Prolapsus, and the mild, but positive correction of all irregularities.

Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!

by those who have other preparations, which they desire to palm off upon the strength of the popularity of my Drops, and who recommend their own nostrums, thus appropriating to themselves the constant demand for my Periodical Drops, as a medium for selling something which is worthless and inefficient. But when the Druggist you apply to has not got them, either make him buy them for you, or else enclose One Dollar to the nearest General Wholesale Agent, who will return you a bottle by return Express.

You will thus save yourself trouble and obtain relief from the greatest FEMALE REGULATOR of the Nineteenth Century.

Over 25,000 Bottles of this medicine have been sold within the last six months, and every Lady that has used them, but for the nature of the cure would furnish us with her sworn certificate of their efficacy. It takes but One Dollar to make the experiment, and I appeal to those of your sect who are suffering—will you waste away when a single Dollar will give you instant relief.

Prepared solely by DR. JNO. L. LYON, Practicing Physician.

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Clark's Restorative, Is an unequalled Dressing.
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Clark's Restorative, Is splendid for Whiskers.
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Clark's Restorative, Cures Nervous Headache.
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Clark's Restorative, Keeps the Head Cool.
Clark's Restorative, Is delightfully perfumed
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Sediment
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Gum
Clark's Restorative, Polishes your Hair.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Parties.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Balls.
Clark's Restorative, All Ladies need it.
Clark's Restorative, No lady will do without it.
Clark's Restorative, Costs but $1

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—OF—
WILD CHERRY

Has been used for nearly
HALF A CENTURY!

With the most astonishing success in curing Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, and every affection of

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INCLUDING EVEN

CONSUMPTION!



THERE is scarcely one individual in the community who wholly escapes, during the season, from some one, however slightly developed, of the above symptoms—a neglect of which might lead to the last named, and most to be dreaded disease in the whole catalogue. The power of the "medicinal gum" of the Wild Cherry Tree over this class of complaints, is well known; so great is the good it has performed, and so great the popularity it has acquired.

In this preparation, besides the virtues of the Cherry, there are commingled with it other ingredients of like value, thus increasing its value ten fold, and forming a Remedy whose power to soothe, to heal, to relieve, and to cure disease, exists in no other medicine yet discovered.

From R. FELLOWS, M. D.
HILL, N. H., Nov. 3d, 1860.

S. W. FOWLE & Co.,—

Although I have generally a great objection to patent medicines, I can but say in justice to DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, that it is a remedy of superior value for *Pulmonary Diseases*.

I have made use of this preparation for several years, and it has proved to be very reliable and efficacious in the treatment of severe and long-standing *coughs*. I know of one patient, now in comfortable health, who has taken this remedy, and who, but for its use, I consider would not now be living.

R. FELLOWS, M. D.

From E. T. QUIMBY, M. A., Principal of the "New Ipswich Appleton Academy."

NEW IPSWICH, N. H., Oct. 4th, 1860.

S. W. FOWLE & Co.,—

Gentlemen,—This certifies that for more than fifteen years I have frequently used Dr. Wistar's Balm of Wild Cherry, for Coughs, Colds, and Sore Throat, to which I, in common with the rest of mankind, am subject, and it gives me pleasure to say that I consider it the *very best* remedy for such cases, with which I am acquainted. I should hardly know what to do without it.

Respectfully yours,

E. T. QUIMBY.

From the Depot Master at South Royalston Mass.

SOUTH ROYALSTON, Jan. 4th, 1860.

Messrs. SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston.—

In the spring of 1858 I was most severely afflicted with a hard dry cough, with its usual accompaniments of night sweats, completely prostrating my nervous system, and producing such a debilitated state of health, that after trying medical aid to no purpose, I had given up all hopes of ever recovering, as had also my friends. At this stage of matters I was prevailed upon to try Wistar's Balsam, and before using two bottles the effect was almost magical. My cough entirely left me the night sweats deserted me, hope once more elated my depressed spirits and soon I had attained my wonted strength and vigor.

Thus had this Balsam, as has often been remarked by persons conversant with the above facts in this vicinity, literally snatched me from the yawning grave. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted.

Very respectfully yours.

BENJ. WHEELER.

From GEORGE A. KIMBALL, Esq., Druggist.

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Respectfully yours.

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Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation, Colic, Intermittent Fevers, Cramps and Spasms, and all Complaints of either Sex, arising from Bodily Weakness whether inherent in the system or produced by special causes.

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Last, but not least, it is *The Only Safe Stimulant*, being manufactured from sound and innocuous materials, and entirely free from the acid elements present more or less in all the ordinary tonics and stomachics of the day.

No family medicine has been so universally, and, it may be truly added, deservedly popular with the intelligent portion of the community, as HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

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COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, A Positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calcareous depositions, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

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For Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face, Pallid Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

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In one of which the Patient may expire.

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A Trial will convince the most skeptical.

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In many Affections peculiar to Females the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leuchorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicines for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

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In all their Stages, At little Expense, Little or no change in Diet, No inconvenience, And no Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous, Diseased and wornout Matter.

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Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the URINARY ORGANS, whether existing in MALE or FEMALE, from whatever cause originating and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these Organs requires the aid of a DIURETIC, HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE GREAT DIURETIC, and is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is Recommended.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will accompany the medicine.

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OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIER'S & SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
AND
OINTMENT.

All who have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care, that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

Coughs and Colds affecting Troops

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, aid by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite, Incidental to Soldiers.

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

Weakness or Debility Induced by over Fatigue,

Will soon disapper by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's should be recommended for Dysentery and Fulx, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

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Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all round it, then covered with a piece of linen from his haversack and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's Knapsack and Seaman's Chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," are discernable as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light*. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

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CHALCIDEAN,
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Half the labor of washing saved, and three-fourths the soap, by use of the
CHALCIDEAN.
All former fluids in use have rotted the cloth. The CHALCIDEAN will not rot the articles washed with it, and besides extracting the dirt with ease, it gives them a PURE WHITENESS.
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No Washing Machine is needed, as the CHALCIDEAN wonderfully
Lessens the Labor of Washing.
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Wholesale dealers in
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One Year Certificates,
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MELLEN, WARD & MOWER
BANKERS,
No. 20 Congress Street,
CHARLES MELLEN, late with Galloupe & Putnam.
CHARLES H. WARD, late with Spencer, Vila & Co.
CALVIN R. MOWER, " " " " "
BOSTON.

Poetry.

A SUMMER EVENING.

It is a pleasant hour! how full of balm
The sighing air—how soft the evening light!
It seems on this delicious dewy calm,
That something heavenly walks abroad to-night.
Far off sweet voices call to me and win
My heart to peace; I yearned with reverend feet
To press his garment's hem, and feel within
The spirit-thrill so potent mild and sweet
Pierce this poor trembling frame, while His great breath
Pours through the shadowy corridors of life;
Soul soothing strains with love and mercy rife,
The sweetest heard this side the doors of death.
O happy hour! that ever seems to be
Breathing, in time, the music of eternity.

Our Army Correspondence.

BERMUDA HUNDRED, VA.,
July 4, 1864.

MR. EDITOR,—The purple tide of war still rolls over the soil of Virginia. The roar of artillery and the crash of musketry mark the hours and minutes on the disk of battle. Severe and terrible fighting sound out the notes of unremitting war. And oh! the bravery, toil, suffering and perseverence of our noble army baffles words to describe. Its more than mortal heroic devotion—its more than human endurance can never be written in volume, or pencilled on canvas. Its days of marching in dust and heat, in hunger and thirst—its nights of watching on post and picket—its fierce and strong assaults—its steady and unyielding front before death, find no parallel in all the world's history. "With war in each breast, and freedom on each brow, our noble soldiers scorn to bow." I could write pages of the hardships, the losses and sufferings of the different corps now in the region of Richmond. I will briefly speak of the 18th corps, under Gen. Smith, that has done so much of the fighting for the last month. The 18th first came here under Gen. Butler, and, with the 10th corps, took and held this region, almost capturing Fort Darling and Petersburg. For some weeks it held the enemy under Beauregard in check, and more than once repulsed his command. Then it was transferred to the army of the Potomac, and at the White House, and in front of Richmond, took part in the hard struggles there so desperately contested. The 18th was the first to recross the James, and with forced marches for sixty miles, threw itself against the defences of Petersburg, which it came within a thread of capturing, penetrating to the second line of defences, and taking with the bayonet five redoubts. It failed only by the necessity of aid, which, by the non-arrival of the second corps, could not be had. This corps remained for some days in the trenches, continually fighting and forcing the enemy back inch by inch, till it was relieved by the 6th and 2d corps. After this it was ordered back to its old quarters at the Point of Rocks; it here rested but a few days, when it again advanced on Petersburg and did some splendid fighting, as its thinned ranks attested; it was once more moved back across the Appomatox to hold in check the enemy that had moved down between this river and the James; here it was but a few days, when, six days ago, it again moved on Petersburg, and now while I am writing, with the glass at 110 in the shade, this true and daring corps lie in a ditch one mile long, that runs in front of Petersburg. It gained this position by a cautious move in the night. The ditch was once filled with water, but is now dry; it is within three hundred feet of Petersburg. The soldiers are protected from certain death by remaining in a half recumbent position; for the instant a head is raised, fifty rebel sharpshooters take deadly aim; if even a hand is raised it is sure to be pierced by the enemy, occupying the tops of surrounding trees. When this corps was mustered the last day of June, it was done upon a bread box, the soldiers crawling upon their hands and knees up to sign the roll. It has been on reduced rations, because it could only be reached by night, and a part of the way under ground. And these devoted men have been watching the enemy day and night in this way, to hold it back and engage its attention, while another scheme is being inaugurated, which I am not at liberty to divulge. Since it has been in this ditch, 700 have been shot by unseen foes. Your readers have all heard of the rebel Gen. Picket. I saw the ruins of his house a few days ago, below Fort Darling. After Gen. Butler came here, one of the gunboats sent a 62 pound shell into the house, which completely gutted it, blowing it to atoms, furniture and all. The Union boys got many trophies, among others photographs of his slaves—many of them with *straight hair and blue eyes.* When Gen McClellan came down the peninsula, and was rescued by government transports at Harrison's Landing, James River, he lost on the march, 15,000—9000 killed, and 6000 taken prisoners and sent to the Libby. In Gen. Grant's recent move across the James, much longer in distance, it is not known that he lost a man. Grant's immense train was fifty-seven hours passing a given point, and when extended in marching would reach 84 miles. It crossed a pontoon bridge 3000 feet wide over a river 80 feet deep. There is a plantation 4 miles from here on the James called "Hatche's," the rebel owner of which was very wealthy. He run away; a few days ago, one of the 10th corps was digging for fish worms, when he struck a piece of board, beneath which was an iron pot, filled with $6000 in gold. Instead of keeping his discovery a secret, he told his chums; the result was, he got but $470, and the rest was scattered among several hundred of the boys—a kind of gold fish always convenient to have other days than Friday. Petersburg is surrounded by 18 redoubts, most of them having 16 guns, commanding every point of the compass; between the redoubts run heavy embankments protected by deep ditches with perpendicular sides; over them our soldiers had to charge to take what we now hold. Our loss of life has been more than your readers would believe should I write it. Gen. Sheridan, who has just came here with his cavalry from White House, had a train of forage and ammunition 8 miles long, and his cavalry reached 12 miles more, or the whole as far as from Medford to Lowell. I have recently met an old boatman on the James River, who before the war broke out, bought a barge for $1800. This was all his capital. Now he is worth $100,000. He has $40,000 in Government bonds, and a few days ago took $1600 interest in gold. When I came here I had my quarters on board of a steamer that two years ago could have been bought for $10,000. She earned her owners $70,000, and was then bought by government for $40,000. I saw a Richmond paper a few days ago, which said, "The first tears shed by Gen. J. C. Breckenridge since the war, were shed on Friday night on account of the death of his favorite horse, that had borne him since the battle of Shiloh." Tender-hearted rebel indeed; meek humbug, with moistened eyes over a dead horse, while millions of groans and oceans of blood, wrecked hopes, martyred lives, and pleading woes move him not. A soulless beast could dim his eyes, but slaughtered and mangled humanity find no blush of shame on his cold and apostate cheek. He, a perjured Senator, a crimson dyed traitor, a black-hearted aspirant to Presidential honors, is brought to grief when a four-footed beast shuffles off this mortal coil; but when the great heart of the nation groans in agony, and is dying with the waste of its own blood, the villain is scoffing at the agony, and gashing new wounds in the vitals of the nation. Such is Southern chivalry—a slaveholding sympathy for the beast that perisheth, over the soul that liveth forever. Lawrence Sterne wrote a song upon the death of an ass, full of tears and grief, but it was the fictitious love of fancy, and those who knew its author sneered at its affected plaintiveness. So will a discerning public scorn and detest John C. Breckenridge, as it reflects that his "savage, sullen soul" wept for the death of a horse, and shouted with joy at the butchery of Fort Pillow. R.

FRONT OF PETERSBURG, VA.,
July 10, 1864.

MR. EDITOR,—Since my last, June 25, we have advanced our line a short distance and thrown up a strong line of breastworks through a thick growth of small oaks, a few rods to the rear of our picket line. These are the strongest works we have built as yet; at the right and centre of each company is a strong traverse, as our line obliques a little to the right, and is subject to a heavy crossfire from the enemy's artillery. We are encamped behind our works, and are getting quite a rest after two months of severe campaigning. Everything is quiet along our front, except occasionally an artillery duel on our right between the enemy and the batteries on our right. There are two small redoubts to the rear of our brigade, commanding the Jerusalem Plank road, leading to Petersburg. There has been no picket firing in our front since we came here until this morning, when, about daylight a few shots were exchanged without injury to our side.

A large fort is being built in the rear of our brigade 400 feet square, to be armed with heavy siege guns, and a number of light batteries, and, it is said, to be garrisoned by 4000 men.

The weather is exceedingly *hot.* We have had no rain since we crossed the James River, and the springs are getting low. A train of wagons can be seen for miles, as a cloud of dust follows every team and horseman.

The 4th passed off very quietly with us. It was rumored here that Gen. Grant was to celebrate the day by opening his artillery all along the line on the enemy, but we were happily disappointed in not hearing his "big guns" open.

Wm. H. LeBarron has been detailed from Comp. K., and attached to the 3d division provost guard.

In my last I notice a number of mistakes of the compositor, which expose "Carl Boyd" to a running fire of criticism, not very agreeable to his ears. Miles Rowland (whose name was omitted last week) was wounded in the neck, slightly, on the evening of the 17th. Irving Foster, killed on the 18th, instead of 17th, and Lewis M. Walker, wounded in the left wrist and right leg, just above the knee, by a piece of shell, on the 18th, instead of in the neck, as stated in the last JOURNAL. His leg was amputated, but he has since died. When he left the field he was in excellent spirits, and it was thought by all that he would recover with the loss of his leg. But the exceedingly hot weather, and the inability of our surgeons to pay proper attention to so large a number of wounded, renders recovery from amputation almost impossible.

The health of our company is as good as usual. We have at present 48 men for duty. Capt. Kingsley and Lieuts. Tidd and Severance are well. But the mail closes soon.

Yours,
CARL BOYD.

For the Middlesex Journal.

OPPRESSION.

MR. EDITOR,—Many years since, when I was residing for a time in a Slave State, walking the street one day, my attention was attracted by a strange print posted on the wall, representing a portly, well dressed man pressing the forehead and nose of a weaker and beggarly dressed man on a large grindstone, while another person was turning the grindstone, to the manifest agony of the poor man.

On examining the print, I found it was evidently composed from that extraordinary interrogation in the Prophecies of Isaiah, 3d chapter, 15th verse, "What mean ye that ye beat my people to pieces and *grind the faces of the poor?* saith the Lord God of Hosts."

How strikingly this message from the great God shows that he notices the conduct of the wealthy and powerful toward the poor. How little the former often think of the reckoning day that is coming at the bar of the "Judge of all the earth," "who, without respect of persons, judgeth according to every man's work."

The natural rights of the poor, though not ignored under the ancient dispensation, are more fully vindicated under the present, one grand feature of which was early announced in those emphatic words of the great Redeemer, "The poor have the gospel preached unto them."

These glad tidings to the poor embrace their inalienable privileges of "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

I confess that during the present war, in which the wealth of so many rich planters in the slave States has melted away, I have frequently thought of the striking language of the Apostle, "Go to now, ye rich men, weep and howl for your miseries that shall come upon you. Behold the hire of the laborers who have reaped down your fields, which is of you kept back by fraud, crieth, and the cries of them which have reaped have entered into the ears of the Lord of Sabaoth."

Is not the present state of things in our country a fearful answer to these cries?

Before the war, a few persons in the South had an apprehension of its final result. The Raleigh (N. C.) Standard made the following remarkable prediction:

"If war breaks out, twenty millions of Northern people will at once become our enemies. Negro property will cease to be valuable. The negroes will know too that the war is waged on their account. They will become restless and turbulent. The whole world outside of the slave States, with slight exceptions, is opposed to slavery, and the whole world, with slave labor thus rendered insecure and comparatively valueless, will take sides with the North against us. The end will be—Abolition!"

Is it not then a hazardous thing to *grind the faces of the poor?*

The bloody deaths of hundreds of thousands of our brethren in thunder tones answer YES!

What energy this adds to the divine direction, "Envy not thou the oppressor, and choose none of his ways."

J. E.

For the Middlesex Journal.

Some months ago, a young man from South Reading (W. S. H.) fond of adventure, and with means of gratifying his wishes, started on a journey westward, expecting, probably, "to tie up" when a good opportunity presented for investment. After arriving "out West," and finding a good company going "westward," he joined them, procuring his share of ox-teams to carry them and their tents, &c., over hills, plains and valleys, when last heard from, he was on the plains of Idaho. We have been permitted to copy from letters written to his parents and friends, and may occasionally furnish an extract for the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL. The following is one. M.

"We are now surrounded by Indians, and have become very familiar with their 'How,' on greeting us. A little more than a week ago, we came to where a large company, 300 or more, were moving up to camp. They carried everything by pony power. These pack ponies were partly weighed down by huge bundles on each side, and others drew the indian carriage, made of their tent poles, two or four on each side, and dragging on the ground, twelve or fifteen feet behind, making quite a scraping as they pass; and it cannot be a very pleasant task for their small ponies to travel over hills and valleys with such a load. Behind the animal these sticks have cross-pieces. Fastened to these cross-pieces are sometimes the skins of which the tent is composed, sometimes a small wicker work with a squaw or papoose within riding. These ponies are very stout. I have seen two indians riding on one at a canter. These and all indians have something or other they want to sell, or in their own tongue, 'swap.' Moccasins, buffalo robes, and tanned antelope skins, are their stock in trade. If you ask one the price of the moccasins, he will answer "one dollar" (holding up the forefinger for the figure one), "swap." They place a high value on the white man's bread. I "swapped" a double handful of crackers for a pair of moccasins with one the other afternoon. They do not visit us in large numbers. Five or six are the greatest number that have been in our camp at any one time. They will say "How," stop their ponies, and say no more, but appear as if they had got to the extent of their English. They do not show that eagerness for finding out what we mean when we speak to them that we should if we were in their situation, but point to their mouth and ears, meaning that they do not understand us. Some of them have a kind of recommendation from the traders or other white men. One of them showed me his the other day, in which it was stated that "John was a good Sioux Indian, and we could give him any meat or bread we chose, and he would be very thankful for it." The nearest to an expression of thankfulness which I have seen manifested by any of them was one afternoon when one of them was telling one of our company that he (the white man) was good, because he had just given him some bread. This tribe of Sioux Indians extends about two hundred miles along the Platte river, and contains 1700 warriors. It is probably as fine a tribe as there is."

☞ We like short courtships, and in this Adam acted like a sensible man—he fell asleep a bachelor, and awoke to find himself a married man. He appears to have popped the question almost immediately after meeting Miss Eve, and she, without flirtation or shyness, gave him a kiss and herself. Of that first kiss in the world we have had our own thoughts, however, and sometimes, in a poetical mood, wished we were the man that did it. But the deed is done—the chance was Adam's and he improved it. We like the notion of getting married in a garden. Adam's was private. No envious aunts and and grunting grandmothers. The birds of the heavens were the minstrels, and the glad sky flung its light on the scene. One thing about the first wedding brings queer things to us in spite of its scriptural truth. Adam and his wife were rather young to marry—some two or three days old according to the sagest elder; without experience, without a house, a pot or kettle; nothing but love and Eden.—*M. M. Noah.*

The trial of the celebrated Yelverton case in the English House of Lords has developed the fact that a man may lawfully have a separate wife in each of the three countries of England, Scotland and Ireland, whom he may respectively repudiate in each of the others, a legal marriage in one country not being legal in another.

If you wouldn't be troubled, don't be troublesome.

MECHANICAL INVENTIONS AND INVENTORS.

FROM SMILE'S INDUSTRIAL BIOGRAPHY.

Tools have played a highly important part in the history of civilization. Without tools and the ability to use them, man were indeed but a "poor, bare, forked animal," worse clothed than the birds, worse housed than the beaver, worse fed than the jackal. "Weak in hinself," says Carlyle, "and of small stature, he stands on a basis, at most for the flattest soled, of some half square foot, insecurely enough; has to straddle out his legs, lest the very wind supplant him. Feeblest of bipeds! Three quintals are a crushing load for him; the steer of the meadow tosses him aloft like a waste rag. Nevertheless, he can use tools, can devise tools: with these the granite mountain melts into light dust before him; he kneads glowing iron as if it were soft paste; seas are his smooth highway, winds and fire his unvarying steeds. Nowhere do you find him without tools: without tools he is nothing; with tools he is all." His very first contrivances to support life were tools of the simplest and rudest construction, and his latest achievements in the substitution of machinery for the relief of the human hand and intellect are founded on the use of tools of a still higher order. Hence it is not without good reason that man has by some philosophers been defined as *a tool-making animal.*

Tools, like everything else, had small beginnings. With the primitive stone hammer and chisel very little could be done. The felling of a tree would occupy a workman a month, unless helped by the destructive action of fire. Dwellings could not be built, the soil could not be tilled, clothes could not be fashioned and made, and the hewing out of a boat was so tedious a process that the wood must have been far gone in decay before it could be launched. It was a great step in advance to discover the art of working in metals, more especially in steel, one of the few metals capable of taking a sharp edge and keeping it. From the date of this discovery, working in wood and stone would be found comparatively easy, and the results must speedily have been felt not only in the improvment of man's daily food, but in his domestic and social condition. Clothing could then be made, the primitive forest could be cleared, and tillage carried on; abundant fuel could be obtained, dwellings erected, ships built, temples reared; every improvement in tools making a new step in the developement of the human intellect, and a further stage in the progress of human civilization.

The earliest tools were of the simplest possible character, consisting principally of modifications of the wedge; such as the knife, the shears, (formed of two knives working on a joint,) the chisel, and the axe. These, with the primitive hammer, formed the principal stock-in-trade of the early mechanics, who were handicraftsmen in the literal sense of the word. But the work which the early craftsmen in wood, stone, brass and iron contrived to execute, sufficed to show how much expertness in the handling of tools will serve, to compensate for their mechanical imperfections. Workmen then sought rather to aid muscular strength than to supersede it, and mainly to facilitate the efforts of manual skill. Another tool became added to those mentioned above which proved an additional source of power to the workman. We mean the saw, which was considered of so much importance that its inventor was honored with a place among the gods in the mythology of the Greeks. This invention is said to have been suggested by the arrangement of the teeth in the jaw of a serpent, used by Talus, the nephew of Dædalus, in dividing a piece of wood. From the representation of ancient tools found in the paintings at Herculaneum, it appears that the frame-saw used by the ancients very nearly resembled that still in use; and we are informed that the tools employed in the carpenters' shops at Nazareth at this day are in most respects the same as those represented in the buried Roman city. Another very ancient tool referred to in the Bible, and in Homer, was the File, which was used to sharpen weapons and instruments. Thus the Hebrews "had a file for the mattocks, and for the coulters, and for the forks, and for the axes, and to sharpen the goads." When to these we add the adze, plane-irons, the augur, and the chisel, we sum up the tools principally relied on by the early mechanics for working in wood and iron.

Such continued to be the chief tools in use down almost to our own day. The smith was at first the principal tool-maker; but special branches of trade were gradually established, devoted to tool-making. So long, however, as the workman relied mainly on his dexterity of hand, the amount of production was comparatively limited; for the number of skilled workman was but small. The articles turned out by them being the product of tedious manual labor, were too dear to come into common use, and were made almost exclusively for the richer classes of the community. It was not until machinery had been invented and became generally adopted, that many of the ordinary articles of necessity and of comfort were produced in sufficient abundance and at such prices as enabled them to enter into the consumption of the great body of the people.

But every improver of tools had a long and difficult battle to fight; for any improvement in their effective power was sure to touch the interest of some established craft. Especially was this the case with machines, which are but tools of a more complete though complicated kind than those above described.

Take, for instance, the case of the Saw. The tedious drudgery of dividing timber by the old-fashioned hand-saw is well known. To avoid it, some ingenious person suggested that a number of saws should be fixed to a frame in a mill, so contrived as to work with a reciprocating motion, upwards and downwards, or backwards and forwards, and that this frame so mounted should be yoked to the mill-wheel, and the saws driven by the power of wind or water. The plan was tried, and, as may readily be imagined, the amount of effective work done by this machine-saw was immense, compared with the tedious process of sawing by hand.

It will be observed, however, that the new method must have seriously interfered with the labor of the hand-sawyers, and it was but natural that they should regard the establishment of the saw-mills with suspicion and hostility. Hence a long period elapsed before the hand-sawyers would permit the new machinery to be set up and worked. The first saw-mill in England was erected by a Dutchman, near London, in 1663, but was shortly abandoned in consequence of the determined hostility of the workmen. More than a century passed before a second saw-mill was set up; when in 1767, Mr. John Houghton, a London timber-merchant, by the desire and with the approbation of the Society of Arts, erected one at Limehouse, to be driven by wind. The work was directed by one James Stansfield, who had gone over to Holland for the purpose of learning the art of constructing and managing the sawing machinery. But the mill was no sooner erected than a mob assembled and razed it to the ground. The principal rioters being punished, and the loss to the proprietor having been made good by the nation, a new mill was shortly after built, and it was suffered to work without further molestation.

Improved methods of manufacture have usually had to encounter the same kind of opposition. Thus, when the Flemish weavers came over to England in the seventeenth century, bringing with them their skill and their industry, they excited great jealousy and hostility amongst the native workmen. Their competition as workmen was resented as an injury, but their improved machinery was regarded as a far greater source of mischief. In a memorial presented to the king in 1621, we find the London weavers complaining of the foreigners' competition, but especially that "they have made so bould of late as to devise engines for working of tape, lace, ribbon, and such like, wherein one man doth more among them than 7 Englishe men can doe; so as their cheap sale of commodities beggareth all our Englishe artificers of that trade, and enricheth them."

LONG SKIRTS.—At a recent meeting of the signers of the "Ladies' Covenant" in Washington, Hon. Judge Kelley of Philadelphia, in the course of some remarks said—"I don't think the ladies deserve all the scolding, but really their dresses remind one of an inverted peacock. They should not thus hide their feet, for any man of marriageable age knows every lady has two feet, and I have known of ladies with homely faces who got husbands because of their pretty feet, and the nimble-manner in which they used them. They do not appear on the streets in foreign countries in long dresses and why should you do so? Women who dress plainly will always command respect."

The misery in the world comes of want of courage to speak and to hear the truth plainly and in a spirit of love.

HOW TO ESCAPE A DRAFT.—Volunteer in the hundred days men.

He that can have patience can have what he will.

The Middlesex Journal,

E. MARCHANT, PROPRIETOR.

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The Middlesex Journal.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1864

THE FLAG AT HALF-MAST.—During the progress of the civil war for the last three years, the flag at half-mast has been a common sight in all our cities and large towns. Its signification has been, "*The Soldier's Funeral.*" The bells have been tolled, and a military procession has ordinarily passed along, bearing to the grave some soldier who has fallen in the service of his country. Usually they have been young men, cut off in the flower of life, and many of them minors. A mother and father, and sisters and brothers, and not unfrequently the young widow of him who has fallen, have been among the mourners. It has been sad to see the scene, and to behold it so frequently, day after day. However warmly kindred and friends may have espoused the cause of the country, they have had hearts severely wounded; their sorrow has gone down into great depths. Young men of rare promise, the hope of the city and town, as well as the promise of joy for expectant parents and friends, have been cut off like flowers of spring by an untimely frost. What cause for lamentation!—the whole nation mourns, and long will sorrow over the frightful devastation war has made.

"Come near!—ere yet the dust
Soil the bright paleness of the settled brow,
Look on your brother, and embrace him now,
In still and solemn trust!
Come near!—once more let kindred lips be pressed
On his cold cheek; then bear him to his rest!

"Look yet on this young face!
What shall the beauty, from amongst us gone,
Leave of its image, ev'n where most it shone,
Gladdening its hearth and race?
Dim grows the semblance on man's heart impressed—
Come near and bear the beautiful to rest!"

In the fresh hours of the morning we have seen the hoisting of the flag, sometimes to the top of the staff, and then lowered slowly until it became fixed at the point of the half-mast, and then we knew that some gallant youth had been borne back upon his shield from the field of conflict, and we felt a sickness at heart, and the banner, so inspiring on other occasions as our nation's proud symbol, seemed to wave gloomily, and sweep its folds as if in grief.

It is, nevertheless, a beautiful sight to see our flag thus honoring those who have fallen in its defence, and, as a thing of life and feeling, not standing at its full height, but bending gracefully and lovingly over the freshly opened grave, as if to sympathize and drop a tear upon the form so soon to be shrouded from human observation.

In days of peace we have often seen the flag at half mast, when some one has died whom men sought to honor. From the mast-heads of shipping in the harbors of cities, when some great merchant, whose ships have circumnavigated the globe and enriched the land with the ventures of commerce, has gone to the tomb, the flags have been an elegant and appropriate representation of his worth; when the master mariner, the able and patriotic statesman, the civil ruler, and the man high in office, have received this testimony of respect, the flag has appeared to advantage in the honoring of those whose memory was precious.

But, then, it was only an occasional sight; but now, alas, its frequency as a token of the fearful strides of death in the army has a saddening effect.

Rarely on the field of battle is the flag at half-mast. They have to bury their dead rapidly, and sometimes in darkness and without funeral honors:—

"We buried him darkly at dead of night,
The sods with our bayonets turning;
By the struggling moonbeams' misty light,
And the lantern dimly burning.

"No useless coffin enclosed his breast,
Nor in sheet nor in shroud we bound him;
But he lay like a warrior taking his rest,
With his martial cloak around him."

Alas, our country's flag may well mourn! We have buried our jewels, and laid in the grave those who, in all the professions of life, would have adorned and exalted us as Americans. Let their memory be ever honored, and let us sympathize deeply with bereaved kindred and friends in the heavy and life-long losses they have sustained.

DEATH OF A VENERABLE CITIZEN.—Deacon Jesse Converse, the oldest person in Woburn, died on Sunday morning last, at the advanced age of 99 years, 5 months and 9 days. He was a thorough patriot, and contributed liberally of his means to help crush out the present rebellion against the Government. He could distinctly remember events connected with the battle of Lexington, being ten years old at the time. The funeral of the deceased took place from Lyceum Hall on Wednesday afternoon last. Rev. B. F. Bronson, of Roxbury, and late of Woburn, delivered the funeral discourse. The exercises were participated in by Revs. J. S. Kennard and J. C. Bodwell.

DONATION.—"The Young Ladies and Juvenile Society," connected with the Congregational Church, whose original object was to provide for destitute children, has, in addition to this, through the liberality of friends, been enabled to render assistance to our sick and wounded soldiers.

It has become more especially interested in having its offering contributed through the agency of the "Christian Commission," and this week forwarded, through this source, a box containing the following articles:—

50 comfort-bags, furnished.
100 pin-balls, with pins.
12 pairs slippers.
12 tent caps.
49 silk and cotton handkerchiefs.
12 needle books, furnished.
30 pin-cushions.
9 pairs stockings.
Lot of papers.

Donations of money and material to this Society, will be most carefully appropriated.

ALIVE AND DOING WELL.—Our readers will be glad to learn that Sergt. Major Charles K. Conn, of the 39th Regiment, thought to have been killed at Spottsylvania Court House, has been heard from. He was wounded and taken prisoner. The follow letter from him tells the whole story:—

HOSPITAL, No. 22,
Richmond, Va., May 28, 1864.

GEORGE:—At Spottsylvania Court House, on the 8th inst, I was wounded in the groin, taken prisoner, and after remaining in Field Hospital two weeks, was brought here, where I am doing finely.

Will you please inform my mother, and drop a line to the Colonel of the 39th. My love to all.

CHARLES K. CONN.

MILITARY.—The term of service of Privates George T. Morse, Charles R. Dale, and J. Webster Colcord, of Co. G, 13th Mass. Reg., and Privates Stephen Shea and Benj. F. Tuck, of Co. F, 16th Mass. Reg., has expired, and they have arrived home.

Sergt. Wm. McDevitt, of Co. K, 39th Reg., has recovered from his wound and returned to his regiment.

Private Charles W. Wellman, of Co. H, 59th Reg., and Sergt. Charles P. Daley, of Co. C, 2d Reg. Heavy Artillery, are at home on furlough.

THE LADY'S FRIEND.—A beautiful steel engraving, called "Harvest Time," opens the August number of The Lady's Friend. The steel Fashion Plate, a double one, is also, as usual, of the first quality. The wood engravings are excellent, especially "The Bridal Dress." The literary contents are varied and interesting. Price $2 a year. Single numbers (post paid) 20 cents. Published by Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

THE HOME MONTHLY, a very popular magazine, edited by Rev. William M. Thayer, and published by C. H. Pearson & Co., Boston, is devoted mostly to the interest of the family circle, as its name implies. We commend it to the attention of our readers.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK, for August, so long under the control of Mrs. Sarah J. Hale and Mr. Godey, comes to us looking as fresh and pretty as a young miss. Its contents are always excellent.

NEW MAP.—We have received from H. H. Lloyd & Co, of New York, a map accurately representing all the States and Territories (including the New Territory of Montana) from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and from the great Lakes to the Gulf. It will be sent, for 35 cents, post paid, to any address, by Benj. B. Russell, 515 Washington street, Boston.

We have received from the publishers, a "Statement of the Suffolk Gold Mining Company, Gregory District, Gilpin Co., Colorado." The mine of this company is said to be very rich. Arrangements are making to develope its great resources.

☞ Mr. S. G. Cowdrey, formerly principal of our Central Grammar School, has been made a Master of Arts by Harvard University.

The prettiest female hood—Girlhood.

WOBURN SOLDIERS.—This town has already furnished 67 men for the 100 days service. On Thursday, the following-named persons, under command of Capt. W. T. Grammar, left town for camp, as Co. G, 5th Regiment. Previous to leaving, they were given a collation at Lyceum Hall.

Co. G., 5TH MASS. REGT.
William T. Grammer, Woburn.
Charles S. Converse,
Montressor Seeley,
Charles E. Fuller,
Clarence Littlefield,
Samuel E. Wyman,
George A. Kelley,
Charles Parker,
George A. Flagg,
George W. Duren,
James H. Walker, Jr.,
Thomas J. Hall,
Eber H. Lawrence,
Charles Whittum,
Otis K. Winn,
Charles W. Carter,
Thomas V. Sullivan,
Timothy Frye,
James H. Knowlton,
Samuel R. Dolliver,
Frank E. Merriam,
Montressor T. Allen,
Ephraim W. Hadley,
Samuel R. French,
Edwin G. Champney,
Dennis Taylor,
Alexander Murdock,
John S. Brown,
George W. Kimball,
Charles S. Jones,
W. Chester Tufts,
Henry U. Dean,
Walter F. Wade,
Warren T. Pierce,
Benjamin Heath,
George S. Butters,
Everett Cummings,
Parker T. Poole,
H. Harriman,
William Alley,
Samuel A. Osgood,
Thomas T. Ferguson,
S. T. Brigham,
William S. York,
Harry Adams, Winchester.
Joseph N. Manning,
Marshal Eaton,
Horace P. Piersons, Burlington.
Horace E Marion,
Webster Brooks, Ashland.
Elbridge Moulton,
Henry Perkins,
S. A. Davis,
Norman A. Smith,
Joseph W. Hall Dennis.
Luther Hall,
Frank Fletcher, Yarmouth.
Darius Baker,
Marcus Holmes, Bridgewater.
M. W. Greenwood, Hopkinton.

Co. D, 6TH MASS. REGT.
James W. Adlington,
William S. Bennett,
Joseph H. Buck,
Edward Bullfinch,
James H. Carton,
E. M. Converse,
Charles Cummings,
William Kimmick,
Elbridge W. Pierce,
Charles S. Richardson,
George W. Sawyer,
George F. Smith.

Co. I.
John H. Hall,

Co. D, 8TH MASS. REGT.
James C. Porter.

Co. C, 50TH MASS. REGT.
Cyrus Converse,
Frank Cummings,
James Fox,
George E. Hooper,
Arthur F. Norris,
True L. Norris,
Peter McCall,
George Murray,
Huge Rafferty.

WINCHESTER.

For the Middlesex Journal.

WAR ITEMS.—William I. Fletcher, assistant Librarian at the Boston Athenæum, and second son of Mr. Stillman Fletcher, has volunteered for the hundred days service and joined the Company commanded by Capt. Moses E. Ware, which has been attached to the 6th Regiment. His older brother is Hospital Steward in the regular army service and now stationed at Fortress Monroe. It would be well if others of our young men would imitate the example of these brothers at this crisis in our National history. Henry A. Winn, son of Mr. Alanson Winn, the popular Express-man, has also volunteered in Co. A, Capt Coombs, of the same Regiment, in the one hundred days service. The eldest son of Mr. E. A. Brackett, the well known sculptor, has enlisted in the Naval Service for one year.

ENLISTMENTS.—In accordance with the suggestion of Gov. Andrew, our Selectmen have deposited with the State Treasurer the sum of $125 for each recruit that can be obtained South and credited to the quota of the town. This number will not exceed twenty-five per cent of the number registered, and will be got, under the direction of the State agents, and distributed *pro-rata* among the different cities and towns which have deposited their money—so that those towns in this State which may be deficient in their quota will fare proportionably alike. The quota of this town, under the last call, will probably be about fifty—about twelve of these are already secured.

RESIGNATIONS.—Miss Isabella E. Tenney, the successful teacher of the Gifford and other Schools in town, has resigned her position, much to the regret of the committee, and Mr. Allen F. Boon, the Secretary of the School Committee, has resigned upon the latter Board. It seems to be very difficult to get competent persons to serve as School Committee-men in our town. This is not to be wondered at, when the duties of the office are considered, and the very little amount of credit which one gets for the faithful performance of his duty in this respect. Outsiders have no idea of the time and labor requisite in this office, and only those who know it by actual experience can appreciate its truth. In this town, the Committee have never asked or received pay for their services, but on the contrary have secured instead the ill-will of many, if they have pursued an independent course and acted impartially and as they thought for the best interests of the schools. It is, however, an important and responsible office, and those who are qualified and have the time to give to it which it demands, should sacrifice their own personal feelings and be willing to work in the cause. If each member of the Committee does his part of the work, the burden on each is comparatively light, but where it is thrown upon one or two, it is heavy and grievous to be borne.

SCHOOLS.—All the teachers of the last term have been reelected. Miss Tenney's resignation was caused by an offer of a more desirable position elsewhere.

MUSICAL.—The Baptist Society have purchased, by subscription, an excellent piano forte, for use in the vestry of their church. They are talking about having a bell in the steeple of their new building, to summon them to their meetings.

EXCURSION.—The Baptist Society, to the number of some one hundred and fifty, took an excursion to the Point of Pines, Chelsea Beach, on Thursday, under the charge of the redoubtable Major Winn, whose good offices on such occasions are indispensable. The pleasure of the ride was a good deal marred by the dusty condition of the roads, arising from the long drought which has prevailed, which is also killing all kinds of vegetation, and makes the face of nature wear a melancholy aspect. The party were favored with a good breeze while on the beach, and the time was pleasantly occupied in the usual pastimes of such occasions.

WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' FUND.—The Committee appointed at the last Town Meeting, to raise a fund by subscription, to be devoted to the widows and orphans of deceased soldiers, as needed, have obtained about four hundred dollars, which has been deposited with the Selectmen. As there are no cases at present requiring a draft on this fund, it will probably be invested for future uses.

EXCELSIOR.

SOUTH READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

HUNDRED-DAYS MEN.—The Richardson Light Guard left town for the camp at Readville, on Friday of last week. About noon they partook of a collation provided by the Selectmen in behalf of the town, where short addresses were expected, but as the time was very limited after reaching the hall, formal remarks were dispensed with. The Yale Engine Company performed escort duty in a very handsome and appropriate manner, accompanying them to Boston and through the city to the cars for Readville. The town authorities and many prominent citizens showed every courtesy and attention, and joined in the march to the Town Hall, and thence to the depot. The quiet and dignified conduct of the company and of the escorts during the whole proceedings is entitled to an honorable record. They did not, of course, forget to call on their patron, Doct. S. O. Richardson, before leaving town.

We understand there were about 130 who signed, and signified their desire to sign and become members. Some of these were from Reading and Melrose, but a majority of the company hail from this town. The officers, so far as chosen, are, Samuel Littlefield, Capt.; Jason Knight, 1st Lieut., and James A. Burditt, 2d Lieut. The company were mustered in on Tuesday, and reduced to a proper number. The shortest and youngest of the volunteers being denied a place on the descriptive roll, with disappointment returned to their homes. They showed a good will, which will be accepted for the deed. They may yet have an opportunity to display their valor in defending their country.

EXEMPTIONS.—In response to the invitation of the Provost Marshal, for enrolled men to appear before the Board of Enrollment, and claim to have their names stricken from the list, by producing evidence that they are not properly enrolled, numbers of our enrolled citizens have repaired to Lawrence during the week to have the question settled, if they would be accepted in case of a draft. Some were rejected who expected to find favor in the sight of the surgeon, but more were accepted who had but little doubt that permanent disability would procure their exemption. This preliminary examination will reduce the number of enrolled men liable to do military duty, so that a proper basis may be formed in towns, on which will be predicated the quotas now about to be filled. Heretofore, the deaf and dumb, the blind and the lame, as well as those already in the service, have served to swell the list of enrolled militia. It would seem that those whose physical disabilities would unfit them for service beyond a doubt, should not be reckoned in determining our military strength. M.

[Our Army Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, July 16, 1864.

DEAR EDITOR:—The rebels have made a raid into Maryland. Yes, you know that. Now they are off again with all their booty. You know that too.

Perhaps it will be something new to let you know what part the 6th N. Y. Battery took in repulsing the enemy. But previous to doing so, it would be advisable to premise one or two facts. On the 4th inst., we drew 84 horses from the Government corral here, they being the number requisite in the fitting out of a mounted battery of four guns. The succeeding day our battery of six guns, three inch rifles, were turned in at the arsenal, and we drew in exchange four light twelve-pounders, smooth bore. The latter are bronze, the former steel.

In one of my former letters it was explained to your readers the difference between mounted and horse batteries, but as that was some time ago, it will not be amiss to repeat it. Mounted batteries have three teams to each carriage, and the cannoniers either march or ride upon the ammunition chests of the limbers and caissons. They are used in conjunction with infantry. Horse batteries have three teams to a carriage, light twelve-pounders, four, and the cannoniers are mounted, and ride in rear of the gun. The caissons of the rifled guns have one less ammunition chest in horse batteries than in mounted. Horse artillery is used with cavalry. From which explanation it will be understood that we have been made a mounted or infantry battery of four guns.

At the first knowledge of the crossing of the Potomac by the rebels, one battery left this camp to go to Harper's Ferry by rail. As the rebels drew nearer to Washington, other batteries were sent out to the line of the city fortifications and their places in this camp replaced by others, quickly to be equipped and mounted. At length, in the afternoon of the 11th, Capt. Martin not yet having returned from his furlough, we were ordered out to Fort Reno in command of Lieut. Clark. As we passed through the city just at dusk, it was possible to perceive that the excitement in the city was very great. The sidewalks and doorsteps on Sixth street were crowded with ladies, who expressed their approbation of our mission by the waving of handkerchiefs. The sight of so many fair dependants upon our valor had no dispiriting effect. Passing down the whole length of Pennsylvania Avenue, and through Georgetown, we made an abrupt turn to the northwest and pursuing this course for about three miles, entered the little village of Tenallytown. Just without the northern edge of this town is Fort Reno, and we halted for the night close up to the earthworks. All about us laid the infantry like so many logs of wood wrapped in grey blankets, for it was ten P. M. before we had halted.

The morning sun opened to us a view of our position. Immediately before us was the fort and its straw-colored barracks, with the threatening black muzzles of its armament peeping just over the works and through the embrasures. To the right and left in winding courses the rifle pits stretched, filled with infantry. Beyond the fort and to the left the country spread finely, rolling and highly cultivated. At intervals the shining gravel and tall flagstaff showed more distant works, beyond which the pine trees' blue stretched far away into the horizon. A goodly sight, and wearied not the gazer.

"All seemed as quiet and as still
As the mist slumbering on yon hill."

But hark! far away to the right and north a faint report of firearms is heard. Hurrying to the right and northern face of the fort, what a different sight meets the eye. As far as can be seen, the land stretches up to meet the pine-clad heights in deep ravines and high hills. Four miles away, Fort De Runy, and from behind an intervening point of woods the flagstaff of Stevens rises high in air. Directly in front of these the skirmishing is going on. The puffs of smoke from the two lines can be plainly seen. The firing gathers volume, and then with a heavy boom the forts open.

All day long a desultory firing is kept up, with an occasional shot from Fort Stevens, when just after sunset it merges into a prolonged rattle. The rebels made a last and violent effort to force the works. The heavy guns in the fort saluted them in volleys. After two hours' fighting they themselves were forced back by the veterans of the sixth corps, and the fire slowly died away. All this while we had been lying in readiness to move to any point. Early in the morning of the succeeding day the right section of our battery made a reconnoisance as far as Rockville, with about a thousand cavalry, the odds and ends of different regiments recently mounted. Rockville is seven miles without the fortifications, and the greater portion of that distance was accomplished at a gallop. Arrived at the town, our section took position commanding a fork in the road, and the cavalry charged into it. They were repulsed in confusion by the rebel rear guard, and fell back behind our pieces in so disorderly a manner as to afford us no support. Whereupon our guns were limbered to the rear, and the section withdrew although having seen not one rebel. The cavalry were dreadfully frightened, affirming that the enemy were 30,000 strong in the town. The whole expedition returned to Tenallytown toward night again, which place the battery did not leave until it returned to this camp in the afternoon of the 14th instant.

Tenallytown is a pretty little village, composed for the most part of white cottages, and as each house is well shaded by ornamental trees, presents quite a romantic appearance, far otherwise than its name would seem to indicate. It is situated on the Rockville pike, about three miles from Georgetown, and five from Washington. It has a Post Office and a hotel.

During the evening of the 13th the 19th corps commenced to arrive, and the next day began the pursuit of the rebels in conjunction with two divisions of the 6th corps.

Late in the afternoon of the 14th, we started to return to Camp Barry, taking a road that ran directly east across 14th and 7th streets. This road ran through a beautiful glen musical with brook and waterfall, with an old mill and a farm house just peeping from out a leafy nest. A rustic suspension bridge joined the opposite banks of the stream. Standing upon this swinging structure to gaze at the battery halting to water the steaming horses, it was a picture worthy to be commemorated on canvas. Crossing the top of 14th street, and by the Mt. Pleasant Hospital, where crowds of convalescent soldiers stood to see us pass, showing every possible variety of maiming, we came to where a ravine opened up to the right a magnificent view of the Capital. It surprised me to find there was a point from which the city appeared so actually beautiful.

"'Tis distance lends enchantment to the view
And robes the mountains in their azure blue."

Thus the capital. All of its low wooden dwellings, and dirty purlieus were indistinguishable, and the city shone out a perfect picture beneath the still afternoon sun. The distant blue of the Alexandrine hills toned to a softer shade by the nearer line of the river that wound about the city a narrow strip of azure, was a fit background to the bossed green and white of the city, that circled the Capitol like jewelled setting to a shining opal. Our road from thence laid south easterly by Finley and Campbell hospitals, and at length about nightfall, after our arduous(?) and dangerous (?) campaign of three days we arrived in Camp Barry without the loss of a man—*except* a bag of pork, which unfortunately dropped off a caisson on our outward march. We try to persuade ourselves that we did an immense deal of good, but cannot quite succeed. Leastways here are the facts, and your readers can determine for themselves.

There happened one incident worth mentioning. While we laid near Fort Reno a guard was posted on the pike to prevent such as had no passes from going to the front. On trying to pass this guard who was a hundred days man, he burst forth as follows, "Why *can't* you keep cool? There is no occasion for excitement. Why don't you keep cool, like me?" All this with the most protecting air imaginable. We "caved" and came to the conclusion that it could not be possible we had ever seen a fight before.

Now that the rebels have come and gone, it will be worth while to mention the state of feeling in which the city was during their presence. It seemed to me that there was an amount of fear greatly above the cause. Men moved restlessly about the city, and feverishly searched the faces of any passing column of soldiers. The ladies were much excited and apprehensive. At one house on our route they were out in the road giving water to the soldiers as they passed. One lady was so nervous and trembled so that she scarce could ladle the water from her pail into the tumbler, and yet she would not retire within doors. She said she had been doing it all day long in the dust and heat. And I doubt not their white faces, their tears and their tremblings, braced more than one stout heart to the conflict. As to the arrangement of the troops, that was carried on in a very orderly and creditable manner. A great body of the citizens were armed, and aided in manning the trenches, so that on our return through the city it looked almost deserted.

This raid has proved beyond a doubt that there are many secession sympathizers yet in the city. One rebel flag was captured in the city in process of construction, and many young men went out to join the raiders. Our fellows saw one citizen of Washington lying dead near Rockville and who had been fighting in the rebel cause. Near by where we were stationed there was a large house, the owner of which was engaged in fabricating a rebel flag while the fight was going on at Fort Stevens, as was learned from her negro laborer.

By this time the rebels are safely across the Potomac, having accomplished the most successful and best paying raid of the war. The 6th and 19th corps are after them, but too far behind, I fear, to reach them. HOPLITE.

RUFFIN'S POINT, JAMES RIVER, VA., July 18, 1864.

Mr. Editor,—The world moves internally and externally, and we know armies move upon its surface with as much facility as men are shifted on a chess board. Two weeks ago your humble correspondent was nicely located in the department of Gen. Butler. But Gen. Grant, with his big whales, had come along a few days before, and like all big fish, swallowed up the little ones; so R. was drawn into the current, or in other words, transferred to the Army of the Potomac to take the place of a Commissary who for three years had charge of the cattle to feed with fresh beef this great army; the former incumbent being sick had gone home. So instead of looking after hard bread and pork, coffee and sugar, I find myself with the snug little herd of 4000 oxen and steers, quite a drove, nearly six times as many cattle as weekly appear at Brighton market. We have nothing to do with the slaughtering of them, but issue them on the hoof to divisions and corps, by the twenties, fifties and hundreds, as they are required, giving an invoice in duplicate, and taking a receipt in like manner. The business is less complicated than any other connected with feeding the army. We issue about a thousand a week, and are supplied by an equal number sent from Alexandria. The intention of the government is to keep 6000 head on hand all the time. We have 75 herdsmen and a cavalry guard of 1000 men all the time. The intention is to keep in the rear and region of the army. Your readers have no idea of what it takes to feed four or five thousand cattle. I have seen them in one day eat up, trample down into the ground—yes, make a dust heap of 500 acres of the finest clover that I ever saw. At this season of the year they are fed wholly by grazing. The herdsmen are on duty by turns, 6 hours on and 6 off day and night. The head herdsman is paid $75 per month, the assistant $50, all others $30, and rations and cooks furnished. Each man has a horse to ride when on watch, and to feed and care for when off. We have an extra number of horses for emergencies, and a train of baggage wagons to carry baggage when we move. Many of the men have been with the herd from the beginning of the war, and will guard, watch and drive a thousand cattle as handily as a farmer will his small stock. On an average one creature dies or is abandoned daily, which at the end of a month has to be accounted for by an affidavit of the herdsmen, taken before some uninterested officer of the army, and this loss is credited the commissary as if issued. Cattle, like all commissary property, have to be receipted for by the commissary to the government, and he is held responsible for all reasonable care and prudence. The position of a commissary in this line is an easy one; it involves an occasional inspection of the herd, the seeking of new pasturing and water, with the signing of invoices. The head herdsman makes a daily report of the condition of the cattle and pasturing. At the end of each month accounts are settled. The daily expenditure connected with the herd where the food for the cattle costs nothing, is from $500 to $800 per day. Government furnishes the commissary with a clerk, allowing him $900 and rations, a year. All the issue being alive and in bulk, the writing is light. When the grass is eaten up on one plantation, we move to another. We have a fine chance to see the country, for we seek and improve the best part of it. Sometimes when well located, the cattle are driven off two or three miles and returned at night; by so doing, we can often stay two or three weeks without moving our camp. The plantations are very large, and but for the dry weather would hold out much longer. Most all of the plantations have fine mansions standing in this part of the state, but the furniture is broken and scattered. I am now writing in the double parlor of one of the finest houses in Virginia, with a plenty of broken furniture around to fill six small houses; it is a large and elegant estate of many thousand acres of grass, grain and corn, over which our cattle roam, eat, drink and rest. It lies on the James, 16 miles below Petersburg. The estate is owned by Edmund Ruffin, jr., a son of that old hoary traitor who fired the first gun at Fort Sumpter; it was occupied by his agent until about a month ago, the owner having left it two or more years ago. The plantation was worked by 150 slaves, who have left without a pass. It will be remembered that old Ruffin was a distinguished writer, and experimenter in agriculture more than forty years ago; upon this spot were written and practised all that belongs to the highest enterprise of Virginia agriculture. He published at Petersburg a journal of agriculture that had a wide and strong influence. In husbandry he stood the highest, as in loyalty he now stands the lowest. The splendid park of trees, the rare flowers and beautiful shrubs showed his nice taste half a century ago (he, until a few years ago, lived here). The house, with a score of outbuildings, has been rebuilt within a dozen years, and in style is equal, while in size, larger than that of Gen. T——, on Academy Hill in Woburn. There is a very fine garden of vegetables, all trampled and overrun. Trees, loaded with apples, pears and peaches; an ice-house, filled with ice, a luxury indeed here. He owns another large plantation a few miles down the river, and still another over the river in Hanover County. For acres all around this one are thickly grown trees, old and giant-like, so compact that the dark emerald hues of their foliage veil the burning sun at noonday, while their waving branches multiply every passing breeze. I am now thinking what would this old Ruffin say to look in and see his fields overrun by 4000 cattle, and his parlors cooked in and slept in, his fine grounds trampled by Yankees and cattle drivers. The house has been soiled, but not much abused; of the furniture I cannot say as much, for before we came here it had been touched by profane hands. It is now just before sunset, and as I look out I cannot call to mind so fine and lovely a spot in Virginia. The blue waters of the meandering James lave the near by shore; tall and mossy trees silently fling their sable shadows over a pebbled base of moving water, in which sport silvery fish; the merry warbling of the musical mocking bird giving life to every limb; the grassy slopes running down to shady and wild ravines; the rustic arbors mantled with tangled vines, perfumed with sweet flowers; while the parting blushes of the king of day soften the scene, as he gently descends to his invisible march of night; and the beauty of nature is gilded with the ornaments of art as dazzling as orient splendor. I raise my eyes, and away in the distance I see a thousand white tents that dot the fields; the picture has become dark and gloomy, with the sad and solemn conviction that countrymen and kinsmen are warring with deadly will, the one to uphold, the other to pull down the best and freest government that experience and wisdom has promulgated. And true it is that in this nineteenth century, this cruel and desolating war has swept on for three years, with no prospect of immediate cessation; that blood must still flow; life be still sacrificed. Oh, could the North see the war as it is here, what an oath of Union would go up; what an effort to crush its authors would be made; how soon would half a million men come to the rescue, and with sword and cannon build up a new temple of power. It is the pluck, the energy, the determination, the hopeless condition of the South that continues the war, and will continue it till the home North throws off its supineness, and is as willing to come as it is to send some one else. At the South all is gone—life, poverty, and revenge, alone remain. At the North, we have peace, plenty, comfort, and growing fortunes. Such are the opposite elements that influence each section of the country, and while they exist will continue the war. R.

The President has issued his call for 500,000 volunteers, and ordered a draft for the 5th of September, to fill vacancies.

The new pension law makes no distinction between whites and blacks.

A terrible drought is prevailing in Texas. The prairies are absolutely so parched that the earth is cracked into fissures, rendering it hazardous to journey on horseback by night. Cattle are dying there by thousands.

The Portland Press says an old Indian who has witnessed the effects of whisky for many years, says a barrel labelled whisky contains a thousand songs and fifty fights.

To smile at the jest which plants a thorn in another's breast, is to become a principal in the business.

Startling! but true—The Volunteers are braving the dangers of fever, scurvy, wounds and Cholera. Many a gallant fellow will leave his bones to bleach, who, by the aid of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, would have returned to his family strong and healthy.

If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. 226

Special Notices.

EDITOR OF JOURNAL:—*Dear Sir*,—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin; leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
jy23—3m* 831 Broadway, New York.

A Card to the Suffering.

SWALLOW two or three hogsheads of "Buchu," "Tonic Bitters," "Nervous Antidotes," &c., &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the result, then try one box of OLD DOCTOR BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS—and be restored to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the broken down and shattered constitution. Old and young can take them with advantage. Imported and sold in the United States only by

JAS. S. BUTLER,
No. 427 Broadway, New York,
☞ Agent for the United States.

P. S.—A box of the Pills, securely packed, will be mailed to any address on receipt of price, which is ONE DOLLAR, post paid—money refunded by the Agent if entire satisfaction is not given.
jy23—3m*

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED?
DR. BUCHAN'S
ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESS, Impotency, premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual, and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced. Price One Dollar per box. Sent post-paid by mail on receipt of an order. One box will perfect the cure in most cases. Address

JAMES S. BUTLER,
General Agent, 427 Broadway, New York.
jy23—3m*

NOTICE.

The young lady who took a Carpet Bag from the Woburn Branch Depot, on Tuesday afternoon, that did not belong to her, may save herself some trouble by returning the same to the depot without delay. (jy9) Woburn, July 6, 1864.

Instruction on the Piano-Forte.

Mrs. L. M. DALTON, would like to procure a few pupils for instruction on the Piano-Forte.—Her experience enables her to give thorough instruction, and she invites those wishing to take lessons to call upon her at her residence, CANAL STREET, WOBURN.

Woburn, June 10, 1864. 37—3m.

FEAR AT AN END!

No one is now deterred from changing the

WHISKERS OR MUSTACHE

from red, gray or sandy to a rich

BLACK OR BROWN

by a fear of injuring or staining the skin.

CHRISTADORO'S DYE

is harmless as water, mild as new milk and

TRUE TO NATURE

in the magnificent colors it imparts.

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere and applied by all Hair Dressers.

Price, $1, $1.50, and $3 per box, according to size.

Cristadoro's Hair Preservative.

Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Hair. Price, 50 cents, $1, and $2 per bottle, according to size. jy16—3w.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE."

This Coffee has stood the test, and is

Unequalled by any other Substitute.

No one who delights in a

Cup of good Coffee

Should be without it.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

H. B. NEWHALL,

36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

Certificate of Dr. Hayes.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance. It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D.,
jy16—2m eow State Assayer.

FEMALES! FEMALES! FEMALES!

Use the SAFE, PLEASANT REMEDY known as

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

For all Complaints incident to the sex. No family should be without it, and none will when once tried by them. It is used

BY YOUNG AND OLD

In the decline or change of life, before and after marriage, during and after confinement, to strengthen the Nerves, restore NATURE to its Proper channel, and invigorate the Broken down Constitution, from whatever cause originating.

USE NO MORE WORTHLESS PILLS!

TAKE

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

See Advertisement in another column. Cut out and send for it.

Married

In Woburn, July 19th, by Rev. Eli Fay, Lieut. John E. Tidd, of Co. B, 32d Mass. Regt., to Miss Anna P. Bulfinch, all of Woburn.

In Centre Harbor, N. H. by Rev. Stephen Pitzman, Wm G. Butterfield, of Stoneham, to Miss Mary L. Chase, of Meredith Village, N. H.

Died

In Woburn, 15th inst., Miss Salley Champney, daughter of the late Benjamin Champney, Esq., of New Ipswich, N. H., aged 72 years.

In Woburn, 17th inst., Dea. Jesse Converse, aged 99 years, 6 months.

In Woburn, 19th inst., Jacob H. Shedd, aged 37 years, 10 months.

In Winchester, July 15th, Mrs. Maria A., wife of Lemuel Hollon, and daughter of S. E. and C. L. Brown, aged 34 years, 8 mos. 10 days.

BARGAINS
— IN —
BOOTS AND SHOES!

S. R. PRIEST
offers his
ENTIRE STOCK
BELOW COST.
jy23

For Sale in South Reading.

The Estate on Eaton Street, belonging to Loel Sweetser, consisting of a house, 33 feet by 29 and one acre of land, well stocked with fruit trees. Being in the centre of the town, it is a fine location. If any person is desirous of purchasing, please call and examine.
Price $2,000. july23—3t*

VERNATELLA.

WARRANTED TO MAKE THE
SOLES OF BOOTS AND SHOES
WATER AND DAMPNESS PROOF,
AND WEAR ONE-THIRD LONGER.

VERNATELLA,

is a preparation from Copper, having no grease. Linseed oil, or anything of the kind, and when the soles are once saturated with it, water can no more get through them than through copper itself.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
AT RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

But its cost to the purchaser is really NOTHING, as it makes the soles wear enough longer to more than pay for it, leaving as a net gain the making of them Water and Dampness Proof, and the preservation thereby of that priceless gem, the health.

LADIES, READ THIS.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH!

Use Vernatella on the soles of your Shoes. It makes them water proof and thereby protects your feet from dampness, for the ground is always more or less moist, either from rain or the morning and evening dew.

At Wholesale in Boston by

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 38 Hanover street.
S. M. COSCORD & CO., 86 Hanover street.
M. S. BURR & CO., 26 Tremont street.
CARTER, RUST & CO., 43, Hanover street.

And Wholesale Druggists generally. Also by all the Principal Dealers in Boots and Shoes.

Manufactured in the CHEMICAL DEPARTMENT of the

Cahoon Manufacturing Company.

WYMAN & TYLER, Agents.
40—7m 82, Water street, Boston.

ATKINSON'S FURNITURE POLISH. For VARNISHED or POLISHED FURNITURE, this excellent Polish will not fail to restore furniture to its original brilliancy. After using this preparation, the touch of the hand will not leave a mark or soil furniture.

Obtained at the principal dealers in furniture, and traders generally. W. D. ATKINSON, JR., manufacturer, Tremont corner Boylston streets. Wholesale agents, Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. Warranted not to injure the varnish. 40 3m

Keep Cool by Drinking

BRIGHAM'S

ARCTIC SODA WATER,

Which runs in a constant stream at No. 5 WADES BLOCK.

Real Estate For Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale a DWELLING-HOUSE, on Rail-Road Street, about one-fourth of a mile from Main Street. The Eastern part contains seven rooms; the Western eight rooms. Good water convenient for both parts. Each part so arranged as to be convenient for two families.

Also House-Lots of various locations and Prices. Terms accommodating.

LUKE FOWLE.
Woburn, April 20, 1864. 30—3m.

ATKINSON'S FRENCH PLASTER. Highly Recommended for CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD JOINTS, NAILS IN-GROWING, or any Disease of the Feet.

This Plaster effects a cure without pain or inconvenience. After the application the boot or shoe can be worn with perfect ease. Warranted not injurious. Procured of all principal druggists and boot and shoe dealers. Made only by W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., Tremont corner Baylston streets. Boston, Mass. Wholesale agents, G. C. Goodwin & Co.; John Wilson, Jr., & Co., Boston.

L. H. ALLEN,

FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,

FURNISHES at his Wareroom, four doors north of depot, Caskets of all sizes and qualities. Black Walnut, Mahogany, White Wood, and Pine coffins, of every size and price. Plates of various styles, and Plain and Fancy Handles. Thibet, Cashmere, Colored, Lawn, Muslin, and Cambric Shrouds. Metallic Caskets furnished at the shortest notice. Every thing furnished at the lowest living prices.

The subscriber having received from the Board of Selectmen the appointment of Funeral Undertaker for the town, now offers to the public his new and elegant HEARSE, which has been manufactured expressly to his order, and which he will furnish with one or a pair of horses, at the usual price.

He likewise offers the new invention for preserving the bodies of deceased persons by cold air alone, without the direct application of ice, which is so repugnant to the feelings. When preserved by the cold air process, a glass reveals at any moment the features of the departed, and the corpse will keep much longer than in the ordinary way.

The subscriber would take this opportunity to return his thanks for the liberal patronage he has hitherto received, and hopes with his new improvements to continue to give his customers the highest satisfaction.

All orders answered with promptness, and Coffins delivered within ten miles free of expense.

L. H. ALLEN.
Woburn Center, March 4, 1864.—23-6m

TO LET FOR STORAGE,

A STABLE, 18x25, with cellar, located in the rear of Dwight Kager's Estate.
39-3w Apply to ELI COOPER.

"BIG THING ON ICE."

ONE OF TUFT'S

ARCTIC SODA FIXTURES!

Has been placed on the Counter of the APOTHECARY at

No. 5 Wade Block, Main St.

He now offers to the thirsty public a cold glass of Soda Water with either of

12 varieties of Fruit and Cream Syrups.

☞ CALL AND SAMPLE THE GOODS. ☜

WM. PRATT,

WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER,

And dealer in Watches, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, &c.

347 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.

PARTICULAR attention given to repairing fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

FOR SALE

A COOKING STOVE, in good order.—Will be sold cheap. Apply at the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL office.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

HEAD-QUARTERS, BOSTON, July 6, 1864.
GENERAL ORDER, No. 24.

Five thousand Infantry Volunteers have been called for from Massachusetts, for one hundred days' service, to do Garrison duty in the fortifications near the City of Washington. Their services are required at once. Officers in command of Regiments and Companies of Massachusetts Militia will immediately perfect their organizations, and report for orders.

Gentlemen not in Commission, qualified by character and experience to command Companies, will be authorized to raise new Companies upon application to these Head-quarters.

These troops are to be employed in garrison duty, and must be raised without unnecessary delay. The troops can be forwarded by companies to report at Washington.

In addition to the United States pay, each non-commissioned officer and private will receive from the Commonwealth twenty dollars a month during his term of service.

Volunteers under this call will be exempted from any draft that may be ordered during such term of one hundred days' service.

The young men of Massachusetts are expected to respond to this call with the same alacrity which characterized their fathers in the Revolution, and their brothers when the President made his first call in April, 1861.

By order of his Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

WILLIAM SCHOULER,
jy9—1t Adjutant-General.

COLLECTOR'S SALE FOR TAXES IN READING.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Taxes assessed by the Assessors of the town of Reading, in said Middlesex County, upon the lands hereinafter named, are unpaid, and that I shall sell at Public Auction, at the OFFICE of the Selectmen, in said Reading, on WEDNESDAY, the third day of August next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, the said lands for the payment of said taxes and all necessary intervening charges, unless the same are paid before said sale:

CHARLES E. HALL, of Reading—About ¼ of an acre of land, with house and outbuildings thereon, and now occupied by Francis H. Knights—bounded, westerly, by Linden street; northerly by land of Daniel Nichols; easterly by land of C. F. Pinkham, and southerly by land of John Adden—

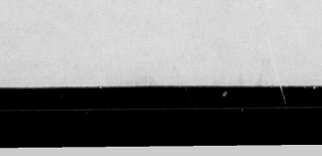
State, county and town tax, for 1862,	$23.92
JAMES CRAWFORD, of Roxbury—A parcel of land on Bear Hill, being lots numbered 27, 28, 54, 55, on a plan of lands called Fairmount, made by E. Buckman, and recorded with Middlesex Deeds, (So. Dist.) Book of Plans No 6, Plan 30—	
State, county and town tax, for 1863,	00.88
Highway tax, for 1862,	07
	95
E. R. MORSE, Boston—A parcel of land on Bear Hill, being lots numbered 90, 91, 92, 93, on plan of lands called Fairmount, made by E. Buckman, and recorded with Middlesex (So. Dist.) Deeds, Book of Plans No. 6, Plan 30—	
State, County and town tax, for 1863,	00.88
Highway tax, for 1862,	5
	93
CHARLES W. CUMMINGS, Maine—About ¼ acre of land on Federal street—bounded, southerly by Federal street; westerly by C. W. Young's estate; northerly by land of N. P. Pratt; easterly by land of John M. Houseman, being lot No. 18 on Plan of house lots in Reading, belonging to Milo Parker and others, recorded in Middlesex (So. Dist.) Deed Book of Plans No. 5—	
State, county and town tax, for 1862,	00.88
" " " " " " 1863,	83

GEORGE BATCHELDER, Collector.
Reading, July 5, 1864. jy9

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, Free of Charge. Address

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House, New York City.
jy9—1m*



COAL, LUMBER, &C.

THE firm of AYER & MCDONALD having been dissolved, the subscriber respectfully gives notice to the inhabitants of Woburn and vicinity, that he will continue the business, at the same stand, in all its branches, and trusts by giving strict attention to business, and always keeping on hand the different kinds of COAL, WOOD and LUMBER, to receive that generous share of public patronage which has been accorded to the late firm during the past year.

LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

OFFICE—Immediately adjoining the North end of the Depot, Woburn Centre.

JOS. B. MCDONALD.
Woburn Feb, 13th, 1863.

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his patrons and the public generally that he has removed to his new Shop on Winn St.

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a call at his new stand, where with increased facilities for business all work entrusted to his care will be done promptly, and in the most workmanlike manner, and at the lowest prices.

40—3w H. F. ELLIS

SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
WOBURN CENTRE.

M. L. MORSE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
STONEHAM.
☞ Office over Store of C. H. Montague.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given, that the Subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of ABEL WYMAN, late of Woburn, in the county of Middlesex, deceased, and taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

CHARLES A. WYMAN, Admr.
Woburn, May 24th, 1864.

OLD PAPERS, &C.

OLD NEWSPAPERS, PAMPHLETS, &c. purchased at the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL OFFICE. Persons having large or small quantities to dispose of, are invited to bring them to the above place.

Woburn, April 23, 1864.



SELECTMEN'S OFFICE,
WOBURN, July 7, 1864.

The attention of the citizens of Woburn, NOT LIABLE TO DRAFT, is respectfully called to the annexed Circular, and extracts from Gen. Order No. 23. It affords the opportunity to those interested in the success of the National cause, to give to the country the proof of their patriotism, by placing in the Army a personal representative.

All cannot go to the front and give their personal service, but every citizen has now the privilege of voluntarily placing his representative there, and thus aiding to secure the prompt and decisive overthrow of the rebellion.

Let the citizens of Woburn nobly respond to this new call on their patriotism.

All persons enlisting as representative recruits under this authority, will receive the Town Bounty of One Hundred and Twenty-Five Dollars.

By order of the Board of Selectmen,
A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
PROVOST-MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., June 26, 1864.

Persons not fit for military duty and not liable to draft, from age or other causes, have expressed a desire to be personally represented in the Army. In addition to the contributions they have made in the way of bounties, they propose to procure at their own expense, and present for enlistment, recruits to represent them in the service. Such practical patriotism is worthy of special commendation and encouragement. Provost-Marshals, and all other officers acting under this Bureau, are ordered to furnish all the facilities in their power to enlist and muster promptly the acceptable *representative recruits* presented, in accordance with the design herein set forth.

The name of the person whom the recruit represents will be noted on the Enlistment and Descriptive Roll of the recruit, and will be carried forward from those papers to the other official records which form his military history.

Suitably prepared certificates of this *personal representation* in the service will be forwarded from this office, to be filled out and issued by Provost-Marshals to the persons who put in *representative recruits*.

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost-Marshal General.

FROM GEN. ORDER NO. 23.

The men enlisted under the provisions of the above circular will be entitled to the bounty from the State; and their families the State Aid. These men are *Representative Recruits*,—that is to say, men induced to enlist, by the exertions of patriotic men who are not themselves liable to do military service, and not substitutes who are enlisted in the place of men either liable to military duty, or who have been drafted.

By order of His Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander in-Chief.

WILLIAM SCHOULER,
Adjutant-General.
jy9

Letters Remaining Unclaimed,

IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN, State of Massachusetts, 23d day of July, 1864.

☞ To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for *'advertised letters,'* give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Free delivery of letters by carriers, at the residence of owners, in cities and large towns, may be secured by observing the following rules;

1. Direct letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the post office and State.

2. Head letters with the writer's post-office and State, street and number, sign them plainly with full name, and request that answers be directed accordingly.

3. Letters to strangers or transient visitors in a town or city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked, in the lower left-hand corner, with the word 'Transient.'

4. Place the postage stamp on the upper right hand corner, and leave space between the stamp and direction for post-marking without interfering with the writing.

N. B. A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within 30 days or less, written or printed with the writer's name, post office, and State, across the left-hand end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with at the usual prepaid rate of postage, payable when the letter is delivered to the writer."—Sec. 28, of Law of 1863.

Bolen Michael	Looney John
Burmun George D	O'Dea Michael
Bowen Frank	Smith Lucy M Mrs
Kenny William	Shelan John.

NATHAN WYMAN, P. M.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX ss.

PROBATE COURT.

WHEREAS, SAMUEL S. HOLTON, of Winchester, has petitioned said Court to grant him a letter of administration on the estate of John Carton, late of Woburn in said County of Middlesex, deceased; all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of August next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively, in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir of said deceased, within two days after said first publication.

Witness WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of the said Court, this fourteenth day of June, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-four.
jy16—3w J. H. TYLER, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX ss.

PROBATE COURT.

WHEREAS WILLARD J. PEARSONS, of Woburn, in said County, has presented to said Court, for Probate, an instrument purporting to be the last will of Abigail Bruce, late of Woburn in the County of Middlesex, deceased, and that he may be appointed Administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of said deceased, Joseph Gardner, the executor named in said will, having deceased; all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of August next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir of said deceased, within two days after said first publication.

Witness WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of the said Court, this fourteenth day of July, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-four.
jy16—3w J. H. TYLER, Register.

4711 Farina Cologne 4711

Celebrated for its excellence all over the world,
For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

NEW STOCK OF ROOM PAPER!

A LARGE SUPPLY OF
NEW PATTERNS,
of the above, has just been received from New York, at the

Woburn Bookstore,

and will be sold very low. Also, BORDERING in variety, and Paper for Curtains and Side Lights.

WYMAN'S
AMBROTYPE, MELAINOTYPE, AND
Daguerreotype Rooms,
KELLEY'S BLOCK, ... WOBURN.
ARTICULAR attention given to copying pictures.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBURN CENTRE.

C. W. EATON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MAIN STREET, SOUTH READING.
Attention given to Conveyancing, and Collecting of Soldiers Claims, Pensions, &c., at Lowest Commissions. 33tf.

TOILET EXTRACTS.

In endless variety, many of which will be sold at a low flaure. By
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

HARD TIMES COFFEE,

The very best

Substitute for Pure Coffee;

And not distinguished from Pure Java by people generally.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
H. B. NEWHALL,
No. 36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

DR. HAYES' CERTIFICATE.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance. It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D., State Assayer.
16 Boylston St., Boston, 85th Feb., 1863."
36—2 m e o w

G. R. GAGE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
New Bank Building, Woburn,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he is now located in his new store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS

made in the best style, and warranted to fit.

Particular attention paid to making

Boys' Clothing.

He has on hand a large stock of the best and most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the season, which will be made up to order at the most reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS

of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly on hand.

Woburn, March 19th, 1864.

Something for the Times!

A NECESSITY IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD
JOHNS & CROSELY'S
AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE.
AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE
the only article of the kind ever produced which
Will Withstand Water.

It will Mend Wood,
Save your broken Furniture.
It will Mend Leather,
Mend your Harness, Straps, Belts, Boots, &c.
It will Mend Glass,
Save the pieces of that expensive Cut Glass Bottle.
It will Mend Ivory,
Don't throw away that broken Ivory Fan, its easily repaired.
It will Mend China,
Your broken China Cups and Saucers can be made as good as new.
It will Mend Marble,
That piece knocked out of your Marble Mantle can be put on as strong as ever.
It will Mend Porcelain,
No matter if that broken Pitcher did not cost but a shilling; a shilling saved is a shilling earned.
It will Mend Alabaster,
That costly Alabaster Vase is broken and you can't match it; mend it, it will never show when put together.
It will Mend Bone, Coral, Lava, and in fact everything but Metals.

Any article Cemented with AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE will not show where it is mended.

EXTRACTS:

"Every Housekeeper should have a supply of Johns & Crosley's American Cement Glue."—*New York Times.*

"It is so convenient to have in the house."—*New York Express.*

"It is always ready; this commends it to everybody."—*Independent.*

"We have tried it, and find it as useful in our house as water."—*Wilkes' Spirit of the Times.*

Economy is Wealth.

$10.00 per year saved in every family by One Bottle of

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

VERY LIBERAL REDUCTION TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.
TERMS CASH.

For sale by all Druggists, and Storekeepers generally throughout the country.

JOHNS & CROSLEY,
(Sole Manufacturers),
78 William street,
Corner of Liberty street. NEW YORK.

English, French and American
BRUSHES,
FOR THE
HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.
For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

Penrhyn Marble Co.

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Applications for the collection of claims should be made by letter, or in person, to the Attorney of the Association.

Advice will be given by the Attorney without charge.

Upon the collection of claims, small charges, established by the Directors, will be made.

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BOSTON AND LOWELL

And Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Stony Brook Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowel Railroads.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

[redacted] ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 16th, 1864, trains will leave BOSTON for—

Upper Railroads, 6.00, 9 00 a m, 12.00, 3.30 p m.
Wilton, Milford, Danforth's Corner, S. Merrimack 8.00 a.m. 12.00, 5.30 p. m.
Nashua, 6.00, 8.00† am, 12 m, 5 30 pm
Tyngsboro', No. Chelmsford 6.00am, 12.00, 5.30pm
Groton Junction 10.00 (exp) a.m., 2.30 p. m.
Lowell, 6.00, 8.00†, 10.00 am, 12.00 (exp), 2.30, 5.30 (exp), 6 pm.
North Billerica, Billerica & Tewksbury, Wilmington, 6.00, 10.00 a m, 2.30, 5.00 p m.
S. Wilmington, N. Woburn, 10 a m, 2.30, p m.
Woburn W. S., 6.00, 10.00, a.m., 2.30, 5.00 p m.
E. Woburn, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, a m. 2.30, 5.00, 5.10, 7.30* pm.
Winchester and West Medford, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, am, 2.30, 5.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p m.
College Hill 6.45, 10.00, 11.30 a.m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p.m.
Mondays at 11.30 p. m., a train leaves for Lowell, Nashua and Way Stations.
The 10.00 A. M. and 2.30 P. M., Trains from Boston stop at Milk Row, Somerville Centre, and College Hill Stations, to take passengers for Stations above Winchester.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BOSTON LEAVE

Wilton at 6.15, 11.00 a. m. 3.30 p m.
Milford, 6.20, 11.05, a. m. 3.35 p m.
Danforth's Corner, 6.30, 11-13, a m, 4.00 p m.
South Merrimack, 6.35, 11-21 a m, 4.23 p m.
Nashua at 7.00, 11.45, a m, 5.00, 8.40† p m,
Tyngsboro' 7.15, 11.57 a.m., 5.19 pm.
North Chelmsford, 7.27, 12.08 a.m., 5.19 p.m.
Groton Junction, 8.00 a m, 12.45 p m.
Lowell 7, 7.30* 9.30, a m, 12.15* 2.15 5.30*, 8*pm.
North Billerica 7.09, 9.30 a m. 2.22, 5.41, p m.
Billerica and Tewksbury 7.15, 9 46 a m, 2.29, 5.47 p m.
Wilmington at 7 26 9 55 a m, 2.39, 5.55, p m.
South Wilmington 10 00 a m, 2.43 p m.
North Woburn 10.03 a m, 2.45 p m.
Woburn Watering Station at 7.39, 10-08 a m, 2.53, 6.04 p m.
East Woburn at 7-00, 9.00, 10-00 a m, 1.15, 2.54, 5.00 6-30, p m.
Winchester at 6.05, 7.03 7.45, 9.05, 10-15 a m, 1.00, 3.00, 5.05, 6-35, 8.20, p m.
West Medford at 6.15, 7.15, 7.52, 9.15, 10 22 am 1.30 3.07, 5.15, 6-45, 8.25 p m.
College Hill 6.19, 7.19, 9.19 a.m., 1.33, 3.10, 5.19, 6.47 8 28 p. m.
*Or on arrival of trains from Nashua.
†Northern Depot.
The 9.30 A. M., and 2 15 P. M., Trains from Lowell stop at College Hill, Somerville Centre, and Milk Row Stations, to leave Passengers from Stations above Winchester.

Woburn Branch.

Trains for Woburn Centre, leave Boston, at 6.45 11.30, a. m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30,* p. m.
Trains leave Woburn Centre for Boston, at 6.00, 7.00, 7.40, 9 a m. 1.15, 5.00, 6.30, 8-15 p m.
*Saturdays at 10 p. m.

Stoneham Branch.

The Trains on this Road will leave Boston (from Lowell Railroad Depot) for Stoneham, at 6-45, and 11-30 A M, 3-00, 5-10, and 7-30* P M.
Leave Stoneham for Boston, at 6 52, and 8-37 A M., 1



FIRST PREMIUM COOK STOVE.

THIS Stove took the First Premium at the State Fair held at Rochester, October 1st, 1862, and again at Utica, September, 15, 1863.

Economy is Wealth?

This maxim will be fully demonstrated by buying an

AMERICAN HOT AIR COOKING STOVE,

AS it will bake, boil and roast better than any other Stove, with a saving of 25 per cent in fuel, and a very large percentage in convenience.

They have the following advantages:

1st. They are constructed with a view of great durability; all the plates exposed to the fire are made of an extra thickness.

2d. The flues are lined with non-conducting cement, thereby applying the heat directly to the oven, and the oven can be heated and kept in baking order with less fuel than any other stove.

3d. They have a hot air draft, which not only makes the fuel burn freely and last longer, but adds to the heating and baking facilities.

4. They consume all the gasses from the fuel, thereby adding largely to the amount of heat obtained from the quantity of fuel used.

5th. The Stove is made, mounted and finished in the most superior manner. The oven is large and well ventilated. The Stove is convenient in form, and made for use; to adopt the language of some who have used this Stove, "it will do more work with less fuel than any other stove." In proof we add the following testimony:

American Hot Air Cooking Stove.

"J. H. DAVIS, ESQ.—*Dear Sir*: We find the Stove I purchased of you the fore part of June last, called the 'American Hot Air Cooking Stove,' in all respects as recommended; and we could not be induced to part with it under any circumstances were we unable to procure of the same kind. To make a long story short, it is perfect in every particular. It bakes, broils, roasts and boils first rate, besides being very economical in the way of fuel. My wife thinks it superior to Stuart's (which she has used), as it is capable of doing the same work much quicker. Should you have any customers in want of a *perfect Stove*, have them call on me if they have a doubt as to the good qualities of the American Hot Air Cooking Stove. Respectfully Yours, C. H. MCKINSTRY.

Canajoharie, July, 1863.

FAIRFIELD, Conn., April 17th 1863

MR. GEO. P. STOCKWELL.—*Dear Sir*: Last December we purchased from you the "American Hot Air Cooking Stove." We have seen nothing of the kind which is constructed on such scientific principles—insuring the thorough consumption of the fuel—obtaining the greatest amount of heat possible at a small expense, and so distributing it as to secure all the results for which a Cooking Stove is required. We can safely say, that it fully realizes all the expectations which we had formed from the recommendations we had seen, and we can therefore honestly recommend it to any one in search of such an article, as combining economy and utility. Yours, &c., ALEX. MCLEAN, JR. Pastor of the 1st Cong. Church, Fairfield, Conn.

Manufactured by

SHEER, PACKARD & CO.,
17 & 19 *Green St., Albany, N. Y.*

For Sale by—J. F. LORING, Worcester, L. PATCH, & CO., Fitchburg, and I. L. FOOTE, & CO., Lowell, Mass.

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The East India Coffee CO.,

154 READE ST. (three doors from Greenwich Street), N. Y., call universal attention to their

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, has all the flavor of OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA, and is but half the price; and also that

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE has twice the strength of Java, or any other Coffee whatever and wherever used by our first class hotels and steamboats, the stewards say there is a saving of 50 per cent.

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, is the most healthy beverage known, and is very nutritious. The weak and infirm may use it at all times with impunity. The wife of the Rev. W. Eaves, local minister of the M. E. Church, Jersey city, who has not been able to use any coffee for fifteen years, can use

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, three times a day without injury, it being entirely free from those properties that produce nervous excitement.

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KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, I advise my patients to drink it universally, even those to whom I have hitherto prohibited the use of coffee."

The PRINCIPAL OF THE NEW YORK EYE INFIRMARY says: "I direct all the patients of our Institution to use exclusively

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KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. "I have used it nearly a year in my family, and find it produces no ache of the head or nervous irritation, as in the case of all other Coffees. It is exceedingly pleasant, and I cordially recommend it to all clergymen and their families."

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, is used daily by the families of Bishop Ames, Bishop Baker, Bishop James, and many of the most distinguished clergymen and professional men in the country."

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and be sure that the packages are labeled

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
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as there are numerous counterfeits afloat under the name of "Genuine East India Coffee," "Original East India Coffee," etc., put forth by impostors to deceive the unwary.

In 1 lb. packages, and in boxes of 36, 60, and 100 lbs., for Grocers and large consumers. Sold by Grocers generally.

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FEMALE STRENGTHENING CORDIAL

THIS Medicine is of long tried efficacy for correcting all disorders incidental to the feminine sex. That the afflicted may feel assured that this Cordial is truly valuable and worthy their confidence,—not one of those secret compounds purposed to destroy healthy action,—I add a few testimonials from physicians who all favor the Eclectic and Reformed Practice of Medicine in

Dr. Willard C. George, formerly Professor of the Worcester Medical College, and President of the Eclectic Medical Society, Mass., speaks of it in the following terms:

"I have used the Female Strengthening Cordial similar to that prepared by Dr. Geo. W. Swett, 106 Hanover Street, and I regard it as one of the best Medicines for Female Complaints that can be found."

Dr. J. King, Author of "Woman: Her Diseases and their treatment," says:

"This Medicine appears to exert a specific influence on the Uterus. It is a valuable agent in all derangments of the Female Reproducive Organs."

Dr E. Smith, President of the New York Association of Botanic Physicians, says:

"No Female, if in delicate health, should omit the timely use of this valuable Cordial. I owe much of my success in midwifery to the use of this Medicine."

Mothers and Married Ladies!

The following from Dr. Fay is well worthy your notice—

"As a general remedy for Female Complaints this Cordial is a very valuable one, but by the Profession it is esteemed more highly for its good results during Confinement in relieving the great suffering attendant upon childbirth. I acknowledge with Dr. Smith that much of my success in midwifery is due to the use of this medicine. It strengthens both mother and child. In such cases I follow the directions of Prof. King, by allowing my patients to use it a few weeks previous to confinement, as by the energy it imparts to the Uterine nervous system the labor will be very much facilitated, and removes the cramps which many females are liable to. No woman, if she knew the great value of this Strengthening Cordial would fail to use it."

I have received numerous testimonials from different parts of the country where used. Knowing the good it is capable of doing, I will warrant every bottle of my "Cordial" to be satisfactory in its results.

The following symptoms indicate those affections in which the Female Strengthening Cordial has proved invaluable—

Indisposition to Exertion, Wakefulness, Uneasiness, Depression of Spirits, Trembling, Loss of Power, Pain in the Back, Alternate Chills and Flushing of Heat, Dragging Sensation at the Lower Part of the Body, Headache, Languor, Aching along the Thighs, Intolerance of Light and Sound, Pale Countenance, Derangement of the Stomach & Bowels, Difficult Breathing, Hysteria, &c., &c.

It is a specific remedy in all Uterine Diseases, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Irregularity, Painfulness, Profuse or Suppression of Customary Discharges, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Scirrhus or Ulcerated State of the Uterus, Sterility, &c., &c.

No better Tonic can possibly be put up than this, and mode less likely to do harm, as it is composed wholly of vegetable agents, and such as we have known to be valuable, and have used for many years.

Price per Bottle, $1.00.

Sold by Druggists generally; also, sent to any address on receipt of price.

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Be sure and get that prepared at the

THE NEW ENGLAND BOTANIC DEPOT
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TO THE LADIES OF AMERICA

Lyon's Periodical Drops,
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The Great Female Remedy!
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Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!
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Lyon's Periodical Drops are
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
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ever brought before the public, and as a diuretic and specific for irregularities, challenges the world to produce an equal; they are in the most obstinate cases,

Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!

And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,

If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!
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Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!

except when expressly forbidden in the directions which are wrapped around each bottle, and have the written signature of DR. JNO. LYON, upon them.

None Others Are Genuine!
None Others Are Genuine!
None Others Are Genuine!
None Others Are Genuine!

Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!

They cure all those ills to which the female system is subjected with dispatch and a degree of certainty which nothing but a scientifically compounded fluid preparation could reach.

Use No Other!
Use No Other!
Use No Other!
Use No Other!

For my Drops stand before the world as the *ne plus ultra* of all remedies, for the cure of all diseases of the kidneys and bladder, Leucorrah, Prolapsus, and the mild, but positive correction of all irregularities.

Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
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Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!

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You will thus save yourself trouble and obtain relief from the greatest FEMALE REGULATOR of the Nineteenth Century.

Over 25,000 Bottles of this medicine have been sold within the last six months, and every Lady that has used them, but for the nature of the cure would furnish us with her sworn certificate of their efficacy. It takes but One Dollar to make the experiment, and I appeal to those of your sex who are suffering—will you waste away when a single Dollar will give you instant relief.

Prepared solely by DR. JNO. L. LYON, Practicing Physician.

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WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
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50—1y.

CLARK'S DISTILLED RESTORATIVE FOR THE HAIR,

Restores Gray and Faded Hair and Beard to its Natural Color, and is a most Luxurious Dressing

FOR THE HAIR AND HEAD.

Clark's Restorative, Restores the Color.
Clark's Restorative, Eradicates Dandruff.
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Clark's Restorative, Is an unequalled Dressing.
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Clark's Restorative, Is perfectly harmless.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Oil.
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Clark's Restorative, Is splendid for Whiskers.
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Clark's Restorative, Contains no Sediment.
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Clark's Restorative, Polishes your Hair.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Parties.
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Clark's Restorative, All Ladies need it.
Clark's Restorative, No lady will do without it.
Clark's Restorative, Costs but $1.

Is Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Price, $1 per bottle. 6 bottles for $5.

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A large variety of Work Boxes, Reticules; Puff, Back, Round, Fine, Pocket and Dressing Combs; Hair, Tooth, Nail, Clothes and Shaving Brushes; Crotchet Needles, Emory Cushions, Port Monnaies, Wallets, Ladies' Money Bags, Visiting, Playing, Plain and Ornamental Cards; Dolls in variety, and toys of all kinds

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BOILING—FRYING—STEWING—STEEPING WITH THE FLAME THAT LIGHTS THE ROOM.

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* * * Simple in construction, easily kept in order, ready for use in a moment * * convenient to have on hand. * * * [Druggist's Circ.

* * Fish's Lamp is one of the most popular novelties of the day. * * the utility of it is unquestionable, a great saving is made in heating and cooking small articles, and it can be made to cook meals for a great many persons, which is actually done on the ambulance cars which carry the sick soldiers. * * [Scientific American.

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THREE ARTICLES COOKED AT ONE TIME WITH ONE BURNER.

Arranged for Kerosene, or Coal Oil, Or Gas. A descriptive pamphlet of thirty pages furnished gratis, also

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Price, 50 Cents,

To be attached to a Commom Kerosene Lamp or Gas-burner, by which Water may be boiled, and food cooked; also arranged to support a shade.

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FOR the immediate relief of COUGHS, COLDS HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, &c., &c. They go right to the spot, stop your cough, clear your throat, purify the breath, and give volume to the voice. They are unsurpassed for allaying inflammation in the Larynx, Trachea, and Lungs. They relieve all complaints which originate in the respiratory organs. They will prevent a cold settling upon the lungs. They contain no opium or narcotic properties. They are the safest medicine for children. They are useful in every house. They are convenient to carry in your pocket, and particularly adapted to the army. Public speakers and singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. They are purely white and in form of a wafer, and are perfectly safe to use for all Bronchial and lung complaints, and have a specific medicinal and curative effect on all diseases of the mucous membrane.

The dose can be graduated so as to be suitable for the infant in the cradle, to the individual of three score years and ten. Officers and soldiers should not be in the field without them.

One Box of the PULMONALES will be sent by mail to any address for forty cents.

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Bogle's Hyperion Fluid, Restores and Dresses Hair.

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WISTAR'S BALSAM
—OF—
WILD CHERRY
Has been used for nearly
HALF A CENTURY!

With the most astonishing success in curing Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, and every affection of

THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST,
INCLUDING EVEN
CONSUMPTION!



THERE is scarcely one individual in the community who wholly escapes, during the season, from some one, however slightly developed, of the above symptoms—a neglect of which might lead to the last named, and most to be dreaded disease in the whole catalogue. The power of the "medicinal gum" of the Wild Cherry Tree over this class of complaints, is well known, so great is the good it has performed, and so great the popularity it has acquired.

In this preparation, besides the virtues of the Cherry, there are commingled with it other ingredients of like value, thus increasing its value ten fold, and forming a Remedy whose power to soothe, to heal, to relieve, and to cure disease, exists in no other medicine yet discovered.

From R. FELLOWS, M. D.
HILL, N. H., Nov. 3d, 1860.

S. W. FOWLE & CO.—

Although I have generally a great objection to patent medicines, I can but say in justice to DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, that it is a remedy of superior value for *Pulmonary Diseases*.

I have made use of this preparation for several years, and it has proved to be very reliable and efficacious in the treatment of severe and long standing *coughs*. I know of one patient, now in comfortable health, who has taken this remedy, and who, but for its use, I consider would not now be living.

R. FELLOWS, M. D.

From E. T. QUIMBY, M. A., Principal of the "New Ipswich Appleton Academy."
NEW IPSWICH, N. H., Oct. 4th, 1860.

S. W. FOWLE & Co.—

Gentlemen,—This certifies that for more than fifteen years I have frequently used Dr. Wistar's Balm of Wild Cherry, for Coughs, Colds, and Sore Throat, to which I, in common with the rest of mankind, am subject, and it gives me pleasure to say that I consider it the *very best* remedy for such cases, with which I am acquainted. I should hardly know what to do without it.

Respectfully yours,
E. T. QUIMBY.

From the Depot Master at South Royalston Mass.
SOUTH ROYALSTON, Jan. 4th, 1860.

Messrs. SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston.—

In the spring of 1856 I was most severely afflicted with a hard dry cough, with its usual accompaniments of night sweats, completely prostrating my nervous system, and producing such a debilitated state of health, that after trying medical aid to no purpose, I had given up all hopes of ever recovering, as had also my friends. At this stage of matters I was prevailed upon to try Wistar's Balsam, and before using two bottles the effect was almost magical. My cough entirly left me the night sweats deserted me, hope once more elated my depressed spirits and soon I had attained my wonted strength and vigor.

Thus had this Balsam, as has often been remarked by persons conversant with the above facts in this vicinity, literally snatched me from the yawning grave. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted.

Very respectfully yours,
BENJ. WHEELER.

From GEORGE A. KIMBALL, Esq., Druggist.
HAVERHILL, Nov. 30th, 1860.

Gents,—It is now about eleven years since I took the agency for the sale of Dr. Wistar' Balsam of Wild Cherry, and I can truly say that so far as my observations extends it has proved a most valuable medicine for the cure of Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the Lungs. My sales for the Balsam are increasing. I have with send you an order for more of the Balsam, which you will please send me soon.

Respectfully yours,
GEORGE A. KIMBALL.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston, and for sale by all druggists.



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THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER is the only Wringer with the patent Cog Wheel Regulator which positively prevents the Rolls from wearing out or breaking or twisting on the shaft. It is Self-Adjusting and Adjustable. It is not only a perfect Wringer, but the Cog Wheels give it a power which makes it a

Most excellent Washer,

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The ordinary Family Size are—No. 1, $10.00. No. 2, $7.00. These have COG WHEELS, and are warranted in every particular.

Our cheap (No. 24, $6, and No. 3, $5.50,) Wringers have small rolls which do not admit of cogs. We have the testimony of Orange Judd, Esq., of the American Agriculturist; Solon Robinson Esq., Agricultural editor of the N. Y. Tribune, and hundreds of other scientific men and mechanics, of the superiority of our Cog Wheel Wringers. Therefore for excellence and durability buy

The Universal Clothes Wringer.

On receipt of the above price from places where no agent is selling, we will send a Wringer free of expense. What we especially want is a good

CANVASSER

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A pure and powerful Tonic, corrective and alterative of wonderful efficacy in disease of the

Stomach, Liver and Bowels,

Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation, Colic, Intermittent Fevers, Cramps and Spasms, and all Complaints of either sex, arising from Bodily Weakness whether inherent in the system or produced by special causes.

NOTHING that is not wholesome, genial and restorative in its nature enters into the composition of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. This popular preparation contains no mineral of any kind, no deadly botanical element; no fiery extant; but it is a combination of the extracts of rare balsamic herbs and plants with the purest and mildest of all diffusive stimulants.

It is to be forearmed against disease, and, so far as the human system can be protected by human means against maladies engendered by an unwholesome atmosphere, impure water and other external causes, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS may be relied on as a safeguard.

In districts infested with *Fever and Ague*, it has been found infallible as a preventative and irresistable as a remedy and thousands who resort to it under apprehension of an attack, escape the scourge; and thousands who neglect to avail themselves of its protective qualities in advance, are cured by a very brief course of this marvelous medicine. Fever and Ague patients, after being plied with quinine for months in vain, until fairly saturated with that dangerous alkaloid, are not unfrequently restored to health within a few days by the use of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

The weak stomach is rapidly invigorated and the appetite restored by this agreeable Tonic, and hence it works wonders in cases of DYSPEPSIA, and in less confirmed forms of INDIGESTION. Acting as a gentle and painless aperient, as well as upon the liver, it also invariably relieves the CONSTIPATION superinduced by irregular action of the digestive and secretory organs.

Persons of feeble habit, liable to *Nervous Attacks, Lowness of Spirits* and *Fits of Langour*, find prompt and permanent relief from the Bitters. The testimony on this point is most conclusive, and from both sexes.

The agony of BILIOUS COLIC is immediately assuaged by a single dose of the stimulant, and by occasionally resorting to it, the return of the complaint may be prevented.

As a General Tonic, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS produce effects which must be experienced or witnessed before they can be fully appreciated. In cases of *Constitutional Weakness, Premature Decay* and Debility and Decrepitude arising from OLD AGE, it exercises the electric influence. In the convalescent stages of all diseases it operates as a delightful invigorant. When the powers of nature are relaxed, it operates to re-enforce and re-establish them.

Last, but not least, it is *The Only Safe Stimulant*, being manufactured from sound and innocuous materials, and entirely free from the acid elements present more or less in all the ordinary tonics and stomachics of the day.

No family medicine has been so universally, and, it may be truly added, deservedly popular with the intelligent portion of the community, as HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Prepared by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Storekeepers everywhere.

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COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, a Positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calcareous depositions, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

For Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:—

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face, Pallid Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow *Impotency, Fatuity, Epileptic Fits,*

In one of which the Patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "Direful Diseases,"

"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, *but none will confess. The records of the insane and consumptive*

And Melancholy Deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the Truth of the assertion.

The Constitution once affected with Organic Weakness requires the aid of Medicine to Strengthen and Invigorate the System.

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does.

A Trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females—Females—Females.

In many Affections peculiar to Females the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicines for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash Cures

Secret Diseases

In all their Stages, At little Expense, Little or no change in Diet, No inconvenience, And no Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in the case of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous, Diseased and worn out Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands who have been the Victims of Quacks, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the URINARY ORGANS, whether existing in MALE or FEMALE, from whatever cause originating and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these Organs requires the aid of a DIURETIC. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE GREAT DIURETIC, and is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is Recommended.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will accompany the medicine.

Price, $1.00 per bottle, or Six for $5.00. Delivered to any Address, securely packed from observation.

Describe Symptoms in all Communications.

Cures Guaranteed! Advice Gratis!!

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H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist.
104 South Tenth-st., bet. Chestnut, Phila.
HELMBOLD'S *Medical Depot.*
HELMBOLD'S *Drug and Chemical Warehouse,*
594 Broadway, New York.

☞ Beware of counterfeits and unprincipled dealers who endeavor to dispose of their own and "other" articles on the reputation attained by Helmbold's Genuine Preparations. Ext. Buchu—Ext. Sarsaparilla—Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by all druggists everywhere.

Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Cut out the Advertisement and send for it. And avoid imposition and exposure.

For sale in Woburn by W. C. BRIGHAM.



Friends and Relatives
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIERS & SAILORS,

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
AND
OINTMENT.

All who have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

Coughs and Colds affecting Troops

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite, Incidental to Soldiers.

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

Weakness or Debility Induced by over Fatigue.

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's should be recommended for Dysentery and Falx, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

Volunteers Attention! Indiscretions of Youth.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as directed on the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying suffer'or might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all round it, then covered with a piece of linen from his Knapsack and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning Holloway's Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's Knapsack and Seaman's Chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," are discernable as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes ***.

Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

Vol. XIII : : No. 44. WOBURN, SATURDAY, JULY 30, 1864. TWO DOLLARS A YEAR. SINGLE COPY 4 CENTS.

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DEALERS IN
Drugs, Medicines, and Chemicals
Of superior quality, English, French, American
Soaps, Perfumeries & Toilet articles
and Patent Medicines,
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BRANDIES, WINES, and LIQUORS,
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Manufacturers of SODA WATER and choice SODA SYRUPS. Quotations furnished on application. Orders solicited, and promptly executed at lowest market rates.

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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
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ALE, PORTER, and CIDER.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
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Orders by Express or mail filled with same goods and at same prices as if the customer applied in person.
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FURNITURE
Invites the attention of those in want of substantial and handsomely made articles of Furniture, in Walnut, Mahogany and Oak. We have a large stock on hand, and are constantly receiving new and elegant styles from our manufactory. Our goods being made by ourselves, from the best seasoned and kiln-dried stock, we feel confident that they will prove satisfactory.
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Corner of Water & Congress Sts.,
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ASAHEL WHEELER, Agt.
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MANUFACTURER OF THE
Constant White Paint,
Which he challenges the world to produce its equal for beauty and durability. It is vastly superior to that formerly known as Florence White, made by him.
ALSO DEALER IN
Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Drugs,
GLUES, and PAINTERS SUPPLIES.
ALSO, AGENT FOR THE
BRIDGEWATER
MINERAL PAINT,
Which is seven eighths Iron, and warranted superior to all other Fire-proof Paints ever known—in color, fineness and durability.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.
WASHING MADE EASY.
Housekeepers' Attention.
CHALCIDEAN,
OR ANTI-ROTTING CLEANSER.
FOR WASHING CLOTHES.
Half the labor of washing saved, and three-fourths the soap, by use of the
CHALCIDEAN.
All former fluids in use have rotted the cloth. The CHALCIDEAN will not rot the articles washed with it, and besides extracting the dirt with ease, it gives them a PURE WHITENESS.
In these days of high prices it is quite a consideration to preserve the
STRENGTH OF THE CLOTH.
No Washing Machine is needed, as the CHALCIDEAN wonderfully
Lessens the Labor of Washing.
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Retailed by Grocers generally.

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Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers.
Malleable Cut and Wrought Iron, Steel and Brass
HEEL AND TOE IRONS.
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10-40 5 Per Cents.
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One Year Certificates,
AND
AMERICAN GOLD
BOUGHT and SOLD.
Gold Coupons collected, and returns made at the market rates.
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No. 20 Congress Street,
CHARLES MELLEN, late with Gallonpe & Putnam.
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CALVIN E. MOWER, " " " " "
BOSTON.

Poetry.

For the Middlesex Journal.

The following was found on the battle-field by a member of Co. K., 39th Mass. Regiment:

AWAY FROM HOME.

Away from home, my early home,
I roam this starlight eve;
O! why did I so willingly
My home, my loved home, leave?
Away from home, my cherished home,
That hath such charms for me;
O! in the stillness of this night
I sigh, I long for thee.

Away from home, my youthful home,
Where friends and loved ones dwell;
The yearnings of my heart for thee,
No tongue but mine could tell.
Away from home, the home I now
In fancy's vision see;
Beneath the moon's pale light I watch,
And sigh alone for thee.

Away from home, from childhood's home,
O! could I but be there,
To sit beneath the shady bowers,
And breathe the balmy air,
Away from home, away from home,
A home so bright, so fair,
But, oh! I only know at morn and eve,
They breathe for me a prayer.

PRICES AND INVESTMENTS.

Financiers of the copperhead persuasion are unreliable as politicians of that school—both aiming at the same goal by different roads. The one wishes to weaken the government by crippling our armies, the other by depreciating our funds. The favorite text of the disloyal financiers just now is, prices and the currency. "Prices," they say, "are not really high; it is the currency which is low. For a gold dollar you can to-day buy as much as you ever could." They regard gold as the one fixed thing around which everything else revolves. The truth is that gold, like everything else, fluctuates in accordance with the law of demand and supply.

Prices *are* high. Every man who has anything to buy or sell, no matter whether it be food or clothing, knows this and acts accordingly. That these high prices are caused in part by the increase in the amount of the currency is true. But this is only one cause out of many. No matter what the medium of making exchanges, prices in times of war must always be high. And that for the simple reason that the demand for every product of labor is increased, while the supply is diminished. War draws the farmer from the plough, and the mechanic from his tools. It also changes the direction of labor. The shipwright, who formerly built clippers for commerce, now builds Monitors and Ironsides for war. War is also, of necessity, wasteful. An army of a million of men must of necessity consume more than the same million would at home War prices are therefore high prices by a law just as inevitable as the attraction of gravitation.

War prices always have been, and always must be high prices. If every dollar of paper currency were destroyed to-morrow, and only specie used in payments, prices would be high. A redundant currency increases this evil, but does not create it. The probability is that the currency of the country has now reached its highest point.

To the general advance in prices there is but one marked exception, and that is the bonds of the government. They are cheap now for the simple reason that the exigencies of the war have made them abundant. When the war ends they must be dear, because the supply will be cut off. The man who invests his capital in them now must make a good investment, because they pay a fair interest, and are more secure than anything else can be. The man who has a hundred dollars in government bonds has really a mortgage to that amount upon every acre of land, every mile of railway, every ship, every house, every article of property, real or personal, in the land. He has, moreover, no trouble to collect the interest; government does that for him.

It is a great error to suppose that great capitalists alone have an interest in owning government stock. Every man who has any surplus, however small, should own it, if he owns none he is a debtor to those who do, and his property, in every shape, is mortgaged for that debt. If he owns this stock he is so far a creditor, and holds a mortgage upon every other man's property. In the long run these mortgages will cancel each other, and our national debt, so far as it is held by ourselves, will be paid off from the accumulations of past and future years. But the man to whom the nation owes nothing will have to pay his share of the interest and recieve nothing; while the man who is a creditor of the nation receives interest as well as pays it.

Government stocks at present prices, or at prices which are at all likely to prevail during the war, are in every way the best investments possible. Every man who wishes to avoid the evils inseparable from high prices should invest a portion of his surplus earnings or capital in government bonds.

FLOWERS.—Of all the minor creations of God, flowers seem to be completely the effusions of his love of beauty, grace and joy. Of all the minor objects which surround us, they are the least connected with our absolute necessities. Vegetation might proceed, the earth might be clothed in a sober green; all the processes of fructification might be perfected, without being attended by the glory with which the flower is crowned; but beauty and fragrance are poured over the earth in blossoms of endless varieties, radiant evidences of the boundless benevolence of the Deity. They are made solely to gladden the heart of man, for a light to his eyes, for a living inspiration of grace to his spirit; for a perpetual admiration. The Greeks, whose souls pre-eminently sympathized with the spirit of grace and beauty in everything, were enthusiastic in their love, and lavish in their use of flowers. They scattered them in the porticoes of their deities—they were strewed in their conqueror's path—on all occasions of festivity or rejoicing, they were strewn about or worn in garlands. The guests at banquets were crowned with them—the bowl was wreathed with them, and whenever they wished to throw beauty, and to express gladness like sunshine, they cast flowers.

ICE A LIFE PROLONGER.—The problem of suspending life by freezing seems to be accumulating date. Perch and mullet have been brought from Lake Champlain frozen perfectly solid, and, on being put into a tub of water, have come to life "as lively as ever." A female convict in Sweden is in ice on experiment. A man was found lately in Switzerland who gave signs of life after being frozen for nine months. The power of stopping while the world goes on may be the next wonder. Ice-houses may soon be advertised with comfortable arrangements for skipping an epoch, or waiting for the next generation.

MATRIMONY.—When a young tradesman in Holland or Germany goes a courting, the first question the young woman asks him is: "Are you able to pay the charges?" That is to say, in plain English; "Are you able to keep a wife when you get her?" What a world of misery it would prevent if the young women of all countries would stick to the wisdom of that question! "Marriage is not made ofmushrooms, but of good round cake," is one of the pithy sayings by which our ancestors conveyed the same prudence.

HEROES IN COMMON LIFE.—Where a person that is poor, that is out of health, that is surrounded by many discouragements, and that is made to suffer in various ways, lifts himself above his misfortunes, and cheers his companions and children, and fights want on this side and that, and bears humiliation, putting it under his feet, without losing faith in God, and saying to all the world, "I can be poor and yet be a man,"—oh, crown him! You pass him by, but you do not know what you are passing by. Kings sometimes walk incognito, and then they do not wear crowns. There are kings in your streets. There are men who are walking about in your midst that wear crowns in their hearts, which, if they were to put them on their heads, would shine so bright that you would think that daylight had dawned. There are thousands who understand and obey the injunction of the apostle when he says, "Quit you like men; be strong." I tell you they are heroes; and angels know it if you do not. And angels know what to write down. When you laid the foundation of that big house, they forget to record that in heaven. And when the walls went up and the beautiful apartments were finished, and the whole magnificent structure was completed, of the architecture of which you were so proud, as sure as you live, they forget to put that down. And when you unrolled your rich carpets and hung your fine pictures, they forgot to make a note of that. But when that man went down out of his splendid mansion into a fourth class house, in an obscure street, shedding, it may be, some bitter tears, as a tribute of nature, and gathered his little flock, on the first evening, around the fire, and made the room bright with love and faith and prayer, you may be certain that they put that down. They remember that. And when that man went on from day to day, and from week to week, there was not one noble heart-beat, there was not one generous purpose of fidelity, there was not one resistance to temptation, there was not one thing that made him a man in his trouble, that God did not see, that angles did not behold, and by-and-by will not be sung in glory in heaven.—*Beecher.*

THE EASIEST PATH.—Any man can tell a truth easier than a lie; can do a good deed easier than a bad one; can be honest easier than dishonest. The natural inclination is to do right, and it is easier to do it than a wrong. It is not an irksome task, as some mantain; a sacrifice of all pleasure; a hard, doleful crucifixion of the natural man, to do right; far from it. Right lies in the straightforward path of life; wrong is in the by-ways and behind the hedges. To do right is both easy and pleasant. Rectitude smiles upon her followers, and pays them well for their service. There is glory in the right, and everybody knows it. To live honorably, is to get the world's esteem. Men know this. Why, then, do they not so live? Ah, that old theory, that it is hard to do right, has frightened them from an attempt to live by the principles of honor and right.

SUMMER SOURS.—Physiological research has fully established the fact thet acids promote the separation of the bile from the blood; which is then passed from the system, thus preventing *fevers*, the prevailing diseases of summer. All *fevers* are "bilious" that is, the bile is in the blood. Whatever is antagonistic to fever is "cooling." It is a common saying that fruits are "cooling," and also berries of every description; it is because the acidity which they contain aids in separating the bile from the blood, that is, aids in purifying the blood. Hence the great yearning for greens and lettuce, and salads in the early spring, those being eaten with vinegar; hence also the taste for something sour, for lemonade, on an attack of fever. But this being the case, it is easy to see, that we nullify the good effect of fruits and berries in proportion as we eat them with sugar, or even sweet milk, or cream. If we eat them in their natural state, fresh, ripe, perfect, it is almost impossible to eat too many, to eat enouge to hurt us, especially if we eat them alone, not taking any liquid with them whatever. Hence also buttermilk or even common sour milk is antagonistic. The Greeks and Turks are passionately fond of milk. The shepherds use rennet, and the milk dealers alum to make it sour the sooner. Buttermilk acts like watermelons on the system. —[Hall's Journal of Health.

Trifles to Smile at.

THE SECRET.—There were two little sisters at the house, whom nobody could see without loving, for they were always so happy together. They had the same books and the same playthings, but never a quarrel sprung up between them—no cross words, no pouts, no slaps, no running away in a pet. On the green before the door, trundling hoop, playing with Rover, helping mother, they were always the same sweet-tempered girls.

"You never seem to quarrel," I said to them one day; "how is it you are always so happy together?"

They looked up, and the eldest answered. "I s'pose 'tis cause Addie *lets me*' and I *lets Addie.*"

The most laconic will on record is that of a man who died in 1769. It runs thus: 'I have nothing; I owe a great deal—the rest I give to the poor.'

If a sense of the ridiculous is all there is in a man, he had better have been an ape at once, and so have stood at the head of his profession.

'You've destroyed my peace of mind, Betsy,' said a desponding lover to a truant lass. 'I can't do you much harm, John, for 'twas an amazing small piece you had answered Betsy.

A little fellow, not more than five years of age, hearing some gentlemen at his father's table discussing the familiar line, 'An honest man's the noblest work of God,' said he knew it wasn't true; his mother was better than any man that was ever made.

Some railway travellers are never contented. After having all their limbs broken, their heads smashed, and their brains knocked out, they will actually go to law, and try to get further damages.

A gentleman of the name of Pepper had been thrown several times from a spirited horse, and was relating the circumstance to a friend, at the same time observing he had never given his horse a name. 'I think,' observed his friend, 'you should call him *Peppercaster*.

In the story of the courtship of a loving couple, after all had been arranged and the time fixed, the narrator says:—'Here their lips came together and the report which followed was like pulling a horse's hoof out of the mire.'

HORSE FLESH FOR FOOD.—Dr. Dadd thinks it not improbable that in case the war continues several years, we shall have to resort to horseflesh to feed our armies, and he publishes in the Prairie Farmer evidence that "horse flesh is very excellent food."

THE HORRORS OF WAR can be greatly mitigated by that sovereign remedy, Holloway's Ointment, as it will cure *any* wound, however desperate, if it be well rubbed around the wounded parts, and they be kept thoroughly covered with it. A pot of ointment should be in every man's knapsack.

If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. 227

As riches and favor forsake a man, we discover him to be a fool, but nobody could find it out in his prosperity.

There is a policeman in every man's conscience, even though you may not always find him on his beat.

The laughter of a fool is madness.

Persons often lack courage to appear as good as they really are.

THE EXPENSES OF ACTRESSES.—The manager of a first-class theatre must have five or six women of considerable talent from leading lady to leader of ballet. He must have an equal number of men—from leading man to any point you choose to imagine. Good. Now he goes out to engage: he pays men, say from $50 to $15 per week; he pays women from $40 down to $5 But this is not the only discrimination. The manager insists upon a great difference in treatment — the difference which is the great discouragement of women (I mean honest women) who endeavor to earn their bread in this thankless and precarious way. This difference is a matter of dress, and a very important matter it is, too. Let the reader note that a man gets 10 to 50 per cent. more than a woman of like grade; that a man has all or nearly all his wardrobe furnished by the theatre; but that the woman must dress herself, follow all the whims of the manager, study up the history of her great predecessors, and in the evening must come upon the stage resplendent as the rising sun. You are delighted, dear public; and you, Mr. Manager, are rosy with blushes of recognition at what you have achieved; your heart warms toward the woman for whom you have heretofore had only supercilious sneers, and ten to one you have the audacious effrontery to go upon the stage and congratulate her upon her magnificent *tout ensemble.* (All managers speak French—sometimes.) But do you know (or do you care) that this worthy, hard-working woman has expended *three weeks* of your very liberal salary to achieve that one dress? Do you know that in order to make this creditable appearance she has used up the salary of a month, besides working late and early with her own fingers? Of course, you know it well enough, but you care nothing about it. It is no concern of yours how or where she gets the means, so long as she dresses well and makes a show to please your many-headed master, the public. The gorgeous actress doffs her glorious robes, carefully packs them away, and walks dolefully to her humble home to sup on red herring and cold tea, because her dress has cost so much that she is in debt, and must rob her stomach to pay her creditors, of whom you are the chief, having advanced most of the money to buy dresses you have been so much admiring.

It is not necessary to go into minute details to prove this picture true. It is well known that the wardrobes of the men in a theatre are, to a great extent, sometimes entirely, furnished by the manager, while every woman above the ballet is compelled to furnish every item of her attire from stockings to diamonds. It is also well known that their dresses, however economically got up, cost far more than those of the other side; thus they wear two, three or four rich robes in a five-act piece, when the leading man is amply furnished by a single black suit. In order to meet anything like the requirements of her position, a leading actress must keep at least one good dress-maker for the entire season, besides a servant to fetch and carry her bundles. In the very best of times, as salaries have been in New York, actresses making any pretensions to ability have found their weekly pay insufficient to meet ordinary expenses, and I am sure that not one in twenty ever saved a dollar out of all the earnings of a season unless by the assistance of that species of charitable contribution from her friends called a Benefit. It is well enough known that some of our best and most worthy artists have held their places only because they or their husbands or families were willing to furnish the means for dressing, which the theatres did not.

Engagements for the Winter season are in order, and managers must be prepared to pay much larger salaries than heretofore— at least 50 per cent. more to men, and 100 per cent. to women. Why, at present prices, "Ophelia" would have to pay a week's salary for the simple white dress in which she goes mad; while anything fit for a high comedy parlor scene would use up what three years ago would have paid salaries for a month.—*Wilkes' Spirit of the Times.*

ABOUT OYSTERS.—Oysters are of many different colors. In Spain they are red or russet; in Illyria they are brown, nay, black— conceive the amazement of any legal gentleman lunching at Prosser's and coming suddenly upon a black Illyrian,—while those of the Red Sea are of all colors of the rainbow. That Parisian delicacy, the green oyster, is brought from Brittany; but the same hues can be induced in others by putting them in pits where the water is about three feet deep in the salt-marshes, and where the sun has great power. The propagation of the oyster is effected by self-produced eggs, which it bears within, in the form of a greenish milky juice, which it casts as spat in May. This liquor, if viewed through a microscope, will be found to contain multitudes of small oysters, covered with shells, and swimming nimbly about—one hundred and twenty of which extend about an inch. Indeed, one million of young have been discovered in a single oyster. Guarded by two tender shells they move freely in the sea when ejected by their parent, until by means of a glutinous substance they fix themselves so fast to some object that they can be separated only by force. These young are very soon able to produce others—some say so soon as four months after their birth—but even when as large as a crown-piece, the shell is still very tender and thin, and it is only after some years that they become fit for human food. The age of an oyster is not to be discovered like that of a horse. You may look a gift oyster in the mouth, and indeed it is expected you should do so, but not upon the shell. It bears its years upon its back. Everybody who has handled an oyster shell must have observed that it seems as if composed of successive layers of plates overlapping each other. These are technically called "shoots," and each of them marks a year's growth, so that, by counting them, we can determine at a glance the year when the creature came into the world. Up to the time of its maturity, the shoots are regular and successive; but after that time, they are piled one above the other, so that the shell becomes more thickened and bulky. Judging from the great thickness to which some oyster-shells have attained, this mollusk is capable, if left to its natural changes unmolested, of reaching a great age. Indeed, fossil oysters have been seen, of which each shell was nine inches thick, whence they may have been concluded to have been more than 100 years old. It seems wonderful that creatures so prolific and so long-lived should ever cost so much as a shilling a dozen (as they do at the present time) even with a French roll and butter included.

The offspring generally remains near the mother, which accounts for those huge oyster-banks, in the sea, which in some ploces have attained such magnitude as to cause ships to be wrecked upon them. Their immense proportions may be best understood by inspections of the fossil oyster-bed near Reading. These fossils, which must have lain there from time immemorial, have just the same shape and substance as recent oyster-shells; and the bed occupies six acres, forming a stratum two feet thick. The fossil oyster-bank raised by earthquakes along the western shores of South America, measure from sixty to eighty feet in depth, are often forty miles in length, and in many cases stretch about two miles into the interior.—[Chambers' Journal.

Nobody's Children.

A year or two ago, as I sat in the entry of a farm-house, one warm summer afternoon, my attention was attracted by numerous feathery objects that kept floating in and out at the open door. At first I thought they were insects, but on examination I found them to be seeds.

"Of what?" I asked the farmer's wife, as she passed through the entry.

"Thistles," she replied. "There's a bed of them just below here, and the breeze carries the seeds hither and thither as you see."

Presently, I took my hat and walked down the lane, until I came to the thistle bed. There it was—a large patch of ground covered with the unsightly things, and as the wind swept over them, thousands of the light, feathery seeds were borne away, and scattered all over the surrounding country. Next year, thought I, they will spring up in the hay fields, and in the corn fields, and among the grain, and crops will be injured by them: they will spring up in the flower gardens, and the farmer's little daughter, going out to gather flowers, will have her tender fingers wounded by them; they will do no good, but only harm, wherever they find space to grow. So I went back to the house.

"Pray tell me why those thistles are not rooted up?" I asked the farmer's wife.

"Oh!" she said, "they are not on anybody's ground, and so they are left to themselves."

Not on anybody's ground, and so they are left to themselves!

There is a text for a sermon, but I am not the person to do the preaching.

I sat down again, and began to think. I thought of swarming city streets; of barefooted boys and girls, whose rags scarcely cover their limbs; of vulgar and profane language uttered by almost infant lips; and of crimes committed by little children, no older or larger than the farmer's little daughter.

Who are all these? Oh, they are *nobody's children*—nobody cares for them—they are left to shift for themselves. So they grow up, and they become the pests of society. They are the gamblers, and the burglars, the incendiaries, the robbers, the murderers. They fill our almshouses, our gaols, our prisons; they travel on the road to destruction, and they lead thousands and thousands along with them. Why? Oh, they are *nobody's charge!*—nobody is responsible for them; they take care of themselves. Oh, will this excuse stand in the great day of judgment? Dare we look in the face of Almighty God, as we stand before the "great white throne," and say, "They were nothing to us; we could not help them; we had not power or strength to rise them from their degradation?" No—no. We dare not.

Christians! there is work for you and me, in this great vineyard of the Lord. Let us go into these streets and lanes—into these highways and hedges, and carry the news of salvation. Let us seek out these little neglected ones, and bring them into our mission-schools, and our churches; let us visit their wretched homes, and tell their parents of the Lord Jesus Christ, who came to seek and to save the lost. Thank God, there are many workers already laboring in the Lord's harvest fields, but there is room for more; there is room for every Christian to share in the toil and the burden, and also in the rest and the reward.

TARDINESS IN WALKING.—Bodily exercise is so natural an impulse that a child is as certain to walk as birds are to fly when he feels himself strong enough for the exertion. The mystery of the tardiness displayed will most probably be found in some peculiarity of constitution, by which the developement of muscular strength is delayed. It is likely that there is want of lime in the constitution of the child. Its diet, therefore, should cousist of those substances in which that property predominates. Animal food—tender beef or mutton—fresh egs, oatmeal, lime-water, brown bread, &c., will be the best food. I have heard of instances in which finely pulverised egg-shells have been given with good results in the food of children in which the bone-forming power was deficient. If the child has not been accustomed to this description of diet, he may at first show a disinclination for it. It will then be necessary to watch that the appetite is not satisfied with less nutritious substances. What is apparently a very small quantity is sufficient to support the demand of the frame at the age described, provided the food be of *suitable* quality. At the same time highly concentrated nourishment should be avoided; the effect would be to over-stimulate, not nourish the infant. Cold water bathing is good if the child enjoys it, and immediately acquires a warm glow, otherwise it is injurious. Sponging with tepid water would in that case be better. The best assistance, however, combined with suitable diet, would be a long visit to the seaside. Every contrivance for teaching walking is bad; every support whilst practising the exercise is equally so. Children should be suffered to proceed in their own fashion, prompted by an instinct of their peculiar capabilities. A looker-on should appear to take no notice of the first tottering attempts. The thoughtless habit that nurses have of crying "take care, you'll fall," at every step the little novice takes often paralyzes the will in a timid child; she had better hold her breath, watch for the tumble, and see how little harm it does. Well-nursed children are seldom in a position of imminent danger. The obvious course, when such is the case, is to snatch them from it, and not to raise a cry of warning.

RIGHTS OF AMERICANS.—A wag has made the following summary of what he calls the inalienable rights of Americans, and which are not enumerated in the Declaration of Independence:—

To know any trade or business without apprenticeship or experience.

To marry without regard to fortune, state of health, position, or opinion of parents.

To have a wife and children dependent on contingencies of business, and, in case of sudden death, to leave them wholly unprovided for.

To teach our children no good trade, hoping that they will have, when grown up, wit enough to live on the industry of other people.

To enjoy the general sympathy when made bankrupt by reckless speculation.

To cheat the Government, if possible.

To hold offices without being competent to discharge the duties.

To build houses with nine and six-inch walls, go to the funeral of tenants, firemen, and others killed by the fall, weeping over the "mysterious dispensations of Providence."

To build our cities and towns without any parks, public squares, broad streets, and ventilated blocks, and call pestilence a visitation of God.

The Middlesex Journal,

E. MARCHANT, PROPRIETOR.

Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

TERMS—$2.00 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher; and any person wishing his paper discontinued, must give notice thereof at the expiration of the term, whether previous notice has been given or not.

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South Reading—DR. J. D. MANSFIELD
Stoneham—E. T. WHITTIER.
Winchester—JOSIAH HOVEY.
Reading—L. E. GLEASON.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., Boston and New York; S. R. NILES, (successor to V. B. Palmer,) Scollay's Building, Court street, Boston, are duly empowered to take advertisement, for the JOURNAL, at the rates required by us.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The attention of business men everywhere is called to this paper as an advertising medium. The JOURNAL circulates largely in the towns that surround Woburn. And all will increase their business by advertising in its columns.

Every kind of JOB PRINTING done at short notice, on reasonable terms and in good style.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of correspondents.

☞ Subscribers are requested to remit direct to the office of publication.

The Middlesex Journal.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, JULY 30, 1864

A CARD.

The undersigned informs the public that he has made arrangements with Mr. MARCHANT, whereby he retains the Job Department of the *Middlesex Journal* office, and that he is prepared to do, as heretofore, all kinds of Job Work, embracing Books, Pamphlets, Town Accounts, Posters, Bill Heads, Circulars, &c. &c. He will give his personal attention to the business, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage of the citizens of Woburn and surrounding towns.

E. T. MOODY.

Woburn, July 30, 1864.

OUR country is now undergoing all the horrors of civil war. We believe, however, that it a righteous war on the part of the North, and our hope is that while it lasts it may be prosecuted with the utmost vigor, to the end that a speedy peace may follow. The government must be sustained in men and means, or we shall never triumph, and the best nation under the whole heavens will go down in darkness and despair. We must fight until every rebel is made to bow to federal authority. There must be no half-way measures. We have tampered with the rebellious States too long. Now let the whole power of the government be brought to bear upon them, and let no quarter be given until they cry, and that loudly too, for peace. This is the only way to bring the miserable traitors to terms, the only way to convince them of the determination of the government, at all hazards, and whatever cost, to subdue and overthrow them. And though it is painful to resort to extreme measures, the end in view, a speedy and permanent peace, will warrant their adoption.

We repeat it; give us war, though it devastate the fairest "heritage of earth for a while," though cities go down before it in smoke; though thousands bite the dust, and mingle their blood with their mother earth; though homes be devastated, children left to mourn, and fathers and mothers to weep as those who have "no hope;" still, if it end in giving us our country once more, with its flag untarnished, every star and stripe in its place, it were better, far better, than the terrible evils which would follow a pusillanimous prosecution of the war, and a shameful, dishonorable peace,—for there could be no peace worthy of the name. Nothing but a terrible flogging, and the utter overthrow of the rebels, and the ignominious execution of their leaders, will ever bring a permanent peace. The sooner the work is accomplished, the better for all concerned. A delightful peace will then be given to our country, and all the people will rejoice. They will turn their ways from war; the mechanic will go to his workshop, the merchant to his counting-room, the farmer to his plough, the sailor to his ship, and all the land will be filled with rejoicing, and plenty will crown every board. We pray for peace, but we don't want it to come until it has been *honorably* earned.

WANTED.—The editor of the JOURNAL, wishing to render the columns of his paper as attractive as possible, desires the assistance of some one who is thoroughly posted on all local matters, and who would be willing to contribute items of news for a small pecuniary consideration—which might be increased, if the circulation of the paper should be improved through his labors. Apply to the editor.

RAIN.—The refreshing showers on Monday afternoon last were indeed welcome. The face of nature has since assumed a more bright and cheerful aspect. Let us hope that other and longer continued rains may soon restore vegetation to its accustomed vigor, and render the labors of the husbandman profitable to himself and the community generally.

☞ On Friday evening, week, we received a very pleasant visit from a Committee of the Journeymen Curriers of Woburn. Their object was to call our attention to an article which appeared in the JOURNAL of the 18th inst., relative to the "strike." The gentlemen of the Committee were of the opinion that the article in question, in all its material points, was incorrect, or false. We told them that we were perfectly willing they should answer it in our columns. This they declined to do, and insisted that we should give a flat contradiction to our own opinions, which were given, as we thought, and still believe, in all fairness. Before they left, we informed the Committee that we would state—if it would please them—that the article was, *in their opinion*, altogether false. We do so state; and if they are not entirely satisfied with this, they still have the liberty to refute it through the columns of the JOURNAL.

A NATIONAL FAST.—The President of the United States has recommended that the 4th of August be observed as a day of Fasting and Prayer throughout the whole country.

The following eloquent extract from an Address by Bishop DOANE, is so applicable to the present troubles in our country, and so much in harmony with the President's view of a national fast, that, although written over a score of years ago, we give it to our readers:—

"I venture to say that there is, in our political and civil institutions, too little reference to Him who is the only source and security of whatever is good in them. I enter into no discussion of the causes of this deficiency, or of the apologies for it. The fault exists and is to be regretted. What is still more to the purpose, it is, so far as may be, to be obviated. 'Righteousness exalteth a nation, but sin is the reproach,' and will be the destruction 'of any people.' Already it begins to be felt that from the want of a pervading religious principle, the institutions which have cost us so much, and promised so well, fail of their expected result; and wise and good men of all parties, and of every name, unite in the conviction that unless, as a nation, we seek the blessing of the Holiest, the best hopes of humanity must suffer disappointment. There is but one escape from this result; in national repentance, national humiliation, national submission to Christ. As individuals we must do our part, by turning to the Lord. A *public* Christian recognition of our dependence on Him as a *nation*, and of our duty as a *nation*, towards Him, will have its weight with others; and may prevail, if we pour out our hearts before Him, in winning, through the intercession of the divine Savior, that blessing, without which all we do is in vain."

Bishop PORTER has recently issued an address to the clergy and congregations under his charge, in which he says, most truly:—

"Our present is characterized by a levity and presumptuous self-confidence; by a want of calm trust in God and the justice of our cause, which ill accord with our condition as dependent beings, or with the enormous sacrifices of life, and virtue, and property, through which we are called to pass. We need to be excited to more abstinence in pleasure and all luxurious expense, and to a clearer perception of the great ends of life. We need to reach a profounder sense of the insufficiency of all human wisdom and strength when forsaken of God. We need, by earnest repentance and continued prayer, to invoke his presence and aid, who alone can deliver from sedition, privy conspiracy and rebellion, or restore us to that solid, abiding and righteous peace, for which we long. 'Unless the Lord keep the city, the watchman waketh but in vain.'"

No people were ever more in need of a thorough humiliation before the Lord than the American. Let us fast and pray, to the end that God may help us in this our day of tribulation.

WHERE IS THE WATERING MACHINE? The people hereabouts used to be gratified in warm and dusty weather, by the presence of this useful machine, which traversed our principal streets, and very effectually overpowered the dust for the time being. If the owner of it will again present himself to the public, he may hear of something to his advantage.

A correspondent, who is a well-wisher to the prosperity of the town, says the Town Hall is not as large, as a place of the size and wealth of Woburn, ought to have. It is not large enough to accommodate the citizens when they come together on town affairs. We learn that many of the people are in favor of a new and more commodious hall, and we trust the day is not far distant when their wishes may be gratified.

☞ Mr. Isaac Howard Page, a former member of our High School, graduated with high honors at Harvard University, on Wednesday of last week. He has accepted a position as tutor of the Natural Sciences, in an Institute, in New York State.

Secretary Fessenden has just appealed to the people for a loan of two hundred million dollars to pay our brave troops and to enable the government to give the sure death blow to the rebellion.

It is estimated that the entire loss suffered by the recent rebel raid into Maryland will not much exceed two millions of dollars.

THE ENROLLED MEN OF WOBURN, pursuant to call, assembled at the Town Hall on Tuesday evening. Their object was to take measures to furnish the full quota of the town under the call for 500,000 men. Joseph G. Pollard, Esq., was chosen Chairman, and J. W. Hammond, Esq., Secretary of the meeting. Several gentlemen addressed the assembly, all of whom were in favor of raising a sufficient sum of money to procure the number of men requisite to fill Woburn's quota.

On motion of Oliver Green, Esq., a Committee, consisting of the following named gentlemen, viz: L. H. Allen, W. B. Harris, Chas. Peirce, F. C. Parker, Jos. Buck, A. P. Pollard, Griffin Place, Otis Bacon, Jos. Kendall, Nathan Hyde, F. W. Bosworth, T. J. Harris, and Madison Webster, was chosen to canvass the town and raise money for the purpose of obtaining sufficient men to fill the quota of the town.

$1260 was raised on the spot, and if the matter is properly brought to the attention of the citizens there is no doubt but a sum sufficient for the purpose can be readily obtained.

WAR MEETING.

The citizens of Woburn assembled at Lyceum Hall on Thursday evening. S. M. Allen, Esq., was appointed Chairman, and J. W. Hammond, Secretary.

The Chairman stated the object for which the meeting had been convened, in a neat and appropriate speech. He said that $15,000 were wanted to obtain men to fill Woburn's quota. It was expected that most of the enrolled men—about 600—would pay $25 each, and any deficiency, he was assured, would be made good by citizens outside the draft. Seventy-five men could be obtained at once, if the money were raised. The speaker alluded to the great progress which had been made by our armies in subduing the rebellion, and closed by introducing to the audience Rev. Eli Fay.

Mr. Fay did not wish to urge the people of Woburn to do what he could not do himself. He was a rejected volunteer. He was ready to go as a soldier, but would not go as a Chaplain; thought he could do a more satisfactory work at home. He said we must triumph in the conflict, or civilization would be rolled back a century throughout the civilized world. This was both the rich and the poor man's war. The poor man's, because in no other country could he attain position and eminence as in this. As an illustration, he referred to the present incumbent of the Presidential chair, who was once poor and a rail-splitter. It was the rich man's war, and it was his duty to give of his abundance to sustain it. If not sustained, a terrible financial revulsion would come and sweep away the property of the rich in a day. We must have more money and more men, or all is lost. We were dealing with men who were fired with desperation, who had lost everything, and who would fight to the very death. He thought this would be the last call, if promptly responded to. We should triumph, if the people came forth in their might. He paid a deserved tribute to the war-worn veteran, whom he considered the noblest man on earth. He would stand by him on all occasions, under all circumstances. His memory would be fresh and fragrant, when those who staid at home were forgotten. Mr. F. closed with a forcible and eloquent appeal for men and money.

Rev. J. C. Bodwell was then introduced to the meeting. The gentleman who preceded him had occupied so much time, and so well, that there was but little for him to say. We were assembled to raise the sinews of war—money. So long as we have money, the war will be prosecuted, and no longer. The smallest thing we can do, is to give our money liberally. Taxation, like that in Great Britain, would bring out the resources of the country, and he gloried in the prospect of having to pay a good round sum for the prosecution of the war. Heavy taxes would make us industrious and economical. The best thing for England, was heavy taxes, and he thanked God they were to come here. They would do us good. The payment of money, however, was nothing to going into camp, and fighting for one's country, at the risk of life or limb. The integrity of the Union, the speaker said, must be preserved at all hazards, and at whatever cost. Mr. B.'s remarks were interesting and eloquent, and were received with applause.

Rev. J. S. Kennard was next called upon. He could not make a speech, as it was late, and others had fully occupied the ground. He thought we should act now. This was the grandest country under the whole heavens, and he who thought to the contrary had better get out of it as soon as possible. He would thank God if he had the strength to shoulder a musket and march to the battle-field. But he had not. He had been drafted, but rejected on examination. He would like to have some one volunteer for him. He would take care of his family, and see that he had the bounty. Mr. K. was of the opinion that we wanted men more than money—a mighty uprising of the people—a revival of the spirit which existed when the war broke out. He was listened to with great interest.

The subscription paper, noticed in our report of another meeting, will be freely circulated among the citizens. It should be cheerfully met.

The sum of $1700 had been raised at the close of the meeting.

MILITARY.—The following named soldiers have returned home, their term of service having expired:

13th Mass. Regt.—Wm. P. Miles, Co. G; Sergt. Walter C. Thompson, Co. D; Edward A. Lewis, Co. G.

16th Mass. Regt.—Jas. Connor, Co. A; Charles H. Smith, Co. E; Wm. H. Mathews, Co. H.

THE WOBURN MECHANIC PHALANX have enlisted for 100 days service, as Co. G, 5th Regiment, and they left for the seat of war on Thursday. The following officers are attached to the company:

CAPTAIN—Charles S. Converse.
1ST LIEUTENANT—Edwin F. Wyer.
2D LIEUTENANT—Charles E. Fuller.
SERGEANTS—Samuel R Dolliver, Thos. J. Hall, Montressor Seeley, Thomas T. Furguson, Horace Marion.
CORPORALS—Otis K. Winn, Edwin G. Champney, Edwin C. Cottle, Ephraim W. Hadley, Charles Parker, Samuel E. Wyman, Charles E. Wood, Webster Brooks.

HEARD FROM.—Stephen Hine of Co. C, 59th Regiment, of Woburn, has been heard from. He was taken prisoner on the 17th of June, and is now in Petersburg, where (he says in an unsealed letter to his wife,) he is well treated.

PRESENTATION.—Colonel J. P. Gould, of the 59th Mass. Regt., and formerly Major of the 13th Mass., has been presented a fine horse and equipments, by the enlisted men of the 13th.

The many friends of Maj. W. T. Grammer have presented him a horse and equipments. The Major is deserving of them.

Lieut. Chas. E. Fuller has had a horse presented to him, by some of his warm admirers.

Rev. J. S. Bodwell, of this town, recently received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Dartmouth College.

Some articles prepared for this paper are unavoidably left over to next week.

WAR NEWS.

There have been several days' severe fighting around Atlanta. The rebels attacked our forces on Friday, with great fury, and gained some success, but they were finally driven back, it is said, into their entrenchments with severe loss. We lost Maj. Gen. McPherson, one of our most brilliant and accomplished officers. There was no fighting on Saturday, as the dead were buried, and the wounded collected, some reports say, under a flag of truce.

Affairs are assuming a serious aspect in Missouri. Guerillas are swarming all over the State. Many companies of the State Militia join the enemy, and altogether life in the State is scarcely worth having.

Kentucky is also in a disturbed condition. An invasion and guerillas keep them excited and alarmed with constant fears.

Various agents from the North are endeavoring to obtain recruits in Washington and its vicinity. Gen. Slough, the military governor of Alexandria, Va., has notified all persons recruiting there, that unless they are legally authorized to do so, they will be arrested and punished.

A private letter from New Orleans says that the rebel forces west of the Mississippi, under Taylor, Kirby Smith, Marmaduke, and other leaders, are concentrating in Western Louisiana, preparatory to an advance either on New Orleans or a retreat across the river to reinforce the army in front of Sherman. The letter states that the whole rebel force west of the river does not exceed 40,000 all told.

A board of Naval officers, to whom the matter was referred, have found no precedent for the circumstances under which Capt. Semmes, of the pirate Alabama, was surrendered, and they declare that he is a legitimate prisoner of war, and his surrender should be demanded.

The daily receipts under the Internal Revenue act now average from seven hundred and fifty to eight hundred thousand dollars. On one day within a week they were over eleven hundred thousand dollars.

Notwithstanding the dry weather, the "Apothecary" at 5 Wade's Block, continues to furnish the thirsty public with any quantity of cool Soda. Brigham is a public benefactor, and this community will cherish his memory long after many of his contemporaries have been buried in oblivion!

The August number of the *Atlantic Monthly* is one of great interest. The contents are:—Charles Reade; How Rome is Governed; Concord; What will become of them; Headquarters of Beer-drinking; Friar Jerome's Beautiful Book; Literary Life in Paris; The Little Country Girl; Sweet-Brier; House and Home Papers; The Heart of the War; Our Recent Foreign Relations; Reviews, &c.

THE CONTINENTAL MONTHLY for August has the following list of contents: American Civilization; Aphorisms; The English Press; Our Martyrs; Ænone; The first Christian Emperor; Causes of the Minnesota Massacre; Buried Alive; Negro Troops; Colors and their Meaning; Battle of the Wilderness; Tardy Truths; An Army—its organization and movements; &c., &c.

The above are for sale at the Woburn Bookstore.

A workman in Paris has succeeded in making barrels without hoops, as solid as the best hooped barrels in the world. The discovery, which has been a desideratum for some three thousand years, is undergoing examination before the Academy of La Rochelle.

READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

One of the rogues who stole several cases of boots from the manufactory of C. D. Brown, has been caught, has had a preliminary examination, and is held in the sum of $2500 for trial at the September term of the Superior Court. There are evidently several others concerned in this robbery. Six of the seven cases taken have been recovered.

Strenuous exertions have been and are still making to avoid the draft, and more than usual interest is felt in regard to it. A series of war meetings have been held, the first one on Saturday evening last, which was largely attended and adjourned one minute before 12 P. M., to Monday evening—the interest increasing rather than diminishing. This, too was continued until a late hour, and again adjourned to Tuesday evening, to bring things to a focus. The several committees chosen at the first named meeting made reports of their doings in their several districts; and the announcement was made that the sum of ten thousand dollars had been subscribed. We have one man in town (I don't want to abuse my pen by writing his name) who is a regular dyed in the wool copperhead, and says he had much rather subscribe money to help Jeff. Davis than Abe Lincoln. Now if any body can conceive of anything encased in wool or cotton, more contemptible, mean, disagreeable, repugnant to a real patriot, do, for conscience sake, speak out and let it be known. Town authorities ought to be clothed with power to arrest every such person, and put him into a cage, the outside of it containing such appropriate devices that no one could possibly mistake the contents, and then be put on exhibition to help defray the expenses of the war.

Quite a number of our young men have enlisted as one hundred days men, and have attached themselves to the company from South Reading. Their names I have not at hand, but will furnish them soon.

Rev. Mr. Wilcox is convalescent, and it is presumed that he will soon be able to resume the duties of his profession.

Mr. John Blunt has purchased a building, and is now fitting it up for a blacksmith's shop on Bethesda street, near the Elm Saloon, where he will be pleased to see his patrons. LENO.

SOUTH READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

OUR QUOTA.—The quota of South Reading, under the last call of the President for 500,000, is ascertained to be 60. The enrolled citizens and others are taking active measures to furnish the number promptly, and avoid a draft. Some 64 of those who have just enlisted in the Richardson Light Guard, as one hundred days men, hail from South Reading, most of whom are on the enrollment list. This large number leaving at this time increases the burden of those who remain, not being counted in filling the quota. A meeting was held on Tuesday evening to inaugurate measures to put 60 good men immediately into the service for three years. At an adjourned meeting on Wednesday evening, it was reported that $6000 had been pledged, to be added to the other bounties, as an inducement for men to leave lucrative employments to engage in the service of their country. The intention and expectation are to raise about double that sum.

RAIN.—The rain on Monday was refreshing and most welcome, for vegetation was suffering greatly. Pastures were giving out so that many were disposing of their cattle. In addition to these evils, and the intensity of the heat, the air was so filled with smoke from fires in the woods all around as to render our situation almost insufferable. Grateful as are the people for the showers that have already descended, their prayer still is for rain.

Some few of the parishioners of Rev. Mr. Bullen, on the occasion of his commencincing house keeping a few weeks ago, sent to his door a barrel of flour and other like necessary articles, thinking they might not be unacceptable in these times of inflated prices.

Rev. E. H. Chapin, of New York, has preached for the last two Sabbath evenings in the Universalist Church, in this town to crowded audiences. M.

For the Middlesex Journal.

STONEHAM.

Last week was replete with interest to the people of this town, especially the younger portion, who belong to the schools. The last sands in the hour-glass of school time for the summer term ran out, and the glass was turned over about Saturday noon, the 23d inst., when many an ardent school-boy and girl took leave of school duties for the long vacation. They have turned over a new leaf of life—instead of all work (study) and no play, it is now all play and no study.

The reception of Company G., 13th Regt., came off on Friday P. M. The procession was not so large as might have been if the dust had not been so stifling. But those who did not walk in the parade manifested their interest by bestowing applause as the veterans passed by. This part of the programme was well done by the children of the schools, who had stations assigned them at different points on the route, nearest the houses where they attended school. Little throats were opened, and little hats and pocket handkerchiefs were waved in a style truly patriotic.

Hall's band furnished excellent music. A stand was erected in the rear of the Congregational Church, from which several individuals poured forth patriotic sentiments. The speeches were not long and prosy and studied, but each man that spoke seemed to trust to the inspiration of the occasion to generate thoughts and arrange words. At least, I know of one such.

So then, the Exhibition which was to come off in the afternoon was put off till evening. We did not choose to stand in opposition to soldiers who have always been accustomed to drive all before them, and we cheerfully yielded the day to them.

Mr Babson, the principal, had arranged to have all the members of the High School seated on the Stage, the graduating class of ten virgins clad in white occupying the centre. I do not wish to particularize, because they all acquitted themselves with credit. Original compositions were read by Miss Maria H. Curtis, "Where does the Spirit of Beauty dwell?" By Miss Etta Dustin, "Scenes at the Capital;" by Miss Annie G. Edgell, "Chateaux en Espagne;" and the Valedictory by Miss Eleanora Sanborn. If the title of the first named composition had been, Where does Beauty dwell? the question might have been answered without turning the eye from the fair features of the interesting group upon whom the audience were gazing.

The names of the diplomatized are as follows:—Eliza A. Bucknam, Annie G. Edgell, Williamine S. Green, Maria H. Curtis, Etta Dustin, Ella F. Hill, Abbie A. Emerson, Marilla H. Green, Eleanora Sanborn, Catherine S. Thorpe.

Two very interesting exercises were given by the members of the Graduating Class, each participating in turn. The first was an "Exercise on Words," taking up such topics as these: "The Importance of the study of Words;" "English a composite Language;" "Correspondence between Character and Language;" "History in Words;" "Changes in the meaning of Words;" "Derivation of Proper Names," and "Examples of the Derivation of other Words." The other class performance was on the subject of "The Religion of the Romans," considering the three following points: "The principal Gods of the Greeks and Romans;" "Religious observances and modes of worship;" "Ideas in regard to the immortality of the soul, and the future life." Every part was well done without exception.

LEE.

WINCHESTER.

For the Middlesex Journal.

WAR ITEMS.—Private Alfred E. Ansorge and William H. Hunnewell of the 16th Regiment arrived home last week after three years' service in the army. They appear to be in good health, and bear the marks of veteran soldiers. Geo. H. Burnham, formerly of the 2d Regiment, and more recently the successor of Mr. Hovey in his apothecary store, has been appointed hospital steward in the army, and entered upon his duties last Monday. His experience in this department of the service will make him an efficient officer. Mr. Hovey has again resumed the charge of the store.

FIRES.—Previous to the refreshing shower of last Monday, the woods in the vicinity of Symmes' Corner, and between it, Medford and Stoneham, were more or less on fire. Several times have the residents near the locality been called upon to extinguish the flames which had reached to such a height as to endanger the houses near by. They extended at one time near to Medford Alms House, but by constant watchfulness, were confined within the woods, over a large portion of which they swept with desolating power, destroying a large portion of the berry-bushes, to which many of the young people resort at this season of the year, but which have been very unfruitful in these dry times.

THE DROUGHT.—The rain of last Monday, though not of long continuance, was of incalculable benefit to the dry and thirsty soil, and the various forms of vegetable life. The long drought had nearly ruined the prospects of the farmers in this region as elsewhere, as regards their crops, and it was indeed sad to "see the leaves around us falling, dry and withered to the ground," as in the autumnal season of the year. Night after night had we seen the sky present every appearance of rain, but the morning found the hot beams of the sun shining upon the parched earth again. But the long expected, and never more welcome rain came at last, in God's appointed time, to cheer the hearts of thousands by infusing new life into vegetation, and causing all the face of nature to wear a different aspect. Although some of the vegetation was too far gone to be benefitted in this way, yet much will be saved that was thought to be irretrievably lost.

HIGHWAYS.—The travellers over Bacon street have been expecting ever since the March town meeting to see the work commence on that street, preparatory to putting it in a proper condition. Notwithstanding the previous allusion to it by your correspondent, the sidewalk in front of the Mystic school-house, and extending to Grove street, remains untouched, a disgrace to the town and to the neighborhood. It is said to be the duty of the Selectmen to have this fixed, and why they have not attended to this part of their duty is certainly surprising. They cannot be waiting to have an accident occur here before they realize the necessity of doing something towards making the sidewalk and the access to it passable. If anything reflects discredit upon a town, it is to see any portion of its public thoroughfares in a condition like this, and no expense should deter the proper authorities from giving to them immediate attention. Now, during the school vacation, is the time to do it, and not subject the children or passers by to the dangers which at present encompass this place.

RELIGIOUS.—Rev. Daniel D. Winn, of Salem, officiated at the Baptist Church last Sunday, and preached two able discourses, in which the sins of the nation and the culpability of those who actively or passively endorse them by refusing to support the Government at the present time, was commented upon in strong and emphatic language.

Rev. H. A. Stephens, of Melrose, officiated at the Cong. Church. Our church going population is somewhat augmented by the summer residents, who seek the salubrious air of this locality to restore vigor in their weary or diseased bodies, and who occupy the not over numerous vacant seats in the churches.

SUICIDE.—Last Tuesday morning, Mr. Meade, an elderly gentleman, residing at the West Side, committed suicide by hanging himself to a beam in his barn. He went out of the house after breakfast and not returning at the usual time, search was instituted and his untimely end discovered. He has a son serving in the Navy as Acting Master, and no cause is assigned for this event excepting that he had been somewhat depressed in spirits lately on account of the war.

OUR QUOTA.—The number of men required from this town under the last call of the President, is 38. Of these, 16 have already been credited.

EXCELSIOR.

The Provost Marshal gives notice that any enrolled man may appear before the Board of enrollment and have his name stricken from the list, if he can show to the satisfaction of the Board that he is not properly enrolled, on account of, 1st, alienage, 2nd, non-residence, 3d, over-age, or 4th, permanent physical disability.

This should be attended to, as every man who is on the enrollment adds to the quota of the town, and, if he is not liable to do military duty for any of the causes above mentioned, it makes the chances of every other man so much greater than is necessary.

FIRST PIC-NIC IN MISSISSIPPI.—The following extract of a letter from Gen. I. F. Shepard to his daughter will be read with interest. A pic-nic among the freedmen is indeed a novelty, and its introduction is a pleasant incident, showing the progress that has been made in a little while towards enlightening the "contrabands." Gen. Shepard's Headquarters are in the "Old Vicks House," for which Vicksburg was named:

* * * * I wish you could have been here (he says) a week ago Saturday. Rev. Mr. Morton is a minister from somewhere up North, who has charge of some sunday schools and day schools for colored children in Vicksburg, and had planned a pic-nic. Not finding so good a place handy as the yard in front of my headquarters afforded, Major Dickey, a paymaster, called on me for liberty to hold it there. Of course I assented with great pleasure, and about two o'clock, on the afternoon referred to, they came in procession to the number of three or four hundred, with banners, and two bands of field music (fifes and drums), led by their teachers. They filed past my quarters cheering, and it was one of the most touching sights I ever witnessed. Looking back, as I did, to more than a year ago, when these people first came under my care, in all the squalid degradation of slaves, to see them now in neat, tasty, and often fine clothing, with jaunty hats and blue sashes, joyously glad in freedom, with handsome banners on which the open Bible was emblazoned, with appropriate mottoes, it seemed to me almost miraculous, and in spite of myself I wept like a child. Three cheers went up for "General Shepard," several times repeated during the afternoon, and they were as happy as happy could be. There were provision stands improvised, cakes and lemonade circulated, and at length the exercises commenced from the speakers' stand. First Mr. Morgan addressed them, and people gathered in from all points, officers and citizens, till the yard was full. Then came recitations from the children of hymns and short speeches, singing of S. S. songs, &c., which were as well done as you ever heard by white children at home. Little picaninnies and larger girls took part, and it was a most exhilerating sight—the first gathering of free children of color ever held in this old Slave State.

It spoke wonderfully of the grand work God is carrying forward in our country—the Bible and education following to complete the conquest over inhuman wrongs that the sword has hewn a path through. Just *eleven months* since the city surrendered to our forces, and here were hundreds who had learned to read, some quite well; some could write, and all were full of glorious enthusiasm for liberty and enlightened religion. A speech was called for from your father, Major Dickey followed, and after another time of pic-nic-ing, they reformed just before sundown and again marching in front of Headquarters they filed away, with memories of a holy scene never to be forgotten. I told them if the angels ever looked down in gladsome smiles of joy on earthly triumphs, Heaven must be filled with pleasure on that day—and I believed it too. Ah, we can feebly estimate the wonderful revolution that God is guiding us in for the redemption and happiness of a race despised hitherto, and for human progress as well. It is to me a source of unutterable joy that I have devoted myself to it from the outset, and if God wishes me now to step aside I shall do it with a life-long consciousness of much good done.

Special Notices.

Treasurer's Notice.

The Treasurer will pay the balance of the money raised to pay volunteers in December and February last, to those who contributed the same, and have not authorized the committee to use the same for recruiting purposes, on Friday, Aug. 5th.

All persons claiming under this notice will please be punctual in presenting their demands, as the books will be closed after that time.

GAWIN R. GAGE, Treasurer.

Woburn, July 30, 1864.

NOTICE.

The subscriber respectfully informs those in debted to him for subscriptions to the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL, and for Job Work, that he will present them with their bills in the course of a few days, when he trusts they will find it convenient to settle. E. T. MOODY.

Woburn, July 30, 1864.

THE HISTORY OF

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

The most remarkable medicine of the day, and the many cures that have been performed with it in cases of Liver Complaint, Dispepsia, Nervous Debility, and other diseases arising from a disordered stomach or liver, places it at once among the most astonishing discoveries that has taken place in the medical world. The diseases to which bitters are applicable are so universal that there are but few of our friends who may not test their virtues in their own families or circle of acquaintances, and prove to their own satisfaction that there is at least one remedy among the many advertised medicines, deserving the public commendation.

For sale by druggists and dealers everywhere.

jy30—2m

BE WISE BY TIMES.

Do not trifle with your health, constitution, and character. If you are suffering with any disease for which HELMBOLD'S EXTRA BUCHU is recommended,

TRY IT! TRY IT! TRY IT!

It will cure you, save long suffering, allaying Pain and inflammation, and will restore you to HEALTH AND PURITY.

At little expense and no exposure. Cut out the advertisement in another column, and call or send for it.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

Ask for Helmbold's Take no other.

CURES GUARANTEED.

jy30—2m

EDITOR OF JOURNAL:—*Dear Sir.*—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail with out charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,

jy23—3m* 831 Broadway, New York.

A Card to the Suffering.

SWALLOW two or three hogsheads of "Buchu," "Tonic Bitters," "Nervous Antidotes," &c., &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the result, then try one box of OLD DOCTOR BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS—and be restored to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the broken down and shattered constitution. Old and young can take them with advantage. Imported and sold in the United States only by

JAS. S. BUTLER,

No. 427 Broadway, New York,

☞ Agent for the United States.

P. S.—A box of the Pills, securely packed, will be mailed to any address on receipt of price, which is ONE DOLLAR, post paid—money refunded by the Agent if entire satisfaction is not given.

jy23—3m*

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED?

DR. BUCHAN'S

ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESS, Impotency, promature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual, and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced Price One Dollar per box. Sent post-paid by mail on receipt of an order. One box will perfect the cure in most cases. Address

JAMES S. BUTLER,

General Agent, 427 Broadway, New York.

jy23—3m*

NOTICE.

The young lady who took a Carpet Bag from the Woburn Branch Depot, on Tuesday afternoon, that did not belong to her, may save herself some trouble by returning the same to the depot without delay. (jy8) Woburn, July 6, 1864.

Instruction on the Piano-Forte.

Mrs. L. M. DALTON, would like to procure a few pupils for instruction on the Piano-Forte.—Her experience enables her to give thorough instruction, and she invites those wishing to take lessons to call upon her at her residence, CANAL STREET, WOBURN.

Woburn, June 10, 1864. 37—3m.

FEAR AT AN END!

No one is now deterred from changing the

WHISKERS OR MUSTACHE

from red, gray or sandy to a rich

BLACK OR BROWN

by a fear of injuring or staining the skin.

CHRISTADORO'S DYE

is harmless as water, mild as new milk and

TRUE TO NATURE

in the magnificent colors it imparts.

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere and applied by all Hair Dressers.

Price, $1, $1.50, and $3 per box, according to size.

Cristadoro's Hair Preservative.

Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Hair. Price, 50 cents, $1, and $2 per bottle, according to size. jy16—3w.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE."

This Coffee has stood the test, and is

Unequalled by any other Substitute.

No one who delights in a

Cup of good Coffee

Should be without it.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

H. B. NEWHALL,

36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

Certificate of Dr. Hayes.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance. It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D.,

jy16—2m cow State Assayer.

Died

In Woburn, July 28, Margaret Franksford, relict of the late Jesse Farmer, of Boston, aged 82 years 11 months. Funeral from the Chapel at Mount Auburn, on Sunday, July 31, at 4, P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend without further notice.

In South Reading, July 26, Benjamin U. Preston, aged 44 years and 6 mos.

In Woburn, July 23, Mary, daughter of Hugh and Celia Tolen, aged 1 year and 1 month.

In Woburn, July 24, Alice Dougherty, aged 50 years.

In Woburn, July 22, Margaret, daughter of Patrick and Ellen McIntire, aged 9 mos.

TO LET FOR STORAGE,

A STABLE, 18x25, with cellar, located in the rear of Dwight Eager's Estate.

39-3w Apply to ELI COOPER.

"BIG THING ON ICE."

ONE OF TUFT'S

ARCTIC SODA FIXTURES!

Has been placed on the Counter of the APOTHECARY at

No. 5 Wade Block, Main St.

He now offers to the thirsty public a cold glass of Soda Water with either of

12 varieties of Fruit and Cream Syrups.

☞ CALL AND SAMPLE THE GOODS. ☜

BARGAINS

—IN—

BOOTS AND SHOES!

S. R. PRIEST

offers his

ENTIRE STOCK

BELOW COST.

jy23

For Sale in South Reading.

The Estate on Eaton Street, belonging to Loel Sweerser, consisting of a house, 33 feet by 29 and one acre of land, well stocked with fruit trees. Being in the centre of the town, it is a fine location. If any person is desirous of purchasing, please call and examine.

Price $2,000. july23—3t*

VERNATELLA.

WARRANTED TO MAKE THE

SOLES OF BOOTS AND SHOES

WATER AND DAMPNESS PROOF,

AND WEAR ONE-THIRD LONGER.

VERNATELLA,

is a preparation from Copper, having no grease. Linseed oil, or anything of the kind, and when the soles are once saturated with it, water can no more get through them than through copper itself.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

AT RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

But its cost to the purchaser is really NOTHING, as it makes the soles wear enough longer to more than pay for it, leaving as a net gain the making of them Water and Dampness Proof and the preservation thereby of that priceless gem, the health.

LADIES, READ THIS.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH!

Use Vernatella on the soles of your Shoes. It makes them water proof and thereby protects your feet from dampness, for the ground is always more or less moist, either from rain or the morning and evening dew.

At Wholesale in Boston by

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 38 Hanover street.
S. M. COSCORD & CO., 86 Hanover street.
M. S. BURR & CO., 26 Tremont street.
CARTER, RUST & CO., 43, Hanover street.

And Wholesale Druggists generally. Also by all the Principal Dealers in Boots and Shoes.

Manufactured in the CHEMICAL DEPARTMENT of the

Cahoon Manufacturing Company.

WYMAN & TYLER, Agents.

40—7m 82, Water street, Boston.

ATKINSON'S FURNITURE POLISH. For VARNISHED or POLISHED FURNITURE, this excellent Polish will not fail to restore furniture to its original brilliancy. After using this preparation, the touch of the hand will not leave a mark or soil furniture.

Obtained at the principal dealers in furniture, and traders generally. W. D. ATKINSON, JR., manufacturer Tremont corner Boylston streets. Wholesale agents, Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. Warranted not to injure the varnish. 40 3m

Keep Cool by Drinking

BRIGHAM'S

ARCTIC SODA WATER,

Which runs in a constant stream at No. 5 WADES BLOCK.

Real Estate For Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale a DWELLING HOUSE, on Rail-Road Street, about one-fourth of a mile from Main Street. The Eastern part contains seven rooms; the Western eight rooms. Good water convenient for both parts. Each part so arranged as to be convenient for two families.

Also House-Lots of various locations and Prices. Terms accommodating.

LUKE FOWLE.

Woburn, April 20, 1864. 30—3m.

ATKINSON'S FRENCH PLASTER. Highly Recommended for CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD JOINTS, NAILS INGROWING, or any Disease of the Feet.

This Plaster effects a cure without pain or inconvenience. After the application the boot or shoe can be worn with perfect ease. Warranted not injurious. Procured of all principal druggists and Boot and shoe dealers. Made only by W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., Tremont corner Boylston streets. Boston, Mass. Wholesale agents, G. C. Goodwin & Co.; John Wilson, Jr., & Co., Boston.

L. H. ALLEN,

FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,

FURNISHES at his Wareroom, four doors north of depot, Caskets of all sizes and qualities. Black Walnut, Mahogany, White Wood, and Pine coffins, of every size and price. Plates of various styles, and Plain and Fancy Handles, Thibet, Cashmere, Colored, Lawn, Muslin, and Cambric Shrouds. Metallic Caskets furnished at the shortest notice. Every thing furnished at the lowest living prices.

The subscriber having received from the Board of Selectmen the appointment of Funeral Undertaker for the town, now offers to the public his new and elegant HEARSE, which has been manufactured expressly to his order, and which he will furnish with one or a pair of horses, at the usual prices.

He likewise offers the new invention for preserving the bodies of deceased persons by cold air alone, without the direct application of ice, which is so repugnant to the feelings. When preserved by the cold air process, a glass reveals at any moment the features of the departed, and the corpse will keep much longer than in the ordinary way.

The subscriber would take this opportunity to return his thanks for the liberal patronage he has hitherto received, and hopes with his new improvement, to continue to give his customers the highest satisfaction.

All orders answered with promptness, and Coffins delivered within ten miles free of expense.

L. H. ALLEN.

Woburn Center, March 4, 1864.—23-6m

WM. PRATT,

WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER,

And dealer in Watches, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, &c.

347 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.

PARTICULAR attention given to repairing fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.



French, English and American

TOILET SOAPS,

Genuine.

From the manufactories of Coudray, Mangenet & Coudray, Gelle Freres, Lowe, Son &, Haydon, Patty, Glenn, Worsley, and others,

For sale by

W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

HEAD-QUARTERS, BOSTON, July 6, 1864.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 24.

Five thousand Infantry Volunteers have been called for from Massachusetts, for one hundred days' service, to do Garrison duty in the fortifications near the City of Washington. Their services are required at once. Officers in command of Regiments and Companies of Massachusetts Militia will immediately perfect their organizations, and report for orders.

Gentlemen not in Commission, qualified by character and experience to command Companies, will be authorized to raise new Companies upon application to these Head-quarters.

These troops are to be employed in garrison duty, and must be raised without unnecessary delay. The troops can be forwarded by companies to report at Washington.

In addition to the United States pay, each non-commissioned officer and private will receive from the Commonwealth twenty dollars a month during his term of service.

Volunteers under this call will be exempted from any draft that may be ordered during such term of one hundred days' service.

The young men of Massachusetts are expected to respond to this call with the same alacrity which characterized their fathers in the Revolution, and their brothers when the President made his first call in April, 1861.

By order of his Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

WILLIAM SCHOULER,

jy9—1t Adjutant-General.

COLLECTOR'S SALE FOR TAXES IN READING.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Taxes assessed by the Assessors of the town of Reading, in said Middlesex County, upon the lands hereinafter named, are unpaid, and that I shall sell at Public Auction, at the OFFICE of the Selectmen, in said Reading, on WEDNESDAY, the third day of August next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, the said lands for the payment of said taxes and all necessary intervening charges, unless the same are paid before said sale:

CHARLES E. HALL, of Reading—About ¼ of an acre of land, with house and outbuildings thereon, and now occupied by Francis H. Knights—bounded, westerly, by Linden street; northerly by land of Daniel Nichols; easterly by land of C. F. Pinkham, and southerly by land of John Adden—

State, county and town tax, for 1862,	$23.92
JAMES CRAWFORD, of Roxbury—A parcel of land on Bear Hill, being lots numbered 27, 28, 54, 55, on a plan of lands called Fairmount, made by E. Buckman, and recorded with Middlesex Deeds, (So. Dist.) Book of Plans No. 6, Plan 30—	
State, county and town tax, for 1863,	00.88
Highway tax, for 1862,	07
	95

E. R. MORSE, Boston—A parcel of land on Bear Hill, being lots numbered 90, 91, 92, 93, on plan of lands called Fairmount, made by E. Buckman, and recorded with Middlesex (So. Dist.) Deeds, Book of Plans No. 6, Plan 30—

State, County and town tax, for 1863,	00.88
Highway tax, for 1862,	5
	93

CHARLES W. CUMMINGS, Maine—About ¼ acre of land on Federal street—bounded, southerly by Federal street; westerly by C. W. Young's estate; northerly by land of N. P. Pratt; easterly by land of John M. Houseman, being lot No. 18 on Plan of house lots in Reading, belonging to Milo Parker and others, recorded in Middlesex (So. Dist.) Deed Book of Plans No. 5—

State, county and town tax, for 1862,	00.88
" " " " " 1863,	83

GEORGE BATCHELDER, Collector.

Reading, July 5, 1864. jy9

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by hasty and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, Free of Charge. Address

JOSEPH T. INMAN,

Station D, Bible House, New York City.

jy9—1m*

COAL, LUMBER, &C.

THE firm of AYER & MCDONALD having been dissolved, the subscriber respectfully gives notice to the inhabitants of Woburn and vicinity, that he will continue the business, at the same stand, in all its branches, and trusts by giving strict attention to business, and always keeping on hand the different kinds of COAL, WOOD and LUMBER, to receive that generous share of public patronage which has been accorded to the late firm during the past year.

LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

OFFICE—Immediately adjoining the North end of the Depot, Woburn Centre.

JOS. B. McDONALD.

Woburn Feb. 13th, 1863.

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his patrons and the public generally that he has removed to his new Shop on Winn St.

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a call at his new stand, where with increased facilities for business all work entrusted to his care will be done promptly, and in the most workmanlike manner, and at the lowest prices.

402w R. F. ELLIS

SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,

WOBURN CENTRE.

M. L. MORSE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

STONEHAM.

☞ Office over Store of C. H. Montague.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given, that the Subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of ABEL WYMAN, late of Woburn, in the county of Middlesex, deceased, and taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

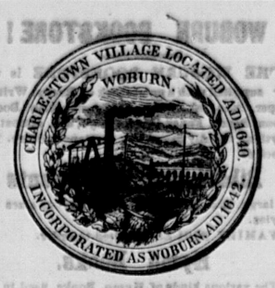
CHARLES A. WYMAN, Admr.

Woburn, May 24th, 1864.

OLD PAPERS, &C.

OLD NEWSPAPERS, PAMPHLETS, &c. purchased at the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL OFFICE. Persons having large or small quantities to dispose of, are invited to bring them to the above place.

Woburn, April 23, 1864.



SELECTMEN'S OFFICE, Woburn, July 7, 1864.

The attention of the citizens of Woburn, NOT LIABLE TO DRAFT, is respectfully called to the annexed Circular, and extracts from Gen. Order No. 23. It affords the opportunity to those interested in the success of the National cause, to give to the country the proof of their patriotism, by placing in the Army a personal representative.

All cannot go to the front and give their personal service, but every citizen has now the privilege of voluntarily placing his representative there, and thus aiding to secure the prompt and decisive overthrow of the rebellion.

Let the citizens of Woburn nobly respond to this new call on their patriotism.

All persons enlisting as representative recruits under this authority, will receive the Town Bounty of One Hundred and Twenty-Five Dollars.

By order of the Board of Selectmen,

A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

WAR DEPARTMENT, PROVOST-MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington, D. C., June 26, 1864.

Persons not fit for military duty and not liable to draft, from age or other causes, have expressed a desire to be personally represented in the Army. In addition to the contributions they have made in the way of bounties, they propose to procure at their own expense, and present for enlistment, recruits to represent them in the service. Such practical patriotism is worthy of special commendation and encouragement. Provost-Marshals, and all other officers acting under this Bureau, are ordered to furnish all the facilities in their power to enlist and muster promptly the acceptable *representative recruits* presented, in accordance with the design herein set forth.

The name of the person whom the recruit represents will be noted on the Enlistment and Descriptive Roll of the recruit, and will be carried forward from those papers to the other official records which form his military history.

Suitably prepared certificates of this *personal representation* in the service will be forwarded from this office, to be filled out and issued by Provost-Marshals to the persons who put in *representative recruits*.

JAMES B. FRY,

Provost-Marshal General.

FROM GEN. ORDER NO. 23.

The men enlisted under the provisions of the above circular will be entitled to the bounty from the State; and their families the State Aid. These men are *Representative Recruits*,—that is to say, men induced to enlist, by the exertions of patriotic men who who are not themselves liable to do military service, and not substitutes who are enlisted in the place of men either liable to military duty, or who have been drafted.

By order of His Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander in-Chief.

WILLIAM SCHOULER,

Adjutant-General.

jy9

Letters Remaining Unclaimed,

IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN, State of Massachusetts, 30th day of July, 1864.

☞ To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for *'advertised letters,'* give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Free delivery of letters by carriers, at the residence of owners, in cities and large towns, may be secured by observing the following rules:

1. Direct letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the post office and State.

2. Head letters with the writer's post office and State, street and number, sign them plainly with full name, and request that answers be directed accordingly.

3. Letters to strangers or transient visitors in a town or city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked, in the lower left-hand corner, with the word 'Transient.'

4. Place the postage stamp on the upper right hand corner, and leave space between the stamp and direction for post-marking without interfering with the writing.

N. B. A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within 30 days or less, written or printed with the writer's name, post office, and State, across the left-hand end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with at the usual prepaid rate of postage, payable when the letter is delivered to the writer."—Sec. 28, of Law of 1863.

Adams, Rebecca J.,	Edgecombe, G.,
Adams, John M.,	Haley, Sophia,
Blake, Thomas,	Harriman, Sarah A.,
Barnes, Patrick,	More, Sarah J., Mrs.
Cassady, Peter,	Norris, James, Col.,
Connolly, Thomas,	Power, Herbert H.,
Doran, Wm.,	Smith, William.

NATHAN WYMAN, P. M.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX ss.

PROBATE COURT.

WHEREAS, SAMUEL S. HOLTON, of Winchester, has petitioned said Court to grant him a letter of administration on the estate of John Carton, late of Woburn in said County of Middlesex, deceased; all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of August next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively, in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir of said deceased, within two days after said first publication.

Witness WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of the said Court, this fourteenth day of June, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-four.

jy16—3w J. H. TYLER, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX ss.

PROBATE COURT.

WHEREAS WILLARD J. PEARSONS, of Woburn, in said County, has presented to said Court, for Probate, an instrument purporting to be the last will of Abigail Bruce, late of Woburn in the County of Middlesex, deceased, and that he may be appointed Administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of said deceased, Joseph Gardner, the executor named in said will, having deceased; all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of August next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir of said deceased, within two days after said first publication.

Witness WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of the said Court, this fourteenth day of July, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-four.

jy16—3w J. H. TYLER, Register.

4711 Farina Cologne 4711

Celebrated for its excellence all over the world,

For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

NEW STOCK OF ROOM PAPER!

A LARGE SUPPLY OF

NEW PATTERNS,

of the above, has just been received from New York, at the

Woburn Bookstore,

and will be sold very low. Also, BORDERING in variety, and Paper for Curtains and Side Lights.

WYMAN'S

AMBROTYPE, MELAINOTYPE, AND Daguerreotype Rooms,

KELLEY'S BLOCK, ... WOBURN.

PARTICULAR attention given to copying pictures.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon

CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,

WOBURN CENTRE.

C. W. EATON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

MAIN STREET, SOUTH READING.

Attention given to Conveyancing, and Collecting of Soldiers Claims, Pensions, &c., at Lowest Commissions. 33tf.

TOILET EXTRACTS.

In endless variety, many of which will be sold at a low flaure. By

W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

HARD TIMES COFFEE,

The very best

Substitute for Pure Coffee;

And not distinguished from Pure Java by people generally.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

H. B. NEWHALL,

No. 36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

DR. HAYES' CERTIFICATE.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance. It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D., State Assayer.

16 Boylston St., Boston, 25th Feb., 1864."

36—2 m cow

G. R. GAGE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

New Bank Building, Woburn,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he is now located in his new store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS

made in the best style, and warranted to fit.

Particular attention paid to making

Boys' Clothing.

He has on hand a large stock of the best and most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the season, which will be made up to order at the most reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS

of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly on hand.

Woburn, March 19th, 1864.

Something for the Times!

A NECESSITY IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD

JOHNS & CROSELY'S

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE.

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE

the only article of the kind ever produced which

Will Withstand Water.

It will Mend Wood,

Save your broken Furniture.

It will Mend Leather,

Mend your Harness, Straps, Belts, Boots, &c.

It will Mend Glass,

Save the pieces of that expensive Cut Glass Bottle.

It will Mend Ivory,

Don't throw away that broken Ivory Fan, its easily repaired.

It will Mend China,

Your broken China Cups and Saucers can be made as good as new.

It will Mend Marble,

That piece knocked out of your Marble Mantle can be put on as strong as ever.

It will Mend Porcelain,

No matter if that broken Pitcher did not cost but a shilling; a shilling saved is a shilling earned.

It will Mend Alabaster,

That costly Alabaster Vase is broken and you can't match it; mend it, it will never show when put together.

It will Mend Bone, Coral, Lava, and in fact everything but Metals.

Any article Cemented with AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE will not show where it is mended.

EXTRACTS:

"Every Housekeeper should have a supply of Johns & Crosley's American Cement Glue."—*New York Times.*

"It is so convenient to have in the house."—*New York Express.*

"It is always ready; this commends it to everybody."—*Independent.*

"We have tried it, and find it as useful in our house as water."—*Wilkes' Spirit of the Times.*

Economy is Wealth.

$10.00 per year saved in every family by One Bottle of

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

VERY LIBERAL REDUCTION TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.

TERMS CASH.

For sale by all Druggists, and Storekeepers generally throughout the country.

JOHNS & CROSLEY,

(Sole Manufacturers),

78 William street,

Corner of Liberty street, NEW YORK.

English, French and American

BRUSHES,

FOR THE

HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.

For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

Penrhyn Marble Co.

Enamelled Slate Chimney Pieces, cheaper than Marble. Garden Vases, Pedestals, Flower Pots and Hanging Baskets, Toilet Setts, Bohemian Lava. China and Terra Cotta Vases, and other fancy goods—Flower Baskets, Chimney Tops, English Tile.

The best assortment of the kind in Boston.

JOSEPH STORY, Treas.

Studio Building 112 Tremont st., Boston.

WOBURN MARBLE & GRANITE STONE-WORKS.

THE subscribers offer for sale the largest and best assortment of MARBLE

Monuments and Gravestones

ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular attention given to the

Fitting up of Cemetery Lots

with GRANITE EDGE-STONE and POSTS.

Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for Building purposes furnished to order.

OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin Warerooms, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass

A. SCOTT & CO.

R. PICKERING, Agent.

Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1854—21-y.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE

EFFECTED IN

Good Stock & Mutual Companies;

Also, PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, &c., obtained for Widows, Children, Fathers, Mothers, Brothers or Sisters, through the agency of HORATIO WOODMAN, Esq., of Boston,

By SPARROW HORTON Agt.,

AT THE

WOBURN POST-OFFICE.

C. S. ADKINS,

DEALER IN

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

PERIODICALS,

CONFECTIONERY, &C., &C.,

WOULD respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Woburn and vicinity to a good assortment of

Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Sand, Mucilage, Sealing Wax, and all articles usually found in a Stationery Store.

Daily Papers and Periodicals of the day.

Sheet Music—Vocal and Instrumental.

Violin and Guitar Strings.

Confectionery of all kinds, and of the best quality.

Also, HOVEY'S HAIR BALM, one of the best preparations for the Hair, offered to the public.

"TOWNSMAN" BUILDING,

Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

MIDDLESEX

WAR-CLAIM ASSOCIATION,

Office, 4 Niles Block, 33 School St., Boston.

THIS ASSOCIATION has been formed to aid Soldiers, Seamen, and their Families, in obtaining PENSIONS BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, PRIZE MONEY, LAND, and other claims against the Government.

Applications for the collection of claims should be made by letter, or in person, to the Attorney of the Association.

Advice will be given by the Attorney without charge.

Upon the collection of claims, small charges, established by the Directors, will be made.

HON. JOEL PARKER, President.

HON. D. W. GOOCH, } Vice Presdts.

HON. GEO. S. BOUTWELL, }

DIRECTORS—Joel Parker, Geo. S. Boutwell, D. W. Gooch, Leonard Huntress, James M. Shute, Phineas J. Stone, Chas. Hudson, E. J. Collins, Amos Stone, R. Hosford, Horace Conn, J. H. Waitt, Charles Kimball, John K. Going.

A. B. COFFIN, Attorney. No. 33 School Street, Boston. GEO. W. COPELAND, Secretary and Treasurer, 5 Tremont Street, Boston. 20 1y.

A. B. COFFIN,

ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW

No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.

Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street.

J. M. GROSVENOR, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE at the Corner of Union and Main Streets.

REFERENCES — Dixi Crosby, M. D., Prof. of Surgery at Dartmouth College; E. R. Peaslee, M. D., LL. D., New York; Surgeon J. C. Dorr, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.; E. B. Peirson, M. D., Salem, Mass. 29-tf.

SLATE AND TIN ROOFING.

D. TILLSON & SON,

Slate and Metal Roofers,

55 SUDBURY STREET, BOSTON,

Cover Roofs with Slate or Tin in the best manner and on reasonable terms. Orders left with D. H. TILLSON, Railroad Street, Woburn, will receive prompt attention. 25-3m

DR. C. T. LANG,

Surgeon Dentist.

Cor. Winn and Pleasant Sts.

Woburn Centre, Mass.

MRS. M. E. FIELD,

MILLINER,

Keeps constantly on hand

BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, DRESS TRIMMINGS, CAPS, BRAIDS, LACES, SILKS, WORSTEDS, &c.

MOURNING GOODS furnished at short notice

☞ BONNETS Bleached, Pressed and Trimmed to order.

Bank Block, Main Street, Woburn.

WILLIAM WINN,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER.

BURLINGTON, MASS.

Sales of Real and Personal Estate attended to on reasonable terms.

Orders left at the *Journal* office will receive prompt attention.

H. HARRIMAN,

HARNESS AND COLLAR MANUFACTURER.

Corner of Ockley Court and Main Street, (opposite Central House), Woburn Mass.

Harnesses of every description made from the best stock, and by experienced workmen, at low prices.

Repairing neatly done.

HORACE COLLAMORE,

DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

OFFICE:—4 WADE'S BLOCK,

Woburn Centre.

FRANK E. DODGE,

WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER,

ALSO, DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated-Ware, Musical Instruments, Fancy Goods, &c

☞ *Melodeons For Sale and to Let.*

WADE BLOCK, MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

Central Market,

Main Street, Woburn.

THE subscriber having taken the store for merly occupied by E. O. SOLES, will keep constantly on hand West India Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Vegetables, &c. G. WHITFORD.

BOSTON AND LOWELL

And Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Stony Brook Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowel Railroads.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 16th, 1864, trains will leave BOSTON for—

Upper Railroads, 6.00, 8 00 a m, 12.00, 5.30 p m.
Wilton, Milford, Danforth's Corner, S. Merrimack 8.00 a.m. 12.00, 5.30 p. m.
Nashua, 6.00, 8-00† am, 12 m, 5 30 pm
Tyngsboro', No. Chelmsford 6.00am, 12.00, 5.30pm
Groton Junction 10.00 (exp) a.m., 2.30 p. m.
Lowell, 6.00, 8.00†, 10.00 am, 12-00 (exp), 2.30, 5.30 (exp), 6 pm.
North Billerica, Billerica & Tewksbury, Wilmington, 6.00, 10.00 a m, 2.30, 6.00 p m.
S. Wilmington, N. Woburn, 10 a m, 2.30, p m.
Woburn W. R., 6.00, 10.00, a.m., 2.30, 6.00 p m.
E. Woburn, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, a m, 2.30, 3.00, 5.10, 7.30* pm.
Winchester and West Medford, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, am, 2.30, 3.00, 5.10, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p m.
College Hill 6.45, 10.00, 11.30 a.m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p.m.
Mondays at 11.30 p. m., a train leaves for Lowell, Nashua and Way Stations.
The 10.00 A. M., and 2 30 P. M., Trains from Boston stop at Milk Row, Somerville Centre, and College Hill Stations, to take passengers for Stations above Winchester.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BOSTON LEAVE

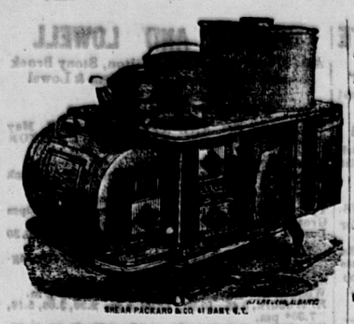
Wilton at 6.15, 11.00 a. m. 3.30 p m.
Milford, 6.20, 11.05, a. m. 3.55 p m.
Danforth's Corner, 6.30, 11-13, a m, 4.08 p m.
South Merrimack, 6.35, 11-21 a m, 4.23, p m.
Nashua at 7.00, 11-45, a m, 5.00, 8.40† p m,
Tyngsboro' 7.15, 11.57 a m., 5, 12 pm.
North Chelmsford, 7-22, 12.06 a.m., 5.19 p.m.
Groton Junction, 8.00 a m, 12.45 p m.
Lowell 7, 7.30* 9.30, a m, 12.15*, 2.15 5-30*, 9*†pm.
North Billerica 7.09, 9.39 a m 2.22, 5.41, p m.
Billerica and Tewksbury 7.16, 9 46 a m, 2.29, 5.47 p m,
Wilmington at 7 26 9-55 a m, 2.39, 5.55, p m.
South Wilmington 10 00 a m, 2.43 p m.
North Woburn 10.03 a m, 2.45 p m.
Woburn Watering Station at 7.39, 10-08 a m, 2.53, 6.04 p m.
East Woburn at 7-00, 9.00, 10-00 a m, 1.15, 2.54, 5.00 6-30, p m.
Winchester at 6.05, 7.05 7.45, 9.05, 10-15 a m, 1.20, 3.00, 5.05, 6-35, 8.20, p m.
West Medford at 6.15, 7.15, 7.52, 9.15, 10 22 am 1.30 3.07, 5 15, 6.45, 8.25 p m.
College Hill 6.19, 7.19, 9.19 a.m., 1.33, 3.10, 5.19, 6.47 8 6 p. m.
*Or on arrival of trains from Nashua.
†Northern Depot.
The 9.30 A. M., and 2 15 P. M., Trains from Lowell stop at College Hill, Somerville Centre, and Milk Row Stations, to leave Passengers from Stations above Winchester.

Woburn Branch.

Trains for Woburn Centre, leave Boston, at 6.45 11.30, a. m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30,* p. m.
Trains leave Woburn Centre for Boston, at 6.00, 7.00, 7-40, 9 a m, 1.15, 5.00, 6.30, 8-15 p m.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

Stoneham Branch.

The Trains on this Road will leave Boston (from Lowell Railroad Depot) for Stoneham, at 6-45, and 11-30



FIRST PREMIUM
COOK STOVE.

THIS Stove took the First Premium at the State Fair held at Rochester, October 1st, 1862, and again at Utica, September, 15, 1863.

Economy is Wealth ?

This maxim will be fully demonstrated by buying an

AMERICAN HOT AIR
COOKING STOVE,

AS it will bake, boil and roast better than any other Stove, with a saving of 25 per cent n fuel, and a very large percentage in convenience.

They have the following advantages:

1st. They are constructed with a view of great durability; all the plates exposed to the fire are made of an extra thickness.

2d. The flues are lined with non-conducting cement, thereby applying the heat directly to the oven, and the oven can be heated and kept in baking order with less fuel than any other stove.

3d. They have a hot air draft, which not only makes the fuel burn freely and last longer, but adds to the heating and baking facilities.

4. They consume all the gasses from the fuel, thereby adding largely to the amount of heat obtained from the quantity of fuel used.

5th. The Stove is made, mounted and finished in the most superior manner. The oven is large and well ventilated. The Stove is convenient in form, and made for use—to adopt the language of some who have used this Stove, "it will do more work with less fuel than any other stove." In proof we add the following testimony:

American Hot Air Cooking Stove.

J. H. DAVIS, ESQ.—*Dear Sir:* We find the Stove I purchased of you the fore part of June last, called the American Hot Air Cooking Stove, in all respects as recommended; and we could not be induced to part with it under any circumstances were we unable to replace it with one of the same kind. To make a long story short, it is perfect in every particular. Bakes, broils, roasts and boils first rate, besides being very economical in the way of fuel. My wife thinks it superior to Stuart's (which she has used), as it is capable of doing the same work much quicker. Should you have any customers in want of a *perfect Stove*, have them call on me if they have a doubt as to the good qualities of the American Hot Air Cooking Stove. Respectfully Yours, C. H. MCKINSTRY.

Canajoharie, July, 1863.

FAIRFIELD, Conn., April 17th 1863

MR. GEO. P. STOCKWELL.—*Dear Sir:* Last December we purchased from you the "American Hot Air Cooking Stove." We have seen nothing of the kind which is constructed on such scientific principles—insuring the thorough consumption of the fuel—obtaining the greatest amount of heat possible at a small expense, and so distributing it as to secure all the results for which a Cooking Stove is required. We can safely say, that it fully realizes all the expectations which we had formed from the recommendations we had seen, and we can therefore honestly recommend it to any person in search of such an article, as combining economy and utility. Yours, &c., ALEX. MCLEAN, JR. Pastor of the 1st Cong. Church Fairfield, Conn.

Manufactured by

SHEER, PACKARD & CO.,

17 & 19 *Green St., Albany, N. Y.*

For Sale by—J. F. LORING, Worcester,
L. PATCH, & CO., Fitchburg, and
I. L. FOOTE, & CO. Lowell, Mass.

DON'T FAIL TO READ THIS.

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!
The East India Coffee CO.,

154 READE ST., (three doors from Greenwich Street), N. Y., call universal attention to their

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. has all the flavor of OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA, and is but half the price; and also that

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE has twice the strength of Java, or any other Coffee whatever and wherever used by our first class hotels and steamboats, the stewards say there is a saving of 50 per cent.

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, is the most healthy beverage known, and is very nutritious. The weak and infirm may use it at all times with impunity. The wife of the Rev. W. Eaves, local minister of the M. E. Church, Jersey city, who has not been able to use any coffee for fifteen years, can use

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. three times a day without injury, it being entirely free from those properties that produce nervous excitement.

Dr. JAMES BOYLE, of 156 CHAMBERS STREET, says; "I have never known any Coffee so healthy, nutritious, and free from all injurious qualities as

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, I advise my patients to drink it universally even those to whom I have hitherto prohibited the use of coffee."

The PRINCIPAL OF THE NEW YORK EYE INFIRMARY says: "I direct all the patients of our Institution to use exclusively

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, and would not be without it on any account."

The Rev. C. LAURE, an eminent clergyman of the M. E. Church, now stationed at Halsey street, Newark, says of

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. "I have used it nearly a year in my family, and find it produces no ache of the head or nervous irritation, as in the case of all other Coffees. It is exceedingly pleasant, and I cordially recommend it to all clergymen and their families."

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, is used daily by the families of Bishop Ames, Bishop Baker, Bishop James, and many of the most distinguished clergymen and professional men in the country."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS! and be sure that the packages are labeled

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, 154 Reade Street, New York.

as there are numerous counterfeits afloat under the name of "Genuine East India Coffee," "Original East India Coffee," etc., put forth by impostors to deceive the unwary.

In 1 lb. packages, and in boxes of 36, 60, and 150 lbs., for Grocers and large consumers. Sold by Grocers generally.

Orders from Country Grocers solicited, to whom a very liberal discount will be made.

Wholesale Agents; Hoeflish & Molan, and W. J. Hesse & Brother Philadelphia; Francis H. Perry, Providence; A. L. Waite & Co., Boston; Pynchon & Lee, Springfield, Mass; S. N. Callender, Buffalo; Gorden M'Millan & Co, Cleveland; A. A. Colter & Co., Cincinnati; J. & J. W Dunn, Springfield, Ill.; H. B. Shields, Corydon, Ind.; and C. C. Garber, Chicago.

The Am. Adv. Agency 308 Broadway, N. Y., will receive orders for the above named Coffee.

Business Department—E. ALFORD.
Corresp. Dep.—FOWLER & WELLS.

JOHN G. COLE,
PAINTER AND GLAZIER.

Paper Hanging, White-washing and Colorin done in the neatest manner. Also, Graining an Marbling. Sashes and Blinds of every description furnished. PAINTS, OIL and GLASS, of the best quality, constantly on hand.

☞ SHOP, first building south of the Branch Railroad Depot, Main street.

FARINA COLOGNE!

Just received and for sale by

W. C. BRIGHAM.

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BOOK AND JOB
PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

Main Street, Woburn.

WE call the attention of the public to the facilities of the above establishment for the execution of

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PRINTING.

We are prepared to supply all classes of the community with any kind of printing they may need.

BLANK BOOKS,
INSURANCE POLICIES,
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ORDER OF EXERCISES,
LEGAL BLANKS,
BILL HEADS,
CATALOGUES,
SERMONS,
NOTE BOOKS,
BLANK RECEIPTS,
BUSINESS CARDS,
ADDRESS CARDS,
BALL CARDS,
ORDER OF DANCES,
SHOW BILLS,
POSTERS,
AUCTION BILLS,
SHOP BILLS,
MILK BILLS,
LABELS,
&c., &c., &c.

Particular attention paid to printing

POSTERS OF EVERY SIZE.

Also—Visiting, Wedding, Ball and Business Cards.

☞ Persons in the adjoining towns who may wish printing done, can send their orders by mail or otherwise, and rest assured that they will be promptly and correctly filled.

JOURNAL PRINTING ROOMS,

MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

FEMALE STRENGTHENING CORDIAL

THIS Medicine is of long tried efficacy for correcting all disorders incidental to the feminine sex. That the afflicted may feel assured that this Cordial is truly valuable and worthy their confidence,—but one of those secret compounds purposed to destroy healthy action,—I add a few testimonials from physicians who all favor the Eclectic and Reformed Practice of Medicine in

Dr. Willard C. George, formerly Professor of the Worcester Medical College, and President of the Eclectic Medical Society, Mass., speaks of it in the following terms:

"I have used the Female Strengthening Cordial similar to that prepared by Dr. Geo. W. Swett, 106 Hanover Street, and I regard it as one of the best Medicines for Female Complaints that can be found."

Dr. J. King, Author of "Woman: Her Diseases and their treatment," says:

"This Medicine appears to exert a specific influence on the Uterus. It is a valuable agent in all derangments of the Female Reproduciye Organs."

Dr E Smith, President of the New York Association of Botanic Physicians, says:

"No Female, if in delicate health, should omit the timely use of this valuable Cordial. I owe much of my success in midwifery to the use of this Medicine."

Mothers and Married Ladies!

The following from Dr. Fay is well worthy your notice—

"As a general remedy for Female Complaints this 'Cordial' is a very valuable one, but by the Profession it is esteemed more highly for its good results during Confinement in relieving the great suffering attendant upon childbirth. I acknowledge with Dr. Smith that much of my success in midwifery is due to the use of this medicine. It strengthens both mother and child. In such cases I follow the directions of Prof. King, by allowing my patients to use it a few weeks previous to confinement, as by the energy it imparts to the Uterine nervous system the labor will be very much facilitated, and removes the cramps which many females are liable to. No woman, if she knew the great value of this Strengthening Cordial would fail to use it."

I have received numerous testimonials from different parts of the country where used. Knowing the good it is capable of doing, I will warrant every bottle of my "Cordial" to be satisfactory in its results.

The following symptoms indicate those affections in which the Female Strengthening Cordial has proved invaluable—

Indisposition to Exertion, Wakefulness, Uneasiness, Depression of Spirits, Trembling, Loss of Power, Pain in the Back, Alternate Chills and Flushing of Heat, Dragging Sensation at the Lower Part of the Body, Headache, Languor, Aching along the Thighs, Intolerance of Light and Sound, Pale Countenance, Derangement of the Stomach & Bowels, Difficult Breathing, Hysteria, &c., &c.

It is a specific remedy in all Uterine Diseases, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Irregularity, Painfulness, Profuse or Suppression of Customary Discharges, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Scirrhus or Ulcerated State of the Uterus, Sterility, &c., &c.

No better Tonic can possibly be put up than this, and none less likely to do harm, as it is composed wholly of vegetable agents, and such as we have known to be valuable, and have used for many years.

Price per Bottle, $1.00.

Sold by Druggists generally; also, sent to any address on receipt of price.

For sale in Woburn by E. TRULL and at MRS FIELD'S Millinery Store.

Be sure and get that prepared at the

THE NEW ENGLAND BOTANIC DEPOT

Geo. H. Swett, M. D.—Proprietor

106 *HANOVER STREET,*

21-6w. BOSTON, MASS.

TO THE LADIES OF AMERICA

Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,

The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!

Lyon's Periodical Drops
Lyon's Periodical Drops
Lyon's Periodical Drops
Lyon's Periodical Drops

Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!

Lyon's Periodical Drops are
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation

ever brought before the public, and as a diuretic and specific for irregularities, challenges the world to produce an equal; they are, in the most obstinate cases,

Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!

And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,

If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!

Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!

except when expressly forbidden in the directions which are wrapped around each bottle, and have the written signature of DR. JNO. LYON, upon them.

None Others Are Genuine!
None Others Are Genuine!
None Others Are Genuine!
None Others Are Genuine!

Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!

They cure all those ills to which the female system is subjected with dispatch and a degree of certainty which nothing but a scientifically compounded fluid preparation could reach.

Use No Other!
Use No Other!
Use No Other!
Use No Other!

For my Drops stand before the world as the *ne plus ultra* of all remedies, for the cure of all diseases of the kidneys and bladder, Leucorcah, Prolapsus, and the mild, but positive correction of all irregularities.

Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!

by those who have other preparations, which they desire to palm off upon the strength of the popularity of my Drops, and who recommend their own nostrums, thus appropriating to themselves the constant demand for my Periodical Drops, as a medium for selling something which is worthless and inefficient. But when the Druggist you apply to has not got them, either make him buy them for you, or else enclose One Dollar to the nearest General Wholesale Agent, who will return you a bottle by return Express.

You will thus save yourself trouble and obtain relief from the greatest FEMALE REGULATOR of the Nineteenth Century.

Over 25,000 Bottles of this medicine have been sold within the last six months, and every Lady that has used them, but for the nature of the cure would furnish us with her sworn certificate of their efficacy. It takes but One Dollar to make the experiment, and I appeal to those of your sect who are suffering—will you waste away when a single Dollar will give you instant relief.

Prepared solely by DR. JNO. L. LYON, Practicing Physician.

Price $1 per bottle.

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
New Haven, Conn.

General Agents for United States and Canadas.

☞ For Sale at Wholecale by—
D. S. BARNES & Co., New York.
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston.

50—1y.

CLARK'S
DISTILLED
RESTORATIVE FOR THE HAIR,

Restores Gray and Faded Hair and Beard to its Natural Color, and is a most Luxurious Dressing

FOR THE HAIR AND HEAD.

Clark's Restorative,
Restores the Color.
Clark's Restorative,
Eradicates Dandruff.
Clark's Restorative,
Promotes its growth.
Clark's Restorative,
Prevents its falling off.
Clark's Restorative,
Is an unequalled Dressing.
Clark's Restorative,
Is good for Children.
Clark's Restorative,
Is good for Ladies.
Clark's Restorative,
Is good for Old People.
Clark's Restorative,
Is perfectly harmless.
Clark's Restorative,
Contains no Oil.
Clark's Restorative,
Is not a Dye.
Clark's Restorative,
Beautifies the Hair.
Clark's Restorative,
Is splendid for Whiskers.
Clark's Restorative,
Keeps the Hair in its Place.
Clark's Restorative,
Cures Nervous Headache.
Clark's Restorative,
Prevents Eruptions
Clark's Restorative,
Stops Itching and Burning.
Clark's Restorative,
Keeps the Head Cool.
Clark's Restorative,
Is delightfully perfumed.
Clark's Restorative,
Contains no Sediment.
Clark's Restorative,
Contains no Gum.
Clark's Restorative,
Polishes your Hair.
Clark's Restorative,
Prepares you for Parties.
Clark's Restorative,
Prepares you for Balls.
Clark's Restorative,
All Ladies need it.
Clark's Restorative,
No lady will do without it.
Clark's Restorative,
Costs but $1

Is Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Price, $1 per bottle. 6 bottles for $5.

C. G. CLARK & CO., PROPRIETORS.
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston, General Agents, 30—1y.

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THE WOBURN BOOKSTORE is well supplied with a good stock of Books, Writing Paper, Pens, Ink, Inkstands, Pencils, Blank Books, Room Paper, Fancy Goods, Toys, and almost everything usually found in a Stationery Store. The stock of

Bibles and Testaments

is large, and consists of a variety of sizes and styles.

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The various kinds of Hymn Books used in the different Societies, are always kept on hand. Those of particular binding, when not on hand, will be furnished to order.

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Such as Hymn and Tune Books, Question Books, &c., supplied at short notice.

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in good variety, and at different prices, from 50 cts. upwards.

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suitable for children of all ages, including the works of the most favorite authors, in great supply. TOY BOOKS of all kinds and prices.

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The various kinds of Books used in our Public Schools, are always on hand. Also, Rewards of Merit, in many different styles.

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The stock of Writing Paper is always large, and includes all kinds—Letter, Billet, Cap, Bank Post, Bill, and Ornamental.

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Of all colors, sizes and qualities.

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All kinds of Gillott's, Washington Medallion, and many others, too numerous to mention.

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In Wood, Bone, Ivory, &c., at all prices.

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A good supply of House Papers, Borders, Window Blinds, &c, of the latest and most fashionable patterns, at LOW PRICES, always on hand.

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Cartridge, Drawing, Blotting and Tissue Paper; Patent, Portable, Fancy and Office Inkstands, Playing Cards, Portfolios, Ink Erasers, Ivory Tablets, Tape Measures, Transparent Slates, Pencil Leads, Superior, Common and Perfumed Sealing Wax, Wafers and Stamps, Crayons, Drawing Books, Stamps, Rubber, Boxes Paints and Brushes, Pen Racks, Paper Tearers, Bill Files, Date Cases, Rulers, Ivory Folders, Sand and Boxes, Thermometers, Mathematical Instruments, &c., &c.

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A large variety of Work Boxes, Reticules; Puff, Back, Round, Fine, Pocket and Dressing Combs; Hair, Tooth, Nail, Clothes and Shaving Brushes; Crotchet Needles, Emory Cushions, Port Monnaies, Wallets, Ladies' Money Bags, Visiting, Playing, Plain and Ornamental Cards; Dolls in variety, and toys of all kinds

Main St. Woburn Center.

FISH'S LAMP HEATING APPARATUS.

BOILING—FRYING—STEWING—STEEPING WITH THE FLAME THAT LIGHTS THE ROOM.

* * * By the flame of a common lamp, at the cost of a cent's worth of oil, a very comfortable breakfast can be cooked. * * —[N. Y. Tribune.

* * * Simple in construction, easily kept in order, ready for use in a moment * * convenient to have on hand. * * * [Druggist's Circular.

* * * Fish's Lamp is one of the most popular novelties of the day. * * * the utility of it is unquestionable, a great saving is made in heating and cooking small articles, and it can be made to cook meals for a great many persons, which is actually done on the ambulance cars which carry the sick soldiers. * * [Scientific American.

* * * For family use, hospital, tent, barrack, picnics, fishing, nursery, or sick room, it is an article of comfort beyond all proportion to its cost. * * * [Hall's Journal of Health.

* * * I have tried the apparatus and my wife and I proclaim the same a most valuable and indispensable article, and we now wonder how we could have done so long without it. * * * * [Editor Coal Oil Circular.

* * * An economical contrivance for getting up heat at short notice for nursery and general household purposes, * * * one important point is the saving in cost over coal fires. * * N. Y. Evening Post.

PRICES FROM TWO TO SIX DOLLARS.
CAPACITY FROM ONE TO FOUR QUARTS.

THREE ARTICLES COOKED AT ONE TIME WITH ONE BURNER.

Arranged for Kerosene, or Coal Oil, Or Gas. A descriptive pamphlet of thirty pages furnished gratis, also

THE UNION ATTACHMENT.

Price, 50 Cents,

To be attached to a Common Kerosene Lamp or Gas-burner, by which Water may be boiled, and food cooked; also arranged to support a shade.

EVERY FAMILY NEEDS ONE.

WM. D. RUSSELL, Agent,
No. 206 Pearl St., New York.
AGENTS WANTED.

SKINNER'S PULMONALES

FOR the immediate relief of COUGHS, COLDS HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, &c., &c., &c. They go right to the spot, stop your cough, clear your throat, purify the breath, and give volume to the voice. They are unsurpassed for allaying inflammation in the Larynx, Trachea, and Lungs. They relieve all complaints which originate in the respiratory organs. They will prevent a cold settling upon the lungs. They contain no opium or narcotic properties. They are the safest medicine for children They are useful in every house They are convenient to carry in your pocket, and particularly adapted to the army Public speakers and singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. They are purely white and in form of a wafer, and are perfectly safe to use for all Bronchial and lung complaints, and have a specific medicinal and curative effect on all diseases of the mucous membrane.

The dose can be graduated so as to be suitable for the infant in the cradle, to the individual of three score years and ten. Officers and soldiers should not be in the field without them.

One Box of the PULMONALES will be sent by mail to any address for forty cents.

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E. M. SKINNER, M. D.,
27 Tremont Street,
38—1y Opposite the Museum, Boston, Mass

Luxuriant Hair for All

Bogle's Hyperion Fluid, Restores and Dresses as Hair.

Bogle's Electric Hair Dye, Best in the World.

Bogle's Balm of Cytheria, Cures Tan and Pimples.

Bogle's Wigs and Hair Work, New Improvements.

Surpass all others. Cheapest, best and most reliable. Try! Be convinced. W. BOGLE,
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—OF—
WILD CHERRY

Has been used for nearly

HALF A CENTURY!

With the most astonishing success in curing Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, and every affection of

THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST,

INCLUDING EVEN

CONSUMPTION!



THERE is scarcely one individual in the community who wholly escapes, during the season, from some one, however slightly developed, of the above symptoms—a neglect of which might lead to the last named, and most to be dreaded disease in the whole catalogue. The power of the 'medicinal gum" of the Wild Cherry Tree over this class of complaints, is well known; so great is the good it has performed, and so great the popularity it has acquired.

In this preparation, besides the virtues of the Cherry, there are commingled with it other ingredients of like value, thus increasing its value ten fold, and forming a Remedy whose power to soothe, to heal, to relieve, and to cure disease, exists in no other medicine yet discovered

From R. FELLOWS, M. D.
HILL, N. H., Nov. 3d, 1860.

S. W. FOWLE & Co.,—

Although I have generally a great objection to patent medicines, I can but say in justice to DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, that it is a remedy of superior value for *Pulmonary Diseases.*

I have made use of this preparation for several years, and it has proved to be very reliable and efficacious in the treatment of severe and long standing *coughs.* I know of one patient, now in comfortable health, who has taken this remedy, and who, but for its use, I consider would not now be living.

R. FELLOWS, M. D.

From E. T. QUIMBY, M. A., Principal of the "New Ipswich Appleton Academy."

NEW IPSWICH, N. H., Oct. 4th, 1860.

S. W. FOWLE & Co.,—

Gentlemen,—This certifies that for more than fifteen years I have frequently used Dr. Wistar's Balm of Wild Cherry, for Coughs, Colds, and Sore Throat, to which I, in common with the rest of mankind, am subject, and it gives me pleasure to say that I consider it the *very best* remedy for such cases, with which I am acquainted. I should hardly know what to do without it.

Respectfully yours.

E. T. QUIMBY.

From the Depot Master at South Royalston Mass.

SOUTH ROYALSTON, Jan. 4th, 1860.

Messrs. SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Bostou.—

In the spring of 1858 I was most severely afflicted with a hard dry cough, with its usual accompaniments of night sweats, completely prostrating my nervous system, and producing such a debilitated state of health, that after trying medical aid to no purpose, I had given up all hopes of ever recovering, as had also my friends. At this stage of matters I was prevailed upon to try Wistar's Balsam, and before using two bottles the effect was almost magical. My cough entirly left me the night sweats deserted me, hope once more elated my depressed spirits and soon I had attained my wonted strength and vigor.

Thus had this Balsam, as has often been remarked by persons conversant with the above facts in this vicinity, literally snatched me from the yawning grave. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted.

Very respectfully yours.

BENJ. WHEELER.

From GEORGE A. KIMBALL, Esq., Druggist.

HAVERHILL, Nov. 30th, 1860.

Gents,—It is now about eleven years since I took the agency for the sale of Dr. Wistar' Balsam of Wild Cherry, and I can truly say that so far as my observation extends it has proved a most valuable msdicine for the cure of Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the Lungs. My sales for the Balsam are increasing. I herewith send you an order for more of the Balsam, which you will please send me soon.

Respectfully yours.

GEORGE A. KIMBALL.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston, and for sale by all druggists.



A Perfect Wringer and Most Excellent Washer Combined.

THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER is the only Wringer with the patent Cog Wheel Regulator which positively prevents the Rolls from wearing out or breaking or twisting on the shaft. It is Self-Adjusting and Adjustable.

It is not only a perfect Wringer, but the Cog Wheels give it a power which makes it a

Most excellent Washer,

(Fully equal to any Washing Machine in use), pressing and separating the dirt with the water from the clothes.

We have Seven Sizes from $5.50 to $30.00

The ordinary Family Sizes are—No. 1, $10.00. No. 2, $7.00. These have COG WHEELS, and are warranted in every particular.

Our cheap (No. 2½, $6, and No. 3, $5.50,) Wringers have small rolls which do not admit of cogs. We have the testimony of Orange Judd, Esq., of the American Agriculturist; Solon Robinson, Esq., Agricultural editor of the N. Y. Tribune, and hundreds of other scientific men and mechanics, of the superiority of our Cog Wheel Wringers. Therefore for excellence and durability buy

The Universal Clothes Wringer.

On receipt of the above price from places where no agent is selling, we will send a Wringer free of expense. What we especially want is a good

CANVASSER

in every town. And good man can make larger wages than any other employment will afford, as the demand is great and the sales rapid.

We offer strong inducements, and give the first responsible party who applies the exclusive sale in the town. Address

GEO. H. HOOD, Agent,
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At Wholesale Prices!

HALEY, MORSE & BOYDEN,
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HAVE now the largest warerooms, and the largest stock of

EVERY VARIETY OF FURNITURE,

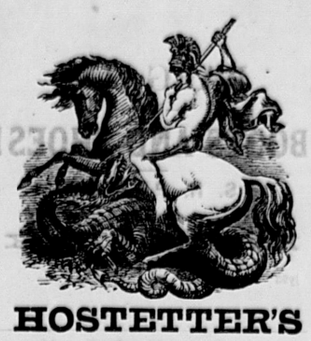
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AT RETAIL,
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OF
Drugs and Medicines,
AND FANCY ARTICLES.

For sale at the lowest market prices, by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.



HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS.

A pure and powerful Tonic, corrective and alterative of wonderful efficacy in disease of the

Stomach, Liver and Bowels,

Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation, Colic, Intermittent Fevers, Cramps and Spasms, and all Complaints of either Sex, arising from Bodily Weakness whether inherent in the system or produced by special causes.

NOTHING that is not wholesome, genial and restorative in its nature enters into the composition of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. This popular preparation contains no mineral of any kind, no deadly botanical element; no fiery extant; but it is a combination of the extracts of rare balsamic herbs and plants with the purest and mildest of all diffusive stimulants.

It is to be forearmed against disease, and, so far as the human system can be protected by human means against maladies engendered by an unwholesome atmosphere, impure water and other external causes, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS may be relied on as a safeguard.

In districts infested with *Fever and Ague*, it has been found infallible as a preventative and irresistable as a remedy and thousands who resort to it under apprehension of an attack, escape the scourge; and thousands who neglect to avail themselves of its protective qualities in advance, are cured by a very brief course of this marvelous medicine. Fever and Ague patients, after being plied with quinine for months in vain, until fairly saturated with that dangerous alkaloid, are not unfrequently restored to health within a few days by the use of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

The weak stomach is rapidly invigorated and the appetite restored by this agreeable Tonic, and hence it works wonders in cases of DYSPEPSIA and in less confirmed forms of INDIGESTION. Acting as a gentle and painless aperient, as well as upon the liver, it also invariably relieves the CONSTIPATION superinduced by irregular action of the digestive and secretive organs.

Persons of feeble habit, liable to *Nervous Attacks, Lowness of Spirits* and *Fits of Langour*, find prompt and permanent relief from the Bitters. The testimony on this point is most conclusive, and from both sexes.

The agony of BILIOUS COLIC is immediately assuaged by a single dose of the stimulant, and by occasionally resorting to it, the return of the complaint may be prevented.

As a General Tonic, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS produce effects which must be experienced or witnessed before they can be fully appreciated. In cases of *Constitutional Weakness. Premature Decay* and Debility and Decrepitude arising from OLD AGE, it exercises the electric influence In the convalescent stages of all diseases it operates as a delightful invigorant. When the powers of nature are relaxed, it operates to re-enforce and re-establish them.

Last, but not least, it is *The Only Safe Stimulant*, being manufactured from sound and innocuous materials, and entirely free from the acid elements present more or less in all the ordinary tonics and stomachics of the day.

No family medicine has been so universally, and, it may be truly added, deservedly popular with the intelligent portion of the community, as HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Prepared by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Storekeepers everywhere.

HELMBOLD'S
GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, a Positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calcareous depositions, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

For Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:—

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves, Trembling,
Horror of Disease, Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,
Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face,
Pallid Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow *Impotency, Fatuity, Epileptic Fits,*

In one of which the Patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "Direful Diseases,"

"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, *but none will confess. The records of the insane asylums*

And Melancholy Deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the Truth of the assertion.

The Constitution once affected with Organic Weakness requires the aid of Medicine to Strengthen and Invigorate the System.

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does.

A Trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females—Females—Females.

In many Affections peculiar to Females the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leuchorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicines for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. *Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash Cures*

Secret Diseases

In all their Stages, At little Expense,
Little or no change in Diet. No inconvenience,
And no Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous, Diseased and wornout Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands who have been the Victims of Quacks, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the URINARY ORGANS, whether existing in MALE or FEMALE, from whatever cause originating and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these Organs requires the aid of a DIURETIC, HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE GREAT DIURETIC, and is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is Recommended.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will accompany the medicine.

Price, $1.00 per bottle, or Six for $5.00. Delivered to any Address, securely packed from observation.

Describe Symptoms in all Communications.

Cures Guaranteed! Advice Gratis!!

Address letters for information to
H. B. HELMBOLD, Chemist.
104 South Tenth-st., bel. Chestnut, Phila.
HELMBOLD'S *Medical Depot,*
HELMBOLD'S *Drug and Chemical Warehouse,*
594 Broadway, New York.

☞ Beware of counterfeits and unprincipled dealers who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by Helmbold's Genuine Preparations, Ext. Buchu—Ext. Sarsaparilla—Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by all druggists everywhere.

Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Cut out the Advertisement and send for it. And avoid imposition and exposure.

For sale in Woburn by W. C. BRIGHAM,



Friends and Relatives
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIER'S & SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
AND
OINTMENT.

All who have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care, that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

Coughs and Colds affecting Troops

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite, Incidental to Soldiers.

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

Weakness or Debility Induced by over Fatigue,

Will soon disapper by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's should be recommended for Dysentery and Fulx, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

Volunteers Attention! Indiscretions of Youth.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all round it, then covered with a piece of linen from his Knapsack and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's Knapsack and Seaman's Chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW-YORK AND LONDON," are discernable as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

***

Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

VOL. XIII : : No. 45. WOBURN, SATURDAY, AUGUST 6, 1864. TWO DOLLARS A YEAR SINGLE COPY 4 CENTS

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(Successors to CARTER, COLCORD, & PRESTON,)
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
No. 86 Hanover and 1 & 3 Portland sts.,
BOSTON,
DEALERS IN
Drugs, Medicines, and Chemicals
Of superior quality; English, French, American
Soaps, Perfumeries & Toilet articles
and Patent Medicines,
Of all kinds, and in the largest quantities;
BRANDIES, WINES, and LIQUORS,
Of unequalled purity and quality for medicinal purposes;
FANCY LABELS,
In new and elegant designs, by the best Litho graphers.
Manufacturers of SODA WATER and choice SODA SYRUPS. Quotations furnished on application. Orders solicited, and promptly executed at lowest market rates.

FAIRBANKS & BEARD,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Mineral and Soda Waters,
ALE, PORTER, and CIDER.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Miles's Croton Cream Ale.
Orders by Express or mail filled with same goods and at same prices as if the customer applied in person.
Orders for ALE, CIDER and PORTER, for exportation, promptly put up.
Howard Athenæum Building,
Howards st., Boston.
MOSES FAIRBANKS. JOSIAH BEARD.

ALLEN, CHENEY & BARTLET,
131 Friend and 38 Canal St.,
[Formerly Allen & Webber.]
Manufacturers of Cabinet, Library, Dining Room and Chamber
FURNITURE
Invites the attention of those in want of substantial and handsomely made articles of Furniture, in Walnut, Mahogany and Oak. We have a large stock on hand, and are constantly receiving new and elegant styles from our manufactory. Our goods being made by ourselves, from the best seasoned and kiln-dried stock, we feel confident that they will prove satisfactory.
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GORDON BARTLET.

Congress Paint Store,
Corner of Water & Congress Sts.,
BOSTON.
ASAHEL WHEELER, Agt.
(Formerly in Union Street.)
MANUFACTURER OF THE
Constant White Paint,
Which he challenges the world to produce its equal for beauty and durability. It is vastly superior to that formerly known as Florence White, made by him.
ALSO DEALER IN
Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Drugs,
GLUES, and PAINTERS SUPPLIES.
ALSO, AGENT FOR THE
BRIDGEWATER
MINERAL PAINT,
Which is seven eighths Iron and warranted superior to all other Fire-proof Paints ever known—in color, fineness and durability.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.
WASHING MADE EASY.
Housekeepers, Attention.
CHALCIDEAN,
OR ANTI-ROTTING CLEANSER.
FOR WASHING CLOTHES.
Half the labor of washing saved, and three-fourths the soap, by use of the
CHALCIDEAN.
All former fluids in use have rotted the cloth. The CHALCIDEAN will not rot the articles washed with it, and besides extracting the dirt with ease, it gives them a PURE WHITENESS.
In these days of high prices it is quite a consideration to preserve the
STRENGTH OF THE CLOTH.
No Washing Machine is needed, as the CHALCIDEAN wonderfully
Lessens the Labor of Washing.
Wholesale Agents for Mass., C. F. WELLS CO., No. 7 Lindall Street, Boston
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Retailed by Grocers generally.

GEO. A. MANSFIELD & CO.
NO. 36, Faneuil Hall, Square,
BOSTON,
Wholesale dealers in
"PLUMER LAST"
Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers.
☞ Malleable Cut and Wrought Iron, Steel and Brass
HEEL AND TOE IRONS.
Orders by mail or Express, for any quantity, filled promptly.

U. S.
10-40 5 Per Cents.
5-20 6 " "
One Year Certificates,
AND
AMERICAN GOLD
BOUGHT and SOLD.
Gold Coupons collected, and returns made at the market rates.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission, and our correspondents promptly advised of any business transacted for them.
MELLEN, WARD & MOWER
BANKERS,
No. 20 Congress Street,
CHARLES MELLEN, late with Galloupe & Putnam,
CHARLES H. WARD, late with Spencer, Vila & Co.
CALVIN R. MOWER, " " " "
BOSTON.

NO SLAVE BENEATH THE FLAG.

BY GEORGE LANSING TAYLOR.

No Slave beneath that starry flag,
The emblem of the free!
No fettered hand shall wield the brand
That smites for Liberty!
No tramp of servile armies
Shall shame Columbia's shore,
For he who fights for Freedom's rights
Is free forevermore!

No slaves beneath those glorious folds
That o'er our fathers flew,
When every breath was dark with death,
But every heart was true!
No serfs of earth's old empires
Knelt 'neath its shadows then;
And they who now beneath it bow
Forevermore are men!

Go tell the ashes of the braves
Who at Port Hudson fell;
Go tell the dust whose holy trust
Stern Wagner guards so well:
Go breath it softly—slowly—
Where'er the patriot slave
For right has fled, and tell the dead
He fills a freeman's grave!

Go tell Kentucky's bondsmen true,
That he who fights is free!
And let the tale fill every gale
That floats o'er Tennessee!
Let all our mighty rivers
The story southward pour
And every wave tell every slave
To be a slave no more!

Go tell the brave of every land,
Where'er that flag has flown—
The tyrant's fear, the patriot's cheer,
Through every clime and zone—
That now no more forever
Its stripes are slavery's scars;
No tear-drops stain its azure plain,
Nor dim its golden stars.

No slave beneath that grand old flag!
Forever let it fly!
With lightning rolled in every fold,
And flashing victory!
God's blessing breathe around it,
And when all strife is done,
May Freedom's light, that knows no night,
Make every star a sun!

LONGEST AND SHORTEST.

The sweet west is flying
Over the purple sea,
And the amber daylight dying
On roadway, hill and tree;
The cattle-bells are ringing
Among the slanting downs,
And children's voices flinging
Glad echoes through the towns.
"O summer day! so soon away!"
The happy-hearted weep and say—
"Sweet is thy light, and sad thy flight,
And sad the words, 'Good night! Good night!'

The wan white clouds are trailing
Low o'er the level plain;
And the wind brings with its wailing,
The chill of the coming rain;
Fringed by the faded heather,
Wide pools of water lie;
And birds and eaves together
Whirl through the evening sky.
"Haste thee away, O winter day!"
The weary-hearted weep and say—
"Sad is thy light and slow thy flight,
Sweet were the words, "Good night! Good night!'"

SOUTH READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

The following is another extract from a letter of "W. S. H.," to his friends in South Reading,—sent from the plains of Idaho. M.

When we camp at night, you would be surprised at the celerity with which the thing is done. The foremost team driven by the captain of the train drives out of the road to the camp he has selected and they begin at once to unyoke their cattle; before the last teams have come up the oxen of the first ones are passing off, loose. The tents are set, camp fires lighted, and men walk to and from the river, creek, or spring, with water pails. A few men, who have been selected by the captain for "herders" for the day, drive the cattle away to feed on the best grass they can find in the vicinity, and preparations are rapidly made for supper, as log after log, and pile after pile of brush are brought in. We have found Uncle Sam's wood-pile very convenient. It seems odd to cut down trees and brush and feed our cattle on the best of grass, without having to ask the owner if he is willing. It is very fortunate for the weary traveller that the timber of this region always grows beside the water, and though we may find creeks and rivers without timber, we do not find timber without water running at its foot. We have a great variety of flowers. A few days ago I saw for the first time a blossom of a Prickly pear. It is a flower worthy a place in any flower garden and to rear its modest pink among the dahlias of the east. Then there are yellow flowers of all varieties, with blue and purple, so that almost any day I could gather a boquet for my friends, containing such flowers as they never dreamed of. We are now in the midst of a country in which there is very little timber, and where for 150 miles past, and 50 miles to come, we cook as little as possible and have to do that with such brush and weeds as we can obtain. Last night was the first real cold supper we have had. This morning we had a fire to cook by.

For the past week we have been passing through some wonderful and curious works of nature. The bluffs on each side of this river are composed mostly of clay. By the action of time and the elements, parts of the bluffs have been washed away. It looks as though water had done it, and those portions which remain have been hardened by the sun, till they present many and varied forms. Some look like the ruins of ancient castles; some almost precisely like forts. I noticed one, square, and very perfectly formed at the sides with a slightly curved top, which looked like the tomb of an ancient king; and what heightened the impression was an appearance like the letter C on one side, as if it were the initial of the man therein buried. One night we camped just across the river from what is called "chimney rock," made of hardened clay and more than 200 feet high. These various appearances greeted us on every hand, and were frequent objects of remark as specimens of natural architecture. The scenery was at all times beautiful, but one morning in particular, as we started on our journey, the sun was just high enough to show the bluffs, with the alternate light and shade, to the best advantage. It took but little imagination to fancy we saw country seats surrounded by beautiful lawns on every side, and in the turn of the river immediately in front of us, it seemed like some village or city. I saw Quebec, with its walls almost exactly as I saw them years ago. Castles were very plenty; but by noon they seemed more like rocks, and proved to be "castles in the air."

For the Middlesex Journal.

PEACE.—The Peace negotiations of an informal character, which have been going on between Messrs. Clay, Halcombe and Sanders, Horace Greeley and President Lincoln, have attracted general attention, and although the hopes at one time entertained of a satisfactory settlement, or the beginning of something which might lead to peace, have been disappointed, yet, on the whole, things look more pacific. Both parties are no doubt weary with the strife, and the great body of the people in both great sections of the country would welcome in their heart of hearts a genuine and satisfactory peace.

From the published correspondence we learn that the Southern gentlemen asked, July 12, of Horace Greeley, the protection of the President or Secretary of War to visit Washington. Mr. Greeley, in reply, on the 18th, understanding they were bearers of propositions from Richmond, looking to Peace, tendered the safe conduct of the President. The following letter of Mr. Lincoln evinced a disposition most friendly:—

"EXECUTIVE MANSION,
Washington, July 18th.

To Hon. Horace Greeley:

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Any proposition which embraces the restoration of peace, the integrity of the whole Union, and the abandonment of slavery, and which comes by and with an authority that can control the armies now at war against the United States, will be received by the Executive Government of the United States, will be met by liberal terms on other substantial and collateral points, and the bearer or bearers thereof shall have safe conduct both ways.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN."

Whatever may have been the cause of the breaking up of the negotiations, and however the country may be disappointed thereof, the satisfaction generally aimed at, the prospect of conciliation, shows, as straws, which way the wind blows, and may properly inspire hope that an adjustment of difficulties by negotiation is not so hopeless a matter as was at one time supposed. When the war commenced, it was the prevailing sentiment that the sharp arbitrament of battle must settle the controversy, and we have gone on with that opinion now into our fourth year of civil war. The swords have been sharp; the shells, musketry, and cannon have been handled with unsurpassed bravery and skill, and many of our noblest have fallen in the field, but the rebels have likewise fought with a valor and intelligence worthy of our common race. It is not for the interest of any nation to continue in war, unless great and desirable and attainable objects are in view, and it is duty, at any stage of operations, to entertain propositions for peace. One reason why this has not been done with us is attributable to unwillingness to sacrifice any portion of our rights, or to manifest any feeling that we were deficient in spirit, or that we thought we should not conquer. At the South, they have had their local pride called out, and as they have so often avowed that they would perish rather than be reunited with the North, they have been too stubborn to avow any disposition to return to the fold of the Union. In the late so-called negotiation, neither party committed itself, although both parties really wanted to negotiate. It has been the same in many European wars; the first propositions for peace have been seemingly unauthorized; they have been initiated by agents and go-betweens, who could be employed without any letting down of the combatants on either side, and whose doings could be adopted if acceptable, or disavowed if unacceptable, without breach of faith, by either party.

Mr. Greeley, who is prominent in this attempt to negotiate, is much chagrined at the result, and says that he has much more that he could say upon this subject. Doubtless he knows Mr. Lincoln's private opinion, and is acquainted somewhat with the disposition of Jeff. Davis. As a leading Republican, and a man of great experience in politics, and well acquainted with the public sentiment of the North, his action should inspire confidence.

W.

THE PHANTOM BRIDE.

A STRANGE STORY.

"Will you love me, beyond the tomb even?" The question came from the vermilion lips of a young girl at a fancy ball in Paris during the reign of Louis XIV. She was a brilliant brunette, with abundant raven hair, and wore the Spanish veil and mantilla which she had assumed for the occasion with all the grace of a daughter of Andalusia. Her companion, a noble Scotch earl of some two or three and twenty, arrayed as a warrior of Mary Stuart's, in Scotch plaid and Highland bonnet and feather, had been pursuing the fair unknown all the evening with the protestation of love and eternal fidelity. His answer was prompt and unhesitating:

"Yes, I swear it. If I die I will dream of you in the sepulchre, and a thrill of joy will welcome you if your foot but press the grass over my head."

"And if I should die?" inquired the young girl, in a sad tone.

"If you should die, I will be as faithful to you dead as living; if you should be permitted to visit me, I will kiss your cold hand with as much love as at this moment." And he pressed to his lips the little white hand of the beautiful Spaniard.

"Ah, well! I permit you, then, to love me. We shall see if you will be constant. Farewell; we shall meet again.

"But where? when?" demanded the earl, anxiously.

"I cannot tell; perhaps here,—perhaps elsewhere;—but you will see me." And, with a gesture which forbade him to follow her, she disappeared in the crowd.

Two years passed away, during which Earl Ralph Morton sought, vainly at Marly, Versailles, in every place of public resort, for his beautiful unknown. He was a Scotchman by birth, and, like many of his countrymen, had entered the service of the King of France. But a court life did not comport very well with his slender fortune, and he became, ere long, deeply involved in debt.

"You must find some rich heiress," said his sympathizing friends; it was the usual resource of embarrassed gentlemen of that day. But the earl had not forgotten the bewitching Andalusian, and he was in no mood for the search. He was spared the trouble, however. His uncle, who was archbishop of an Assyrian city destroyed by the Romans, informed him one day that it was time for him to marry, and that he had found a wife for him.

"Is she rich?" inquired Ralph. "I do not ask if she is pretty—it is all the same to me.

"Very rich and very pretty."

The earl thought of his unknown, and sighed; then thought of his creditors, and consented. The uncle arranged everything, and when all was settled he gave the nephew his benediction and two hundred pistoles, and sent him off to Burgundy to pay his respects to Mademoiselle Roche Noire, whom he was to marry in a fortnight.

A gloomy journey of several days' duration brought him at length to the ancient feudal manor-house of Roche Noire, situated in the heart of a forest, on a lofty rock from which it derived its name. He was expected. The ground door of the mansion was open, and an aged servant met him at the threshold, and conducted him to a large hall, at the extremity of which sat an old man and a young girl. The former, whom he divined at once to be the Baron of Roche Noire, rose at his entrance, and, saluting him in the somewhat formal fashion of the day, presented him to his daughter Herminne. The latter had the voluptuous beauty of the flower which has unfolded under a southern sun. She was pale, with fair hair, and eyes of the deep blue of an Italian sky. Her figure was rich but graceful, her hands exquisitely shaped and transparent as alabaster. So much the earl saw as he bent before his betrothed, and in spite of his professed indifference, he inwardly congratulated himself on his good fortune.

The earl and the baron exchanged the usual reciprocal compliments and inquiries. Ralph was accustomed to society, and understood well the art of making himself agreeable; the Baron, spite of his seventy winters, had not forgotten to be a courtier; and Herminne had the simple grace and dignity, the modesty without prudery, of a young girl of high birth, religiously educated, but without rigidity. The conversation soon became animated and sparkling, while Ralph watched Herminne, and now and then whispered to himself—"She is charming! Blessings on my uncle for finding me a wife at once so pretty and so rich.

When supper was announced he offered his hand to the young girl, who accepted it with a blush, while the baron led the way to the dining-room. It was a lofty apartment, furnished in the massive style of Louis XIV., and upon the walls were suspended ancient family portraits. As Ralph's eye glanced over these, it was attracted by one whose freshness formed a striking contrast to the smoky canvases devoted to the defunct barons of Roche Noire. It represented a young girl of dazzling, but foreign beauty, such as is found only under southern skies. A more brilliant daughter of Spain never danced the *bolero* in the perfumed gardens of the Alhambra. The eyes of Ralph were fixed immovably upon the canvas; the first glance told that it was his long-lost unknown of the fancy ball.

"Come, my dear earl," said the baron, "let us be seated."

Ralph started and obeyed, then turned his eyes to Herminne. In contrast with that glowing beauty she appeared to him utterly insiped. He made some remark about the picture. The baron did not reply, but a cloud passed over his face, and Herminne turned pale and sat silent with downcast eyes. A chill seemed to be thrown over those three persons, just now talking so joyously. Brief remarks were made occasionally, in a constrained voice, and the supper ended almost in silence. At its close the earl made the fatigue of his journey an excuse for retiring early. As the servant was conducting him to his apartment they passed again through the dining-hall.

"Whose portrait is this?" he asked, pointing to the portrait of the lady.

The servant hesitated.

"Speak!" said the earl, imperiously.

"It is the portrait of Mademoiselle Fulmen," said the old man, trembling.

"And who is she?"

"The elder sister of Mademoiselle Herminne."

"But she is dressed in Spanish costume."

"Yes; her mother was a Spanish lady."

"And Fulmen, where is she now?"

"She is dead," said the old man, solemnly. "She lies at the left of the altar, in the chapel of the castle."

Fatigue had no power that night to bring sleep to Ralph's eyelids. It was in vain that he extinguished the candles, and buried his head under the blankets; the image of Fulmen, radiant with beauty, as she was represented in the picture, and as he had seen her at the fancy ball; again, it was Fulmen pale and cold, extended in her coffin, under the pavement of the chapel. Then he remembered his oath to love her as well dead as living, and a cold sweat bathed his brow. At that moment a light at the opposite extremity of the apartment attracted his attention; a door whose existance he had not suspected turned noiselessly on its hinges, the candles relighted themselves spontaneously, and a figure draped in a winding-sheet entered the room, and approached his bed. It advanced slowly; the most acute ear could have detected no sound of footsteps. Brave as he was, the earl trembled at the apparition. When the figure was within a few feet of the bed, the winding-sheet was thrown back, and revealed a young girl dressed in the Spanish costume.

"Fulmen!" he murmured; "the picture has descended from its frame."

It was indeed Fulmen, just as she was painted, save that the lips were pale, the eyes mournful, the whole expression unspeakably sad.

"Fulmen!" repeated the earl, with a tone of terror in which was mingled a sort of feverish joy.

"It is I," she said. "Do you remember your oath? They have told you that I am dead."

The teeth of Ralph chattered, but the voice was so pure, so melodious, that it aided him to shake off the torpor which was creeping over him.

"No, you are not dead," he exclaimed, with an effort.

"I have been dead a year," replied Fulmen, sadly. "They buried me in the chapel. You can read my epitaph on the marble slab, the third from the high altar."

Ralph could not detach his eyes from this singular creature, whose marvelous beauty counteracted in some degree the terror which the apparition would otherwise have caused.

"Alas!" resumed the spectre, drawing the shroud about her form, with all the coquetry with which a living belle might wrap an opera cloak around her, "I am dead, really dead, at seventeen—when life was full of light and perfume and music; when tears, even, were so sweet that they resembled smiles; when the present was so happy that the future was quite forgotten;—and then I loved you. I trusted in your oath, but you did not care for me. You have come here to marry my sister."

"Fulmen," murmured Ralph, who felt a pang of remorse at his heart,—"I have loved you; love you still."

She shook her head.

"The dead are never loved," she said, sadly.

Ralph trembled; he felt his blood curdle in his veins. He remembered his oath. Yet Fulmen did not complain. She did not overwhelm him with reproaches. She seemed resigned. He saw her lean her head upon her hand, a tear shone in her eye and a quiver passed through her frame.

"I am cold," she said, and, rising from the chair in which she had seated herself, she approached the fireplace, and bent as if to warm herself by the half-extinguished brands. "The dead are always cold," she murmured.

"Heavens!" exclaimed Ralph, "You are not dead; but, dead or living, you are beautiful—more beautiful than any living woman—and I love you as on the day I first saw you."

"The dead are never loved," she repeated, mournfully.

"But you are not dead. The limbs of the dead are frigid, the flesh corrupt, they cannot walk, they cannot speak; you are not dead—it is impossible."

"I am dead," repeated Fulmen, in a tone of authority which admitted of no question—"dead, and yet I suffer."

"You suffer!" the earl exclaimed.

"Yes. Because I died with a guilty thought in my heart. I remembered the ball where I met you. It was earthly love, not penitence, that engrossed my last hours. Yet if you, who are alive, can love me still, God will, perhaps, pardon me, and I shall suffer no longer."

"I do love you," cried Ralph, gazing at the young girl, so beautiful in her sadness. Yet a secret voice said to him, "Ah, if she were only alive!"

A pale smile passed over the face of the phantom. It rose and advanced towards toward him. Ralph involuntarily shrunk back at its approach.

"You see," she said, mournfully. "It is always so—the living fear the dead.

"No, no!" said he, eagerly, ashamed of the momentary terror; "no, Fulmen, my beloved, one!"

She extended her hand, and took that of the young man. Ralph uttered a cry. His hand was pressed by the cold, clammy fingers of a corpse. She let his hand fall.

"No," she repeated, in a half-suffocated voice. "You see it cannot be; "I shall suffer always!"

And she fled, while Ralph was so overpowered that he had no power to speak or move. The candles went out suddenly; silence reigned again in the chamber; the phantom vanished.

The next day dawned bright and beautiful, The Baron de Roche Noire, who did not appear to notice the pallor and abstraction of his guest, proposed a hunt. The day was spent in the open air, and if the earl thought of the occurances of the last night, they seemed to him only as a bewildering dream. But with returning darkness, and especially at the sight of the picture, the apparition again seemed a reality, and he determined to ascertain the truth. Pleading a headache, he retired to his room, and extinguished the candles, he called softly, "Fulmen!" "Fulmen!" No answer. Again he called, "Fulmen, I love you, though dead."

Immediately the candles were relighted, and Fulmen again appeared. She threw off her winding-sheet, and seated herself in a chair by his side. Her face had the cadaverous paleness of the tomb; her eyes were sad; her steps were slow and painful; yet her exquisite beauty exerted the same fascination over him as when sparkling with life and vivacity.

"Fulmen, I love you!" he repeated, gazing at her with admiration.

"Yet if my hand should touch yours," she replied with a sad smile, "you would utter a cry, as you did last night; the dead are always cold."

"Give me your hand, and you will see," said Ralph, extending resolutely his own. She took it, and again there came over him the same terrible sensation as before; but he had self-control enough to conquer it, and again to repeat, "I love you!"

A bright smile illuminated the features of Fulmen.

"My poor friend," she said, "I would gladly believe you, but if your love would end my suffering, it must be so profound, so ardent, that it can conquer even the desire to live. A tomb with me must have attractions for you, and you are but twenty-five, Ralph. At your age, life is sweet."

The earl shook his head.

"To live without you is death; to be united to you, even in the tomb, would be life."

"Take care, my friend."

"Of what, dear Fulmen?" exclaimed Ralph, over whom the smile of the youug girl seemed to exercise an overpowering fascination.

"Do you know," she said, "that if you utter such a wish, God may hear your prayer?"

"Ah, if he would!—an eternity by your side would be infinite happiness."

"Ralph, my friend," interrupted Fulmen, while a smile of celestial joy shone in her face, "take care—you will die if you love me."

"I wish to die."

"But you are betrothed to my sister."

An exclamation of anger escaped him.

"I hate her!" he said, vehemently.

"Why?"

"Because she is alive, while you are dead. What has she done that she should enjoy the light of the sun, the perfume of flowers, the melody of birds? Was she any younger, or more beautiful?"

"Ralph, you are unjust. My sister has no control over her destiny or mine."

"You are right, perhaps; but I swear to you that I will never marry Herminne. I wish to be yours, and only yours, forever."

"You are mad, my friend—I cannot accept happiness at such a sacrifice."

She rose slowly.

"Adieu, Ralph," she said. "Marry Herminne and pray for me."

"Fulmen! Fulmen!" exclaimed Ralph, falling on his knees at her feet. "Do not abandon me—I love you!"

"But your love is death."

"It is happiness, it is life!"

His tone was so earnest, so touching, that the young girl hesitated.

"Let me live eternally with you," he persisted.

"Listen, my friend," she said at length, as if she could no longer resist his entreaties. "In this casket"—pointing to a richly-carved box which stood on the table—"there is a vial containing a dark liquid."

"And this liquid?"

"Is death."

"It is happiness," exclaimed Ralph, seizing the casket.

Fulmen stopped him by a gesture.

"Not yet," she said; "by-and-by—at midnight; but first reflect!"

Immediately the candles were extinguished, and he found himself in complete darkness.

If Earl Ralph had been a Frenchman, as soon as Fulmen disappeared he would have opened the window, and let the cool night air play upon his brow. Then the fever-fit being over, he would have said to himself, "All this is folly. I am twenty-five years old, an officer in the king's service, and am about to marry a young girl—blonde as a Madonna, fair as a lily—who will bring me an income of one thousand livres. I have only to be quiet, and let things take their course." After which he would have slept quietly, and dreamed no more of Fulmen. But Ralph was a Scotchman, with an imagination as susceptible of exaltation as most of his countrymen of the land of mountain and mist. As soon as the phantom vanished, therefore, he re-lighted the candle by the aid of a half-extinguished firebrand, and opening the casket, took out the vial.

"Fulmen! Fulmen! wait for me!—I am coming!" he murmured, and swallowed the contents at a draught.

For a moment he experienced a strange and inexplicable sensation—a coldness in the chest, a heat in the head; then his eyes became heavy, his limbs trembled, an extreme languor crept over him, and he sank upon the floor, still murmuring faintly, "Fulmen, wait for me—I love you."

When Ralph swallowed the contents of the vial he expected to awake in the other world. He was mistaken; the vial contained only a narcotic, and he was very much astonished on opening his eyes to find himself in bed, and to see the sun shining through the curtained windows. A lady sat by his bedside. It was Fulmen! but no longer the pale, sad Fulmen, with livid lips, and form enveloped in a winding-sheet; but Fulmen, fresh, radiant, joyous, in the same costume she wore at the fancy ball.

The reader will understand the explanation of this more readily than the young earl, whose head was still somewhat confused from the effects of the narcotic. The young girl had wished to put the sudden passion of her ball-room lover to the test, and with some difficulty she had persuaded her fond old father and her cousin Herminne to lend themselves to the mystification. A little ingenuity, some invisible assistance, aided by the native superstition of the young Scotchman, were all that was necessary to the success of the scheme.

We need not say that the earl, when he recovered his senses, was very glad to exchange his phantom bride for a living one.

The Middlesex Journal,

E. MARCHANT, PROPRIETOR.

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The Middlesex Journal.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, AUG. 6, 1864.

A CARD.

The undersigned informs the public that he has made arrangements with Mr. MARCHANT, whereby he retains the Job Department of the *Middlesex Journal* office, and that he is prepared to do, as heretofore, all kinds of Job Work, embracing Books, Pamphlets, Town Accounts, Posters, Bill Heads, Circulars, &c. &c. He will give his personal attention to the business, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage of the citizens of Woburn and surrounding towns.

E. T. MOODY.

Woburn, July 30, 1864.

A NEW ENTERPRISE SUGGESTED.—At Worcester they have recently organized a society in Natural History, &c., and have instituted Field Meetings, where persons of both sexes and all ages, may pursue their scientific investigations in the open air, and enjoy the pleasures of social intercourse. It is understood that they have started in imitation of the Essex Institute, located at Salem, but comprehending the whole county of Essex. This last association has held Field Meetings for many years, originally for gentlemen only, but now including ladies, who always form a majority in attendance and become active members of the Institute.

Middlesex County needs, and should have, a society of similar character. The Essex Institute has for its objects, civil and ecclesiastical history and natural history. They have a building, called Plummer Hall, which they occupy jointly with the Atheneum. In it is their library, consisting of some 12,000 bound volumes, a large number of pamphlets, files of newspapers, manuscripts, &c. They have, also, a *Cabinet of Natural History*, where numerous specimens of birds, reptiles, insects, fishes and beasts, are classified and arranged, with rock, minerals and shells. The birds are gathered principally from Essex County, but the other articles are brought, many of them, from distant parts of the world. This Cabinet is opened every week afternoon, on free exhibition, and is much frequented. In the summer, they have some six or eight Field Meetings, in different parts of the County, which are notified through the papers, and thrown open to all friends of science to attend. By an arrangement with the Eastern rail-road, they have a free return ticket from the place of meeting. The ladies of the party carry some refreshments in their baskets, and a table is spread for collation, and all the Institute asks of the town that they visit, is a hall for their meeting and a supply of water,—sometimes they prefer a grove for assembling. In the forenoon, the party rambles as taste or choice directs, into the woods or over the fields for flowers, which are classified and described by some botanist and exhibited in the afternoon meeting at the hall, where speeches are made. So of geology, mineralogy, conchology, civil and ecclesiastical history, antiquities, and anything curious and noteworthy to be found in the locality.

These meetings are very popular in Worcester and Essex Counties, and in England, where ladies and gentlemen make similar excursions. They serve many valuable purposes, namely: They conduce to health and recreation; they greatly promote acquaintance and social intercourse; they awaken enquiries for useful information, satisfy them, and lead the mind to further investigations in reading, conversation and observation.

In the winter, the Essex Institute have courses of scientific lectures and smaller and more social meetings, for more familiar discussion. For preserving ancient manuscripts and books, and gathering materials for town and county histories, such associations are valuable.

Middlesex County is rich in historical incidents, has geological, botanical and antiquarian treasures, which should be brought together and placed in order for exhibition. The towns would become more united, and we should develope latent talent in all the foregoing branches of study, by establishing something of this kind among us.

In the columns of this paper we have able correspondents in many of our towns, who have done very much to interest the towns in each other, and to spread before all whatever is attractive in each, so that we are somewhat prepared to go into this enterprise. An association that should have its headquarters at Woburn, or some other place in the county, might easily be established as an experiment. Let a call go out for a meeting of all friendly to the object, and, coming together, they can discuss the expediency of forming a historical or a natural history association, or both in one. Begin to collect a library and specimens, and have a small annual subscription to pay expenses, and before the friends of the object are anticipating much success, they will be surprized to see how a society like the one suggested, has advanced so far and secured so much in its cabinet and library.

We throw out these hints and leave it to others, who have more time and ability, to take measures to found such an institution, if they see fit.

COURAGE—EXTREMES MEET.—The line betwixt life and death is drawn with so little distinctness in these days of horrible deaths and wounds, that the latter seems in a great degree to have lost its terrors, although men are in no way better prepared to die than formerly. Familiarity with death, although it does not breed contempt, yet begets a certain amount of insensibility to it and want of fear. Soldiers, from the habit of seeing men killed, dead, and dying of horrible wounds, come to regard death somewhat in the commonplace and passionless manner with which other momentous events of a lifetime are esteemed. That is, their importance is recognized, but they excite no overwhelming interest or anticipation. In times of peace and in civil life, dread of death is the night-mare of many minds, and even where dread is wanting through unreflection, still, when thought does come, there is the involuntary shrinking that tells the unnamed fear. Soldiering in the case of most persons conquers this great dread, but in those, whom this fear does not leave, it becomes a thousandfold stronger. Thus in the accounts that are given of the most fearful battles, side by side with each other, are the records of most distinguished heroism and most arrant cowardice. The excitement and carnage of a battle field beget no middle emotion. Their effects are either the most reckless daring or the most shameless cowardice. And in many instances the particular part which a single person takes in any battle is decided by circumstances the most trivial, only a slight deviation from which would have caused an action extremely different. Thus on the battle field the extremes of courage and cowardice are nearest neighbors. Repeated instances are not wanting of men who had sedulously shunned the field of action, oftentimes at the expense of their soldierly reputation, but when once in where no choice was left, have done their duty manfully and to challenge admiration and emulation. A major in the cavalry corps of the Potomac army had long been the jest of his men for the extreme care with which he sought the rear on the occasion of every engagement. At length he found himself in line of battle at the head of his battalion, with a smart picket firing going on in front and the prospect of an immediate engagement. He is reported to have turned from blue in the face to pale, and thence through nearly all the colors of the rainbow back to white again. He quaked in his boots. His battalion shortly was ordered to advance. He essayed to turn over the command to his senior captain, and suddenly recalled some urgent business at the rear. The commanding officer of his regiment, who was well aware of the position of affairs, stopped him as he was hastening to leave the field and peremptorily ordered him to rejoin his command. The time came to charge. The bullets whistled thick and for a space the Major could scarce sit his horse. One of his subordinate officers let fall a few words in derision of his evident want of pluck. Here was the circumstance that changed him from a coward to a brave and efficient officer. Drawing his sabre, which erewhile had remained in its scabbard, he drove his spurs into his horse's sides, and, dashing forward led his battalion to the charge twice the length of his horse in advance. And when it came to sabre cuts none did more execution than he, all the while cheering on his men. Ever after a fight had no terrors for him, and instead of being noted as a coward his example was cited as that of one of the bravest officers in the service. In his case the dread was worse than the reality, and his dread was all his cowardice. Is it not most always the case that dread constitutes the greater part of cowardice, and that in very few cases is it the want of audacity and the capacity to do brave deeds? Perhaps this is a fine distinction, but still it seems quite just.

It must not be inferred that all cowards can be made brave men, but that many men, who are cited as wanting in courage, are in reality able to be as brave as the bravest. Possibly this man, had the circumstances of his first engagement been different, had the sarcasm of his subordinate been wanting, might have proved himself as thoroughly a coward as the most dastardly. And these instances are not infrequent in our armies. Men esteemed as milk and water characters in civil life, have proved themselves heroes, and the pluckiest bruisers of the prize ring, and who would stand up and take an indefinite amount of punishment from the fists of their antagonists, have sadly disappointed upon the battle field the expectations of their comrades, who were their former admirers. In many cases the formation of these characters upon the field of action has been the result of slight circumstances at the time unnoticed.

Still, apart from characters such as these, that are moulded by their surroundings and the circumstances into which they fall, there yet is the bravery that knows not fear, but it is most uncommon. This is a great gift, and especially to commanders of high rank, for it permits of a coolness and a deliberation in action that goes far toward ensuring success. Very few possess it. Gen. Hooker has this physical courage in the highest degree. No danger disturbs him, and in action no approaching peril disconcerts his train of thought. At the 2nd battle of Malvern Hill, just as our forces had arrived on the hill from the Glendale road, the enemy was vigorously shelling the entrance to the broad field that covers the whole top of the hill. Just within the gate were Gen. Hooker and staff, mounted. He was conversing at the time with a person, evidently a newspaper correspondent. A shell came whistling over and buried itself in the earth but a few feet from his horse. The gravel thrown up by it fell all about their persons. The correspondent turned white in the face and was evidently very nervous. Hooker did not so much as turn his head to see where the shot struck, nor even interrupted the sentence he was then speaking, but continued, without a movement, as though there was not within a few feet of him a missile, the explosion of which would be very likely to hurry him into eternity. And the whole tenor of his conduct has shown this insensibility to fear. What may not our country lose some day by this brave man's exposure of his person in the execution of his duty? No General can we spare less.

Courage, whether native or acquired, and our soldiers are courageous, together with familiarity with death, robs it of the greater portion of its terror. In peaceful life, moral and superstitious feelings surround death with terrors, and men fear it from dread of what may come after. A soldier in time comes to overlook that consideration entirely, or, if not, is content to trust himself in the hands of his Creator, while his fears all have reference to the pain he may suffer in the separation of material from immaterial. He dreads not so much what may come after death as the actual fear of dying.

On the battle field death and life are strangely mingled; here the most active life, and there death in its most horrible aspect. Side by side lie dead men and those so nearly dead it would be difficult to trace the existence of life. The two extremes of humanity are here so near, not seperated by a hair's breadth, that men cease to dread the one which always before they had feared intensely. But if there is one thing above another which a soldier longs for in death, it is for some kind and known hand to soften his last hours, to know he will not remain to rot above ground. This is a prejudice that has possessed mankind ever since the ancient days, when men believed that the spirit of an unburied body was doomed to roam the earth with all entrance to Elysium denied. To preserve himself from such a fate, the reward due a tyrant, a matricide, and wholesale murderer, Nero, committed suicide at the brink of the grave which he had dug for himself. And, when in meditation the mind dwells upon the subject of christian burial, to the soldier it does not seem a dreadful thing to die surrounded by friends and be followed to the quiet cemetery in funeral procession. He does not look upon a funeral so sadly as before his service as a soldier. For he remembers the time when death seemed dreadful only from the manner and place of suffering; when himself in danger his longing desire was but to die away from those scenes.

Close by Camp Barry there is a large cemetery, in which there are frequent burials. A few days ago a fireman was buried under the auspices of his comrades. As the long procession wound its way along the road that skirts the camp, the band stirring soft echoes by a plaintive march, it did not seem a sorrowful sight, as I remember to have esteemed such only a few short years ago. Knowledge of and familiarity with death works this change.

In this state of fearlessness there are observable two facts, according to the persons possessing or acquiring it. Either it has been attained by an education of the mind into the belief that there is no future, or if there is, none of punishment, else it results from a strong faith in God and a belief in salvation obtained through the atonement of Christ. In the former case, what dreadful agony comes with the occasional glimpses through the rents in the dark veil of their doubt. In the latter, what quiet vigor and calm hopefulness there is to ensure the performance of arduous and most dangerous duties. Our army reverences them and trusts them. God gives them.

HOPLITE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 30, '64.

INTEMPERANCE.—Intemperance not only destroys the health, but ruins the innocent and helpless, for it invades the family and social circle, and spreads woe and sorrow all around it; it cuts down youth in all its vigor, manhood in its strength, and age in its weakness; it breaks the father's heart, bereaves the doting mother, extinguishes natural affection, erases conjugal love, blots out filial attachment, blights parental hope, and brings down mourning age in sorrow to the grave. It produces weakness, not strength, sickness, not health, death, not life. It makes wives widows, children orphans, fathers friendless, and all of them at last beggars. It produces fevers, feeds rheumatism, nurses the gout, welcomes epidemics, invites disease, imparts pestilence, embraces consumption, cherishes dyspepsia, and encourages apoplexy and paralytic affections, covers the land with idleness and poverty, disease and crime. It fills our jails, supplies our alms-houses, and furnishes subjects for our asylums; it engenders controversies, fosters quarrels, and cherishes riots; it condemns law, spurns order; it crowds the penitentiaries, and furnishes the victims for the scaffold; it is the lifeblood of the gambler, the food of the counterfeiter, the prop of the highwayman, and the support of the midnight incendiary and assassin, the friend and companion of the brothel. It countenances the liar, respects the thief, and esteems the blasphemer; it violates obligations, reverences fraud, and honors infamy.

IN MEMORIAM.—Many were pained to hear of the sudden death, on Thursday afternoon, by diptheria, of George R. Smith, son of Mr. Charles A. Smith. His presence had not been missed from our midst, ere the sad tidings of his death became known.

He was a steady, upright young man, and his many fine qualities endeared him to all his acquaintances. His parents, in this sad hour, have the deep sympathy of the whole community. None but those who have incessantly, and with a parent's pride, watched over the gradual development of a cherished son, from infancy to the verge of manhood, can tell how great is the loss of such an one. It sinks deep into the heart, and time fails to heal the wound it makes.

SUDDEN DEATHS.—Mr. Daniel Hanley, of Woburn, died suddenly, on the 26th inst. He was overpowered by the extreme heat on Sunday last, and remained insensible during Monday night.

Mr. Patrick Haggerty, of Woburn, deceased very suddenly, on the same day, from a too free use of iced water.

ACCIDENT.—On Thursday, as the 7.40 A. M. train on the Woburn Branch was passing Horn Pond depot, it struck and ran over Mrs. James Horrihan, who was waiting for the train, in ignorance of the fact that it was the express train and did not stop at the Pond station. She was not dangerously though severely injured. She was not seen by the engineer or any one connected with the train, until after the accident.

The parched earth was somewhat relieved by the heavy showers on Wednesday last, though more rain is still needed in this vicinity. Nothing but a thorough soaking of the soil will prevent short crops, or bring the grass forth in fullness and strength.

TOWN MEETING.—On the 10th inst, at 1-2 past 6 o'clock, P. M., the citizens of this place are called upon to assemble in town meeting. The object, which is a good one, to take measures to fill our quota, will doubtless awaken sufficient interest to insure a full attendance of the people.

A WAR MEETING will be held in this town in a few days. It will be a great one. The people are awake.

The enrolled men of this town have subscribed about $7000—which they are in hopes to increase to $8000, or more—which sum is to be expended in providing men to fill the quota of the town.

MAJ. MCDONALD, of Woburn has been authorized to recruit three Companies for the 11th Mass. Regiment, for one, two and three years service. We trust the men of Woburn will see to it that one of these companies is raised from among their own number.

COL. GOULD OF THE 59TH.—Dr. Ingalls, Surgeon of the 59th Mass. Regt., in a letter says that he amputated Col. Gould's leg at the thigh, but gives no further particulars concerning his case. The report that Col. Gould was a prisoner is incorrect. The many friends of the gallant Colonel in this section will deeply sympathise with him in his affliction, and will sincerely hope for his speedy recovery. The country can ill afford to lose the services of so gallant and valuable an officer.

THE NEW NATIONAL TAX LAW, is the title of a neat little work just issued by Beadle & Co. of New York. It is a very useful work for reference, and sells at the low price of ten cents.

THE STUDENT AND SCHOOLMATE, an old and excellent magazine for children, is published, in these hard tims, at one dollar per annum. It is richly worth a great deal more to any family.

MILITARY.—Private T. W. Harris, of Co. F, 59th Mass. Regiment, is reported wounded in the hip, in the battle at Petersburg last Saturday.

Capt. Arthur B. Wyman, of Co. K, same regiment, was slightly wounded in the head, in same battle.

Daniel C. Porter has enlisted in the Invalid Corps for three years' service.

The 5th Mass. Regiment is located at Manikin's Wood, near Baltimore.

TO "JUSTICE."—Yes. Send early, be short, and avoid all personalities.

Value the friendship of him who stands by you in the storm.

FROM CO. K, 39TH REGT.—We are permitted to take the following extract from a private letter, dated "Fort Warren, near Petersburg, July 30th:"

"Everything has been very quiet here for the past three weeks, the "Johnnies" only occasionally throwing over a shell into our picket line, which either wounds or kills some of our men. We had a report in the fort last night, that there would be very heavy firing all along our lines this morning, and it was true. About 4 o'clock, tremendous cannonading and musketry took place along our lines. The firing commenced on our right, and Gen. Burnside's men (negroes) made a desperate attack upon the rebels, and took their first line of works, but not being properly supported, had to fall back with great loss. This was immediately after a mine had been exploded, and I have thought, in times past, that I heard heavy firing, but that of this morning exceeded anything I have ever before heard; it was a continuous roar the whole time. After the firing had ceased, orders were given for the 39th Mass. and 107th Penn. to pack up and be ready to move at a moment's notice. We were soon packed up and ready, but no order has yet come to move. If we could only have about 150,000 more men in the field, this war would soon be brought to a close, and we would once more enjoy the pleasures of peace.

Albert B. Barret has been detailed as Clerk in the Brigade Commissary Department, and left the Regt last Tuesday.

It is exceedingly hot to-day—the hottest we have had."

WAR NEWS.

About four o'clock on Saturday morning of last week, a mine was exploded by our troops under the rebel fortifications at Petersburg. It was said to consist of ten tons of powder. Simultaneous with the explosion, 100 pieces of artillery opened upon the rebels. A desperate assault followed by several divisions. Some success was gained at first, but our troops were finally repulsed with fearful loss. The enemy gained possession of all the ground between their works and our own lines. They must have captured a large number of prisoners, though the details of the affair are so confused that no reliable statements can be made. We lost heavily in officers, killed, wounded, and missing, and especially in the officers of the negro regiments.

Gen. Sherman is still in front of Atlanta, but the rebels still hold the place.

The rebels have made another raid into Pennsylvania, and burned the town of Chambersburg. They were met by Gen. Averill, who repulsed them. They have recrossed into Virginia.

There are rumors of a change in the command of the Army of the Potomac. Hooker, it is said, will take the place of Meade.

WINCHESTER.

For the Middlesex Journal.

THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.—At the Congregational Church last Sabbath, Rev. I. P. Warren, Secretary of the Am. Tract Society, who has recently visited the Army of the Potomac, officiated, and gave, in the morning, by request, a brief account of the present campaign of this army, and the views and opinions concerning it, which he had gathered from the soldiers and from personal observation. He eulogised the bravery and heroism—the patient endurance of hardship and toil by the soldiers of this army, and enjoined upon his hearers the importance of giving to it its just meed, and unstinted encouragement. He was severe on the croakers and semi-traitors of the North, who complain and find fault with our brave soldiers and the slow progress of the war. The Army of the Potomac has unbounded confidence in their commander, and do not feel that there is any cause for discouragement, but the reverse. In due time, it means to win the prize for which it has been so long contending.

THE FREED PEOPLE OF THE SOUTH. In the afternoon, Rev. Mr. Warren gave the result of his observations among the freed people of the South, the main purpose of his recent visit to the army being to ascertain their wants and condition. He founded his remarks upon the passage of scripture, Matthew, 25th ch. 40th vs. He first alluded to the sanctity of human nature and the solemn duties which it requires of us. In one of its aspects, how unparalleled is the sin of slavery which ignores this great truth and degrades and brutalizes all connected with it. In view of this fact, how dignified and grand the change which is going on in regard to the condition of those who have worn the galling yoke of slavery—who have come out of the house of bondage?

Mr. Warren visited Washington, Arlington Heights, Alexandria, Hampton and Fortress Monroe, Norfolk and Portsmouth, where are camps of these freed people. The idea of freedom has acted like an inspiration to them. No matter how degraded they may have been, when the word freedom is spoke in their ears and the opportunity afforded, they know its meaning and gladly embrace its offers.

The colored troops were on the whole a noble looking set of men, and in their *physique* were superior to a majority of the white troops. You put a gun into their hands and these colored men feel at once that they are men and are recognized as such. They are not by nature warlike, but are great imitators and are easily disciplined. The speaker gave a brief description of the bravery of these colored troops—their landing at City Point and assault of the enemy's strong works, which they carried, in the face of a galling fire. It was one of the bravest charges of the war and elicited the commendation not only of all who have seen the work which they accomplished, but the Secretary of War, who sent a special message to Congress in reference to it. The severe policy of the rebels in their treatment of colored soldiers had worked to a charm. The rebels will not stand the impetuous onset of these troops, unless they are in much greater force, for they know their determination is to conquer or die, and to take no prisoners. It was pleasant to see how the black and white troops fraternized together. It was said that the officers in these negro regiments would lose caste, but the reverse was the fact, and at this time they were more approvingly noticed than others.

These troops were particularly healthy—partly to being acclimated, and on their own soil and it being a healthy location. The freed people there do not have that incentive there as elsewhere. In Alexandria, there are seven or eight thousand refuges from slavery. Some four hundred buildings had been erected by them at a cost of from $75 to $125. They were of rough exterior, but very neat and tidy. They have also built a church, originally 24 by 36, but which had been extended twenty feet and was now 24 by 56. Most of these people labored for the Government—the men receiving from $20 to $25 a month and rations, and the women from $6 to $8. They not only take care of themselves but also of others who come in to their ranks from slavery, until they are able to take care of themselves. Dr. Bigelow, who had been there a year, had not seen a fight or brawl among them, which bore testimony to their peaceable disposition. At Hampton is a large village of these people. Ex-President Taylor's mansion house is now occupied as a residence for the colored schools. This house had been previously occupied by the colored people themselves, and it was then a curious picture of the sad and ludicrous to see these former slaves revelling in the halls where statesmen met and arranged their treasonable plots. This town was burned by the rebels, but it had been rebuilt by these freed people, of course in their own way, and of rough buildings. They have their houses and little patches of ground, where they raise vegetables for the hospitals, Fortress Monroe and Norfolk. Some of them were employed in the hospitals.

In Norfolk and Portsmouth there were four or five thousand more of these people. They occupy for the most part deserted plantations, which they cultivate. Ex-Gov. Wise's plantation is occupied by some 300 of these refuges, some of them his former slaves. These plantations are cut up into little farms, and are in a fine region of country. Here they have no difficulty in taking care of themselves. One great desideratum on the part of all this class of people is to learn to read. The different schools established for this purpose are accomplishing wonders. In Alexandria was a school founded by Washington, of the highest order and supported by a fund contributed by him since 1812, which is now occupied as a school for some 150 colored children. At Norfolk there are larger schools, instituted by Gen. Butler and under the charge of a gentleman from Chelsea. They are showing great progress in their studies, although they are not alike in this respect, any more than white children.

What is our duty in respect to these people? We are to educate them. The American Tract Society are circulating fifty thousand copies of the Freedman, a little paper suited to their wants, every month among them. They are also preparing a series of educational books for their uses.

Never was so great a field of usefulness open for christian labor, and if we do our part towards making it ripe for the harvest, then may we expect to hear the welcome plaudit of our Lord, saying unto us, "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye did it unto me."

SCHOOLS.—Miss Caroline Pitkins, a graduate of the Normal School at Salem, in the Class of 1864, succeeds Miss I. B. Tenney (who declined a reappointment,) as teacher of the Gifford Grammar School for the ensuing term.

PIC-NIC.—The Sunday School and Society connected with the Congregationalist Church, propose to unite in an excursion to and Pic-nic at Excelsior Grove, which is located in what is called Forge Valley, about six miles from Lowell on the Stony Brook Railroad, on Tuesday next. The grove is represented to be a very pleasant and attractive place, and fitted with all the conveniences for such purposes. A band of music will accompany the party. A special train will carry the excursionists, and the price of tickets is fixed at fifty cents each for adults and children.

IN MEMORIAM.—Last Wednesday the sad intelligence was received of the decease of Mr. Samuel D. Quimby, at the home of his parents in New Hampshire. Mr. Quimby was attacked with bleeding at the lungs about the first of last January, which continued for several weeks, and brought him to the point of death. The bleeding was, however, checked, and he recovered so far as to be about the house and ride out occasionally, but not to do any business. He then went to the place of his birth, thinking that a sojourn there might improve his health. But though somewhat improved, he continued rather feeble, and another attack of bleeding again prostrated him and caused his death. He was a man well known and respected in our community, and for several years a consistent member of the Cong. Church, and has held several offices of honor and trust in our municipalty. Always ready to do his part in every movement for the improvement or prosperity of the Church, the community, and every other good work, his decease in the prime of life will be severely felt and regretted. A link in the family chain is broken in the removal of the kind husband and indulgent father, and the community will sadly miss another upright citizen.

From another family, a few days since, the destroying angel summoned away the wife of one of our most respected citizens—one whom as a wife, mother and daughter, none knew but to love, or named but to praise. In the midst of her usefulness, though loving hearts would fain have kept her here, the summons came, "Come up higher," and with Christian resignation she passed from her earthly to her heavenly home.

"Thus friend after friend departs:
Who has not lost a friend?"

NATIONAL FAST.—The National Fast was observed by a Union Prayer Meeting in the vestry of the Cong. Church in the afternoon of the day.

EXCELSIOR.

Those who angle continually for praise, get bitten oftener than the bait does.

SOUTH READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

Names of volunteers in the Richardson Light Guard, who responded to the call for one hundred days' service. We have delayed publishing them until the present time, in order to copy from a corrected list:—

SOUTH READING.

CAPTAIN—Samuel F. Littlefield.
FIRST LIEUT—Jason H. Knight.
SECOND LIEUT—James A. Burditt.

Rufus F Draper	Jos W Symonds
William L Coon	Jos L Hurd
James M Morrill	R Kimball Danforth
David Newhall	Samuel E Blair
Wm D Deadman	Jonathan Hazelton
George Colby	Windfield S Hawkes
Parker I Atwood	Geo B Arrington
Geo A Thompson	Franklin Taylor
Geo E Tibbetts	James W Harnden
T Judson Skinner	Nathan G Jones
H Ballard Tuttle	Erastus Moulton
James M Sweetser	J Banard Wiley
Baxter I Wiley	Albert C Tufts
Alfred Oliver	George E Carey
Benjamin I Day	Morris P Wheeler
Cyrus E Marshall	John Martin
Wm W Kingman	Edwd G Mansfield
Sam'l P Hodgkins	Joseph L Day
John F Hart	Ira Wiley Jr
Geo W Stoddard	Walter Restarrick
Geo Carter	George H Barnes
Franklin L Snell	George R Nichols
Frederic H Lufkin	Dexter C Wright
Horace E Stone	Wm Henry Wiley
Wesley Stocker	Henry Butler
Benj N Frelethen	Eugene Bryant
Grey Vinton	William C Eaton
Nath'l Worcester	Joseph W Eaton
Frank Whitcomb	David Eaton
Artemas Symonds	Clarence P Foster

READING.

Edwin O Ruggles	James Kennsey
Eliab C Jones	Thomas Appleton
Frank J Hall	Oliver S Hartshorn
John J Adams	George W Nichols
Walter S Parker	Charles A Bessey
Jeremiah G Lovejoy	Benj McAllister
Wm C Parker	Henry Damon

MELROSE.

William N Tyler	David L Lyall
Thomas Shelton	Edward Vinton
Charles Kendall	Henry W Pratt
Patrick Quinn	John H L Anderson

LYNN.

Charles E Peabody	Charles H Badger
John Shay	Wm C Richards

BOSTON.

John Forrest	Arthur W Carter

SAUGUS.

Willard S Fiske

NORTH READING.

William H Jones

ARCHER, ME.

Joseph M Eaton

DOVER, N. H.

F Charles Horton Jr.

The above Company is known as Co. E, 8th Mass. Regiment. It has exchanged the letter "K" for "E,"—the Guard being known as Co. E, 5th Mass. Regiment, in the three months service of 1861.

CROPS AND PRICES.—Some people suppose that the farmers are realizing large gains on account of the present high prices of the articles which they produce. It is otherwise, in this vicinity at least. A thriving farmer has just left our office, who brought 5 bushels of potatoes to market, for which he received about $14. The land on which he dug them required in the spring, 4 bushels of seed potatoes, leaving a gain of 1 bushel. Ordinarily he would have obtained 25 bushels from the same ground, which he could about as well have afforded for 56 cents a bushel, as his 5 bushels for $2.80 per bushel. The same gentleman picked 25 bushels of green peas this year where he expected 125 bushels, for which he did not average over $2 a bushel, hardly exceeding per bushel the price last season. So of other vegetables. Beets, cucumbers, and the like articles, however, should be raised by everybody who cultivates even a small garden. Enough for family use will require but little space with attention, for if not blessed with genial showers, a free use of the watering pot will be almost mistaken for rain. We involuntarily shrink from the little venders who demand 25 cents per quart for berries, yet they are so scarce that they need to be sold by Wine measure, or else in fractional parts of a quart. They are about the size of homœopathic pills, and on examination are found to be black or blue skins covering a few dry seeds. Their sweetness consists in the name (being made into)—"berry pie."

COMPANY E.—After forwarding the names of Company E to the printer, obtained from the Selectmen, we received, by previous solicitation, a list from E. G. M., a member of the Company, which varies in some initials, and residences, from the one we authorized to be published, as well as containing additional names. We were at a good deal of pains to procure a list entirely reliable, as a matter for future reference, but cannot say positively that we have succeeded.

WAR MEETINGS.—The excitement attending the raising of money to procure men to fill our quota, increased through the week and culminated at a late hour last Saturday evening, when the series of meetings closed, after the announcement that between eleven and twelve thousand dollars had been pledged.

16TH REG.—Of some 50 or 60 men from this town connected with Co. E, 16 Mass. Reg., at the expiration of the 3 years, 5 only returned with the Regiment viz: Serg't Warren Nichols, Benjamin C. Prall, John H. Eaton, Thomas Evans, and William Hauglin. Of the others, some had been previously honorably discharged; some were on furloughs from sickness; some have re-enlisted—some were killed on the battle field—and some have died in hospitals. M.

FACTS FOR SOLDIERS. Throughout the Indian and Crimean Campaigns, the only medicines which proved themselves able to cure the worst cases of Dysentery, Scurvy and Fever, were Holloway's Pills and Ointment. Therefore, let every Volunteer see that he is supplied with them.

If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. 228

THE TAX PAYERS OF WOBURN.—Woburn has a total valuation, under the present State law, which exempts all bank stock, insurance and railroad stock, and stock in manufacturing corporations, from municipal taxation—of $4,907,538—said institutions paying a tax to the State on all such stock of 1 1-6 per cent. Hence the valuation of the town is comparatively small, and the *town* tax of some of our wealthiest citizens is much reduced,

The real estate of the town is valued at $3,130,715, and the personal at $1,776,823. The rate of taxation is $11 2-10ths on a thousand. The total tax amounts to $58,968 85. The number of polls is 2002. Acres taxed, 7779 5-8. Dwelling houses, 1096 1-2. Horses, 474. Cows, 411. Sheep 2

Fifty dollars and upwards, is paid by the persons named below:—

Ruth Abbott,	229 04
L. H. Allen,	53 52
G. W. Allen,	276 45
Stephen M. Allen,	136 68
Robert Ames,	92 05
Charles O. Ames,	52 06
John Bacon & Co.,	109 20
William W. Bartlett,	54 08
Moses C. Bean,	143 68
Ebenezer N. Blake,	524 65
J. C. Bodwell,	92 93
Charles Bond,	134 27
Bond & Tidd,	212 80
Timothy D. Bond,	137 91
James W. Brooks,	62 25
Bowen Buckman,	284 42
Alexander Campbell,	74 07
Albert Carter,	52 40
Anthony Carter,	55 48
Alfred G. Carter,	149 84
Dexter Carter,	72 22
E. W. Champney,	75 47
George M. Champney,	74 35
Charles Choate,	960 44
Choate and Cummings,	224 00
John Clough,	119 15
William A. Colegate,	75 10
John G. Cole,	50 16
Horace Conn,	646 28
Jesse Converse,	57 44
Jesse G. Converse,	66 68
David G. Converse,	80 40
Sherman Converse,	66 74
Joshua P. Converse,	110 64
Parker L. Converse,	198 56
Martin L. Converse,	52 96
J. P. & P. L. Converse, Trustees to C. R. Brooks,	327 32
J. P. & P. L. Converse, Trustees to Wade Estate.	291 93
Samuel Cook,	58 28
L. W. Cooper,	61 92
Francis K. Cragin,	174 48
John Cummings,	72 11
John Cummings, Jr.,	274 94
Do. Admr. Est. of Stephen Cummings,	64 42
J. Cummings, Jr. & Co.,	992 65
Cyrus Cummings,	175 60
Joshua Cummings,	63 60
Henry Cummings,	50 16
Joanna M. Cummings,	86 24
Harriet M. Cummings,	99 01
Heirs of Benjamin Cutter,	198 47
Jesse Cutler,	63 94
Andrew Dearborn,	97 59
Patrick Dever,	57 83
Stephen Dow,	443 06
William Duren,	150 57
Abraham Duren,	106 84
Samuel R. Duren,	97 87
Noah Eaton,	51 28
Page Eaton, Jr.,	76 72
Susan T. Edgell,	111 72
James S. Ellis,	214 41
Alexander Ellis,	64 72
Oliver Fisher,	69 87
George Flagg,	484 28
Sewell Flagg,	355 64
John G. Flagg,	287 32
William Flagg,	63 88
William E. Flagg,	56 71
B. F. Flagg,	103 70
Frederick Flint,	86 11
Luther A. Fowle,	215 36
Walter A. Fowle,	56 83
John Fowle,	56 43
Luke Fowle,	161 94
Leonard Fowle,	108 90
Warren Fox,	52 40
Harriet M. Fox & Mary Hart,	88 48
Walter Frost,	105 54
Heirs of William Furnace,	80 08
G. R. Gage,	124 08
Heirs of Joseph Gardner,	61 88
Grammer & Brother,	134 63
Curtis Greenwood,	54 54
Ezra Hackett,	73 68
J. W. Hammond,	71 72
J. M. Harlow,	127 16
D. D. Hart,	508 69
W. B. Harris,	86 84
A. H. Hayward,	56 88
Jotham Hill,	138 64
Samuel K. Hildreth,	71 38
Michael Hittenger,	74 70
George Holden,	346 40
Simon Holden,	129 18
E. W. Hudson,	252 82
John Johnson,	117 81
Johnson & Parker,	1381 24
Charles Jones,	102 52
Eli Jones,	655 52
Joseph Kelley,	346 62
Joseph R. Kendall,	139 37
Franklin Keyes,	133 88
John Leathe,	70 15
Heirs of Samuel Leathe,	159 32
Heirs of Nehemiah Littlefield,	80 64
Joshua E. Littlefield,	312 30
James Mackintire,	113 72
John Madan,	92 72
Uriah Manning,	78 44
Estate of Fred May,	129 02
Joseph B. McDonald,	203 04
Merrimac Chemical Co.,	154 56
Benjamin Millett,	108 40
Do. Trustee of J. Cummings and other Trustees,	62 72
Do. Trustee of Baptist Church trust fund,	141 27
Harris Munroe,	220 40
Jere W. Mower,	59 96
Tracy C. Nichols,	62 76
Nichols, Winn, & Co.,	425 43
Stephen Nichols,	112 60
Charles Nichols,	88 80
L. B. Norris,	161 04
A. P. L. Norris,	114 95
James Parker,	50 16
Ebenezer Parker,	50 16
Heirs of Henry Parker,	80 08
Oliver H. Parker,	104 20
L. W. Parham,	63 04
Thomas J. Pierce,	70 66
Rufus Pickering,	85 16
Pierce & Hall,	323 01
William Pierce,	53 30
Jacob Pierce,	359 22
Sewell Pierce,	53 24
Samuel Pierce,	52 40
Heirs of John J. Pippy,	63 84
Heirs of Augustus Plympton,	299 88
S. O. Pollard,	60 86
S. O. Pollard & Co.,	505 12
Asa D. Pollard,	129 12
Division 31,	57 68
Thomas J. Porter,	79 52
S. B Pratt,	75 92
Estate of J. M. Randall,	60 76
George W. Reed,	113 72
Mrs. Beulah Reynolds,	103 60
L. G. Richardson,	65 28
Daniel Richardson,	183 05
Heirs of Josiah Richardson,	217 76
Elijah D. Richardson,	107 50
Thomas Richardson,	276 01
Do. Guardian of Colcord heirs,	87 36
Stephen Richardson & Sons,	157 92
John I. Richardson,	52 84
Calvin Richardson,	95 07
Daniel H. Richards,	120 16
Augustus Roundy,	127 47
Samuel W. Russell,	70 38
David Russel, Jr.,	89 86
Heirs of John F. Seaver,	52 98
Lewis Shaw,	572 64
Shaw, Taylor & Co.,	397 04
Samuel C. Skelton,	88 80
Sarah and Emily Skelton,	92 40
James Skinner,	61 36
Charles A. Smith,	103 75
Franklin Smith,	54 64
Eckley Stearns,	102 80
Joshua Stoddard,	59 68
Henry Taylor,	128 00
James D. Taylor,	99 50
Sewall Taylor,	50 05
Leonard Thompson,	214 24
Leonard Thompson, Jr.,	69 76
Thompson & Choate,	67 20
Abijah Thompson,	11 51
A. Thompson & Co.,	2065 28
Mary E. Thompson,	67 20
A. E. Thompson,	184 90
Jonathan Thompson,	108 12
Heirs of S. I. Thompson,	62 16
John Tidd & Sons,	127 68
Estate of Charles Tidd,	345 52
Jonathan Tidd,	96 20
Elbridge Trull,	123 24
Samuel Trull,	99 72
Charles Trull,	50 16
William A. Tufts,	149 22
James Tweed,	72 00
James P. Tyler,	53 52
Moses A. Tyler,	94 12
William Vaughan,	53 52
John Weston,	145 48
Charles S. White,	102 42
Lewis L. Whitney,	55 48
Hiram Whitford,	54 92
Jacob C. Whitcher,	56 88
George Winn,	61 08
Joseph Winn,	74 80
Jonathan B. Winn,	453 40
J. B. Winn & Co.,	1992 76
Timothy Winn,	256 38
Moses F. Winn,	137 00
Winn, Eaton & Co,	353 70
John Winning,	88 19
Woburn Bank,	168 00
Woburn Gas Co.,	112 00
Woburn Lyceum Hall Association,	141 24
Woburn A. & M. Association,	225 12
Sylvanus Wood,	191 00
Benjamin and Francis Wood,	56 28
William Woodberry,	72 56
Heirs of Caleb Wright,	67 20
Benjamin F. Wyer,	71 44
Walter Wyman,	72 70
Luther B. Wyman,	54 88
Winthrop Wyman,	70 13
Ward Wyman,	50 44
Charles A. Wyman,	75 08
Elijah Wyman, 2d,	114 62
Mary Young,	72 80

NON-RESIDENTS.

Mrs. James F. Baldwin,	95 20
John Bigelow,	61 32
B. & L. R. R. Co.,	157 72
w. W. Bulloch,	61 60
Palmer and Batchelders,	72 42
Asa Wilbur,	72 46
Rufus Wyman and Brother,	201 95
Nathan Johnson,	70 56
Oliver Hastings,	90 44
George R. Baldwin,	370 27
Timothy Calnin	53 48
Job Richardson,	106 79
Peter C. Shedd,	70 67
Heirs of Oliver Bacon,	268 80

A GOOD EXAMPLE.—A gentleman well known for his generous liberality to our brave soldiers in the field and hospital, is going to put up a large quantity of pickles in kegs and barrels, and will fill all the empty jars he can obtain, large or small. They may be left with the Postmaster. They are wanted at once.

Married

In Woburn, Aug. 4th, by Rev. Eli Fay, Mr. Frederick G. King and Miss Harriet Alice Sawtelle, all of Woburn.

In South Reading, July 27, by Rev. Geo. Bullen, Mr. Orin A. Dodge, (of the Invalid Corps) and Mrs. Adelaide M. Smith, both of Stoneham.

Died

In this town, July 30th, Mr. John Knight, aged 64 years, 1 month. After many weary months of pain and suffering, borne without the least murmur or complaint, he has gone from the toils and ills of earth to that better land where sorrow and affliction are never known.—[Com.

In Woburn, July 31, Frank, son of Jos. B. and Harriet Sawtell, aged 4 mos. 22 days.

In Woburn, July 27, Hugh, son of Patrick and Bridget Farry, aged 1 year, 4 months.

In Woburn, August 2, Daniel Haggerty, aged 23 years.

In Woburn, August 2, Daniel Hanley, aged 34 years.

In Woburn, Aug. 4, George R., son of Charles A. and Elizabeth A. Smith, aged 16 years, 1 mo. and 17 days. Funeral from the First Cong. Church, this day, at 2 o'clock.

In Woburn, July 26, Samuel Mead, aged 69 years; Margaret McDonald, aged 1 year, 4 months, 26 days. July 30, John Knight, aged 64 years. Aug 1, Etta A. Pearce, aged 5 months; Ida Monks, aged 2 months. Aug. 4, Mary Rogers, aged 7 years 6 months.

In South Reading, Aug. 3, Charles Leonard Willan, aged 2 years.

Special Notices.

WARREN ACADEMY.

The fall term of this institution will begin MONDAY, August 22d, and continue eleven weeks under the instruction of Mr. D. W Sanborn, A. M., Principal. A preparatory department will be conducted by Miss. Kate Bodwell. Children as young as parents choose to send, will be admitted. Miss Bodwell is an experienced and successful teacher.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, Sec. Board of Trustees.
Woburn, August 6, 1864. 3t.

NOTICE.

The subscriber respectfully informs those in debted to him for subscriptions to the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL, and for Job Work, that he will present them with their bills in the course of a few days, when he trusts they will find it convenient to settle. E. T. MOODY.
Woburn, July 30, 1864.

Instruction on the Piano-Forte.

Mrs. L. M. DALTON, would like to procure a few pupils for instruction on the Piano-Forte.—Her experience enables her to give thorough instruction, and she invites those wishing to take lessons to call upon her at her residence, CANAL STREET, WOBURN.
Woburn, June 10, 1864. 37—3m.

EDITOR OF JOURNAL:—*Dear Sir,*—With your permission, I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail with out charge. Respectfully yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
jy23—3m* 831 Broadway, New York.

A Card to the Suffering.

SWALLOW two or three hogsheads of "Buchu," "Tonic Bitters," "Nervous Antidotes," &c., &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the result, then try one box of OLD DOCTOR BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS—and be restored to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the broken down and shattered constitution. Old and young can take them with advantage. Imported and sold in the United States only by
JAS. S. BUTLER,
No. 427 Broadway, New York.
Agent for the United States.

P. S.—A box of the Pills, securely packed, will be mailed to any address on receipt of price, which is ONE DOLLAR, post paid—money refunded by the Agent if entire satisfaction is not given.
jy23—3m*

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED?

DR. BUCHAN'S
ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESS, Impotency, premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual, and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced Price One Dollar per box. Sent post-paid by mail on receipt of an order. One box will perfect the cure in most cases. Address,
JAMES S. BUTLER,
General Agent, 427 Broadway, New York.
jy23—3m*

THE HISTORY

OF

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

The most remarkable medicine of the day, and the many cures that have been performed with it in cases of Liver Complaint, Dispepsia, Nervous Debility, and other diseases arising from a disordered stomach or liver, places it at once among the most astonishing discoveries that has taken place in the medical world. The diseases to which bitters are applicable are so universal that there are but few of our friends who may not test their virtues in their own families or circle of acquaintances, and prove to their own satisfaction that there is at least one remedy among the many advertised medicines, deserving the public commendation.

For sale by druggists and dealers everywhere.
jy30—2m

BE WISE BY TIMES.

Do not trifle with your health, constitution, and character. If you are suffering with any diseases for which
HELMBOLD'S EXTRA BUCHU
is recommended.
TRY IT! TRY IT! TRY IT!
It will cure you, save long suffering, allaying Pain and inflammation, and will restore you to
HEALTH AND PURITY,
At little expense and no exposure. Cut out the advertisement in another column, and call or send for it.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!
Ask for Helmbold's Take no other.
CURES GUARANTEED.
jy30—2m

"HARD TIMES COFFEE."

This Coffee has stood the test, and is
Unequalled by any other Substitute.
No one who delights in a
Cup of good Coffee
Should be without it.
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
H. B. NEWHALL,
36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

Certificate of Dr. Hayes.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully,
A. A. HAYES, M. D.,
jy16—2m eow State Assayer.

Town Warrant.



Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX ss.

To either of the Constables of the Town of Woburn in said County, GREETING:

IN the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, you are hereby required to notify and warn the inhabitants of the Town of Woburn, qualified to vote in town affairs, to meet at the Town Hall, in said Woburn, on Wednesday, the tenth day of August, at half past six of the clock, P. M., to act on the following articles, viz:

Art. 1. To choose a Moderator to preside at said meeting.

Art. 2. To see what sum or sums of money the town will authorize the Town Treasurer, under the direction of the Selectmen, to pay for a sufficient number of volunteers to fill our present quota of one hundred and ten men, and whether the same shall be paid in GOLD, or do or act any thing in relation to the same.

And you are directed to serve this Warrant by causing attested copies of the same to be posted up at each of the public meeting-houses within the Town, seven days at least before the time named herein for holding said meeting.

Hereof fail not, and make due return of this Warrant, with your doings thereon, to the Town Clerk, at or before the time of holding said Meeting.

Given under our hands, and the seal of the Town affixed, this second day of August, A. D., 1864.

ELBRIDGE TRULL, A. E. THOMPSON, MOSES A. TYLER, L. G. RICHARDSON, S. O. POLLARD, } Selectmen of Woburn.

A true copy. Attest:
EDWARD SIMONDS, Constable.

Mortgagee's Sale.

BY virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed, given by J. Emery, Jr., dated June 13th, 1863, and recorded with Middlesex (So. Dist.) Deeds, Lib. 908, Fol. 336, will be sold at Public Auction, on Monday, the twenty second day of August, 1864, at (5) five o'clock, P. M., on the premises, for a breach of the conditions of said mortgage deed: ALL the Real Estate described in said mortgage deed, consisting of a certain tract or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon standing, situated in Stoneham, on the northerly side of Franklin Street, containing eight acres and twenty-one poles, more or less, being lot numbered three on a plan of Joshua Green's estate, made by Amasa Farrier, Surveyor, March, 1863, and bounded as follows, viz:—Beginning at the southwesterly corner of the premises at a stake at said street, and by lot numbered two on said plan; thence the line runs northerly by said lot number two, nine hundred and eighty feet to a stake at land of William G. Fuller; thence easterly by said Fuller's land, and land of the heirs of Thomas Gould, three hundred and twenty-five feet, to a stake at lot numbered four on said plan; then southerly by said lot number four, eleven hundred and forty feet to a stake at said Franklin Street, thence northwesterly by said street four hundred and five feet to the bound first mentioned.

JOHN HILL, Mortgagee.
aug 6—3w



SELECTMEN'S OFFICE,
WOBURN, July 7, 1864.

The attention of the citizens of Woburn, NOT LIABLE TO DRAFT, is respectfully called to the annexed Circular, and extracts from Gen. Order No. 23. It affords the opportunity to those interested in the success of the National cause, to give to the country the proof of their patriotism, by placing in the Army a personal representative.

All cannot go to the front and give their personal service, but every citizen has now the privilege of voluntarily placing his representative there, and thus aiding to secure the prompt and decisive overthrow of the rebellion.

Let the citizens of Woburn nobly respond to this new call on their patriotism.

All persons enlisting as representative recruits under this authority, will receive the Town Bounty of One Hundred and Twenty-Five Dollars.

By order of the Board of Selectmen,
A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
PROVOST-MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., June 26, 1864.

Persons not fit for military duty and not liable to draft, from age or other causes, have expressed a desire to be personally represented in the Army. In addition to the contributions they have made in the way of bounties, they propose to procure at their own expense, and present for enlistment, recruits to represent them in the service. Such practical patriotism is worthy of special commendation and encouragement. Provost-Marshals, and all other officers acting under this Bureau, are ordered to furnish all the facilities in their power to enlist and muster promptly the acceptable *representative recruits* presented, in accordance with the design herein set forth.

The name of the person whom the recruit represents will be noted on the Enlistment and Descriptive Roll of the recruit, and will be carried forward from those papers to the other official records which form his military history.

Suitably prepared certificates of this *personal representation* in the service will be forwarded from this office, to be filled out and issued by Provost-Marshals to the persons who put in *representative recruits.*

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost-Marshal General.

FROM GEN. ORDER NO. 23.

The men enlisted under the provisions of the above circular will be entitled to the bounty from the State; and their families the State Aid. These men are *Representative Recruits,*—that is to say, men induced to enlist, by the exertions of patriotic men who are not themselves liable to do military service, and not substitutes who are enlisted in the place of men either liable to military duty, or who have been drafted.

By order of His Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander in-Chief.
WILLIAM SCHOULER,
Adjutant General.
jy9

Letters Remaining Unclaimed,

IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN, State of Massachusetts, 6th day of Aug. 1864.

☞ "To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for *'advertised letters,'* give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Free delivery of letters by carriers, at the residence of owners, in cities and large towns, may be secured by observing the following rules;

1. Direct letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the post office and State.

2. Head letters with the writer's post-office and State, street and number, sign them plainly with full name, and request that answers be directed accordingly.

3. Letters to strangers or transient visitors in a town or city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked, in the lower left-hand corner, with the word 'Transient.'

4. Place the postage stamp on the upper right hand corner, and leave space between the stamp and direction for post-marking without interfering with the writing.

N. B. A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within 30 days or less, written or printed with the writer's name, post office, and State, across the left-hand end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with at the usual prepaid rate of postage, payable when the letter is delivered to the writer."—Sec. 28, of Law of 1863.

Brien, Annie E	Gustin, James H
Conlon, John	McCarthy, Michael A
Dauffin, John	Mounts, J. W.

NATHAN WYMAN, P. M.

4711 Farina Cologne 4711

Celebrated for its excellence all over the world, For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given, that the Subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of ABEL WYMAN, late of Woburn, in the county of Middlesex, deceased, and taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to
CHARLES A. WYMAN, Admr.
Woburn, May 24th, 1864.

OLD PAPERS, &C.

OLD NEWSPAPERS, PAMPHLETS, &c. purchased at the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL OFFICE. Persons having large or small quantities to dispose of, are invited to bring them to the above place.
Woburn, April 23, 1864.

FEAR AT AN END!

No one is now deterred from changing the
WHISKERS OR MUSTACHE
from red, gray or sandy to a rich
BLACK OR BROWN
by a fear of injuring or staining the skin.
CHRISTADORO'S DYE
is harmless as water, mild as new milk and
TRUE TO NATURE
in the magnificent colors it imparts.
Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere and applied by all Hair Dressers.
Price, $1, $1.50, and $3 per box, according to size.
Cristadoro's Hair Preservative.
Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Hair. Price, 50 cents, $1, and $2 per bottle, according to size. jy16—3w.

Penrhyn Marble Co.

Enamelled Slate Chimney Pieces, cheaper than Marble. Garden Vases, Pedestals, Flower Pots and Hanging Baskets, Toilet Setts, Bohemian, Lava, China and Terra Cotta Vases, and other fancy goods—Flower Baskets, Chimney Tops, English Tile.
The best assortment of the kind in Boston.
JOSEPH STORY, Treas.
Studio Building 112 Tremont st., Boston.

NEW STOCK OF ROOM PAPER!

A LARGE SUPPLY OF
NEW PATTERNS,
of the above, has just been received from New York, at the
Woburn Bookstore,
and will be sold very low. Also, BORDERING in variety, and Paper for Curtains and Side Lights.

WYMAN'S

AMBROTYPE, MELAINOTYPE, AND Daguerreotype Rooms,
KELLEY'S BLOCK, ... WOBURN.
PARTICULAR attention given to copying pictures.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBURN CENTRE.

TOILET EXTRACTS.

In endless variety, many of which will be sold at a low figure. By
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

G. R. GAGE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
New Bank Building, Woburn,
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he is now located in his new store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS
made in the best style, and warranted to fit.
Particular attention paid to making
Boys' Clothing.
He has on hand a large stock of the best and most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the season, which will be made up to order at the most reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS
of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly on hand.
Woburn, March 19th, 1864.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, Free of Charge. Address
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House, New York City.
jy9—1m*

English, French and American
BRUSHES,
FOR THE
HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.
For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

For Sale in South Reading.

The Estate on Eaton Street, belonging to Loel Sweetser, consisting of a house, 33 feet by 29, and one acre of land, well stocked with fruit trees. Being in the centre of the town, it is a fine location. If any person is desirous of purchasing, please call and examine.
Price $2,000. july23—3t*

ATKINSON'S FRENCH PLASTER. Highly Recommended for CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD JOINTS, NAILS IN-GROWING, or any Disease of the Feet.
This Plaster effects a cure without pain or inconvenience. After the application the boot or shoe can be worn with perfect ease. Warranted not injurious. Procured of all principal druggists and Boot and shoe dealers. Made only by W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., Tremont corner Boylston streets, Boston, Mass. Wholesale agents, G. C. Goodwin & Co.; John Wilson, Jr., & Co., Boston.

ATKINSON'S FURNITURE POLISH. For VARNISHED or POLISHED FURNITURE, this excellent Polish will not fail to restore furniture to its original brilliancy. After using this preparation, the touch of the hand will not leave a mark or soil furniture.
Obtained at the principal dealers in furniture, and traders generally. W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., manufacturer. Tremont corner Boylston streets. Wholesale agents, Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. Warranted not to injure the varnish. 40 3m

Keep Cool by Drinking
BRIGHAM'S
ARCTIC SODA WATER,
Which runs in a constant stream at No. 5 WADES BLOCK.

VERNATELLA.
WARRANTED TO MAKE THE
SOLES OF BOOTS AND SHOES
WATER AND DAMPNESS PROOF,
AND WEAR ONE-THIRD LONGER.
VERNATELLA,
is a preparation from Copper, having no grease. Linseed oil, or anything of the kind, and when the soles are once saturated with it, water can no more get through them than through copper itself.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
AT RETAIL EVERYWHERE.
But its cost to the purchaser is really NOTHING, as it makes the soles wear enough longer to more than pay for it, leaving as a net gain the making of them Water and Dampness Proof and the preservation thereby of that priceless gem, the health.

LADIES, READ THIS.
SAVE YOUR HEALTH!
Use Vernatella on the soles of your Shoes. It makes them water proof and thereby protects your feet from dampness, for the ground is always more or less moist, either from rain or the morning and evening dew.
At Wholesale in Boston by
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 38 Hanover street.
S. M. COSCORD & CO., 86 Hanover street.
M. S. BURR & CO., 26 Tremont street.
CARTER, RUST & CO., 43, Hanover street.
And Wholesale Druggists generally. Also by all the Principal Dealers in Boots and Shoes.
Manufactured in the CHEMICAL DEPARTMENT of the
Cahoon Manufacturing Company.
WYMAM & TYLER, Agents.
49—7m 89, Water street, Boston.

FRANK T. DODGE,
WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER,
ALSO, DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated-Ware, Musical Instruments, Fancy Goods, &c
☞ *Melodeons For Sale and to Let.*
WADE BLOCK, MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

Central Market,
Main Street, Woburn.
THE subscriber having taken the store for merly occupied by E. G. SOLES, will keep constantly on hand West India Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Vegetables, &c. G. WHITFORD.

WOBURN MARBLE & GRANITE STONE-WORKS.
THE subscribers offer for sale the largest and best assortment of MARBLE
Monuments and Gravestones
ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular attention given to the
Fitting up of Cemetery Lots
with GRANITE EDGE-STONE and POSTS.
Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for Building purposes furnished to order.
OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin Warerooms, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass
A. SCOTT & CO.
R. PICKERING, Agent.
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1854—21-y.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE
EFFECTED IN
Good Stock & Mutual Companies;
Also, PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, &c., obtained for Widows, Children, Fathers, Mothers, Brothers or Sisters, through the agency of HORATIO WOODMAN, Esq., of Boston,
By SPARROW HORTON Agt.,
AT THE
WOBURN POST-OFFICE.

C. S. ADKINS,
DEALER IN
BOOKS, STATIONERY,
PERIODICALS,
CONFECTIONERY, &C., &C.,
WOULD respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Woburn and vicinity to a good assortment of
Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Sand, Mucilage, Sealing Wax, and all articles usually found in a Stationery Store.
Daily Papers and Periodicals of the day.
Sheet Music—Vocal and Instrumental.
Violin and Guitar Strings.
Confectionery of all kinds, and of the best quality.
Also, HOVEY'S HAIR BALM, one of the best preparations for the Hair, offered to the public.
"TOWNSMAN" BUILDING,
Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

MIDDLESEX
WAR-CLAIM ASSOCIATION,
Office, 4 Niles Block, 33 School St., Boston.
THIS ASSOCIATION has been formed to aid Soldiers, Seamen, and their Families, in obtaining PENSIONS BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, PRIZE MONEY, LAND, and other claims against the Government.
Applications for the collection of claims should be made by letter, or in person, to the Attorney of the Association.
Advice will be given by the Attorney without charge.
Upon the collection of claims, small charges, established by the Directors, will be made.
HON. JOEL PARKER, President.
HON. D. W. GOOCH, } Vice Presdts.
HON. GEO. S. BOUTWELL, }
DIRECTORS—Joel Parker, Geo. S. Boutwell, D. W. Gooch, Leonard Huntress, James M. Shute, Phineas J. Stone, Chas. Hudson, E. J. Collins, Amos Stone, H. Hosford, Horace Conn, J. H. Wait, Charles Kimball, John K. Going.
A. B. COFFIN, Attorney, No. 33 School Street, Boston. GEO. W. COPELAND, Secretary and Treasurer, 5 Tremont Street, Boston. 29 1y.

J. M. GROSVENOR, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE at the Corner of Union and Main Streets.
REFERENCES — Dixi Crosby, M. D., Prof. of Surgery at Dartmouth College; E. R. Peaslee, M. D., LL. D., New York; Surgeon J. C. Dorr, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.; E. B. Peirson, M. D., Salem, Mass. 29 tf.

DR. C. T. LANG,
Surgeon Dentist.
Cor. Winn and Pleasant Sts.
Woburn Centre, Mass.

MRS. M. E. FIELD,
MILLINER,
Keeps constantly on hand
BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, DRESS TRIMMINGS, CAPS, BRAIDS, LACES, SILKS, WORSTEDS, &c.
MOURNING GOODS furnished at short notice
☞ BONNETS Bleached, Pressed and Trimmed to order.
Bank Block, Main Street, Woburn.

WILLIAM WINN,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER.
BURLINGTON, MASS.
Sales of Real and Personal Estate attended to on reasonable terms.
Orders left at the *Journal* office will receive prompt attention.

H. HARRIMAN,
HARNESS AND COLLAR MANUFACTURER.
Corner of Ockley Court and Main Street, (opposite Central House), Woburn Mass.
Harnesses of every description made from the best stock, and by experienced workmen, at low prices.
Repairing neatly done.

HORACE COLLAMORE,
DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX COUNTY.
OFFICE:—4 WADE'S BLOCK,
Woburn Centre.

A. B. COFFIN,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW
No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.
Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street.

"BIG THING ON ICE."
ONE OF TUFT'S
ARCTIC SODA FIXTURES!
Has been placed on the Counter of the APOTHECARY at
No. 5 Wade Block, Main St.
He now offers to the thirsty public a cold glass of Soda Water with either of
12 varieties of Fruit and Cream Syrups.
☞ CALL AND SAMPLE THE GOODS. ☜

SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
WOBURN CENTRE.

M. L. MORSE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
STONEHAM.
☞ Office over Store of C. H. Montague.

BOSTON AND LOWELL
And Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Stony Brook Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowell Railroads.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 16th, 1864, trains will leave BOSTON for—
Upper Railroads, 6.00, 8.00 a m, 12.00, 5.30 p m.
Wilton, Milford, Danforth's Corner, S. Merrimack 8.00 a.m. 12.00, 5.30 p. m.
Nashua, 6.00, 8.00† am, 12 m, 5.30 pm
Tyngsboro', No. Chelmsford 6.00am, 12.00, 5.30pm
Groton Junction 10.00 (exp) a.m., 2.30 p. m.
Lowell, 6.00, 8.00†, 10.00 am, 12.00 (exp), 2.30, 5.30 (exp), 6 pm.
North Billerica, Billerica & Tewksbury, Wilmington, 6.00, 10.00 a m, 2.30, 6.00 p m.
S. Wilmington, N. Woburn, 10 a m, 2.30, p m.
Wo

CHILDREN.—A friend of ours—a publisher—once thought of re-publishing a Christmas story from a large English collection which he had imported. He made his selection, and gave the balance to his little son to read. Next day the boy rushed to his father with one of the stories in his fist, and with glowing face and sparkling eyes exclaimes: "O, father! this is a story for Christmas! It's a real stunner, and will take down the world!" The father published both. His boy's selection went through four editions; his own still lies unsold on his shelves.

We know a little chubby-faced boy, who being taken down town, and suited to a new jacket and pants by his father, made the following remark as they were about to take the cars for home: "Now, father, you have spent so much money on me to day, that I can't bear to have you spend any more; so you just jump in the car and ride home, and I'll trot along on the sidewalk, and save you three cents. There was thoughtfulness for an eight year old!

Solon Spike has a word to say on economy, and in his own peculiar style. Hear him:

Tawlk abowt thee ladis ekonnomisin in dress! Tha karnt dew it. y i shood jest as sune think of goin without my yewshul sallyratus biskit and strong buter. Tha karnt dew it! dew u spose that mehitable mariah nason is 2 ware gengem wen jain elisy tomkins wares silk? j gess not. wot wood my wife dew, i shood like 2 no, if shee koodent sa 2 me—"fitzwilliam, i sor sutch a love ov a dres in ——'s winder, and ther aint another like it in the sitty; i am shure u wood like it and u no i hev'nt hed a noo dres fur a munth;" or, "love, harri lee's wife has got sutch a butifle kactus bunnit, and miss rhodes ses thee baskit stile wood b jest thee thing fur a blond komplekshun." y, i hev hurd sutch tork as that fur fore long yeers, an i olwos eggspecked 2, which is moar. knot but wimmin wood luke better drest in gude, sarvisable, substanshal clothin, then tha wood in silks an guegors, thair kan b no dowt. Wen thee wimmin awl ekkonnimise, and r willin to live in a stile korrespondin with thair husband's inkums it yill be time 2 sa, in thee words ov thee poick, "there's a gude tim kummin."

A BLIND PRINTER.—The editor of the *Green Castle Banner* says he found a curiosity in a printing office at Gosport. One of the gentlemen connected with the establishment is a blind man, and sets up types remarkably well. He is the first blind printer we ever came across. He stated to us that his average day's work was 5000 ems, and that on several occasions he set from 7000 to 9000. His letter is distributed for him, and his copy read by his partner, his memory being so perfect he can retain from four to six lines; when this is finished he cries the last word "set," when another sentence is read, and thus continues on during the day.

DON'T FAIL TO READ THIS.

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

The East India Coffee CO.,

154 READE ST., (three doors from Greenwich Street), N. Y., call universal attention to their

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, has all the flavor of OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA, and is but half the price; and also that

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE has twice the strength of Java, or any other Coffee whatever and wherever used by our first class hotels and steamboats, the stewards say there is a saving of 50 per cent.

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, is the most healthy beverage known, and is very nutritious. The weak and infirm may use it at all times with impunity. The wife of the Rev. W. Eaves, local minister of the M. E. Church, Jersey city, who has not been able to use any coffee for fifteen years, can use

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, three times a day without injury, it being entirely free from those properties that produce nervous excitement.

Dr. JAMES BOYLE, of 156 CHAMBERS STREET, says: "I have never known any Coffee so healthy, nutritious, and free from all injurious qualities as

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, I advise my patients to drink it universally even those to whom I have hitherto prohibited the use of coffee."

The PRINCIPAL OF THE NEW YORK EYE INFIRMARY says: "I direct all the patients of our Institution to use exclusively

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, and would not be without it on any account."

The Rev. C. LAURE, an eminent clergyman of the M. E. Church, now stationed at Halsey street, Newark, says of

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. "I have used it nearly a year in my family, and find it produces no ache of the head or nervous irritation, as in the case of all other Coffees. It is exceedingly pleasant, and I cordially recommend it to all clergymen and their families."

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, is used daily by the families of Bishop Ames, Bishop Baker, Bishop James, and many of the most distinguished clergymen and professional men in the country."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

and be sure that the packages are labeled

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, 154 Reade Street, New York.

as there are numerous counterfeits afloat under the name of "Genuine East India Coffee," "Original East India Coffee," etc., put forth by impostors to deceive the unwary.

In 1 lb. packages, and in boxes of 36, 60, and 100 lbs., for Grocers and large consumers. Sold by Grocers generally.

Orders from Country Grocers solicited, to whom a very liberal discount will be made.

Wholesale Agents; Hoeflish & Molan, and W. J. Heins & Brother Philadelphia; Francis H. Perry, Providence; A. L. Waite & Co., Boston; Pynchon & Lee, Springfield, Mass; S. N. Callender, Buffalo; Gordon McMillan & Co., Cleveland; A. A. Colter & Co., Cincinnati; J. & J. W. Bunn, Springfield, Ill.; H. B. Shields, Corydon, Ind.; and C. C. Garber, Chicago.

The Am. Adv. Agency 308 Broadway, N. Y., will receive orders for the above named Coffee.

Business Department—E. ALFORD.
Corresp. Dep.—FOWLER & WELLS.

FARINA COLOGNE!

Just received and for sale by W. C. BRIGHAM.

MIDDLESEX JOURNAL

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Main Street, Woburn.

WE call the attention of the public to the facilities of the above establishment for the execution of

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PRINTING.

We are prepared to supply all classes of the ommunity with any kind of printing they may need.

BLANK BOOKS,
INSURANCE POLICIES,
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Particular attention paid to printing
POSTERS OF EVERY SIZE.

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☞ Persons in the adjoining towns who may wish printing done, can send their orders by mail, or otherwise, and rest assured that they will be promptly and correctly filled.

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MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

FEMALE STRENGTHENING CORDIAL

THIS Medicine is of long tried efficacy for correcting all disorders incidental to the feminine sex. That the afflicted may feel assured that this Cordial is truly valuable and worthy their confidence,—not one of those secret compounds purposed to destroy healthy action,—I add a few testimonials from physicians who all favor the Eclectic and Reformed Practice of Medicine in

Dr. Willard C. George, formerly Professor in the Worcester Medical College, and President of the Eclectic Medical Society, Mass., speaks of it in the following terms:

"I have used the Female Strengthening Cordial similar to that prepared by Dr. Geo. W. Swett, 106 Hanover Street, and I regard it as one of the best Medicines for Female Complaints that can be found."

Dr. J. King, Author of "Woman: Her Diseases and their treatment," says:

"This Medicine appears to exert a specific influence on the Uterus. It is a valuable agent in all derangments of the Female Reproducive Organs."

Dr E. Smith, President of the New York Association of Botanic Physicians, says:

"No Female, if in delicate health, should omit the timely use of this valuable Cordial. I owe much of my success in midwifery to the use of this Medicine."

Mothers and Married Ladies!

The following from Dr. Fay is well worthy your notice—

"As a general remedy for Female Complaints this 'Cordial' is a very valuable one, but by the Profession it is esteemed more highly for its good results during Confinement in relciving the greasuffering attendant upon childbirth. I acknowledge with Dr. Smith that much of my success in midwifery is due to the use of this medicine. It strengthens both mother and child. In such cases I follow the directions of Prof. King, by allowing my patients to use it a few weeks previous to confinement, as by the energy it imparts to the Uterine nervous system the labor will be very much facilitated, and removes the cramps which many females are liable to. No woman, if she knew the great value of this Strengthening Cordial would fail to use it."

I have received numerous testimonials from different parts of the country where used. Knowing the good it is capable of doing, I will warrant every bottle of my "Cordial" to be satisfactory in its results.

The following symptoms indicate those affections in which the Female Strengthening Cordial has proved invaluable—

Indisposition to Exertion, Wakefulness, Uneasiness, Depression of Spirits, Trembling, Loss of Power, Pain in the Back, Alternate Chills and Flushing of Heat, Dragging Sensation at the Lower Part of the Body, Headache, Languor, Aching along the Thighs, Intolerance of Light and Sound, Pale Countenance, Derangement of the Stomach & Bowels, Difficult Breathing, Hysteria, &c., &c.

It is a specific remedy in all Uterine Diseases, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Irregularity, Painfulness, Profuse or Suppression of Customary Discharges, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Scirrhus or Ulcerated State of the Uterus, Sterility, &c., &c.

No better Tonic can possibly be put up than this, and none less likely to do harm, as it is composed wholly of vegetable agents, and such as we have known to be valuable, and have used for many years.

Price per Bottle, $1.00.

Sold by Druggists generally; also, sent to any address on receipt of price.

For sale in Woburn by E. TRULL and at MRS FIELD'S Millinery Store.

Be sure and get that prepared at
THE NEW ENGLAND BOTANIC DEPOT
GEO. H. Swett, M. D.—Proprietor
106 *HANOVER STREET,*
21-6m. BOSTON, MASS.

TO THE LADIES OF AMERICA

Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,

The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!

Lyon's Periodical Drops
Lyon's Periodical Drops
Lyon's Periodical Drops
Lyon's Periodical Drops

Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!

Lyon's Periodical Drops are
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation

ever brought before the public, and as a diuretic and specific for irregularities, challenges the world to produce an equal; they are, in the most obstinate cases,

Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!

And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,

If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!

Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!

except when expressly forbidden in the directions which are wrapped around each bottle, and have the written signature of DR. JNO. LYON, upon them.

None Others Are Genuine!
None Othere Are Genuine!
None Others Are Genuine!
None Othere Are Genuine!

Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!

They cure all those ills to which the female system is subjected with dispatch and a degree of certainty which nothing but a scientifically compounded fluid preparation could reach.

Use No Other!
Use No Other!
Use No Other!
Use No Other!

For my Drops stand before the world as the *ne plus ultra* of all remedies, for the cure of all diseases of the kidneys and bladder, Leucoreah, Prolapsus, and the mild, but positive correction of all irregularities,

Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!

by those who have other preparations, which they desire to palm off upon the strength of the popularity of my Drops, and who recommend their own nostrums, thus appropriating to themselves the constant demand for my Periodical Drops as a medium for selling something which is worthless and inefficient. But when the Druggist you apply to has not got them, either make him buy them for you, or else enclose One Dollar to the nearest General Wholesale Agent, who will return you a bottle by return Express.

You will thus save yourself trouble and obtain relief from the greatest FEMALE REGULATOR of the Nineteenth Century

Over 25,000 Bottles of this medicine have been sold within the last six months, and every Lady that has used them, but for the nature of the cure would furnish us with her sworn certificate of their efficacy. It takes but One Dollar to make the experiment, and I appeal to those of your sect who are suffering—will you waste away when a single Dollar will give you instant relief.

Prepared solely by DR. JNO. L. LYON, Practicing Physician.

Price $1 per bottle.

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
New Haven, Conn.

General Agents for United States and Canadas

☞ For Sale at Wholesale by—
D. S. BARNES & Co., New York.
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston.

50—1y.

CLARK'S
DISTILLED
RESTORATIVE FOR THE HAIR,

Restores Gray and Faded Hair and Beard to its Natural Color, and is a most Luxurious Dressing

FOR THE HAIR AND HEAD.

Clark's Restorative, Restores the Color.
Clark's Restorative, Eradicates Dandruff.
Clark's Restorative, Promotes its growth.
Clark's Restorative, Prevents its falling off.
Clark's Restorative, Is an unequalled Dressing.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Children.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Ladies.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Old People.
Clark's Restorative, Is perfectly harmless
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Oil.
Clark's Restorative, Is not a Dye.
Clark's Restorative, Beautifies the Hair.
Clark's Restorative, Is splendid for Whiskers.
Clark's Restorative, Keeps the Hair in its Place.
Clark's Restorative, Cures Nervous Headache.
Clark's Restorative, Prevents Eruptions
Clark's Restorative, Stops Itching and Burning.
Clark's Restorative, Keeps the Head Cool.
Clark's Restorative, Is delightfully perfumed
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Sediment.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Gum.
Clark's Restorative, Polishes your Hair.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Parties.
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Clark's Restorative, All Ladies need it.
Clark's Restorative, No lady will do without it.
Clark's Restorative, Costs but $1

Is Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Price, $1 per bottle.—6 bottles for $5.

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The various kinds of Books used in our Public Schools, are always on hand. Also, Rewards of Merit, in many different styles.

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The stock of Writing Paper is always large, and includes all kinds—Letter, Billet, Cap, Bank Post, Bill, and Ornamental.

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Of all colors, sizes and qualities.

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All kinds of Gillott's, Washington Medallion, and many others, too numerous to mention.

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In Wood, Bone, Ivory, &c., at all prices.

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A good supply of House Papers, Borders, Window Blinds, &c, of the latest and most fashionable patterns, at LOW PRICES, always on hand.

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A large variety of Work Boxes, Reticules; Puff, Back, Round, Fine, Pocket and Dressing Combs; Hair, Tooth, Nail, Clothes and Shaving Brushes; Crotchet Needles, Emory Cushions, Port Monnaies, Wallets, Ladies' Money Bags, Visiting, Playing, Plain and Ornamental Cards; Dolls in variety, and toys of all kinds

Main St. Woburn Center.

FISH'S LAMP HEATING APPARATUS.

BOILING—FRYING—STEWING—STEEPING WITH THE FLAME THAT LIGHTS THE ROOM.

* * * By the flame of a common lamp, at the cost of a cent's worth of oil, a very comfortable breakfast can be cooked. * * —[N. Y. Tribune.

* * * Simple in construction, easily kept in order, ready for use in a moment * * convenient to have on hand. * * * [Druggist's Circ

* * * Fish's Lamp is one of the most popular novelties of the day. * * the utility of it is unquestionable, a great saving is made in heating and cooking small articles, and it can be made to cook meals for a great many persons, which is usually done on the ambulance cars which carry the sick soldiers. * * [Scientific American.

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* * * I have tried the apparatus and my wife and I proclaim the same a most valuable and indispensable article, and we now wonder how we could have done so long without it. * * * * [Editor Coal Oil Circular.

* * * An economical contrivance for getting up heat at short notice for nursery and general household purposes, * * * one important point is the saving in cost over coal fires. * * [N. Y. Evening Post.

PRICES FROM TWO TO SIX DOLLARS.
CAPACITY FROM ONE TO FOUR QUARTS.

THREE ARTICLES COOKED AT ONE TIME WITH ONE BURNER.

Arranged for Kerosene, or Coal Oil, Or Gas. A descriptive pamphlet of thirty pages furnished gratis, also

THE UNION ATTACHMENT.

Price, 50 Cents,

To be attached to a Commom Kerosene Lamp or Gas-burner, by which Water may be boiled, and food cooked; also arranged to support a shade.

EVERY FAMILY NEEDS ONE.

WM. D. RUSSELL, Agent,
No. 266 Pearl St., New York.

AGENTS WANTED.

SKINNER'S PULMONALES

FOR the immediate relief of COUGHS, COLDS HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, &c., &c. They go right to the spot, stop your cough, clear your throat, purify the breath, and give volume to the voice. They are unsurpassed for allaying inflammation in the Larynx, Trachea, and Lungs. They relieve all complaints which originate in the respiratory organs. They will prevent a cold settling upon the lungs. They contain no opium or narcotic properties. They are the safest medicine for children. They are useful in every house They are convenient to carry in your pocket, and particularly adapted to the army. Public speakers and singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. They are purely white and in form of a wafer, and are perfectly safe to use for all Bronchial and lung complaints, and have a specific medicinal and curative effect on all diseases of the mucous membrane.

The dose can be graduated so as to be suitable for the infant in the cradle, to the individual of three score years and ten. Officers and soldiers should not be in the field without them.

One Box of the PULMONALES will be sent by mail to any address for forty cents.

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E. M. SKINNER, M. D.,
27 Tremont Street,
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Luxuriant Hair for All

Bogle's Hyperion Fluid, Restores and Dresses a Hair.
Bogle's Electric Hair Dye, Best in the World.
Bogle's Balm of Cytheria, Cures Tan and Pimples.
Bogle's Wigs and Hair Work, New Improvements.
Surpass all others. Cheapest, best and most reliable. Try! Be convinced. W. BOGLE,
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WISTAR'S BALSAM
—OF—
WILD CHERRY
Has been used for nearly
HALF A CENTURY!
With the most astonishing success in curing
Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, and every affection of

THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST,
INCLUDING EVEN
CONSUMPTION!



THERE is scarcely one individual in the community who wholly escapes, during the season, from some one, however slightly developed, of the above symptoms—a neglect of which might lead to the last named, and most to be dreaded disease in the whole catalogue. The power of the "medicinal gum" of the Wild Cherry Tree over this class of complaints, is well known; so great is the good it has performed, and so great the popularity it has acquired.

In this preparation, besides the virtues of the Cherry, there are commingled with it other ingredients of like value, thus increasing its value ten fold, and forming a Remedy whose power to soothe, to heal, to relieve, and to cure disease, exists in no other medicine yet discovered

From R. FELLOWS, M. D.
HILL, N. H., Nov. 3d, 1860.

S. W. FOWLE & CO.,—

Although I have generally a great objection to patent medicines, I can but say in justice to DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, that it is a remedy of superior value for *Pulmonary Diseases.*

I have made use of this preparation for several years, and it has proved to be very reliable and efficacious in the treatment of severe and long-standing *coughs.* I know of one patient, now in comfortable health, who has taken this remedy, and who, but for its use, I consider would not now be living.

R. FELLOWS, M. D.

From E. T. QUIMBY, M. A., Principal of the "New Ipswich Appleton Academy."
NEW IPSWICH, N. H., Oct. 4th, 1860.

S. W. FOWLE & Co.,—

Gentlemen,—This certifies that for more than fifteen years I have frequently used Dr. Wistar's Balm of Wild Cherry, for Coughs, Colds, and Sore Throat, to which I, in common with the rest of mankind, am subject, and it gives me pleasure to say that I consider it the *very best* remedy for such cases, with which I am acquainted. I should hardly know what to do without it.

Respectfully yours,
E. T. QUIMBY.

From the Depot Master at South Royalston Mess.
SOUTH ROYALSTON, Jan. 4th, 1860.

Messrs. SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston.—

In the spring of 1858 I was most severely afflicted with a hard dry cough, with its usual accompaniments of night sweats, completely prostrating my nervous system, and producing such a debilitated state of health, that after trying medical aid to no purpose, I had given up all expectations of ever recovering, as had also my friends. At this stage of matters I was prevailed upon to try Wistar's Balsam, and before using two bottles the effect was almost magical. My cough entirely left me the night sweats deserted me, hope once more elated my depressed spirits and soon I had attained my wonted strength and vigor.

Thus had this Balsam, as has often been remarked by persons conversant with the above facts in this vicinity, literally snatched me from the yawning grave. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted.

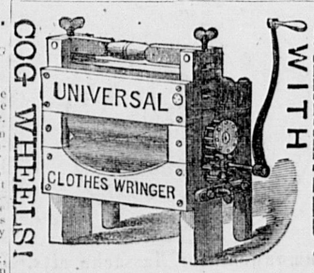
Very respectfully yours,
BENJ. WHEELER.

From GEORGE A. KIMBALL, Esq., Druggist.
HAVERHILL, Nov. 30th, 1860.

Gents.—It is now about eleven years since I took the agency for the sale of Dr. Wistar' Balsam of Wild Cherry, and I can truly say that so far as my observation extends it has proved a most valuable medicine for the cure of Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the Lungs. My sales for the Balsam are increasing. I herewith send you an order for more of the Balsam, which you will please send me soon.

Respectfully yours,
GEORGE A. KIMBALL.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston, and for sale by all druggists.



COG WHEELS! WARRANTED! WITH

A Perfect Wringer and Most Excellent Washer Combined.

THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER is the only Wringer with the patent Cog Wheel Regulator which positively prevents the Rolls from wearing out or breaking or twisting on the shaft. It is Self-Adjusting and Adjustable. It is not only a perfect Wringer, but the Cog Wheels give it a power which makes it a

Most excellent Washer,

(Fully equal to any Washing Machine in use), pressing and separating the dirt with the water from the clothes.

We have Seven Sizes from $5.50 to $30.00

The ordinary Family Sizes are—No. 1, $10.00, No. 2, $7.00. These have COG WHEELS, and are warranted in every particular.

Our cheap (No. 2½, $6, and No. 3, $5.50,) Wringers have small rolls which do not admit of cogs. We have the testimony of Orange Judd, Esq., of the American Agriculturist; Solon Robinson Esq., Agricultural editor of the N. Y. Tribune, and hundreds of other scientific men and mechanics, of the superiority of our Cog Wheel Wringers. Therefore for excellence and durability buy

The Universal Clothes Wringer.

On receipt of the above price from places where no agent is selling, we will send a Wringer free of expense. What we especially want is a good

CANVASSER

in every town. And good man can make larger wages than any other employment will afford, as the demand is great and the sales rapid.

We offer strong inducements, and give the first responsible party who applies the exclusive sale in the town. Address

GEO. H. HOOD, Agent,
26-3m 42 WATER STREET, BOSTON

FURNITURE

At Wholesale Prices!

HALEY, MORSE & BOYDEN,
407 & 409 Washington Street,
BOSTON,

HAVE now the largest warerooms, and the largest stock of

EVERY VARIETY OF FURNITURE,

in the city of Boston, of their OWN MANUFACTURE, which they will sell

AT RETAIL,
At Wholesale Prices, for Cash.

☞ The ONE-PRICE SYSTEM strictly adhered to. 17-1y.

JOHN G. COLE,
PAINTER AND GLAZIER,

Paper Hanging, White-washing and Colorin done in the neatest manner. Also, Graining an Marbling. Sashes and Blinds of every description furnished. PAINTS, OIL and GLASS, of the best quality, constantly on hand.

☞ SHOP, first building south of the Branch Railroad Depot



HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS.

A pure and powerful Tonic, corrective and alterative of wonderful efficacy in disease of the

Stomach, Liver and Bowels,

Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation, Colic, Intermittent Fevers, Cramps and Spasms, and all Complaints of either Sex, arising from Bodily Weakness wheth or inherent in the system or produced by special causes.

NOTHING that is not wholesome, genial and restorative in its nature enters into the composition of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. This popular preparation contains no mineral of any kind, no deadly botanical element; no fiery extant; but it is a combination of the extracts of rare balsamic herbs and plants with the purest and mildest of all diffusive stimulants.

It is to be forearmed against disease, and, so far as the human system can be protected by human means against maladies engendered by an unwholesome atmosphere, impure water and other external causes, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS may be relied on as a safeguard.

In districts infested with *Fever and Ague*, it has been found infallible as a preventative and irresistable as a remedy and thousands who resort to it under apprehension of an attack, escape the scourge; and thousands who neglect to avail themselves of its protective qualities in advance, are cured by a very brief course of this marvelous medicine. Fever and Ague patients, after being plied with quinine for months in vain, until fairly saturated with that dangerous alkaloid, are not unfrequently restored to health within a few days by the use of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

The weak stomach is rapidly invigorated and the appetite restored by this agreeable Tonic, and hence it works wonders in cases of DYSPEPSIA and in less confirmed forms of INDIGESTION. Acting as a gentle and painless apperient, as well as upon the liver, it also invariably relieves the CONSTIPATION superinduced by irregular action of the digestive and secretive organs.

Persons of feeble habit, liable to *Nervous Attacks, Lowness of Spirits* and *Fits of Languor*, find prompt and permanent relief from the Bitters. The testimony on this point is most conclusive, and from both sexes.

The agony of BILIOUS COLIC is immediately assuaged by a single dose of the stimulant, and by occasionally resorting to it, the return of the complaint may be prevented.

As a General Tonic, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS produce effects which must be experienced or witnessed before they can be fully appreciated. In cases of *Constitutional Weakness, Premature Decay* and Debility and Decrepitude arising from OLD AGE, it exercises the electric influence In the convalescent stages of all diseases it operates as a delightful invigorant. When the powers of nature are relaxed, it operates to re-enforce and re-establish them.

Last, but not least, it is *The Only Safe Stimulant*, being manufactured from sound and innocuous materials, and entirely free from the acid elements present more or less in all the ordinary tonics and stomachics of the day.

No family medicine has been so universally, and, it may be truly added, deservedly popular with the intelligent portion of the community, as HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Prepared by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Storekeepers everywhere.

HELMBOLD'S
GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, a Positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calcareous depositions, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

For Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:—

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves, Trembling,
Horror of Disease, Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,
Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face,
Pallid Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow *Impotency, Fatuity, Epileptic Fits,*

In one of which the Patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "Direful Diseases,"

"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, *but none will confess. The records of the insane asylums*

And Melancholy Deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the Truth of the assertion.

The Constitution once affected with Organic Weakness requires the aid of Medicine to Strengthen and Invigorate the System.

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does.

A Trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females—Females—Females.

In many Affections peculiar to Females the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leuchorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, habits of Dissipation, or in the DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicines for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. *Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash Cures*

Secret Diseases

In all their Stages, At little Expense,
Little or no change in Diet. No inconvenience, And no Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous, Diseased and wornout Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands who have been the Victims of Quacks, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the URINARY ORGANS, whether existing in MALE or FEMALE, from whatever cause originating and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these Organs requires the aid of a DIURETIC, HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE GREAT DIURETIC, and is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is Recommended.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will accompany the medicine.

Price, $1.00 per bottle, or Six for $5.00. Delivered to any Address, securely packed from observation.

Describe Symptoms in all Communications.
Cures Guaranteed! Advice Gratis!!

Address letters for information to
H. B. HELMBOLD, Chemist.
104 South Tenth-st., bet. Chestnut, Phila
HELMBOLD'S *Medical Depot.*
HELMBOLD'S *Drug and Chemical Warehouse,*
594 Broadway, New York.

☞ Beware of counterfeits and unprincipled dealers who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by Helmbold's Genuine Preparations. Ext. Buchu—Ext. Sarsaparilla—Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by all druggists everywhere.

Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Cut out the Advertisement and send for it. And avoid imposition and exposure.

For sale in Woburn by W. C. BRIGHAM



Friends and Relatives
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIER'S & SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
AND
OINTMENT.

All who have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care, that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

Coughs and Colds affecting Troops

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite, Incidental to Soldiers.

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

Weakness or Debility Induced by over Fatigue,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's should be recommended for Dysentery and Fulx, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach, and thus remove all the acrid humours from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

Volunteers Attention! Indiscretions of Youth.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if these Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they are up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound, and smeared all round it, then covered with a piece of linen from his Knapsack and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's Knapsack and Seaman's Chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "Holloway, New York, and London," are discernable as a *Water-mark*

Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

Vol. XIII : : No. 46. WOBURN, SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1864. TWO DOLLARS A YEAR / SINGLE COPY 4 CENTS

The Middlesex Journal,

E. MARCHANT, PROPRIETOR.

Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

TERMS—$2,00 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher; and any person wishing his paper discontinued, must give notice thereof at the expiration of the term, whether previous notice has been given or not.

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One square (12 lines this type) one insertion,	$1 50
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Half a square six months,	5 00
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Less than half a square charged as a half square; more than half a square charged as a square.

Larger advertisements as may be agreed upon.

SPECIAL NOTICES, *leaded*, 12 cents per line for one insertion, each subsequent insertion 5 cents.

☞ All advertisements, not otherwise marked on the copy, will be inserted UNTIL ORDERED OUT, and charged accordingly.

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South Reading—DR. J. D. MANSFIELD
Stoneham—E. T. WHITTIER.
Winchester—JOSIAH HOVEY.
Reading—L. E. GLEASON.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., Boston and New York; S. R. NILES, (successor to V. B. Palmer,) Scollay's Building, Court street, Boston, are duly empowered to take advertisements for the JOURNAL, at the rates required by us.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The attention of business men everywhere is called to this paper as an advertising medium. The JOURNAL circulates largely in the towns that surround Woburn, and all will increase their business by advertising in its columns.

Every kind of JOB PRINTING done at short notice, on reasonable terms and in good style.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of correspondents.

☞ Subscribers are requested to remit direct to the office of publication.

A CARD.

The undersigned informs the public that he has made arrangements with Mr. MARCHANT, whereby he retains the Job Department of the *Middlesex Journal* office, and that he is prepared to do, as heretofore, all kinds of Job Work, embracing Books, Pamphlets, Town Accounts, Posters, Bill Heads, Circulars, &c. &c. He will give his personal attention to the business, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage of the citizens of Woburn and surrounding Towns.

E. T. MOODY.

Woburn, July 30, 1864.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

WASHING MADE EASY.

Housekeepers Attention

CHALCIDEAN,

OR ANTI-ROTTING CLEANSER.

FOR WASHING CLOTHES.

Half the labor of washing saved, and three-fourths the soap, by use of the *CHALCIDEAN*.

All former fluids in use have rotted the cloth. The CHALCIDEAN will not rot the articles washed with it, and besides extracting the dirt with ease, it gives them a PURE WHITENESS.

In these days of high prices it is quite a consideration to preserve the STRENGTH OF THE CLOTH.

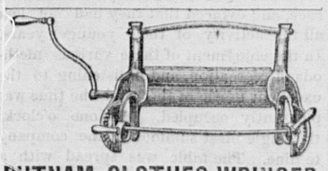
No Washing Machine is needed, as the CHALCIDEAN wonderfully

Lessens the Labor of Washing.

Wholesale Agents for Mass., C. F. WELLS CO., No. 7 Lindall Street, Boston

R. H. HOOPER, General Agent, No. 134 State Street, Boston.

Retailed by Grocers generally.



PUTNAM CLOTHES-WRINGER.

THE ONLY RELIABLE SELF-Adjusting Wringer.

The frame being of Iron thoroughly galvanized, all danger from rust is removed, and the liability to shrink, swell, split, &c. so unavoidable in the wooden machines, is prevented.

No thumb-screws or complicated fastenings to wear out or get out of order; it can be fastened firmly to the tub in a single second.

WARRANTED WITH OR WITHOUT COG-WHEELS.

It took the FIRST PREMIUM at FIFTY-SEVEN State and County Fairs in 1863, and is without exception the best Wringer ever made.

Instead of believing the statements of parties interested in the sale of other Wringers,

TRY IT, AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELF.

Test it THOROUGHLY with ANY and ALL others, and if not entirely satisfactory, return it.

It will wring anything from a thread to a bed quilt without alteration.

Patented in the United States, England, Canada, and Australia. Energetic men can make from $3 to $10 per day. Agents wanted in every town.

Putnam Manufacturing Co.—

GENTLEMEN: I know from practical experience that iron well galvanized with zinc will not oxidize or rust one particle. I can safely say, after several years' experience in the manufacture of chain for chain-pumps and water-drawers, in which I have tested the affinity of iron and zinc, that if the process be conducted properly, it is a perfect weld of the two.

Nearly one year ago my family commenced using one of your Wringers. It now performs all of its functions as well as it did the first time it was used, and has become an indispensible article with us. I have closely observed several other kinds of clothes-wringers, the modus operandi being different, trying to produce the same results as the Putnam Wringer, but in my judgment they have failed. The Putnam Wringer is as near perfect as possible, and I can cheerfully recommend it to be the best in use.

Respectfully yours,

JNO. W. WHEELER

Cleveland, Ohio.

Many years' experience in the galvanizing business enables me to endorse the above statement in all particulars.

JNO. C. LEEFERTS,

No. 106 Beekmann Street.

New York, January, 1864.

No. 2, $5,50; No. 1, $6.00; No. A, $8.00.

Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail by THE PUTNAM MANUFACTURING CO., No. 13 Platt Street, New York, and Cleveland, Ohio.

S. C. NORTHROP, Agent.

Central Market,

Main Street, Woburn.

THE subscriber having taken the store for merly occupied by E. O. SOLES, will keep constantly on hand West India Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Vegetables, &c. H. WHITFORD.

TRUTH STRANGER THAN FICTION.

In the autumn of 1817 while the woods were bright with the variegated hues which follow the light touches of early frost, a mounted traveller was quietly pursuing his way through a dark, lonely forest, in the western part of the State of New York. He had ridden three miles since seeing a human habitation; and he had two to go before he would get sight of another. He was descending a hill into a gloomy looking valley through which flowed a shallow, but swift running stream; and on reaching the water, he permitted his thirsty beast to stop and drink.

At that moment a man came out from a cluster of bushes into the road or horse path on the other side of the stream.

This man was dressed like a hunter, and carried a rifle on his shoulder. In his general appearance there was nothing that indicated hostility or a wicked design. He was of a medium size, compactly built, with intellectual features, and a certain air of gentility—seeming rather as one abroad from some settlement for a day's sport than a professional hunter. All this the mounted traveller carefully noted before he crossed the stream to continue his journey, and when they came near together a pleasant salutation was exchanged.

"Fine weather for travelling, sir," remarked the man with the gun.

"And for hunting, also, I should suppose?" smiled the other on the horse.

"Yes, there is game enough," replied the other; "but I am not a good hunter, and can only show one bear for my day's work thus far, and that is almost useless to me: because I have no means to take it away. I would willingly give a dollar for the use of a horse like yours for a couple of hours. If you could spare five minutes or so, I would like you to see the bear. It is only just back behind these bushes, some two hundred yards from here,"

"I will not only look at it," replied the traveller, dismounting and fastening his horse, "but if not too heavy, I will carry it for you seeing I am mounted, and you are on foot."

The hunter thanked him pleasantly, and then as if to make himself agreeable and keep up the conversation, inquired where he was from, whither journeying, and so forth, and so forth, and learned in reply, that the latter resided in Albany, was a merchant in good business and was travelling partly with the view of making an extensive land purchase for future speculation.

"Well, here we are!" exclaimed the hunter, as the two emerged from the thicket, through which they had slowly forced their way, into more open wood: "here we are! and I now will show you as fine and fat a beast as you ever saw."

He stepped back some eight or ten feet, deliberately raised the piece to his shoulder, and pointed the muzzle directly at the head of the traveller. There was a flash, a loud report, and the victim fell like a log, his face covered with blood.

This might, or might not, have been the first crime committed by the man with the rifle. But as the traveller fell the rifle slipped from his hands and he shook violently from head to foot; yet he ran to his victim and hurriedly robbed him of his purse, a pocket book, a gold watch and chain, some curious seals, a diamond breast pin, and a diamond ring, which he fairly tore off from his finger. He then dragged his body into the thicket, picked up his rifle, and plunged madly through the bushes to the road, mounted the horse, and dashed away from the terrible scene.

We must suppose a lapse of twenty years.

In the spring of 1837, there lived in the city of New York, a banker and millionaire whom we shall call Edward Stephens. He owned a palatial mansion splendidly furnished, in the very heart of the town, & he and his wife were among the leaders of the fashionable world. They had a beautiful daughter just turned of sixteen, who was about to be married to a foreign nobleman, and great preparations were making for that event.

One day about this period as the great banker stood conversing with a gentleman from a neighboring city, who had called to see him on business, he observed the latter suddenly turn pale, and begin to tremble.

"My dear sir," he said in the usual tone of off-hand sympathy, "what is the matter, are you ill?

"A little faint, sir, he said, "but nothing to cause any alarm," replied the other hurriedly. "I am subject to similar spells. If you will excuse me for ten minutes or so, I will take a short walk and return in better condition."

In ten minutes he did return, said he was quite well, calmly proceeded to finish his business with the banker, and respectfully took his leave.

It was perhaps a week after this, that one night the great banker was sitting before the fire in his library when a servant came in and presented a letter. He took it with a yawn, opened it in the most indolent and indifferent manner possible, but had not read a dozen words before he came up with a start, turned deadly pale, trembled so that the paper rattled. He finished the note—worked one hand nervously at his throat, and with the other clasped his forehead and temples. For a minute or two he seemed to be choking into calmness, by an iron will, some terrible emotion, and he so far succeeded as to address the waiting servant in an ordinary tone.

"James," he said, "tell me who gave you this letter?"

"A man, sir, and he said he'd wait for the answer."

"Then he is waiting?"

"Yes, sir."

"Very well; show him in."

Soon there was a light tap on the door, and the banker said "Come in," in an ordinary tone.

The servant opened the door, ushered in the stranger, and immediately withdrew. The latter was a man verging on sixty, of rough appearance and coarse attire. He wore an old gray overcoat, buttoned to the throat, and a pair of green goggles, and his whole dress was completely saturated with rain.

"Take a seat," said the banker, pointing to a chair near the fire.

"No, thank you, I'll stand," was the gruff reply.

"You got my note, and of course know my business!"

"You allude to this, I suppose!" returned the banker, producing the letter which had caused him so much perturbation a moment before,

"Yes,"

"I do not understand it; you must have made a mistake!"

"No, no mistake at all. I was present twenty years ago come the tenth of next October, and saw you shoot him, and if you go for to deny it, I'll have you in prison before morning. I've laid my plans and got everything sure, and if you go to playing innocent, and refusing my terms, I'll take care to see you die stretching hemp."

The banker in spite of himself, turned pale and staggered to a seat.

"What do you want?" he groaned.

"A hundred thousand dollars—not a cent less!"

"I cannot—it would ruin me!"

"Just as you say!" rejoined the other, moving towards the door; "You know what will follow if I go this way."

"Oh stop! do not go out!" cried the man of crime in terrible alarm.

He argued, urged, pleaded, implored for mercy at a less fearful cost. In vain. At last the banker seeing ruin, disgrace and death before him if he refused—agreed to meet the stranger, with the required sum on the following night, in front of St. Paul's Church. Both were punctual to the fixed time, and bills and checks, to the amount of one hundred thousand dollars changed hands.

A month later there was a tremendous run on the bank which Edward Stephens was owner of. It was soon broken and closed. The Sheriff was set to work by his eager creditors, and all the real estate and personal property of the late millionaire was seized and sold, leaving him, a beggar and the just claims unsatisfied. Fashionable friends deserted the family, and the proud nobleman refused the hand of a ruined banker's daughter.

In the very midst of this disgrace and tribulation, Edward Stephens encountered the man who had turned so pale and become so agitated in his presence a short time before.

"Your face seems somewhat familiar but I cannot place you," returned Stephens.

"Permit me to bring myself to your recollection then, as I wish you to know me. A little more than six weeks ago, I was talking with you on business and you observed that I turned deadly pale and became agitated."

"Ah, yes, I remember you now."

"Let me tell you why I was thus affected. My eye had just chanced upon a curious seal, which once belonged to a merchant, named Philip Sydney, who was shot in the Western part of this State some twenty years ago! and on looking at your features closely, I knew you to be the villain who perpetrated the foul deed!"

"Merciful God!" exclaimed the cidevant banker, wite blanched face and quaking form.

'Yes I know,' pursued the other; "and a week after, I disguised myself and had an interview with you in your mansion. You remember that of course?"

"But," gasped the trembling wretch, "did I not pay you your own price to keep my fatal secret?"

"Yes, with that money, and what other I could command, I was enabled to buy up enough of your bills to cause that run on your bank which broke it and forced ruin upon you!"

"And what would you now that I am ruined?" inquired the other, with the deadly calmness of desperation.

"Now that I have had my revenge, I want you to know that I myself am the man you attempted to murder and did rob! I am Philip Sydney! Behold the scar where the ball struck and glanced!" and he lifted his hat and showed it.

"God be praised!" ejaculated the other, "God be praised that you still live," and unable to restrain his emotion, burst into tears.

"Oh sir," he continued, "you have taken a load from my conscience—a weight from my soul! Though poverty, beggary, disgrace and death are staring me in the face, I am happy in the knowledge that I am not guilty of murder—more happy than I have been for years, with all the luxurious surroundings of wealth! It was my first and last crime. I have never been able to tell how I was tempted to so outrage my nature as on that fearful occasion. Now sir, do with me what you will—only, I pray you be merciful to my innocent family."

"I forgive you," returned the other extending his hand. "I forgive you. You have been fearfully punished already, and as God has seen proper to preserve us both, and bring us together, let us hope it is for our present salvation, and endurance so to live as to deserve the blessings we receive. I will restore you enough to place you and your family above want; and for the rest I trust we shall both remember we shall soon have to render an account of our stewardship in another world!"

Philip Sydney kept his word: and with a fresh start in the world, and now an easy conscience, the still enterprising Edward Stephens accumulated a respectable fortune, much of which was spent in charity.

Philip Sydney died in 1847, and Edward Stephens in 1854.

From a private source we have all the facts we have recorded.

Is not "truth stranger than fiction?"

"The Woburn State Guard."

We give below a list of the names of the officers and privates attached to this fine Infantry corps:—

CAPTAIN—T. J. Pierce.
FIRST LIEUT.—Charles Carter.
SECOND LIEUT.—E. F. Poole.

NON-COMMISS. OFFICERS AND PRIVATES.

Charles Choate,	John G. Cole,
E. W. Champney,	Jedthn. Richardson,
G. M. Champney,	W. A. Haslam,
Stephen M. Allen,	John Carroll,
Eli Jones,	Warren Fox,
Uriah Manning,	Jacob Wright,
Frederick Flint,	Daniel Richardson,
John Cummings, jr.	A. G. Carter,
Horace Conn,	Walter Wyman,
John Johnson,	Benj. B. Brown,
E. J. Jenks,	Benj. Millet,
Elbridge Trull,	Sylvester Nichols,
William Kimball,	E. N. Blake,
Charles G. Davis,	Daniel Conrey,
Aaron Thompson,	Joseph Winn,
Jotham Hill,	J. B. Winn,
A. S. Hayward,	Saml. Richardson,
Hiram Whitford,	Steph. Richardson,
Geo. W. Allen,	Step. K. Richardson,
Horace Collamore,	Jos. McIntire,
Horace Ward,	Darius Childs,
L. W. Perham,	J. P. Tyler,
John R. Kimball,	Charles White,
Saml. C. Skelton,	John Burke,
R. W. Parker,	J. F. Griffin,
James Tweed,	Luke Tidd,
Saml. W. Russell,	John B. Harris,
Jacob Linscott,	Wm. Flanders,
Thomas Warland,	P. W. Gorham,
Warren B. Perkins,	Edward Fowle,
Henry Thompson,	Wm. H. Howland,
Isaac S. Alley,	Converse Moxim,
Moses F. Winn,	Austin H. Perkins,
Charles Bond,	Warren Emerson,
Jno. Tidd,	Sylvanus Wood,
Urial Sceverns,	James S. Ellis,
Hiram Fiske,	Henry Cummings,
James Vye,	Willis Buckman,
Cyrus Thompson,	John A. Page,
J. S. Plummer,	Calvin Wyman,
Saml. Caldwell,	Russell Campbell,
H. B. Lewis,	T. C. Nichols.

THE CHRISTIAN COMMISSION.—The United States Christian Commission have issued a circular, in which is given a comprehensive account of the work that its members as a body have accomplished, the means at their disposal, and what they require to render their beneficent errant more generally useful. The good that the Commission have done can scarcely be exaggerated in description, or too highly eulogized. Wherever the war has brought sadness and suffering, there its members have been found, binding up the wounds of the injured, affording spiritual and bodily aid and consolation to the dying, and comforting the widow and orphan in their distress. Their charitable labors have gained for them the love of the soldiers, and the good will and approval of all commanding officers. Those who have the means should do their utmost in contributing funds to sustain them.

[Our Army Correspondence.]

LIGHT HOUSE POINT, VA., August 1, 1864.

Mr. Editor,—It was the fashion in New England once of a time, to go to meeting on horseback, in the days when to own a two wheel shay was evidence of great wealth. But those days have long since fled, and our pious fathers no longer ride to church with the wife behind, and a child each side, comfortable in the pockets of a pillion. Nowadays they must roll up to church with a splendid turn out, all glittering with varnish and silver buckles, a side door and turn-down steps, and walk up broad aisles to seats of plush and hair, and sleep over sermons of rhetoric scented by one night's rest between the fly-leaves of a Bible, *to worship God fashionably*. I have written this much as an introduction to your correspondent's not only attending church on horseback last Sunday, but going into church on horseback. A few miles from here in Prince George County, I had been told, stood one of the oldest churches in the country. Having a natural fondness for old things, I wended my way to this old church. I easily found it, as you can always find a Church or Court House in Virginia, by going two miles away from all other buildings. I found it solitary and alone, with its age plainly marked beneath the eaving, "*Built* 1657." It was in a tolerable state of preservation, built of large sized English bricks, with a shingle roof that had been put on within a few years. The entrance was at the end. The door being large sized and open, I rode in, not having a great veneration for the religion of Virginia, more than for her politics. I urged my horse up the aisle in front of the desk, at home called a pulpit. It looked not unlike an old-fashioned platform and well-curb in New England—less moss, but more pitch—the bucket was wanting, but in its place was a sounding board, large enough to catch the blasts from the "magic horn of Astolpho." The floor was composed of slabs of light brown stone, about 18 iaches square, well laid and close jointed. There were 18 pews, large and roomy, not as comfortable to sleep in as the pews in your churches, but strong enough to take a bracing nap. All the polish I could see was the mould of age, thickly put on with the brush of time, upon a ground work of hard pine. An elevation over the door, with a board seat some ten feet long indicated that singing was sometimes a part of the worship. I listened, but could hear no organ with its heavy lungs breathing deep out of the earth. The building's exterior was plain & antiquated, while the inside was dusty, and grimmed, with a smell of brimstone, that no doubt had many times been set on fire to burn out the heresies of the Northern Church. I read upon the walls inside, the names of many New England soldiers, who perhaps in their ambition for war, thought it was the temple of Mercury instead of the one true and living God. I closed my worship, turned my horse in the aisle, and rode out of meeting. At a good distance I called at an humble cottage occupied by a white family, consisting of an old aunt 80 years old, a married woman of 40, with five small children, the youngest but a few months old, all a cloudy picture of war, poverty and starvation. The father had been conscripted and taken from this young family two months ago to add to the rebel number. His poor wife and children left unprotected and unprovided for, to suffer worse than conscription, by the crying for bread from bloodless cheeks and thin lips—to suffer the *insults of Union soldiers*. The oldest child was sick with a fever, and the day before *our* soldiers had taken and carried away the only sheet to the bed, and snatched the corn-cake from before the fire. Mr. Editor, I could fill a volume of the more than brutal outrages of some of our soldiers, that would find no parallel in rebel indignities in Maryland and Pennsylvania. But to return to the age of the church, built 207 years ago, five of the average generations of man, 125 years before the war of the Revolution, 10,764 Sabbaths ago—how many notches in the cycle of time. What unknown changes in our globe; what discoveries in astronomy—new and immense worlds have been unfolded; what sublime demonstrations in physical science; what new and wondrous developments in mechanical arts—steam, and the impalpable electric spark that goes to talk to, and brings messages back from people on the farthest bounds of continents, as quick as the echoes from twin hilltops; what new mineral beds have opened their rich and teaming bosoms to the eye of gain; what continents, islands and waters have come to picture the map of the world; what forms of Government and religion have shot forth to fascinate or execrate new converts or new opponents; what kingdoms and dynasties have boldly come up and sullenly waned from sight. How many good and devoted men have prayed and hoped for reform, and died without the comfort; how many bad and cruel men have turned the world into arms, love into hate, plenty into want, and innocence into guilt. And our own beloved land too, what changes in 207 years. Colonies of Jamestown and Plymouth, —struggling like infants, creeping over a vast country with virtue and patriotism, growing larger and stronger, until the red men felt and feared their might,—when in youth the parent king thought to tax and fetter without voice or vote, they shook themselves free, as the lion breaks the meshes of the bird snare. On they speed and spread from shore to shore, felling forests, channeling water courses, subduing nature, breathing out villages and grouping cities, harmonizing the will of the people with the elements and necessities that encompass them. Standing before the world proud and erect, a record of all the prosperity of the past, and a pledge of all the triumph and power of the future, till 207 years find us in a struggle for life with our own brothers and people, Plymouth and Jamestown wrestle like strong men, the former for good, the latter for evil. The spirit of the latter that erected this little church has been turned to the spirit of hate. The former with principles as firm and true as the rock that gave it lodgment, still cherishes and holds with tightened grasp to the Union, to Liberty, and to God, that guided the Mayflower, with her immortal freight to a new world. The church of Plymouth, true to its faith, true to its pledge; the star of Christianity, the hope of Government. The other little church that for two centuries had offered its weekly orisons to God is now deserted. Its silent walls witness only the passing tread of men in ranks, and the shrill notes of the fife silence the melody of the psalms. True worship banished, liberty spurned, and the idol, Slavery, set up for impious veneration. 207 years, what a change, from infancy to youth; from youth to age; from youth to age, an age of peace and renown to an age of war and shame; spilling of blood; slaying of men; burning of dwellings; destroying of fields; breaking of laws; trampling on constitutions, to end with the crushing of rebellion and the hanging of traitors. Solemn and awful duty; but the promise of the past, the mission of the present, and the duty of the future make it imperative. As hold of the helm of faith stood Plymouth's devoted band, so by the ark of the Union let us firmly cling. R.

Daniel Leach, Esq., Superintendent of Public Schools in Providence, R. I., says it is not the study of our schools alone, but the sensation tales in the Ledgers and dime novels that are undermining the health and corrupting the morals of the present day. To be convinced of this one need only visit our circulating libraries and our periodical depots to learn what a mass of crude, puerile, and often objectional matter is furnished as food for the mind. This is being devoured with the greatest eagerness by most of the pupils attending our public schools; and the inevitable consequence is, that their brains and nervous systems are excited to the highest intensity of feeling, and all their worst passions aroused.

A POLITE HINT.—Rev Mr H—— was stationed at Appleton, Wisconsin, and was very much annoyed on the first Sabbath by the whispering and other improper conduct of some young gentlemen present. He stopped his discourse, and fixing his eyes upon the offenders, said:

"I very much dislike to reprove any one in a congregation where I am not acquainted, as I am afraid of making as great a mistake as Brother R—— once made at F. While preaching his first sermon he was very much disturbed by the misconduct of an individual in the congregation, who, though several times reproved by Brother R——, only behaved the worse for it through the whole sermon. As Brother R——was leaving the church after the service, one of the brethren accosted him with, 'Brother R——, didn't you know that man you reproved to-day was a fool?'"

It is needless to say the nuisance was abated.

The imaginations of men do more than nature to make women beautiful.

A NEW STYLE OF RELIGION.—Some one has written out his ideas of religion as follows. It will do to read and think about:

We want a religion that goes into the family, and keeps the husband from being spiteful when the dinner is late; keeps the wife from being spiteful when the husband tracks the newly washed floor with his muddy boots, and makes the husband mindful of the scraper and door mat; amuses the children as well as instructs them; wins as well as governs them; projects the honeymoon into the harvest moon, and makes the happy hours like the eastern fig tree, bearing in its bosom at once the beauty of the tender blossom, and the glory of the ripened fruit. We want a religion that not only bears on the sinfulness of sin, but on the rascality of lying and stealing; a religion that banishes all small measures from the counters, small baskets from the stalls, pebbles from cotton bags, clay from paper, sand from sugar, chicory from coffee, bear-root from vinegar, alum from bread, lard from butter, strychnine from wine, and water from milk-cans. The religion that is to advance the world will not put all the big strawberries and peaches on top, and all the bad ones at the bottom. It will not offer more baskets of foreign wines than the vineyards ever produced bottles. The religion that is to sanctify the world pays its debts. It does not consider forty cents returned for one hundred given, according to Gospel, though it is according to law. It looks upon a man who has failed in trade, and who continues to live in luxury, as a thief. It looks upon a man who promises to pay, and who fails to pay on demand, with or without interest, as a liar.

It has often been said that a woman with a hazel eye never elopes from her husband, never chats scandal, never sacrifices her husband's comfort for her own, never finds fault, never talks too much or too little, and is altogether an entertaining, agreeable, and lovely companion, We never knew but one uninteresting and unamiable woman with a hazel eye, and she had a nose as sharp as a marling-spike. The grey eye is the sign of shrewdness and talent. Great women and great men have grey eyes. In women, however, it indicates a better head than heart. The blue eye is admirable, but may be feeble. The black eye, take care!

FORT SUMTER.—People who have fallen into the not uncommon error of supposing Sumter to be a "heap of ruins" will learn with surprise that, in the opinion of most of our best army and naval commanders, it is stronger now defensively than ever, being in fact as perfect an earthwork as military skill ever devised. The knocking down of a portion of the wall now and then does not weaken it materially.

A grasshopper is on exhibition at Portland, the body of which is more than seven inches in length. The Advertiser thinks that these must be some of the Old Testament insects, in which it is said the "grasshopper becomes a burden."

A sign in one of the "back towns" in Vermont reads thus: "Corn for Sal her Per 125; Also grinding Don heir."

"I never did see such a wind and such a storm," said a man in a coffee-room. "And pray, sir," inquired a would-be wit, "since you saw the wind and the storm, what might their color be?" "The wind blew, and the storm rose," was the ready rejoinder.

A married lady says, "The reason an old maid is generally so devoted to her cat is, that having no husband, she naturally takes to the next most treacherous animal."

In order to reach perfection it is necessary to have either very faithful friends, or implacable enemies; since we must be made sensible of our failings, either by the admonitions of the former, or the invectives of the latter.

A matter-of-fact philosopher asserts that love is to domestic life, what butter is to bread—it possesses little nourishment itself, but gives to substantials a grand relish, without which they would be hard to swallow.'

'Is there much water in the cistern, Biddy?' asked a gentleman of his Irish girl, as she came up from the kitchen.—'It is full on the bottom, sir,' replied Biddy; 'but there's none on the top.'

A foreigner, who had mixed among many nations, was asked if he had observed any particular quality in our species that might be considered universal. He replied, "Me tink dat all men love lazy."

The Middlesex Journal.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, AUG. 13, 1864.

AGRICULTURE.—The products of our fields are justly a subject of pride, and we can hardly realize at this time, when such a vast number of acres in our widely extended country are in successful cultivation, the meagre crops realized by our fathers, when New England farming was chiefly carried on upon lands closely bordering on the sea, and in the Middle States and in the South but a small portion of the territory was settled. The Great West has been opened like another Egypt, and on the Pacific shores farming has already assumed superior interest. In our three years' civil war, there has been no necessity of resorting for food to foreign nations, and while the South has been deprived of its customary supplies from the West, its people have managed to raise their own produce, to the neglect of cottop raising, however. Thus favored, both opposing sections may carry on the war, so far as food is concerned, for an almost interminable period. Our agriculture, spread over so many degrees of latitude, with the lands so situated as regards proximity to the sea, forests, rivers, hills, and mountains, is not liable to failure, as in Europe, and we may always presume upon an average crop sufficient for our own wants and for exportation.

The present season we have had some droughts, which at one time threatened seriously to diminish our annual raising, but copious rains have since fallen and dispelled the alarm. New England will produce a full average of harvest, and the West and the South, those great agricultural regions, will bring forth large quantities of their staple productions. Some fields have been desolated by relentless war, and much grain has been destroyed under the plea of military necessities, and both armies stand ready to ravage and burn each others' fields and provisions, as they can find opportunities. It is sad to read of such things when we know how much the poor need bread, and how greatly in the coming winter they are liable to suffer.

But our productive fields are not to blame, and God has not withheld his accustomed blessings of heat and moisture, furnished by him through the radiant sun and the fattening clouds.

Much of the value of our crops is lost by the expense of transportation, so that the farmers of the West do not realize anything like what we have to pay at the East for their produce. Increased facilities are needed to forward more expeditiously, extensively and cheap, agricultural products.

If we take into consideration, that three fourths of the people of our country are agriculturists, and that this body constitute the bone and sinew of the nation, that with them lies substantially the welfare of the land, the topic of agriculture assumes a vast importance. If we look at the health, independence, frugality, intelligence, morality and religion, so generally found in farming sections, and bear in mind that from their households, came the most distinguished men in trade and commerce, in professional and public life, and that the daughters of farmers are found among the best female teachers and writers, and that they furnish the best wives and mothers in our towns and cities, as well as in the rural districts, we perceive that GOD in making us to so great an extent an agricultural people, has provided for us the strength, manly love of freedom, and other virtues necessary to secure the success and perpetuity of a Republican government. Our great cities are from time to time renovated by the supplies from the country, bringing health and strength and moral principle to make up for the degeneracy constantly taking place.

Upon agriculture we must put our great reliance, when two thousand millions of national debt is to be paid. The soils embrace all the excellencies and diversities of all the geological formations of the earth's surface, and will furnish wealth in abundance, with skill and labor. Our war, unhappily, has taken large numbers from the cultivation of the soil, to be consumers and not producers, but we hope a speedy peace may restore them to their work. Many have laid down their lives in the contest, and will return no more to the peaceful scenes where they were born and bred, and far remote from cities and from camps were content to dwell. Who does not envy the farmer his happy and peaceful life, and quiet death, relying upon God's mercy in Christ?

"Far from the madding crowd's ignoble strife,
Their sober wishes never learned to stray;
Along the cool, sequestered vale of life,
They kept the noiseless tenor of their way."

Our correspondent, "G. J. W.," of Co. M, 1st Mass. Regiment, writes us under date of "Prince George County, Va., near Richmond) July 31st." He says that on Tuesday, the 26th July, they were ordered to the front. A part of the regiment went into the fight, but the rebels were in large force, and they were driven back amid a shower of bullets. The loss of the regiment was 18 killed and wounded. No person belonging to Co. M was hurt. On the 29th, during a charge upon the enemy, Sergt. S. J. Fisher of Co. M, was slightly sun-struck, from which he had not fully recovered when the letter was written. The Woburn boys are all well, as far as he knows, and "they fight well." The regiment was expected to march the day the letter was written.

[Our Army Correspondence.]

From Co. A, 59th Mass.

DEAR SIR,—A short time since, I dropped you a line, giving a brief account of the taking of rifle pits. Since then we have had little fighting, save between the pickets. Last Saturday, however, the monotony of our life was broken. We aroused into action, and the work of slaughter again commenced. On the evening of the 29th ult., we left the rifle pits, marched to the left and at early dawn were in front of the rebel works. We lay quiet, awaiting the order to attack, when all at once the earth begins to shake, and up into the air may be seen a dense column of smoke. One of the rebel forts was blown up. The order was given to forward, and soon we had in our possession three lines of rifle pits. The ruins of the rebel fort was made the headquarters of the officers, but we are sorry to say the place of safety proved the place of danger, as the result proved. All who were in the pit were taken prisoners. We lost Col. Gould, wounded in the leg, since amputated; Lieut. Col. Hodges, killed; Capt. Munroe, of Co. F, killed; also a large number of men taken prisoners. The reason of our loss is easily explained: we lost all the ground previously gained, being driven back to our old position. The men behaved nobly, fought bravely, but it was of no avail. Our colors were always at the front, the color-bearer, Chas. P. Battelle, being one of the bravest of the brave, planting his colors upon the outer line of works. Once they were shot away, but they were speedily replaced and swung to the breeze until the last moment. The regiment at present numbers less than 100 guns.

Individual instances of bravery and coolness were numerous. Lieut. William W. Davis (formerly of the 13th), acting adjutant, was conspicuous. While gallantly leading on the men, he received a shot in the left arm, but nothing daunted, still kept at his post until faint from pain and loss of blood, he was carried from the field. His heroic bearing was generally noticed, even arresting the attention of the general himself.

The 9th corps has seen some hard fighting during the last three months and is pretty well depleted. But I suppose we shall be kept to the front as long as there is a man left. We can stand it as long as the rebels can, and will be, as we always have been, successful in our charges. If in our last charge we were unfortunate, it was not our fault, but the fault of our supports. We captured the pits and held them for a certain period of time. Human nature cannot hold out forever, and if our supports must give way, we must of necessity lose ground also. Our only regret is the loss of so many brave men, where little or no good has been the result.

Cols. Gould and Hodges were beloved by all, and their loss cannot be replaced. With other officers the feeling is the same; some of our companies have but one, others but two officers left. One company has two officers and four men for duty. Wishing that time and circumstances permitted a more detailed account,

I remain, &c., AZOF.

CAMP 59TH MASS. VOLS.
NEAR PETERSBURG,
Aug. 4, 1864.

Dear Sir,—Knowing that there are a great many friends in Woburn and adjoining towns where your paper circulates, of the boys that are members of our Regt., I thought that perhaps a few lines concerning the Regt. and the recent charge of the 9th corps, might be acceptable to you. The ranks have been thinned considerably of late; the cause—owing to a withdrawal of the 9th corps from the old position in the front pits to where we formed and marched to the left, and then reformed and laid in wait for the order to charge, which we knew would soon come. While thus in wait, the earth under our feet began to tremble, and a sound was heard similar to an earthquake, and looking in the direction of the sound, our eyes beheld about 50 feet in the air, a dense column of smoke, earth, timber, and also men, caused by the blowing up of one of the rebel forts, and at the same instant the order was given to forward, double quick, march, which was done under the heaviest fire of grape and canister; but Massachusetts boys are not thus to be stopped when they start, and we rushed forward, and had in our possession three lines of rebel works. These we held in our possession for five hours, when the colored gentlemen attempted to charge the fourth line of pits. The negroes advanced as far as the first line, that we were in, splendidly, when they entered the pits with fixed bayonets, which caused a great many deaths and wounds in our Regt., and then the confusion was so great, and the pits so crowded that it was impossible to get them to advance, and so full it was impossible to load a gun. The rebels seeing this, took advantage of it and charged, and the negroes, being new troops, and never under fire before, were panic struck and some of them skedaddled as far as Gen. Burnside's headquarters, while others were forced by the white troops to stop in our former front line, where we held them at the close of the day. Therefore it will be seen at once that we had not gained anything except a great loss of life. Our Regt. suffered heavily; our best officers are killed or wounded. Col. J. P. Gould, that brave, calm man, was wounded in the leg, which has since been amputated. Lieut. Col. John Hodges, that gallant and much beloved officer, was killed instantly with a solid shot. The senior captain was also killed by a sharpshooter; while wounded was Lieut. Wm. W. Davis, acting adjutant, who proved himself brave and conspicuous, so much so that he attracted the notice of General Bartlett himself. There were also three lieutenants taken prisoners, Lieuts. John Juley, James Dunlap, and Charles H. Lang, who was also reported to be wounded. Arthur Wyman, of Woburn, who was color corporal, is missing, and also Jacob Ames, wounded slightly in the head, who was also color corporal, and Franklin True, of Company H. The others belonging to Woburn and adjoining towns are all well as far as I can learn. This Regt., though in its infancy, has seen, and perhaps suffered as much loss as any Regt. in the field, as is well represented by the rank and file, which now consists of about one hundred men, the remnants of ten hundred, which is a great loss for a three months' campaign. We are now situated in the front line of pits, where we went the day after the battle, and where we have been most of the time since, being in the vicinity, and where we shall have to stay, probably as long as there is a man left, while other regiments are back to the rear, encamped and enjoying themselves. But the 59th always do as told, and then afterwards take a soldiers only privilege, to grumble. The regiment is commanded by Capt. Ezra P. Gould, a fine man, but of little experience in such matters; it is a temporary command, however, during the absence of Maj. Colburn, who is at home on furlough, on account of a wound received on the 17th of June, and is now on the way out, and happy will be the day that we welcome him back, as the Regt. is like a flock of sheep without a shepherd. And notwithstanding the hardships the Regt. (what there is left) are in excellent spirits, with plenty of rations, and work enough to keep them in decent health. Wishing to give a more lengthened account, but time being short I cannot, I close for the present,

Yours in haste, C. P. B.

IS GOLD A LEGAL TENDER?—There has been quite a discussion recently in this community upon the question whether gold is *really* a legal tender. Those who think it is not, refer to the law of the State, which allows towns and cities to pay $125 to volunteers. They argue that $125, in gold, is *more* than one hundred and twenty-five dollars. Those who oppose this view, think that gold *is a legal tender*, even in war times, and claim that if owing their neighbors, they have the *right* to pay in gold if disposed. The government, they say, has made "greenbacks" a legal tender, but at the same time refuses to receive them for duties, thus virtually ignoring its own currency. The government also has decided to pay its debts and its interest in gold, thus proclaiming to the world that a "greenback" is not as good as gold. It would be a difficult thing, we think, for the government to obtain any amount of money from the people, on a promise to pay the principal and interest in greenbacks, and the government is wise enough not to attempt any such foolish experiment. It knows that gold and silver are the only standards of value the world over.

The question has been raised in view of the fact that many of our citizens are in favor of paying volunteers $125, in gold. It seems to us that the whole matter is perfectly clear and simple. Is a gold dollar a dollar, or is it two or three dollars? Is a paper promise to pay a dollar, a *dollar*, or its *equivalent*, when it takes about three of the former to purchase one of the latter? The common sense of every man can answer these questions, without the aid of legal gentlemen, we think.

Until such time as the government of the United States makes it illegal for the people to pay their indebtedness in gold, they have a right to use it in all business transactions. The Massachusetts lawmakers in passing the Act providing that towns and cities might pay $125 only to each volunteer, did not say that that sum should not be paid in gold, for the good reason that to do so would have exceeded their power. It would have been an act in direct conflict with the laws, not only of the General Government, but of all commercial nations, and it would have been null and void, and proved that the "wisdom of the Commonwealth" was downright foolishness. No. Our legislators were too wise to bring themselves into disrepute before the people. They left the whole matter in the hands of the citizens, who can pay their volunteers in gold, or silver, or in such other money as they may please.

The great question to be decided, is whether it is wise to purchase the gold, and involve the town in debt. It will be difficult to get the men without the gold, and if they are not obtained, the draft must come.

READING.—This town has filled its quota, under the call of the President for 500,000 men.

TOWN MEETING.—At the town Meeting on the 10th inst, Hon. Stephen M. Allen was chosen Moderator.

On Art. 2d, *Voted*, That the town pay recruits enlisting to fill the quota of Woburn (under the late call of the President of the United States for raising five hundred thousand men), one hundred and twenty-five dollars in gold for each man enlisting for three years, *provided*, if after consulting eminent counsel the Selectmen shall ascertain that they have a legal right to do so.

Voted, That a committee of ten be informally chosen by the town to confer with the committee of enrolled men to collect subscriptions, and take other measures necessary to procure the men now called for from the town of Woburn.

Voted, That the committee be appointed by the chair. The chair appointed J. B. Winn, Moses F. Winn, John Cummings, Jr., E. W. Champney, W. B. Harris, Horace Conn, Wm. Totman, A. E. Thompson, Kendall Richardson, John Weston.

Voted to adopt the appointment of the chair.

MILITARY.—It is our painful duty to record, this week, the death of another Woburn soldier. Private Warren W. Osgood, of Co. G, 25th Mass. Regt., was shot in the left breast in the entrenchments at Petersburg, on the 29th of July, and died soon after. At the time of his death, he was serving out his second term of service.

R. K. Danforth has enlisted in Co. E, 8th Mass. Regt., for 100 days service,

Henry Bulfinch has enlisted for one year to do duty at Fort Warren, in the Reading company.

Nathan Melindy has enlisted in the 1st Mass. Cavalry.

Albert Gleason, jr., of Co. K, 39th Mass. Regt., is at home on furlough. Also Private John Riley, of same company.

Privates Franklin B. True, and Arthur B. Wyman, of the 59th Regt., are missing.

CORRECTION.—In the list of tax payers last week there was one error which we wish to correct. The tax of Gen. Abijah Thompson was placed at $11.51—it should have been $1100.51.

We shall publish in our next issue the "Exercise on Language," delivered at the Stoneham High School exhibition, on the 23d of July.

THE WEALTHY MEN OF STONEHAM.—The rate of taxation in Stoneham is $10.40 on a thousand dollars. We give below a list of all persons in the town who pay a tax of $50 and upwards:

Ames, Philander,	85 26
Atwood & Dyer,	64 47
Battles, W. J.,	147 07
Battles, W. J. & Co.,	86 80
Botume, John, Jr.,	94 22
Buck, Joseph,	62 65
Buckman, John,	139 65
Burnham, D. H.,	93 52
Copeland, Charles,	204 61
Cowdrey, George,	105 57
Dike, C. C.,	73 43
Dike, Lyman,	100 17
Dike, George W.,	118 16
Dunkley, E. P.,	134 61
Fay, Henry G.,	74 76
Farrier, Amasa,	81 41
Foley, Matthew,	91 07
Fuller, William G.,	175 07
Gerry, Ira,	248 22
Gerry, Elbridge,	215 15
Gould, Jacob, heirs of,	54 95
Gould, James H.,	130 27
Green, Peter, heirs of,	68 60
Green, Jesse,	66 01
Green, Samuel,	150 71
Green, Daniel,	58 45
Green, James A.,	85 75
Grundy, Joseph,	84 42
Hadley, T. Brooks,	103 11
Hay, Mary, widow,	76 58
Hay, Cyrus,	89 46
Hayward, C. H.,	122 43
Hersam, Orin,	253 05
Hill, John, heirs of,	181 30
Hill, Aaron,	182 21
Hill, John,	296 59
Hill, Luther,	340 27
Hill, F. S. & Co.,	140 00
Hill, John & Co.,	531 44
Hill & Rowe,	115 50
Hill, Daniel, heirs of,	125 44
Hill, Francis,	52 71
Hurd, William,	288 47
Leeds, Joseph,	127 47
Lock, Reuben, Jr.,	99 61
Mawhinney, H. M. & Co.,	73 22
Morse, M. L.,	120 47
Montague, C. H.,	63 21
Parker, J. Flagg,	57 61
Richardson, Alpha,	94 29
Richardson, Sumner,	51 03
Richardson, Thaddeus & Daniel G.,	96 95
Richardson, Reuben & Brothers,	149 73
Richardson, Osborn,	79 63
Richardson, B. F.,	50 54
Rowe, Allen, Jr.,	70 63
Rowe, Allen, Jr. & Co.,	107 80
Rubber Sole Shoe Co.,	630 00
Sargent, John,	63 49
Sidi, Alexander,	124 46
Sprague, D. L.,	133 91
Sprague & Rounds,	159 60
Stevens, Darius,	136 85
Stevens, William F.,	317 24
Stevens & Vanvoorhis,	102 20
Steele, James,	60 41
Steele, John,	63 14
Sweetser, Warren,	152 46
Sweetser, Brown,	94 36
Stoneham Branch R. R. Co.,	96 60
Tidd, William, Jr.,	626 78
Trowbridge, G. W.,	63 42
Trowbridge & Lynde,	175 00
Waitt, James,	112 35
Whittier, E. T.,	62 86
Wiley, Caleb,	109 19
Williams, Micah,	82 25
Wright, John H., Jr.,	140 00
NON-RESIDENTS,	
Dow, N. A., Charlestown,	112 00
Eaton, J. B., Boston,	141 40
Ellis, James S., Woburn,	59 50
Foster, William, heirs of, Boston,	153 30
Franklin Institute, Boston,	81 20
Holbrook, John, Boston,	70 00
Lynde, A. V., Melrose,	120 82
Russel, C. T. & C. H., Boston,	60 90
Stone, Amos, Charlestown,	55 44
Tudor, Frederick, Boston,	64 40
Tudor, Henry J., Boston,	78 40

Boy wanted—See special notice.

QUOTA OF WOBURN.

SELECTMEN'S OFFICE,
Woburn, Aug. 11, 1864.

Special meeting of the Board of Selectmen: met at 8 1-2 o'clock, P. M. Present, the full Board.

The town of Woburn, under the call of the President, dated July, 1864, for five hundred thousand men, has had its quota assigned, and is to raise one hundred and ten (110) men, which may be for one, two, or three years, as the volunteers may elect.

The Selectmen hereby authorize the Town Treasurer to pay the following bounties:—

Voted, That the Selectmen authorize the Town Treasurer to pay one hundred and twenty-five dollars bounty to every soldier who enlists for the quota of this Town, on the present call for one hundred and ten men.

Voted, That the Selectmen authorize the Town Treasurer to pay one hundred and twenty five dollars bounty to every enrolled man who enlists a substitute for three years, and credits the same to the quota of this town on the present call for one hundred and ten men.

WAR MEETING.—There will be a War Meeting at Lyceum Hall this evening, at 7 1-2 o'clock. Men are wanted to fill Woburn's quota, and now is the time to secure them. Let the hall be filled, and let the Spirit of Liberty and Union preside over the deliberations of the assembly.

WAR NEWS.

The Richmond Sentinel of the 8th inst., contains an official statement that Farragut with 14 ships and 3 iron clads had after a desperate fight passed Fort Morgan in an attempt on Mobile, and that one Federal Monitor was sunk, one rebel ship surrendered, and another was beached in the conflict.

A despatch from Mobile, of the 8th inst, from rebel sources, says—"It is painfully humiliating to announce the shameful surrender of Fort Gaines at half-past nine o'clock this morning by Col. Charles Anderson, of the 21st Alabama regiment. This powerful work was provisioned for six months, and with a garrison of 600 men. He communicated with the enemy's fleet by flag of truce, without the sanction of Gen. Page.

Gen. Page inquired by signal what his purpose was, but received no answer. His attention was attracted by signal guns. Gen. Page repeatedly telegraphed —'Hold on to your fort.' The same night he visited Fort Gaines, and found Anderson on board the Yankee fleet arranging terms of capitulation. He left peremptory orders for Anderson on his return not to surrender the fort, and relieved him of his command.

Fort Morgan signalled this morning, but received no answer except the hoisting of the Yankee flag over the ramparts of Fort Gaines. Anderson's conduct is officially pronounced inexplicable and shameful."

A terrible explosion occurred at City Point on Tuesday afternoon, by which upwards of two hundred men were killed and wounded, and several of Gen. Grant's staff seriously injured. It took place without any warning whatever. Two ammunition barges blew up, utterly destroying the large Government wharves and warehouses at that place, and sinking several vessels in the vicinity by the force of the explosion. The accident is said to have been caused by the careless handling of ammunition.

A man, name unknown, said to belong to Cambridge, went into the water at Horn Pond, to bathe, on Thursday evening last, and was drowned. He said he could swim, but was never seen to rise to the top of the water until life was extinct. His wife, it is said, was in a carriage near by, waiting for him.

ADVANCE IN PRICE.—All the daily papers in Boston have advanced their price to 5 cents per copy, with the exception of the Herald, which will be sold for 3 cents.

A schoolmarm in England has adopted a novel mode of punishment. If the boys disobey her rules, she stands them on their heads and pours cold water down their trowsers legs.

For the Middlesex Journal.

MR. EDITOR,—Mr. Haskell Bancroft, a resident of Ohio, has been in town recently, on a visit to his old friends. He left Woburn 21 years ago and settled in Columbus, the capital of Ohio, where he established himself in his line of business. He erected in that city the first factory for making of doors, blinds and window sashes by machinery, moved by steam power. The people were at first doubtful as to the goodness of the articles. The manufacturers of such wares by hand, were opposed of course to the innovation, and said it was impossible that doors, &c., could be made by machinery as good as by hand. But on trial the public were convinced they were as good and at a vast saving in cost. He has succeeded well in his business.

Mr. Bancroft is a good Union man, a true patriot, and an old-fashioned democrat. He goes for the suppression of the rebellion at any cost, and at every hazard, and the emancipation of slavery into the bargain. He says he has four sons in the army, all well when he last heard from them, fighting the battles of their country.

May Mr. B. and his four sons all return safe and in good health to their adopted State, to enjoy the fruits of their patriotic services to their country. B.

Woburn, Aug. 10, 1864.

SOUTH READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

FAST DAYS.—A friend from a neighboring town said to us the day after the National Fast, "We dont have such Fast days as we formerly did. Once we could have two sermons with a respectable number of hearers. Now you can hardly get people enough together to have a prayer meeting." Said another, "There is a great falling off in meetings on Fast days, even Christians, instead of attending church, make them holidays." No doubt there is truth in the remarks just quoted. In the present crisis of affairs in our country, there seems to be a propriety in assembling the people together to seek the divine blessing. In this town there were meetings for prayer at the Congregational and Baptist Churches, forenoon and afternoon. The attendance was good, though not such as could be desired. The clergy were well represented. It was noticed that at the prayer meeting in the Baptist vestry on Thursday morning, there were six resident Baptist ministers present, most of whom took a part in the services. The clergy as a class, may be counted upon as true in devotion to their country.

MILITARY.—It is sometimes said that money will buy almost anything. This may be so, though at times a good deal of it is required for the purpose. After raising about $12,000, it was thought that our quota would soon be filled. But for some reason our committee did not procure the men, and individuals took it upon themselves to put in substitutes. In this, as yet, there has been but little success. The next move was to enlist another company in town to go for one year. Nearly enough of our enrolled men to fill our quota had signified their intention of joining, when the men who were expected to lead in the matter found it inconvenient to do so, and the company has not been formed. It is desirable to avoid the draft, but if volunteers cannot be obtained, the draft must come. Our Selectmen have been ordered by the provost-marshal to make immediate return of the names of such enrolled men as have enlisted for 100 days, that they may not appear in the drawing. M.

A soldier writing to us under date of August 4, from City Point Hospital, Baltimore, where he has been confined for several weeks, from sickness caused by severe hardships in front, gives the following interesting description of the Hospital and its surroundings. M.

"As it regards the location and place of the encampment, and the ornamental work of green houses, &c., it is unrivalled by any institution of like character. The broad avenues, sidewalks covered with rustic arbors running along in front of each row of tents or wards, present truly an architectural appearance.

The Hospital is situated on a bank overlooking the placid stream of James River, from which a cooling breeze constantly circulates throughout the tented city. There is another advantage unknown to other hospitals—the water is forced from the river by means of two steam Engines, through leaden pipes into the main avenues, which supply large tanks accessible to all parts of the camp. Watering carts are engaged through the day in sprinkling the streets, and nothing is left undone that would add to the comfort of the sick and wounded soldier. In each square, cook tents are constructed, which serve their respective sections.

Each ward is composed of three tents large enough to admit of twenty bedsteads, half on each side, with an aisle between. Each bedstead is furnished with a tick, sheet, and white blanket, with a musquito netting to cover the whole. The supporting poles and overhead are highly ornamented with greens, corps marks, &c. The whole has more the appearance of a stage scene of some fairy place than a chateau of invalids in pure white clothing. To our kind nurses is due all credit for their skill and taste in the ornamental work so attractive to the eye. These nurses are gentlemen in every respect, accommodating as well as polite, which does honor to themselves, as well as to the class which we represent—the white and red diamond of the old 3d corps. The few survivors desire their friends to remember them when they read over the heroic deeds of the army of the Potomac. Yours,

RED DIAMOND."

STONEHAM.

For the Middlesex Journal.

We bear up under these dog days and dog weather, "as well as can be expected under the circumstances." I hear farmers complaining of the dryness of the ground. Why, it is only a week since we had a soaking rain! Did you ever hear any class of people grumble so much about the weather as farmers do? It is too hot; it is too cold; it is too dry; it never rains but it pours; "That shower did me a hundred dollars damage on my hay, which was nearly ready to be transported to the barn;" "What a refreshing shower we have had, wife; won't our turnips take a new start?"

CRIMINAL RECORD.—The last case I've heard of was that of a Canadian Frenchman, who plead "not guilty" to the charge of stealing a watch and chain. It appears that on Monday morning last, Mr. O. S. Pillsbury, engineer in Sprague & Round's Manufactory, left his watch in an outbuilding. The Frenchman soon after went into the said building, and came out again and went his way. Mr. P. bethought him of his watch, went to the place where he placed it, and that place didn't contain his watch—didn't contain anything! There was vacancy! It was at an hour when hardly a man was stirring abroad. One man he had seen go into the building, and his mind began to be distressed a little bit about the loss of his time-keeper. He desired the Frenchman to "come to time," and deliver up the property. Our jolly French friend "didn't see it," and hinted something about his taking leave of him in short metre. This occurred at the Frenchman's room in the boarding house. Mr. P. chose his own time, though he had indeed lost his own time-keeper. A search-warrant—a search by chief of police French, warranted by the result, which was the finding among the ashes and debris of the dust-brush, a watch-chain. This led the police to watch the Frenchman closer. He was noticed to step aside towards the rear of a store. One or two hours after that, a lad picks up a watch in that vicinity. It is identified most particularly, as well as the chain. There couldn't be the shadow of a doubt about either. The lock-up brought our French friend up some time Monday forenoon, and on the evening of the same day his case was heard, when he had the good fortune to find two men to become sureties for him.

The Sentinel, I see, states that Mr. A. E. Carr plead guilty to the charge of being a common seller. That isn't quite so. He merely waived examination, and Lyman Dike became surety for his appearance at the October term of Court.

The case of David H. Knights, for setting fires in Colonel Gerry's woods was heard last week on Friday evening. Counsel for defendent, J. P. Converse, Esq., of Woburn; for the Government, A. V. Lynde, Esq., of Melrose. It was commenced on Fast Day, and the decision was rendered on the next evening. As is often the case, there are two parties, one believing him innocent, and another, who see every circumstance, pointing most emphatically to David H. as the man. "And Nathan said unto David, THOU art the man." Mr. Brown Sweetser became surety for Knights' appearance at Court next October.

Thus endeth the first reading. Look out for the next. LEE.

WINCHESTER.

For the Middlesex Journal.

EXCURSIONS AND PIC-NICS.—The Excursion and Pic-nic of the Sabbath School connected with the Cong. Society came off as per appointment, last Tuesday. The weather, which looked somewhat unpropitious at early morn, partially cleared off at a later period and the scorching rays of the sun being somewhat tempered by a good breeze, made it quite pleasant for the occasion. Punctually at the appointed time, 1-4 of 9 o'clock, the long train bearing nearly four hundred of the parents, children and friends, started from town, and after a pleasant ride of about an hour over the Lowell and Stony Brook Railroads, were landed at the entrance to Excelsior Grove, at Forge Village situated in Westford, two miles from the centre of the town and twelve miles from Lowell. Preceeded by music from the Chelsea Brass Band, the company marched to the grove, where brief introductory services took place, consisting of a prayer by Dr. Chapin, and the singing of the National Hymn, "America." The children and others were then directed to enjoy themselves to their hearts' content. The grove is leased for a term of years to some parties in Lowell, and is fitted up with all the conveniences for such purposes. It is well shaded by trees, provided with refreshment house and table, speakers' stand, platform and stand for music, swings, and other forms of amusement. The grove is located on the borders of Forge Pond, a beautiful sheet of water some one mile in width and two in length. A large boat, with paddle wheels, named Excelsior, and two row boats are provided by the proprietors of the grove. In the afternoon some of the fathers showed their agility in a running race, and evinced that they had not lost all the activity of their younger years. In the enjoyment of these various methods of recreation, and in listening to the excellent music of the band, the time was pleasantly occupied. At one o'clock, the bugle blast summoned the company to dine. The table was spread with a liberal provision for the inner wants, to which proper justice was done, after a blessing invoked by Mr. Wm. A. Stone.

The grove is admirably adapted to its purposes, being in fact, as well as in name, "Excelsior," and if it were nearer the city of Boston would doubtless be much frequented by parties from that place. The selection of the location, and the arrangements for the affair, reflect credit upon the committee of arrangements, ladies as well as gentlemen, of which Mr. James H. Prince was the efficient chairman. At 4 o'clock, another lunch was partaken of, and at 5 1-4 o'clock the excursionists started for home, arriving in safety at 7 o'clock, P. M. The party had been augmented through the day by additional numbers, swelling the number of those present to over four hundred. Everything passed off well, and nothing occurred to mar the enjoyment of the occasion. It was a pleasant interlude in the daily journey of life, and serves a good purpose in any Sunday School and Society, by bringing all together in social and friendly intercourse, and affording an opportunity for pleasant and healthful recreation.

Another excursion of a neighborly kind and character, and numbering some thirty of the Symmes' Corner residents, came off on Wednesday at Point of Pines, Chelsea Beach. Although deprived of the valuable services of the gallant Major on account of sickness, yet a young representative was furnished in his son, who handled the ribbons in a worthy manner, and carried the party to their destination after several mishaps, for which he was not accountable, however. Encamped among the pines, the company went into it in regular pic-nic style. The clams were rather small, but after due diligence, enough were secured of the bivalves to afford an excellent chowder, which, under the able direction of the ladies, was made into that favorite stew. Most of the party availed themselves of the opportunity to bathe in waters of old Ocean, which was much enjoyed by the

children especially. The company returned in the cool of the evening, arriving home about half-past nine o'clock, making the finale to this pleasant annual excursion.

SCHOOLS.—Miss Bailey, who has been the successful teacher of the Mystic School for several years past, has resigned her situation to accept, with her sister, of a more lucrative one in Georgetown, Kentucky. Her resignation is quite a loss to the school and the town, and her valuable services can ill be spared.

RELIGIOUS.—The pastor of the Cong. Church is now enjoying his summer vacation. Rev. Mr. Wellman, of Newton, is officiating during his absence.

EXCELSIOR.

ANCIENT AND MODERN MEDICAL PRACTICE.—The rapid progress towards perfection evinced in every branch of art and science is seldom witnessed, in that anomalous body, the medical profession, which clings with the iron tenacity of superstition to its effete and exploded traditions. This immobility of action and opinion is self-evident from the fact that few, if any, physicians are conversant with the affinity existing between disease and its remedy. True they may be familiar with the diagnosis of a particular malady, and prescribe for it from the formula of their "*Manual*," but in what manner this medicine or combination of medicines exercises a specific influence on the disease is a mystery to them—consequently from first to last 'tis little better than a game of speculation. We have been led to these remarks by the perusal of a short article from a late issue of the "London Lancet" on the nature and treatment of disease—it instances the strong sound common sense which pervades the system established by Dr. Holloway about the dawn of the present century. Says the "Lancet," Dr. Holloway classes diseases under two heads—the stomach and the blood, and no matter under what form the disease is indicated, he treats either of these sources with his celebrated vegetable Pills—there is no idle speculation here—the root of the disorder is straightway attacked and incontinently exterminated. Indigestion is frequently accompanied by headache, biliousness, loss of appetite and general debility, indigestion is merely a disorder of the stomach, and to reach any of the above complaints we must rectify the derangements of the digestive organs—in like manner Scrofulous affections, such as King's Evil, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, &c., are traced to vitiated humors of the blood with which Dr. Holloway's Pills combine, and by neutralizing these humors restore the natural healthy properties of the blood and secretions.—"*Journal of Health.*"

For the Middlesex Journal.

EVENING.

[redacted] the blushing tender twilight
Leaneth on the breast of eve;
Which in crimson pink and white,
Glows with rapture to receive
To her passionate embraces,
One so fond and one so fair
As the Twilight, full of graces
As the Nun at Ave prayer!

Hue as changing as the maiden's,
When her lover whispers low,—
Or as fruit when autumn ladens
Orchards, till to earth they bow,
Is this evening's, as it joyeth
With her Twilight's wooing, yet,
Gentle Twilight only toyeth,—
Soon, alas! it will forget!

Yes! forget, in its estrangement
From the warm embracing eve,
The blessed, blissful moments spent,—
All it gave and did receive!
Leave her pale and broken hearted,
To bemoan her doleful plight—
Leave her helpless to be taunted
With th' advances of the Night!

Even now the fickle Twilight,
Seems to tire of Eve's embrace,
Who, with loveliest charms bedight,
Strives to hold him to his place
On her lovely bosom, heaving
With impatience and desire;
But he scorns all further pleading,
And departs on clouds of fire!

With the Twilight, Eve's frail beauty,
Soon departs ne'er to return,
And, as for neglected duty,
In her breast doth anguish burn!
As she stands in sorrow stricken,
With a grief stained cheek, and pale,
Down comes Night—the shadows thicken—
Eve, thy sadness needs a veil! R.

Special Notices.

Boy Wanted.

☞ A smart, active boy, is wanted in an Apothecary Store. No one need apply who is not thoroughly honest and capable. Inquire at No. 5 Wade Block. aug13

WARREN ACADEMY.

The fall term of this institution will begin MONDAY, August 22d, and continue eleven weeks under the instruction of Mr. D. W Sanborn, A. M., Principal. A preparatory department will be conducted by Miss. Kate Bodwell. Children as young as parents choose to send, will be admitted. Miss Bodwell is an experienced and successful teacher.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, Sec. Board of Trustees.
Woburn, August 6, 1864. 3t.

NOTICE.

The subscriber respectfully informs those indebted to him for subscriptions to the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL, and for Job Work, that he will present them with their bills in the course of a few days, when he trusts they will find it convenient to settle. E. T. MOODY.
Woburn, July 30, 1864.

Instruction on the Piano-Forte.

Mrs. L. M. DALTON, would like to procure a few pupils for instruction on the Piano-Forte.—Her experience enables her to give thorough instruction, and she invites those wishing to take lessons to call upon her at her residence, CANAL STREET, WOBURN.
Woburn, June 10, 1864. 37—3m.

WE ASSERT IT BOLDLY.—There are no other Medicines so reliable, effectual and convenient as Holloway's Pills and Ointment, always ready for use. They are invaluable to the Soldier exposed to Wounds, Sores, Fevers and Bowel Complaints. They never fail.

If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. 229

A Card to the Suffering.

SWALLOW two or three hogsheads of "Buchu," "Tonic Bitters," "Nervous Antidotes," &c., &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the result, then try one box of OLD DOCTOR BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS—and be restored to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the broken down and shattered constitution. Old and young can take them with advantage. Imported and sold in the United States only by

JAS. S. BUTLER,
No. 427 Broadway, New York,
☞ Agent for the United States.

P. S.—A box of the Pills, securely packed, will be mailed to any address on receipt of price, which is ONE DOLLAR, post paid—money refunded by the Agent if entire satisfaction is not given.
jy23—3m*

EDITOR OF JOURNAL:—*Dear Sir.*—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
jy23—3m* 831 Broadway, New York.

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED?

DR. BUCHAN'S
ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESS, Impotency, premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual, and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced. Price One Dollar per box. Sent post-paid by mail on receipt of an order. One box will perfect the cure in most cases. Address
JAMES S. BUTLER,
General Agent, 427 Broadway, New York.
jy23—3m*

THE HISTORY
OF
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

The most remarkable medicine of the day, and the many cures that have been performed with it in cases of Liver Complaint, Dispepsia, Nervous Debility, and other diseases arising from a disordered stomach or liver, places it at once among the most astonishing discoveries that has taken place in the medical world. The diseases to which bitters are applicable are so universal that there are but few of our friends who may not test their virtues in their own families or circle of acquaintances, and prove to their own satisfaction that there is at least one remedy among the many advertised medicines, deserving the public commendation.

For sale by druggists and dealers everywhere.
jy30—2m

BE WISE BY TIMES.

Do not trifle with your health, constitution, and character. If you are suffering with any diseases for which HELMBOLD'S EXTRA BUCHU is recommended,
TRY IT! TRY IT! TRY IT!
It will cure you, save long suffering, allaying Pain and Inflammation, and will restore you to HEALTH AND PURITY.
At little expense and no exposure. Cut out the advertisement in another column, and call or send for it.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!
Ask for Helmbold's Take no other.
CURES GUARANTEED.
jy30—2m

"HARD TIMES COFFEE."

This Coffee has stood the test, and is
Unequalled by any other Substitute.
No one who delights in a
Cup of good Coffee
Should be without it.
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
H. B. NEWHALL,
36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

Certificate of Dr. Hayes.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance. It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully,
A. A. HAYES, M. D.,
jy16—2m eow State Assayer.

Died

In South Reading, Aug. 5, Mr. Howard Perkins Field, aged 38 years.

In Woburn, Aug. 4, Mary, daughter of James and Ellen Rogers, aged 8 years.

In Winchester, Aug. 7, Carrie L., infant daughter of George S. and Hattie L. Cutter, aged 1 month 13 days.

In Lexington, Aug. 7, James Little, aged 2 months and 4 days.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX ss.
PROBATE COURT.

WHEREAS, THOMAS B. SKINNER, of South Reading, has presented to said Court, for Probate, an instrument purporting to be the last will of
THOMAS SKINNER,
late of South Reading, in said County of Middlesex, deceased; all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden in Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of September next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir of said deceased, within two days after said first publication.

Witness WILLIAM A RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of the said Court, this eighth day of August, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-four.
aug13—3w J. H. TYLER, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX ss.
PROBATE COURT.

WHEREAS, EDWARD MANSFIELD, of South Reading, has petitioned said Court to grant him a letter of administration, with the Will annexed, on the estate of
JEREMIAH BROWN,
of South Reading, in said County of Middlesex, deceased; all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of September next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively, in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir of said deceased, within two days after said first publication.

Witness WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of the said Court, this eighth day of August, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-four.
aug13—3w J. H. TYLER, Register.

Penrhyn Marble Co.

Enamelled Slate Chimney Pieces, cheaper than Marble. Garden Vases, Pedestals, Flower Pots and Hanging Baskets, Toilet Sets, Bohemian Lava, China and Terra Cotta Vases, and other fancy goods—Flower Baskets, Chimney Tops, English Tile.

The best assortment of the kind in Boston.
JOSEPH STORY, Treas.
Studio Building 113 Tremont st., Boston.

4711 Farina Cologne 4711

Celebrated for its excellence all over the world,
For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.



WAR MEETING!

There will be a War Meeting at Lyceum Hall, this (SATURDAY) evening, Aug. 13, at 7½ o'clock.

Rally, Men, for the Old Flag!!

110 Men wanted immediately, to fill up the quota of the Town of Woburn, as required by the proclamation of the President for 500,000 men.

Volunteers enlisting for one year will be entitled to $400 bounty, as follows:—

Town Bounty,	$125
Citizens' do.,	75
State do.,	100
U. States do.,	100
	$400

This bounty is in addition to the monthly pay of $16, and State aid to families.

The flag is now out at the Recruiting Office, Lyceum Building. Persons will be present day and evening, and men can enlist at once.

Come one. Come all.

Per order of the Recruiting Committee.

E. W. CHAMPNEY, Clerk.

Aug. 13, 1864.

Mortgagee's Sale.

BY virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed, given by J. Emery, Jr., dated June 13th, 1863, and recorded with Middlesex (So. Dist.) Deeds, Lib. 908, Fol. 336, will be sold at Public Auction, on Monday, the twenty second day of August, 1864, at (5) five o'clock, P. M., on the premises, for a breach of the conditions of said mortgage deed: ALL the Real Estate described in said mortgage deed, consisting of a certain tract or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon standing, situated in Stoneham, on the northerly side of Franklin Street, containing eight acres and twenty-one poles, more or less, being lot numbered three on a plan of Joshua Green's estate, made by Amasa Farrier, Surveyor, March, 1863, and bounded as follows, viz:—Beginning at the southwesterly corner of the premises at a stake in said street, and by lot numbered two on said plan; thence the line runs northerly by said lot number two, nine hundred and eighty feet to a stake by land of William G. Fuller; thence easterly by said Fuller's land, and land of the heirs of Thomas Gould, three hundred and twenty-five feet, to a stake at lot numbered four on said plan; then southerly by said lot number four, eleven hundred and forty feet to a stake at said Franklin Street, thence northwesterly by said street four hundred and five feet to the bound first mentioned.

JOHN HILL, Mortgagee.
aug6—3w

Congress Paint Store,

Corner of Water & Congress Sts.,
BOSTON.
SAMUEL WHEELER, Agt.
(Formerly in Union Street,)
MANUFACTURER OF THE
Constant White Paint,
Which he challenges the world to produce its equal for beauty and durability. It is vastly superior to that formerly known as Florence White, made by him.
ALSO DEALER IN
Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Drugs,
GLUES, and PAINTERS SUPPLIES.
ALSO, AGENT FOR THE
BRIDGEWATER
MINERAL PAINT,
Which is seven eighths Iron, and warranted superior to all other Fire-proof Paints ever known—in color, fineness and durability.

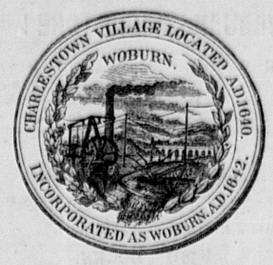
ALLEN, CHENEY & BARTLET,

131 Friend and 38 Canal St.,
[Formerly Allen & Webber.]
Manufacturers of Cabinet, Library, Dining Room and Chamber
FURNITURE
Invites the attention of those in want of substantial and handsomely made articles of Furniture, in Walnut, Mahogany and Oak. We have a large stock on hand, and are constantly receiving new and elegant styles from our manufactory. Our goods being made by ourselves, from the best seasoned and kiln-dried stock, we feel confident that they will prove satisfactory.
WM. H. ALLEN,
E. P. CHENEY,
GORDON BARTLET.

U. S.

10-40 5 Per Cents.
5-20 6 " "
One Year Certificates,
AND
AMERICAN GOLD
BOUGHT and SOLD.
Gold Coupons collected, and returns made at the market rates.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission, and our correspondents promptly advised of any business transacted for them.

MELLEN, WARD & MOWER
BANKERS,
No. 20 Congress Street,
CHARLES MELLEN, late with Galloupe & Putnam.
CHARLES H. WARD, late with Spencer, Vila & Co.
CALVIN R. MOWER, " " " " "
BOSTON.



SELECTMEN'S OFFICE,
WOBURN, July 7, 1864.

The attention of the citizens of Woburn, NOT LIABLE TO DRAFT, is respectfully called to the annexed Circular, and extracts from Gen. Order No. 23. It affords the opportunity to those interested in the success of the National cause, to give to the country the proof of their patriotism, by placing in the Army a personal representative.

All cannot go to the front and give their personal service, but every citizen has now the privilege of voluntarily placing his representative there, and thus aiding to secure the prompt and decisive overthrow of the rebellion.

Let the citizens of Woburn nobly respond to this new call on their patriotism.

All persons enlisting as representative recruits under this authority, will receive the Town Bounty of One Hundred and Twenty-Five Dollars.

By order of the Board of Selectmen,
A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
PROVOST-MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., June 26, 1864.

Persons not fit for military duty and not liable to draft, from age or other causes, have expressed a desire to be personally represented in the Army. In addition to the contributions they have made in the way of bounties, they propose to procure at their own expense, and present for enlistment, recruits to represent them in the service. Such practical patriotism is worthy of special commendation and encouragement. Provost-Marshals, and all other officers acting under this Bureau, are ordered to furnish all the facilities in their power to enlist and muster promptly the acceptable *representative recruits* presented, in accordance with the design herein set forth.

The name of the person whom the recruit represents will be noted on the Enlistment and Descriptive Roll of the recruit, and will be carried forward from those papers to the other official records which form his military history.

Suitably prepared certificates of this *personal representation* in the service will be forwarded from this office, to be filled out and issued by Provost-Marshals to the persons who put in *representative recruits*.

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost-Marshal General.

FROM GEN. ORDER NO. 23.

The men enlisted under the provisions of the above circular will be entitled to the bounty from the State; and their families the State Aid. These men are *Representative Recruits*,—that is to say, men induced to enlist, by the exertions of patriotic men who who are not themselves liable to do military service, and not substitutes who are enlisted in the place of men either liable to military duty, or who have been drafted.

By order of His Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander in-Chief.
WILLIAM SCHOULER,
Adjutant-General.
jy9

Letters Remaining Unclaimed,

IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN, State of Massachusetts, 13th day of Aug., 1864.

☞ "To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for *'advertised letters,'* give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Free delivery of letters by carriers, at the residence of owners, in cities and large towns, may be secured by observing the following rules;

1. Direct letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the post office and State.

2. Head letters with the writer's post office and State, street and number, sign them plainly with full name, and request that answers be directed accordingly.

3. Letters to strangers or transient visitors in a town or city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked, in the lower left-hand corner, with the word 'Transient.'

4. Place the postage stamp on the upper right hand corner, and leave space between the stamp and direction for post-marking without interfering with the writing.

N. B. A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within 30 days or less, written or printed with the writer's name, post office, and State, across the left-hand end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with at the usual prepaid rate of postage, payable when the letter is delivered to the writer."—Sec. 28, of Law of 1863.

Converse, Rev Mr	McCarthy, Michael A
Eaton, George	Pettingill, John W
Hurly, David	Toomey, Mary
Lee, Cora H	

NATHAN WYMAN, P. M.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given, that the Subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of ABEL WYMAN, late of Woburn, in the county of Middlesex, deceased, and taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to
CHARLES A. WYMAN, Admr.
Woburn, May 24th, 1864.

FEAR AT AN END!

No one is now deterred from changing the
WHISKERS OR MUSTACHE
from red, gray or sandy to a rich
BLACK OR BROWN
by a fear of injuring or staining the skin.
CHRISTADORO'S DYE
is harmless as water, mild as new milk and
TRUE TO NATURE
in the magnificent colors it imparts.
Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere and applied by all Hair Dressers.
Price, $1, $1.50, and $3 per box, according to size.
Cristadoro's Hair Preservative.
Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Hair. Price, 50 cents, $1, and $2 per bottle, according to size. jy16—3w.

S. M. COLCORD & CO.,

(Successors to CARTER, COLCORD, & PRESTON,)
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
BOSTON,
DEALERS IN
Drugs, Medicines, and Chemicals
Of superior quality, English, French, American
Soaps, Perfumeries & Toilet articles
and Patent Medicines,
Of all kinds, and in the largest quantities;
BRANDIES, WINES, and LIQUORS,
Of unequalled purity and quality for medicinal purposes;
FANCY LABELS,
In new and elegant designs, by the best Lithographers.
Manufacturers of SODA WATER and choice SODA SYRUPS. Quotations furnished on application. Orders solicited, and promptly executed at lowest market rates.

NEW STOCK OF ROOM PAPER!

A LARGE SUPPLY OF
NEW PATTERNS,
of the above, has just been received from New York, at the
Woburn Bookstore,
and will be sold very low. Also, BORDERING in variety, and Paper for Curtains and Side Lights.

WYMAN'S

AMBROTYPE, MELAINOTYPE, AND Dagnerreotype Rooms,
KELLEY'S BLOCK, ... WOBURN.
PARTICULAR attention given to copying pictures.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBURN CENTRE.

TOILET EXTRACTS.

In endless variety, many of which will be sold at a low figure. By
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

G. R. GAGE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
New Bank Building, Woburn,
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he is now located in his new store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS
made in the best style, and warranted to fit.
Particular attention paid to making
Boys' Clothing
He has on hand a large stock of the best and most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the season, which will be made up to order at the most reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS
of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly on hand.
Woburn, March 19th, 1864.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, Free of Charge. Address
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House, New York City.
jy9—1m*

English, French and American
BRUSHES,
FOR THE
HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.
For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

For Sale in South Reading.

The Estate on Eaton Street, belonging to Loel Sweetser, consisting of a house, 33 feet by 29 and one acre of land, well stocked with fruit trees. Being in the centre of the town, it is a fine location. If any person is desirous of purchasing, please call and examine.
Price $2,000. july23—3t*

ATKINSON'S FRENCH PLASTER. Highly Recommended for CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD JOINTS, NAILS IN-GROWING, or any Disease of the Feet.

This Plaster effects a cure without pain or inconvenience. After the application the boot or shoe can be worn with perfect ease. Warranted not injurious. Procured of all principal druggists and Boot and Shoe dealers. Made only by W. D. ATKINSON, Jr. Tremont corner Boylston streets, Boston, Mass. Wholesale agents, G. C. Goodwin & Co.; John Wilson, Jr., & Co., Boston.

ATKINSON'S FURNITURE POLISH. For VARNISHED or POLISHED FURNITURE, this excellent Polish will not fail to restore furniture to its original brilliancy. After using this preparation, the touch of the hand will not leave a mark or soil furniture. Obtained at the principal dealers in furniture, and traders generally. W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., manufacturer Tremont corner Boylston streets, Wholesale agents, Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. Warranted not to injure the varnish. 40 3m

Keep Cool by Drinking

BRIGHAM'S
ARCTIC SODA WATER,
Which runs in a constant stream at No. 5 WADES BLOCK.

VERNATELLA.

WARRANTED TO MAKE THE
SOLES OF BOOTS AND SHOES
WATER AND DAMPNESS PROOF,
AND WEAR ONE-THIRD LONGER.
VERNATELLA,
is a preparation from Copper, having no grease. Linseed oil, or anything of the kind, and when the soles are once saturated with it, water can no more get through them than through copper itself.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
AT RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

But its cost to the purchaser is really NOTHING, as it makes the soles wear enough longer to more than pay for it, leaving as a net gain the making of them Water and Dampness Proof and the preservation thereby of that priceless gem, the health.

LADIES, READ THIS.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH!
Use Vernatella on the soles of your Shoes. It makes them water proof and thereby protects your feet from dampness, for the ground is always more or less moist, either from rain or the morning and evening dew.
At Wholesale in Boston by
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 38 Hanover street.
S. M. COSCORD & CO., 86 Hanover street.
M. S. BURR & CO., 26 Tremont street.
CARTER, RUST & CO., 43, Hanover street.
And Wholesale Druggists generally. Also by all the Principal Dealers in Boots and Shoes.
Manufactured in the CHEMICAL DEPARTMENT of the
Cahoon Manufacturing Company.
WYMAN & TYLER, Agents.
40—7m 62, Water street, Boston.

FRANK B. DODGE,

WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER,
ALSO, DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated-Ware, Musical Instruments, Fancy Goods, &c
☞ *Melodeons For Sale and to Let.*
WADE BLOCK, MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

OLD PAPERS, &C

OLD NEWSPAPERS, PAMPHLETS, &c. purchased at the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL OFFICE. Persons having large or small quantities to dispose of, are invited to bring them to the above place.
Woburn, April 23, 1864.

WOBURN MARBLE & GRANITE STONE-WORKS.

THE subscribers offer for sale the largest and best assortment of MARBLE
Monuments and Gravestones
ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular attention given to the
Fitting up of Cemetery Lots
with GRANITE EDGE-STONE and POSTS.
Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for Building purposes furnished to order.
OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin Warerooms, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass
A. SCOTT & CO.
R. PICKERING, Agent.
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1854—21-y.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE

EFFECTED IN
Good Stock & Mutual Companies;
Also, PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, &c., obtained for Widows, Children, Fathers, Mothers, Brothers or Sisters, through the agency of HORATIO WOODMAN, Esq., of Boston,
By SPARROW HORTON Agt.,
AT THE
WOBURN POST-OFFICE.

C. S. ADKINS,

DEALER IN
BOOKS, STATIONERY,
PERIODICALS,
CONFECTIONERY, &C., &C.,
WOULD respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Woburn and vicinity to a good assortment of
Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Sand, Mucilage, Sealing Wax, and all articles usually found in a Stationery Store.
Daily Papers and Periodicals of the day.
Sheet Music—Vocal and Instrumental.
Violin and Guitar Strings.
Confectionery of all kinds, and of the best quality.
Also, HOVEY'S HAIR BALM, one of the best preparations for the Hair, offered to the public.
"TOWNSMAN" BUILDING,
Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

MIDDLESEX
WAR-CLAIM ASSOCIATION,

Office, 4 Niles Block, 33 School St., Boston.
THIS ASSOCIATION has been formed to aid Soldiers, Seamen, and their Families, in obtaining PENSIONS BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, PRIZE MONEY, LAND, and other claims against the Government.
Applications for the collection of claims should be made by letter, or in person, to the Attorney of the Association.
Advice will be given by the Attorney without charge.
Upon the collection of claims, small charges, established by the Directors, will be made.
HON. JOEL PARKER, President.
HON. D. W. GOOCH, } Vice Presdts.
HON. GEO. S. BOUTWELL, }
DIRECTORS—Joel Parker, Geo. S. Boutwell, D. W. Gooch, Leonard Huntress, James M. Shute, Phineas J. Stone, Chas. Hudson, E. J. Collins, Amos Stone, B. Hosford, Horace Conn, J. H. Waitt, Charles Kimball, John K. Going.
A. B. COFFIN, Attorney, No. 33 School Street, Boston. GEO. W. COPELAND, Secretary and Treasurer, 5 Tremont Street, Boston. 20 1y.

J. M. GROSVENOR, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon,
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE at the Corner of Union and Main Streets.
REFERENCES — Dixi Crosby, M. D., Prof. of Surgery at Dartmouth College; E. R. Peaslee, M. D., LL. D., New York; Surgeon J. C. Dorr, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.; E. B. Peirson, M. D., Salem, Mass. 29-tf.

DR. C. T. LANG,
Surgeon Dentist.
Cor. Winn and Pleasant Sts.
Woburn Centre, Mass.

MRS. M. E. FIELD,

MILLINER,
Keeps constantly on hand
BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, DRESS TRIMMINGS, CAPS, BRAIDS, LACES, SILKS, WORSTEDS, &c.
MOURNING GOODS furnished at short notice
☞ BONNETS Bleached, Pressed and Trimmed to order.
Bank Block, Main Street, Woburn.

WILLIAM WINN,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER.
BURLINGTON, MASS.
Sales of Real and Personal Estate attended to on reasonable terms.
Orders left at the *Journal* office will receive prompt attention.

H. HARRIMAN,

HARNESS AND COLLAR MANUFACTURER.
Corner of Ockley Court and Main Street, (opposite Central House), Woburn Mass.
Harnesses of every description made from the best stock, and by experienced workmen, at low prices.
Repairing neatly done.

HORACE COLLAMORE,

DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX COUNTY.
OFFICE:—4 WADE'S BLOCK,
Woburn Centre.

A. B. COFFIN,

ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW
No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.
Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street.

"BIG THING ON ICE."

ONE OF TUFT'S
ARCTIC SODA FIXTURES!
Has been placed on the Counter of the APOTHECARY at
No. 5 Wade Block, Main St.
He now offers to the thirsty public a cold glass of Soda Water with either of
12 varieties of Fruit and Cream Syrups.
☞ CALL AND SAMPLE THE GOODS. ☜

SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M. D,

Physician and Surgeon,
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
WOBURN CENTRE.

M. L. MORSE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
STONEHAM.
☞ Office over Store of C. H. Montague.

BOSTON AND LOWELL

And Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Stony Brook Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowell Railroads.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 16th, 1864, trains will leave BOSTON for—
Upper Railroads, 6.00, 8.00 a m, 12.00, 5.30 p m.
Wilton, Milford, Danforth's Corner, S. Merrimack 8.00 a.m. 12.00, 5.30 p. m.
Nashua, 6.00, 8.00† am, 12 m, 5 30 pm
Tyngsboro', No. Chelmsford 6.00am, 12.00, 5.30pm
Groton Junction 10.00 (exp) a.m., 3.30 p. m.
Lowell, 6.00, 8.00†, 10.00 am, 12.00 (exp), 2.30, 5.30 (exp), 6 pm.
North Billerica, Billerica & Tewksbury, Wilmington, 6.00, 10.00 a m, 2.30, 6.00 p m.
S. Wilmington, N. Woburn, 10 a m, 2.30, p m.
Woburn W. S., 6.00, 10.00, a.m., 2.30, 6.00 p m.
E. Woburn, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, a m. 2.30, 3.00, 5.10, 7.30* pm.
Winchester and West Medford, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, am, 2.30, 3.00, 5.10, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p m.
College Hill 6.45, 10.00, 11.30 a.m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p.m.
Mondays at 11.30 p. m., a train leaves for Lowell, Nashua and Way Stations.
The 10.00 A. M., and 2.30 P. M., Trains from Boston stop at Milk Row, Somerville Centre, and College Hill Stations, to take passengers for Stations above Winchester.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

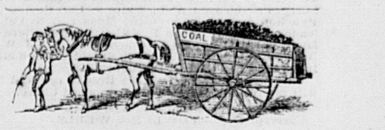
TRAINS FOR BOSTON LEAVE
Wilton at 6.15, 11.00 a. m. 3.30 p m.
Milford, 6.20, 11.05, a. m. 3.35 p m.
Danforth's Corner, 6.30, 11-13, a m, 4.08 p m.
South Merrimack, 6.35, 11-21 a m, 4.23 p m.
Nashua at 7.00, 11-45, a m, 5.00, 8.40† p m,
Tingsboro' 7.15, 11.57 a m., 5.12 p m.
North Chelmsford, 7.22, 12.06 a.m., 5.19 p.m.
Groton Junction, 8.00 a m, 12.45 p m.
Lowell 7, 7.30* 9.30, a m, 12.15*, 2.15 5.30*, 9*pm.
North Billerica 7.09, 9.39 a m 2.22, 5.41, p m.
Billerica and Tewksbury 7.16, 9.46 a m, 2.29, 5.47 p m.
Wilmington at 7.26 9.55 a m. 2.39, 5.55, p m.
South Wilmington 10.00 a m, 2.43 p m.
North Woburn 10.03 a m, 2.45 p m.
Woburn Watering Station at 7.39, 10.08 a m, 2.53, 6.04 p m.
East Woburn at 7.00, 9.00, 10.00 a m, 1.15, 2.54, 5.00 6.30, p m.
Winchester at 6.05, 7.05 7.45, 9.05, 10-15 a m, 1.20, 3.00, 5.05, 6.35, 8.30, p m.
West Medford at 6.15, 7.15, 7.52, 9.15, 10 22 am 1.30 3.07, 5.15, 6.45, 8.25 p m.
College Hill 6.19, 7.19, 9.19 a.m., 1.33, 3.10, 5.19, 6.47 8.28, p. m.
*Or on arrival of trains from Nashua.
†Northern Depot.
The 9.30 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., Trains from Lowell stop at College Hill, Somerville Centre, and Milk Row Stations, to leave Passengers from Stations above Winchester.

Woburn Branch.

Trains for Woburn Centre, leave Boston, at 6.45 11.30, a. m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30,* p. m.
Trains leave Woburn Centre for Boston, at 6.00, 7.00, 7.40, 9 a m. 1.15, 5.00, 6.30, 8-15 p m.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

Stoneham Branch.

The Trains on this Road will leave Boston (from Lowell Railroad Depot) for Stoneham, at 6-45, and 11-30 A M, 3-00, 5-10, and 7-30* P M.
Leave Stoneham for Boston, at 6 52, and 8-5 A M, 1-00, 4-52, and 6-22 P M.
* Saturdays at 10-00 P M.
J. B. WINSLOW, Superintendent.
B. L. and N. & L. R. R.



COAL, LUMBER, &C.

THE firm of AYER & MCDONALD having been dissolved, the subscriber respectfully gives notice to the inhabitants of Woburn and vicinity, that he will continue the business, at the same stand, in all its branches, and trusts by giving strict attention to business, and always keeping on hand the different kinds of COAL, WOOD and LUMBER, to receive that generous share of public patronage which has been accorded to the late firm during the past year.
LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
OFFICE—Immediately adjoining the North end of the Depot, Woburn Centre.
JOS. B. McDONALD.
Woburn Feb, 13th, 1863.

CHARLES A. SMITH,

DEALER IN
American and Foreign
DRY GOODS,
Bank Block, - - Woburn

Jaques' Extract Pond Lily,

Just received and for sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM

A LARGE ASSORTMENT,
OF
Drugs and Medicines,
AND FANCY ARTICLES.
For sale at the lowest market prices, by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

L. H. ALLEN,

FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,
FURNISHES at his Wareroom, four doors north of depot, Caskets of all sizes and qualities. Black Walnut, Mahogany, White Wood, and Pine coffins, of every size and price. Plates of various styles, and Plain and Fancy Handles. Thibet, Cashmere, Colored, Lawn, Muslin, and Cambric Shrouds. Metallic Caskets furnished at the shortest notice. Every thing

DON'T FAIL TO READ THIS.

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

The East India Coffee CO.,

154 READE ST., (three doors from Greenwich Street), N. Y., call universal attention to their

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE

—o—

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. has all the flavor of OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA, and is but half the price; and also that

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE has twice the strength of Java, or any other Coffee whatever and wherever used by our first class hotels and steamboats, the stewards say there is a saving of 50 per cent.

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, is the most healthy beverage known, and is very nutritious. The weak and infirm may use it at all times with impunity. The wife of the Rev. W. Eaves, local minister of the M. E. Church, Jersey city, who has not been able to use any coffee for fifteen years, can use

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. three times a day without injury, it being entirely free from those properties that produce nervous excitement.

Dr. JAMES BOYLE, of 156 CHAMBERS STREET, says: "I have never known any Coffee so healthy, nutritious, and free from all injurious qualities as

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, I advise my patients to drink it universally even those to whom I have hitherto prohibited the use of coffee."

The PRINCIPAL OF THE NEW YORK EYE INFIRMARY says: "I direct all the patients of our Institution to use exclusively

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, and would not be without it on any account."

The Rev. C. LAURE, an eminent clergyman of the M. E. Church, now stationed at Halsey street, Newark, says of

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KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, is used daily by the families of Bishop Ames, Bishop Baker, Bishop James, and many of the most distinguished clergymen and professional men in the country."

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as there are numerous counterfeits afloat under the name of "Genuine East India Coffee," "Original East India Coffee," etc., put forth by impostors to deceive the unwary.

In 1 lb. packages, and in boxes of 36, 60, and 100 lbs., for Grocers and large consumers. Sold by Grocers generally.

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Save your broken Furniture.

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Save the pieces of that expensive Cut Glass Bottle.

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Don't throw away that broken Ivory Fan, its easily repaired.

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Your broken China Cups and Saucers can be made as good as new.

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No matter if that broken Pitcher did not cost but a shilling; a shilling saved is a shilling earned.

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The very best

Substitute for Pure Coffee;

And not distinguished from Pure Java by people generally.

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16 Boylston St., Boston, 25th Feb., 1863."

36—2 m o o w

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THIS Medicine is of long tried efficacy for correcting all disorders incidental to the feminine sex. That the afflicted may feel assured that this Cordial is truly valuable and worthy their confidence,—not one of those secret compounds purposed to destroy healthy action,—I add a few testimonials from physicians who all favor the Eclectic and Reformed Practice of Medicine in

Dr. Willard C. George, formerly Professor of the Worcester Medical College, and President of the Eclectic Medical Society, Mass., speaks of it in the following terms:

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"No Female, if in delicate health, should omit the timely use of this valuable Cordial. I owe much of my success in midwifery to the use of this Medicine."

Mothers and Married Ladies!

The following from Dr. Fay is well worthy your notice—

"As a general remedy for Female Complaints this "Cordial" is a very valuable one, but by the Profession it is esteemed more highly for its good results during Confinement in relieving the great suffering attendant upon childbirth. I acknowledge with Dr. Smith that much of my success in midwifery is due to the use of this medicine. It strengthens both mother and child. In such cases I follow the directions of Prof. King, by allowing my patients to use it a few weeks previous to confinement, as by the energy it imparts to the Uterine nervous system the labor will be very much facilitated, and removes the cramps which many females are liable to. No woman, if she knew the great value of this Strengthening Cordial would fail to use it."

I have received numerous testimonials from different parts of the country where used. Knowing the good it is capable of doing, I will warrant every bottle of my "Cordial" to be satisfactory in its results.

The following symptoms indicate those affections in which the Female Strengthening Cordial has proved invaluable—

Indisposition to Exertion, Wakefulness, Uneasiness, Depression of Spirits, Trembling, Loss of Power, Pain in the Back, Alternate Chills and Flushing of Heat, Dragging Sensation at the Lower Part of the Body, Headache, Languor, Aching along the Thighs, Intolerance of Light and Sound, Pale Countenance, Derangement of the Stomach & Bowels, Difficult Breathing, Hysteria, &c., &c.

It is a specific remedy in all Uterine Diseases, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Irregularity, Painfulness, Profuse or Suppression of Customary Discharges, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Scirrhus or Ulcerated State of the Uterus, Sterility, &c., &c.

No better Tonic can possibly be put up than this, and none less likely to do harm, as it is composed wholly of vegetable agents, and such as we have known to be valuable, and have used for many years.

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The Great Female Remedy!
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Are Better Than Pills!
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Lyon's Periodical Drops are
The Only Fluid Preparation
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ever brought before the public, and as a diuretic and specific for irregularities, challenges the world to produce an equal; they are, in the most obstinate cases,

Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
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If The Directions Are Adhered To!
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Beware Of Counterfeits!

They cure all those ills to which the female system is subjected with dispatch and a degree of certainty which nothing but a scientifically compounded fluid preparation could reach.

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For my Drops stand before the world as the *ne plus ultra* of all remedies, for the cure of all diseases of the kidneys and bladder, Leucoreah, Prolapsus, and the mild, but positive correction of all irregularities.

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by those who have other preparations, which they desire to palm off upon the strength of the popularity of my Drops, and who recommend their own nostrums, thus appropriating to themselves the constant demand for my Periodical Drops, as a medium for selling something which is worthless and inefficient. But when the Druggist you apply to has not got them, either make him buy them for you, or else enclose One Dollar to the nearest General Wholesale Agent, who will return you a bottle by return Express.

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RESTORATIVE FOR THE HAIR,

Restores Gray and Faded Hair and Beard to its Natural Color, and is a most Luxurious Dressing

FOR THE HAIR AND HEAD.

Clark's Restorative, Restores the Color.
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Clark's Restorative, Is an unequalled Dressing.
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Clark's Restorative, Is perfectly harmless.
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Clark's Restorative, All Ladies need it.
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Clark's Restorative, Costs but $1

Is Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Price, $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

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Price, 50 Cents,

To be attached to a Common Kerosene Lamp or Gas-burner, by which Water may be boiled, and food cooked also arranged to support a shade.

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FOR the immediate relief of COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, &c., &c. They go right to the spot, stop your cough, clear your throat, purify the breath, and give volume to the voice. They are unsurpassed for allaying inflammation in the Larynx, Trachea, and Lungs. They relieve all complaints which originate in the respiratory organs. They will prevent a cold settling upon the lungs. They contain no opium or narcotic properties. They are the safest medicine for children. They are useful in every house. They are convenient to carry in your pocket, and particularly adapted to the army. Public speakers and singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. They are purely white and in form of a wafer, and are perfectly safe to use for all Bronchial and lung complaints, and have a specific medicinal and curative effect on all diseases of the mucous membrane.

The dose can be graduated so as to be suitable for the infant in the cradle, to the individual of three score years and ten. Officers and soldiers should not be in the field without them.

One Box of the PULMONALES will be sent by mail to any address for forty cents.

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Bogle's Wigs and Hair Work, New Improvements.

Surpass all others. Cheapest, best and most reliable. Try! Be convinced. W. BOGLE,
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WILD CHERRY

Has been used for nearly

HALF A CENTURY!

With the most astonishing success in curing Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenzas, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, and every affection of

THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST,

INCLUDING EVEN

CONSUMPTION!



THERE is scarcely one individual in the community who wholly escapes, during the season, from some one, however slightly developed, of the above symptoms—a neglect of which might lead to the last named, and most to be dreaded disease in the whole catalogue. The power of the "medicinal gum" of the Wild Cherry Tree over this class of complaints, is well known; so great is the good it has performed, and so great the popularity it has acquired.

In this preparation, besides the virtues of the Cherry, there are commingled with it other ingredients of like value, thus increasing its value ten fold, and forming a Remedy whose power to soothe, to heal, to relieve, and to cure disease, exists in no other medicine yet discovered

From R. FELLOWS, M. D.
HILL, N. H., Nov. 3d, 1860.

S. W. FOWLE & Co.,—

Although I have generally a great objection to patent medicines, I can but say in justice to Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, that it is a remedy of superior value for *Pulmonary Diseases.* I have made use of this preparation for several years, and it has proved to be very reliable and efficacious in the treatment of severe and long standing *coughs.* I know of one patient, now in comfortable health, who has taken three bottles, and who, but for its use, I consider would not now be living.

R. FELLOWS, M. D.

From E. T. QUIMBY, M. A., Principal of the "New Ipswich Appleton Academy."

NEW IPSWICH, N. H., Oct. 4th, 1860.

S. W. FOWLE & Co.,—

Gentlemen,—This certifies that for more than fifteen years I have frequently used Dr. Wistar's Balm of Wild Cherry, for Coughs, Colds, and Sore Throat, to which I, in common with the rest of mankind, am subject, and I gladly take pleasure to say that I consider it the *very best* remedy for such cases, with which I am acquainted. I should hardly know what to do without it.

Respectfully yours,
E. T. QUIMBY.

From the Depot Master at South Royalston Mass.

SOUTH ROYALSTON, Jan. 4th, 1860.

Messrs. SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston.—

In the spring of 1858 I was most severely afflicted with a hard dry cough, with its usual accompaniments of night sweats, completely prostrating my nervous system, and producing such a debilitated state of health, that after trying medical aid to no purpose, I had given up all hopes of ever recovering, as had also my friends. At this stage of matters I was provailed upon to try Wistar's Balsam, and before using two bottles the effect was almost magical. My cough entirely left me the night sweats deserted me, hope once more elated my depressed spirits and soon I had attained my wonted strength and vigor.

Thus had this Balsam, as has often been remarked by persons conversant with the above facts in this vicinity, literally snatched me from the yawning grave. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted.

Very respectfully yours,
BENJ. WHEELER.

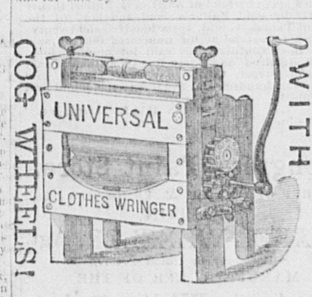
From GEORGE A. KIMBALL, Esq., Druggist.

HAVERHILL, Nov. 30th, 1860.

Gents,—It is now about eleven years since I took the agency for the sale of Dr. Wistar' Balsam of Wild Cherry, and I can truly say that so far as my observation extends it has proved the most valuable medicine for the cure of Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the Lungs. My sales for the Balsam are increasing. I herewith send you an order for more of the Balsam, which you will please send me soon.

Respectfully yours,
GEORGE A. KIMBALL.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston, and for sale by all druggists.



A Perfect Wringer and Most Excellent Washer Combined.

THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER is the only Wringer with the patent Cog Wheel Regulator which positively prevents the Rolls from wearing out or breaking or twisting on the shaft. It is Self-Adjusting and Adjustable. It is not only a perfect Wringer, but the Cog Wheels give it a power which makes it a

Most excellent Washer.

(Fully equal to any Washing Machine in use), pressing and separating the dirt with the water from the clothes.

We have Seven Sizes from $5.50 to $30.00.

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Our cheap (No. 3, $6, and No. 3, $5.50.) Wringers have small rolls which do not admit of cogs. We have the testimony of Orange Judd, Esq., of the American Agriculturist; Solon Robinson, Esq., Agricultural editor of the N. Y. Tribune, and hundreds of other scientific men and mechanics, to the superiority of our Cog Wheel Wringers. Therefore for excellence and durability buy ers. Therefore for excellence and durability buy

The Universal Clothes Wringer.

On receipt of the above price from places where no agent is selling, we will send a Wringer free of expense. What we especially want is a good

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We offer strong inducements, and give the first responsible party who applies the exclusive sale in the town. Address,

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A pure and powerful Tonic, corrective and alterative of wonderful efficacy in disease of the

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Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation, Colic, Intermittent Fevers, Cramps and Spasms, and all Complaints of either Sex, arising from Bodily Weakness or Infirmity inherent in the system or produced by special causes.

NOTHING that is not wholesome, genial and restorative in its nature enters into the composition of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. This popular preparation contains no mineral of any kind, no deadly botanical element; no fiery extant; but it is a combination of the extracts of rare balsamic herbs and plants with the purest and mildest of all diffusive stimulants.

It is to be forearmed against disease, and, so far as the human system can be protected by human means against maladies engendered by an unwholesome atmosphere, impure water and other external causes, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS may be relied on as a safeguard.

In districts infested with *Fever and Ague*, it has been found infallible as a preventative and irresistable as a remedy and thousands who resort to it under apprehension of an attack, escape the scourge; and thousands who neglect to avail themselves of its protective qualities in advance, are cured by a very brief course of this marvelous medicine. Fever and Ague patients, after being plied with quinine for months in vain, until fairly saturated with that dangerous alkaloid, are not unfrequently restored to health within a few days by the use of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

The weak stomach is rapidly invigorated and the appetite restored by this agreeable Tonic, and hence it works wonders in cases of DYSPEPSIA and in less confirmed forms of INDIGESTION. Acting as a gentle and painless aperient, as well as upon the liver, it also invariably relieves the Constipation superinduced by irregular action of the digestive and secretive organs.

Persons of feeble habit, liable to *Nervous Attacks, Lowness of Spirits* and *Fits of Languor*, find prompt, and permanent relief from the Bitters. The testimony on this point is most conclusive, and from both sexes.

The agony of BILIOUS COLIC is immediately assuaged by a single dose of the stimulant, and by occasionally resorting to it, the return of the complaint may be prevented.

As a General Tonic, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS produce effects which must be experienced or witnessed before they can be fully appreciated. In cases of *Constitutional Weakness, Premature Decay* and Debility and Decrepitude arising from OLD AGE, it exercises the electric influence in the convalescent stages of all diseases it operates as a delightful invigorant. When the powers of nature are relaxed, it operates to re-enforce and re-establish them.

Last, but not least, it is *The Only Safe Stimulant*, being manufactured from sound and innocuous materials, and entirely free from the acid elements present more or less in all the ordinary tonics and stomachics of the day.

No family medicine has been so universally, and, it may be truly added, deservedly popular with the intelligent portion of the community, as HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Prepared by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Storekeepers everywhere.

HELMBOLD'S

GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, a Positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calcareous depositions, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

For Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:—

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves, Trembling,
Horror of Disease, Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,
Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face,
Pallid Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

Impotency, Fatuity, Epileptic Fits,

In one of which the Patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "Direful Diseases,"

"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, *but none will confess. The records of the insane asylums*

And Melancholy Deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the Truth of the assertion.

The Constitution once affected with Organic Weakness requires the aid of Medicine to Strengthen and Invigorate the System.

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does.

A Trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females—Females—Females.

In many Affections peculiar to Females the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicines for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash Cures

Secret Diseases

In all their Stages, At little Expense,
Little or no change in Diet. No inconvenience,
And no Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous, Diseased and wornout Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands who have been the Victims of Quacks, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the URINARY ORGANS, whether existing in MALE or FEMALE, from whatever cause originating and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these Organs requires the aid of a DIURETIC, HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE GREAT DIURETIC, and is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is Recommended.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will accompany the medicine.

Price $1.00 per bottle, or Six for $5.00, Delivered to any Address, securely packed from observation.

Describe Symptoms in all Communications.

Cures Guaranteed! Advice Gratis!!

Address letters for information to

H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist.
164 South Tenth st., bet. Chestnut, Philadelphia.

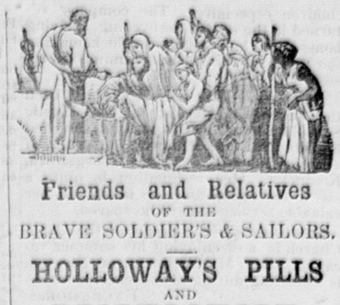
HELMBOLD'S *Medical Depot.*
HELMBOLD'S *Drug and Chemical Warehouse,*
594 Broadway, New York.

☞ Beware of counterfeits and unprincipled dealers who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by Helmbold's Genuine Preparations. Ext. Buchu—Ext. Sarsaparilla—Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by all druggists everywhere.

Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Cut out the Advertisement and send for it. And avoid imposition and exposure.

For sale in Woburn by W. C. BRIGHAM.



Friends and Relatives

OF THE

BRAVE SOLDIER'S & SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

AND

OINTMENT.

All who have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care, that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

Coughs and Colds affecting Troops

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite, Incidental to Soldiers.

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

Weakness or Debility Induced by over Fatigue,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's should be recommended for Dysentery and Fulx, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

Volunteers Attention! Indiscretions of Youth.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all round it, then covered with a piece of linen from [illegible] Taking night and morning 6 or [illegible] the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's Knapsack and Seaman's Chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW-YORK AND LONDON," are discernable as a *Water mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes ***

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

Holloway's Pills and

Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

Vol. XIII : : No. 47. WOBURN, SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1864. TWO DOLLARS A YEAR SINGLE COPY 4 CENTS

The Middlesex Journal,
E. MARCHANT, PROPRIETOR.
Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

TERMS—$2.00 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher; and any person wishing his paper discontinued, must give notice thereof at the expiration of the term, whether previous notice has been given or not.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square (12 lines this type) one insertion,	$1 50
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☞ All advertisements, not otherwise marked on the copy, will be inserted UNTIL ORDERED OUT, and charged accordingly.

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South Reading—DR. J. D. MANSFIELD
Stoneham:—E. T. WHITTIER.
Winchester:—JOSIAH HOVEY.
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S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., Boston and New York; S. R. NILES, (successor to V. B. Palmer,) Scollay's Building, Court street, Boston, are duly empowered to take advertisements for the JOURNAL, at the rates required by us.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The attention of business men everywhere is called to this paper as an advertising medium. The JOURNAL circulates largely in the towns that surround Woburn, and all will increase their business by advertising in its columns.

Every kind of JOB PRINTING done at short notice, on reasonable terms and in good style.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of correspondents.

☞ Subscribers are requested to remit direct to the office of publication.

A CARD.

The undersigned informs the public that he has made arrangements with Mr. MARCHANT, whereby he retains the Job Department of the *Middlesex Journal* office, and that he is prepared to do, as heretofore, all kinds of Job Work, embracing Books, Pamphlets, Town Accounts, Posters, Bill Heads, Circulars, &c. &c. He will give his personal attention to the business, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage of the citizens of Woburn and surrounding towns.

E. T. MOODY.

Woburn, July 30, 1864.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.
WASHING MADE EASY.

Housekeepers. Attention.

CHALCIDEAN,

OR ANTI-ROTTING CLEANSER.

FOR WASHING CLOTHES.

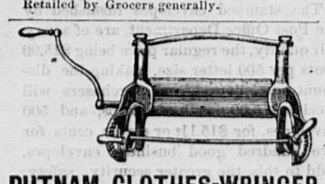
Half the labor of washing saved, and three-fourths the soap, by use of the
CHALCIDEAN.

All former fluids in use have rotted the cloth. The CHALCIDEAN will not rot the articles washed with it, and besides extracting the dirt with ease, it gives them a PURE WHITENESS.

In these days of high prices it is quite a consideration to preserve the
STRENGTH OF THE CLOTH.

No Washing Machine is needed, as the CHALCIDEAN wonderfully
Lessens the Labor of Washing.

Wholesale Agents for Mass., C. F. WELLS CO., No. 7 Lindall Street, Boston
R. H. HOOPER, General Agent, No. 134 State Street, Boston.
Retailed by Grocers generally.



PUTNAM CLOTHES-WRINGER.

THE ONLY RELIABLE SELF-Adjusting Wringer.

The frame being of Iron thoroughly galvanized, all danger from rust is removed, and the liability to shrink, swell, split, &c so unavoidable in the wooden machines, is prevented.

No thumb-screws or complicated fastenings to wear out or get out of order; it can be fastened firmly to the tub in a single second.

WARRANTED WITH OR WITHOUT COG-WHEELS.

It took the FIRST PREMIUM at FIFTY-SEVEN State and County Fairs in 1863, and is without exception the best Wringer ever made.

Instead of believing the statements of parties interested in the sale of other Wringers,

TRY IT, AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELF.

Test it THOROUGHLY with ANY and ALL others, and if not entirely satisfactory, return it.

It will wring anything from a thread to a bed quilt without alteration.

Patented in the United States, England, Canada, and Australia. Energetic men can make from $3 to $10 per day. Agents wanted in every town.

Putnam Manufacturing Co.—

GENTLEMEN; I know from practical experience that iron well galvanized with zinc will not oxidize or rust one particle. I can safely say, after several years experience in the manufacture of chain for chain-pumps and water-drawers, in which I have tested the affinity of iron and zinc, that if the process be conducted properly, it is a perfect weld of the two.

Nearly one year ago my family commenced using one of your Wringers. It now performs all of its functions as well as it did the first time it was used, and has become an indispensible article with us. I have closely observed several other kinds of clothes-wringers, the modus operandi being different, trying to produce the same results as the Putnam Wringer, but in my judgment they have failed. The Putnam Wringer is as near perfect as possible, and I can cheerfully recommend it to be the best in use.

Respectfully yours.
JNO. W. WHEELER
Cleveland, Ohio.

Many years' experience in the galvanizing business enables me to endorse the above statement in all particulars.

JNO. C. LEEFERTS,
No. 109 Beekmann Street.
New York, January, 1864.

No. 2, $5.50; No. 1, $6.00; No. A, $8.00.
Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail by
THE PUTNAM MANUFACTURING CO.,
No. 13 Platt Street, New York, and Cleveland, Ohio.

S. C. NORTHROP, Agent.

Central Market,
Main Street, Woburn.

THE subscriber having taken the store formerly occupied by E. O. SOLES, will keep constantly on hand West India Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Vegetables, &c. H. WHITFORD.

THE CAVE.

A CLERGYMAN'S TALE.

It is many years ago,—probably about the date of your birth, my average reader,—that I learned what I am about to tell you. At that time, there stood on the north-west coast of Ireland a building known as Kyarlin Castle. The greater part of it was very ancient; and the remainder had been built not less than one hundred and fifty years. I had commenced that pursuit, the taste for which remains with me to this day,—namely, the search after antiquities capable of throwing light on the early history and customs of our ancestors. It happened, that while I was talking with a man who had been collecting kelp on the beach, he pulled out a piece of greenish-looking metal. To a man who regarded it with an uneducated eye, there was nothing in the appearance of it to give it any value; but I saw at once it was of the bronze period. Finding he had picked it up on the shore, I spent as much of my time as I could spare for some weeks afterwards in making search beneath the cliffs for other relics of a similar kind.

I was one day so absorbed in studying the appearance of certain stones that lay on the beach, and which, for reasons I will not go into now, I thought were the remains of one of the most ancient of the Celtic edifices that have been discovered, that I did not notice how high the tide had risen, till it came washing among the stones I was examining. I looked around quickly, and saw, with a very uncomfortable sensation, that the sea already reached the cliffs I had passed. To escape that way before the tide would carry me off my legs and beat me against the rocks, was, I knew, impossible. Hope lay in going onwards, and finding an opening in the cliffs before the tide had risen much higher. I stumbled along as fast as I could go over the slippery seaweed; but the sea was surging and foaming against the rocks so strongly that I found it difficult to make any progress at all. Looking ahead, I could see no sign of a break in the cliffs, and I was about to resign myself to death, when I arrived opposite a cave which seemed to have been worn by the waves during storms. Looking into this little cave, I observed that the line of seaweed on the fragments of rock indicated that during ordinary tides it was not filled by the sea. To go forward seemed certain death; to remain here gave at least a hope of escape. Hastily deciding in favor of the cave, I entered; and, to shield myself from the surf as much as possible, immediately began pulling up the pieces of rock, and seaweeds, so as to make as effectual a barrier as was in my power between me and it.

After enduring a long period of painful suspense, I saw with fervent thankfulness the setting in of the ebb. I was calculating the chances of my being able to reach a certain point in the cliffs by which I might ascend from the beach before it came dark, when I was suddenly startled by hearing a voice, which seemed to be at my elbow, say—

"Here is another blanket for you. It is more than you deserve; but I will not deny you any physical comfort I permit myself to enjoy."

A weaker voice, but also that of a female, replied—

"Oh my lady, let me but see the blessed sunlight again, and I will not care for clothes or food. Think of the years I have suffered in this place."

To which the first speaker answered in a passionate tone—

"And what have your sufferings been, compared to mine? Have I any hope of escape from mine, you wretched woman? Nay, does not every day that adds to my weakness increase the pains I suffer, by making me feel more acutely the want of sympathy, of which I have been deprived through you?"

The dull sound of a closing door, and a low moaning which followed, was all that I heard afterwards.

To find words which could give you any idea of my utter astonishment, is impossible. Though dark, the cave was so small at the upper end that I could satisfy myself by feeling, almost without stirring from the spot whereon I was seated, that there was no opening from it, and certainly that no other person was present in it besides myself. After much reflection, the truth began to dawn upon my mind;—the only building along that part of the coast which lay close to the edge of the cliff was Kyarlin Castle; and that the voices came from that building, I was more induced to believe by the words "my lady," which, though they did not imply that the person addressed bore that title, yet showed that she was a person of some distinction.

Of course you think I at once opened a conversation with the person imprisoned; but I did nothing of the kind. At that time, every family of the least influence living in the remoter parts of Ireland had individuals hanging about them, capable of any act of violence on the slightest intimation from any member of the family, or even from a confidential servant, that it would be agreeable to them. In my case, caution was especially necessary, as I was the minister of the inhabitants of the surrounding district who professed Protestantism, and was therefore more than usually obnoxious to those who adhered to the creed I considered it my duty to do my utmost to supplant. Moreover, I did not know how far I might be acting rightly in aiding the escape of the imprisoned woman. For the present, therefore, I determined on doing nothing; and crept as quietly as possible out of the cavity, and walked home.

The next day I returned in the same direction; and when I reached the castle, I stooped down, and pretended to pick up a stone, which I threw down on the beach; but the stone I threw down I had painted before I left home, so that I should distinguish it readily among those which lay on the shore. From this place I walked slowly on till I reached the cleft by which I had ascended the previous evening, down which I scrambled to the beach, and turned to the cave. Close to the entrance I found the colored stone,—which confirmed my conjecture that the excavation adjoined an apartment in Kyarlin Castle.

I went in with as little noise as possible, as it was now low water, and there was no sound to drown any I might chance to make. I listened, but all was silent. At last I determined to risk a question; and putting my head close to the loose stones at the spot from whence the voices seemed to issue, I asked—

"Is there anybody shut up in there?"

A low cry followed, and a woman said—

"Oh, do, for Heaven's sake, let me out!"

There was an expression of such eager entreaty in the voice, as, joined to what I had heard the day before, decided me on assisting her to escape, and thus giving her a chance of appealing to the law for protection, or, on the other hand, of compelling those who had imprisoned her here to continue her punishment in a legal manner, if there were any just ground for inflicting it. After a few more questions, I told her I would come back at the ebb of the tide that evening and release her.

The operation was not a difficult one. The removal of some loose stones made an opening into a cell on a level with the beach, and through this I dragged her. The night was dark enough to make walking along the shore difficult; but it screened us from observation, if any one happened to be abroad in the neighborhood of the road we were obliged to follow to get to my cottage, which was the only place to which I could take her. Here I gave her in charge to Esther, the old woman who waited upon me. I followed them into the kitchen; but though there was no light there beyond that given by a tallow candle and the turf fire, the stranger covered her eyes with her hands, from inability to endure the pain it caused. She was a woman in appearance about forty years of age, with a complexion so intensely white, that I was reminded of Lot's wife after her conversion into salt.

I asked no questions that evening, and what I subsequently learned from her was confirmed by Mrs. Meyrick, of Kyarlin Castle, upon whom I considered it my duty to call with the aim of inducing her to make some provision for the poor victim of her passion. From other sources, too, and at different periods, I heard other matters relating to the case, which enables me to give the following narrative in connected form:—

Catherine Mostyn was the daughter of a man who had succeeded to a large but encumbered estate, and, by a continuance of the same careless extravagance which he had been accustomed to see from his youth upwards, he had, by the time his daughter had completed her seventeenth year, reduced himself to a condition in which he was scarcely anything better than the steward of the estate nominally his own. Just about this time, Henry Meyrick returned from St. Omer, where he had been several years living with a priest, who had been his instructor from his youth. His age was then twenty-two, and, having neither father nor mother, it was supposed that he would not long remain at Kyarlin Castle, especially as the man who had been appointed by the executors to manage the estate attached to it had proved himself both honest and able. Shortly after his return to Ireland, Mostyn, as one of his nearest neighbors, and who had known him before he had been sent to France, called on him, and invited him to his house. Here of course he became acquainted with Kate Mostyn. She was remarkable for her exceeding loveliness, which was almost equaled by her pride, and the cold severity, almost sternness, of her manner. Much of this latter may have been engendered by poverty, acting on a naturally proud and haughty character, and the continual discontent arising out of a comparison of her actual condition with what it might have been. Henry Meyrick soon became so deeply attached to her that nobody was surprised when it was announced that the day had been fixed for their marriage. When this event took place, they went abroad for a few months, Mrs. Meyrick having never been out of Ireland previously. They had not long been returned to Kyarlin Castle before it was a matter of common talk that he saw only with her eyes. Childishly fond as Mr. Meyrick was of his wife, and submissive as this led him to be to all her whims and fancies, he was not altogether without firmness of character in his dealings with men; and if he had remained a free man three or four years after separation from his tutor, instead of falling in love immediately and marrying shortly afterwards, he might have acquired experience, which would have prevented the occurence of the evils which wrecked his own and his wife's happiness, and cruelly injured one I firmly believed to have been an innocent victim.

Mrs. Meyrick was devotedly attached to her husband, but she was exacting in the extreme in the testimonies of his affection, and jealous of every woman to whom he paid the slightest attention. Her attendant was about the same age as herself—an Englishwoman she had engaged in London, while on her way to the Continent. This girl, being of lively and engaging manners, and very pretty, was a great favorite with her mistress, and for this reason, probably, was treated by her master with a degree of familiarity not very surprising, considering their youth, and the extent to which circumstances had compelled all three of them to associate during their journey on the Continent. Intimacies of such a kind are always dangerous, even if only from misconstruction; and it was exemplified in this instance.

Mrs. Meyrick had one day sent her maid to her husband's study for a book she wanted; but directly after the girl had left her room she changed her mind, and decided on reading some other. Going to the study, she opened the door, and was about to enter. Meyrick was there, and the girl; but what it was which made Catherine close the door again, and turn away with a face so deadly pale, she never told anybody, I believe, unless it might have been her spiritual adviser. She went back to her room, and locked herself in, and when her husband came to her, she would neither open it nor answer him. Finding she remained obstinately silent, he left the castle, and did not return that night—perhaps thinking he would thus bring her to her reason. It strongly favors the opinion that Mrs. Meyrick was hasty in her conclusion, since her maid did not show any reluctance to go to her mistress when she rang her bell, who, however, refused to allow her to enter the room, and rang again for another servant. That night Jane Wilmot, her maid, disappeared.

The day was still young when Henry Meyrick returned to the castle, after a night spent on the seashore. He was almost as white as his wife was when she turned away from his study door the previous day. Walking wearily along the passage leading to his room, he told the man who followed him to bring him some coffee; and, throwing his hat into one corner, he was about to sit down to his writing-table, when he saw lying on it a letter, or rather a small packet, addressed to himself in his wife's handwriting. Hastily opening it, he saw, not an offer of forgiveness, for the paper it contained was a blank sheet, but something that seemed to act upon him like the fabled head of the Medusa of old on those who looked on it. When the man entered with the coffee, which was quite half an hour afterwards, he saw his master take something from the table, and thrust it quickly into his breast pocket of his coat, and then leave the room without touching the coffee, or speaking a single word. He went direct to the stables, put a saddle and bridle on the first horse he came to, without heeding or seeming to hear the offers of a groom to do it for him, and rode off. The man said afterwards that his master looked like a man who had seen a ghost. A few days afterwards his steward received a letter from him, directing him to forward a certain sum of money at specified periods to a bank in London; and this was the last communication received from him.

[To be continued.]

For the Middlesex Journal.

EXERCISE ON LANGUAGE. Mr. Editor:—The following Exercise on Language, written by the Assistant Teacher, was spoken by the scholars, at the Exhibition of the Stoneham High School, on the 23d ult.

IMPORTANCE OF THE STUDY OF WORDS.

1.

1. NORA.—Our language is the depositary of the wisdom and experience of past generations, inherited by us to be transmitted to the ages to come, enlarged and improved. Our native language should be venerated as the awakener of thought, as the great bond of social intercourse, as the medium without which we cannot commune even with ourselves.

2. ABBIE E.—Stores of poetical thought, of history, of morality, may often be found laid up in a single word. Men are continually uttering deeper things than they know, asserting mighty principles in words that to them may seem nothing more than the current coin of society.

3. A. G. E.—Impressions that when past might be dissipated forever, are, by their connection with language, always within reach. The heart of a people is its mother tongue, and it is only by learning that mother tongue that the heart can be known.

ENGLISH A COMPOSITE LANGUAGE.

2.

1. ETTIE.—The English is eminently composite, made up of contributions from other languages. It is founded upon the Anglo-Saxon, which is the mother tongue of the English—about four-fifths, or 23,000, of our words being from that source.

2. M. GREEN.—With the Anglo-Saxon there was, no doubt, an admixture of the Celtic. This came from the Celts, the earliest inhabitants of Great Britain of whom we have any knowledge. The greater part of the names of mountains, lakes and rivers in the British Islands are significant only in some Celtic language.

3. M. CURTIS.—The Latin element appeared while the Romans were masters of the island, and was greatly increased in later times. Words of Latin origin constitute a very important part of the language, whether introduced directly, or through the Norman French.

4. W. GREEN.—The Romans, after having held Britain nearly five hundred years, were obliged to withdraw from it, and the Britons, unable to defend themselves against the northern tribes, invited assistance from Germany. The Angles entered England, to which they gave their name, in 527, and the Saxons in 449. The latter were a fierce race of pirates, blue-eyed and fair-haired, brave in war, and full of heroic pride.

5. C. THORP.—Many hundreds of our words, especially those used as the names of places, are Danish, introduced during the incursions and occupation of England by the Danes.

6. ELLA.—The Anglo-Saxon, or French element, appears with William the Conqueror, A. D. 1066. He put an end to the Anglo-Saxon dynasty, and ascended the throne, and for 200 or 300 years, Norman French was spoken by the superior classes in England.

7. ELIZA.—Words of dignity and state—almost all articles of luxury, all that have to do with the chase, with chivalry, and with personal adornment, are Norman.

8. M. GREEN.—From the Saxon, we have the names of most objects of nature—words which express bodily action, and those expressive of the earliest connections, as father, mother, &c.

9. ETTIE.—Besides the elements already mentioned, we have words from the Greek and Hebrew and from various living languages.

CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN CHARACTER AND LANGUAGE.

3.

1. NORA. The impress of degradation is stamped on the language of savage tribes. Terms to express spiritual truths or even the nobler emotion of the human heart, are entirely wanting. Thus in the native language of Van Dieman's Land, there are four words to express the taking of human life, while there is not one word expressing love.

2. A. G. E.—Wordsworth says, "We must be free or die, who speak the tongue that Shakspeare spake." Macaulay mentions as a significant fact, "that no large society of which the language is not Teutonic or Gothic has ever turned Protestant, and that wherever a language derived from ancient Rome is spoken, the religion of modern Rome at this day prevails."

HISTORY IN WORDS.

4.

1. ELLA.—In the name of a stream called Wans-beck-water, made up of three words, each signifying water, the first being Celtic, and the second German, we recognize three changes of inhabitants to whom the former name had lost its signification.

2. M. CURTIS.—The names of many articles record the place from which they first came, or the person by whom they were invented. The bayonet tells us that it was first made at Bayonne; cambrics that they came from Cambray; damask from Damascus; calico from Calient; and muslin from Moussal, in Asiatic Turkey.

3. ELIZA.—A stipulation is so called from stipula, a straw, because it was once usual, when landed property was transferred, that a straw from the land should be handed from the seller to the buyer as a pledge of the property.

4. C. THORP.—In the word calculation is an allusion to the time when pebbles (calculi) were used to facilitate the practice of counting. In library, we have a record of the fact that books were once written on the bark (liber) of trees.

5. A. EMERSON.—From the ancient belief in astrology we have several words. We speak of a person as jovial—that is born under the planet Jupiter, or Jove, the joyfullest star; or saturnine, under Saturn, grave and stern. The same faith survives in the words disastrous, ill-starred, and even in influence itself.

6. W. GREEN.—Tariff is from Tarifa, a town at the southern point of Spain, where it was the custom of the Moors to levy duties on all merchandise that entered or left the straits of Gibraltar.

CHANGES IN THE MEANING OF WORDS.

5.

1. M. CURTIS.—The word God means the Deity, but in the original Anglo-Saxon, besides this, it also meant the Good. So the word man in the original, besides its present meaning was also sin, or the sinful.

2. A. G. E.—Not a few words were once applied to both sexes, which are now restricted to the female. Hoyden, shrew, coquette, termagent and scold, in their present restricted use, are evidences of men's rudeness, and not of women's deserts.

3. A. EMERSON.—The word imp was once a name of dighity or honor. Spenser addressed the muses thus, "Ye sacred imps that on Parnasso dwell," and epitaphs of the ancient nobility often commenced thus, "Here lies that noble imp."

4. C. THORP.—The word miscreant in Shakespeare's time simply meant an unbeliever, and when Talbot calls Joan of Arc a miscreant he only intimates that she has fallen from the faith.

5. W. GREEN.—Sir Thomas More tells us that Richard the Third, by murdering his nephews in the tower, calculated to make himself considered a *kindly* king, that is, king by kind, or natural descent.

6. ELIZA.—Until the reign of Charles the First, the word acre meant any field of whatever size. Furlong denoted the length of a furrow, or furrow-long. Villain formerly meant only peasant.

7. M. GREEN.—The word carriage formerly meant not that which carries us, but that which we carry, as our baggage. Polite formerly meant merely polished—thus, "as polite as a looking-glass."

8. NORA.—Painfulness meant carefulness—taking pains—as Fuller said of a famous divine who had lately died—"Oh, the painfulness of his preaching;" and Bishop Grosthead is recorded as the painful writer of two hundred books.

DERIVATION OF PROPER NAMES.

6.

1. ETTIE.—The names of the months are of Roman origin; those of the days of the week are derived from the gods worshipped by the northern nations of Europe.

2. ELLA.—Names of places are generally derived from some peculiarity of situation. The termination wick or wich signifies a retreat or station—Greenwich, the green village; Sandwich, sand village.

3. W. GREEN.—Ham, at the end of names signifies house or home, as Framingham, stranger's home; Stoneham, home of stones.

4. A. EMERSON.—Ac is from the Saxon ac or oak—Acton, a town abounding in oaks. Caster, or Chester, is from the Latin castra, a camp, as Winchester, Gloucester, which latter was originally Glevæ Castra.

5. M. CURTIS.—Boston is contracted from Botolph's town, from St. Botolph, the patron saint of the English town by that name. Cambridge is the bridge over the Cam. Den indicates a valley, as Malden. Ing, a meadow, as Reading.

6. NORA.—The fore-names of persons among the Anglo-Saxons are characterized by a beautiful simplicity. Alfred signifies all peace; Edward, truth keeper; Edith happiness; and Leonard as brave as a lion.

7. ELIZA.—Surnames are borrowed from names of places, occupation, office, personal qualities, or natural objects.

8. ETTIE.—From words expressive of situation, we have the family names, Wood, Hill, Green, Heath; March signifies a limit or frontier; Chase, a forest, and Cobb a harbor.

9. A. G. E.—The name Smith is a well known example of surnames derived from occupation. The Smith has his name from the verb smitan, to smite, and the term was applied to artificers in wood as well as in metal, and to smiters in general, hence the frequency of the name. We have also the Masons, the Carpenters, the Bakers, and the Millers.

10. ELLA.—From titles of office we have the names, King, Knight, Dean, Marshall; from personal or mental qualities, we have Short, Brown, Longfellow, the Hardys, the Wilds, the Moodys, the Doolittles, &c.

EXAMPLES OF THE DERIVATION OF OTHER WORDS.

7.

1. C. THORP.—Heaven is the participle of the verb heave, so called because it is heaven, or upheaved. Wrong is the perfect participle of the verb to wring—that which one has wrung or wrested from the right. Strong is the participle of string; a strong man is one whose sinews are firmly strung. Wild is the participle of "to will."

2. M. GREEN.—Atone, to be, or cause to be at one, is compounded of at and one. Daisy is the eye of the day—day's eye.

3. NORA.—The words shire, share, shore, sheers, shred and sherd, are all derived from one Anglo-Saxon word, which signifies to separate or divide. Shire is a district as it is separated from the rest; a share is a portion divided of; sheers are instruments effecting separation; the shore is the place where the land is separated by the sea; a shred is that which is shered from the main piece; a sherd is that which is broken off and thus divided from the vessel.

4. ETTIE.—Candidate is from the Latin candidus, white, because aspirants for office among the Romans used to wear white togas, as an emblem of the purity of their intentions. Ambition is from Ambio, to go about, from the ancient practice of going about to solicit votes.

5. A. EMERSON.—Rather is the comparative of the Saxon adjective rathe, meaning early, which Milton uses—

"Bring the rathe primrose which forsaken dies."

6. C. THORP.—Mob, is said to be a contraction of mobile vulgus—the changeable crowd. Salary is from the Latin *sal*, salt, because the Roman soldiers were once paid in that article.

7. M. CURTIS.—School, in the original, meant leisure, from which we conclude that the ancient places of learning differed essentially from the modern.

8. W. GREEN.—Trivial is from tres viae—a meeting of three roads, and marks clearly the nature of the conversation held by those who cluster about such a spot.

9. A. G. E.—Holy is from *whole*—referring to entireness or completeness of character. Integrity has a similar significance in its Latin origin, *integer*—whole.

10. M. GREEN.—Biscuit is from the French, meaning twice cooked. Happy is from *hap*, coming by hap or chance.

11. ELIZA.—Grocer had his name, because he once sold his wares not by retail, but in the gross.

12. ETTIE.—Imbecile, which we use always for weak in intellect, means strictly, "in bacillo," leaning upon a staff, as one aged or infirm might do.

13. A. G. E.—Sincere is from sine cera, without wax, as the best and finest honey should be. Diligence is from *diligo*, to love, reminding us that the secret of true industry is love of work.

14. E. HILL.—The word vocation—calling—expresses the truth that our rightful work in life comes to us not by accident or self-choosing, but by the leading and appointment of a higher wisdom.

WHY BEES WORK IN THE DARK.—A lifetime might be spent in investigating the mysteries hidden in the bee-hive, and still half of the secrets would be undiscovered. The formation of the cell has been a celebrated problem for the mathematician, while the changes which the honey undergoes offer at least an equal interest to the chemist. Every one knows what honey fresh from the comb is like. It is a clear yellow syrup, without a trace of solid sugar in it. Upon straining, however, it gradually assumes a crystaline appearance—it candies, as the saying is, and ultimately becomes a solid mass of sugar. It has not been suspected that this change was due to a photographic action; that the same agent which alters the molecular arrangement of the iodide of silver on the excited collodion plate and determines the formation of camphor and iodine crystals in a bottle, causes the syrup honey to assume a crystaline form. This, however, is the case. M. Scheibler has enclosed honey in stoppered flasks, some of which he has kept in perfect darkness, whilst others have been exposed to the light. The invariable result has been that the sunned portion rapidly crystalizes, whilst that kept in the dark remained perfectly liquid. We now see why bees are so careful to work in perfect darkness, and why they are so careful to obscure the glass windows which are sometimes placed in the hives. The existence of the young depends on the liquidity of the saccharine food presented to them, and if light were allowed access to this, the syrup would gradually acquire a more or less solid consistency; it would seal up the cells, and in all probability prove fatal to the inmates of the hive.

The Middlesex Journal.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, AUG. 20, 1864.

To Business Men.

THE

MIDDLESEX JOURNAL

Has a large and rapidly increasing Subscription List, and finds its way into nearly all the best families in Woburn. It also has a large Circulation throughout Middlesex County, and is one of the best Mediums for Advertising in this portion of the State.

Those of our Readers who desire to give a wide publicity to their Business Notices, will please bear this fact in mind when dispensing their favors to the Press.

All Advertisements will be well displayed and made attractive, so that readers can see them at a glance.

[Our Army Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.,
Aug. 14, 1864.

The summer hastens toward its fall, yet, like the old Roman empire, that retained all its glory long after the culmination of its power from the sheer force of what it had been, the heat of the season remains undiminished. Men shun the sun, and hide within their barracks. All activity seems accomplished under protest. Vast clouds of dust widely brood, or by the casual wind wheel and circle high in air. All objects become aged. The pinched blades of grass bow to the ground beneath their dusty load, and all nature has donned a robe most dingily white. All is parched and seared, white and powdery. A train of half a dozen wagons raises a cloud of dust equal to a division of cavalry.

A man suffering from hunger has beautiful visions of most enticingly set tables. So in the depth of summer, amid dust and glaring sunshine, and parched fields, how freshly to the mind rise the pictures of bracing autumn. We remember how furiously ran the blood in every vein, how the sun seemed to pervade the atmosphere, not shine through it, and the very air seemed redolent of life and hope. The glorious beauty of the woods bathed in late dews enters into every scene. The great enlivener of all these pictures is joyous, spontaneous life; what contrast to dusty, heat-enforced quiet.

A familiar scene rises before me. The glinting rippling waters of Horn Pond. How closely its carpeted edges hang above the wave, and above the stately oaks sway gently in the breeze. The island seems set upon the waters, not in them. If any one can read, if any one can do anything beside dream, as stretched idly on the grass one watches the smiling pond with its passing shades and fitful little squalls, Tennyson is the companion which ought to be taken along. The scene, the breeze, seem to creep into one's frame like a bodily delight through the finger tips and half-closed lids. Thus memory gilds the present with happy thoughts, and hallows the past.

But Camp Barry, what a step from cool waters and quiet scenes to white-wash, heat and dust! Washington still holds us though, as it would appear, upon sufferance only. Twice since last writing have we essayed to leave this camp, and twice we have failed. The first time was upon the occasion of Mosby's attempt to catch a wagon train near the Point of Rocks. The latter happened four days ago, when upon the arrival of the 1st division of cavalry from the Potomac army, we were ordered to fit out immediately to go up the river with them. In preparation thereto we drew horses and equipments from a battery here at second hand, but for some reason almost immediately returned them. Then it was said we were going to be fitted out entirely new, since which last report nothing. We have retained our full allowance of wagons and an ambulance, which would seem to indicate that we are actually about to move. As it is, we have settled down again into the dull routine of camp life. The lazy waters have engulphed us again, and the summer hastens on.

On Thursday, 11th inst, all the artillery in this camp was reviewed by Gen. Howe. They are six batteries, viz:

A, 4th U. S. Artillery.
E, 2d " "
L and M, 3d "
16th Mass. Battery.
6th N. Y. "
C, Independent Penn. Battery.

The heat beat and poured, and dust flew thickly. The brigade got into line about 9 A. M., and were immediately reviewed by the General, now chief of artillery and successor to Gen. Barry. We wheeled into column of sections, and after passing in review again wheeled into line. The parade dismissed, several of the batteries staid to exhibit their proficiency in drill. Had it not been for the dense clouds of dust which rose upon every wheel or quick movement, it would have been quite a pretty sight, this exhibition of every variety of artillery tactics at once, here a battery getting into action, there another limbering up, wheels, countermarches, movements in echelon, by battery, by section; but such a thing as pleasure was impossible with an atmosphere at 100°, and dense with dust.

Danger exists not only on the battle field. Of this an instance occured in the battery but last night. Just as the sun set a heavy shower came up, accompanied by severe lightning and thunder. One bolt descended into our stable, killing instantly one of our guards, by name Robert Seaman, a citizen of Orange, N. J. The fluid entered through one end of the stable, shattered several joists, and after killing Seaman, went down the stable, skipping thirteen horses, and struck down the fourteenth. An exceedingly eccentric course and impossible of explanation. Seaman was struck fair upon the breast. The current ran down his body and both his legs out at his boots, making very perceptible holes in the latter. The only marks left upon his person were a slight abrasion of the skin upon the breast and the singed hair along the track of the electric fluid. He leaves a wife and several children. The burial will take place this afternoon, with military honors, at the Soldiers' Cemetery at Arlington. His hearse will be the gun, which so many times in life he had handled, and worked, and polished, by means of a platform fitted upon its upper face. May God rest his soul.

Of news there is none. Washington is stagnant since the adjournment of the legislatures. Troops come and go in endless succession, where from and where to is hard to tell. Some of the hundred days men are already going home. Our columns seem to be pushing on down the valley, and before long no doubt we shall hear of a fight in that direction. Every day increases our force acting against Early. A division of cavalry from the Potomac army is already pressing after him, which in conjunction with Averill's command, makes a cavalry force of about 8000. For all the failure at Petersburgh every thing looks encouraging.

Gen. Gregg commands Grant's cavalry, and a noble and capable commander he is. HOPLITE.

RURAL SCENES AND WATERING PLACES.—The fashion of spending the warmest months of the year at watering places, or among the breezy hills of the country, has been growing for a number of years, and this year, in spite of the war and the increased expenses of board, the number thus seeking recreation and health is greater than ever. The seaside,—Swampscott, Nahant, Cape Ann, the South Shore, and Cape Cod; Newport and other places in the Narragansett region; Wood's Hole, Nashua, and Martha's Vineyard, and the towns on Long Island Sound, present quite a lively appearance in the numerous families which have come from the cities and other places, to inhale the cool and grateful air of the sea, to bathe in its waters, and sail, and fish, and ride, and walk, with all the freedom of idle hours, and a mind taking its ease.

In the country, far up among the White Hills of New Hampshire, and the Green Mountains of Vermont, and in the western counties of Massachusetts, Boston and New York people are found ruralizing in the fields, on the mountains, and by the side of the running streams. The fierce heats of the sun in this unusual hot summer, do, indeed, blaze ever on the mountain tops, and on the shores of the boldest promontories, decking their rocky or sandy territories far out into the ocean; but the heat is greatly mitigated by the breezes, and in the shade and at night the heavens drop coolness upon the fevered brow.

Those in the vicinity of Minot's Ledge Light House, resort in boats to scale that ocean castle, and it is quite amusing to notice the ladies and gentlemen, who are hoisted and lowered in a chair, one by one, into that lofty tower. Below, the sea ceaselessly raves around its rocky base, but calm as a giant, the rounded edifice of granite glitters in the broad glare of day, and amid the moonbeams of night. It is one of the noblest specimens of the art of man, overcoming the greatest obstacles, and daring to breast the terrors of ocean's mightiest tempests. The cost of this structure was over $300,000, the reflectors or glass being $35,000 of the expenditure. The men who have the care of this light house are very obliging to visitors, and are every way worthy to fill their important position. The tower seems to have a voice to speak of the humanity of man, and of the greatness of commerce. The proud ships that pass by from all parts of the earth, themselves also magnificent illustrations of the creative genius of man, and ventures of his daring, appear to acknowledge as a brother and a friend, the building that, lifting itself among the waves in a place of dangerous navigation, pours such a brilliant light upon the dangers around. May no accident happen to the brave men who garrison this fort on an exposed frontier!

Our remarkably fine weather—one day following another, with such beautiful skies and kindly attempered atmosphere—enables the families away from home to be much in the open air, and lay in stores of health and pleasant memories to be enjoyed hereafter.

TRAVELLER.

The attention of the reader is called to the advertisement of the Central House in another column. Mr. Norris is one of the best landlords in this region of country, and his house is in excellent order throughout.

The society of ladies is a school of politeness

RUNAWAY ACCIDENT.—A horse, attached to a carryall, belonging to Rev. N. L. Frothingham, of Burlington, ran away while near the depot, last Saturday morning, doing considerable damage. He first leaped the fence opposite Gen. Thompson's residence on Main street, clearing himself of the vehicle and went as far as that gentleman's barn; he then returned leaping the fence again, and ran up Main street on the side walk, and when near Railroad street, ran against a horse belonging to Mr. A. G. Sheldon, of Wilmington, which was standing in a wagon, knocking the horse down and breaking both shafts of the wagon. He was stopped on Main street near the Central House.

PIC-NIC.—The Sabbath School Children connected with the First Congregational Church in Woburn, together with their parents and friends, had a fine picnic, on Tuesday afternoon last at Horn Pond Mountain, one of the many delightful rural resorts for which the town is celebrated. The children had an excellent time, and every thing passed off to the entire satisfaction of all present.

THE LADY'S FRIEND.—The literary contributions of the September number are as varied and interesting as usual—including 'One of Many,' by Aunt Annie; "A Spinster's Story;" "Cousin Winifred;" "Pauline's Vision;" "First and Last;" "Letty Hague;" "The Transformed Village," (which we now see is by Mrs. Henry Wood); "My Blind Hero;" "Shadow and Sunlight," &c. Of course there is the usual Work Table, Editor's Department, Receipts, Fashions, &c. Price $2.00 a year; twenty cents a single number. Deacon & Peterson, publishers, 319 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

It was stated, editorially, in last week's JOURNAL, that the quota of Reading was full, which was correct, 44 of them now being quartered in Fort Warren, where they may take a peep at the piratical craft when they make their advent into Boston harbor. And as the secesh craft have made a beginning at Nantucket, they may be expected to take a view of Boston and vicinity before going South. Our quota has been fixed finally at 46; 44, as above stated, are one year's men; 3 others, making 47 in all, are three years' men. As great battles and a great many of them are expected soon to come off, and thereby ample room made for a large number of men to fill up the gaps, it is presumed that, now the steam is up, the Selectmen will keep right on recruiting, so as to be in readiness for the next call, which will probably be for the small number of one million, which means in pure vernacular, ten hundred thousand, no more, no less. Below are the names of those at Fort Warren:—

Horace C Bemis	Isaiah Massey
E Eugene Bemis	Leveret Massey
H M Brown	Lawr'nce M Masury
Orlando M Brooks	Chas W Norris
William E Coffin	William M Phillips
William Clement	Edwin Pratt
George W Cook	Thomas A Parker
John H Corrie	David Pratt 2d
Dennis O'Connel	Harland P Pratt
Edgar Damon	Harley Prentiss
James A Davis	Henry E Putnam
John Damon, jr	Chas A Richardson
Wm D Fitzpatrick	J W Richardson
Isaac Harriman	Emerton Smith
Albert A Hartwell	Thomas S Symonds
Charles E Hall	Charles O Tweed
Marshall C Harvey	Samuel Vaughn
David W Hoyt	Milton P Weston
James D Kimball	Elbridge A Wiley
Freeman B Lincoln	Albert H Wood
Gustavus Loring	Henry D Wright
William Lewis	James Weary

Lieut. Davis, of the 59th Regt. Mass. Volunteers, has arrived home, he having lost his left hand, and was also wounded in the thigh in the battle of July 30th, in front of Petersburg. With unabated zeal and courage, he awaits with some impatience the healing of the injured limb, that he may be doing some service for the government he has thus honored and so nobly sustained. He thinks comparatively little of the loss of his hand when contrasted with the loss of the battle.

The Boston newspapers have sprung a mine that methinks will soon tell its own tale. So unexpected was the announcement of the advance in price that our people were hardly prepared for it, but a great many of our citizens have made up their minds to take up with the sensible and very excellent advice which, a short time since, was given in the Boston Journal, in relation to the article of butter, and apply it to the Boston daily papers, which was, not to purchase any, and very soon the price would come down to a reasonable figure. I suppose it would not be an indictable offence to open a reading room, whereby the news might be imparted to our citizens at little expense, comparatively.

Rev. Mr. Barrows is having his usual summer vacation, and has gone to the West.

When are we to know who made that terrible blunder at Petersburg? I mean that of sending negroes to storm a work who had never before been under fire, whereas they should have had veterans, and picked men at that. Perhaps it would not be cruel to suggest that some of our officers suspected there might be mines beneath their tread, and it were better that the darkies should run the risk of broken shins. LENO.

SOUTH READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

MILITARY.—The fable of the bird that removed her young from her nest in the farmer's field when the owner resolved to reap the grain himself, instead of depending upon his neighbors to do it, teaches a valuable lesson. As citizens we were very anxious that our quota should be filled, and the draft upon us avoided, and money was raised to accomplish the object, but the neighbors did not come to receive the liberal bounties offered, and the enrolled men and others said, "The quota *must* be filled, and if others cannot be obtained we will volunteer ourselves." The result was that in one day, nearly 40 names were placed upon the enlisting roll; so, probably our quota of 60 men will be made up without difficulty. Their names, destination, &c., may form another short chapter.

We are indebted to D. B. Wheelock, Esq., Chairman of the Board of Assessors, for a list of tax payers to amount of $50, and other statistics.

Atwell, John B.,	58 00
Aborn, John G.,	183 60
Aborn, Elizabeth, Mrs.,	69 60
Arrington, Wm. M.,	112 48
Allen, Daniel,	50 00
Beebe, Lucius,	358 56
Blanchard, A. J.,	57 60
Brown, J. G.,	100 40
Bryant, Aaron,	71 52
Bayrd, Chas. L.,	50 00
Bachellor, William,	62 80
Batchelder, David,	89 36
Brown, Chas. B.,	142 80
Boston and Maine Foundry Co.,	211 20
Barnard, Prentice S.,	82 00
Clayes, Dana,	53 60
Carter, Charles,	53 12
Coffin, N. R.,	85 20
Cushman, R. W.,	75 12
Citizens' Gas Light Co.,	376 00
Deadman, William,	104 40
Dearborn, Geo. E.,	50 80
Dole, Carleton,	109 20
Dole, " for Mrs. Wills,	156 80
Eaton, Lilley,	81 60
Eaton, Joseph,	52 00
Eaton, F B., Estate,	52 00
Emerson, Thomas,	212 08
Emerson, Thomas, Jr.,	182 00
Emerson, Thomas, Sons,	336 00
Emerson, James F.,	86 56
Emerson, Daniel P.,	54 00
Emerson, James, (Estate),	66 88
Emerson, Benj., (Estate),	60 80
Eames, Joshua N.,	101 36
Eames, Joshua,	58 00
Eustis, James,	78 00
Evans, Jonas,	60 80
Evans, James M.,	54 88
Evans, Lucius B.,	50 85
Folsom, Peter,	98 80
Foster, Aaron,	94 96
Gardner, Samuel,	152 00
Gould, Clarissa,	58 40
Gould, Sally,	54 08
Green, Chas. W.,	176 32
Green, Joshua,	59 92
Green, Thomas,	91 60
Green, Jeremiah,	139 28
Hartshorn, John F.,	63 60
Hartshorn, James,	66 08
Hawkes, Adam,	67 44
Hopkins, E. Sumner,	55 12
Heath, William,	95 20
Hurd, F. P.,	126 96
Kingman, Samuel,	128 40
Knowles, Henry,	50 00
McKay, John,	59 72
Mansfield, J. D.,	78 00
McDougle, Richard, (Estate)	63 36
Mansfield, Edward,	234 21
" " Attorney for Mrs. E. A. Eaton,	192 80
Martin, William,	74 40
Martin, Frederick,	57 20
Nichols, Jonathan,	172 16
Nichols, Daniel,	96 56
Norcross, Daniel,	51 20
Norcross, Josiah,	199 52
Nichols, Hannibal,	57 12
Nash, S. G.,	93 04
Perkins, A. C.,	83 84
Parker, James F.,	61 44
Pool, Franklin,	54 00
Parker, S. T.,	67 76
Pitman, Ezekiel,	58 04
Perkins, Oliver,	99 60
Richardson, Solon,	1129 20
Richardson, Grace,	80 00
Stowell, Issachar,	55 12
Stearnes, Chas. H.,	57 60
" " for Cowdry estate,	72 80
Smith, Noah, Estate,	58 40
Smith, Archibald,	70 40
Swain, Otis,	54 32
Spaulding, Lucinda,	60 06
Sweetser, P. H.,	65 28
Sweetser, A. G.,	78 80
Sweetser, A. N. & A. G.	66 80
Sweetser, Hiram,	74 00
Stevens, John,	53 04
Tompson, John A.,	52 72
Tasker, L. H.,	55 44
Toppan, Charles,	198 40
Upham, E. S.,	66 56
Upton, Edward,	166 32
Upton, E. A.,	54 80
Vinton, J. W.,	119 68
Walton, Leonard,	114 40
Walton, James, Estate,	57 60
Waitt, John,	52 08
Waitt, W. B.,	82 64
White, John, Estate,	227 20
White, Nancy, Mrs.,	60 80
White, Nancy, Miss,	65 28
Wiley, Benj. B.,	85 44
Wiley, Ebenezer,	51 60
Wiley, Adam,	54 48
Wiley Mary B.,	51 20
Wiley, Ira,	58 32
Wiley, David,	57 60
Wiley, Leonard,	191 28
Wright, N. C.,	79 60
Winn, Lydia,	40 80
Woodward, James F.	50 00
Willis, Wm. R.,	104 56
Wheelock, D. B.,	62 48
Wheeler, P. C.,	83 60
Wakefield, Cyrus,	1813 12
Young, Andrew,	51 44
Yale, Burrage, (Estate),	763 20

NON RESIDENTS.

Henry Dawes and Samuel Weld, Boston, Trustees for Serene Lewis,	960 00
Charles Flint, Reading,	62 40
Oliver Kimball, Boston,	72 80
Geo. W. Messenger, Boston,	51 20
John Perkins, Lynnfield,	158 40
Wm. Richardson, Manchester, N. H.	64 00
Cornelius Sweetser, Saco, Me.,	130 00
Enoch Stevens, Amesbury,	70 30

Rate of taxation, $16 on $1000.
Number of Horses, 210; Cows, 252; Oxen, 4; Swine 64. M.

☞ Dr. J. M. Grosvenor, of Woburn, has accepted a position as Surgeon in Gen. Butler's department, for 100 days, and will be located at Bermuda Hundred. At the expiration of that time he will resume his practice in Woburn.

WINCHESTER.

For the Middlesex Journal.

SCHOOLS.—Miss Augusta Kimball, daughter of the worthy High Sheriff of this County, and formerly a resident in this town, has been appointed teacher of the Mystic School for the ensuing term. Miss Kimball is a graduate of our High School, in the same class with Miss T. B. Tenney, and others who are now serving as teachers in so creditable a manner. The Fall term of the High School commences Monday, Aug. 29th, and of the other schools Sept. 5th. The examination of the conditioned candidates for the High School will take place on Saturday, Aug. 27th, when all those who failed to come up to the required standard in either of the branches, are expected to present themselves.

LECTURE.—Last Monday evening, Mrs. H. W. Benchley, wife of Hon. H. W. Benchley, formerly of Worcester, who was Lieut. Governor of this State, under the Gardner dynasty, and who, being at the South when the rebellion broke out, was put in prison on account of his Union sentiments, where he has been confined ever since at Houston, in Texas, gave a narrative of her experience in connection therewith, in an interesting manner.

No proper notice being given that such a lecture was to take place, many were deprived of the privilege of hearing her plain and unvarnished statement of facts.

Here let me reiterate what I have before said, that in order to have a general attendance at lectures, or any meeting out of the usual course, more public notice should be given, than is customary merely at the afternoon service in the churches. There are a good many who do not attend the churches in town—others who go only in the morning, and others not at all. These classes, unless casually informed of the fact, do not know in a great many instances when these special lectures or meetings take place. The centre of the town is not the whole town, and it cannot be expected that those away from it, should know all that is going on there.

In this connection, let me also allude to the fact, that individuals or parties wish to have this and that meeting or event reported in the paper, but do not aid in any way towards the promotion of the object. Your correspondent would be pleased to have his readers bear this in mind, and he will endeavor to do the part required of him.

THE DROUGHT.—The factories, mills and shops whose motive power is by water have been obliged in most cases to stop their works on account of the small quantity of water in the streams. In the river and ponds the weed grass has been so long uncovered by water as to grow quite rank and high, and in some places to necessitate its being mowed down in large quantities. The river at Baconville fills up very slowly, and it looks as though it never would reach its original height, although the fall rains may bring it up higher.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—Last Wednesday morning, about 4 o'clock, a fire broke out in the house owned and occupied by the widow Symmes, on Grove street, corner of Bacon street, at what is called "Symmes' corner," and made such rapid progress that in a short time the building was entirely destroyed. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, as when first discovered it was in the pump room which is attached with a shed to the house, where no fires were ever built and nothing had been placed by the occupants to cause one. Part of the furniture and clothing were removed, but in the rooms adjacent to the shed, some valuable articles of furniture and wearing apparal were burnt, and the owners had to rush out to save their lives. There was no insurance on the property, the policy having expired some six years ago and never renewed. The building was one of the ancient landmarks of the past and endeared to the hearts of this parent and her children as the old homestead around which always clusters sacred and tender recollections. It was built some 90 years ago, and was one, if not the oldest, house in town. It was sad to see the devouring element playing unchecked among the timbers and rafters of this relic of the past, until nought but a heap of ruins and the chimney remained to mark the spot where an hour before stood this ancient house as it had done for nearly a century before. Excelsior engine Co., of this town, was on hand, but had not sufficient hose to draw the water from the distance which was necessary. The Steam Fire Engine Company, of Medford, responded to the call for their services, and poured effective streams of water upon the blazing ruins. Fortunately there was no wind stirring and the atmosphere was somewhat damp, otherwise the houses and barns in the vicinity would have been endangered.

EXCELSIOR.

The head of a turtle, for several days after its separation from the body, retains and exhibits animal life and sensation. An Irishman had decapitated one, and some days afterwards was amusing himself by putting sticks into its mouth which it bit with violence. A lady who saw the proceeding exclaimed, "Why, Patrick, I thought the turtle was dead." "So he is, ma'am, but the crather's not sensible of it."

The Attorney General of Massachusetts says it is wrong to pay soldiers in gold. Who told him so, and what *interest* has he in the matter?

MILITARY.—Sergt. Henry Howard, Co. K, 59th Mass. Regt., was hit by a piece of a shell in the leg on the 5th ult., and has since suffered amputation.

Corporal W. B. Smith, Co. F, 24th Mass. Regt., and Ephraim B. Penny, Co. H., 6th Regt., Vet. Reserve Corps, have both returned home, their term of service being ended.

A private letter from Wm. P. Warren, of Co. K, 39th Regt., says that the Company heard, the day before the letter was written, Aug. 11th, that Corporal Geo. F. Pollard was a prisoner at Richmond. No particulars are given.

Capt. G. T. Woodbury, of the 4th New Jersey Battery, has arrived home.

CO. G, 5TH MASS. REGT.—Lieut. E. F. Wyer, of this Company has been appointed Adjutant of the regiment. 2d Lieut. E. C. Fuller, takes Adjt. Wyer's position as 1st Lieut., and Sergt. M. Seeley succeeds Lieut. Fuller as 2d Lieut.

A friend in this Co., has kindly consented to write us regularly, concerning the doings of the company, which undoubtedly will be interesting to many.

VOLUNTEERS.—Since our last, the following persons have enlisted for one year:—

J. E. Tileston, Charles S. Parker, Charles A. McDonald, A. J. Russell, Thomas Shanley, John Hearlihy.

WAR MEETINGS.—The war meeting on Saturday evening last, at Lyceum Hall, was slimly attended, and there was not much enthusiasm manifested by the audience. J. G. Pollard, Esq., acted as Chairman, and informed the meeting that the Selectmen would not pay volunteers $125, in gold, the Attorney General having informed them that it would be illegal. After the meeting two men enlisted. The meeting was adjourned to Thursday evening, when quite a number were present. One man came forward and enlisted for one year.

Previous to the close of the meeting, the Chairman stated that a rousing war meeting would be held in the hall soon, when several eminent speakers from abroad would be present.

LETTER FROM CHARLES K. CONN. We are permitted to make the following extract from a letter received in town from Sergeant Major Conn, of the 39th Mass volunteers:—

RICHMOND, Va., July 7, 1864.
Prison Hospital, No. 22.

Uncle Horace: I wrote to George, May 28th. He may not have got it yet. I was wounded in the first day's fight at Spottsylvania Court House, early in the forenoon, by a ball passing through my groin. The wound is now completely healed. I arrived in this city May 21. I am now hospital Steward. There are three of the 39th Regiment here: Ord. Sergt. C. P. Currier, Co. I, of Natick—left leg off below the knee; private Geo. Northey, Co. E, of Somerville—gun shot through knee; private John Kelly, Co. D, of Quincy — shot through the thigh. Corp. Wescott, Co. F. of Taunton, amputation, since died; private Daniel Morse, Co. A, of Needham, shot through neck; and Lieut. L. F. Wyman, were taken prisoners & are now probably in Georgia. I have had no means of hearing from the United States since my capture, so that I have no idea how badly my Regiment has suffered. I long to hear who of my comrades have fallen and who are alive. I am in hopes that we shall get exchanged in the fall, for I long to get home once more. My health is good.

CH. K. CONN,
Sergt. Maj. 39th Mass. Vols.

Since the above was in type, we have seen a letter received in town from Sergt. C. P. Currier, of Co. I, 39th Mass. Volunteers. It is dated "U. States Gen. Hospital, Annapolis, Maryland, Aug. 16th, 1864." Sergeant Currier writes at the request of Major Conn, to inform his friends of his whereabouts. It confirms all that Major Conn has stated above. Sergt. C. thinks Major Conn will be paroled soon.

For the Middlesex Journal.

VOTE OF THANKS.—To generous friends in Massachusetts and New Hampshire, who have recently sent me, for the benefit of the beloved soldiers at the U. S. Hospital, with which I am connected, some beautiful Flags, those starry banners of our love and emblems of an undivided nationality, to float in the North Carolina breezes and furnish appropriate ornamentation for our Hall of Worship, the very sight of which, like good books and papers and letters from home, is promotive of a convalescent patriot's healthfulness as well as creative of inspiration for coming conflicts, I would, in behalf of the numerous sick and wounded patients here, present and future, take this method of returning our warmest thanks and a hearty God bless you! WILLIAM C. WHITCOMB,
Hosp. Chaplain U. S. A.

Mansfield Gen. Hospital,
Morehead City, N. C., '64.

The person noticed in our last as having been drowned in Horn Pond, was Mr. Louis Bournique, of East Cambridge. He was a man of some property, and leaves a wife to mourn his loss.

VOLUNTEER'S PAY FOR ONE YEAR. The pay of a Volunteer under the bounties offered by the National and State Governments, and the Town, for the term of one year, amounts to Two Dollars and Eighty Cents for each working day, and no deduction on account of sickness, medical attendance, medicine, &c. This is exclusive of board and clothing.

If a man is drafted, his pay is $16 a month! Quite a difference, to say nothing of the honor which attaches to the volunteer.

RAIN.—We had a fine rain on Wednesday afternoon and during the night. A few more showers will add materially to the crops.

RECREATION FOR CHILDREN. Scarcely anything gives greater enjoyment to children than frequent little excursions, away among green trees, or by the river banks, among rocks and streams—anywhere, that they may see scenes their eyes are not daily familiar with. With what a zest is the simplest lunch partaken of in the midst of such surroundings, after a few hours of busy, active exercise, in running and climbing and rambling about. Who can not remember some particularly good slice of bread and butter eaten under such circumstances, away back in his childhood, which it is as good as a meal to think of?

Children need such excursions for health's sake, as well as for enjoyment, especially those who live in the city, and can not have the blessed air to fill their lungs without a large admixture of poison. They may be made very instructive too, if rightly improved, and lessons of natural science learned on such occasions are not forgotten as readily as mere book lessons.

Women can toil day and night to make their houses elegant for the eyes of other people, but can not always attend to the needs of their precious children, whose bodies and souls are too often left to utter wreck, because mother "can not take the trouble."

Oh! learn to think less of the eyes of other people, which cost us so much, and set to work to fill your children's memories brimfull of pleasant recollections. Cultivate sound and vigorous bodies, if you desire to see their spirits cheerful and healthful. Give them, when it is possible, half a day every week, in which to take some simple excursion, and do not fail when you can to brighten it by your presence. You need not go far, nor to great expense. It is easy to throw an interest around even the simplest pleasures, if the mother will but give her heart to the task. You can look on the small sums expended on cars and ferry boats as so much saved on the doctor's bill, and therefore clear gain.—[Exch.

DISCOUNT ON POSTAGE STAMPS.—An excellent provision has been secured by Postmaster General Blair, in the new postal law, by which a discount of five per cent, is hereafter to be made upon all sales of Postage Stamps, in amounts of $100, and upon stamped envelopes, when sold by the box of five hundred. By this arrangement, book and apothecary stores can afford to keep stamps for sale, adding much to the public convenience, while the extremely low price to which this will reduce the government envelopes, ought to induce their use by every business man.

The stamped envelopes furnished by the Post Office Department, are of a very fair quality, the regular price being $15.90 cents per 500 letter size, making the discount now allowed, and purchasers will receive $15.00 worth of stamps, and 500 envelopes, for $15,11, or eleven cents for five hundred good business envelopes. Add to this, the greater security, safety, and comfort of having the stamp already affixed, and we shall be much surprised if our corporations and business men generally do not make use of the stamped envelopes.—[Lawrence American.

Father O'Leary and Curran were cracking their jokes at a dinner party one evening, as was their wont, when the celebrated advocate turned abruptly to the good father, saying: "I wish, O'Leary, that you had the keys to heaven." "Why, Curran?" asked the divine. "Because you would then let me in," said the facetious counsellor. It would be much better for you, Curran," said father O'Leary, "that I had the keys of the other place, because I could then let you out!"

"DID IT A PURPOSE."—A droll story is related of an honest farmer who, in attempting to drive home a bull, got suddenly hoisted over the fence. Recovering himself he saw the animal on the other side of the rails sawing the air with his head and neck, and pawing the ground. The good old man looked steadily at him a moment and exclaimed—"Darn your apologies; you needn't stand there, you tarnal critter, a bowin' and scrapin'—you did it a purpose, darn your curly pictur!"

It is estimated that at least one-third of the newspapers published in the United States four years ago have suspended publication.

Married

In South Reading, Aug. 14, by Rev. Charles R. Bliss, Mr. John F. Hart, of the Richardson Light Guards, (now in Baltimore) to Miss Lucy A. Co[illegible] of Stoneham.

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!—The citizen Soldier will find a more deadly foe in the brackish, muddy water and damp night air, than in the most determined enemy. Holloway's Pills so purify the blood and strengthen the stomach and bowels that the soldier can endure these hardships and still be strong and healthy.

If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. 230

Special Notices.

Boy Wanted.

☞ A smart, active boy, is wanted in an Apothecary Store. No one need apply who is not thoroughly honest and capable. Inquire at No. 5 Wade Block. aug13

WARREN ACADEMY.

The fall term of this institution will begin MONDAY, August 22d, and continue eleven weeks under the instruction of Mr. D. W Sanborn, A. M., Principal. A preparatory department will be conducted by Miss. Kate Bodwell. Children as young as parents choose to send, will be admitted. Miss Bodwell is an experienced and successful teacher.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, Sec. Board of Trustees.
Woburn, August 6, 1864. 3t.

NOTICE.

The subscriber respectfully informs those indebted to him for subscriptions to the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL, and for Job Work, that he will present them with their bills in the course of a few days, when he trusts they will find it convenient to settle. E. T. MOODY.

Woburn, July 30, 1864.

Instruction on the Piano-Forte.

Mrs. L. M. DALTON, would like to procure a few pupils for instruction on the Piano-Forte.—Her experience enables her to give thorough instruction, and she invites those wishing to take lessons to call upon her at her residence, CANAL STREET, WOBURN.

Woburn, June 10, 1864. 37—3m.

EDITOR OF JOURNAL:—*Dear Sir*,—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail with out charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
jy23—3m* 831 Broadway, New York.

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED?

DR. BUCHAN'S
ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESS, Impotency, premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual, and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced. Price One Dollar per box. Sent post-paid by mail on receipt of an order. One box will perfect the cure in most cases. Address

JAMES S. BUTLER,
General Agent, 427 Broadway, New York.
jy23—3m*

A Card to the Suffering.

SWALLOW two or three hogsheads of "Buchu," "Tonic Bitters," "Nervous Antidotes," &c., &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the result, then try one box of OLD DOCTOR BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS—and be restored to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the broken down and shattered constitution. Old and young can take them with advantage. Imported and sold in the United States only by

JAS. S. BUTLER,
No. 427 Broadway, New York,
☞ Agent for the United States.

P. S.—A box of the Pills, securely packed, will be mailed to any address on receipt of price, which is ONE DOLLAR, post paid—money refunded by the Agent if entire satisfaction is not given.
jy23—3m*

THE HISTORY
OF
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

The most remarkable medicine of the day, and the many cures that have been performed with it in cases of Liver Complaint, Dispepsia, Nervous Debility, and other diseases arising from a disordered stomach or liver, places it at once among the most astonishing discoveries that has taken place in the medical world. The diseases to which bitters are applicable are so universal that there are but few of our friends who may not test their virtues in their own families or circle of acquaintances, and prove to their own satisfaction that there is at least one remedy among the many advertised medicines, deserving the public commendation.

For sale by druggists and dealers everywhere.
jy30—2m

BE WISE BY TIMES.

Do not trifle with your health, constitution, and character. If you are suffering with any disease for which HELMBOLD'S EXTRA BUCHU is recommended,

TRY IT! TRY IT! TRY IT!

It will cure you, save long suffering, allaying Pain and Inflammation, and will restore you to HEALTH AND PURITY.

At little expense and no exposure. Cut out the advertisement in another column, and call or send for it.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!
Ask for Helmbold's Take no other.
CURES GUARANTEED.
jy30—2m

"HARD TIMES COFFEE."

This Coffee has stood the test, and is
Unequalled by any other Substitute.
No one who delights in a
Cup of good Coffee
Should be without it.
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
H. B. NEWHALL,
36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

Certificate of Dr. Hayes.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance. It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D.,
jy16—2m eow State Assayer.

Died

In Woburn, Aug. 13, Samuel Fox, aged 65 years.

In Woburn, Aug. 16, Freddie D., son of Timothy and Eliza A Wheeler, aged 1 year, 6 months.

In Woburn, Aug. 16th, Mary Lucinda, daughter of Amos and Ann Maria Knowlton, aged 8 months, 28 days.

In Woburn, Aug. 16, Haynes Johnson, son of Newell Z. and Eliza S. Tabor, aged 1 year, 9 months, 4 days.

In Woburn, Aug. 18, Mary Ann McPhet[illegible], daughter of James and Mary Fraser, aged 12 years.

In Woburn, [illegible]g. 18, Frederic W. Sawyer, aged 2 years, 11 months and 21 days.

In Woburn, Aug. 18, Mary Ann Roche, aged [illegible] months, 2 days.

In South Reading, Aug. 12, Mrs. Sarah Y, wife of Rev. Wm. Heath, aged 55 years.

In South Reading, Aug. 13, Mary Warren Bancroft, daughter of B. F. Bancroft, aged 11 years.

In South Reading, Aug. 15 Augusta Maria, daughter of Washington Hartshorn, aged 2 years, 11 months.

In South Reading, Aug. 10, Betsey A. Taylor, daughter of Marcus C. Taylor, aged 1 year, 11 months, 20 days.

In Wilmington, Aug. 13, Anna Cora Bliss, daughter of James and Elizabeth Frazer, aged 4 years, 6 months.

CENTRAL HOUSE,

MAIN STREET, WOBURN, MASS.

THE undersigned, having completed the alterations and repairs on this commodious and centrally located Hotel, is now prepared to receive transient and permanent boarders. Gentlemen, with their families, can be accommodated with excellent rooms, newly furnished

No expense will be spared in an endeavor to make the Central House equal to any hotel in the County. The tables are always supplied with the best the market affords, and in this respect the proprietor feels sure that he can give satisfaction to his guests.

The STABLES connected with the establishment have recently been put in fine order, and horses and carriages are to let—day or night.

L. B. NORRIS, Proprietor.
Woburn, Aug. 20, 1864.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX SS.
PROBATE COURT.

WHEREAS, THOMAS B. SKINNER, of South Reading, has presented to said Court, for Probate, an instrument purporting to be the last will of

THOMAS SKINNER,

late of South Reading, in said County of Middlesex, deceased; all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of September next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively, in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir of said deceased, within two days after said first publication.

Witness WILLIAM A RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of the said Court, this eighth day of August, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty four.

aug13—3w J. H. TYLER, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX SS.
PROBATE COURT.

WHEREAS, EDWARD MANSFIELD, of South Reading, has petitioned said Court to grant him a letter of administration, with the Will annexed, on the estate of

JEREMIAH BROWN,

of South Reading, in said County of Middlesex, deceased; all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of September next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively, in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir of said deceased, within two days after said first publication.

Witness WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of the said Court, this eighth day of August, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-four.

aug13—3w J. H. TYLER, Register.

Mortgagee's Sale.

BY virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed, given by J. Emery, Jr., dated June 13th, 1863, and recorded with Middlesex (So. Dist.) Deeds, Lib. 908, Fol. 336, will be sold at Public Auction, on Monday, the twenty second day of August, 1864, at (5) five o'clock, P. M., on the premises, for a breach of the conditions of said mortgage deed: ALL the Real Estate described in said mortgage deed, consisting of a certain tract or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon standing, situated in Stoneham, on the northerly side of Franklin Street, containing eight acres and twenty-one poles, more or less, being lot numbered three on a plan of Joshua Green's estate, made by Amasa Farrier, Surveyor, March, 1863, and bounded as follows, viz:—Beginning at the southwesterly corner of the premises at a stake in said street, and by lot numbered two on said plan; thence the line runs northerly by said lot number two, nine hundred and eighty feet to a stake by land of William G. Fuller; thence easterly by said Fuller's land, and land of the heirs of Thomas Gould, three hundred and twenty-five feet, to a stake at lot numbered four on said plan; then southerly by said lot number four, eleven hundred and forty feet to a stake at said Franklin Street, thence northwesterly by said street four hundred and five feet to the bound first mentioned.

JOHN HILL, Mortgagee.
aug6—3w

THE SOLDIER'S TRUE FRIEND.

ALWAYS READY.

Holloway's Ointment.

Long marches, sore and stiff joints, blistered and inflamed feet, after these the soldier must endure MOTHERS, REMEMBER THIS, when your sons are grasping their muskets to meet danger think what relief a single pot of this ALL HEALING & COOLING Salve will give to the one you love when far away from home and friends. It hardens and makes tough the feet so that they can endure great fatigue. It soothes and relieves the inflamed and stiffened joints, leaving them supple, strong and vigorous while for

Sabre Cuts and Gunshot Wounds

it stands unequalled, removing and preventing every vestige of inflamation and gently drawing the edges together, it quickly and completely heals the most frightful wounds.

Wives & Sisters of our Volunteers.

You cannot put into the Knapsacks of your Husbands and Brothers, a more valuable or more necessary gift than a supply of this

Extraordinary Military Salve.

The lonely sentry, walking his rounds at night, exposed to drenching rains and chill night air, is often seized with most VIOLENT PAINS, COUGH and SUFFOCATING SHORTNESS, first symptoms of QUICK CONSUMPTION, but if supplied with HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT, all danger is averted, a few Pills taken night and morning, and the Ointment briskly rubbed twice a day over the throat and chest will remove the SEVEREST PAINS and stop the most distressing or DANGEROUS COUGH.—Therefore we say to the whole Army,

Soldiers Attention!!

See to your own health, do not trust to the Army supplies although most valuable. These PILLS and OINTMENT have been thoroughly tested, they are the only remedies used in the European Camps and Barracks, for over forty years Doctor Holloway has supplied all the Armies in Europe, and during the CRIMEAN CAMPAIGN he established a depot at Balaclava, for the exclusive sale of these GREAT REMEDIES, many a time his special Agent there has sold over a ton in weight of the Ointment in a single day. These terrible and fatal enemies of the SOLDIER IN CAMP,

Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Scurvy, and Scrofulous Eruptions, all disappear like a charm before these PILLS & OINTMENT, and now while the Cry rings throughout the land,

To Arms! To Arms!!

Do not let these brave men perish by disease place in their hands these PRECIOUS REMEDIES that will enable them to resist the dangerous exposures, the Fevers, the Chills, and the wounds which they cannot avoid and what is more cannot frequently get succor in the moment of need, where as Your brave men have only to put their hands into their Knapsacks and find there a sure remedy for all the casualties of the battle field. How many thousands of lives would thus be saved who would otherwise perish before relief could be obtained.

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the word "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," are discernable as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light*. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all the respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the civilized world, in pots at 25c., 62c., and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the large sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

Congress Paint Store,

Corner of Water & Congress Sts.,
BOSTON.

ASAHEL WHEELER, Agt.
(Formerly in Union Street.)
MANUFACTURER OF THE

Constant White Paint,

Which he challenges the world to produce its equal for beauty and durability. It is vastly superior to that formerly known as Florence White, made by him.

ALSO DEALER IN

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Drugs,

GLUES, and PAINTERS SUPPLIES.

ALSO, AGENT FOR THE

BRIDGEWATER MINERAL PAINT,

Which is seven eighths Iron, and warranted superior to all other Fire-proof Paints ever known—in color, fineness and durability.

ALLEN, CHENEY & BARTLET, 131 Friend and 38 Canal St.,

[Formerly Allen & Webber.]
Manufacturers of Cabinet, Library, Dining Room and Chamber

FURNITURE

Invites the attention of those in want of substantial and handsomely made articles of Furniture, in Walnut, Mahogany and Oak. We have a large stock on hand, and are constantly receiving new and elegant styles from our manufactory. Our goods being made by ourselves, from the best seasoned and kiln-dried stock, we feel confident that they will prove satisfactory.

WM. H. ALLEN,
E. P. CHENEY,
GORDON BARTLET.

4711 Farina Cologne 4711

Celebrated for its excellence all over the world, For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.



AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again, and you stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills will neglect to employ them when suffering from pain disorder they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 1, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long previously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. F. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR DOC. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that were treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing the Pills that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. SIR: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREELE,
Clerk of Steamer Marion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the liver very marked indeed. Your Pills in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb, 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood*.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse* the *stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawker, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.



SELECTMEN'S OFFICE,
WOBURN, July 7, 1864.

The attention of the citizens of Woburn, NOT LIABLE TO DRAFT, is respectfully called to the annexed Circular, and extracts from Gen. Order No. 23. It affords the opportunity to those interested in the success of the National cause, to give to the country the proof of their patriotism, by placing in the Army a personal representative.

All cannot go to the front and give their personal service, but every citizen has now the privilege of voluntarily placing his representative there, and thus aiding to secure the prompt and decisive overthrow of the rebellion.

Let the citizens of Woburn nobly respond to this new call on their patriotism.

All persons enlisting as representative recruits under this authority, will receive the Town Bounty of One Hundred and Twenty-Five Dollars.

By order of the Board of Selectmen,
A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
PROVOST-MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., June 26, 1864.

Persons not fit for military duty and not liable to draft, from age or other causes, have expressed a desire to be personally represented in the Army. In addition to the contributions they have made in the way of bounties, they propose to procure at their own expense, and present for enlistment, recruits to represent them in the service. Such practical patriotism is worthy of special commendation and encouragement. Provost-Marshals, and all other officers acting under this, Bureau, are ordered to furnish all the facilities in their power to enlist and muster promptly the acceptable *representative recruits* presented, in accordance with the design herein set forth.

The name of the person whom the recruit represents will be noted on the Enlistment and Descriptive Roll of the recruit, and will be carried forward from those papers to the other official records which form his military history.

Suitably prepared certificates of this *personal representation* in the service will be forwarded from this office, to be filled out and issued by Provost-Marshals to the persons who put in *representative recruits*.

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost-Marshal General.

FROM GEN. ORDER NO. 23.

The men enlisted under the provisions of the above circular will be entitled to the bounty from the State; and their families the State Aid. These men are *Representative Recruits*,—that is to say, men induced to enlist, by the exertions of patriotic men who are not themselves liable to do military service, and not substitutes who are enlisted in the place of men either liable to military duty, or who have been drafted.

By order of His Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander in-Chief.

WILLIAM SCHOULER,
Adjutant-General.

jy9

Letters Remaining Unclaimed,

IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN, State of Massachusetts, 20th day of Aug. 1864.

☞ To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for *'undertised letters,'* give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Free delivery of letters by carriers, at the residence of owners, in cities and large towns, may be secured by observing the following rules;

1. Direct letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the post office and State.

2. Head letters with the writer's post office and State, street and number, sign them plainly with full name, and request that answers be directed accordingly.

3. Letters to strangers or transient visitors in a town or city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked, in the lower left-hand corner, with the word 'Transient.'

4. Place the postage stamp on the upper right hand corner, and leave space between the stamp and direction for post-marking without interfering with the writing.

N. B. A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within 30 days or less, written or printed with the writer's name, post office, and State, across the left-hand end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with at the usual prepaid rate of postage, payable when the letter is delivered to the writer."—Sec. 28, of Law of 1863.

Clement, Archie M	mrs	Nichols, Percival	mrs
Dunbar, Joseph		Nichols, Susan R	mrs
Donely, John		O'Brien, Patrick	
Jenks, James L	2	Rooney, Michael	
McKenzie, Laura	mrs	Smith, Lewis E	
Mulins, Jery		Walker A G	

NATHAN WYMAN, P. M.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given, that the Subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of ABEL WYMAN, late of Woburn, in the county of Middlesex, deceased, and taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

CHARLES A. WYMAN, Admr.
Woburn, May 24th, 1864.

FEAR AT AN END!

No one is now deterred from changing the
WHISKERS OR MUSTACHE
from red, gray or sandy to a rich
BLACK OR BROWN
by a fear of injuring or staining the skin.

CHRISTADORO'S DYE

is harmless as water, mild as new milk and
TRUE TO NATURE
in the magnificent colors it imparts.

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere and applied by all Hair Dressers.

Price, $1, $1.50, and $3 per box, according to size.

Cristadoro's Hair Preservative.

Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Hair. Price, 50 cents, $1, and $2 per bottle, according to size. jy16—3w.

S. M. COLCORD & CO.,

Successors to CARTER, COLCORD, & PRESTON,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
BOSTON,
DEALERS IN
Drugs, Medicines, and Chemicals

Of superior quality, English, French, American
Soaps, Perfumeries & Toilet articles
and Patent Medicines,
Of all kinds, and in the largest quantities;
BRANDIES, WINES, and LIQUORS,
Of unequalled purity and quality for medicinal purposes;

FANCY LABELS,
In new and elegant designs, by the best Litho graphers.

Manufacturers of SODA WATER and choice SODA SYRUPS. Quotations furnished on application. Orders solicited, and promptly executed at lowest market rates.

NEW STOCK OF ROOM PAPER!

A LARGE SUPPLY OF
NEW PATTERNS,
of the above, has just been received from New York, at the

Woburn Bookstore,

and will be sold very low. Also, BORDERING in variety, and Paper for Curtains and Side Lights.

WYMAN'S
AMBROTYPE, MELAINOTYPE, AND
Daguerreotype Rooms,
KELLEY'S BLOCK, ... WOBURN.
PARTICULAR attention given to copying pictures.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBURN CENTRE.

TOILET EXTRACTS.

In endless variety, many of which will be sold at a low figure. By

W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

G. R. GAGE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

New Bank Building, Woburn,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he is now located in his new store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS

made in the best style, and warranted to fit.

Particular attention paid to making

Boys' Clothing

He has on hand a large stock of the best and most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the season, which will be made up to order at the most reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS

of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly on hand.

Woburn, March 19th, 1864.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness. Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, Free of Charge. Address

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House, New York City.
jy9—1m*

English, French and American

BRUSHES,

FOR THE
HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.
For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

For Sale in South Reading.

The Estate on Eaton Street, belonging to Joel Sweetser, consisting of a house, 33 feet by 29 and one acre of land, well stocked with fruit trees. Being in the centre of the town, it is a fine location. If any person is desirous of purchasing, please call and examine.

Price $2,000. july23—3t*

ATKINSON'S FRENCH PLASTER. Highly Recommended for CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD JOINTS, NAILS IN-GROWING, or any Disease of the Feet.

This Plaster effects a cure without pain or inconvenience. After the application the boot or shoe can be worn with perfect ease. Warranted not injurious. Procured of all principal druggists and Boot and shoe dealers. Made only by W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., Tremont corner Boylston streets, Boston, Mass. Wholesale agents, G. C. Goodwin & Co.; John Wilson, Jr., & Co., Boston.

ATKINSON'S FURNITURE POLISH. For VARNISHED or POLISHED FURNITURE, this excellent Polish will not fail to restore furniture to its original brilliancy. After using this preparation, the touch of the hand will not leave a mark or soil furniture. Obtained at the principal dealers in furniture, and traders generally. W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., manufacturer Tremont corner Boylston streets, Wholesale agents, Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. Warranted not to injure the varnish. 40 3m

Keep Cool by Drinking

BRIGHAM'S
ARCTIC SODA WATER,
Which runs in a constant stream at No. 5 WADES BLOCK.

VERNATELLA.

WARRANTED TO MAKE THE
SOLES OF BOOTS AND SHOES
WATER AND DAMPNESS PROOF,
AND WEAR ONE-THIRD LONGER.

VERNATELLA,

is a preparation from Copper, having no grease. Linseed oil, or anything of the kind, and when the soles are once saturated with it, water can no more get through them than through copper itself.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
AT RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

But its cost to the purchaser is really NOTHING, as it makes the soles wear enough longer to more than pay for it, leaving as a net gain the making of them Water and Dampness Proof and the preservation thereby of that priceless gem, the health.

LADIES, READ THIS.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH!

Use Vernatella on the soles of your Shoes. It makes them water proof and thereby protects your feet from dampness, for the ground is always more or less moist, either from rain or the morning and evening dew.

At Wholesale in Boston by
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 35 Hanover street,
S. M. COSCORD & CO., 36 Hanover street,
M. S. BURR & CO., 26 Tremont street,
CARTER, RUST & CO., 45, Hanover street.
And Wholesale Druggists generally. Also by all the Principal Dealers in Boots and Shoes.
Manufactured in the CHEMICAL DEPARTMENT of the
Cahoon Manufacturing Company.
WYMAN & TYLER, Agents.
40—7m 89, Water street, Boston.

FRANK B. DODGE,
WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER,
ALSO, DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated-Ware, Musical Instruments, Fancy Goods, &c
☞ *Melodeons For Sale and to Let.*
WADE BLOCK, MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

OLD PAPERS, &C

OLD NEWSPAPERS, PAMPHLETS, &c. purchased at the MIDDLESEX JOURNAL OFFICE. Persons having large or small quantities to dispose of, are invited to bring them to the above place.

Woburn, April 23, 1864.

WOBURN MARBLE & GRANITE STONE-WORKS.

THE subscribers offer for sale the largest and best assortment of MARBLE

Monuments and Gravestones

ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular attention given to the

Fitting up of Cemetery Lots

with GRANITE EDGE-STONE and POSTS.

Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for Building purposes furnished to order.

OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin Warerooms, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass

A. SCOTT & CO.
R. PICKERING, Agent.
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1864—21-y.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE

EFFECTED IN
Good Stock & Mutual Companies;

ALSO, PENSIONS BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, &c., obtained for Widows, Children, Fathers, Mothers, Brothers or Sisters, through the agency of HORATIO WOODMAN, Esq., of Boston,

By SPARROW HORTON Agt.,
AT THE
WOBURN POST-OFFICE.

C. S. ADKINS,

DEALER IN
BOOKS, STATIONERY,
PERIODICALS,
CONFECTIONERY, &C., &C.,

WOULD respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Woburn and vicinity to a good assortment of

Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Sand, Mucilage, Sealing Wax, and all articles usually found in a Stationery Store.

Daily Papers and Periodicals of the day.
Sheet Music—Vocal and Instrumental.
Violin and Guitar Strings.
Confectionery of all kinds, and of the best quality.

Also, HOVEY'S HAIR BALM, one of the best preparations for the Hair, offered to the public.

"TOWNSMAN" BUILDING,
Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

MIDDLESEX

WAR-CLAIM ASSOCIATION,

Office, 4 Niles Block, 33 School St., Boston.

THIS ASSOCIATION has been formed to aid Soldiers, Seamen, and their Families, in obtaining PENSIONS BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, PRIZE MONEY, LAND, and other claims against the Government.

Applications for the collection of claims should be made by letter, or in person, to the Attorney of the Association.

Advice will be given by the Attorney without charge.

Upon the collection of claims, small charges, established by the Directors, will be made.

HON. JOEL PARKER, President.
HON. D. W. GOOCH, } Vice Presdts.
HON. GEO. S. BOUTWELL, }

DIRECTORS—Joel Parker, Geo. S. Boutwell, D. W. Gooch, Leonard Huntress, James M. Shute, Phineas J. Stone, Chas. Hudson, E. J. Collins, Amos Stone, H. Hosford, Horace Conn, J. H. Waitt, Charles Kimball, John K. Gorg.

A. B. COFFIN, Attorney, No. 33 School Street, Boston. GEO. W. COPELAND, Secretary and Treasurer, 5 Tremont Street, Boston. 20 1y.

DR. C. T. LANG,
Surgeon Dentist.
Cor. Winn and Pleasant Sts.
Woburn Centre, Mass.

MRS. M. E. FIELD,
MILLINER,
Keeps constantly on hand
BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, DRESS TRIMMINGS, CAPS, BRAIDS, LACES, SILKS, WORSTEDS, &c.

MOURNING GOODS furnished at short notice
☞ BONNETS Bleached, Pressed and Trimmed to order.

Bank Block, Main Street, Woburn.

WILLIAM WINN,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER.
BURLINGTON, MASS.
Sales of Real and Personal Estate attended to on reasonable terms.
Orders left at the *Journal* office will receive prompt attention.

H. HARRIMAN,
HARNESS AND COLLAR MANUFACTURER.
Corner of Ockley Court and Main Street, (opposite Central House), Woburn Mass.
Harnesses of every description made from the best stock, and by experienced workmen, at low prices.
Repairing neatly done.

HORACE COLLAMORE,
DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX COUNTY.
OFFICE:—4 WADE'S BLOCK,
Woburn Centre.

A. B. COFFIN,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW
No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.
Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street.

"BIG THING ON ICE."
ONE OF TUFT'S
ARCTIC SODA FIXTURES!
Has been placed on the Counter of the APOTHECARY at
No. 5 Wade Block, Main St.
He now offers to the thirsty public a cold glass of Soda Water with either of
12 varieties of Fruit and Cream Syrups.
☞ CALL AND SAMPLE THE GOODS. ☜

SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
WOBURN CENTRE.

M. L. MORSE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
STONEHAM.
☞ Office over Store of C. H. Montague.

Penrhyn Marble Co.

Enamelled Slate Chimney Pieces, cheaper than Marble. Garden Vases, Pedestals, Flower Pots and Hanging Baskets, Toilet Setts, Bohemian Lava, China and Terra

DON'T FAIL TO READ THIS.

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

The East India Coffee CO.,

154 READE ST., (three doors from Greenwich Street), N. Y., call universal attention to their

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE

—o—

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE.
has all the flavor of OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA, and is but half the price; and also that

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE
has twice the strength of Java, or any other Coffee whatever and wherever used by our first class hotels and steamboats, the stewards say there is a saving of 50 per cent.

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
is the most healthy beverage known, and is very nutritious. The weak and infirm may use it at all times with impunity. The wife of the Rev. W. Eaves, local minister of the M. E. Church, Jersey city, who has not been able to use any coffee for fifteen years, can use

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE.
three times a day without injury, it being entirely free from those properties that produce nervous excitement.

Dr. JAMES BOYLE, of 156 CHAMBERS STREET, says: "I have never known any Coffee so healthy, nutritious, and free from all injurious qualities as

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
I advise my patients to drink it universally even those to whom I have hitherto prohibited the use of coffee."

The PRINCIPAL OF THE NEW YORK EYE INFIRMARY says: "I direct all the patients of our Institution to use exclusively

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
and would not be without it on any account."

The Rev. C. LAURE, an eminent clergyman of the M. E. Church, now stationed at Halsey street, Newark, says of

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE.
"I have used it nearly a year in my family, and find it produces no ache of the head or nervous irritation, as in the case of all other Coffees. It is exceedingly pleasant, and I cordially recommend it to all clergymen and their families."

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
is used daily by the families of Bishop Ames, Bishop Baker, Bishop James, and many of the most distinguished clergymen and professional men in the country."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!
and be sure that the packages are labeled

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
154 Reade Street, New York.
as there are numerous counterfeits afloat under the name of "Genuine East India Coffee." "Original East India Coffee," etc., put forth by impostors to deceive the unwary.

In 1 lb. packages, and in boxes of 36, 60, and 160 lbs., for Grocers and large consumers. Sold by Grocers generally.

Orders from Country Grocers solicited, to whom a very liberal discount will be made.

Wholesale Agents; Hoeflish & Molan, and W. J. Heiss & Brother Philadelphia; Francis H. Perry, Providence; A. L. Waite & Co., Boston; Pynchon & Lee, Springfield, Mass; S. N. Callender, Buffalo; Gordon M'Millan & Co., Cleveland; A. A. Colter & Co., Cincinnati; J. & J. W. Bunn, Springfield, Ill.,; H. B. Shields, Corydon, Ind.; and C. C. Garber, Chicago.

The Am. Adv. Agency 308 Broadway, N. Y., will receive orders for the above Unrivaled Coffee.

Business Department—E. ALFORD,
Corresp. Dep.—FOWLER & WELLS.

FARINA COLOGNE!

Just received and for sale by W. C. BRIGHAM.

Something for the Times!

A NECESSITY IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD

JOHNS & CROSELY'S

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE.

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE
the only article of the kind ever produced which

Will Withstand Water.

It will Mend Wood,
Save your broken Furniture.

It will Mend Leather,
Mend your Harness, Straps, Belts, Boots, &c.

It will Mend Glass,
Save the pieces of that expensive Cut Glass Bottle.

It will Mend Ivory,
Don't throw away that broken Ivory Fan, its easily repaired.

It will Mend China,
Your broken China Cups and Saucers can be made as good as new.

It will Mend Marble,
That piece knocked out of your Marble Mantle can be put on as strong as ever.

It will Mend Porcelain,
No matter if that broken Pitcher did not cost but a shilling; a shilling saved is a shilling earned.

It will Mend Alabaster,
That costly Alabaster Vase is broken and you can't match it; mend it, it will never show when put together.

It will Mend Bone, Coral, Lava, and in fact everything but Metals.

Any article Cemented with AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE will not show where it is mended.

EXTRACTS:

"Every Housekeeper should have a supply of Johns & Crosley's American Cement Glue."—*New York Times.*

"It is so convenient to have in the house."—*New York Express.*

"It is always ready; this commends it to everybody."—*Independent.*

"We have tried it, and find it as useful in our house as water."—*Wilkes' Spirit of the Times.*

Economy is Wealth.

$10.00 per year saved in every family by One Bottle of

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

VERY LIBERAL REDUCTION TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.
TERMS CASH.

For sale by all Druggists, and Storekeepers generally throughout the country.

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It is a specific remedy in all Uterine Diseases, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Irregularity, Painfulness, Profuse or Suppression of Customary Discharges, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Scirrhus or Ulcerated State of the Uterus, Sterility, &c., &c.

No better Tonic can possibly be put up than this, and none less likely to do harm, as it is composed wholly of vegetable agents, and such as we have known to be valuable, and have used for many years.

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They cure all those ills to which the female system is subjected with dispatch and a degree of certainty which nothing but a scientifically compounded fluid preparation could reach.

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WILD CHERRY

Has been used for nearly
HALF A CENTURY!
With the most astonishing success in curing
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THERE is scarcely one individual in the community who wholly escapes, during the season, from some one, however slightly developed, of the above symptoms—a neglect of which might lead to the last named, and most to be dreaded disease in the whole catalogue. The power of the "medicinal gum" of the Wild Cherry Tree over this class of complaints, is well known; so great is the good it has performed, and so great the popularity it has acquired.

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From R. FELLOWS, M. D.
HILL, N. H., Nov. 3d, 1860.

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I have made use of this preparation for several years, and it has proved to be very reliable and efficacious in the treatment of severe and long-standing *coughs.* I know of one patient, now in comfortable health, who has taken this remedy, and who, but for its use, I consider would not now be living.

R. FELLOWS, M. D.

From E. T. QUIMBY, M. A., Principal of the "New Ipswich Appleton Academy."
NEW IPSWICH, N. H., Oct. 4th, 1860.

S. W. FOWLE & Co.—

Gentlemen,—This certifies that for more than fifteen years I have frequently used Dr. Wistar's Balm of Wild Cherry, for Coughs, Colds, and Sore Throat, to which I, in common with the rest of mankind, am subject, and it gives me pleasure to say that I consider it the *very best* remedy for such cases, with which I am acquainted. I should hardly know what to do without it.

Respectfully yours,
E. T. QUIMBY.

From the Depot Master at South Royalston Mass.
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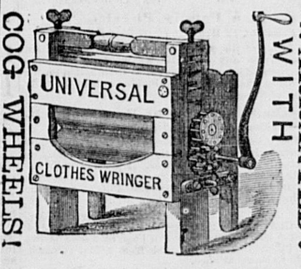
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Respectfully yours,
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NOTHING that is not wholesome, genial and restorative in its nature enters into the composition of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. This popular preparation contains no mineral of any kind, no deadly botanical element; no fiery extant; but it is a combination of the extracts of rare balsamic herbs and plants with the purest and mildest of all diffusive stimulants.

It is to be forearmed against disease, and, so far as the human system can be protected by human means against maladies engendered by an unwholesome atmosphere, impure water and other external causes, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS may be relied on as a safeguard.

In districts infested with *Fever and Ague*, it has been found infallible as a preventative and irresistable as a remedy and thousands who resort to it under apprehension of an attack, escape the scourge; and thousands who neglect to avail themselves of its protective qualities in advance, are cured by a very brief course of this marvelous medicine. Fever and Ague patients, after being plied with quinine for months in vain, until fairly saturated with that dangerous alkaloid, are not unfrequently restored to health within a few days by the use of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

The weak stomach is rapidly invigorated and the appetite restored by this agreeable Tonic, and hence it works wonders in cases of DYSPEPSIA and in less confirmed forms of INDIGESTION. Acting as a gentle and painless aperient, as well as upon the liver, it also invariably relieves the CONSTIPATION superinduced by irregular action of the digestive and secretive organs.

Persons of feeble habit, liable to *Nervous Attacks, Lowness of Spirits* and *Fits of Languor*, find prompt and permanent relief from the Bitters. The testimony on this point is most conclusive, and from both sexes.

The agony of BILIOUS COLIC is immediately assuaged by a single dose of the stimulant, and by occasionally resorting to it, the return of the complaint may be prevented.

As a General Tonic, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS produce effects which must be experienced or witnessed before they can be fully appreciated. In cases of *Constitutional Weakness, Premature Decay* and Debility and Decrepitude arising from OLD AGE, it exercises the electric influence In the convalescent stages of all diseases it operates as a delightful invigorant. When the powers of nature are relaxed, it operates to re-enforce and re-establish them.

Last, but not least, it is *The Only Safe Stimulant*, being manufactured from sound and innocuous materials, and entirely free from the acid elements present in more or less in all the ordinary tonics and stomachics of the day.

No family medicine has been so universally, and, it may be truly added, deservedly popular with the intelligent portion of the community, as HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

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GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, a Positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calcareous depositions, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

For Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:—

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves, Trembling,
Horror of Disease, Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,
Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face,
Pallid Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

Impotency, Fatuity, Epileptic Fits,

In one of which the Patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "Direful Diseases,"

"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, *but none will confess. The records of the insane asylums*

And Melancholy Deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the Truth of the assertion.

The Constitution once affected with Organic Weakness requires the aid of Medicine to Strengthen and Invigorate the System.

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does.

A Trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females—Females—Females.

In many Affections peculiar to Females the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leuchorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicines for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. *Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash Cures*

Secret Diseases

In all their Stages, At little Expense,
Little or no change in Diet. No inconvenience,
And no Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous, Diseased and wornout Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands who have been the Victims of Quacks, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after Marriage.

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For sale in Woburn by W. C. BRIGHAM.



Friends and Relatives
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIER'S & SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
AND
OINTMENT.

All who have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care, that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment, and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

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Will soon disapper by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's should be recommended for Dysentery and Fulx, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

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Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

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Every Soldier's Knapsack and Seaman's Chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies

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*** Sold at the manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes [illegible]

☞ There is considerable sa

Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

VOL. XIII : : No. 48. WOBURN, SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1864. TWO DOLLARS A YEAR SINGLE COPY 4 CENTS

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E. MARCHANT, PROPRIETOR.
Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

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Every kind of JOB PRINTING done at short notice, on reasonable terms and in good style.

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A CARD.

The undersigned informs the public that he has made arrangements with Mr. MARCHANT, whereby he retains the Job Department of the *Middlesex Journal* office, and that he is prepared to do, as heretofore, all kinds of Job Work, embracing Books, Pamphlets, Town Accounts, Posters, Bill Heads, Circulars, &c. &c. He will give his personal attention to the business, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage of the citizens of Woburn and surrounding towns.

E. T. MOODY.

Woburn, July 30, 1864.

THE CAVE.

A CLERGYMAN'S STORY.

(Concluded.)

The sudden disappearance of Jane Wilmot excited a great deal of talk in the country round. Various rumors were, of course, in circulation to account for it; but that which received the greatest currency, and for a time was most generally credited, was that Mr. Meyrick had taken her away with him. Gradually, as the circumstances under which he had left became known, this opinion died away. Before this had happened, however, a young man named William Macarthy, who had inherited a small farm from his father, presented himself at Kyarlin Castle, and requested to see Mrs. Meyrick. At first she refused to see him, but he insisted so strongly that she could not continue her refusal, and was forced to admit him to an interview.

His object in calling on her was to ascertain what had become of Jane Wilmot. He gave no credit to the rumor that she had gone away with Mr. Meyrick, and read some letters that he had received from her, proving that he had for a considerable period been paying his addresses to her, and that matters had advanced so far that he had been pressing her to fix the day for their marriage. Under these circumstances it was natural that he should refuse to believe anything to her discredit, or that she would leave the country without communicating with him. The inference he drew, therefore, was, that she was still in the castle. From what I have said of Mrs. Meyrick's character, you will have no difficulty in imagining the kind of reply she would give him. Macarthy, rendered bold by his love for the missing girl, insisted that she would not have left the castle without the knowledge and consent of her mistress, nor without informing him of her intention. Mrs. Meyrick was far too proud even to suggest that her husband had taken the girl away with him. Violent language closed the interview, and Macarthy left with the threat that he would go to a magistrate, and get him to send constables to search the castle.

In the same room with Mrs. Meyrick, when Macarthy entered, was the woman she had selected to be her attendant in place of the English girl. As the language became warmer, this woman, indignant at hearing her mistress spoken to in such terms, and, as was the nature of the Irish servants then, at all events in the rural districts, more jealous of her dignity than even her mistress herself, rang the bell, and before Macarthy left, all the servants, and even the supernumeraries who happened to be in the castle at the moment, had assembled about the door, and heard his closing threat as he left the room. Nothing but Mrs. Meyrick's repeated orders saved him from violent treatment before he left the castle. As it was, they were ineffectual beyond its walls. William Macarthy was found lying in the road a few hours later, dead. The number of pieces of lead and other metal found in his body and clothes showed that he must either have been fired at by several guns, or that some peculiar weapon had been used. This latter was the suggestion of a shrewd medical man who examined the body.

Macarthy was a man who had relatives and many friends, and those not of a kind to let his murder pass unheeded. It soon reached their ears that he had left Kyarlin Castle with the intention of applying to a justice to have it searched for the young English girl he was going to marry, and they naturally inferred that the murderer must be some person connected with the family there. To find out who this murderer was, they had recourse to an expedient which I thought had been discontinued generations before. A stage was erected, and on this the body of the deceased was laid on a sheet. The whole of the manservants employed at Kyarlin Castle were ordered by Mrs. Meyrick to attend the ceremony of touching the body. One by one his friends approached and laid their hands on the chest of the corpse, and so also did every man present, Mrs. Meyrick's servants remaining till the last. These, in their turn, drew near, and repeated the ceremony in succession, without any result, till a man named Shaw who was employed at the castle to look after the boats, laid his hand on the body in the same manner as the others. Unaccountable as it may appear, the wounds on the instant opened afresh, and blood began to trickle from them upon the bier. The man immediately fell down in a fit, and in this condition was thrown into a cart, and escorted by all the friends of the deceased to the nearest jail. His trial came on in due course, and an attempt was made to elicit from him that he had commited the murder at the suggestion of his mistress, but this he strenuously denied, and averred, what all the other servants could prove, that he separated from the rest of the servants before Macarthy left the room. He added—"I went to the kitchen and took down a blunderbuss that was always hanging there, and loaded it with all the slugs I could find, and filled it up with nails. Then I ran along by the fields, and waited for Macarthy at Nevin's Cross, and shot him as he was passing me." This man was convicted and hung; but Macarthy's death deprived the Englishwoman of the only friend she had in the country, and no further attempt was made to ascertain what had become of her.

Years passed away. Mrs. Meyrick never left the castle for a single day, and showed herself so cold and stern to all who visited her that nobody cared to repeat their visit, and it was not long before she was left without a single person to converse with,—even her father being treated by her in such a manner that he died without a request to see her.

This was the state of things when I assisted the woman to escape from her dungeon. Her story was a very pitiful one, and in substance was soon told. On the night of the day on which her mistress had taken such offence at Jane Wilmot, the girl went to bed as usual, and, though much grieved at what had passed, soon fell into a sound sleep, from which she suddenly awoke, and found her mistress bending over her in the act of tying a handkerchief round her neck. She was so frightened by the expression of her face that she wanted to cry out, but before she could utter a sound, the knot of the handkerchief was forced into her mouth and she was made dumb. She tried to raise her hands to pull it out, and found that her arms were fastened at the elbows behind her back. Mrs. Meyrick then turned her on her face, and drew the cord tight till her elbows touched. Having rendered her entirely helpless, she ordered her to get out of bed and come with her, and this in a tone that made the terrified girl get up quickly as she could in her condition, and accompany her, all undressed as she was, to the cell from which I had rescued her. Her mistress locked the door, and went away, leaving her in darkness, and trembling with fear and cold. In a few minutes she returned with her servant's clothes, and threw them on the floor; and then the girl saw that she had a naked knife in her hand. Almost dead with fright, she threw herself on her knees, and entreated her mistress to spare her life. The latter replied not a word, and for a minute stood staring at her with eyes so widely distended, and a face so white and expressionless, that the poor creature before her was seized with a new alarm, believing that her mistress had suddenly gone mad. At this idea, fresh horrors laid hold of her imagination, and the words she was uttering for mercy and pity were frozen on her tongue. Had I not myself seen the evidence of the mutilation, I should hesitate to tell you what followed. The mutilated ear, with the earring still attached, was what had so strongly excited the horror of Henry Meyrick, who, believing that it signified the death of the poor girl at the hands of his wife, could see no other course before him but escape from the country.

In the wretched cell in which Jane Wilmot was thrown, she remained two days without food or clothing,—for though her clothes lay on the damp floor, she could only partially cover herself with them, in consequence of the way in which her arms were fastened. Believing that Mrs. Meyrick was insane, and that she would be left to die of hunger, the girl gave way to despair; and when at last her mistress returned with food, and cut the cord which bound her arms, she was so weak and helpless that she had not a thought of resistance, and dressed herself, and ate with thankfulness. Year after year, and in total darkness except at such times as Mrs. Meyrick brought her food, the unfortunate creature suffered in this cell, or in a little one adjoining, where she slept. As for food she needed so little, that she never was in actual want of it; nor, indeed, did she suffer from any deprivation except that of liberty.

On hearing her story, I was naturally so excited at the cruelty with which she had been treated, that I did not lose an hour before setting out for Kyarlin Castle. Here, after some obstacles had been thrown in my way, I had an interview with Mrs. Meyrick. I reproached her for her cruelty to Jane Wilmot, in severe terms; and insisted on her making reparation, to the extent of her ability. She readily adopted all my suggestions; and when I compared her present haggard appearance with what I had heard of her wonderful beauty a few years previously, I could not help feeling sorry for her. As a minister of the gospel, I thought it my duty to try and bring about a reconciliation between her and her husband; and when I spoke to her of this, she bowed her head, and sobbed bitterly. As soon as she had recovered sufficiently to answer my questions, she at my request gave me the address of the bank in London to which the steward forwarded the remittances for his master.

On my return home, I wrote a full account of what I had learned to Mr. Meyrick, the liberation of Jane Wilmot, and the desire of his wife to be reconciled to him.

Some months had passed when I received an invitation to dine with Mr. and Mrs. Meyrick at Kyarlin Castle; and in the meantime Jane Wilmot had returned to England, too crushed and enfeebled, bodily and mentally, to entertain a thought of bringing her persecutor to justice. I procured for her all the pecuniary compensation she could require, but at the same time I carefully abstained from advising her what to do, thinking it was a matter for herself to decide, and that it was not for me to urge her to accept money in lieu of justice.

AN "OFF-HAND" JOKE.—A sturdy sergeant of one of the Massachusetts regiments being obliged to submit to amputation of his hand, the surgeon offered to administer chloroform as usual; but the veteran refused, saying: "If the cutting was to be done on him he wanted to see it." And laying his arm on the table, submitted to the operation without a sign of pain except a firmer setting of the teeth. The operator, as he finished, looked at his victim with admiration, and remarked:

"You ought to have been a surgeon, my man."

"I *was* the next thing to one afore I enlisted," said the hero.

"What was that?" asked the doctor.

"A butcher!" responded the sergeant with a grim smile, which, despite the surroundings, communicated itself to the bystanders.

ELLEN JAYNE'S RESOLUTION.

A STORY FOR WIVES.

"Why don't you ever clean your boots before you come into the house?" said Ellen Jaynes to her husband. "I had just nicely arranged the room, and settled down to my sewing as you came in; now there it is all to do over again. Just look at the dirt—from one end of the room to the other, and, I suppose, it is the same thing in the hall. Dear! dear! I am so discouraged and tired out with brushing!"

"And so am I discouraged and tired out with such a continual—fretting every time I come into the house. Dont you ever get tired of scolding?" was the provoking response of the gentleman.

"I do get tired of speaking to you about things which make me such a deal of trouble and yet you never seem to mind them at all."

"Speaking in the manner you do will not have that effect; of that you may be assured."

"You are just so provoking as that; you never seem to care how much I go through!" Here the tears began to flow.

"What a confounded scene about a few tracks on the carpet!" ejaculated the incorrigible Mr. Jaynes, with vigorous emphasis.

"It's not that alone. You know very well, Charles, that I wouldn't mind it for once; but it is so continually. You never seem to care how hard you make my work. It is the same in everything; and, Charles, why won't you be a little more particular? why need you make so much work, when I am trying so hard to keep things in good order?" The shower was fast becoming a flood: Mrs. Jaynes produced her handkerchief, and began afresh. "Oh, dear! the trial of living with such a careless person! It would have been so much better for me if I had never met you!"

But Charles had departed, shutting the door with a tremendous bang, leaving his better half to have her cry out by herself. And cry she did for a time, with all her might, fully convinced that she was the most miserable, unlucky, and unappreciated of all housekeepers; then she began to think what is the use of all this; nobody cares about my tears; I am only making myself sick for nothing. So she bathed her eyes, brushed her carpet, and resumed her sewing. But she was not in an amiable mood—not by any means repentant nor forgiving, certainly not cheerfully—I am sorry to say, not even peaceful; but very much inclined to let her grievances be made manifast. Accordingly they were hardly seated at the dinner-table before she commenced.

"Did you see Parker about wardrobe this morning, as I requested?"

"No, hadn't the time!" was the encouraging response."

"Hadn't time! You never have time to attend to my wishss. You could have found time if you had chosen. If you cared a straw for your wife, you would attend to her wishes a little. Well did you go to the stove store to see about having that stove cleaned? It is almost impossible to bake in it, as I have often told you."

"No; I did not."

"For mercy's sake, Mr. Jaynes, when will you attend to it?"

"I can't say; anything else wanted?"

"Yes. Did you call at Lovell's to see about making that oil-cloth?"

"No."

"Yet I asked you to be sure and recollect it the last thing this morning. Was there ever such a careless man before? I never saw anything like it."

Mr. Jaynes meanwhile continued his dinner in apparent unconcern, and his wife relapsed into silence. Just as he was leaving the room, she started a new theme.

"Charles, Mrs. Dutton has been in, this morning. She says they are going to the White Mountains next week. Why cannot you take me off for a little journey! I should like the change; I think it would do me good."

"Take you a journey, after the complimentary things you have said to me this morning! I shall be very likely to do so. A pleasant trip I should have!"

"That will do for an excuse; you never do take me anywhere. There's the Duttons have been away every summer; and Mrs. Dutton says her husband would not think of keeping her at home all summer. She was surprised when I told her that I had never been away from home a week at a time since I was married."

"Very likely"—in a tone of irony, and Mr. Jaynes left the room.

Now Ellen Jaynes was not disappointed in the last at the result of her application. In fact she did not expect her husband to grant her request, and it is doubtful whether she would have gone had he given his consent, for she well knew their means would not allow such expensive indulgences, and Ellen was a prudent, economical wife. But she wanted to show her husband what other men did for their wives, and what he did not do.

Ellen Jaynes was a woman of good principal and good feelings, though she had an irritable, nervous temperament. In the good old times, such were called "cross;" now, it is genteely "nervous." Well, Ellen Jaynes was very nervous; she had also a great regard for trifles, and very little power to adapt herself to circumstances. She had, too, a vivid imagination, and having limited opportunity for studying her husband's character before marriage, she had invested him with all possible excellence; though she had found a man to reverence, lean upon, look up to in all things. Of course she was bitterly disappointed.

Charles Jaynes was a man of good natural abilities, and could render himself very entertaining and agreeable when he chose; but he had few of those domestic qualities which make up the model husband. He was not tidy in his habits, was often thoughtless and inconsiderate, and rather selfishly fond of his own ease. Such a character was the very antipodes of Ellen, who was possessed of much energy of character, and very industrious withal. As I have said, she was bitterly disappointed; and though she loved Charles, lamented her mistake in marrying him with many secret tears. She would, probably, have been quite as miserable with any other husband, unless she had governed her own temper; as it was, she endeavored to perform the duties devolving upon her faithfully, yet she was often troubled by the delinquincies of her husband. They irritated her; she would find fault and complain, which did not improve matters. Such a course never does. So the years rolled on, and things grew worse and worse. The husband's love grew cold, and he became more and more inattentive, while the cares of the wife kept increasing, and in like ratio her fretting and fault-finding. A deplorable state of things most assuredly; yet is it very uncommon?

After the conversation we have recorded, Ellen had so far freed her mind that there came a reaction, and we find her now in her own room, repentant and sorrowful.

"I am sorry I was quite so cross. I said some things I wish I could take back; but Charles does try me so. He is not what I expected; but that can't be helped now; he is my husband, and I might as well make the best of it. I am so miserable, so unhappy, and it grows worse and worse! What a life we are leading! It is all wrong—wrong. We are to live together till death; it is wiser to make the best of my lot. After all, things might be worse. Charles is temperate, and honest, and virtuous; but who knows how long he will be, if we go on in this miserable fashion? I will begin to reform. God helping my efforts, I will subdue my unhappy temper. Fretting at Charles only makes him worse. I will try what patience and cheerful endurance will accomplish." And so Ellen Jaynes formed her first firm resolution, and what was better still, she began at once to fulfil it. Very many good resolutions are made—very few are kept; but this was kept.

At the tea-table Ellen made her appearance becomingly dressed (she was a comely woman) and with a cheerful face; but Mr. Jaynes's brow was clouded, and he was not to be drawn into conversation. It required quite an effort to look and speak pleasantly in the morning, for the husband still remained moody and silent; but she remembered her good resolution, and she kept it.

In the forenoon he came into the sitting-room of an errand, again with dirty boots; but this time Ellen did not seem to notice them. "I declare I am hungry," said he carelessly throwing himself into a chair in a lounging attitude, which was the special detestation of his wife.

"And wet, too, I perceive," said his wife quietly; and rising, she went quietly from the room, and returned bearing a plate with a tempting lunch in one hand, and a brush in the other. The former she placed in her husband's hand; with the latter she brushed the drops of rain from his neck and shoulders.

"Why, Ellen, what does this all mean?" And Mr. Charles Jaynes looked up at his wife in unaffected astonishment.

"I was afraid you would take cold," was the pleasant answer.

He took the plate in one hand, while the other drew the face of his wife down to his for a warmer kiss than she had received for five years. "This seems like the good old times, don't it, Ellen?"

"I wish they would come back again!" was her answer, as she returned the kiss.

After he had gone, our heroine brushed up her carpet cheerfully; somehow it did not seem much of a task, although there were certainly more spots than the day before, as it had rained ever since. The door mat was not neglected again that day, and the wardrobe came home in the afternoon, likewise the desired oil cloth.

Ellen kept her resolution, though many times sorely tempted—for the habit of years are not so easy broken up, and Charles many times muddied the carpet, turned the new wardrobe inside out in search of some articles which were never there, and forgot many errands, important though they were. But she was determined to be patient; many a murmuring word was denied utterance by firmly closed lips. Many times did she pray for strength and self-control; but she achieved the greatest of all victories—she conqured herself.

At the end of the month, Mr. Jaynes said to his wife; "Come, Ellen, pack your trunks, and we will pay your father and mother that long-talked of visit. I have made arrangements in my business for that vacation, and we will throw care to the winds, and have a famous time of it."

"Indeed, dear Charles, I should like to go, but, after all, we don't need to go from home in search of happiness, do we?"

"Like the Duttons, for instance," said her husband with a mischevious smile.

"Ay, the Duttons," with an answering smile.

"Nevertheless, we will have our journey, though. You have been such a dear, darling wife lately that my own home seems a paradise!" And the husband's face was very near her's as he finished speaking—very near indeed.

THE EBB AND FLOW OF BEAUTY.—Beauty makes its own fashions when it comes; and we must remember that it is not once a beauty and always a beauty. People are continually being disappointed in children in this respect; cherubs grow up into ogres—mouths widen most portentiously about fourteen years old; dimples about that time often vanish, and noses then can lengthen or crook, or even snub; and it is fortunately the same the other way, too—that faces ugly in the cradle may quite change by twenty. Some people's beauty comes very late indeed, and those who have been repugnant in their youth and maturity may look splendid in old age. Gray hairs and white beards become some folks wonderfully; a few wrinkles, also, greatly improve certain faces; and one old lady of our acquaintance we never dreamed was beautiful till we saw her in spectacles.—*Victoria Magazine.*

PICTURES.—A room with pictures and a room without pictures differ about as much as a room with windows and a room without windows. Nothing is more melancholy, particularly to a person who has to pass much time in his room, than bleak walls and nothing on them, for pictures are loop holes of escape for the soul, leading to other scenes and spheres. It is such an inexpressible relief to a person engaged in writing or even reading, on looking up, not to have his line of vision chopped off by an odious white wall, but to find his soul escaping, as it were through the frame of an exquisite picture to other beautiful, and, perhaps, heavenly scenes, where fancy for a moment may revel, refreshed and delighted. Thus pictures are consolers of loneliness; they are a relief to a jaded mind; they are windows to the imprisoned thought; they are books, they are histories and sermons which we can read without the trouble of turning over the leaves.

A SNEEZING HEAD.—The manager of the Berlin theatre got up a drama in which a human head was to be offered to a tyrant. In order to produce as much effect as possible he resolved to use a human head. On the stage was placed a table covered with a cloth, on the table was a basin, and an actor, concealed under the cloth, poked up his head through a hole in the table, so as to seem to be placed in the basin. The effect was prodigious; the audience applauded and trembled. Unluckily a wag who had been strolling about the stage, had sprinkled a spoonful of sneezing powder on the basin, and just as the tyrant finished his address to the severed head of his enemy, the head replied by a hearty fit of sneezing, changing the audience "from grave to gay" with remarkable expedition.

The Middlesex Journal.

WOBURN:

SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1864.

To Business Men.

THE

MIDDLESEX JOURNAL

Has a large and rapidly increasing Subscription List, and finds its way into nearly all the best families in Woburn. It also has a large Circulation throughout Middlesex County, and is one of the best Mediums for Advertising in this portion of the State.

Those of our Readers who desire to give a wide publicity to their Business Notices, will please bear this fact in mind when dispensing their favors to the Press.

All Advertisements will be well displayed and made attractive, so that readers can see them at a glance.

IMMIGRATION.—The tide of human beings still pours in from foreign lands, and with increasing volume, as the demands for men increase with the voracity of the war devouring such numbers. It may be considered lucky for us that the overcrowded population of the old world allows us to draw so steadily upon it for inhabitants, as it is fortunate for other countries that there is room, employment, fullness of bread, and a home in this western land. Ireland still continues her exodus to America, and England, Scotland, and Germany furnish a good proportion of our comers. No country in the world offers such inducements for settlement. Territory wide enough for empires remains waiting to greet with smiles, and reward with happiness and wealth, the entrance of the cultivator.

But no one can look at this vast increase of population from abroad without feeling anxious as to the result. What changes may come over our habits and character, political, social and religious? Will it be possible for us to remain one people and maintain republican institutions? Is there danger of evil influence from the increase of Romanism? Will the Sabbath be shorn of its sacredness, and shall immorality greatly increase in the land? How will it be with the system of public schools. These are questions that force themselves upon us and we cannot evade them without guilt. It is our duty to have an influence upon the future for good, as our fathers did. We need our most thoughtful, patriotic and Christian men to make provision to meet this increasing tide of immigration with such plans and labors to enlighten, purify and save, as have proved efficacious in former periods of our history, and such as wisdom and benevolence may point out as duty under our present circumstances. We are a nation formed out of other nations, but our growth has been so gradual until now, that we have been able to assimilate discordant elements, and transmit the national character as it was early formed by our well instructed and religious ancestry. Are we able, with the vast immigration of the present hour, and our much more extended empire, to meet, control, and direct the atoms that are coming to form the colossal body of our nation?

Evidently, God is in this moving of masses of men from one continent to another, from under one form of government to another exceedingly diverse. We may not withstand it if we had the disposition. Illustrious nations of the Old World, have been destroyed, or greatly changed in their government and character, by the irruptions of barbarian nations more numerous and warlike than themselves. Why may not we be affected by the arrival of people less favored in culture, less honored in parentage than ourselves?

It is our duty to stop the war as soon as it can be done to advantage, and a sincere effort should be made immediately, that the waste of life of our American born may cease, causing no necessity for repletion from foreign sources. Our institutions are to be upheld by extra exertions to plant them in all our new lands, and uphold them in all the old. Sabbath schools and churches are to be organized everywhere. By the press, and by the living voice, we are to advance right principles in politics and religion. Experience has proved the superiority of institutions introduced by our fathers, and we are to beware of all innovations that would sweep away what they established.

Let us give a welcome to those coming to us from foreign shores, and invite them to our churches and schools, to our recreations and our business avocations. They are our brothers, and they are strangers in a strange land. Let us seek to do them good, and ask the assistance of the well disposed who come to make our land better. To the ignorant and vicious, and some such arrive, let us be books to them to learn, and guides to lead them from evil ways to paths of sobriety and altars of religious faith. Alas! for the country that is not reared up in the ways of piety and in the paths of industry and frugality.

On Sunday morning, 28th inst, Rev. Mr. FAY will preach, by special request, on the doctrine of the Atonement. All who would be glad to learn what the Unitarian belief is, with regard to this cardinal doctrine of the New Testament, are cordially invited to attend.

The President is said to be determined to enforce the draft.

[Our Army Correspondence.]

NEAR REEM'S STATION, VA.,
Aug. 20th, 1864.

Mr. Editor,—Having a few leisure moments, I seat myself to give you a brief account of our doings since we left Fort Warren, five days ago. About 3 o'clock on the morning of the 15th, the artillery of the fort, consisting of Battery L, 1st N. York, and 9th Massachusetts, were relieved by the two batteries of the 9th corps. At daylight our brigade was relieved by a brigade of the 9th corps (colored), and we moved about a mile to the rear, and went into an old camp previously occupied by the 2d corps, where we lay until the morning of the 18th. While in camp, the 15th, 16th and 17th, we did nothing but listen to rumors, cannonading, &c., pack up, then unpack, and prepare for heavy rains, of which we had two nights out of three. At 1 1-2 o'clock, on the morning of the 18th, quite an artillery duel took place, and heavy cannonading lasted for about an hour. At 3 o'clock, we were "turned out," packed, got breakfast, and at about 6, our division was massed in a large field in front of our camp. At 7, we took up our line of march to the left, and reached here about noon. Notwithstanding the scorching rays of the southern sun, which poured down upon us, we stood the march very well, many occasionally decreasing their load by dropping woolen blankets, overcoats, &c. After a rest of a few minutes near the station, we formed line of battle, and advanced up the right hand side of the railroad toward Petersburg. Crossing a cornfield and level plain, we entered a piece of woods, our skirmish line driving the enemy a short distance, until the line of battle came up with them. We advanced until the fire of the enemy became rather hot, and being flanked on the left, losing quite a number of the 16th Maine, on our left, we fell back in good order, reformed our line, and after a rest, advanced again nearly to our old position, where we threw up as good works as we could with neither shovel, spade nor pick. Everything was quiet during the night, except a little picket firing in front. A heavy rain set in about dark on the 18th, and lasted nearly all night, which made it very disagreeable, as we were obliged to lay on the ground most of the time. On the 19th, we strengthened our works during the forenoon, and things were quiet until about 4 o'clock, when the enemy advanced, driving in our pickets. They succeeded in breaking our lines on the right, flanking us both right and left, and before we could get out of the woods we were nearly surrounded. Our brigade, hearing the firing in the rear, were ordered to fall back, which they did with heavy loss in prisoners, as many ran into the enemy's lines. Nearly the whole brigade were taken prisoners, but some of them escaped, as both parties were so confused, the guard was very small, and they were glad to get to the rear with what they had. One division of the 9th corps advanced to the edge of the woods, and succeeded in driving them back and retaking our old works. Our brigade rallied about 100 men, and just before dark advanced and filled our old position. There was but little picket firing during the night, which was dark and rainy, and although the mud was deep in and around the works, the men spread their rubbers, and were glad to lay down and sleep. This morning quite a number have come in and increased the number of the brigade to about 300. At noon to-day the division was relieved by a line at the edge of the wood, and we came to the rear. This afternoon we have thrown up a line of breastworks through the cornfield as a support for the artillery on the right and left of us. It has been cloudy most all day, and at present rains a little. Our brigade lost, during the two days fighting, about 900, and division about 2000. The following is a list of casualities in Company K: Wounded, on the 18th, Lieut. Seaverns, leg; F. Spokesfield, hand; P. Doherty, back. Missing, M. D. Reed. 19th, none known to be killed or wounded. Missing, Lieut. L. R. Tidd, Corporal Samuel Richardson; Privates Micah Baldwin, F. M. Bryant, J. Brannegan, J. Bacon, Moses F. Butler, R. Corry, Chs. H. Colegate, Geo. W. Dean, Samuel Hooper, Ed. Hoskins, Wm. Jones, Chas. H. Kingsbury, J. Fred. Leslie, R. Lombard, —— Lepier, Thos. Morran, T. Mahoney, —— McGuire, —— Morrell, E. O'Donald, Peter Parks, Miles Rowland, Julius F. Ramsdell, J. Sheean, Geo. Sprague, Chas. Scott. Present for duty, Capt. Willard C. Kinsley, Sergts. Fowle and Leslie; Corporals Thompson, Linscott, McFeeley, Johnson, Sanborn; Privates Bancroft, Brown, Carpenter, Dean (J. H.), R. M. Dennett, Flint, Searles, Warren. Sick to the rear, Parker, Stowers. About one hundred men are present for duty in the regiment, including 6 captains and 3 lieutenants. Lieut. Col. Pierson was wounded in the groin, dangeronsly, on the 18th. Our color-sergeant and guard were captured, and the national colors taken to the rear a short distance by the enemy, but were retaken by Corporal Samuel McFeeley, of the guard, who escaped, and brought them safely to our rear. The State colors were brought in safely by Corporal Mencer, of the guard. Everything is quiet to-night, except the usual amount of picket firing. This is a hasty sketch, but as correct as can be expected at present.

Sunday morning Aug. 21.—All quiet along our line at present. More soon.

Yours truly, CARL BOYD.

☞ We have noticed at the grave of Mr. John Bruce, in Woburn Cemetery, a very fine and neatly cut marble slab, erected by the Plumbers' Association of Boston, of which the deceased was a member. The work upon the stone was executed by Mr. R. Briggs of this town, and he deserves great credit for the skill he has displayed in its execution.

The New England Agricultural Society will meet in Springfield, Mass., on the 6th of September. The fair will continue for four days, and promises to be the most complete ever held in the country.

CO. G, 5TH MASS. V. M.
Fort McHenry, Aug. 23, '64.

Most of your readers have doubtless been apprised of the movements of Co. G, since we left the Old Bay State; but for the benefit of those who have not immediate friends and correspondents in the Phalanx, yet still feel an interest in their welfare, I beg a little space in your paper.

We left Mankin's Woods, our first camp ground after leaving Readville, on the evening of the 18th inst. for Fort McHenry, 8 or 10 miles distant; and, considering the load we carried on our backs, we were not long in performing the journey. We relieved the 20th Penn. U. G., (100 days men), they being ordered to Johnson's Island.

We were not a little discomforted soon after we pitched our "shelters," by a drenching thunder shower. For fifteen minutes the dust blew so that it was impossible to see a person ten yards distant; then came the rain in torrents, the lightning all the while being extremely sharp. Some of the shelters yielded to the fury of the tempest, while others, more securely fastened, withstood the storm. The boys looked rough when the shower was over, and rougher still the next morning. As usual, they began to detail for extra duty as soon as we arrived. Carpenters, wheelrights, clerks, harness makers, blacksmiths, &c., were in great demand. We have about 40 men detailed on extra duty.

Col. Peirson was ordered with three companies to Fort Marshall on the 14th; the same day a squad of twenty, under the 2d Lieut. of Co. F, were sent to Fort Carroll. Since then the Lt. Colonel has gone with two companies to Federal Hill. The five companies remaining are under Maj. Grammer. The boys have to go on guard now every other day, besides drilling in heavy accoutrements four hours each day.

The weather is quite pleasant now, with an occasional shower.

I will not attempt a description of this fortification, as every one is more or less acquainted with it. Suffice it to say, that at the present time it looks rather 'seedy,' on account of the many troops stationed here at different times. In time of peace it must be a splendid fortification.

Four spies are to be hung here next Monday. The carpenters are now erecting the scaffold. I am happy to state that Corporals Cottle and Brooks returned from the hospital yesterday. They were taken sick with the measles and sent to McKim Hospital before we left Mankin's Woods. IRA.

The high price of paper has caused us, very unwillingly, we confess, to reduce the size of the JOURNAL. This step has been rendered necessary to avoid absolute loss. When better times dawn upon the land, the paper will be again enlarged.

Single copies of the paper will hereafter be sold at five cents.

DEATH OF COL. GOULD.—It is with deep regret we record the death of Col. J. P. Gould, of the 59th Mass. Regiment. He died at Philadelphia on Tuesday last, having reached that place from City Point the previous day. It is probable that the excitement of the journey caused his wound to bleed afresh, which resulted in his death. Few men who have fallen in this war, have left a more honorable record than that which will cause Colonel Gould to be remembered as long as the history of this war remains in the minds of men. No one can say that he ever failed to do his whole duty. Had he been one of those who are ever ready to shirk duty on all occasions, he might have been alive and well to-day; but that was not his object in entering the army. His great desire was to see the war ended, and the Stars and Stripes float once more over an undivided country. But this great boon he was not allowed to live to enjoy, and all we can do is to wish that his mantle may fall upon worthy shoulders, and that where he left the good fight, some one will take it up and go on until his goal is reached.

WAR MEETINGS.—Since our last several war meetings have been held at Lyceum Hall. The attendance was good, and the speakers were earnest in the cause. We give below the names of the recruits obtained during the week:—

Thomas Glynn, Henry Doorley, Bartholomew Foley, Benjamin Stevens, Dawson Smith, A. L. Wheeler, Warren E. McKee, Patrick Scanlan, Thomas Dever, Christopher C. Stowers.

The September number of the Atlantic Monthly contains the following list of contents:—The Cadmean Madness; The Bridge of Cloud; The Electric Girl of La Perriere; Literary Life in Paris; The Maskers; Cullet; What will become of Them; Forgotten; Wet Weather Work; Regular and Volunteer Officers; The Total Depravity of Inanimate Things; What shall we have for dinner; Before Vicksburg; Our visit to Richmond, &c., &c. We think the Atlantic steadily improves in ability and interest.

The Continental Monthly, for September, is one of the best numbers of this popular magazine yet issued.

THE LADY'S BOOK, for September, is rich in everything which goes to make up a desirable magazine for the women of the country.

If Abram Lincoln should order a draft of Brigham's Arctic Soda to be served to every enrolled citizen of the land, he would fill the quotas in less than a week, and we should hear no more about substitutes.

The Richmond Despatch says, "The Government of the State of Massachusetts is the most contemptible government in the whole world, except the Government of Great Britain."

PEACE RUMORS.—Rumors are current in New York, and, it is said, credited in the best financial circles, that the government has sent five commissioners—three Republicans and two Democrats to Richmond—to arrange preliminaries for peace. The rumor, although a doubtful one, caused a decline in gold. The Washington correspondent of the N Y. Herald says:

Notwithstanding the denials that have been made, it is well understood here that peace negotiations have been for some time going on. An effort has been made by the government to suppress any mention of the fact. The Secretary of War has even threatened to arrest any one who would offer another dispatch, even private, upon the subject to be sent by telegraph, showing an unwonted desire to keep the public in ignorance of the fact.

Major Hay's visit to Niagara is not without significance. The only secret is that the administration may fail in its negotiations. For this reason they want to have a secrecy of their operations so that, if unsuccessful, they may deny that any have been had.

The Herald's Niagara Falls despatch says the rebel embassadors claim to be fully authorized to accept an armistice and convention of States on the part of the South, but say that other commissioners will have to be sent to agree upon details.

FIRE.—A house in Cummingsville, owned by John Cummings, jun., Esq., and occupied by two families, was seriously damaged by fire Wednesday afternoon. The loss was covered by insurance. A fire engine is much needed in that section of our town, and had there been one there at the time the above fire was discovered, the damage would have been slight.

FACTS.—Our Stoneham correspondent "LEE," relates some startling (?) facts in another part of this paper, concerning the enlistment of men in Boston. It is humiliating to know that men in high places, who should be above reproach, are so corrupt. Verily, corruption rules supreme; it stalketh at noonday.

OBITUARY.

Died, in Woburn, the 18th inst., Mr. FRED. W. SAWYER, aged 22 years, 11 months, 21 days.

After many weary weeks of pain and physical suffering, borne with patient, uncomplaining resignation, this young man passed in the morning hours of manhood, to that silent mysterious beyond, where "tears are wiped from all eyes," "and the weary be at rest."

The person of whom this obituary is offered as a memorial, was a victim of that flattering, yet terrible disease, which bears in young life so many of our loved ones to the grave—*consumption.*

When the first rude notes of this black rebellion broke upon the nation's ear, in the terrible voice of civil war, this young man, then in the full vigor of opening manhood, offered himself a sacrifice for the "dear old flag," and his country, that right might triumph over wrong, and that liberty to all of God's children should be secured. He went forth in the morning of its strife, and in faithfully performing the duties of a true patriot and soldier, contracted, in the exposure of the field and "camp life," that disease which has thus early in life, borne him to the grave.

To a young wife, father, mother and sister, this dispensation comes with all the sad details of crushing sorrow. As a son he was truthful, reverent and kind, ever anticipating the wishes of parents; as a brother he was affectionate, generous and noble; and as a husband, he manifested that devotedness of attachment which, had not the love of country, the stern distractions of a cruel civil war, and untoward circumstances, intervened, and, had life been lengthened out, would have ripened into that complete obedience of domestic law which lends such charms to all that is noble, generous and loveable in the nature of the sterner sex. And when the last sad closing scene came, it rose above the chills and damp of death, and the *seal* of its God-like love was given by lips cold in death, and returned upon a brow which his stern relentless hand had reduced to the pallidness of marble.

But he has gone to the grave, and passed through the portals of its massive gateway to the bright beyond; and as often as the murmuring question arises, Why is it thus? we should only answer, *It is God's way*, and in simple, trusting faith, say, with our own loved poet:

So come from every region, so enter side by side.
The strong and faint of spirit, the meek and men of pride.
Steps of earth's great and mighty, between those pillars gray,
And prints of little feet, mark the dust along the way.

And some approach the threshold whose looks are blank with fear,
And some whose temples brighten with joy in drawing near,
As if they saw dear faces, and caught the gracious eye
Of Him, the Sinless Teacher, who came for us to die.

I mark the joy, the terror; yet, these within my heart,
Can neither wake the dread, nor the longing to depart;
And, in the sunshine streaming on quiet wood and lea,
I stand and calmly wait till the hinges turn for me.

J. G. K.

In consequence of the high tariff it is said that merchants who have imported large quantities of fancy goods in anticipation of finding a ready market and high profits, will be compelled to return their goods to Europe. Smuggling is said to be carried on to such an extent across the frontier of Canada, that merchants engaged in legitimate trade are not able to compete with this illegal traffic.

The London correspondent of the New York Herald has received information, from an entirely reliable source, that the Emperor of the French has informed Slidell, the rebel agent in Europe, that he never will recognize the rebel States, (even should they achieve their independence, *de facto*), unless they determine to abolish slavery and engage that all the children born of slave parents shall be free, and that "slavery shall be totally abolished and cease within ten years from the date of recognition."

The Massachusetts Democratic Convention will be held at Worcester, Sept 21.

READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

Items of news are as scarce as rain, therefore I will content myself for this week by sending a list of tax-payers, who are assessed $50 and upwards, which has been kindly furnished by James S. Campbell, Esq., of the Board of Selectmen.

Adden, John,	91 25
Appleton, Edward,	89 79
Agricultural and Mech. Ass.,	134 30
Balch, William,	70 00
Bancroft, Emory's Estate	203 13
Bancroft, George,	72 94
Bancroft, James H.,	97 40
Bancroft, John H.,	55 13
Bancroft, Joseph,	161 85
Batchelder, Alden,	138 00
Batchelder, George,	100 49
Batchelder, Rebecca P.,	113 83
Batchelder, Herrick,	147 01
Batchelder, John,	169 37
Batchelder, John, 2d,	114 32
Batchelder, Nathaniel,	96 44
Beard, Benjamin E.,	58 10
Berry, Marcellus D.	50 45
Boyce, Benjamin M.,	69 75
Brooks, Samuel W.,	85 95
Brown, Caleb D.	136 73
Buck, Franklin,	50 88
Burrill, John,	68 24
Carter, N. W. C.,	75 41
Carter, William, 2d,	289 73
Cheney, Sumner,	111 23
Coggins, Ebenezer T.,	71 89
Coggins, Gilman A.,	68 73
Cox, Hubbard E.,	56 40
Cummings, Ellen L.,	207 40
Damon, Etson,	99 58
Damon, Washington P.,	59 69
Dewey, Francis O.,	94 57
Eaton, Eben,	90 91
Eaton, Edmund	51 81
Emerson, Silas G.,	106 70
Foster, Stephen,	109 95
French, Francis O.,	73 41
Frost, Jonathan,	204 32
George, King,	96 10
Hall, Lyceum Co.,	102 00
Hamden, Sylvester,	396 32
Hartshorn, Timothy's heirs,	143 14
Holbrook, Samuel,	57 51
Holden, Arkaid T.	55 55
Holden, C. B., & Brothers,	72 55
Holden, William J.,	86 03
Hutchinson, John G.,	52 06
Hutchins, Luther,	65 93
Judd, C. P., Guardian for Geo. S. Minot,	76 50
Do. do., for Ellen Minot,	68 00
Kemp, Robert,	92 53
Kingman, Francis,	151 01
Kingman, Gilman D.,	204 99
Kingman, William P.,	290 75
Martin, Sylvanus,	121 13
Minot, George's heirs,	63 33
Morse, Moses,	63 20
Nelson, Hiel J.	61 93
Nichols, Daniel,	57 46
Parker, Adeline B.,	78 63
Parker, Aaron,	81 82
Parker, Amos's heirs,	81 60
Parker, Cephas & Theron,	56 95
Parker, Dana,	219 88
Parker, George,	126 30
Parker, Jerome,	55 13
Parker, Luther,	86 67
Parker, Richard,	139 84
Parker, Stillman E.,	63 97
Parker, William, 2d,	87 60
Perkins, Charles W.,	53 00
Perkins, Alfred,	295 17
Perkins, William R.,	121 85
Pierce, Samuel,	123 56
Pousland, Edward,	100 86
Pratt, Daniel,	132 48
Pratt, Joseph L.,	53 60
Pratt, Nathan P.,	198 53
Pratt, N. P., for E. & A. Temple,	50 07
Pratt, Thomas,	196 40
Prescott, Abigail,	259 42
Putnam, George's heirs,	90 10
Richardson, Henry G.,	76 38
Sanborn, Peter's heirs,	51 00
Safford, Edward,	67 88
Sargent, Ignatius,	52 15
Smith, Cyrus,	81 91
Spokesfield, Joseph,	71 11
Sweetser, Thomas,	296 27
Sweetser, Thomas H.,	52 97
Symonds, Eben D.,	256 29
Temple, Aaron,	55 72
Temple, Mrs. C. B. H.,	151 30
Tweed, Charles,	60 69
Temple, Mark M.,	147 78
Wakefield, Caleb,	292 50
Wakefield, Horace P.,	150 16
Wakefield, William,	70 34
Wakefield, Timothy,	132 31
Wallace, Oliver,	60 61
Wellington, Darius,	66 60
Weston, Aaron,	109 36
Weston, David F.,	77 99
Weston, Franklin,	52 44
Weston, Luther,	89 30

Valuation of property, May 1st, 1864:

Real Estate,	$987,913
Personal Estate,	275,114
Total,	$1,263,027

587 Polls; Rate per cent, $17 on $1000.

Amount of Taxes raised in 1864, $22,646 65. LENO.

SOUTH READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

HOW OUR QUOTA WAS FILLED. There is a little novelty attending the raising of men to fill our last quota. A gentleman in Essex County, who, we think, had been commander of a company whose term of service had expired, offered a Lieutenancy to one of our experienced young men, if he would procure twenty recruits for a company which he was raising, and which he was to command. Instead of 20, about 50 men were soon pledged and taken into Boston to be mustered into service, when, lo! it was found, that on account of irregularity of habits, the commission was withheld from the would-be captain, and so far as they were a company, they disbanded. On going to the State House they fell in with Capt. Proctor, who, having just completed one term of service, had received permission to recruit another Company, and all of our men placed their names upon his roll. Being once relieved from an unworthy officer, they were fortunate to enlist under a worthy one in the person of Capt. P.; but the young man who had performed the labor, for which he was to have a Lieutenancy, was not quite so fortunate, for in the new Company were those "who knew not Joseph," and who did not feel bound to acknowledge his claims. As citizens we should not forget the impulse he gave to recruiting.

EARLY CLOSING.—By agreement, most, if not all the stores in town, on and after Sept. 1st, will close at 8 o'clock in the evening, except it is proposed to close earlier on Wednesday evenings, and at 9 o'clock on Saturday evenings.

PERSONAL.—Rev. D. W. Philips, former Pastor of the Baptist Church in this place, has recently left town for Tennessee, where he will labor for the present under appointment of the Christian Commission. His family still remain with us.

Names of persons mustered into the 26th Unattached Heavy Artillery:—

Charles B Williams	Patrick Kelly
William McQueeny	Laommi C Lane
Nathaniel C Mayo	William F Cowdery
John Davis	Caleb S Wiley
Chas H R Cheeney	Edward L Wilkins
Daniel H Wadlin	Marcus M Sherman
Charles W Adams	Verenus H Ryder
Charles H Davis	William A Hamblin
John W Phipps	James H Pierce
William Butler	Allen M Ripley
George L Tyler	James Harnden
Warren H Godfrey	John F Thompson
Albert N Leathers	Andrew Goodwin
John Hawks	Henry D Churchill
Francis E Williams	Noah M Eaton
Andrew J Dow	George A Seaver
Albert H Danforth	George H Jackson
Charles A Fifield	George Hunt
Henry Hunt	Frederick W Aborn
John H Emerson	Joseph Morton
William C Pasco	

J D Draper, Capt Blanchard's Company.
Daniel Smith, " "
Thomas Kirley, Navy.
Daniel Carey " "
Thos Rowlan, 16 H A.
Patrick Brien, Navy.
Patrick Green, 16 H A.
John W Lyons, "
John W Madden "
Patrick Forbes "
5 substitutes. M.

WINCHESTER.

For the Middlesex Journal.

FIRES—INSURANCE.—The benefit of having one's house, furniture, and goods fully insured is never so fully realized as when a fire has swept away, in a brief space of time, a large portion, if not all, of your earthly possessions, and you gaze only on the ruins of what you had secured by dint of hard work of many years and strict economy, or the success of your business avocations. To be awakened from your slumbers, in the stilly night, and see the flames rushing towards you, devouring what impedes their progress,—to be obliged to flee from your dwelling for the safety of your life, with hardly a sufficient amount of clothing to cover you, is, to say the least, a very sad as well as dangerous situation. But how much worse is the condition, when to this is to be added the fact that the property is thus vanishing away like snow before the sun, without your being able to save it, or having nothing to fall back upon to reimburse you for the loss. In a small country village like ours, but little reliance for security against fires can be placed in one of the common kind of fire engines. Located in the centre of the town, it is of more use to those living near it, but buildings at a distance, and oft times those near by, will have been burnt to the ground before the engine will have got ready to play upon it. A scarcity of water, or its distance from the scene of operations, will sometimes also prevent the beneficial results of the fire engine. Some contend that it would be better to have a steam fire engine, such as Medford and other places possess, but it would be a measure of doubtful utility in so small a town as ours, nor would the great expenditure of money necessary for one be justifiable. The only safe course is, then, for owners of property of any kind to have it insured in some reliable office, not in those bogus companies whose agents go about the country seeking whom they may draw into their clutches, but one whom, in case of loss, will act up to their agreement, do what is right and just in the premises, and not quibble, and endeavor to see how small a hole they can crawl out of in avoiding the payment of losses. There are too many of these insurance companies that are not based on a solid foundation, and seek to prop themselves up by assessments upon their policy holders,—which brings on litigation, and burdens the dockets of our courts of justice with innumerable cases. Better to pay a large premium and be sure of your investment than to place it in doubtful hands.

THE TOWN NAME.—It may be interesting to some to know that there are ten other towns in the United States having the same name as ours. They are located in New Hampshire, Connecticut, North Carolina, Georgia, Ohio, Missouri, Wisconsin, Oregon, Kansas, Iowa. There are besides, six others which have a Court House affixed to it, viz: in Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee, and Virginia. So that there are seventeen towns and cities bearing the name of Winchester, which shows the importance of having our letters designate particularly the State in which we reside, as for want of this many of them fail of reaching their destination.

SCHOOLS.—Mr. S. G. Cowdrey, the Principal of our High School, has resigned to accept an appointment to a similar school in Gloucester, at a much larger salary for the present, and more in prospective. Mr. Cowdrey has been with us less than a year, but had, during his brief term of service, secured the respect and confidence of his pupils, their parents and the committee. His departure at this time is unfortunate, and a great loss to the school, which must necessarily suffer from its frequent change of teachers. This school will commence as announced, next Monday, under the able administration of the Assistant Principal, Miss Dodge.

The recent resignation of three of our best teachers has been induced by the inadequate amount of wages paid them, and more liberal offers elsewhere. The present war times especially require that there should be an increase of the wages of teachers as well as other professions, and if we hope to retain those having the necessary qualifications, and who are successful, then we must pay them as much as they can obtain in other places, or sufficient to compensate them for the work done.

OUR QUOTA.—To fill the quota of this

town, some eight more men to make up the number of thirty eight required, are wanted. Let the short time intervening before the draft suffice to secure the small deficiency and thus prevent the alternative which follows.

NAVAL.—Ensign Meade, of the U. S. Navy is at home on a short furlough.

MERCHANT MARINE.—Our worthy fellow townsman, Capt. Isaac Newton Knapp, sailed this week in command of the clipper ship Don Quixotte, for Bix, in the St. Lawrence, to go from thence to Havre, France. The gallant captain has a fine ship, and the best wishes of his numerous friends will accompany him for a successful voyage, and a safe and speedy return home. EXCELSIOR.

STONEHAM.

For the Middlesex Journal.

News items are scarce this week. The best thing I can say for our town is that we have our quota filled, or within one or two of the required number, a la Major Clark, but not a la Capt. Herrick,—the former giving official notice that our number is 69, while the latter, even since the Major's public official declaration, persists in averring that our number is 76. Somebody has evidently got a little muddled. Which is right? Why do they not agree with each other also? It is a little more than curious to an outsider; it appears mysterious that the men who have access to all the documents, and the means of correcting all errors—men whose sole business it is, or should be, to see to this whole matter of the towns' quotas, and have them correct,—it is perfectly unaccountable to your correspondent that such officials should differ so widely. I have never heard it suggested that there is any foul play practised by either of these officials. They are probably *sans reproche*.

But can as much be said of the examining board at some of the recruiting stations in Boston. For instance, let me give you a simple fact: George G., of this town of Stoneham, one day last week went to Boston to the place where we have had most of our men enlisted in the Heavy Artillery of late, and was examined. He was thrown out because he was *sans teeth* of the required number. A Boston agent for recruits stood ready at the door, and invited him to enlist for Boston, assuring him that he could get him in. He took him to another board of examiners, and he was snapped up at once, and credited to the city. If anybody wishes "confirmation strong" as an oath can make it, your correspondent can furnish it, that these statements are true.

ANOTHER ITEM.—An officer of a town not a hundred miles from Boston, whose business it was to look after the matter of getting some men that he had on the ground through the examination and enlisted, told me that he had to grease the Government wheels a little to get the men accepted." Said I, "do you mean that you have paid money to Government officials in order to get some of your men passed?" "Yes," he said, 'I mean just that.' I dont know that comment on such a condition of things is called for from me. The facts are bad enough themselves.

Our town is to be the scene of a very solemn and impressive occasion on Saturday, the 27th instant—the funeral of our fellow citizen, Col. Jacob Parker Gould, who died at Philadelphia on Sunday last. He had been in Hospital at City Point on the James River since he was wounded on the 30th of July, and reached Philadelphia on his way home only one week ago.

A company and band from Fort Independence, I hear are to do escort duty.

LEE.

☞ S. C. BEAL, the Secretary of the U. S. Christian Commission, acknowledges the receipt of a box of contributions from the Young Ladies' and Juvenile Society of the Cong. Church, of this town. We have not room for Mr. Beal's letter to-day.

George Winn and Herbert Wyman were drawn on Thursday evening by the Selectmen, as Jurors to the Superior Court, to be held at Lowell next month.

☞ **Small-Pox has already sacrificed some of our best and bravest troops. Soldiers, listen to the voice of reason, supply yourselves with Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The Pills purify the blood and strengthen the stomach, while the Ointment removes all pain, and prevents pit marks.**

If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. 231

For the Middlesex Journal.

To a Fly in my Stoudish.

Poor, hapless, flutt'ring, drowning creature,
Didst thou, forsooth, pursuing pleasure,
Or lured, perchance for hidden treasure,
Fall o'er the brink,
And find thyself, in woful measure,
Within my ink?

Did sweets entice thee? or gay parterre
Of silver border, that rising fair,
Forewarned thee not of "woe beware,
No farther bide?"
And didst thou, with little heed or care,
Step o'er the side?

Ah! little reck I why, how, or when,
Thou triedst to make thyself a pen,
And plunged thyself within this den,
Where darkness reigns!
But I'll endeavor—how dinna ken—
To ease thy pains.

Here, thrust I in this roll of paper!
Climb up on't, and whene'er a caper
You feel to take, beware the taper
Mouth inkstand,
Or for your life I will not wager
One grain of sand!

With this the fly, all ink bedraggled,
Emerged from his tomb and straggled
Into the sun, methinks some haggled!
In sorry plight
He seemed. In sooth, his limbs, all tangled,
Were useless quite!

Poor fly, too many mortals are like thee,
Pursuing paths which they should flee;
And though forewarned, they will not see
The ink of grief,
From which no human aid can be
A sure relief! R.

Letters Remaining Unclaimed,

IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN, State of Massachusetts, 27th day of Aug. 1864

☞ "To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for '*advertised letters*,' give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Buckman, Lucius Mrs	Maxfield, Levi
Curren, Charles	Regan, Miles
Dugdale, John	Sanford, Nellie M
Foster, Carrie P	

NATHAN WYMAN, P. M.

Special Notices.

☞ The Annual Meeting of the Woburn Lyceum Hall Association, will be held at the office of the Woburn A. & M. Association, on Tuesday, sixth day of September next, at 7 1-2 o'clock, P. M., to choose officers for said Association, for the year ensuing, and to transact such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

JOHN JOHNSON, Sec'y.

Woburn, Aug. 27, 1864.

Apprentice Wanted.

☞ A Smart, intelligent boy, to learn the printing business. Apply at the Journal Office.

EDITOR OF JOURNAL:—*Dear Sir.*—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail with out charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
jy23—3m* 831 Broadway, New York.

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED?

DR. BUCHAN'S

ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESS, Impotency, premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual, and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced Price One Dollar per box. Sent post paid by mail on receipt of an order. One box will perfect the cure in most cases Address

JAMES S. BUTLER,
General Agent, 427 Broadway, New York.
Jy23—3m*

A Card to the Suffering.

SWALLOW two or three hogsheads of "Buchu," "Tonic Bitters," "Nervous Antidotes," &c., &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the result, then try one box of OLD DOCTOR BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS—and be restored to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the broken down and shattered constitution. Old and young can take them with advantage. Imported and sold in the United States only by

JAS. S. BUTLER,
No. 427 Broadway, New York,
☞ Agent for the United States.

P. S.—A box of the Pills, securely packed, will be mailed to any address on receipt of price, which is ONE DOLLAR, post paid—money retunded by the Agent if entire satisfaction is not given.
jy23—3m*

"HARD TIMES COFFEE."

This Coffee has stood the test, and is

Unequalled by any other Substitute.

No one who delights in a

Cup of good Coffee

Should be without it.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

H. B. NEWHALL,

36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

Certificate of Dr. Hayes.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D.,
jy16—2m eow State Assayer.

Married

In Woburn, July 29th, by Rev. John Qualey, James Thompson, of Winchester, and Ann Printy, of Woburn. July 31st, Patrick Connell, of Montreal, and Ann Consodine, of Wilmington. August 1st, Thomas Rocke and Sarah Garrick, both of Lexington. Aug. 6th, James Looby, of Burlington, and Joanna Leary, of Woburn. August 19th, John Foley and Elizabeth Gill, both of Woburn.

Died

In Woburn, Aug. 21st, John N., son of Neal and Bridget McLaughlin, aged 9 months, 21 days. Ann Ryan, 12 years 6 mos. 20th, Willie P. Washburn, 6 yrs and 10 mos. 27th, Lizzie Mulligan, 1 yr.

In South Reading, Aug. 22d, Miss Catharine Carpenter, aged 84 years 6 months.

In South Reading, Aug. 22d, Minnie A, youngest child of B. F. and Mary E. Slack, aged 11 months.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

PROBATE COURT.

To the Heirs-at-law, Next of Kin, and all other Persons Interested in the estate of Mary Duren, late of Woburn, in said County, widow, deceased, GREETING:

WHEREAS certain instruments purporting to be the last will and testament and two codicils of said deceased have been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Abraham Duren who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of September next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same.

And said Abraham Duren is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once a week for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Middlesex Journal, printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir, legatee, or devisee of said deceased, or his legal representatives, within two days after said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-third day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

aug27—3t* J. H. TYLER, Register.

HARD TIMES COFFEE,

The very best

Substitute for Pure Coffee;

And not distinguished from Pure Java by people generally.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

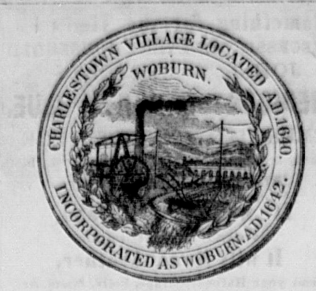
H. B. NEWHALL,

No. 36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

DR. HAYES' CERTIFICATE.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance. It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D., State Assayer.
16 Boylston St., Boston, 85th Feb., 1863."
36—2 m e o w



SELECTMEN'S OFFICE,
WOBURN, July 7, 1864.

The attention of the citizens of Woburn, NOT LIABLE TO DRAFT, is respectfully called to the annexed Circular, and extracts from Gen. Order No. 23. It affords the opportunity to those interested in the success of the National cause, to give to the country the proof of their patriotism, by placing in the Army a personal representative.

All cannot go to the front and give their personal service, but every citizen has now the privilege of voluntarily placing his representative there, and thus aiding to secure the prompt and decisive overthrow of the rebellion.

Let the citizens of Woburn nobly respond to this new call on their patriotism.

All persons enlisting as representative recruits under this authority, will receive the Town Bounty of One Hundred and Twenty-Five Dollars.

By order of the Board of Selectmen,
A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
PROVOST-MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., June 26, 1864.

Persons not fit for military duty and not liable to draft, from age or other causes, have expressed a desire to be personally represented in the Army. In addition to the contributions they have made in the way of bounties, they propose to procure at their own expense, and present for enlistment, recruits to represent them in the service. Such practical patriotism is worthy of special commendation and encouragement. Provost-Marshals, and all other officers acting under this Bureau, are ordered to furnish all the facilities in their power to enlist and muster promptly the acceptable *representative recruits* presented, in accordance with the design herein set forth.

The name of the person whom the recruit represents will be noted on the Enlistment and Descriptive Roll of the recruit, and will be carried forward from those papers to the other official records which form his military history.

Suitably prepared certificates of this *personal representation* in the service will be forwarded from this office, to be filled out and issued by Provost-Marshals to the persons who put in *representative recruits*.

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost-Marshal General.

FROM GEN. ORDER NO. 23.

The men enlisted under the provisions of the above circular will be entitled to the bounty from the State; and their families the State Aid. These men are *Representative Recruits*,—that is to say, men induced to enlist, by the exertions of patriotic men who who are not themselves liable to do military service, and not substitutes who are enlisted in the place of men either liable to military duty, or who have been drafted.

By order of His Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander in-Chief.

WILLIAM SCHOULER,
Adjutant-General.

jy9

PUTNAM CLOTHES-WRINGER.

THE ONLY RELIABLE SELF-Adjusting Wringer.

The frame being of Iron thoroughly galvanized, all danger from rust is removed, and the liability to shrink, swell, split, &c so unavoidable in the wooden machines, is prevented.

No thumb-screws or complicated fastenings to wear out or get out of order; it can be fastened firmly to the tub in a single second.

WARRANTED WITH OR WITHOUT COG-WHEELS.

It took the FIRST PREMIUM at FIFTY-SEVEN State and County Fairs in 1863, and is without exception the best Wringer ever made.

Instead of believing the statements of parties interested in the sale of other Wringers,

TRY IT, AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELF.

Test it THOROUGHLY with ANY and ALL others, and if not entirely satisfactory, return it. It will wring anything from a thread to a bed quilt without alteration.

Patented in the United States, England, Canada, and Australia. Energetic men can make from $3 to $10 per day. Agents wanted in every town.

Putnam Manufacturing Co. —

GENTLEMEN: I know from practical experience that iron well galvanized with zinc will not oxidize or rust one particle. I can safely say, after several years' experience in the manufacture of chain for chain-pumps and water-drawers, in which I have tested the affinity of iron and zinc, that if the process be conducted properly, it is a perfect weld of the two.

Nearly one year ago my family commenced using one of your Wringers. It now performs all of its functions as well as it did the first time it was used, and has become an indispensible article with us. I have closely observed several other kinds of clothes-wringers, the modus operandi being different, trying to produce the same results as the Putnam Wringer, but in my judgment they have failed. The Putnam Wringer is as near perfect as possible, and I can cheerfully recommend it to be the best in use.

Respectfully yours,
JNO. W. WHEELER
Cleveland, Ohio.

Many years' experience in the galvanizing business enables me to endorse the above statement in all particulars.

JNO. C. LEEFERTS,
No. 100 Beekmann Street.
New York, January, 1864.

No. 2, $5.50; No. 1, $6.00; No. A, $8.00.

Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail by THE PUTNAM MANUFACTURING CO.,
No. 13 Platt Street, New York, and Cleveland, Ohio.

S. C. NORTHROP, Agent.

THE HISTORY
OF
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

The most remarkable medicine of the day, and the many cures that have been performed with it in cases of Liver Complaint, Dispepsia, Nervous Debility, and other diseases arising from a disordered stomach or liver, places it at once among the most astonishing discoveries that has taken place in the medical world. The diseases to which bitters are applicable are so universal that there are but few of our friends who may not test their virtues in their own families or circle of acquaintances, and prove to their own satisfaction that there is at least one remedy among the many advertised medicines, deserving the public commendation.

For sale by druggists and dealers everywhere.
jy30—2m

BE WISE BY TIMES.

Do not trifle with your health, constitution, and character. If you are suffering with any diseases for which HELMBOLD'S EXTRA BUCHU is recommended.

TRY IT! TRY IT! TRY IT!

It will cure you, save long suffering, allaying Pain and inflammation, and will restore you to HEALTH AND PURITY.

At little expense and no exposure. Cut out the advertisement in another column, and call or send for it.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!
Ask for Helmbold's Take no other.
CURES GUARANTEED.
jy30—2m

Instruction on the Piano-Forte.

Mrs. L. M. DALTON, would like to procure a few pupils for instruction on the Piano-Forte.—Her experience enables her to give thorough instruction, and she invites those wishing to take lessons to call upon her at her residence, CANAL STREET, WOBURN.

Woburn, June 10, 1864. 37—3m

CENTRAL HOUSE,

MAIN STREET, WOBURN, MASS.

THE undersigned, having completed the alterations and repairs on this commodious and centrally located Hotel, is now prepared to receive transient and permanent boarders. Gentlemen, with their families, can be accommodated with excellent rooms, newly furnished

No expense will be spared in an endeavor to make the Central House equal to any hotel in the County. The tables are always supplied with the best the market affords, and in this respect the proprietor feels sure that he can give satisfaction to his guests.

The STABLES connected with the establishment have recently been put in fine order, and horses and carriages are to let—day or night.

L. B. NORRIS, Proprietor.
Woburn, Aug. 20, 1864.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX ss.

PROBATE COURT.

WHEREAS, THOMAS B. SKINNER, of South Reading, has presented to said Court, for Probate, an instrument purporting to be the last will of

THOMAS SKINNER,

late of South Reading, in said County of Middlesex, deceased; all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of September next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively, in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir of said deceased, within two days after said first publication.

Witness WILLIAM A RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of the said Court, this eighth day of August, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty four.

aug13—3w J. H. TYLER, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX SS.

PROBATE COURT.

WHEREAS, EDWARD MANSFIELD, of South Reading, has petitioned said Court to grant him a letter of administration, with the Will annexed, on the estate of

JEREMIAH BROWN,

of South Reading, in said County of Middlesex, deceased; all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of September next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively, in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir of said deceased, within two days after said first publication.

Witness WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of the said Court, this eighth day of August, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-four.

aug13—3w J. H. TYLER, Register.

FRANK B. DODGE,

WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER

ALSO, DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated-Ware, Musical Instruments, Fancy Goods, &c

☞ *Melodeons For Sale and to Let.*

WADE BLOCK, MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

4711 Farina Cologne 4711

Celebrated for its excellence all over the world. For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

VERNATELLA.

WARRANTED TO MAKE THE

SOLES OF BOOTS AND SHOES

WATER AND DAMPNESS PROOF,

AND WEAR ONE-THIRD LONGER.

VERNATELLA,

is a preparation from Copper, having no grease, Linseed oil, or anything of the kind, and when the soles are once saturated with it, water can no more get through them than through copper itself.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

AT RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

Put its cost to the purchaser is really NOTHING, as it makes the soles wear enough longer to more than pay for it, leaving as a net gain the making of them Water and Dampness Proof, and the preservation thereby of that priceless gem, the health.

LADIES, READ THIS.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH!

Use Vernatella on the soles of your Shoes. It makes them water proof and thereby protects your feet from dampness, for the ground is always more or less moist, either from rain or the morning and evening dew.

At Wholesale in Boston by

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 38 Hanover street.
S. M. COSCORD & CO., 86 Hanover street.
M. S. BURR & CO., 36 Tremont street.
CARTER, RUST & CO., 45, Hanover street.

And Wholesale Druggists generally. Also by all the Principal Dealers in Boots and Shoes.

Manufactured in the CHEMICAL DEPARTMENT of the

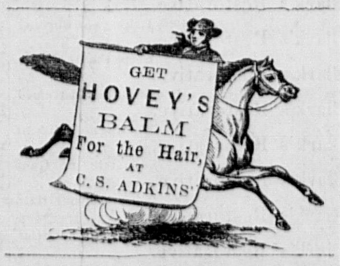
Cahoon Manufacturing Company.

WYMAM & TYLER, Agents.
40—7m 82, Water street, Boston.

ATKINSON'S FRENCH PLASTER. Highly Recommended for CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD JOINTS, NAILS INGROWING, or any Disease of the Feet.

This Plaster effects a cure without pain or inconvenience. After the application the boot or shoe can be worn with perfect ease. Warranted not injurious. Procured of all principal druggists and Boot and shoe dealers. Made only by W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., Tremont corner Boylston streets, Boston, Mass. Wholesale agents, G. C. Goodwin & Co.; John Wilson, Jr., & Co., Boston.

ATKINSON'S FURNITURE POLISH. For VARNISHED or POLISHED FURNITURE, this excellent Polish will not fail to restore furniture to its original brilliancy. After using this preparation, the touch of the hand will not leave a mark or soil furniture. Obtained at the principal dealers in furnitnre, and traders generally. W. D. ATKINSON, JR., manufacturer. Tremont corner Boylston streets. Wholesale agents, Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. Warranted not to injure the varnish. 40 3m



FAIRBANKS & BEARD,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Mineral and Soda Waters,

ALE, PORTER, and CIDER.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Miles's Croton Cream Ale.

Orders by Express or mail filled with same goods and at same prices as if the customer applied in person.

Orders for ALE, CIDER and PORTER, for exportation, promptly put up.

Howard Athenæum Building,
Howards st., Boston.

MOSES FAIRBANKS. JOSIAH BEARD.

FARINA COLOGNE!

Just received and for sale by

W. C BRIGHAM.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE

EFFECTED IN

Good Stock & Mutual Companies;

ALSO, PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, &c., obtained for Widows, Children, Fathers, Mothers, Brothers or Sisters, through the agency of HORATIO WOODMAN, Esq., of Boston.

By SPARROW HORTON Agt.,

AT THE

WOBURN POST-OFFICE.

G. R. GAGE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

New Bank Building, Woburn,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he is now located in his new store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS

made in the best style, and warranted to fit.

Particular attention paid to making

Boys' Clothing

He has on hand a large stock of the best and most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the season, which will be made up to order at the most reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS

of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly on hand.

Woburn, March 19th, 1864.

DR. C. T. LANG,



Surgeon Dentist.

Cor. Winn and Pleasant Sts.

Woburn Centre, Mass.

MRS. M. E. FIELD,

MILLINER,

Keeps constantly on hand

BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, DRESS TRIMMINGS, CAPS, BRAIDS, LACES, SILKS, WORSTEDS, &c.

MOURNING GOODS furnished at short notice

☞ BONNETS Bleached, Pressed and Trimmed to order.

Bank Block, Main Street, Woburn.

WILLIAM WINN,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER.

BURLINGTON, MASS.

Sales of Real and Personal Estate attended to on reasonable terms.

Orders left at the *Journal* office will receive prompt attention.

H. HARRIMAN,

HARNESS AND COLLAR MANUFACTURER.

Corner of Oakley Court and Main Street, (opposite Central House), Woburn Mass.

Harnesses of every description made from the best stock, and by experienced workmen, at low prices.

Repairing neatly done.

HORACE COLLAMORE,

DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

OFFICE:—4 WADE'S BLOCK,

Woburn Centre.

A. B. COFFIN,

ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW

No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.

Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street.

SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,

WOBURN CENTRE.

M. L. MORSE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

STONEHAM.

☞ Office over Store of C. H. Montague.

C. S. ADKINS,

DEALER IN

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

PERIODICALS,

CONFECTIONERY, &C., &C.,

WOULD respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Woburn and vicinity to a good assortment of

Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Sand, Mucilage, Sealing Wax, and all articles usually found in a Stationery Store.

Daily Papers and Periodicals of the day.
Sheet Music—Vocal and Instrumental.
Violin and Guitar Strings.
Confectionery of all kinds, and of the best quality.

Also, HOVEY'S HAIR BALM, one of the best preparations for the Hair, offered to the public.

"TOWNSMAN" BUILDING,

Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

MIDDLESEX

WAR-CLAIM ASSOCIATION,

Office, 4 Niles Block, 33 School St., Boston.

THIS ASSOCIATION has been formed to aid Soldiers, Seamen, and their Families, in obtaining PENSIONS BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, PRIZE MONEY, LAND, and other claims against the Government.

Applications for the collection of claims should be made by letter, or in person, to the Attorney of the Association.

Advice will be given by the Attorney without charge.

Upon the collection of claims, small charges, established by the Directors, will be made.

HON. JOEL PARKER, President.
HON. D. W. GOOCH, } Vice Presdts.
HON. GEO. S. BOUTWELL, }

DIRECTORS—Joel Parker, Geo. S. Boutwell, D. W. Gooch, Leonard Huntress, James M. Shute, Phineas J. Stone, Chas. Hudson, E. J. Collins, Amos Stone, H. Hosford, Horace Conn, J. H. Waitt, Charles Kimball, John K. Going.

A. B. COFFIN, Attorney, No. 33 School Street, Boston. GEO. W. COPELAND, Secretary and Treasurer, 5 Tremont Street, Boston. 20 1y.

WOBURN MARBLE & GRANITE STONE-WORKS.

THE subscribers offer for sale the largest and best assortment of MARBLE

Monuments and Gravestones

ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular attention given to the

Fitting up of Cemetery Lots

with GRANITE EDGE-STONE and POSTS.

Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for Building purposes furnished to order.

OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin Warerooms, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass

A. SCOTT & CO.
R. PICKERING, Agent.
Woburn, Feb, 18th, 1854—21-y.

Keep Cool by Drinking

BRIGHAM'S

ARCTIC SODA WATER,

Which runs in a constant stream at No. 5 WADES BLOCK.

BOSTON AND LOWELL

And Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Stony Brook Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowel Railroads.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 16th, 1864, trains will leave BOSTON for—

Upper Railroads, 6.00, 8.00 a m, 12.00, 5.30 p m.
Wilton, Milford, Danforth's Corner, S. Merrimack 8.00 a.m. 12.00, 5.30 p. m.
Nashua, 6.00, 8.00 am, 12 m, 5 30 pm
Tyngsboro', No. Chelmsford 6.00am, 12.00, 5.30pm
Groton Junction 10.00 (exp) a.m., 2.30 p. m.
Lowell, 6.00, 8.00*, 10.00 am, 12.00 (exp), 2.30, 5.30 (exp), 6 pm.
North Billerica, Billerica & Tewksbury, Wilmington, 6.00, 10.00 a m, 2.30, 6.00 p m.
S. Wilmington, N. Woburn, 10 a m, 2.30, p m.
Woburn W. S., 6.00, 10.00, a.m., 2.30, 6.00 p m.
E. Woburn, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, a m, 2.30, 3.00, 5.10, 7.30* pm.
Winchester and West Medford, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, am, 2.30, 3.00, 5.10, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p m.
College Hill 6.45, 10.00, 11.30 a.m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p.m.
Mondays at 11.30 p. m., a train leaves for Lowell, Nashua and Way Stations.
The 10.00 A. M., and 2.30 P. M., Trains from Boston stop at Milk Row, Somerville Centre, and College Hill Stations, to take passengers for Stations above Winchester.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BOSTON LEAVE

Wilton at 6.15, 11.00 a. m., 3.30 p m.
Milford, 6.20, 11.05, a. m. 3.35 p m.
Danforth's Corner, 6.30, 11.13, a m, 4.02 p m.
South Merrimack, 6.35, 11.21 a m, 4.23 p m.
Nashua at 7.00, 11.45, a m, 5.00, 8.40† p m,
Tingsboro' 7.15, 11.57 a m., 5.12 pm.
North Chelmsford, 7.22, 12.06 a.m., 5.19 p.m.
Groton Junction, 8.00 a m, 12.45 p m.
Lowell 7, 7.30* 9.30, a m, 12.15*, 2.15, 5.30*, 3*†p m.
North Billerica 7.09, 9.39 a m 2.22, 5.41, p m.
Billerica and Tewksbury 7.16, 9 46 a m, 2.29, 5.47 p m.
Wilmington at 7 26 9.55 a m, 2.30, 5.55, p m.
South Wilmington 10.00 a m, 2.43 p m.
North Woburn 10.05 a m, 2.45 p m.
Woburn Watering Station at 7.39, 10.08 a m, 2.53, 6.04 p m.
East Woburn at 7 00, 9.00, 10.09 a m, 1.15, 2.54, 5.00 6.30, p m.
Winchester at 6.05, 7.05, 7.45, 9.05, 10.15 a m, 1.20, 3.00, 5.05, 6.35, 8.20, p m.
West Medford at 6.15, 7.15, 7.52, 9.15, 10 22 am 1.30 3.07, 5.13, 6.45, 8.25 p m.
College Hill 6.19, 7.19, 9.19 a.m., 1.33, 3.10, 5.19, 6.47 8 28 p. m.
*On arrival of trains from Nashua.
†Northern Depot.
The 2.30 A. M., and 2 15 P. M., Trains from Lowell stop at College Hill, Somerville Centre, and Milk Row Stations, to leave Passengers from Stations above Winchester.

Woburn Branch.

Trains for Woburn Centre, leave Boston, at 6.45 11.30, a. m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30,* p. m.
Trains leave Woburn Centre for Boston, at 6.00, 7.00, 7.40, 9 a m, 1.15, 5.00, 6.30, 8.15 p.m.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

Stoneham Branch.

The Trains on this Road will leave Boston (from Lowell Railroad Depot) for Stoneham, at 6.45, and 11.30 A M., 3.00, 5.10, and 7.30* P M.
Leave Stoneham for Boston, at 6.52, and 8.5 A M., 1.05, 4.52, and 6.59 P M.
* Saturdays at 10.00 P M.

J. B. WINSLOW, Superintendent,
B. L. and N. & L. R. R.



COAL, LUMBER, &C.

THE firm of AYER & MCDONALD having been dissolved, the subscriber respectfully gives notice to the inhabitants of Woburn and vicinity, that he will continue the business, at the same stand, in all its branches, and trusts by giving strict attention to business, and always keeping on hand the different kinds of COAL, WOOD and LUMBER, to receive that generous share of public patronage which has been accorded to the late firm during the past year.

LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

OFFICE—Immediately adjoining the North end of the Depot, Woburn Centre.

JOS. B. MCDONALD.

Woburn Feb, 13th, 1863.

CHARLES A. SMITH,

DEALER IN

American and Foreign

DRY GOODS,

Bank Block, - - Woburn

A LARGE ASSORTMENT,

OF

Drugs and Medicines,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

For sale at the lowest market prices, by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

L. H. ALLEN,

FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,

FURNISHES at his Warerooms, four doors north of depot, Caskets of all sizes and qualities. Black Walnut, Mahogany, White Wood, and Pine coffins, of every size and price. Plates of various styles, and Plain and Fancy Handles. Thibet, Cashmere, Colored, Lawn, Muslin, and Cambric Shrouds. Metallic Caskets furnished at the shortest notice. Every thing furnished at the lowest living prices.

The subscriber having received from the Board of Selectmen the appointment of Funeral Undertaker for the town, now offers to the public his new and elegant HEARSE, which has been manufactured expressly to his order, and which he will furnish with one or a pair of horses, at the usual price.

He likewise offers the new invention for preserving the bodies of deceased persons by cold air alone, without the direct application of ice, which is so repugnant to the feelings. When preserved by the cold air process, a glass reveals at any moment the features of the departed, and the corpse will keep much longer than in the ordinary way.

The subscriber would take this opportunity to return his thanks for the liberal patronage he has hitherto received, and hopes with his new improvements to continue to give his customers the highest satisfaction.

All orders answered with promptness, and Coffins delivered within ten miles free of expense.

L. H. ALLEN.
Woburn Center, March 4, 1864.—23-6m

WM. PRATT,

WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER,

And dealer in Watches, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, &c.

347 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.

PARTICULAR attention given to repairing fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

WYMAN'S

AMBROTYPE, MELAINOTYPE, AND Daguerreotype Rooms,

KELLEY'S BLOCK, ... WOBURN.

PARTICULAR attention given to copying pictures.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon

CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,

WOBURN CENTRE.

TOILET EXTRACTS.

In endless variety, many of which will be sold at a low figure. By

W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

Central Market,

Main Street, Woburn.

THE subscriber having taken the store formerly occupied by E. O. SOLES, will keep constantly on hand West India Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Vegetables, &c H. WHITFORD.

English, French and American

BRUSHES,

FOR THE

HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.

For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

DON'T FAIL TO READ THIS.

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

The East India Coffee CO.,

136 READE ST., (three doors from Greenwich Street), N. Y., call universal attention to their

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE

—o—

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE.
has all the flavor of OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA, and is but half the price; and also that

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE
has twice the strength of Java, or any other Coffee whatever and wherever used by our first class hotels and steamboats, the stewards say there is a saving of 50 per cent.

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
is the most healthy beverage known, and is very nutritious. The weak and infirm may use it at all times with impunity. The wife of the Rev. W. Eaves, local minister of the M. E. Church, Jersey city, who has not been able to use any coffee for fifteen years, can use

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE.
three times a day without injury, it being entirely free from those properties that produce nervous excitement.

Dr. JAMES BOYLE, of 156 CHAMBERS STREET, says; "I have never known any Coffee so healthy, nutritious, and free from all injurious qualities as

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
I advise my patients to drink it universally even those to whom I have hitherto prohibited the use of coffee."

The PRINCIPAL OF THE NEW YORK EYE INFIRMARY says: "I direct all the patients of our Institution to use exclusively

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
and would not be without it on any account."

The Rev. C. LAURE, an eminent clergyman of the M. E. Church, now stationed at Halsey street, Newark, says of

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE.
"I have used it nearly a year in my family, and find it produces no ache of the head or nervous irritation, as in the case of all other Coffees. It is exceedingly pleasant, and I cordially recommend it to all clergymen and their families."

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
is used daily by the families of Bishop Ames, Bishop Baker, Bishop James, and many of the most distinguished clergymen and professional men in the country."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!
and be sure that the packages are labeled

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
154 Reade Street, New York.

as there are numerous counterfeits afloat under the name of "Genuine East India Coffee." "Original East India Coffee," etc., put forth by impostors to deceive the unwary.

In 1 lb. packages, and in boxes of 36, 60, and 160 lbs., for Grocers and large consumers. Sold by Grocers generally.

Orders from Country Grocers solicited, to whom a very liberal discount will be made.

Wholesale Agents; Hoeflish & Molan, and W. J. Heiss & Brother Philadelphia; Francis H. Perry, Providence; A. L. Waite & Co., Boston; Pynchon & Lee, Springfield, Mass; S. N. Callender, Buffalo; Gorden M'Millan & Co, Cleveland; A. A. Colter & Co., Cincinnati; J. & J. W. Bunn, Springfield, Ill.; H. B. Shields, Corydon, Ind.; and C. C. Garber, Chicago.

The Am. Adv. Agency 308 Broadway, N. Y., will receive orders for the above named Coffee.

Business Department—E. ALFORD.
Corresp. Dep.—FOWLER & WELLS.

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BOOK AND JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Main Street, Woburn.

WE call the attention of the public to the facilities of the above establishment for the execution of

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PRINTING.

We are prepared to supply all classes of the community with any kind of printing they may need.

BLANK BOOKS,
INSURANCE POLICIES,
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CIRCULARS,
PROGRAMMES,
PAMPHLETS,
ORDER OF EXERCISES,
LEGAL BLANKS,
BILL HEADS,
CATALOGUES,
SERMONS,
NOTE BOOKS,
BLANK RECEIPTS,
BUSINESS CARDS,
ADDRESS CARDS,
BALL CARDS,
ORDER OF DANCES,
SHOW BILLS,
POSTERS,
AUCTION BILLS,
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MILK BILLS,
LABELS,
&c., &c., &c.

Particular attention paid to printing

POSTERS OF EVERY SIZE.

Also—Visiting, Wedding, Ball and Business Cards.

☞ Persons in the adjoining towns who may wish printing done, can send their orders by mail, or otherwise, and rest assured that they will be promptly and correctly filled.

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MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

FARINA COLOGNE!
Just received and for sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM.

TO THE LADIES OF AMERICA

Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,
The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!

Lyon's Periodical Drops
Lyon's Periodical Drops
Lyon's Periodical Drops
Lyon's Periodical Drops
Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!

Lyon's Periodical Drops are
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
ever brought before the public, and as a diuretic and specific for irregularities, challenges the world to produce an equal; they are, in the most obstinate cases,

Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!
Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!

except when expressly forbidden in the directions which are wrapped around each bottle, and have the written signature of DR. JNO. LYON, upon them.

None Others Are Genuine!
None Others Are Genuine!
None Others Are Genuine!
None Others Are Genuine!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!

They cure all those ills to which the female system is subjected with dispatch and a degree of certainty which nothing but a scientifically compounded fluid preparation could reach.

Use No Other!
Use No Other!
Use No Other!
Use No Other!

For my Drops stand before the world as the *ne plus ultra* of all remedies, for the cure of all diseases of the kidneys and bladder, Leucorcah, Prolapsus, and the mild, but positive correction of all irregularities.

Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!

by those who have other preparations, which they desire to palm off upon the strength of the popularity of my Drops, and who recommend their own nostrums, thus appropriating to themselves the constant demand for my Periodical Drops, as a medium for selling something which is worthless and inefficient. But when the Druggist you apply to has not got them, either make him buy them for you, or else enclose One Dollar to the nearest General Wholesale Agent, who will return you a bottle by return Express.

You will thus save yourself trouble and obtain relief from the greatest FEMALE REGULATOR of the Nineteenth Century.

Over 25,000 Bottles of this medicine have been sold within the last six months, and every Lady that has used them, but for the nature of the cure would furnish us with her sworn certificate of their efficacy. It takes but One Dollar to make the experiment, and I appeal to those of your sect who are suffering—will you waste away when a single Dollar will give you instant relief.

Prepared soicly by DR. JNO. L. LYON, Practicing Physician.

Price $1 per bottle.

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
New Haven, Conn.

General Agents for United States and Canadas.
☞ For Sale at Wholecale by—
D. S. BARNES & Co., New York.
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston.

50—1y.

FEMALE STRENGTHENING CORDIAL

THIS Medicine is of long tried efficacy for correcting all disorders incidental to the feminine sex. That the afflicted may feel assured that this Cordial is truly valuable and worthy their confidence,—not one of those secret compounds purposed to destroy healthy action,—I add a few testimonials from physicians who all favor the Eclectic and Reformed Practice of Medicine.

Dr. Willard C. George, formerly Professor in the Worcester Medical College, and President of the Eclectic Medical Society, Mass., speaks of it in the following terms:

"I have used the Female Strengthening Cordial similar to that prepared by Dr. Geo. W. Swett, 106 Hanover Street, and I regard it as one of the best Medicines for Female Complaints that can be found."

Dr. J. King, Author of "Woman: Her Diseases and their treatment," says:

"This Medicine appears to exert a specific influence on the Uterus. It is a valuable agent in all derangments of the Female Reproducive Organs."

Dr E Smith, President of the New York Association of Botanic Physicians, says:

"No Female, if in delicate health, should omit the timely use of this valuable Cordial. I owe much of my success in midwifery to the use of this Medicine."

Mothers and Married Ladies!

The following from Dr. Fay is well worthy your notice—

"As a general remedy for Female Complaints this 'Cordial' is a very valuable one, but by the Profession it is esteemed more highly for its good results during Confinement in relieving the great suffering attendant upon childbirth. I acknowledge with Dr. Smith that much of my success in midwifery is due to the use of this medicine. It strengthens both mother and child. In such cases I follow the directions of Prof. King, by allowing my patients to use it a few weeks previous to confinement, as by the energy it imparts to the Uterine nervous system the labor will be very much facilitated, and removes the cramps which many females are liable to. No woman, if she knew the great value of this Strengthening Cordial would fail to use it."

I have received numerous testimonials from different parts of the country where used. Knowing the good it is capable of doing, I will warrant every bottle of my "Cordial" to be satisfactory in its results.

The following symptoms indicate those affections in which the Female Strengthening Cordial has proved invaluable—

Indisposition to Exertion, Wakefulness, Uneasiness, Depression of Spirits, Trembling, Loss of Power, Pain in the Back, Alternate Chills and Flushing of Heat, Dragging Sensation at the Lower Part of the Body, Headache, Languor, Aching along the Thighs, Intolerance of Light and Sound, Pale Countenance, Derangement of the Stomach & Bowels, Difficult Breathing, Hysteria, &c., &c.

It is a specific remedy in all Uterine Diseases, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Irregularity, Painfulness, Profuse or Suppression of Customary Discharges, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Scirrhus or Ulcerated State of the Uterus, Sterility, &c., &c.

No better Tonic can possibly be put up than this, and none less likely to do harm, as it is composed wholly of vegetable agents, and such as we have known to be valuable, and have used for many years.

Price per Bottle, $1.00.

Sold by Druggists generally; also, sent to any address on receipt of price.

For sale in Woburn by E. TRULL and at MRS FIELD'S Millinery Store.

Be sure and get that prepared at the
THE NEW ENGLAND BOTANIC DEPOT
Geo. H. Swett, M. D.—Proprietor
106 *HANOVER STREET,*
21 6m BOSTON, MASS.

WOBURN BOOKSTORE!

THE WOBURN BOOKSTORE is well supplied with a good stock of Books, Writing Paper, Pens, Ink, Inkstands, Pencils, Blank Books, Room Paper, Fancy Goods, Toys, and almost everything usually found in a Stationery Store. The stock of

Bibles and Testaments

is large, and consists of a variety of sizes and styles.

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The various kinds of Hymn Books used in the different Societies, are always kept on hand. Those of particular binding, when not on hand, will be furnished to order.

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Such as Hymn and Tune Books, Question Books, &c., supplied at short notice.

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in good variety, and at different prices, from 50 cts. upwards.

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suitable for children of all ages, including the works of the most favorite authors, in great supply. TOY BOOKS of all kinds and prices.

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Ledgers, Journals, Record Books, Pocket and Tuck Memorandums, and all kinds of Blank Books usually called for. BLANK BOOKS, of particular kinds, furnished to order.

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The various kinds of Books used in our Public Schools, are always on hand. Also, Rewards of Merit, in many different styles.

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The stock of Writing Paper is always large, and includes all kinds—Letter, Billet, Cap, Bank Post, Bill, and Ornamental.

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Of all colors, sizes and qualities.

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All kinds of Gillott's, Washington Medallion, and many others, too numerous to mention.

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In Wood, Bone, Ivory, &c., at all prices.

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A good supply of House Papers, Borders, Window Blinds, &c, of the latest and most fashionable patterns, at LOW PRICES, always on hand.

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Cartridge, Drawing, Blotting and Tissue Paper; Patent, Portable, Fancy and Office Inkstands, Playing Cards, Portfolios, Ink Erasers, Ivory Tablets, Tape Measures, Transparent Slates, Pencil Leads, Superior, Common and Perfumed Sealing Wax, Wafers and Stamps, Crayons, Drawing Books, Stamps, Rubber, Boxes Paints and Brushes, Pen Racks, Paper Tearers, Bill Files, Date Cases, Rulers, Ivory Folders, Sand and Boxes, Thermometers, Mathematical Instruments, &c., &c.

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A large variety of Work Boxes, Reticules; Puff, Back, Round, Fine, Pocket and Dressing Combs; Hair, Tooth, Nail, Clothes and Shaving Brushes; Crotchet Needles, Emory Cushions, Port Monnaies, Wallets, Ladies' Money Bags, Visiting, Playing, Plain and Ornamental Cards; Dolls in variety, and toys of all kinds

Main St. Woburn Center.

CLARK'S
DISTILLED
RESTORATIVE FOR THE HAIR,

Restores Gray and Faded Hair and Beard to its Natural Color, and is a most Luxurious Dressing

FOR THE HAIR AND HEAD.

Clark's Restorative, Restores the Color.
Clark's Restorative, Eradicates Dandruff.
Clark's Restorative, Promotes its growth.
Clark's Restorative, Prevents its falling off.
Clark's Restorative, Is an unequalled Dressing.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Children.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Ladies.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Old People.
Clark's Restorative, Is perfectly harmless.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Oil.
Clark's Restorative, Is not a Dye.
Clark's Restorative, Beautifies the Hair.
Clark's Restorative, Is splendid for Whiskers.
Clark's Restorative, Keeps the Hair in its Place.
Clark's Restorative, Cures Nervous Headache.
Clark's Restorative, Prevents Eruptions
Clark's Restorative, Stops Itching and Burning
Clark's Restorative, Keeps the Head Cool.
Clark's Restorative, Is delightfully perfumed.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Sediment.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Gum.
Clark's Restorative, Polishes your Hair.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Parties.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Balls.
Clark's Restorative, All Ladies need it.
Clark's Restorative,

C. G. CLARK & CO., PROPRIETORS.
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston, General Agents, 30—1y.

"BIG THING ON ICE."

ONE OF TUFT'S

ARCTIC SODA FIXTURES!

Has been placed on the Counter of the APOTHECARY'S

No. 5 Wade Block, Main St.

He now offers to the thirsty public a cold glass of Soda Water with either of

12 varieties of Fruit and Cream Syrups.

☞ CALL AND SAMPLE THE GOODS. ☜

Something for the Times!
A NECESSITY IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD
JOHNS & CROSELY'S

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE.

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE
the only article of the kind ever produced which

Will Withstand Water.

It will Mend Wood,
Save your broken Furniture.

It will Mend Leather,
Mend your Harness, Straps, Belts, Boots, &c.

It will Mend Glass,
Save the pieces of that expensive Cut Glass Bottle.

It will Mend Ivory,
Don't throw away that broken Ivory Fan, its easily repaired.

It will Mend China,
Your broken China Cups and Saucers can be made as good as new.

It will Mend Marble,
That piece knocked out of your Marble Mantle can be put on as strong as ever.

It will Mend Porcelain,
no matter if that broken Pitcher did not cost but a shilling; a shilling saved is a shilling earned.

It will Mend Alabaster,
That costly Alabaster Vase is broken and you can't match it; mend it, it will never show when put together.

It will Mend Bone, Coral, Lava, and in fact everything but Metals.

Any article Cemented with AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE will not show where it is mended.

EXTRACTS:

"Every Housekeeper should have a supply of Johns & Crosley's American Cement Glue."—*New York Times.*

"It is so convenient to have in the house."—*New York Express.*

"It is always ready; this commends it to everybody."—*Independent.*

"We have tried it, and find it as useful in our house as water."—*Wilkes' Spirit of the Times.*

Economy is Wealth.

$10.00 per year saved in every family by One Bottle of

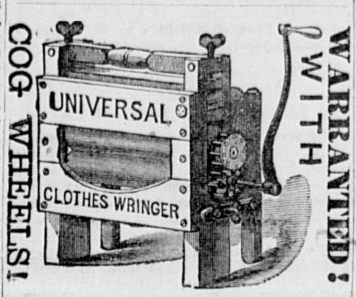
AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

VERY LIBERAL REDUCTION TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.
TERMS CASH.

For sale by all Druggists, and Storekeepers generally throughout the country.

JOHNS & CROSLEY,
(Sole Manufacturers),
78 William street,
Corner of Liberty street, NEW YORK.



A Perfect Wringer and Most Excellent Washer Combined.

THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER is the only Wringer with the patent Cog Wheel Regulator which positively prevents the Rolls from wearing out or breaking or twisting on the shaft. It is Self-Adjusting and Adjustable. It is not only a perfect Wringer, but the Cog Wheels give it a power which makes it a

Most excellent Washer,

(Fully equal to any Washing Machine in use), pressing and separating the dirt with the water from the clothes.

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The ordinary Family Sizes are—No. 1, $10.00, No. 2, $7.00. These have COG WHEELS, and are warranted in every particular.

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These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow *Impotency, Fatuity, Epileptic Fits,* In one of which the Patient may expire.

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Every kind of JOB PRINTING done at short notice, on reasonable terms and in good style.

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THE BLACK EXCHANGE.

A STORY OF CHARLESTON.

My first setting up was in Charleston, South Carolina, where I got a profitable practice among the neighboring planters, and became man of business to Arthur Fosbrook, Esquire. He was one of the richest men in the State, and of one of the oldest families; his plantation, besides being of more than common extent, yielded the best cotton, indigo and tobacco. It had been in the Fosbrooks' possession for a century or more; the grandfather of my employer was one of Washington's officers in the War of Independence; in short, the Fosbrooks were reckoned chiefs among the Carolina aristocracy,—for, strange as it may appear, republican America boasts such a class, particularly in the Southern States. Their plantation being within three miles of Charleston, they kept the townhouse, as many of the up-country planters do, or did in my time,—let me observe, it is forty years ago,—the city being a sort of capital for all the Southern States, much frequented by retired West-Indians, with their fortunes made, and boasting a good deal of fashion and select society. Fosbrook Hall, within three miles of it, was a large, antiquated, stately-looking place, which, for its southern verandahs, and summer windows of lattice-work, would have reminded one of some old family mansion far away in England. It had got lawn, garden and park on the old-country model. The first Fosbrook had laid them out when he settled in South Carolina, and built his house on lands granted to him by George I., it was said, for active service against the Old Chevalier. My employer was his last male descendant; and failing his line, the rich plantation, house, and all, must pass to a far-off cousin, the heir-at-law, who was then a colonel in the United States army, not very young—for he had distinguished himself at the defence of New Orleans in the last brush with England,—but still unmarried, though remarkably handsome, and in high repute with the ladies. Some said he couldn't meet with a fortune to his mind, his sword and his expectations being all the gallant colonel had; and as the latter hung about Fosbrook Hall, they were likely to be soon fulfilled or disappointed, for Arthur Fosbrook had a daughter, his only child, heiress to rank, wealth and name, and now beginning to be talked of among beaux and belles in the sunny South as a woman grown, for she was just fifteen. They had fixed that age, I knew not why, as the proper one for bringing out in Charleston; and Miss Fosbrook was to be brought out with becoming pomp and solemnity at a grand ball on her fifteenth birthday, which happened six months after I had become acquainted with the family and established in her father's business. A letter of introduction which I had brought from a legal firm of some eminence in London, with which his family had an ancient connection, first recommended me to Mr. Fosbrook, and I was received by him and his not only as a lawyer, but a friend.

The peculiar institution at the South has one good effect as regards white men with their wits for an estate,—the African race serving for everybody's inferior, all of the perfect European blood are equalized as gentlemen; and a wealthy planter, thus receiving his attorney, is by no means so remarkable as it might seem to English eyes. So I got acquainted with the Fosbrooks, ladies and all; but I liked the gentlemen best, and therein did not differ from every acquaintance of the family. He was a handsome, high-spirited man, agreeable in his manners, chivalrous in honor, generous to a fault, and so good-natured, that everybody with little enough of conscience could persuade or coax him into anything. In other respects, Mr. Fosbrook was, like most Southern gentlemen, a good shot, a good rider, a good billiard-player, a polished man of the world, and a bit of a *bon-vivant*. Mrs. Fosbrook was known to be a great deal more strait-laced and serious. She was great in church-going, uncommonly proper, and could talk religion and morality by the mile, when it suited her whims, or could do sly things, which her husband would not have thought of. It was said she had been a belle in her youth; but American belleship quickly passes; it had gone from Mrs. Fosbrook for many a year, and left her faded but very genteel—what the women call ladylike,—well informed, too, out of schools and books, but narrow-minded by nature, and strongly inclined to censoriousness and jealousy.

The daughter, Miss Letitia, expected to fill her mother's place in the world of youth and fashion, and the girl had some beauty, but no resemblance to either of her parents. Her complexion was remarkably dark; her features had a full, almost coarse cast; it would have been treason to say so, but they slightly approached the negro mould. She was tall and well developed for her years, had fine black eyes, and hair of the same color; they said it was rather too wavy, and could never be dressed in smooth bands. But people liked Miss Letitia better than her mother, for she was livelier and more good-natured than ever that excellent lady could have been, though quite as proud of herself, her rank, and her fashion, and somewhat tinctured with the maternal inclination to jealousy. Miss Letitia had a companion, or rather playfellow, whom nobody that frequented the house could miss knowing, she was so constantly with the young lady and in the family rooms. Her name was Letitia too; but they called her Letty, by way of proper distinction, for the blood of Africa was in her veins, and she was the daughter of a slave. Letty's mother, unlike the rest of Mr. Fosbrook's negroes, was not a native of his estate, but had been purchased, together with her unborn child, at the sale of a deceased West-Indian's establishment; she had been parted from her husband, it was said, though Mrs. Fosbrook's determination to have the woman but not the man in her household. She was not a complete African, but something whiter than a mulatto,—I think it was a Spanish trace she had; and they called her Elva—probably an abbreviation of Elvira. A thin, wiry, early-withered woman she looked; but there was a piercing intelligence in her keen black eyes, not common to the negro race; she was more grave and silent, too, then is their wont, was thought to have a deal of descretion, and known to be great in needle-work. Her European origin accounted to most people for this superiority, and it also helped to account for the surprising beauty of her daughter. Letty was positively fair, with finely-cut features, long glossy hair, and a figure so finely moulded, yet so slender, that she might have stood for the youngest of the Graces. To a stranger it was astonishing that the girl could have come of African blood; but one gets accustomed to any wonder. Everybody knew her to be Elva's daughter, born on the same day with Miss Letitia, and allowed to grow up as her playfellow and foster sister,—for Elva was made nurse to the infant heiress, having either by wisdom or good luck acquired the particular confidence and cold-blooded liking of Mrs. Fosbrook, and continued to be her right-hand woman and family seamstress till the time of my story.

Curious it is, that though the African race are held in bondage in the Southern States, the same amount of personal repulsion, or rather antipathy to them, does not prevail as in the North. The negro nurse, the negro playfellow, have a hold on the affection and memory of the plantation child, which its grown-up life acknowledges; and where dispositions are good and circumstances favorable, slavery thus becomes something like what it must have been in patriarchal times. When secession was yet undreamed-of, and vigilance committees were not, that state of things was common enough in the Carolinas, and long established at Fosbrook Hall. The master's will was law, but it was guided by good-nature and good customs. The old negroes had seen him get his first lessons in walking; the young had grown up under his government. They were all well provided for, and not overworked. The out-door people had their pretty cottages and gardens, where the children played; and the aged rested literally under vines and fig-trees. The house servants had the comforts and sociability of a numerous well-kept establishment, with all the life, gayety and ease of a wealthy planter within three miles of Charleston. They kept all manner of festivals; all the family birthdays, including their own; had Sunday dresses, all white, of course, with flashy rings and pins,—and every few troubles except the pleasing of the missis, which was generally allowed to be a difficult task, and seldom properly accomplished by any but Elva. The quantity of fine needle-work she did for Mrs. Fosbrook was something to be astonished at. The good lady took a sort of pride in showing off the collars, sleeves and trimmings worked by "the woman she had bought almost in spite of Mr. Fosbrook, and saved him the trouble he should have had with that self-willed, obstinate looking man, Elva's husband. The poor creature was so much better without him. Did not all her friends see how contentedly she sat in her own little room, or the back verandah, working away from morning till night? that woman was a treasure." Elva's daughter was not in such favor with the missis, though a gentler, more sweet-tempered girl could not have been found among black or white; indeed, there was something both soft and sad in Letty's look and manner, which made one believe in omens when her after-fate was come. It was perhaps the gentleness and sweetness of her disposition, as well as their early playtimes, which made the young heiress cling so fondly to her humble companion, and take such delight in her society, even when grown-up life, with its duties and distinctions, came on. They had never been separate, except when her mother wanted Letty, and Miss Letitia had to go to lessons, to which the young lady was not partial; and when, at last, the bringing-out time came, and she was expected to be admired and married in due time, Miss Letitia still protested that Letty and she should never part, but live together as mistress and maid, "just like mamma and Elva."

The young lady was in that mind when her fifteenth birthday arrived. Cards of invitation had been issued three weeks before to the half of Charleston. I had the honor of receiving one; and can vouch that it was a large and well-dressed gathering; but the principal guest of the evening was Col. Fosbrook. Though never on bad terms with the proprietor, he had been seldom at the Hall. Some said its lady was not to his mind, some that his military duties took him to different quarters. At all events, he was known by reputation rather than by sight to Mr. Fosbrook's friends; but all who saw him that evening acknowledged that a more distinguished-looking or agreeable man never entered a Carolina ball-room. Mr. Fosbrook had made a point of having him on the birthday. His excellent lady and he were to prudent to say it in so many words, but I, as their family lawyer, guessed that they had set their hearts on a match between the colonel and the heiress. Though at least twenty years her senior, he was only in the prime of life, a man whom any lady might choose with credit to her taste. Moreover, the colonel had high principles, sound sense, and prudence; was a Fosbrook of the same descent, the heir-at-law after Miss Letitia, and most suitable to perpetuate the name and line.

He was expected to stay for some weeks, but could not arrive before the evening of the birthday. I remember being introduced to him in the crowded ball-room, and observing that though attentive to all the ladies, as become a Southern gentleman, he showed particular regard for the daughter of the house, and the belle of the evening. I forget how long her mother and female friends had been occupied with what she should wear. The young lady's complexion puzzled them. At last they fixed on amber satin, with gold ornaments, in which, I must say, Miss Letitia looked well. They had at the same time agreed—because nothing else would serve the heiress—on dressing Letty handsomely, but in white,—which no Southern lady will wear, being, wonderful to say, the negroes' chosen color,—and allowing her to appear in public as Miss Letitia's personal attendant.

I suppose Colonel Fosbrook had never seen the girl before; but at the close of the first dance, as he was conducting Miss Letitia to her seat, Letty came up in the discharge of her duties. How promoted and happy, yet timid withal, the sweet girl looked, as she handed the heiress her expensive Parisian fan. Never did man approaching forty look so struck as the colonel; he said nothing for a few minutes, but his eyes were fixed on Letty; she saw it, blushed deeply, and stole away behind her mistress, while he inquired of Mr. Fosbrook, who came up at the moment, "Where on earth did you find that lovely girl?"

"Oh, my daughter's mind," said Fosbrook, with his accustomed ease.

"She is not a negro?" said the colonel.

"Yes, I assure you. I bought her mother in Charleston. She is wonderfully fair, I must allow, and a good girl. Letitia has always liked her, and would have her here to-night."

The rest of Mr. Fosbrook's communication was made in a tone too low for my hearing; but all that brilliant evening, wherever Letty came or went through the handsome suite of reception rooms, anxious to make herself useful, his eyes followed the girl; I saw him gazing after her while Mrs. Fosbrook was preaching to him about doing good, and Miss Letitia tossing her head and showing off her jewels. It became manifest to me, also, that both mother and daughter could see as well as I, and the sight was one to bring the worst part of their natures uppermost. Can any woman commit a greater sin against a mother than to get admired in her stead? The colonel did admire Letty, maid and of negro origin as she was; and there was many an eye in the ball-room that followed the slight, graceful figure, and fair winning face as well as his, though on nobody was the impression so marked. The man could not help showing it, for all his sense and experience, and I was not prepared for the effect it had on the young heiress. She grew positively ugly,—awful, as the Americans say,—with ill temper and jealousy. I thought she would strike poor Letty when the innocent creature came to settle her wreath, thrown back by a haughty toss. Miss Letitia, frowning fiercely, said—"I don't want you here any more;" and Mrs. Fosbrook desired the nearest servant to tell that girl she might go down stairs. Poor Letty went on the instant, looking as if she had committed murder. The colonel, who had witnessed all seemed astonished, angry, and a little out of his discretion,—for he rose from Miss Letitia's side with a very brief apology, walked straight out to the verandah, and stayed there, pacing about for half an hour and more. When he came back, Colonel Fosbrook was himself again. We saw no more of Letty, had a magnificent supper, and all went home at daybreak. Miss Letitia and her mother seemed to have recovered their good humor. The colonel continued his visit, as expected. They were never without company to dinner or tea. I was always invited, Mr. Fosbrook having taken a particular fancy to me, and thus I had an opportunity of seeing that attentions were still paid to the daughter of the house; but her playfellow and foster-sister was not in the request she had been. Letty was manifestly kept out of sight, and under surveillance; and when the poor girl did chance to become visible, it was sad to see the resigned and helpless sorrow that had settled on her fair young face. I am not sure that the colonel had not interested her also; I observed her peeping out at his comings and goings, from back windows and hidden corners,—though Letty had not much opportunity for that, as Mrs. Fosbrook now sent her to work with her mother, remarking that Elva was a prudent, sensible creature, and would keep nonsense out of the girl's head.

I don't know how Elva fulfilled the expected duty; but coming to talk on particular business with Mr. Fosbrook one afternoon,—a time when Southern ladies are generally fast within doors,—I found the colonel leaning over the rails of the back verandah, where Letty sat at work. He was evidently talking to the girl; she had let her muslin fall, and was picking it up, all in a flush. The colonel saw he was caught, but was too much of a gentleman to show it; bade me good-day without changing his position, asked me if I had seen the morning papers, if there were any news—but did not observe that there were a pair of fierce, cold, jealous eyes taking notes of him from the window above, where the Venitian blind concealed his excellent hostess. The colonel walked into the house with me, and Letty went on with her sewing. I saw her sitting there when my business was done, stitching away; but the flush had faded then, and she looked sad and thoughtful.

All the way home, I had thoughts about the colonel's intentions and Mrs. Fosbrook's next move; it was no affair of mine, but one could not help feeling an interest in poor Letty and the ill-luck that seemed closing round her.

That same week the colonel went off to join his regiment. I happenen to be particularly busy with the affairs of a broken-up land-company, and had no occasion to go to the Hall for some time; but Mr. Fosbrook called at my office one morning, seemed very friendly, talked of two or three trifling matters, and had evidently something else on his mind—something disagreeable, and hard to begin speaking about. He looked at his watch, looked out of the window, and then said—"By-the-by, Mr. Clarkson, you must manage a piece of business for me,—a particular and unpleasant one, I must say;—we are going to part with Letty. Yes," he continued, catching my astonished look; "Mrs. Fosbrook will have it so. She says the girl has got upsetting notions, and will give trouble. I cannot see it myself, but Mrs. Fosbrook is an uncommonly observant woman. At any rate," and the man looked desperately worried, "there is no putting women off a thing once they take it in their heads."

"And Miss Fosbrook?" said I.

"Oh, she agrees with her mother, which is very proper; but it goes against my conscience, and the girl is so young. Do come over, and try to talk her out of it to-morrow evening; a lawyer should be able to do that, if anybody can."

[To be continued.]

A MIDNIGHT ADVENTURE.

Females often possess presence of mind and the power of self-control under circumstances of imminent peril which seem almost foreign to their nature, and beyond the endurance of a delicate organization. Here is a striking instance of self-command by a lady whose fears must have been powerfully excited, and whose life of affluence had probably never before given her nerves any severer test than is incident to the vexations of domestic cares. We copy the adventure, premising, by way of explanation, that the lady was the daughter of a rector, residing in a quiet English country village, and was upon the eve of her marriage.

The wedding-day was to be on the morrow of that on which our adventure happened. Grand preparations were made for the wedding; and the rector's fine old plate, and the costly gifts of the bride, were discussed with pride and pleasure at the Hare and Hounds, in the presence of some strangers who had come down to a prize-fight which had taken place in the neighborhood.

That night, Adelaide, who had occupied a separate room from her sister, sat up late—long after all the household had retired to rest. She had a long interview with her father, and had been reading a chapter to which he had directed her attention, and since had packed up her jewels, etc. She was, consequently, still dressed when the church clock tolled midnight. As it ceased, she fancied she heard a low noise like that of a file; she listened, but could distinguish nothing clearly. It might have been made by some of the servants still about, or perhaps it was only the creaking of the old trees. She heard nothing but the sighing of the winter winds for many minutes afterwards. House-breakers were mere myths in primitive Tyndon, and the bride elect, without a single thought of fear, resumed her occupation. She was gazing on a glittering set of diamonds, destined to be worn at the wedding, when her bed-room door softly opened. She turned, looked up, beheld a man with a black mask, holding a pistol in his hand, standing before her.

She did not scream, for her first thought was for her father, who slept in the next room, and to whom any sudden alarm might be death, for he was old, feeble, and suffering from heart complaint. She confronted the robber boldly, and addressed him in a whisper:—

"You are come," she said, "to rob us. Spare your soul the awful guilt of murder. My father sleeps in the next room, and to be startled from his sleep would kill him Make no noise, I beg of you."

The fellow was astonished and cowed. "We won't make any noise," he replied, suddenly, "if you give us everything quietly."

Adelaide drew back and let him take her jewels—not without a pang, for they were precious love-gifts, remarking at the same time that two other masked ruffians stood at the half-opened door. As he took the jewel-case and watch from the table, and demanded her purse, she asked him if he intended to go into her father's room. She received a surly affirmative; he wasn't a-going to run all risk and leave the tin behind! She proposed instantly that she would go herself, saying:—

"I will bring you whatever you wish, and you may guard me thither, and kill me if I play false to you."

The fellow consulted his comrades, and after a short parley they agreed to the proposal; and with a pistol pointed at her head, the dauntless girl crossed the passage and entered the old rector's room. Very gently she stole across the chamber, and removing his purse, watch, keys and desk, she gave them up to the robbers, who stood at the door. The old man slept peacefully and calmly, thus guarded by his child, who softly shut the door, and demanded if the robbers were yet satisfied.

The leader replied that they should be when they had got the show of plate spread out below, and that they couldn't let her out of sight, and that she must go with them. In compliance with this mandate, she followed them down stairs to the diningroom, where a splendid wedding breakfast had been laid to save trouble and hurry on the morrow. To her surprise, the fellows—eight in number when assembled—seated themselves and prepared to make a good meal. They ordered her to get them out wine, and to cut her own wedding-cake for them; and then seated at the head of the table, she was compelled to preside at this extraordinary revel.

They ate, drank, laughed and joked; and Adelaide, quick of ear and eye, had time to study, in her quiet way, the figures and voices of the whole set.

When the repast was ended, and the plate transferred to a sack, they prepared to depart, whispering together and glancing at the young lady. For the first time Adelaide's courage gave way, and she trembled; but it was not a consultation against her, as it proved. The leader, approaching her, told her that they did not wish to harm her—that she was a jolly wench, regular game, and that they wouldn't hurt her, but that she must swear not to give the alarm till nine or ten the next day, when they should be off all safe. To this, of course, she was obliged to assent, and they all insisted on shaking hands with her. She noticed, during this parting ceremony, that one of the ruffins had only three fingers on the left hand.

Alone, and in the despoiled room, Adelaide, faint and exhausted, awaited the first gleam of daylight; then, as the robbers did not return, she stole to her room, undressed, and fell into a disturbed slumber. The consternation of the family next morning may be imagined; and Adelaide's story was still more astounding than the fact of the robbery itself. Police were sent for from London, and they, guided by Adelaide's lucid description of her midnight guests, actually succeeded in capturing every one of the gang, whom the young lady had no difficulty in identifying and swearing to — the "three-fingered Jack" being the guiding clue to the discovery. The stolen property was nearly all recovered, and the old rector always declared—and with truth—that he owed his life to the self-possession and judgment of his only daughter.

The only ill-effect of the great trial to her nerves was a disposition on the part of the young heroine to listen for midnight sounds, and start uneasily from troubled dreams; but time and change of residence soon effected her cure.

IMPORTANT FACT.—A gentleman who has repeatedly suffered from the bites of venomous reptiles, while wandering through the ruins of Palenque in Chiapas, says he was in the habit of enlarging the wound with a lancet, introducing some *butter of antimony*, applying a ligature above the wound, and taking ten drops of ammonia in water every fifteen minutes. The lives of himself and servant were repeatedly saved in this way, while four native attendants, not using these precautions, perished.

The Middlesex Journal.

WOBURN:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1864.

To Business Men.

THE

MIDDLESEX JOURNAL

Has a large and rapidly increasing Subscription List, and finds its way into nearly all the best families in Woburn. It also has a large Circulation throughout Middlesex County, and is one of the best Mediums for Advertising in this portion of the State.

Those of our Readers who desire to give a wide publicity to their Business Notices, will please bear this fact in mind when dispensing their favors to the Press.

All Advertisements will be well displayed and made attractive, so that readers can see them at a glance.

THE WAR MEETINGS in Woburn this week have been well attended and quite a number of recruits have been obtained. Most of those who have enlisted are foreigners, however, and the enrolled men of the town have, with a few honorable exceptions, persistently refused to sign the "roll of honor." This is wrong. The country needs and demands their services in the field, and they should not only esteem it a duty, but a privilege, to enter the ranks. Men must be had, and the rebellion must be crushed, and those who hang back and refuse the magnificent bounties, may be compelled to go, with little pay and less honor. The men who desire to live in history, the men who desire to fill the public places in the nation, in the State, in the towns where they belong, for the coming generation, will enlist. Their names and their fame shall be more imperishable "than monuments of brass or pillars of marble." Go forward, then, patriotic young men. Your country, the noblest, the best, the most beneficent on earth, calls you to arms. Don't rely on others. Your own right arms must strike the blow—your own good swords must drink the blood of the foe. Go now, and the war will soon be closed. The Confederacy already shows signs of weakness and exhaustion. Their apparent activity, is the activity of desperation and despair. A few more blows, given with vigor, at the right points, and it will crumble into nothingness. Let the good work be finished now. Enlist to-day, then, men of Woburn, and you will have done your duty.

THE TOPMOST WAVE.—Any one can see at a glance, that we are on a very high wave as regards prices of all marketable commodities, gold itself being at the top of the scale. This state of things has no permanence, prices being at an artificial standard, advanced by speculation and the abundance of bank bills not now redeemable by specie. High, higher, has been the cry, and by and bye the highest wave will be reached, and things will go downward, downward, to what depths no one can tell. Whether trading at the grocer's, the butcher's, the mantua-maker's, the tailor's, or with the dry goods, hard ware, crockery ware and shoe dealers, one day has risen upon another, and people seemed rather sorry to sell, for fear that they should lose the benefit of a rise. Old shop-worn goods, unsaleable patterns and colors, and out of date or antiquated articles, have been greedily purchased, because they were cheap for the times.

Shopkeepers and all holders of goods stand on ticklish ground, and may wake some fine morning to hear that goods have fallen 50 per cent or more. People of the least reflection are aware of all this, and of the possibility of a still greater rise. It is, in fine, a most particular uncertainty which rests upon the morrow, and traders would do well to heed Scripture authority:—"Go to now, ye that say, to-day or to-morrow we will go into such a city, and continue there a year, and buy and sell and get gain: whereas ye know not what shall be on the morrow."

The apparent prosperity of the country is more or less a delusion. An immense debt has been accumulating during the war. Men of property have lent it to the government. Banks, insurance offices, and towns and states, have assisted the nation in its struggle, and all the property of the people, their lands and houses, are virtually, and justly, pledged to pay the national debt. High prices do not stop trade, and money is plenty, but a revulsion must come, and all persons will act wisely to prepare for it.

The Presidential election will more or less affect prices, as the one candidate or the other is likely to succeed. The progress of the war, its success or otherwise, will reduce or raise the price of gold. The prospect of peace, and especially if the union of all the States should seem a probable event, would cause goods to fall in prices, and lead on to the restoration of a specie currency. Our prosperity would then return, business would become more regular and safe, and living would be cheaper. We trust the day may dawn soon, and that our dark night of gloom and death may be followed with bright and cheering skies.

Many of the wells in Woburn have given out, and water is becoming very scarce. Some of the milk-men have lost a large sum in consequence of the same.

☞ Mr. John L. Parker, editor and proprietor of "The Woburn Townsman," which paper he has conducted with signal ability and energy, has volunteered in the service of his country, and the subscription list and good will of the paper, together with good will of the job office, have been purchased by the proprietor of the Middlesex Journal. The papers will hereafter be united, and the subscribers to the Townsman will be furnished with the Journal. The editor of the Journal has also purchased the subscription lists and good will of the Stoneham Sentinel and the Winchester Transcript, heretofore published by Mr. Parker, and those papers are also united to the Journal.

Those who desire to advertise in the Journal, can now reach about everybody in this section of country.

ENLISTMENTS.—The following men have enlisted since our last issue:—

Martin Gillespie,
Samuel S. Cutter,
Henry Mosher,
Dennis Welch,
John Leahy,
William Shandley,
Peter Holland,
John L. Parker,
John McGovern,
Patrick S. Haise,
Daniel Coughlin,
Hugh Downey,
George H. Noble,
E. D. Matcalf,
Reuben Green,
J. S. Davenport,
Thomas Ryan,
Cornelius Corcoran,
Charles Marke,
Timothy Corcoran,
P. H. Gill,
G. A. Tuttle,
John P. Stevens,
J. F. Starkweather,
J. B. Tay, Jr,
John Heelwood,
James Kernon,
Alexander Murdock,
Arthur F. Norris,
George A. Metcalf,
Charles Bulfinch,
A. J. Eaton,
William Ritchie.

MILITARY.—Sergt. Major Conn has reached Camp Parole, Md., as we learn by letters from him. He writes that Private Spokesfield, of the Rangers, reached Richmond, a prisoner of war, before he left.

Sergt. Wm. H. Bancroft, of Woburn, badly wounded at the battle of Petersburg, has been transferred from the hospital at New York, to the hospital at Readville.

Private Newell Z. Tabor, of Woburn, Co. K, 39th Mass. Volunteers, has reached home, on furlough. He is from the Harding hospital, Philadelphia.

☞ The enrolled men of Woburn have voted to increase the bounty to Volunteers, to $350. They will assess themselves $25 apiece, and the balance needed to raise the citizens' bounty to $225, will be assessed upon the taxable property of the town. Oliver Green, Thomas Glynn, A. J. Parker, A. P. Pollard, M. A. Tyler, W. B. Harris, John P. Stevens, James E. Tileston, J. G. Pollard, T. J. Hayes, were chosen a committee, to raise money, and help along enlistments. It was also voted that a man who puts in a substitute for one, two, or three years, shall receive the full bounty from the town.

The alarm of fire on Monday last proceeded from the premises of P. J. Dever, in Cummingsville. Some straw was burned, it having been set on fire by lime. Damage trifling.

The Public Schools in this place will commence on Monday.

STATE MILITIA.—An important order respecting this "right arm of the Commonwealth," may be found in another portion of this paper.

The government currency, of the new issue, has been extensively counterfeited. Any number of counterfeit "fifty cents" are in circulation in Woburn, and what is a little singular, they are taken very generally by those who know them to be spurious.

The Democratic Convention, at Chicago, nominated Gen. George B. McClellan for President, and George H. Pendleton, of Ohio, for Vice President of the United States. The nominations appear to give great satisfaction to the party throughout the country. Numerous and spirited ratification meetings have been held in many places.

Any person selling friction matches on and after the 1st of September, without a one cent revenue stamp upon each box or package containing the same, is subject to a fine of ten dollars for each offence.

THE CROPS. Official reports have been received for June and July by the Agricultural Department, embracing nearly every loyal State in the Union, which show that the principal crops are very nearly an average, except in the case of tobacco and cotton, of which there was considerably less planted than last year. There will be a very good supply of corn, wheat, hay, oats, potatoes, barley and flax, and we will have a handsome surplus for export.

The Republican State Convention is to be held at Worcester on Thursday, the 15th of September. State officers and two electors at large are to be nominated.

☞ Enlist, and avoid the draft.

READING. Mr. Editor:—Little seems to be stirring in this place. Only the Sabbath services have been of any interest of late, in my opinion. Sabbath morning (Aug. 21) I listened, in the Bethesda (Con.) Church, to an excellent discourse from a recent graduate of Andover, by the name of Manning. It was a faithful and earnest exposition of the text, "What lack I yet?" and at the close was enforced by an illustration of a thrilling character—a vivid description of a steamer lost for want of a large anchor, left carelessly on the wharf—the only thing she lacked, but the very thing she needed.

Last Sabbath morn (Aug. 28) I went, for the first time, to the Hall where the Universalists worship. It is neatly and commodiously arranged, and will accommodate a good-sized audience. Rev. T. B. Thayer—author and poet—from Boston, preached an eloquent discourse from the words, "Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might." He quoted that inimitable passage from Bailey's Festus:—

"We live in deeds, not years; in thoughts, not breaths;
In feelings, not in figures on a dial.
We should count time by heart-throbs. He most lives
Who thinks most—feels the noblest -acts the best.'

Truthful reference was made to Starr King's brief but useful life, and the practical lesson of the text urged upon the hearts of the hearers.

Next Sabbath (Sept. 4) Rev. Willard Spaulding, of Salem, will preach in the same place. He is a man of great pulpit power, and ready for every good word and work. P. A. H.

WAR NEWS.

The surrender of Fort Morgan, at the entrance to Mobile Bay, gives us the entire control of those waters to within a few miles of the city itself.

By the surrender of Fort Morgan we have about 600 prisoners, 60 pieces of artillery and a large quantity of material. In the 12 hours preceding the surrender about 3000 shells were thrown into the fort. The citadel and barracks are entirely destroyed and the works generally much injured. Many of the guns were spiked, their carriages burned and much of their ammunition destroyed by the rebels. The loss in the army was one man killed and seven wounded.

The rebels claim a victory in Thursday's fight at Ream's Station, the capture of two thousand prisoners and nine cannon. Gen. Lee, in his official despatch, states that Gen. Hill carried the entire line of the Union entrenchments on the second assult, but the fact is that our forces only yielded what they no longer desired to possess.

A letter from the Army of the Potomac says that since the battle of Ream's Station nothing of particular importance has transpired in the Second corps. The number of missing is being rapidly reduced by the arrival of soldiers who had been scattered through the woods. The command is being reorganized, and new guns procured for those batteries which had pieces captured. Several stands of colors fell into the enemy's hands, because successive color bearers were shot down. A flag of truce was sent out for the purpose of making arrangements for the succor of our wounded and the burial of our dead, who could not be carried from the field on Thursday night; but the rebel commander refused to accede to the request, stating that our wounded were being cared for, and our dead, of whom there were about two hundred, were being buried. It may be that the rebel commander felt indisposed to let us take another survey of a field which was so thickly strewn with rebel dead.

MEN NEEDED. A despatch from Gen. Grant's army says—"Fresh men continue to come to the front. They were never more needed. Upon their arrival here they are distributed among the different regiments. Send more men and a lasting peace will be won by our armies while those at home are discussing the subject."

The United States Circuit Court at Philadelphia, have decided that the weight of a ton of coal is 2240 pounds instead of 2000 pounds. The judge ruled that a company of grocers might as well meet and agree to reduce the number of ounces in a pound, and make the smaller number the standard of a pound for their customers, as for coal dealers to agree that the weight of a ton shall be 2000 pounds, and furnish that amount to their customers.

THE DRAFT.—The Boston Advertiser's Washington despatch says there is nothing yet to indicate any postponement of the draft, yet it is not likely to take place in many districts before the middle of the month. Returns from various sources will be made on Thursday and the enrolment lists closed. Then supplemental returns will be made for the fractional part of the month of September. After these returns are all in and the proper credits and deductions have been made, the deficiencies of the several subdistricts will be made out and then the orders for draft will be issued. It is intended and expected that it will be completed everywhere during the month.

The number of seamen and petty officers claimed to the credit of Massachusetts is over 22,000, of which the towns and cities put in claims of about 10,000. The proper lists will be completed in a few days for the action of the commissioners, who will then pass upon them. In the officers to be credited are Acting Engineers, Masters, Engineers, Assistant Surgeons, Masters' Mates, Acting Paymasters, Surgeons' Stewards, Carpenters, and other petty officers.

THE GREAT FOREIGN LOAN.—A Washington correspondent of the New York World has the following concerning the proposed foreign loan.

"The proposed loan of one thousand millions of dollars from European capitalists to the United States, is attracting much attention. It is true that such an offer has been made, and upon terms considered very favorable to this country, It was not intended that the proposal should have been made public just yet, but as it has been announced both here and in New York, any further reticence on the subject is unnecessary. The proposed term for which the loan is to be made is seventy-five years, and the rate of interest three per cent. The payments are to be twenty per cent. in coin, ten per cent. in currency, and seventy per cent. in outstanding obligations of the government.

It is proposed to dispose of the whole amount among the people of Europe on the principle of premium loans, the principal to be reimbursed to the holders during the last fotry-five years of the term in equal semi-annual installments, the government paying the current interest, premiums and principal, which would require but $50,000,000 a year during the term of the loan—seventy-five years. To perfect this loan would of course require additional legislation by Congress, but no difficulty is anticipated in procuring such legislation should it be decided to accept the offer. Its effects upon the finances of the country would be developed in advance of such legislation, as it would immediately create a demand for government bonds and stocks which would greatly augment their gold value, besides retiring from circulation a large amount of currency. It is believed that the proposition will be agreed to and that in that event it will enable a much more speedy resumption of specie payments than could otherwise take place."

The New York Herald has private information from the South in reference to the arrival of Hon. Pierre Soule at Havana, that that gentleman leaves the Southern Confederacy for the purpose of fixing his permanent residence elsewhere, probably in some part of Europe, satisfied, like many other prominent gentlemen whose fortunes have been allied with Jeff. Davis, that the rebellion is a failure.

For the Middlesex Journal.

Hymns written and sung in connection with flag raisings at Mansfield General Hospital, Moorhead City, N. C., Aug. 21st, 1864:

THE STAR-SPANGLED BANNER.

BY PHEBE ANNE HANNAFORD.

Air—America.

God of the brave and free,
We upward look to Thee,
Hear thou our cry!
Bless Thou our native land,
Bless every heart and hand,
Which by her flag would stand,
And win or die.

We fling it on the breeze,
High as the forest trees,
The flag we love;
Long may our banner wave,
In triumph o'er the brave,
And o'er the rescued slave,
Dear Lord above.

Bless all who for it fight,
Strong to defend the right,
And make them Thine;
That in each trying hour,
When wounded, sick and soar,
They bow to war's fell power,
Thy light may shine.

Thy love may soothe their pain,
Thy strength make strong again
The sinking soul.
And when our land shall be
At peace, and truly free,
Thine, Lord, the praise shall be,
While ages roll.

BANNER OF LIBERTY!

BY EMILY A. W. VINTON.

Strong is our love for thee,
Strong, deep, and pure.
Long may thy fair stars wave,
Here where the heart-sick slave
Pleads low, "O come to save!"
Trust and endure.

Yes, trust my brothers all,
List to the cheering call,
Hands clasp your own;
God hears the weakest prayer,
He makes your cause his care,
Though he a while forbear—
Your wrongs are known.

Banner of Liberty!
Close clings our heart to thee,
Precious each star;
Dear ones have died for thee,
Float o'er them proud and free,
Wave o'er them tenderly,
Buried afar:

Far from the dear old home,
(Ah! how the memories come!)
Proudly they died,
Just in young manhood's hour,
With its strong love and power,
Cut down like summer's flower,
They death defied.

Banner of Liberty!
How have we wept for thee,
Trampled in dust;
May thy dim stars grow bright,
Soon pass this dreary night,
Soon break the morning light,
In God we trust.

A Canadian newspaper, referring to the influx of sneaks from the States who cross into Canada to escape the draft, says: "They are coming, Father Abraham, 500,000 more, but, unfortunately for you, and for us, they are coming the wrong way."

SOUTH READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

SCHOOLS.—The public schools in town will commence next Monday morning, at 8 1-2 o'clock, with the exception of the Centre Junior Intermediate, (Miss Walton's,) which will be deferred until Tuesday morning. Miss Mary E. Mansfield takes the place of Miss Newhall of the North District, for the fall term, on account of the impaired health of Miss N.

BUSINESS CHANGE.—Charles E. Niles & Co. have disposed of their stock of boots and shoes to Mr. Greely Merrill, who is a manufacturer, and whose intention is to keep a large supply on hand, to meet the varied wants of the public.

SOLDIERS.—William Judson Mansfield and Albert H. Sweetser, are on the sick list and at home on furlough. William Learns and Barnard Freeman, their furloughs having expired, have returned to their respective hospitals. Alexander Turnbull, having faithfully performed the duty of a soldier for three years, has returned home to enjoy again the comforts of domestic life. Horace M. Warren, Adjutant 59th Regiment, was severely and dangerously wounded at the battle of the Weldon rail road.

AN ORDER.—One of our dry goods merchants recently received an order from a lady at New Orleans, for a few skeins of yarn, to be forwarded by mail, which was done. We have heard ladies express the desire to trade "where a little money would go *a good ways*."

JURORS.—Messrs. P. H. Sweetser and Everett U. Eaton, have been drawn as Jurors to the Superior Court, to be held at Lowell.

LATE ATTENDANCE AT CHURCH. This is an evil, confined to no particular locality, but practised by multitudes who would not submit to the accusation of delinquency in any thing else. Six days in the week they are strictly punctual in all that relates to business affairs. But how their customs are changed when the Sabbath arrives. Suppose on Saturday, one should take his stand near a railroad Depot on the approach of some given train. Some are there in readiness, others are coming in different directions, quickening their pace at the whistle of the advancing locomotive. The train stops, the passengers step on board, and none are left. They knew the time of starting and directed their steps accordingly. On Sunday let him locate himself in the vicinity of several churches about the time of the morning or afternoon service. The bells ring—pause—toll, then cease, and worshippers saunter along as though they had the day before them, or it were unimportant if they reached the place in season to become comfortably rested and be dismissed with others. From nearly every street they are still coming, some in carriages—and some on foot. The services commence, and he hears the voice of the preacher in prayer, and the deep toned organ with the rich music of the choir. Still he beholds them coming from the East and from West; from the North and from the South. They seem to have no particular object in view, save the one of "going to Church." In fifteen, or twenty or thirty minutes after the time the services should commence, all the *real worshippers* perhaps, have arrived within their respective sanctuaries, and those who are still seen walking the streets or riding for pleasure, are Sabbath breakers.

Our watchman can now retire from his post of observation, and reflect on the difference in the habits of the people on the first and seventh days of the week.

M.

WINCHESTER.

For the Middlesex Journal.

HIGH SCHOOL.—At the second examination of candidates for the High School last Saturday, eight of the fifteen applicants answered correctly the requisite number of questions and were granted permission to enter the school. This addition makes twenty-six new pupils for this term. The Committee, at a meeting on Saturday evening last, voted to have two sessions of this school each day instead of one long one of five hours duration. The first class are exempted from the afternoon session. This may be termed a retrograde step in the management of the school and will work, in the opinion of many, to its serious disadvantage. The one session for schools of this kind is adopted in Boston and our adjoining towns, as well as elsewhere, and has given general satisfaction, so far as one can judge from its continuance for so long a period of time, without any open opposition. In such a school as this, the pupils come from different sections of the town, some of them from a great distance. Again, it is well known that the studies in most cases can be better pursued in the quiet of the home rather than amid the bustle and numerous demands upon the pupil's attention during school hours. The plea is made, that not sufficient time is allowed during the one session to make the proper progress in the studies. In reply thereto, it may be said, that should the school have its session on Saturday as on other days, as it ought to under the circumstances, then the same amount of time would be obtained as by the other course. It is the general custom to keep school on Saturdays where the one session plan is adopted.

It will doubtless be remembered, that this question of one or two daily sessions of the High School was brought before the parents of the pupils by the action and report of a previous Committee nearly two years since in deciding upon two sessions, which induced a large number of the parents to sign a petition remonstrating against the change, and asking that the sessions might continue as formerly. The Committee, in acting upon the petition, had an earnest discussion, which resulted in the reconsideration of their vote, and the adoption of the one session, which has been continued for nearly two years. The change now proposed will lead to irregularity in the attendance of many of the pupils and in some cases to their exclusion from school. It should not be expected of young ladies to walk a distance of a mile or more four times a day in all sorts of weather, and with the roads in the horrible condition they often are in the winter season.

Therefore it is that this retrograde step, is to be regretted, especially at the present time, when we need rather to do all in our power to improve upon, rather than to adhere to old customs and forms in the management of our educational institutions.

☞ WILSON PALMER, a graduate of Dartmouth, and recently teacher of a Grammar School in West Cambridge, has been appointed Principal of the High School, at a salary of $800 per annum, and will enter upon his duties next Monday. He is one of three brothers who are teachers; one (Albert) is Usher in the Latin School Boston.

OUR QUOTA.—A meeting of the enrolled men was held last Tuesday evening, to see what measures should be taken towards securing the balance of our quota. A large number were in attendance, and it being stated that more money was needed to obtain the ten men deficient, a subscription paper was started on the spot, and over $1,000 put down. A Committee was appointed to obtain further subscriptions, and at last accounts they had received about $2,000.

FIRES.—Last Friday afternoon a fire broke out on Horn Pond Mountain, which caused an alarm and calling out of the engine, to no purpose, as nothing could be done by it, while the fire continued to burn until a considerable portion of the brush and combustible material over quite an extent of mountain had been consumed or partially destroyed. At the same time the pine woods on Grove street, adjoining Mr. Chapman's residence were discovered to be on fire, and with great difficulty were put out, after burning for some time over the tilly portion. Had there been a high wind and the air not damp, the damage done might have been a very serious one. They were probably caused by the carelessness of gunning parties or boys.

DESERTERS IN CANADA.—From the following extract from a letter dated at Windsor, Canada West, Aug. 25, it appears that the American skedaddlers have made a false step in flying from their patriotic responsibilities. It says:

"The condition of deserters from our army who have found an asylum in Canada, is pitiable in the extreme. Most of them are without money and are forced to earn a livelihood as best they may. The only avenues open are by hard labor, to which they are not always accustomed. Farm work, wood sawing, &c., comprise the branches to which they can turn their attention, and, as they are not generally able to compete with the more hardy Canadian laborers, they find themselves in a bad market. Many of them are almost literally starving, and if the Government would offer a general pardon to deserters, it is pretty certain that a considerable number would return to service."

Gen. Pope has written a letter to the War Department in which he recommends an entire change in our Indian policy, as the only guarantee of peace with the wild Western tribes. He disapproves of the system of Indian reservations, the payment of annuities, &c., which brings them into association with depraved white men, and makes their condition worse, morally and physically, than when in their native wildness. He asks that the military be left to deal with the Indians without the interference of Indian agents. The General is right.

CHINESE METHOD OF MENDING IRON.—The Chinese are dexterous menders of broken iron vessels. Their method is described by Dr. Lockhart. The surface of the broken vessel is first scraped clean. A portion of cast iron is then melted in a crucible no bigger than a thimble, in a furnace as large as the lower half of a tumbler. The iron when melted is dropped on a piece of felt covered with charcoal ashes. It is pressed inside the vessel against the hole to be filled up, and as it exudes on the other side it is struck and pressed with a small roll of felt covered with ashes. The new and old iron adhere, and the superfluous metal being removed, the vessel is as good as new.

Have you not put your happiness before duty? This is the mistake of many. Happiness, like a good name, follows right living. Duty is the road. Happiness is the pleasant city at the end of that road.

☞ Be patriotic, young man, and enlist.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.



HEAD-QUARTERS, BOSTON, Aug. 20, 1864.

GENERAL ORDER, NO. 32.

The Volunteer Militia of Massachusetts, as it existed previous to the beginning of the present war, having been almost entirely broken up by the enlistment of its members, individually and as Companies and Regiments, in the service of the United States, in response to the different calls of the President for troops for three months, nine months, one hundred days, one year and three years; and the laws establishing this Volunteer Militia being no longer in conformity with the system of organization prescribed by the laws of the United States, and it having been found impossible to recruit this militia under the laws as they stood, and the safety and honor of the Commonwealth imperatively demanding a well-organized militia for the common defence; the Legislature of Massachusetts at its last session passed an Act, entitled an Act concerning the Militia, which was approved on the 14th day of May last, and which is the 238th Chapter of the Acts of 1864, establishing a new system, in strict conformity to the Constitution and Laws of the United States and the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and by which all previous Acts concerning the militia were repealed;—

As it was known, however, that some of the old organizations still possessed a strong vitality,—as others were capable of being revived and resuscitated, and as there are many glorious associations connected with the names of Companies and Regiments which have won imperishable honor for themselves and for the State,—the Legislature, while abolishing the whole of the ancient system, provided that the Commander-in-Chief might continue in being and retain such Companies and Regiments of the old Volunteer Militia as he should see fit;—

By General Orders No. 22 of the 23d June, 1864, the different commanding officers were directed to make return to the Adjutant General, on or before the 10th of July, 1864, of the condition of their several commands, stating therein the number of men to be relied on for duty, with any suggestions they might think proper to make relative to the expediency of continuing or disbanding their commands.

From the returns made in response to this Order, and from all other accessible sources of information, the Commander-in-Chief has sought to determine what Companies and Regiments of the Volunteer Militia, and of the Independent Division of Militia, presented such proof of present efficiency, or of a power to recruit themselves so as to conform to the requirements of the law, as to warrant him in continuing and retaining them.

And in accordance with the results of such examination, it is hereby ordered that the Companies and Regiments hereinafter enumerated shall be continued and retained, viz:

CAVALRY.

1. The Company in Boston commanded by Capt. Lucius Slade, and heretofore known as Co. A, 1st Battalion Light Dragoons.
2. The Company in Boston commanded by Capt. C. T. Stevens, and heretofore known as Co. B, 1st Battalion Light Dragoons.
3. The Company in New Bedford commanded by Capt. George H. Shaw, and heretofore known as the company of Cavalry attached to the 2d Brigade, 1st Div. M. V. M.
4. The Company in Charlestown commanded by Capt. John P. Gilman, and heretofore known as a company attached to the Independent Division M. V. M.
5. The Company in Roxbury commanded by Capt R. Holmes, formerly known as the Roxbury Horse Guards.

These Companies will be hereafter designated, respectively, in the order above given, as Companies A B, C, D, E, of Cavalry of the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia; and, until the organization of new companies shall authorize the organization of one or more regiments, will remain unattached.

ARTILLERY.

1. The Company in Boston heretofore known as the 1st Light Battery, and commanded by Capt Lucius Cummings.
2. The Company in Boston commanded by Capt. Warren French, at present temporarily attached to the Forty-second Regiment of Infantry.

These Companies will be respectively designated in the order above given—as the First and Second Light Batteries Massachusetts Volunteer Militia.

INFANTRY.

The Third Regiment of Infantry, Lieutenant-Colonel James Barton commanding, will be retained under its present designation

And the following Companies of said Regiment:

1. The Company commanded by Capt. John W. Marble, of Freetown, now enlisted in the U. States' service for 100 days.
2. The Company commanded by Captain Thomas B. Griffith, of South Carver.
3. The Company commanded by Captain Joseph O'Neill, of Fall River, at present temporarily attached to the Sixtieth Regiment
4. The Company commanded by Captain David H. Dyer, of Fall River, and now in the United States' service for 100 days' duty.
5. The Company commanded by Captain Isaac A. Jennings, of New Bedford, and now enlisted in the United States' service for 100 days.
6. The Company commanded by Captain O. A. Baker, of Rehoboth, now enlisted in the United States' service for 100 days.
7. The Company commanded by Captain Jabez M. Lyle, of Fairhaven, now enlisted in the United States' service for 100 days.
8. The Company commanded by Lieut. Thomas J. Borden, of Fall River, formerly known as a company of the Independent Division of Militia.

These Companies will be henceforth designated and known, respectively, in the order above given, as companies A, B, C, D, E, H, I, K, of the Third Regiment of Infantry, M. V. M. The Company commanded by Captain Lewis Soule, of Abington, formerly known as Co. E of the Fourth Regiment, M. V. M., and at present in United States' service for 100 days, will be henceforth attached to the Third Regiment, unless the friends of the Fourth Regiment shall forthwith offer to reorganize the regiment and shall diligently recruit the same.

The Fifth Regiment of Infantry, Colonel George H. Peirson commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following Companies of said Regiment.

1. The Company commanded by Capt. George H. Homer, of Boston.
2. The company commanded by Capt. John W. Coffin, of Somerville.
3. The company commanded by Capt. George F. Bangs, of South Danvers.
4. The company commanded by captain George H. Marden, Jr., of Charlestown.
5. The company commanded by captain David L. Brown, of Marlborough.
6. The company commanded by captain Philip J. Cootey, of Boston.
7. The company commanded by captain Charles S. Converse, of Woburn.
8. The company commanded by captain D. Webster Davis, of Charlestown.
9. The company commanded by captain Andrew A. Powers, of Bolton.
10. The company commanded by captain Francis M. Sweetser, of Stoneham.

And these companies will be henceforth designated in the above order, respectively, as companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, and K, of the Fifth Regiment of Infantry, M. V. M.

The Sixth Regiment of Infantry, Colonel Albert S. Follansbee commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following companies of said Regiment:

1. The company commanded by captain Joseph M. Coombs, of Boston.
2. The company commanded by captain Geo. F. Shattuck, of Groton.
3. The company commanded by captain Benj. F. Goddard, of Lowell.
4. The company commanded by captain James W. Hart, of Lowell.
5. The company commanded by captain Frank H. Whitcomb, of Acton.
6. The company commanded by captain Henry W. Wilson, of Boston.
7. The company commanded by captain Nathan Taylor, of Lowell.
8. The company commanded by captain Moses E. Ware, of Roxbury.
9. The company commanded by captain Edward H. Staten, of Salem.
10. The company commanded by captain Edgar J. Sherman, of Lawrence.

And the said companies, in the above order, will be henceforth respectively designated as companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K, of the Sixth Regiment of Infantry.

The Eighth Regiment of Infantry, Colonel Benj. F. Peach, Jr., commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following companies of said Regiment:

1. The company commanded by captain Lewis A. Tifft, of Springfield.
2. The company commanded by captain Henry M. Lyons, of Adams.
3. The company commanded by captain Samuel Graves, of Marblehead.
4. The company commanded by captain William H. Merritt, of Lynn.
5. The company commanded by captain Samuel F. Littlefield, of South Reading.
6. The company commanded by captain Henry Stone, of Lynn.
7. The company commanded by captain Edward L. Low, of Gloucester.
8. The company commanded by captain William H. Landen, of Springfield.
9. The company commanded by captain Henry S. Shelton, of Boston.
10. The company commanded by captain Lafayette Butler, of Pittsfield.

And the said companies, in the above order, will be henceforth respectively designated as companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, and K, of the Eighth Regiment of Infantry, M. V. M.

The Forty-second Regiment of Infantry, Colonel Isaac S. Burrill commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following companies of said Regiment;

1. The company commanded by captain George M. Stewart, of Springfield.
2. The company commanded by captain Benj. C. Tinkham, of Medway.
3. The company commanded by captain Isaac B. White, of Boston.
4. The company commanded by captain Samuel A. Waterman, of Roxbury.
5. The company commanded by captain Augustus Ford, of Worcester.
6. The company commanded by captain Samuel S. Eddy, of Worcester.
7. The company commanded by captain Alanson H. Ward, of Worcester.
8. The company commanded by captain I. T. Stevens, of Braintree.
9. The company commanded by captain Benj. R. Wales, of Dorchester.

And the said companies, in the above order, will be henceforth respectively designated as companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G, I, and K, of the Forty-second Regiment of Infantry, M. V. M.

The Sixtieth Regiment of Infantry, Colonel Ansel D. Wass commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following companies of said Regiment:

1. The company commanded by captain Josiah Soule, Jr., of Abington.
2. The company commanded by captain F. Edwd. Bent, of Quincy.
3. The company commanded by captain Charles L. Sproul, of Bridgewater.
4. The company commanded by captain Moses H. Comset, of Boston.
5. The company commanded by captain Robert H. Chamberlain, of Worcester.
6. The company commanded by captain Barker B. Kent, of Boston.
7. The company commanded by captain Stephen D. Gardner, of Newburyport.
8. The company commanded by captain David Boynton, of Haverhill.
9. The company commanded by captain C. J. Woodward, of Shelburne Falls.

And the said companies, in the above order, will be henceforth respectively designated as A, B, C, E, F, G, H, I and K, of the Sixtieth Regiment of Infantry, M. V. M.

The following unattached companies will be retained.

1. The company commanded by captain Lewis J. Bird, of Boston.
2. The company commanded by captain Francis E. Porter, of Beverly.
3. The company commanded by captain Luther Dame, of Newburyport.
4. The company commanded by captain A. J. Hilbourne, of Chelsea.
5. The company commanded by captain A. L. Hamilton, of Lawrence
9. The company commanded by captain George H. Smith, of Boston.
11. The company commanded by captain J. C. Batcheller, of Lynn.
12. The company commanded by captain Charles F. Walcott, of Cambridge.
13. The company commanded by captain Robert W. Reeves, of Salem.
14. The company commanded by captain Lewis Gaul, Boston.

And said companies will be for the present designated, in the above order as the First Second, Third, Fourth, Eighth, Ninth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, and Fourteenth Unattached Companies of Infantry, M. V. M.

The above order well not apply to any Companies at present in the service of the United States, so as to alter the designation by which such Companies may be known in that service, until they shall have been mustered out of service.

Upon the return of the Regiments now in the U. States service, reorganization of the Regiments will be necessary, in order that each Regiment, for the purposes of drill and discipline, and to enable it to be readily assembled, may be composed as nearly as possible of Companies from the same neighborhood or district.

Books of enlistment will be at once issued by the Adjutant General (in conformity with section 18, chapter 238, Acts of 1864) to the commanders of all the Companies hereinbefore enumerated. All non-commissioned officers and privates of said Companies who shall not re-enlist in said Companies, in conformity with the provisions of said Act, will be at once discharged and cease to be members of said Companies. And the commanders of said Companies shall within thirty days return to the Adjutant General rolls of their respective Companies, upon blank forms to be furnished by the Adjutant General, in conformity with the provisions of section 10 of said Act; and all such Companies as shall not, within the said space of thirty days, have returned such rolls, or as shall appear by said rolls to be reduced to a less number than the minimum number of non-commissioned officers and privates by said act established for a Company of its arm, may be forthwith disbanded.

Application for the formation of new Companies of the Volunteer Militia must be made at once to the Adjutant General, as they will not be granted after the districting of the State for the formation of Companies of the Active Militia under the new statute shall have been commenced.

All organizations of the Volunteer Militia other than those hereinbefore enumerated as continued and retained, and excepting the two corps of Cadets which by said Act are expressly recognized and retained, are hereby disbanded, and all officers holding commissions in any such organization, and all general and staff officers of Divisions and Brigades, are hereby honorably discharged.

Provided, however, that any Regiment or Company of the Volunteer Militia not hereinbefore enumerated, which shall present to the Adjutant General within ten days satisfactory proof of its existence and power to recruit itself to the minimum strength required by said act for an organization of its arm, and shall account for its neglect to make returns to the General Order No. 22 of this year, may be reinstated and continued.

The Commander-in-Chief avails himself of this occasion to tender his thanks to the Major Generals, Brigadier Generals, and the various Field, Staff and Company Officers, who are by the operation of law discharged as aforesaid for their past fidelity and efficiency in the service; and he entertains the hope that the reorganization of the Militia will receive their constant and efficient co operation.

By order of His Excellency, JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander in-Chief.

WILLIAM SCHOULER,
Adjutant-General.

sept3—3t

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of JOHN CARTON, late of Woburn, in the County of Middlesex, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to SAM'L S. HOLTON. Adm.

Winchester, Aug. 23, 1864. sept3—3t

Administrator's Sale of Real ESTATE.

BY virtue of a License from the Court of Probate for Middlesex County, will be sold at Auction, on Monday, September 19th, 1864, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, all the Real Estate of the late JOHN PAINE, of Stoneham, in the County of Middlesex, consisting of about 26 acres of Tillage, Pasturage, and Meadow Land; situated mostly on the South side of the street, opposite his late residence and near the boundary line between Stoneham and South Reading.

Terms Cash, on the delivery of the deed.

EDWARD MANSFIELD, Administrator.

South Reading, Sept. 3. 1864. 3t

Married

In Boston, Aug. 24th, by Rev. E. E. Hale, assisted by Rev. S. D. Robbins, of Framingham, Dr. Alston W. Whitney, of Framingham, to Nellie S., daughter of Chas. J. Bishop, Esq., of Winchester.

Died

In Woburn, Aug. 26th, Patrick, son of Edward and Mary Flaherty, aged 1 year 4 months.

In Woburn, Aug. 27, Eddie B. Maxwell, aged 4 years, 4 months, 10 days.

In Woburn, Aug. 29th, James E., son of Thomas and Ann Salmon, aged 1 year, 10 months.

In Woburn, Aug. 29th, E. Agustus Hadley, son of Corpl. Ephraim W. Hadley, of Co. G, 5th, Mass. Regt., aged 18 years, 22 days.

In Woburn, Aug. 29, Mary A. Doughton, aged 50 years, 5 months.

In Woburn, Aug. 30, Susan M. Kendall, aged 66 years.

In Woburn, Aug. 30, William Pettingell, aged 6 weeks.

In Burlington, Aug. 26, Mrs. Lavinia G. Kendall, aged 56 years, 7 months, 15 days.

In South Reading, July 21, Mr. Thomas Skinner, aged 80 years.

In South Reading, Aug. 27, German S. Churchill, aged about 32 years.

Letters Remaining Unclaimed,

IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN, State of Massachusetts, 3d day of Sept. 1864.

☞ "To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for *'advertised letters,'* give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Brown Sophia	Flint Abbie M
Campbell John	Marion John H
Clark Lizzie S Mrs	McCormick Edgar
Converse John P	Murphy Patrick
Dean H M Mrs	Toomey Mary
Eagan John	Wilson Mary Jane

NATHAN WYMAN, P. M.

Special Notices.

WOBURN, Sept. 2, 1864.

☞ On and after this date I shall make no sales, except for cash.

sept3 W. C. BRIGHAM.

☞ The Annual Meeting of the Woburn Lyceum Hall Association, will be held at the office of the Woburn A. & M. Association, on Tuesday, sixth day of September next, at 7 1-2 o'clock, P. M., to choose officers for said Association, for the year ensuing, and to transact such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

JOHN JOHNSON, Sec'y.

Woburn, Aug. 27, 1864.

☞ The Soldier's True Friend.—For over forty years, Doctor Holloway has been supplying all the Armies of Europe with his Pills and Ointment, they having proved themselves the only medicines able to cure the worst cases of Dysentery, Scurvy, Sores, Wounds and Bruises. Every Knapsack should contain them.

If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. 232

EDITOR OF JOURNAL:—*Dear Sir*,—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail, to all who wish it (free) a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail with out charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
jy23—3m* 831 Broadway, New York.

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED?
DR. BUCHAN'S
ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESS, Impotency, premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual, and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced Price One Dollar per box. Sent post-paid by mail on receipt of an order. One box will perfect the cure in most cases Address

JAMES S. BUTLER,
General Agent, 427 Broadway, New York.
jy23—3m*

A Card to the Suffering.

SWALLOW two or three hogsheads of "Buchu," "Tonic Bitters," "Nervous Antidotes," &c., &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the result, then try one box of OLD DOCTOR BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS—and be restored to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the broken down and shattered constitution. Old and young can take them with advantage. Imported and sold in the United States only by

JAS. S. BUTLER,
No. 427 Broadway, New York,
☞ Agent for the United States.

P. S.—A box of the Pills, securely packed, will be mailed to any address on receipt of price, which is ONE DOLLAR, post paid—money refunded by the Agent if entire satisfaction is not given.
jy23—3m*

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

PROBATE COURT.

To the Heirs-at-law, Next of Kin, and all other Persons interested in the estate of Mary Duren, late of Woburn, in said County, widow, deceased, GREETING:

WHEREAS certain instruments purporting to be the last will and testament and two codicils of said deceased, have been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Abraham Duren who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named:

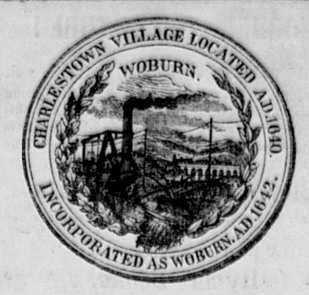
You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of September next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same.

And said Abraham Duren is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once a week for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Middlesex Journal, printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir, legatee, or devisee of said deceased, or his legal representatives, within two days after said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-third day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

aug27—3t* J. H. TYLER, Register.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBURN CENTRE.



SELECTMEN'S OFFICE,
WOBURN, July 7, 1864.

The attention of the citizens of Woburn, NOT LIABLE TO DRAFT, is respectfully called to the annexed Circular, and extracts from Gen. Order No. 23. It affords the opportunity to those interested in the success of the National cause, to give to the country the proof of their patriotism, by placing in the Army a personal representative.

All cannot go to the front and give their personal service, but every citizen has now the privilege of voluntarily placing his representative there, and thus aiding to secure the prompt and decisive overthrow of the rebellion.

Let the citizens of Woburn nobly respond to this new call on their patriotism.

All persons enlisting as representative recruits under this authority, will receive the Town Bounty of One Hundred and Twenty-Five Dollars.

By order of the Board of Selectmen,
A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
PROVOST-MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., June 26, 1864.

Persons not fit for military duty and not liable to draft, from age or other causes, have expressed a desire to be personally represented in the Army. In addition to the contributions they have made in the way of bounties, they propose to procure at their own expense, and present for enlistment, recruits to represent them in the service. Such practical patriotism is worthy of special commendation and encouragement. Provost-Marshals, and all other officers acting under this Bureau, are ordered to furnish all the facilities in their power to enlist and muster promptly the acceptable *representative recruits* presented, in accordance with the design herein set forth.

The name of the person whom the recruit represents will be noted on the Enlistment and Descriptive Roll of the recruit, and will be carried forward from those papers to the other official records which form his military history.

Suitably prepared certificates of this *personal representation* in the service will be forwarded from this office, to be filled out and issued by Provost-Marshals to the persons who put in *representative recruits*.

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost-Marshal General.

FROM GEN. ORDER NO. 23.

The men enlisted under the provisions of the above circular will be entitled to the bounty from the State; and their families the State Aid. These men are *Representative Recruits*,—that is to say, men induced to enlist, by the exertions of patriotic men who who are not themselves liable to do military service, and not substitutes who are enlisted in the place of men either liable to military duty, or who have been drafted.

By order of His Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander in-Chief.

WILLIAM SCHOULER,
Adjutant General.

jy9

PUTNAM CLOTHES-WRINGER.

THE ONLY RELIABLE SELF-Adjusting Wringer.

The frame being of Iron thoroughly galvanized, all danger from rust is removed, and the liability to shrink, swell, split, &c so unavoidable in the wooden machines, is prevented.

No thumb-screws or complicated fastenings to wear out or get out of order; it can be fastened firmly to the tub in a single second.

WARRANTED WITH OR WITHOUT COG-WHEELS.

It took the FIRST PREMIUM at FIFTY-SEVEN State and County Fairs in 1863, and is without exception the best Wringer ever made.

Instead of believing the statements of parties interested in the sale of other Wringers,

TRY IT, AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELF.

Test it THOROUGHLY with ANY and ALL others, and if not entirely satisfactory, return it.

It will wring anything from a thread to a bed quilt without alteration.

Patented in the United States, England, Canada, and Australia. Energetic men can make from $3 to $10 per day. Agents wanted in every town.

Putnam Manufacturing Co.—

GENTLEMEN:—I know from practical experience that iron well galvanized with zinc will not oxidize or rust one particle. I can safely say, after several years' experience in the manufacture of chain for chain-pumps and water-drawers, in which I have tested the affinity of iron and zinc, that if the process be conducted properly, it is a perfect weld of the two.

Nearly one year ago my family commenced using one of your Wringers. It now performs all of its functions as well as it did the first time it was used, and has become an indispensible article with us. I have closely observed several other kinds of clothes-wringers, the modus operandi being different, trying to produce the same results as the Putnam Wringer, but in my judgment they have failed. The Putnam Wringer is as near perfect as possible, and I can cheerfully recommend it to be the best in use.

Respectfully yours.
JNO. W. WHEELER
Cleveland, Ohio.

Many years' experience in the galvanizing business enables me to endorse the above statement in all particulars.

JNO. C. LEEFERTS,
No. 100 Beekmann Street.
New York, January, 1864.

No. 2, $5.50; No. 1, $6.00; No. A, $8.00.

Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail by THE PUTNAM MANUFACTURING CO.,
No. 13 Platt Street, New York, and Cleveland, Ohio.

S. C. NORTHROP, Agent.

THE HISTORY
OF
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

The most remarkable medicine of the day, and the many cures that have been performed with it in cases of Liver Complaint, Dispepsia, Nervous Debility, and other diseases arising from a disordered stomach or liver, places it at once among the most astonishing discoveries that has taken place in the medical world. The diseases to which bitters are applicable are so universal that there are but few of our friends who may not test their virtues in their own families or circle of acquaintances, and prove to their own satisfaction that there is at least one remedy among the many advertised medicines, deserving the public commendation.

For sale by druggists and dealers everywhere.
jy30—2m

BE WISE BY TIMES.

Do not trifle with your health, constitution, and character. If you are suffering with any diseases for which

HELMBOLD'S EXTRA BUCHU

is recommended.

TRY IT! TRY IT! TRY IT!

It will cure you, save long suffering, allaying Pain and inflammation, and will restore you to HEALTH AND PURITY.

At little expense and no exposure. Cut out the advertisement in another column, and call or send for it.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!
Ask for Helmbold's Take no other.
CURES GUARANTEED.
jy30—2m

Instruction on the Piano-Forte.

Mrs. L. M. DALTON, would like to procure a few pupils for instruction on the Piano-Forte.—Her experience enables her to give thorough instruction, and she invites those wishing to take lessons to call upon her at her residence, CANAL STREET, WOBURN.

Woburn, June 10, 1864. 37—3m.

CENTRAL HOUSE,

MAIN STREET, WOBURN, MASS.

THE undersigned, having completed the alterations and repairs on this commodious and centrally located Hotel, is now prepared to receive transient and permanent boarders. Gentlemen, with their families, can be accommodated with excellent rooms, newly furnished

No expense will be spared in an endeavor to make the Central House equal to any hotel in the County. The tables are always supplied with the best the market affords, and in this respect the proprietor feels sure that he can give satisfaction to his guests.

The STABLES connected with the establishment have recently been put in fine order, and horses and carriages are to let—day or night.

L. B. NORRIS, Proprietor.

Woburn, Aug. 20, 1864.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX ss.

PROBATE COURT.

WHEREAS, THOMAS B. SKINNER, of South Reading, has presented to said Court, for Probate, an instrument purporting to be the last will of

THOMAS SKINNER,

late of South Reading, in said County of Middlesex, deceased; all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of September next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir of said deceased, within two days after said first publication.

Witness WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of the said Court, this eighth day of August, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-four.

aug13—3w J. H. TYLER, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX ss.

PROBATE COURT.

WHEREAS, EDWARD MANSFIELD, of South Reading, has petitioned said Court to grant him a letter of administration, with the Will annexed, on the estate of

JEREMIAH BROWN,

of South Reading, in said County of Middlesex, deceased; all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of September next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively, in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir of said deceased, within two days after said first publication.

Witness WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of the said Court, this eighth day of August, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-four.

aug13—3w J. H. TYLER, Register.

FRANK B. DODGE,

WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER

ALSO, DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated-Ware, Musical Instruments, Fancy Goods, &c

☞ *Melodeons For Sale and to Let.*

WADE BLOCK, MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

4711 Farina Cologne 4711

Celebrated for its excellence all over the world. For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

VERNATELLA.

WARRANTED TO MAKE THE

SOLES OF BOOTS AND SHOES

WATER AND DAMPNESS PROOF,

AND WEAR ONE-THIRD LONGER.

VERNATELLA,

is a preparation from Copper, having no grease. Linseed oil, or anything of the kind, and when the soles are once saturated with it, water can no more get through them than through copper itself.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

AT RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

But its cost to the purchaser is really NOTHING, as it makes the soles wear enough longer to more than pay for it, leaving as a net gain the making of them Water and Dampness Proof and the preservation thereby of that priceless gem, the health.

LADIES, READ THIS.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH!

Use Vernatella on the soles of your Shoes. It makes them water proof and thereby protects your feet from dampness, for the ground is always more or less moist, either from rain or the morning and evening dew.

At Wholesale in Boston by

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 38 Hanover street.
S. M. COSCORD & CO, 86 Hanover street.
M. S. BURR & CO., 26 Tremont street.
CARTER, RUST & CO., 43, Hanover street.

And Wholesale Druggists generally. Also by all the Principal Dealers in Boots and Shoes.

Manufactured in the CHEMICAL DEPARTMENT of the

Cahoon Manufacturing Company.

WYMAM & TYLER, Agents.
40—7m 82, Water street, Boston.

ATKINSON'S FRENCH PLASTER. Highly Recommended for CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD JOINTS, NAILS INGROWING, or any Disease of the Feet.

This Plaster effects a cure without pain or inconvenience. After the application the boot or shoe can be worn with perfect ease. Warranted not injurious. Procured of all principal druggists and Boot and shoe dealers. Made only by W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., Tremont corner Boylston streets, Boston, Mass. Wholesale agents, G. C. Goodwin & Co.; John Wilson, Jr., & Co., Boston.

ATKINSON'S FURNITURE POLISH. For VARNISHED or POLISHED FURNITURE, this excellent Polish will not fail to restore furniture to its original brilliancy. After using this preparation, the touch of the hand will not leave a mark or soil furniture.

Obtained at the principal dealers in furniture, and traders generally. W. D. ATKINSON, JR., manufacturer Tremont corner Boylston streets, Wholesale agents, Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. Warranted not to injure the varnish. 40 3m



FAIRBANKS & BEARD,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Mineral and Soda Waters,

ALE, PORTER, and CIDER.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Miles's Croton Cream Ale.

Orders by Express or mail filled with same goods and at same prices as if the customer applied in person.

Orders for ALE, CIDER and PORTER, for exportation, promptly put up.

Howard Athenæum Building,
Howards st., Boston.
MOSES FAIRBANKS. JOSIAH BEARD.

Apprentice Wanted.

☞ A Smart, intelligent boy, to learn the printing business. Apply at the Journal Office.

BOSTON AND LOWELL

And Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Stony Brook Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowel Railroads.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 16th, 1864, trains will leave BOSTON for—

Upper Railroads, 6.00, 8 00 a m, 12.00, 5.30 p m.
Wilton, Milford, Danforth's Corner, S. Merrimack 8.00 a.m. 12,00, 5.30 p. m.
Nashua, 6-00, 8-00† am, 12 m, 5 30 pm
Tyngsboro', No. Chelmsford 6.00am, 12.00, 5.30pm
Groton Junction 10.00 (exp) a.m., 2.30 p. m.
Lowell, 6.00, 8.00†, 10.00 am, 12-00 (exp), 2.30, 5.30 (exp), 6 pm.
North Billerica, Billerica & Tewksbury, Wilmington, 6.00, 10.00 a m, 2,30, 6.00 p m.
S. Wilmington, N. Woburn, 10 a m, 2.30, p m.
Woburn W. S., 6.00, 10.00, a.m., 2 30, 6.00 p m.
E. Woburn, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, a m. 2.30, 3.00, 5.10, 7.30* pm.
Winchester and West Medford, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, am, 2.30, 3,00, 5.10, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p m.
College Hill 6.45, 10.00, 11.30 a.m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p.m.

Mondays at 11.30 p. m., a train leaves for Lowell, Nashua and Way Stations.

The 10.00 A. M., and 2.30 P. M., Trains from Boston stop at Milk Row, Somerville Centre, and College Hill Stations, to take passengers for Stations above Winchester.

* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BOSTON LEAVE

Wilton at 6.15, 11.00 a. m. 3.30 p m.
Milford, 6.20, 11.05, a. m. 3.55 p m.
Danforth's Corner, 6.30, 11-13, a m, 4.08 p m.
South Merrimack, 6.35, 11-21 a m, 4.23 p m.
Nashua at 7.00, 11-45, a m, 5.00, 8.40† p m,
Tyngsboro' 7.15, 11.57 a.m., 5.12 pm.
North Chelmsford, 7-22, 12.06 a.m., 5.19 p.m.
Groton Junction, 8.00 a m, 12.45 p m.
Lowell 7, 7.30* 9.30, a m, 12.15*, 2.15, 5.30*, 9*pm.
North Billerica 7.09, 9.39 a m. 2.29, 5.41, p m.
Billerica and Tewksbury 7.16, 9 46 a m, 2.29, 5.47 p m.
Wilmington at 7 26 9-55 a m, 2,39, 5.55, p m.
South Wilmington 10.00 a m, 2.43 p m.
North Woburn 10.03 a m, 2.45 p m.
Woburn Watering Station at 7.39, 10-08 a m, 2.53, 6.04 p.m.
East Woburn at 7-00, 9.00, 10-00 a m, 1.15, 2.54, 5.00 6-30, p m.
Winchester at 6.05, 7.05 7.45, 9.05, 10-15 a m, 1.20, 3.00, 5.05, 6-35, 8.20, p m.
West Medford at 6.15, 7.15, 7.52, 9.15, 10 22 am 1.30 3.07, 5.15, 6-45, 8.25 p m.
College Hill 6.19, 7.19, 9.19 a.m., 1.33, 3.10, 5.19, 6.47 8 28 p. m.

*Or on arrival of trains from Nashua.
†Northern Depot.

The 9.30 A. M., and 2 15 P. M., Trains from Lowell stop at College Hill, Somerville Centre, and Milk Row Stations, to leave Passengers from Stations above Winchester.

Woburn Branch.

Trains for Woburn Centre, leave Boston, at 6.45 11.30, a. m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30,* p. m.

Trains leave Woburn Centre for Boston, at 6.00, 7.00, 7.40, 9 a m. 1.15, 5.00, 6.30, 8-15 p m.

* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

Stoneham Branch.

The Trains on this Road will leave Boston (from Lowell Railroad Depot) for Stoneham, at 6-45, and 11-30 A M, 3-00, 5-10, and 7-30* P M.

Leave Stoneham for Boston, at 6 59, and 8-5† A M, 1-00, 4-52, and 6-22 P M.

* Saturdays at 10-00 P.M.

J. B. WINSLOW, Superintendant,
B. L. and N. & L. R. R.



COAL, LUMBER, &C.

THE firm of AYER & MCDONALD having been dissolved, the subscriber respectfully gives notice to the inhabitants of Woburn and vicinity, that he will continue the business, at the same stand, in all its branches, and trusts by giving strict attention to business, and always keeping on hand the different kinds of COAL, WOOD and LUMBER, to receive that generous share of public patronage which has been accorded to the late firm during the past year.

LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

OFFICE—Immediately adjoining the North end of the Depot, Woburn Centre.

JOS. B. McDONALD.

Woburn Feb, 13th, 1863.

CHARLES A. SMITH,
DEALER IN
American and Foreign
DRY GOODS,
Bank Block, - - Woburn

A LARGE ASSORTMENT,
OF
Drugs and Medicines,
AND FANCY ARTICLES.

For sale at the lowest market prices, by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

L. H. ALLEN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,

FURNISHES at his Wareroom, four doors north of depot, Caskets of all sizes and qualities. Black Walnut, Mahogany, White Wood, and Pine coffins, of every size and price. Plates of various styles, and Plain and Fancy Handles. Tibet, Cashmere, Colored, Lawn, Muslin, and Cambric Shrouds. Metallic Caskets furnished at the shortest notice. Every thing fur

DON'T FAIL TO READ THIS.

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

The East India Coffee CO.,

154 READE ST., (three doors from Greenwich Street), N. Y., call universal attention to their

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE

—o—

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, has all the flavor of OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA, and is but half the price; and also that

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE has twice the strength of Java, or any other Coffee whatever and wherever used by our first class hotels and steamboats, the stewards say there is a saving of 50 per cent.

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, is the most healthy beverage known, and is very nutritious. The weak and infirm may use it at all times with impunity. The wife of the Rev. W. Eaves, local minister of the M. E. Church, Jersey city, who has not been able to use any coffee for fifteen years, can use

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, three times a day without injury, it being entirely free from those properties that produce nervous excitement.

Dr. JAMES BOYLE, of 156 CHAMBERS STREET, says: "I have never known any Coffee so healthy, nutritious, and free from all injurious qualities as

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, I advise my patients to drink it universally even those to whom I have hitherto prohibited the use of coffee."

The PRINCIPAL OF THE NEW YORK EYE INFIRMARY says: "I direct all the patients of our Institution to use exclusively

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, and would not be without it on any account."

The Rev. C. LAURE, an eminent clergyman of the M. E. Church, now stationed at Halsey street, Newark, says of

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, "I have used it nearly a year in my family, and find it produces no ache of the head or nervous irritation, as in the case of all other Coffees. It is exceedingly pleasant, and I cordially recommend it to all clergymen and their families."

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE, is used daily by the families of Bishop Ames, Bishop Baker, Bishop James, and many of the most distinguished clergymen and professional men in the country."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

and be sure that the packages are labeled

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
154 Reade Street, New York.

as there are numerous counterfeits afloat under the name of "Genuine East India Coffee." "Original East India Coffee," etc., put forth by impostors to deceive the unwary.

In 1 lb. packages, and in boxes of 36, 60, and 100 lbs., for Grocers and large consumers. Sold by Grocers generally.

Orders from Country Grocers solicited, to whom a very liberal discount will be made.

Wholesale Agents; Hoffish & Molan, and W. J. Heiss & Brother Philadelphia; Francis H. Perry, Providence; A. L. Waite & Co., Boston; Pynchon & Lee, Springfield, Mass; S. N. Callender, Buffalo; Gorden M'Millan & Co, Cleveland; A. A. Colter & Co., Cincinnati; J. & J. W. Bunn, Springfield, Ill.; H. B. Shields, Corydon, Ind.; and C. C. Garber, Chicago.

The Am. Adv. Agency 308 Broadway, N. Y., will receive orders for the above named Coffee.

Business Department—E. ALFORD.
Corresp. Dep.—FOWLER & WELLS.

MIDDLESEX JOURNAL

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Main Street, Woburn.

WE call the attention of the public to the facilities of the above establishment for the execution of

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PRINTING.

We are prepared to supply all classes of the community with any kind of printing they may need.

BLANK BOOKS,
INSURANCE POLICIES,
BANK CHECKS,
CIRCULARS,
PROGRAMMES,
PAMPHLETS,
ORDER OF EXERCISES,
LEGAL BLANKS,
BILL HEADS,
CATALOGUES.
SERMONS,
NOTE BOOKS,
BLANK RECEIPTS,
BUSINESS CARDS,
ADDRESS CARDS,
BALL CARDS,
ORDER OF DANCES,
SHOW BILLS,
POSTERS,
AUCTION BILLS,
SHOP BILLS,
MILK BILLS,
LABELS,
&c., &c., &c.

Particular attention paid to printing

POSTERS OF EVERY SIZE.

Also—Visiting, Wedding, Ball and Business Cards.

☞ Persons in the adjoining towns who may wish printing done, can send their orders by mail, or otherwise, and rest assured that they will be promptly and correctly filled.

JOURNAL PRINTING ROOMS,

MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

FARINA COLOGNE!

Just received and for sale by

W. C. BRIGHAM.

TO THE LADIES OF AMERICA

Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,
The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!

Lyon's Periodical Drops
Lyon's Periodical Drops
Lyon's Periodical Drops
Lyon's Periodical Drops
Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!
Are Better Than Pills!

Lyon's Periodical Drops are
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation
The Only Fluid Preparation

ever brought before the public, and as a diuretic and specific for irregularities, challenges the world to produce an equal: they are, in the most obstinate cases,

Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!
Reliable, And Sure To Do Good!

And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
And Cannot Do Harm,
If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!
If The Directions Are Adhered To!

Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!
Safe At All Times!

except when expressly forbidden in the directions which are wrapped around each bottle, and have the written signature of DR. JNO. LYON, upon them.

None Others Are Genuine!
None Othere Are Genuine!
None Others Are Genuine!
None Othere Are Genuine!

Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!
Beware Of Counterfeits!

They cure all those ills to which the female system is subjected with dispatch and a degree of certainty which nothing but a scientifically compounded fluid preparation could reach.

Use No Other!
Use No Other!
Use No Other!
Use No Other!

For my Drops stand before the world as the *ne plus ultra* of all remedies, for the cure of all diseases of the kidneys and bladder, Leucoreah, Prolapsus, and the mild, but positive correction of all irregularities.

Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!
Do Not Be Imposed Upon!

by those who have other preparations, which they desire to palm off upon the strength of the popularity of my Drops, and who recommend their own nostrums, thus appropriating to themselves the constant demand for my Periodical Drops, as a medium for selling something which is worthless and inefficient. But when the Druggist you apply to has not got them, either make him buy them for you, or else enclose One Dollar to the nearest General Wholesale Agent, who will return you a bottle by return Express.

You will thus save yourself trouble and obtain relief from the greatest FEMALE REGULATOR of the Nineteenth Century.

Over 25,000 Bottles of this medicine have been sold within the last SIX months, and every Lady that has used them, but for the nature of the cure would furnish us with her sworn certificate of their efficacy. It takes but One Dollar to make the experiment, and I appeal to those of your sect who are suffering—will you waste away when a single Dollar will give you instant relief.

Prepared solely by DR. JNO. L. LYON, Practicing Physician.

Price $1 per bottle.

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
New Haven, Conn.

General Agents for United States and Canadas.

☞ For Sale at Wholesale by—
D. S. BARNES & Co., New York.
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston.

50—1y.

FEMALE STRENGTHENING CORDIAL

THIS Medicine is of long tried efficacy for correcting all disorders incidental to the feminine sex. That the afflicted may feel assured that this Cordial is truly valuable and worthy their confidence,—not one of those secret compounds purposed to destroy healthy action,—I add a few testimonials from physicians who all favor the Eclectic and Reformed Practice of Medicine.

Dr. Willard C. George, formerly Professor in the Worcester Medical College, and President of the Eclectic Medical Society, Mass., speaks of it in the following terms:

"I have used the Female Strengthening Cordial similar to that prepared by Dr. Geo. W. Swett, 106 Hanover Street, and I regard it as one of the best Medicines for Female Complaints that can be found."

Dr. J. King, Author of "Woman: Her Diseases and their treatment," says:

"This Medicine appears to exert a specific influence on the Uterus. It is a valuable agent in all derangments of the Female Reproducive Organs."

Dr E Smith, President of the New York Association of Botanic Physicians, says:

"No Female, if in delicate health, should omit the timely use of this valuable Cordial. I owe much of my success in midwifery to the use of this Medicine."

Mothers and Married Ladies!

The following from Dr. Fay is well worthy your notice—

"As a general remedy for Female Complaints this 'Cordial' is a very valuable one, but by the Profession it is esteemed more highly for its good results during Confinement in relieving the great suffering attendant upon childbirth. I acknowledge with Dr. Smith that much of my success in midwifery is due to the use of this medicine. It strengthens both mother and child. In such cases I follow the directions of Prof. King, by allowing my patients to use it a few weeks previous to confinement, as by the energy it imparts to the Uterine nervous system the labor will be very much facilitated, and removes the cramps which many females are liable to. No woman, if she knew the great value of this Strengthening Cordial would fail to use it."

I have received numerous testimonials from different parts of the country where used. Knowing the good it is capable of doing, I will warrant every bottle of my "Cordial" to be satisfactory in its results.

The following symptoms indicate those affections in which the Female Strengthening Cordial has proved invaluable—

Indisposition to Exertion, Wakefulness, Uneasiness, Depression of Spirits, Trembling, Loss of Power, Pain in the Back, Alternate Chills and Flushing of Heat, Dragging Sensation at the Lower Part of the Body, Headache, Languor, Aching along the Thighs, Intolerance of Light and Sound, Pale Countenance, Derangement of the Stomach & Bowels, Difficult Breathing, Hysteria, &c., &c.

It is a specific remedy in all Uterine Diseases, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Irregularity, Painfulness, Profuse or Suppression of Customary Discharges, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Scirrhus or Ulcerated State of the Uterus, Sterility, &c., &c.

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Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation, Colic, Intermittent Fevers, Cramps and Spasms, and all Complaints of either Sex, arising from Bodily Weakness whether inherent in the system or produced by special causes.

NOTHING that is not wholesome, genial and restorative in its nature enters into the composition of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. This popular preparation contains no mineral of any kind, no deadly botanical element; no fiery extant; but it is a combination of the extracts of rare balsamic herbs and plants with the purest and mildest of all diffusive stimulants.

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COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, a Positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calcareous depositions, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

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Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves, Trembling,
Horror of Disease, Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,
Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face,
Pallid Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

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In one of which the Patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "Direful Diseases,"

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Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, *but none will confess. The records of the insane asylums*

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In many Affections peculiar to Females the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leuchorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

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In all their Stages, At little Expense,
Little or no change in Diet, No inconvenience,
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It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous, Diseased and wornout Matter.

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Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

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Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

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Will soon disapper by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's should be recommended for Dysentery and Fulx, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

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Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all round it, then covered with a piece of linen from his Knapsack and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's Knapsack and Seaman's Chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies

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Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chapped Hands.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ringworms.

And from Sores and Wounds of the most serious nature down to a common Pimple. It eradicates Pimples from the face, and beautifies the skin. There is no preparation before the public that can equal this Salve in prompt and energetic action for the speedy cure of external diseases, as those who have tried its virtues testify. Soldiers, Sailors, and Fishermen, will find this Salve their best friend.

It has none of the irritating, heating properties of other remedies, but cools, cleanses, and heals the most serious Sores and Wounds. Every family and especially those containing children, should keep a box on hand in case of accident, for it will save them much trouble, suffering, and money. All it wants is a fair trial to cure old and inveterate Sores.

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Each Box has the above cut and the facsimile of the proprietor's signature attached to it, which is duly copyrighted.

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Paper Hanging, White-washing and Coloring done in the neatest manner. Also, Graining an Marbling. Sashes and Blinds of every description furnished. PAINTS, OIL and GLASS, of the best quality, constantly on hand.

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Vol. XIII : : No. 50. WOBURN, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1864. TWO DOLLARS A YEAR SINGLE COPY 5 CENTS

THE BLACK EXCHANGE.

A STORY OF CHARLESTON.

[Concluded.]

I knew the cause of poor Letty's condemnation, one which Mr. Fosbrook would not acknowledge, had it been made known to him; and I also knew that talking to ladies of Mrs. Fosbrook's mould against any piece of spleen was about as useful as talking against the tide. I went, nevertheless, as requested, got on the subject, and made nothing of it. Mrs. Fosbrook discoursed of her principles, her responsibility, and her sense of duty; but on Letty's being disposed of, sent off the plantation, sold, in short, she was resolved, beyond the power of argument. I suggested that, if it were thought proper to remove the girl, she might be apprenticed or boarded out; but Mrs. Fosbrook would hear of no such compromise. It was contrary to her principles to raise colored people so far above their natural position. Letty's mother had been bought and sold, and so should she. I mentioned how hard it would be to part them, the girl so young, and the woman having no other child; but Mrs. Fosbrook was clear on keeping Elva, she was such a charming worker. Who would do her sleeves and collars properly, if Elva were gone? Besides, the woman was not at all attached to her daughter. No doubt, that was Letty's fault, though she had not observed it before. Elva was uncommonly sensible for a person of color, and would know it was all for the best.

"You'll be sorry to part with Letty?" said I to Miss Letitia, who at that moment came in from her evening walk.

"Yes, no; that is, if mamma thinks it right;" and the young heiress admired her new Paris bonnet in the chimney-glass. The bringing out and the jealousy had done their work—there was no hope from that quarter; and I could only go back to my office with an earnest wish that the ladies might change their minds. I had heard nothing from the Hall, and kept well out of it for three weeks, when Mr. Fosbrook once more called. I'll do him the justice to say he looked more worried than ever, and throwing himself into a chair, said—"It's of no use, Clarkson; that business must be done. I have no peace at home day nor night, and I'll stand it no longer. No doubt Mrs. Fosbrook knows better than I do about girls, black or white. Letty must go; I know it is the best thing for her too, Clarkson. They wouldn't be kind to her, if I held out; and her mother don't care about the girl. She cares for nobody, as far as I see, but Mrs. Fosbrook, though it was she that made me part Elva from her husband. That always went against my mind, yet you see it has turned out well, and so may this. She is a very observant woman. You'll do the best you can, Clarkson. I don't care about the price—it may go to buy the girl clothes—but find some good, honest, kindly home for her, where she will be taken care of, and get into no mischief or hard work. After bringing her up with my own girl, and she so pretty and good-tempered, whatever they may say of her now, I couldn't rest in my house if Letty were not well provided for; but you'll do the best you can."

I promised to do so, being by this time aware of the necessity. Since Letty had become a cause of family disquiet, her immediate removal was the best thing for all parties; but I had some difficulty in finding the sort of purchaser which Mr. Fosbrook's instructions and my own inclinations urged me to seek. At length, however, as price was no object, I hit upon a member of the beforementioned land-company, whom its business had brought to Charleston from the borders of the Dismal Swamp in North Carolina, where he had reclaimed and brought into cultivation an extensive farm, which with the help of three maiden sisters, he was making a small Mount Harmony of his own. Whether they were Dunkers, Shakers, or New Jerusalemites, I never ascertained; but he and his managing sisters I knew to be just, conscientious and kindly. Letty would be safe and well among them, once she got reconciled to the new life, and far enough out of Mrs. Fosbrook's way. I thought it would be terrible work breaking the news to her; but the lady of high principles made no ceremony about that, and poor Letty seemed to have expected something of the kind. Fosbrook told me she never said a word, but bowed her head and stole away with tears in her eyes.

A strange and hopeless resignation seemed to have come over the girl; she did not cry or lament, but packed up her clothes as she was told, took a quiet, kindly leave of all the negroes—there was not a dry eye among them but her own—bade Mrs. Fosbrook good-by with the same gentle sadness, and going up to her former playfellow, said—"Farewell, Miss Letitia. I hope you will get a better maid, and be always happy; but I did not think you would see me sold and sent away." On hearing that, the heiress began to cry violently, and at last went into hysterics, for which Mrs. Fosbrook scolded Letty. The master of the Hall had gone off on a shooting excursion, I charitably believe, to spare himself the scene; and I saw her safe off, little trunk and all, in the good farmer's traveling wagon, and went back to my office with a relieved mind.

Elva had made no demonstrations at her daughter's departure. The footman told me afterwards that she had gone privately to Mrs. Fosbrook, when the matter was first guessed at, and begged of her earnestly but calmly, not to send her child from her; but that excellent lady heard her with the same unmoved composure to which I had been treated, and made the woman understand that her intentions were to be acquiesced in, and should be carried out. Elva subsided into resignation at once, parted quietly with her daughter, and continued to stitch away in her own room or the back verandah, as if nothing had happened. If the woman had any repinings or regrets, the Fosbrooks were too much occupied to notice them, for the colonel came back the week after Letty's departure. If he missed her, nobody was allowed to be aware of it; he must have heard of the transaction from some one about the house, and that visit was not a long one. But the Fosbrooks paid him every attention, wrote, invited, sent tokens of their remembrance, and in a couple of months more the colonel came back again; by that time, having probably made up his mind that there was no more prudent course for him, the heir-at-law, than to marry the heiress-apparent, as the family were willing and the young lady nothing loath. He came and paid attentions accordingly. All the Fosbrooks' circle knew it would be a match, and a match it was. Having fairly commenced his suit, the colonel would lose no time; he must rejoin his regiment, which might be ordered to Florida, where the Indians were then giving trouble. Of course he was an impatient lover, as all men are at forty years. So the Fosbrooks gave their consent. It was early for Miss Letitia to enter on the responsibilities of married life; but girls marry young in South Carolina, and the dark complexion and large growth made her look beyond her years.

The wedding was celebrated with great pomp, in the most fashionable church of Charleston; there were half a score of bridemaids, and finery enough to keep the ladies talking for a fortnight. I forgot the number of dresses and the amount of bridal presents provided for the heiress; they were sufficient to have turned the head of a wiser girl. Everybody agreed that Miss Letitia had the surest prospect of happiness. She certainly queened it wonderfully for the middle of her sixteenth year. The colonel was her own choice, as well as that of her parents, notwithstanding the disparity of their age. On his account she had parted with her early playfellow, and in the fuss, the grandeur, and the novelty, seemed to have forgotten that Letty ever existed. I suppose Mrs. Fosbrook forgot too, she was so engaged with the glory of her house, and preaching about their overflowing cup and the duty of thankfulness. But the master of the Hall did not forget, though he had gone to shoot, for fear of the scene which did not take place at her going away; he spoke of the poor girl often in my office, and made me write to the good people in North Carolina, inquiring about her. Their reports were all favorable as regarded Letty's conduct—her patience, her gentleness, her good-nature, were subjects of continual praise from the farmer and his managing sisters; but they wrote only in reply to my letters; I had not written for some time, till Fosbrook reminded me of it a few days before the wedding; and the answer grieved us both, for it stated that poor Letty, though she took kindly to the place and people, seemed to pine away latterly, and had caught the swamp-fever, from which she had no strength to recover, and died on the very day of Miss Letitia's marriage. Fosbrook could not keep the news to himself, though he at first promised to do so; but in the general excitement it seemed to effect nobody in the Hall, not even Elva, which Mrs. Fosbrook thought an additional proof of her good sense. She had undertaken the breaking of the news to the bereaved mother, and performed it to her own satisfaction. I believe she also broke it to the colonel and his bride when they returned from that indispensable excursion which people must take after the ceremony of white veils and orange blossoms, the half-score of bridemaids and elegant *dejeuner*. They do these things in style in South Carolina; and Miss Letitia had come through them so creditably, and had so much more to do in the way of receiving visits, and attending bridal-parties, that there was no time for regret or repentance. I never heard what she said or did on the occasion; but while the visits were going on, and the parties pending, poor Elva slipped on the stair while running up with a tucker, ordered in great haste, that Mrs. Col. Fosbrook might see how it would suit with her cream-colored tabinet, fell to the bottom, and broke her leg. She had the best medical attendance, of course; a woman who could work such sleeves and collars was not to be neglected, though, as her excellent mistress remarked, "she could work just as well without the limb; what a mercy it was not one of her arms." But from some constitutional cause, the accident could not be remedied — the broken bone would not adhere, the wound would not heal, and the doctor at length announced his dread of mortification. He added—I presume it was to settle Mrs. Fosbrook — that there was no use in attempting to amputate the limb, the patient's system had been so vitiated by her sedentary life, she had no chance of recovery. His opinion was confirmed in a few days; mortification set in, and poor Elva's death-warrant was sealed.

The doctor had been seeing her for the last time, and gone away saying he could do nothing more,—the woman would not hold out till sunset,—when I called to pay my congratulatory visit to the newly-married pair. The ceremony had been postponed on account of business, but all the world was visiting, and so must I. It was a glorious day, in the early spring-time of the South, before the fierce heat set in, and everything looked bright and beautiful about Fosbrook Hall. The abode of pleasantness and peace it seemed, and I was admiring the prospect from the bay-windows of the drawing-room; while Mrs. Fosbrook, having no other listeners, just then was going on about the overflowing cup, and how thankful they should be, when her own maid came in with a whispered message. "It is poor Elva," said the excelent lady, breaking off her strain; she has taken a strange fancy to see us all in her room; the maid said she spoke of something to tell, but of course it is only a fancy of the poor creature; still, I think we should go—what do you say, Mr. Clarkson? it will remind us of our latter end, and no doubt encourage poor Elva."

We all rose,—the two couples and myself, — for Mr. Fosbrook said, "Come along, Clarkson," and proceeded to Elva's room. It was neat and orderly, as she had always kept it; the morning sun was shining through the white-curtained window, and the scent of flowers came in from the garden beyond; and the woman, who was to be encouraged on her last journey, sat up in bed, wan and worn with sickness, but looked more lively and energetic than ever she had seemed in her stitching days, and with a keener light in her deep black eyes.

"How are you, Elva?" said Fosbrook, coming kindly forward.

"Not very well, master; but I am going home," said Elva, "to the long home prepared for black and white; and there is something I want to tell you all before I go, particularly the missis here;" and Elva fixed her eyes on the mistress she was said to have been so much attached to, with a look of such piercing power, as for once in her life struck that lady speechless. "Did you not buy me away from my husband sixteen years ago, when he was sold far West, and I never saw him more? Did not you sell my only child away from me, till she died of fever on the edge of the Dismal Swamp, and wasn't it all in the order of Providence, or it never could have happened? You told me so, and I was to believe it and not repine. Now, I'll tell you something that must have been in the order of Providence, for it happened too. It was not my daughter that died on the edge of the Dismal Swamp—but your own! It was not your daughter that went in the carriage and the finery to be married in Charleston church—but mine!"

"What do you say, woman?" cried Mr. Fosbrook, losing all command of himself.

"I say the truth; and I'll tell you how it happened. The children were born on the same day, and the missis sent me word that they should get the same name, and be brought up together; but I knew that my child would be bought and sold, as its father and mother had been. The poor slave was not used to be cared for, like the rich lady, and could get up sooner; and so, in the dead of the second night, when the nurse had taken to much peach brandy and slept soundly, I crept into the room, and made a fair exchange —a black one, perhaps you'll call it, but colors don't show at that time of life. I left my own child in the fine, satin-covered cradle, and took Mrs. Fosbrook's baby to the basket by the side of my bed. The one was mine, the other was hers, after that. There is my daughter, the heiress of Fosbrook Hall," she continued, addressing her mistress; "and yonder lies yours, in the churchyard by the Dismal Swamp. That is how the whites can make out blood and race; but it was all in the order of Providence, or it couldn't have happened, you know!" and Elva flung herself back with a burst of vengeful and triumphant laughter that made the roof ring.

"You wretch, it is all a falsehood! Where do you expect to go to?" cried Mrs. Fosbrook.

"Madam, it is most probably true," and the colonel, who had stood silently listening at the foot of the bed, like a man heart-stricken and admonished—"it is most probably true. Let the dying woman alone; the past can neither be recalled nor altered; and she has but followed our example in calling our own sins and selfishness the works of Providence. Come away.',

We all walked back to the drawing-room, and the ladies did not faint. As for myself and every soul that heard Elva's confession, we felt convinced that it was true. Of course, in law, the testimony of a revengeful slave would count for nothing; but we all had eyes and memories, and their evidence was not to be set aside as regarded poor, sold Letty, and the fair face which had been such a cause of jealousy and spite. Moreover, the revelation could not be kept a secret —it was too publicly made; many of the servants had been within hearing, and nobody doubted it, though Elva could not be induced to give any further particulars. Perhaps the woman had none to give; at any rate, she spoke little after that wild laugh, but gradually sank, and died, as the doctor had predicted, an hour before sunset.

Her tale made no apparent difference to the Fosbrooks; all things and all people reminded in their places—there were the senior and the junior couples, the father and the son-in-law, the mother and her daughter; but it went abroad, was canvassed in every drawing-room and on every plantation, in Charleston clubs and coffee-houses, and wherever the Fosbrooks were known. It touched nothing visible, yet their lives were changed, and the different effects were curious. Mr. Fosbrook's steady and domestic habits gradually forsook him; he took to the clubs, and gambling-tables, it was said to all manner of dissipation, was never at home, and believed to be virtually separated from Mrs. Fosbrook. She continued to preach; (I suppose nothing could alter the woman!) but she was left very much in the background, for Fosbrook Hal became a lonely mansion, shorn of its splendor and retinue, between her husband's extravagance and a step to which the colonel urged him—namely, the gradua emancipation of all his negroes. The feat could be accomplished more easily at that time, than in these days of ferment and civil war. It was managed by Mr. Fosbrook's son-in-law, on the estate for which he had married for. Howmuch he regretted the real heiress, and the misfortunes which had fallen upon her, for his sake, people could only conjecture; but certain it was, that from being gay and careless, he became a serious man, resigned his commission in the army, took to the emancipation business, but prudently and with forethought; and when it was fairly accomplished, and the negroes put in ways to get their own living, he removed with his wife to Pennsylvania, where he entered the Society of Friends, and continued to the end of his days to be a moderate and rational abotitionist. He returned only once to South Carolina, and that was at the time of Mr. Fosbrook's death, which happened ten years after the colonel's marriage. Then he settled the old lady in a first-rate-boarding-house, and sold the house and plantation. I understand it passed through many hands afterwards, and got the reputation of being unlucky; for the populace, and especially the negroes, gave the place a new title, from some memory of Elva's confession, and called it the Black Exchange.—*Chambers' Journal.*

What Can I do for the Soldier?

We hear it so often, "What can I do for the Soldier!" One says, "I cannot make jams and jellies and such things, sugar is so high; besides, I've no one to send a box to." Let me read you one paragraph from the letter of a dear absent soldier. "Send me, sister, something to read. No matter how old, it will be new here, you know, and papers, pamphlets, or anything sent to read, is passed along by the "boys" until worn out. It keeps them from mischief too. Remember now and tell everybody you know." We know of no better plan than this to make the precious wishes of the soldiers general. Many are reluctant to part with their paper, the weekly home visitor, especially too, when its rare bits of poems, or spicy thoughts, and quaint sayings are regularly converted to the "scrap book." Never mind that. Let scrap-books grow musty if they choose, we will honor them for their past good and you for the sacrifice of feeling which you may make. But what is it compared to the noble giving up of life, such as has been and still must be made. Oh! Friends, write often; if you have no one to write to, (this is rare) send your papers, new and old, to some poor soldier away from home. Dot here and there a sentence, or line of poetry, a story, perhaps. Show interest in the paper, even if there really be no interest therein. All such little mementoes shine up from the paper like rarest gems, for what is more precious than to think somebody remembers us? We never send to the far off soldier our papers without carefully searching here and there to find a line with a pearl in it, or some pretty words which almost say right out, "I am thinking of you." Of course our time is enroached upon, and we can see twenty things perhaps, we ought to be doing, but if our Soldier friend, will give to his country all his time, we may well afford to spare a small portion of ours as slight return. Let it be the patriotic fire burning on our heart's altar to remember the soldier. Pile up your papers, not for the rag-mill, but for a place where they are longed for. Every two-cent stamp invested on a quarter of a pound of weeklies, will return twenty fold in blessings from the soldiers. The nectar of the gods could not be so sweet as this. Fighting for us, dying for us, we will love and honor them. Daughters and sisters at home; do not say "I can't do anything ;" while you have a heart to feel, let it go out with true and earnest sympathy for those who may never return. There are thousands who more than do their part of the work; this is written for those who would feign cast in "the widow's mite."

The Fate of Actresses.—Married ladies, who are in the profession along with their families, are generally great drudges, having not only to play the mother and the mistress at home, but to perform their part on the stage as well—having to attend the rehearsal and the broth-pot at the same time. I was exceedingly sorry for one poor lady who, along with a son and two daughters, was a member of the company at Shippham. Meternal ambition prompted her to aid in forwarding her children in the profession, and she sacrificed her own desires to their interest, and frequently got well abused by the manager for her pains. She has since died, poor woman, and so has one of her daughters in question; but her son, I observe, is getting on well, and is now in a good position in one of the first-class provincial theatres in England.

Seeing what this poor lady had to endure, I have often wondered, when I have read fine criticisms in the newspapers cutting up Mrs. So-and-So for her bad acting, how it was possible for that lady to act at all. She had three young children to nurse and attend to, and the united salaries of herself and husband were exactly thirty-seven shillings a week —a little daughter being thrown in as a sort of make-weight. She could have no soul for art, poor woman; what with lodgings to pay for, stage properties to provide, and money to lay away for the next journey, which might, for aught she knew, be from Danube to Dudley, she could have but a poor time of it. The very circumstance of the child thrown in to make up the salary was an annoyance, because she must have clean skirts, and would have occasionally to wear satin shoes.

Why stay in a profession where there is so much misery? I think I hear my reader say "But what can the So-and-So do? She was born in the profession, so to speak, and he, what could he do but strut on the stage!" True, his ambition is some day to start a tavern; that is, apparently, all his art does for him—makes him long to change Shakspeare and the stage for the bar—the bar of a public house.

I have somewhere read of a great actor who made up a lugubrious catalogue of the ills he had fallen heir to, even after he had worked his way to the top of his profession, and had become a famous London actor; and one of his grievances I remember was, that there was in the green-room only one glass, out of which he had to drink in common with all the members of the theatre. Poor fellow! Had he never wandered over the country with his unprotected toes peeping out of a pair of stage boots, and with his "property" vest aiding to shield him from the cold, and glad to beg a drink of beer or milk to keep up the steam as he journeys along?

We suppose not, or in the luxurious enjoyment of his fifty pounds a week he had, perhaps, forgotton those days; but I am much mistaken if like most of the members of the theatre at Shippham, he had not passed years of his life without having the privilege of drinking out of a glass of any kind. Few of the small country theatres have a green-room, and Shippham was no exception. As I have already mentioned, we assembled in a corner behind the scenes, and huddled together over a small spark of fire; and I never saw a glass there at all, except when a few of us might join for a bottle of ale, and borrow such a vessel to drink it out of, which we all did in common. I very shrewdly suspect the great actor in question had many a time to do the same thing. [Glimpses of Real Life.

A Very Necessary Accomplishment.—"Jenny June" urges the necessity of cooking to the comfort of a family. She sees no beauty in delicate hands that cannot knead the dough nor turn the steak. If anything in the world will make a man miserable, it is the want of a good relishable dinner; and here she hits a truth. She warns the ladies, the wives, that if they desire loves of bonnets, and lots of small change in the shape of fives and tens, they must cook the best of dishes and regale their husbands with them. This may be very homely advice, but it has more to do with the comfort of a family than all the fine arts of music and dancing and crotcheting and fiddlestick generally in the world.

Result of Kissing the Butcher.

"My dear," said an affectionate wife, "what shall we have for dinner to-day?"

"One of your smiles," replied the husband; "I can dine on that every day."

"But I can't," replied the wife.

"Then take this," and he gave her a kiss and went to his business.

He returned to dinner.

"This is excellent steak," said he, "what did you pay for it?"

"Why, what you gave me this morning, to be sure," replied the wife.

"You did?" exclaimed he; "then you shall have the money next time you go to market."

A Kind Word for "Mother."—Despise not thy mother when she is old. Age may wear and waste a mother's beauty, strength, limbs, senses, and estate; but her relation as mother is as the sun when it goes forth in its might, for it is always in the meridian and knoweth no evening. The person may be gray headed, but her motherly relation is ever in its flourish. It may be autumn, winter with a woman, but with the mother, as mother it is always spring. Alas, how little do we appreciate a mother's tenderness while living! How heedless we are in all her anxieties and kindness! But when she is dead and gone, when the cares and coldness of the world come withering to our hearts, when we experience how hard it is to find true sympathy—how few will befriend us in misfortune—then it is that we think of the mother we have lost.

Health and Wealth.—There is this difference between those two temporal blessings, health and money—money is the most envied, but the least enjoyed; health is the most enjoyed, but the least envied; and the superiority of the latter is still more obvious when we reflect that the poorest man would not part with health for money, but that the richest would gladly part with all his money for health.

The Middlesex Journal,
—AND—
WOBURN TOWNSMAN.

WOBURN:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1864.

AGRICULTURAL AND CATTLE SHOWS. The season for the exhibitions and festivals of the farmer, has come, and no time could be more appropriate than the ingathering of the harvest. Then, the wealth which had been silently accumulating during the summer months, has touched its highest point and can be brought forth for display. Of good husbandry, any man may be justly proud. In an exhibition of fabrics wrought by the manufacturer, there is, perhaps, a show where man can claim a more direct and powerful agency, but the size, form, quality and abundance of agricultural products, can be traced to the cultivator in no small degree, for the skill in preparing soils for seeds and plants, and the science of culture, belong to the farmer. What wonderful intelligence, industry and enterprise, are evinced in the clearing of a new country, the planting it with grass and grain and the creating of orchards, and what knowledge is expressed in restoring worn out lands to their virgin properties. Sometimes the beaver, aiming to accomplish his own purposes, clears up the forest for man. We have seen a meadow, where the first settler of a town cut his first hay for his solitary cow, which was the work of beavers, building a dam and causing the overflow of woods, that rotted down and produced a grass field in the place of the trees.

The New England Agricultural Fair commenced on Tuesday of the present week, at Springfield, and continued four days. Dr. George B. Loring gave an address on Tuesday, and Gov. Andrew one on Friday. Persons have been in attendance from all parts of New England, and from other sections of our country. The entries of horses, sheep, cattle and poultry, have been very large, and the show of vegetable products, one of the best and most varied and abundant we have ever witnessed. Attendance has been very numerous and the satisfaction has been great. New England, although small in territory and by no means to be compared in fertility to many other portions of our land, yet produces abundant and choice products, owing to the energy and skill of our agriculturists. In this year of high prices and pressure upon the pockets of the poor for subsistence, what we have raised in our section, will help materially to carry us safely through the coming winter. Pumpkins and corn, squashes and potatoes, are our great staples, and the yield has been very good.

Our county societies will now, week after week, come forward with their exhibitions, and flowers and fruit, and needlework of ladies, and the wax and honey fabrications of bees, will be spread out for inspection. The barn yard poultry will be offered to view, and the crowing of chanticleer, the lowing of cows, the neighing of horses, the bleating of sheep and the grunting of swine, will make up a concert of the farmer's band, if not harmonious according to the rules of art, yet melodious in unison with nature, and in agreement with the sight of green fields, barns and orchards. W.

☞ The following letter from Lieut. TIDD, of Co. K, 39th Mass. Regiment, has been kindly placed at our disposal:

LIBBY PRISON, Richmond, Va., Aug. 21, 1864.

Brother Benton—Myself and seven others of the 39th are at the above place, well and hearty. We were taken on the 19th. I have seen twenty-seven of Co. K. Below you will find their names. Most of our Brigade was taken. Most of my company was left at Petersburgh. Presume they will be in Richmond soon. Spokesfield was wounded in the hand; P. Doherty in back.

Corp'l S. Richardson, A. H. Richardson, M. D. Reed, F. Spokesfield, Moses F. Butler, Geo. Sprague, Edward Hoskins, Peter Parks, Jr., Wm. H. Jones, J. F. Leslie, M. B. Baldwin, G. W. Dean, John Shean, Morrill (from 12th), Jonas Bacon, E. O'Donald, Thos. Moran, Chas. Scott, John Brannagan, Miles Rowland, Chas. H. Kingsbury, Robert Corry, Richard Lombard, C. Colgate, Ramsdell, Timothy Mahoney, S. T. Hooper, Lepiere, (transfered from 13th Mass.), Maguire, (transfered from 13th Mass.) Others may be wounded or dead—think they escaped. Lieut. Seaverance was wounded in the leg; not dangerous. Spokesfield had three fingers of his left hand amputated, by C. S. A., surgeon. L. R. TIDD.

A letter received in town from J. F. Leslie, dated Libby Prison, Aug. 22d, says he was taken prisoner on the 19th. He was perfectly well and not hurt in the least. He says he is faring very well, and requests his friends not to worry about him. Albert, his brother, was not in the fight, and is all right. The following names of prisoners captured with Mr. Leslie, are not given in Mr. Tidd's letter:—F. M. Bryant, G. W. Driver, B. Currier, Henry Kingsbury.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Monday afternoon last, Mr. Nathaniel Hopkins, of Woburn, met with an accident while shackling cars near Willow Bridge, which caused his death on the following day. He was removed to his home as soon after the occurrence of the accident as circumstances would permit, and everything that the best medical aid could do, was done, but his injuries being internal, death ended his untold suffering as above. Mr. Hopkins met with three severe accidents while employed on the road previous to the one which caused his death. His many associates on the road, and a large number of friends will deeply lament his sudden and painful death; and his bereaved family and relatives will have the sympathy of all.

VOLUNTEERS.—The following persons have volunteered in Woburn, under the call of the President for 500,000 men, and they have been mustured into the service of the United States:—

Wm. Rufus Fowle, 11th Mass. Battery.
Daniel C. Porter, Veteran Reserve Corps.
Abel Barrett, substitute.
L. M. Harris, "
Sereno B. Pratt, "
Asa Phillips, "
Dawson Smith, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Ephraim Cutter, substitute.
Fred. A. Hartwell, "
Warren E. McKee, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
Hugh Downey, " "
John Hearlihy, " "
Henry Mosher, " "
Alfred A. Dow, substitute.
John W. Knight, "
George H. Conn, "
A. P. Pollard, "
Jacob Brown, "
George H. Noble, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Reuben Green, " "
Edward D. Metcalf, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
George A. Metcalf, " "
Joseph Buck, Jr., substitute.
Alexander Chalmers, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Charles A. McDonald, " "
Charles Bulfinch, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
Patrick H. Bradley, " "
Adams J. Eaton, " "
Robert Booth, " "
Charles E. Follonsbee, " "
James Duffy, " "
Philip H. Gill, " "
Timothy Corcoran, " "
Thomas Ryan, " "
James Boyle, " "
Isaac B. Noble, 61st Mass. Infantry.
William McMenamin, 2d Mass. Cavalry.
Henry L. Norris, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
George Reynolds, " "
James W. Kirk, 1st Mass. Cavalry.
Harvey M. Jones, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Henry Bulfinch, Co. E, 1st Batt. Heavy Art.
John Wallace, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Henry J. Dart, " "
John Riley, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
William Ritchie, " "
John C. McClellan, 2d Mass. Cavalry.
Alfred B. Cruikshank, " "
Andrew B. Brooks, substitute.
James Galligan, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
Elbert G. Perkins, U. S. Service.
Timothy O'Leary, 3d Mass. Cavalry.
David Mitchel, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Charles Mann, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
Thomas McDonald, " "
William Switser, " "
Fernando Bovier, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Hugh L. Currier, " "
John Russell, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
Thomas A. Conway, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Patrick Mehan, " "
Peter Murray, U. S. Navy.
Patrick Rafferty, "
John McGovern, "
Henry J. Gallagher, 61st Mass. Infantry.
James W. Hurd, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
James Sullivan, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Daniel Currier, " "
Frederic C. Parker, substitute, U. S. Navy.
Michael O'Donald, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Thomas Dever, " "
Solomon Isac, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Joseph Dimond, " "
Timothy Fitzpatrick, " "
George McGee, " "
John A. Nugent, " "
John P. Vincent, " "
John Ott, " "
John Slattery, " "
Jeremiah Donnovan, " "
Dana Kent, " "

MILITARY.—Sergt. Major Charles K. Conn, of Woburn, of the 39th Mass. Regt., who is now a paroled prisoner at Annapolis, Md., has been promoted to the rank of 2d Lieutenant, a position well merited and richly deserved.

Dr. Samuel W. Abbott, of Woburn, late of U. S. Steamer *Niagara*, has been commissioned Assistant Surgeon in the 1st Mass. Cavalry. His commission dates Sept. 3d.

Private Charles Beggs, of Woburn, Co. K, 59th Mass. Vols., was slightly wounded in the arm and side, in the late engagement at the Weldon Railroad.

Corporal John Fullerton, of Woburn, a member of Co. M, 1st Mass. Cavalry, was badly wounded in the head, at the battle of Reams' Station, Va., Aug. 21st.

Private Benjamin W. Perkins, of Co. B, 59th Mass. Vols., reached home last Saturday, on a sick furlough of fifteen days.

Private A. Gustavus Brown, of Co. K, 39th Mass. Regt., is at the U. S. General Hospital, Philadelphia, sick.

Sergeant Henry Howard, of Co. B, 59th Mass. Vols., died in the General Hospital, David's Island, N. Y., Sept. 1st, from wounds received a short time since.

Private T. Morton Parker, of Co. K, 39th Mass. Vols., who has been reported missing, is at Chestnut Hill Hospital, Philadelphia, wounded.

Private Daniel Keneilly, of Woburn, a member of Co. D, 39th Mass. Vols., was taken prisoner at the battle of the Weldon railroad, and is now in Libby Prison, Richmond, Va.

WAR NEWS.

Atlanta was captured and occupied by Gen. Sherman's troops, on Friday of last week. This is an important victory over the enemy. Atlanta is the focus of four railroads that radiate to principal points in the Confederacy. It has been the great military depot of rebeldom, and it was there that the naval supplies were stored. There is an armory at Atlanta, a chemical laboratory, and a sword factory. Shells, solid shot, siege guns, field pieces and mountain howitzers, are cast there. Percussion caps, cavalry saddles, artillery harness, gun carriages, ambulances, army wagons, tents, and all the shoes and clothing for the Western rebel Department, were made at Atlanta. Large quantities of meat were packed there for the rebel army. It may well be termed the most flourishing city of the South.

It is reported that Morgan's band has been surprised and defeated, Morgan killed, 75 prisoners and one gun captured.

Subscribers to the JOURNAL, who are entitled to Demorest's Mirror of Fashions, will please call at the Woburn Bookstore and get the Fall number.

Our Army Correspondence.

FORT MCHENRY, Sept. 3d, 1864.

Mr. Editor,—Another week has passed and yet we remain at Fort McHenry. In my last I failed to mention two items of interest, viz: The change in our Co. officers and the visit paid us by our Woburn friends.

Lieut. Wyer being appointed Adjutant, we were minus a 1st Lieutenant. To this position Lieut. Fuller was promoted, and Sergt. M. Seeley has received a 2d Lieutenant's commission.

On the morning of the 20th ult, the boys welcomed to our camp Saml. Grammer, Geo. Conn, Mr. Long and Charlie Converse. They brought many home messages for the boys, which were received with a soldiers greatfulness. Their stop with us was short, as they left the following day for Washington, with the exception of Charlie C, who remained with us about ten days.

The spies that were to have been hanged on the 29th ult. were repreved. Their reprieve came on the evening of the 28th, just in time to save them; for the scaffold had been erected, the ropes adjusted, and all was in readiness for the execution. Our detachment was ordered to be in line at 4 o'clock in the morning, in order that there might be no disturbance.

The 91st New York Vet. Vols., have been arriving in squads for the past week. Many of them are raw recruits and are unequipped. We are not sorry to see more troops here, for the guard duty, together with the drills we were having, began to be a serious affair with some of the boys. I am happy to say now, however, that our guard details are growing beautifully less, and that we have to drill, in Artillery, only once a day.

Lieutenant Seeley, with a detail of a Sergt. and ten men from other companies, have been to Harper's Ferry with thirty-nine prisoners, mostly deserters. After delivering them to the proper authorities, the boys, having twenty-four hours to spare before transportation could be obtained to return, spent the time in "sight seeing." Some of them visited Boliver Heights, from which could be seen for miles the beautiful valley of the Shenandoah, through which the armies, both Union and Rebel, have marched so many times; and in which again will soon be fought another bloody battle. From the Heights the line of battle of the brave Sheridan's army, and that of the Rebel, could plainly be seen, as they were only 6 miles distant. After visiting other points of interest, the time for a return having come, the party took the cars and arrived all safe, being much pleased with the trip to Harper's Ferry.

Sergt. Hall left here on the 1st inst, for the "Front," with a prisoner.

The health of the company is good, Horace Pearsons, of Burlington, being the only one in the hospital. He is sick with the typhoid fever. And here I might say, for the gratification of those whose friends may chance to get into the hospital, that the sick are well and abundantly cared for. The doctors and nurses, are fully competent for the positions they occupy. The ward rooms and everything about the hospital, speak well of the attendants.

P. S. *Monday morning.*—The four spies that were to be hanged, were sent to Albany, N. Y., under guard of a Lieut. and Sergt. from the regulars and six men from our detachment. They are sentenced to solitary confinement in the Penitentiary there during the war. Sergt. Hall returned this morning with plenty of news from the "Front," for which space is wanting here. More at another time.

IRA.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

KNIGHT GENERAL HOSPITAL, New Haven, Conn., Sept. 7th 1864.

MRS. SUSAN E. DAVIS, Secretary and Treasurer of the Woburn Branch Sanitary Commission:

DEAR MADAM—Allow me to acknowledge (through Mr. Schwabe) the receipt of seven boxes, from the truly patriotic ladies of Woburn Centre, containing articles for Mass. soldiers at this Hospital, under my charge.

These articles are very timely, as our supplies are almost entirely from the Medical Purveyor, who is unable to furnish many of the delicacies that our soldiers really need. I pledge to you, and through you to the Christian ladies associated with you in this charitable work, that the articles you have sent me shall be used in a manner that you and they would approve.

I have many Mass. soldiers under my charge, and I have always found them to be patient under suffering, and obedient under discipline. I beg you present to the kind donors my grateful acknowledgments for their gifts.

I am, Madam,
With great respect, Your Ob't. servant,
P. A. JEWETT, Surg in charge.

P. S.—In reply to your inquiries, I would inform you that the Sanitary Comission furnish us with but few supplies, their cals being more urgent from the front.

Mrs. Lewis Shaw, and Miss. Annie M. Taylor, also received a very flattering acknowledgment from Surgeon Jewett, Knight's Hospital, for a box of valuable contents for the Mass. soldiers.

Dr. Stearns, Surgeon in charge of Readville U. S. Hospital, acknowledges the receipt of a fine box of books from the Society of Woburn. The Dr. says they were a most acceptable present; the cold weather keeps the men confined to their Wards, and they were very short of reading matter. Mr. Bowen Buckman also received a faithful acknowledgment of a box of books, from Superintendent Nelson, of Mason U. S. A. Hospital.—Mrs. Marshall Tidd the same, from the Sanitary Rest, Beach st., Boston. The following persons forwarded to Madame Harrison Gray Otis, a box each, for the wounded and disabled soldiers, for which they received a diploma, viz: Mrs. Horace Conn., Mrs. A. E. Thompson, Mrs. Daniel Richardson, Mrs. Eli Jones, Dr. Drew, Wm. B. Harris, Fred W. Ellis, and Joshua B. Holden. The ladies also forwarded some very useful articles for the wounded prisoners at Camp Parole Hospital, Annapolis, Md. They are also making up a box of clothing for our boys in the 11th (formerly 16th) Reg. Mass. Vols. They are always at the good work.

WINCHESTER.

For the Middlesex Journal.

THE LOWELL 5 CENT SAVINGS BANK *vs.* TOWN OF WINCHESTER.—This suit against the town, on two notes of $2000 each, which has been so long pending in the Supreme Judicial Court for the Commonwealth, has just been decided for the defendants, upon an agreed statement of facts submitted to the Court, the substance of which are as follows, viz:

That at a town meeting duly held, May 1st, 1857, the following vote was passed:

"Voted, That the Treasurer be authorized to borrow a sum of money, not exceeding two thousand dollars, to meet the demands upon the treasury, in anticipation of the taxes, and give his note as Treasurer therefor."

Claiming to act by authority of the above vote, on the thirteenth day of May, 1857, said Richardson borrowed $1000 of Stephen Cutter, and on the 20th of June, 1857, another $1000 of the same party, and gave his notes, as Treasurer, therefor. These loans were negotiated, and notes given, with the knowledge of defendants, were paid at maturity, and were brought into said Richardson's annual account with the town, and were applied to the use of the town; but these facts were unknown to the plaintiffs, and no steps were taken to learn the same.

On the 22d January, 1858, without the knowledge of defendants, or any other officer thereof, said Richardson, claiming to act under the aforesaid vote, borrowed of the plaintiffs, for the use of the town, $2000, and gave them the note declared on, as follows:

"LOWELL, Jan. 22, 1858.

$2000. For value received, the inhabitants of the town of Winchester, promise the Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank, to pay them or their order, two thousand dollars, on demand, with interest semi-annually. N. A. RICHARDSON, Treas.

Duly authorized by vote of the town."

At the same time he left with the Plffs a certified copy of the vote of the town, as follows: "Voted, That the Treasurer be authorized to borrow a sum of money, not exceeding two thousand dollars, ($2000) to meet the demands upon the Treasury, in anticipation of the taxes, and give his note, as Treasurer, therefor."

"I hereby certify that the above is a copy of a vote passed by the town, at the Town Meeting held May 1st, 1857.

JOSIAH HOVEY, Town Clerk."

Upon this note interest was paid regularly by said Richardson, as appears by the declarations; but neither the note, the money borrowed thereon, nor interest paid, were brought into any of his accounts with the town, and the Dfts had no knowledge thereof until March, 1861, when said Richardson having become insolvent, payment was demanded by Plffs of Dfts; but none of these facts, except payment of interest, were known to Plffs, and no steps were taken to learn the same.

By the By-Laws of the town of Winchester, and by the uniform practice or usage of said town, the tax bills were delivered to the collector on or before July 15th in each year, and the taxes due and payable on or before Oct. 1, and in Mch. 1857, a discount of 5 per cent was allowed on all taxes paid prior to Oct. 1 of that year; but these facts were not known to the Plffs.

At a town meeting, March 22d, 1858, the following vote was passed:

"Voted, That the Treasurer be authorized to borrow, under the direction of the Selectmen, a sum of money, not exceeding $2000, to meet the demands on the treasury in anticipation of the taxes, and that he give his note, as Treasurer, therefor."

By authority of the above vote, on the 29th March, 1858, said Richardson borrowed from the Woburn Bank $2000, and gave a note as Treasurer of said town therefor, payable in 6 months, at the same time leaving with said bank a certified copy of the town's vote authorizing the loan, signed by J. Hovey, Town Clerk, and the authority of L. R. Symmes, C. Church and S. M. Rice, Selectmen, for him to negotiate the same. This note was paid at maturity, and was brought into the Treasurer's annual account in March, 1859, and the money so borrowed applied to the use of the town; but none of the facts relating to this loan were known to Plffs, and they took no steps to learn the same.

On the 26th day of May, 1858, the said Richardson, claiming to act under said last mentioned vote, made application to the Plffs, at their banking house, in Lowell, to borrow, for the use of the town, $2000, and did borrow and receive of them, $2000, and gave the following note:

"LOWELL, May 26, 1858.

For value received, the inhabitants of the town of Winchester, promise the Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank, to pay them, or their order, two thousand dollars on demand, with interest, semi-annually.

$2000. N. A. RICHARDSON, Treasurer of said town,

Duly authorized by a vote of the town."

At the same time said Richardson left with said Plffs a copy of said vote of the town, certified by the Town Clerk, and purporting to be approved by L. R. Symmes, Cephas Church, and Samuel M. Rice, Selectmen, as follows:

"Voted, That the Treasurer be authorized to borrow, under the direction of the Selectmen, a sum of money not exceeding two thousand dollars, ($2000) to meet the demands upon the Treasury, in anticipation of the taxes, and that he give his note as Treasurer therefor."

"A true copy of the vote passed at the annual meeting of the town, March 22, last past. Winchester, May 19, 1858.

Attest, JOSIAH HOVEY, T. Clerk."

On the back of said certificate is the following endorsement:

"Approved. L. R. Symmes, Cephas Church, and S. M. Rice, Selectmen of Winchester."

The interest on this note was paid semi-annually by the said Richardson, as appears by the declaration, but neither the note, the money borrowed, nor interest paid, were brought into any of his accounts with the town, and the Dfts had no knowledge thereof until March, 1861, when said Richardson having become insolvent, payment was demanded by Plffs of Dfts; but none of these facts, except payment of interest, were known to Plffs, and no steps were taken to learn the same.

At neither of the times when the notes declared on were given, did the town need the money borrowed, nor was the same applied to their use; but these facts were not known to Plffs; and at both times said Richardson claimed to borrow the money for the use of the town, under the authority of and for the purposes set out in said votes, and at both times there were taxes due and unpaid to the town; but the amount due thereof Jan. 22, 1858, was very small. The Plffs did not know at the time either of said loans were made, and said notes therefor given to them, that said Richardson had borrowed any sum under either of said votes, and took no steps to ascertain the same.

On the 17th April, 1857, under a vote of the town, passed March 23, 1857, authorizing the borrowing of $2000, said Richardson, on behalf of the town, borrowed of the Plffs, $2000, and gave them his note, as Treasurer, therefor, which note was paid March 9th, 1858; and at the same time of borrowing said money said Richardson left with Plffs a copy of the record of said town, certified by the Town Clerk, of his election as Treasurer and Collector, and the vote, "that the Treasurer and Collector be authorized to borrow a sum of money not exceeding two thousand dollars for the use of the town, and that he give his official note for the same." And the Court (Hoar J.) upon evidence offered found the following additional facts:

1. That the certificate appended to the second note declared on, bears the genuine signature of the Selectmen.

2. That their signatures were obtained by the Treasurer for a dishonest purpose and improperly, but in what way, or upon what representation, or for what purpose, as understood by the Selectmen, there is no evidence; but the fact that they were obtained improperly was not known to the Plffs, and they took no step to ascertain it.

3. That it is not proved that the first note declared on was ever given to Stephen Cutter.

Upon this statement and these findings of the Court, the parties agreed to submit the case to the full bench of the Supreme Court for such judgment as the law and facts require.

The court, by Bigelow Ch. J., have sent in their rescript, awarding judgment to Dfts upon the facts agreed. The grounds for the decision are in brief given: "That the Dfts are not liable on the notes described in the declaration. The money advanced by the Plffs to the Treasurer of the Town of Winchester was not advanced under circumstances which render the Dfts liable therefor."

J. G. Abbott and D. S. Richardson, were the counsel for the Plffs, and C. P. Curtis, Jr., for the Dfts.

This decision is an important one for the town, and relieve it from a heavy draft upon its treasury, which at present, or for some time to come, needs no additional burden to make the taxes grievous to be borne.

In connection with this case, it may be well to state that a note of $1600, given by said Richardson to Stephen Cutter, under similar circumstances as those sued for, has been paid agreeably to a vote of the town at its last annual meeting. The question arises, why the town is not *morally*, if not legally bound to pay these notes, when received in good faith, and especially why one should not be paid as well as the other.

UNION LEAGUE.—The Council resumed its weekly meetings last Tuesday evening. The hour of commencing will be 7 1-2 o'clock, until further notice.

REAL ESTATE SALE.—The new house on Grove street, adjoining the Brook's Estate, owned by Mr. Foster, of Medford, has been purchased by Mr. Charles N. Bacon, who lives near by, and will occupy it as his residence.

HIGHWAYS.—Under this head may be noted the lowering of the sidewalk in front of the Mystic School House, to nearly the level of the street, and the building of a bank wall on a line with the front boundary of the lot.

EXCELSIOR.

Brother, thou art gone before us!
Though thy loss we deeply feel,
Yet, since thou no more wilt bore us,
This sweet thought our pain will heal.

Perished, in Woburn, Mass., Sept. 2d, 1864, Winchester Transcript, Esq.

The dear departed fell a victim to inordinate patriotism—he was offered up as a fragrant sacrifice upon the altar of his country. While sitting in the draft he unfortunately contracted the fatal distemper known as *amor patriæ, which* baffled the skill of the most distinguished physicians,—they strove, but vainly, to preserve the vital spark.

Alas, poor fellow! never shall we look upon his like again. He was, he is not, and never more in this life may we expect to greet him. With a new, bright two-cent piece upon each of his eyes, he hath gone to that bourne from which no traveler nor Transcript ever returns. And such is life!—to-day we exult in the strength of youth, and the glow of health,—to-morrow we wither in the clutches of pain, or lie inanimate in the embrace of death.

The untimely departure of our friend is the more to be regretted, since he had laid out before him a brilliant career of usefulness and prosperity. Although he commenced life modestly, he purposed doing great things, as he should gain confidence, and find grace and favor in the eyes of men. For this purpose he held in reserve a brilliant array of wit, wisdom, reason, research, poetry, physics, morals, metaphysics, logic, history, and every species of attractive and instructive literature, all in readiness to be displayed in due time.

But his patriotism was stronger than his ambition; his love of country more powerful than his love of applause; his loyalty more prevailing than his avarice; his desire for the safety of the nation more ruling than his desire for greenbacks. He could not endure the sad spectacle of the bleeding, friendless, agonized country, struggling with the remorseless demon of this unhallowed rebellion, nor could he resist her urgent appeal for 500,000 more; but having devoted his little all to the service of his beloved land, he surrendered his existence without a struggle. He passed peacefully away; he quietly fizzled out; he gently *non-est-invented;* he tranquilly *hic jaceted.*

No stately marble obelisk towers aloft over his mouldering bones, but the far more enduring monument of a nation's gratitude shall bequeath his virtues to another generation; no gilded urn marks the spot "where his pale form was laid, with many tears," but the grief of posterity shall embalm his memory; no sculptured sarcophagus guards his dust, but in the grateful hearts of the people shall his name be enshrined.

The funeral services of the deceased were conducted with befitting solemnity, on Saturday, at the Winchester Exchange, the Grand Mogul officiating. After neat and appropriate ceremonies, the last sad relics were conveyed to the place of sepulture, followed by a large and brilliant crowd of mourners. Upon reading the will, it was found that the only legacy bequeathed to the afflicted survivors, consisted of good wishes and a copy of the *Middlesex Journal.* The Exchanges, many of whom were remembered in the will, voted as a testimonial of respect to the deceased, to wear a badge of crape on the seat of their trowsers, for thirty days. At the conclusion of the services, the Order sat down to an elegant collation of "funeral baked meats."

Peace to the ashes of the dear departed! He died young. Let the pall of charity cover his faults!—he meant well. In view of his excellent intentions; on account of the good which he had intended to have done; by reason of the cause of usefulness which he had premeditated, let the same inscription be written above his remains which adorns the ashes of Shakspeare:—

"Good friend, for Iesvs sake forbear
To dig the dvst enclosed here.
Blest be ye man yt spares these stones,
And curst be he who moves my bones."

SOUTH READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

Funeral of Major Warren.

The funeral of Horace M. Warren, the gallant Major of the 59th Reg. took place from the Congregational Church on Monday afternoon. A deep feeling of solemnity pervaded the community, which was demonstrated in part by the half mast flags, the suspensions of schools and the closing of stores during the afternoon. A Military company from Readville performed escort duty. At the Church the services were appropriate and impressive, consisting of singing by the choir, reading selections of scripture and prayer by Rev. Mr. Bullen, of the Baptist Church, and an address and prayer by Rev. Mr. Bliss, of the Congregational Church. The attendance was very large, though the weather was quite unfavorable. From the Church the procession moved to the Lake Side Cemetery, reaching it about 6 o'clock, where the remains of one of the bravest of the brave were committed to the peaceful grave. If space were at command, we would gladly copy largely from the interesting remarks of Rev. Mr. Bliss on the occasion, but must be content with gleaning the following items from his address: "Major Warren was born in Topsham, Maine in the year 1841. He removed with his father's family to South Reading in 1856. Characterized in boyhood by an active and resolute temperament, and by strong and generous sympathies, he was among the first to enlist in the public service. He joined the Richardson Light Guard as a private, and was present at the first battle of Bull Run. Returning at the expiration of the term of enlistment, he immediately joined the 20th Mass. Reg., and soon after saw active service again, upon the ill-starred field of Ball's Bluff, where he received three severe wounds which disabled him nearly a year. He rapidly recovered, however, and when the call for the nine months troops was issued he enlisted in the same Company, which he at first entered, was elected Lieutenant, and served through the campaign in Louisiana. He was present at the fall of Port Hudson, and bore his full part of the labors and hardships of that trying year. Returning with his company to South Reading, he soon after was invited by the late Col. Gould to take the position of Adjutant in a Reg. which he had been commissioned to raise. Through all the fearful scenes of which he bore a part, Maj. Warren safely passed, till the battle of Reams' Station. Though once slightly wounded, he did not excuse himself from duty. Called to fill the more responsible station of Assistant Adjutant General, he won fresh laurels by the manner in which he discharged its duties, and his promotion to the rank of Major was resolved upon.

"His career, however, like that of many others, was suddenly arrested. The battle, which on the whole resulted so favorably to our cause, proved fatal to him. While riding upon the field in the discharge of his duty, he was struck by the fragment of a shell, which lodged near his spine. He was borne from the field, and it was soon apparent to the surgeon that his last battle had been fought. He lingered a few days, during which all possible care was bestowed upon him, and though he knew his recovery was almost impossible, he preserved much cheerfulness of feeling, till on Saturday, the 27th of Aug. he passed away from the world."

HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION.—The South Reading Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibition will take place on Tuesday and Wednesday, 20th and 21st of September, current. M.

READING.

For the Middlesex Journal.

Rev. Mr. Wilcox is still unable to resume his labors as pastor of the Bethesda Church.

Lieut. C. H. Lang, of the 59th Reg., has been heard from. He is a prisoner in Richmond.

A very useful article for doing highway work may be found opposite the residence of Wm. Wakefield, which the town can have by making proper application to said Wakefield, provided, however, it can be made to appear that their claim is better than his. It is a queer looking thing, and horses often take notice of it, and suddenly jump for the opposite side of the road—*pro publico bono.*

Why is it that the street lamps are not lighted in dark evenings? Is it on account of the expense? If so, better by far that the ringing of the bell at 9 P. M., be dispensed with and the money appropriated to lighting the lamps.

Mark M. Temple has sold out his entire estate to a gentleman from Boston, and is thereby relieved from much care, which his health was inadequate to assume.

It appears that the rogue charged with having stolen several cases of boots some time since, from the shoe manufactory of C. D. Brown, Esq., and whose trial for the same was soon to come off, has been released from jail and is now in Uncle Sam's Navy. Such men must be a very valuable acquisition to our Navy, and those individuals who were instrumental in this transfer from jail to the navy must, it seems to me, feel exceedingly proud of their achievements in recruiting.

Some rain fell on Monday, but not in such vast quantity as to seriously endanger the underpining of buildings to any great extent.

Copperhead stock is on the wane, with little prospect of an advance for the present. LENO.

THE CHICAGO CONVENTION.—The late Convention at Chicago was one of the largest, most exciting, and perhaps one of the most important political gatherings ever held in this country. The greatest preparations were made for it by the enemies of our government, North and South; and whatever may have been its discussions, deliberations and conclusions, whether for peace or war, the influence of the Convention will be felt throughout the land. We expect no good, but evil only, as the result, unless the traitorous sentiments there expressed shall stimulate the loyal voters of the country to increased exertions in the cause of truth and right.

The Convention has, by its resolutions, decided virtually for peace; a peace with compromise, secession and Southern independence; for the South is in league with the party of peace and has repeatedly avowed its fixed determination to accept of nothing less.

Will its candidate if elected prosecute the war? If so, it will be with qualifications, concessions, and attempts at reconstruction on the basis of Slavery recognition and protection, and with other propositions offensive to the loyal people, and dangerous to the government of the Union.

There were two parties in the Convention, one for peace on any terms, the other for war on certain conditions. We deem it of little importance which of the parties shall pervail. In our judgment, should the candidate that both have nominated triumph next November at the polls, our country sinks in infamy and woe; traitors will be victors, patriots considered rebels, loyalty a crime, the truth proclaimed a lie! P. H. S.

Greenwood, Sept. 5.

STONEHAM.

For the Middlesex Journal.

Mr. Editor,—I rejoice to see a paper printed in Stoneham—it has been wanted for a long time to give us the local and general news of the week. If it is conducted impartially we have no doubt but it will be successful.

We hope to see every one subscribe for it for the benefit of themselves and the town—most every town that joins us supports a news-paper of their own production—and I hope Stoneham will not be on the back ground in this enterprise.

As a general thing the people have got into the habit of reading one ciass of papers politically and religiously; they know nothing out side of that particular channel which they advocate— therefore we must expect conceit and ignorance rather to a general culture.

Last Tuesday evening, Sept. 6th, the regular monthly meeting of Gen. Worth Engine Co., in Stoneham, was very thinly attended, as usual, owing to many of the boys having gone into the army. Enough however are left to have a good play out, as was the case last Tuesday evening. Promptness is the life of such institutions.

The frigate Niagara seized the rebel steamer Georgia, 20 miles off Lisbon and sent her to New York. The Georgia was under British colors and the event excites much controversy.

☞Sabre Cuts, Gunshot Wounds, and all other kinds of Wounds, also sores, Ulcers and Scurvy, heal safely and quickly under the soothing influence of Holloway's Ointment. It heals to the bone, so that the wound never opens again. Soldiers, supply yourselves.

If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. 233

Married

In Stoneham, Sept. 4, by Rev. S. Byington, Mr Charles W. Yeaton and Miss Louise M. Wentworth, both of Rochester, N. H.

In Reading, 7th inst, by Rev. E. A. Eaton, Mr Elbridge B. Smith and Miss Eliza R., daughter of the late Thomas Richardson, Esq., all of R.

In Winchester, Aug. 29th, by Rev. R. T. Robinson, Benjamin Robinson and Mrs. Malancy Taylor, both of Winchester.

Died

In Woburn, Sept. 3, Fannie Howard, daughter of Charles Trull, formerly of Boston.

In Woburn, Sept. 4th, Mary Hawkins, aged 60 years. Sept. 6th, Nathaniel Hopkins, aged 40 years, 11 months. Sept. 8th, Mrs. Bridget Carley, aged 38 years.

In South Reading, Sept. 2d, Mary Susan Parks, aged 8 years, 9 months.

In South Reading, at the residence of her grandfather, Sept. 5th, Bertha Grace Brown, daughter of W. G. Brown, of Niles, Michigan, aged 4 years.

Aug. 27th, of wounds received at the battle of Ream's Station, Horace M. Warren, of South Reading, Major of 59th Mass. Reg. Vols., aged 23 years.

At General Hospital, David's Island, N. Y., Sept. 1st, of wounds received before Petersburg, Va., Sergt. Henry Howard, of Co. B, 59th Mass. Vols., of Woburn.

In Roxbury, Sept. 3d, Mrs. Sophronia B., widow of the late Benjamin Abrahams, formerly of Winchester, aged 41 years. Her remains were taken to W. last Sunday, and deposited in the family lot in Wild-Wood Cemetery.

In Burlington, Aug. 26, Mrs. Lavina Kendall, wife of Mr. John Kendall, aged 56 years, 8 mos. and 15 days.

In Stoneham, Sept. 3, Charles E, son of A. G. and Mary A. McDonald, aged 5 months, 14 days.

WOBURN CENTRE, MASS., Sept. 7th, '64.

Mr Schwabe presents his compliments, to Messrs. Hart & Co's Express, and is desirous to express his hearty thanks for himself and the ladies and children of Woburn, for conveying the many boxes, bundles, &c., for the noble wounded soldiers, to the different hospitals, Commissions, Expresses, &c. &c., in Boston.

There are a few boxes more from himself and ladies of Woburn, for which he also tenders his thanks at once; and the blessing of the brave ones in the Hospitals and Field, will be on Messrs. Hart & Co.

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED? DR. BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESS, Impotency, premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual, and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced Price One Dollar per box. Sent post-paid by mail on receipt of an order. One box will perfect the cure in most cases. Address JAMES S. BUTLER, General Agent, 427 Broadway, New York. jy23—3m*

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

HEAD-QUARTERS, BOSTON, Aug. 20, 1864.

GENERAL ORDER, NO. 32.

The Volunteer Militia of Massachusetts, as it existed previous to the beginning of the present war, having been almost entirely broken up by the enlistment of its members, individually and as Companies and Regiments, in the service of the United States, in response to the different calls of the President for troops for three months, nine months, one hundred days, one year and three years; and the laws establishing this Volunteer Militia being no longer in conformity with the system of organization prescribed by the laws of the United States, and it having been found impossible to recruit this militia under the laws as they stood, and the safety and honor of the Commonwealth imperatively demanding a well-organized militia for the common defence; the Legislature of Massachusetts at its last session passed an Act, entitled an Act concerning the Militia, which was approved on the 14th day of May last, and which is the 238th Chapter of the Acts of 1864, establishing a new system, in strict conformity to the Constitution and Laws of the United States and the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and by which all previous Acts concerning the militia were repealed;—

As it was known, however, that some of the old organizations still possessed a strong vitality,—as others were capable of being revived and resuscitated, and as there are many glorious associations connected with the names of Companies and Regiments which have won imperishable honor for themselves and for the State,—the Legislature, while abolishing the whole of the ancient system, provided that the Commander in-Chief might continue in being and retain such Companies and Regiments of the old Volunteer Militia as he should see fit;—

By General Orders No. 22 of the 23d June, 1864, the different commanding officers were directed to make return to the Adjutant-General, on or before the 10th of July, 1864, of the condition of their several commands, stating therein the number of men to be relied on for duty, with any suggestions they might think proper to make relative to the expediency of continuing or disbanding their commands.

From the returns made in response to this Order, and from all other accessible sources of information, the Commander-in-Chief has sought to determine what Companies and Regiments of the Volunteer Militia, and of the Independent Division of Militia, presented such proof of present efficiency, or of a power to recruit themselves so as to conform to the requirements of the law, as to warrant him in continuing and retaining them.

And in accordance with the results of such examination, it is hereby ordered that the Companies and Regiments hereinafter enumerated shall be continued and retained, viz:

CAVALRY.

1. The Company in Boston commanded by Capt. Lucius Slade, and heretofore known as Co. A, 1st Battalion Light Dragoons.
2. The Company in Boston commanded by Capt. C. T. Stevens, and heretofore known as Co. B, 1st Battalion Light Dragoons.
3. The Company in New Bedford commanded by Capt. George H. Shaw, and heretofore known as the company of Cavalry attached to the 2d Brigade, 1st Div. M. V. M.
4. The Company in Charlestown commanded by Capt. John F. Gilman, and heretofore known as a company attached to the Independent Division M. V. M.
5. The Company in Roxbury commanded by Capt R. Holmes, formerly known as the Roxbury Horse Guards.

These Companies will be hereafter designated, respectively, in the order above given, as Companies A, B, C, D, E, of Cavalry of the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia; and, until the organization of new companies shall authorize the organization of one or more regiments, will remain unattached.

ARTILLERY.

1. The Company in Boston heretofore known as the 1st Light Battery, and commanded by Capt Lucius Cummings.
2. The Company in Boston commanded by Capt. Warren French, at present temporarily attached to the Forty-second Regiment of Infantry.

These Companies will be respectively designated in the order above given—as the First and Second Light Batteries Massachusetts Volunteer Militia.

INFANTRY.

The Third Regiment of Infantry, Lieutenant-Colonel James Barton commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following Companies of said Regiment:

1. The Company commanded by Capt. John W. Marble, of Freetown, now enlisted in the U. States' service for 100 days.
2. The Company commanded by Captain Thomas B. Griffith, of South Carver.
3. The Company commanded by Captain Joseph O'Neill, of Fall River, at present temporarily attached to the Sixtieth Regiment
4. The Company commanded by Captain David H. Dyer, of Fall River, and now in the United States' service for 100 days' duty.
5. The Company commanded by Captain Isaac A. Jennings, of New Bedford, and now enlisted in the United States' service for 100 days.
6. The Company commanded by Captain O. A. Baker, of Rehoboth, now enlisted in the United States' service for 100 days.
7. The Company commanded by Captain Jabez M. Lyle, of Fairhaven, now enlisted in the United States' service for 100 days.
8. The Company commanded by Lieut. Thomas J. Borden, of Fall River, formerly known as a company of the Independent Division of Militia

These Companies will be henceforth designated and known, respectively, in the order above given as companies A, B, C, D, E, H, I, K, of the Third Regiment of Infantry, M. V. M. The Company commanded by Captain Lewis Soule, of Abington, formerly known as Co. E of the Fourth Regiment, M. V. M., and at present in United States' service for 100 days, will be henceforth attached to the Third Regiment, unless the friends of the Fourth Regiment shall forthwith offer to reorganize the regiment and shall diligently recruit the same.

The Fifth Regiment of Infantry, Colonel George H. Peirson commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following Companies of said Regiment

1. The Company commanded by Capt. George H. Homer, of Boston.
2. The company commanded by Capt. John W. Coffin, of Somerville.
3. The company commanded by Capt. George F. Barnes, of South Danvers.
4. The company commanded by captain George H. Marden, Jr., of Charlestown.
5. The company commanded by captain David L. Brown, of Marlborough.
6. The company commanded by captain Philip J. Cootey, of Boston.
7. The company commanded by captain Charles S. Converse, of Woburn.
8. The company commanded by captain D. Webster Davis, of Charlestown.
9. The company commanded by captain Andrew A. Powers, of Bolton.
10. The company commanded by captain Francis M. Sweetser, of Stoneham.

And these companies will be henceforth designated in the above order, respectively, as companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, and K, of the Fifth Regiment of Infantry, M. V. M.

The Sixth Regiment of Infantry, Colonel Albert S. Follansbee commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following companies of said Regiment:

1. The company commanded by captain Joseph M. Coombs, of Boston.
2. The company commanded by captain Geo. F. Shattuck, of Groton.
3. The company commanded by captain Benj. F. Goddard, of Lowell.
4. The company commanded by captain James W. Hart, of Lowell.
5. The company commanded by captain Frank H. Whitcomb, of Acton.
6. The company commanded by captain Henry W. Wilson, of Boston.
7. The company commanded by captain Nathan Taylor, of Lowell.
8. The company commanded by captain Moses E. Ware, of Roxbury.
9. The company commanded by captain Edward H. Staten, of Salem.
10. The company commanded by captain Edgar J. Sherman, of Lawrence.

And the said companies, in the above order, will be henceforth respectively designated as companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K, of the Sixth Regiment of Infantry.

The Eighth Regiment of Infaptry, Colonel Benj. F. Peach, Jr., commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following companies of said Regiment:

1. The company commanded by captain Lewis J. Tift, of Springfield.
2. The company commanded by captain Henry M. Lyons, of Adams.
3. The company commanded by captain Samuel Graves, of Marblehead.
4. The company commanded by captain William H. Merritt, of Lynn.
5. The company commanded by captain Samuel F. Littlefield, of South Reading.
6. The company commanded by captain Henry Stone, of Lynn.
7. The company commanded by captain Edward L. Low, of Gloucester.
8. The company commanded by captain William H. Landen, of Springfield.
9. The company commanded by captain Henry S. Shelton, of Boston.
10. The company commanded by captain Lafayette Butler, of Pittsfield.

And the said companies, in the above order, will be henceforth respectively designated as companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, and K, of the Eighth Regiment of Infantry, M. V. M.

The Forty-second Regiment of Infantry, Colonel Isaac S. Burrill commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following companies of said Regiment;

1. The company commanded by captain George M. Stewart, of Springfield.
2. The company commanded by captain Benj. C. Tinkham, of Medway.
3. The company commanded by captain Isaac B. White, of Boston.
4. The company commanded by captain Samuel A. Waterman, of Roxbury.
5. The company commanded by captain Augustus Ford, of Worcester.
6. The company commanded by captain Samuel S. Eddy, of Worcester.
7. The company commanded by captain Alanson H. Ward, of Worcester.
8. The company commanded by captain I. T. Stevens, of Braintree.
9. The company commanded by captain Benj. R. Wales, of Dorchester.

And the said companies, in the above order will be henceforth respectively designated as companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G, I, and K, of the Forty-second Regiment of Infantry, M. V. M.

The Sixteeth Regiment of Infantry, Colonel Ansel D. Wass commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following companies of said Regiment:

1. The company commanded by captain Josiah Soule, Jr., of Abington.
2. The company commanded by captain F. Edwd. Bent, of Quincy.
3. The company commanded by captain Charles L. Sproul, of Bridgewater.
4. The company commanded by captain Moses H. Comset, of Boston.
5. The company commanded by captain Robert H. Chamberlain, of Warcester.
6. The company commanded by captain Barker B. Kent, of Boston.
7. The company commanded by captain Stephen D. Gardner, of Newburyport.
8. The company commanded by captain David Boynton, of Haverhill.
9. The company commanded by captain C. J. Woodward, of Shelburne Falls.

And the said companies, in the above order will be henceforth respectively designated as A, B, C, E, F, G, H, I and K, of the Sixtieth Regiment of Infantry, M. V. M.

The following unattached companies will be retained.

1. The company commanded by captain Lewis J. Bird, of Boston.
2. The company commanded by captain Francis E. Porter, of Beverly.
3. The company commanded by captain Luther Dame, of Newburyport.
4. The company commanded by captain A. J. Hilbourne, of Chelsea.
5. The company commanded by captain A. L. Hamilton, of Lawrence.
6. The company commanded by captain George H. Smith, of Boston.
7. The company commanded by captain J. C. Batcheller, of Lynn.
8. The company commanded by captain Charles F. Walcott, of Cambridge.
9. The company commanded by captain Robert W. Reeves, of Salem.
10. The company commanded by captain Lewis Gaul, Boston.

And said companies will be for the present designated, in the above order, as the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Eighth, Ninth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, and Fourteenth Unattached Companies of Infantry, M. V. M.

The above order will not apply to any Companies at present in the service of the United States, so as to alter the designation by which such Companies may be known in that service, until they shall have been mustered out of service.

Upon the return of the Regiments now in the U. States service, reorganization of the Regiments will be necessary, in order that each Regiment, for the purposes of drill and discipline, and to enable it to be readily assembled, may be composed as nearly as possible of Companies from the same neighborhood or district.

Books of enlistment will be at once issued by the Adjutant General (in conformity with section 18, chapter 238, Acts of 1864) to the commanders of all the Companies hereinbefore enumerated. All non-commissioned officers and privates of said Companies who shall not re-enlist in said Companies, in conformity with the provisions of said Act, will be at once discharged and cease to be members of said Companies. And the commanders of said Companies shall within thirty days return to the Adjutant General rolls of their respective Companies, upon blank forms to be furnished by the Adjutant General, in conformity with the provisions of section 10 of said Act; and all such Companies as shall not, within the said space of thirty days, have returned such rolls, or as shall appear by said rolls to be reduced to a less number than the minimum number of non-commissioned officers and privates by said act established for a Company of its arm, may be forthwith disbanded.

Application to the formation of new Companies of the Volunteer Militia must be made at once to the Adjutant General, as they will not be granted after the districting of the State for the formation of Companies of the Active Militia under the new statute shall have been commenced.

All organizations of the Volunteer Militia other than those hereinbefore enumerated as continued and retained, and excepting the two corps of Cadets which by said Act are expressly recognized and retained, are hereby disbanded, and all officers holding commissions in any such organization, and all general and staff officers of Divisions and Brigades, are hereby honorably discharged.

Provided, however, that any Regiment or Company of the Volunteer Militia not hereinbefore enumerated, which shall present to the Adjutant General within ten days satisfactory proof of its existence and power to recruit itself to the minimum strength required by said act for an organization of its arm, and shall account for its neglect to make returns to the General Order No. 22 of this year, may be reinstated and continued.

The Commander in Chief avails himself of this occasion to tender his thanks to the Major Generals, Brigadier Generals, and the various Field, Staff and Company Officers, who are by the operation of law discharged as aforesaid for their past fidelity and efficiency in the service; and he entertains the hope that the reorganization of the Militia will receive their constant and efficient co operation.

By order of His Excellency, JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander in-Chief.

WILLIAM SCHOULER, Adjutant-General.

sept3—3t

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of JOHN CARTON, late of Woburn, in the County of Middlesex, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to SAM'L S. HOLTON, Adm.

Winchester, Aug. 23, 1864. sept3—3t

Administrator's Sale of Real ESTATE.

BY virtue of a License from the Court of Probate for Middlesex County, will be sold at Auction, on Monday, September 19th, 1864, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, all the Real Estate of the late JOHN PAINE, of Stoneham, in the County of Middlesex, consisting of about 29 acres of Tillage, Pasturage, and Meadow Land; situated mostly on the South side of the street, opposite his late residence and near the boundary line between Stoneham and South Reading.

Terms Cash, on the delivery of the deed.

EDWARD MANSFIELD, Administrator.

South Reading, Sept. 3, 1864. 3t

Guardians' Sale of Real Estate in Winchester, Mass.

WILL be sold at Public Auction, on Thursday, Sept. 29th, by order of Probate Court, the following described lots of Land, together with Homestead, belonging to the late Joel White:

LOT NO 1—Containing 15,406 Square feet, and bounded as follows—Easterly by land of J. F. Stone; Southerly by land of W. Johnson; Westerly by other land of said Johnson, and Northerly by land of heirs of Betsey J. Rice.

LOT NO. 2—Containing 15,659 square feet, and bounded as follows—Westerly by Brackett street; Northerly by Winthrop street; Easterly by land of R. Crawford, and Southerly by land of J. Kelsey.

LOT NO. 3—Containing 5,200 square feet, more or less, and bounded as follows—Northerly by Shepherd street; Easterly by land of A. Pratt; Southerly by land of O. Stearns and Calvin Richardson, and Westerly by land of J. M. Williams.

NO. 4—Containing 4,450 square feet, more or less, and bounded as follows—Northerly by Shepherd street; Easterly by land of A. Pratt; Southerly by land of O. Stearns and Calvin Richardson, and Westerly by land of J. M. Williams.

NO. 5—Homestead, containing House and Barn, five minutes walk from R. R. Station, about 16,100 square feet of land, and bounded as follows—Northerly by land of H. Hatch, Easterly by land of A. Fletcher; Southerly by land of J. B. Winslow; Westerly by Washington street.

NO. 6 Near Church's Mills, containing about 12,000 square feet, Lot No 49 on Plan of Caleb and Joshua Richardson's Estate, and bounded as follows—Easterly by Chestnut st; Northerly by Water street; Westerly by Lot No. 48, and Northerly by Lot No. 5.

☞ Should the weather prove stormy, the sale will be postponed to the next fair day.

J. A. COOLIDGE, JOSEPH WHITE, ADELINE B. WHITE, } Guardians.

Winchester, Sept. 10, 1864. 3t

Real Estate for Sale in Woburn, At a Bargain.

THE large double dwelling house, slated roof, on Rail Road street, about one third of a mile from the depot, built by Jeduthian Fowle. The house contains two parlors, two sitting rooms, two dining rooms, two kitchens, eleven chambers, and is well supplied with closets, marble mantles in the parlors and sitting rooms; there is about one and a half acres of land connected with the house, and an excellent well of water. A good bargain is offered, as the estate must be sold to close a concern. For further particulars, apply to C. D. COLE, No. 548 Washington St., or GEORGE THOMPSON, at Andrew's Hall, between 9 and 10 A. M., or 3 and 4 P. M.

Woburn, Sept. 10 1864. tf

Cottage House, Barn and Land, For Sale.

THE Cottage House, Barn and Land, now occupied by Mr. N. H. Walton, on Fulton street, near the Stoneham Branch R. Road. The house contains seven rooms, with several good closets; also, a basement, used as a cook room. There is a well of excellent water and a never failing spring. Attached to the barn is a building well adapted for a Shoe Manufactory.

The house has been erected but a few years and was built in the most thorough manner.

For further particulars, enquire of E. T. WHITTIER, at the Post Office, Stoneham, or of TIMOTHY WALTON, 161 Boston St, Salem. Post Office address, So. Danvers, Box 99.

sept10—3m

RARE CHANCE.

Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

THE undersigned, desirous of closing out his entire Stock of Clothing and Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps Umbrellas, &c., during the present month, would remind those persons who intend to economize in their selection of Winter Apparel, that now is their chance to make a selection, as the entire Stock will be sold for Cash, in the shortest time possible.

All persons having unsettled accounts with the undersigned, will confer a special favor by settling them at once.

J. W. HAMMOND, Lyceum Building.

Woburn, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

House, Carriage and Sign Painting, Glazing & Paper Hanging.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Woburn and vicinity, that he is now prepared to do any work in the above business, with promptness and in a workmanlike manner. Second-hand Carriages and Sleighs fitted up to look as well as new, at fair prices.

Favors thankfully received, and all work warranted to give satisfaction.

Shop on private way, leading from Pleasant St. to Horn Pond.

WILLIAM F. SAWYER.

Woburn, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

PERFUMERY.

LUBINS JAQUES, WRIGHTS, PHALONS, and EDREDIUS' Popular Extracts for the handkercheif. Thirty different odors. For sale by

sept 10 W. C. BRIGHAM.

FOR THE HAIR.

STERLING'S AMBROSIA, KENDALLS' AMBOLINE, BURNETS' COCOAINE, And all the popular Hair preparations of the day. For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM.

sept 10

Jaques' Extract Pond Lily,

Just received and for sale by

W. C. BRIGHAM

STONEHAM ADVERTISEMENTS.

SAMUEL LYNCH, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, (Main Street, opposite the Church,) *STONEHAM, MASS.*

sept10—tf

D. H. MESSER, FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,

Attends to any duty connected with his profession at the shortest notice. Also, Coffins and Grave Clothes of every description on hand and furnished at short notice. I have also an AIR TIGHT CORPSE PRESERVER, in which cold air is the medium used, acting as a preservative in the warmest weather, for any length of time. At the same time the body is entirely secure from nocturnal depredations, while a glass reveals at any moment the features of the departed. Thus arranged it can be conveyed hundreds of miles with perfect safety, and in a good state of preservation, which has already been done.

☞ Residence, North Common Street, opposite the Congregational Meeting House.

Stoneham, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

Medical Notice.

BY the solicitation of friends, the subscriber has resumed the practice of Medicine in Stoneham. Calls attended to at all hours. Particular attention will be given to the treatment of all chronic diseases. Consultations at office, *free.*

H. GOODRICH.

Stoneham, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

S. G. CHAUNCEY, CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER,

☞ Shop rear of Dike's Building.

Carriages and Sleighs repaired and painted.

All new work warranted.

Stoneham, Sept 10. 1864. tf

NOTICE.

THE citizens of Stoneham and vicinity, will always find at Dr. Horace Goodrich's DRUG STORE, a fresh supply of pure Drugs and Medicines, Perfumery and Fancy Goods, Letter, Cap, and Note Paper, Pens, Pencils, Superior Ink, and all other articles usually kept by Druggists. Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded.

The above articles will be warranted as represented, and sold at the lowest cash prices.

Stoneham, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

☞ LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Post Office at Stoneham, Sept. 3, 1864—

LADIES' LIST.

Anderson, Margaret
Chase, Sarah
Derby, Elizabeth
Walker, Orin Mrs.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Allen, L. P. Colston, William Gale, Benj.

E. T. WHITTIER, P. M.

Letters Remaining Unclaimed,

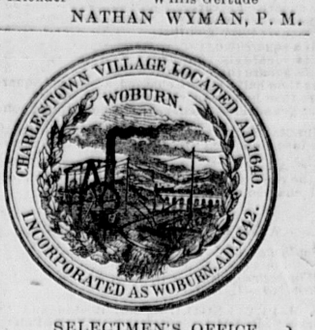
IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN, State of Massachusetts, 10th day of Sept. 1864

☞ To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for *'advertised letters,'* give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Bennett Irvin M	Hascal Aberham
Burnham Leonard	Moricy Patrick
Bacon Jonas	Nichols Rebecca Mrs
Brigham E F	Parker Rebecca J Mrs
Corbett Thomas R	Richardson Jno G
Dearborn Clara Mrs	Ring Dennis
Foley Danl	Reu Sarah J
Folger J A	Safford Chas
Finn Michael	Willis Gertude

NATHAN WYMAN, P. M.



SELECTMEN'S OFFICE, WOBURN, July 7, 1864.

The attention of the citizens of Woburn, NOT LIABLE TO DRAFT, is respectfully called to the annexed Circular, and extracts from Gen. Order No. 23. It affords the opportunity to those interested in the success of the National cause, to give to the country the proof of their patriotism, by placing in the Army a personal representative.

All cannot go to the front and give their personal service, but every citizen has now the privilege of voluntarily placing his representative there, and thus aiding to secure the prompt and decisive overthrow of the rebellion:

Let the citizens of Woburn nobly respond to this new call on their patriotism.

All persons enlisting as representative recruits under this authority, will receive the Town Bounty of One Hundred and Twenty-Five Dollars.

By order of the Board of Selectmen,

A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

WAR DEPARTMENT, PROVOST-MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington, D. C., June 26, 1864.

Persons not fit for military duty and not liable to draft, from age or other causes, have expressed a desire to be personally represented in the Army. In addition to the contributions they have made in the way of bounties, they propose to procure at their own expense, and present for enlistment, recruits to represent them in the service. Such practical patriotism is worthy of special commendation and encouragement. Provost-Marshals, and all other officers acting under this Bureau, are ordered to furnish all the facilities in their power to enlist and muster promptly the acceptable *representative recruits* presented, in accordance with the design herein set forth.

The name of the person whom the recruit represents will be noted on the Enlistment and Descriptive Roll of the recruit, and will be carried forward from those papers to the other official records which form his military history.

Suitably prepared certificates of this *personal representation* in the service will be forwarded from this office, to be filled out and issued by Provost-Marshals to the persons who put in *representative recruits*.

JAMES B. FRY, *Provost-Marshal General.*

FROM GEN. ORDER NO. 23.

The men enlisted under the provisions of the above circular will be entitled to the bounty from the State; and their families the State Aid. These men are *Representative Recruits*,—that is to say, men induced to enlist, by the exertions of patriotic men who who are not themselves liable to do military service, and not substitutes who are enlisted in the place of men either liable to military duty, or who have been drafted.

By order of His Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

WILLIAM SCHOULER, *Adjutant-General.*

jy9

ATKINSON'S FURNITURE POLISH. For VARNISHED or POLISHED FURNITURE, this excellent Polish will not fail to restore furniture to its original brilliancy. After using this preparation, the touch of the hand will not leave a mark or soil furniture. Obtained at the principal dealers in furniture, and traders generally. W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., manufacturer. Tremont corner Boylston streets. Wholesale agents, Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. Warranted not to injure the varnish. 40 3m

4711 Farina Cologne 4711

Celebrated for its excellence all over the world, For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.



Special Notices.

EDITOR OF JOURNAL:—*Dear Sir*,—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail with out charge.

Respectfully yours, THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, jy23—3m* 831 Broadway, New York.

A Card to the Suffering.

SWALLOW two or three hogsheads of "Buchu," "Tonic Bitters," "Nervous Antidotes," &c., &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the result, then try one box of OLD DOCTOR BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS—and be restored to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the broken down and shattered constitution. Old and young can take them with advantage. Imported and sold in the United States only by

JAS. S. BUTLER, No. 427 Broadway, New York.

☞ Agent for the United States.

P. S.—A box of the Pills, securely packed, will be mailed to any address on receipt of price, which is ONE DOLLAR, post paid—money refunded by the Agent if entire satisfaction is not given.

jy23—3m*

CENTRAL HOUSE, MAIN STREET, WOBURN, MASS.

THE undersigned, having completed the alterations and repairs on this commodious and centrally located Hotel, is now prepared to receive transient and permanent boarders. Gentlemen, with their families, can be accommodated with excellent rooms, newly furnished.

No expense will be spared in an endeavor to make the Central House equal to any hotel in the County. The tables are always supplied with the best the market affords, and in this respect the proprietor feels sure that he can give satisfaction to his guests.

The STABLES connected with the establishment have recently been put in fine order, and horses and carriages are to let—day or night.

L. B. NORRIS, Proprietor.

Woburn, Aug. 20, 1864.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

PROBATE COURT.

To the Heirs-at-law, Next of Kin, and all other Persons interested in the estate of Mary Duren, late of Woburn, in said County, widow, deceased, GREETING:

WHEREAS certain instruments purporting to be the last will and testament and two codicils of said deceased, have been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Abraham Duren, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of September next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same.

And said Abraham Duren is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once a week for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Middlesex Journal, printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to each known heir, legatee, or devisee of said deceased, or his legal representatives, within two days after said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-third day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

aug27—3t* J. H. TYLER, Register.



COAL, LUMBER, &C.

THE firm of AYER & MCDONALD having been dissolved, the subscriber respectfully gives notice to the inhabitants of Woburn and vicinity, that he will continue the business, at the same stand, in all its branches, and trusts by giving strict attention to business, and always keeping on hand the different kinds of COAL, WOOD and LUMBER, to receive that generous share of public patronage which has been accorded to the late firm during the past year.

LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

OFFICE—Immediately adjoining the North end of the Depot, Woburn Centre.

JOS. B. McDONALD.

Woburn Feb, 13th, 1863.

French, English and American TOILET SOAPS, Genuine.

From the manufactories of Coudray, Mangenet & Coudray, Gelle Freres, Lowe, Son & Haydon, Patty, Glenn, Worsley, and others, For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

WYMAN'S AMBROTYPE, MELAINOTYPE, AND Daguerreotype Rooms, KELLEY'S BLOCK, ... WOBURN.

PARTICULAR attention given to copying pictures.

Central Market, Main Street, Woburn.

THE subscriber having taken the store for merly occupied by E. O. SOLES, will keep constantly on hand West India Goods, Groeries, Provisions, Vegetables, &c H. WHITFORD.

English, French and American BRUSHES, FOR THE HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING. For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

TOILET EXTRACTS.

In endless variety, many of which will be sold at a low fiaure. By W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS, WOBURN CENTRE.

CHARLES A. SMITH, DEALER IN American and Foreign DRY GOODS, Bank Block, - - Woburn

"HARD TIMES COFFEE." This Coffee has stood the test, and is Unequalled by any other Substitute. No one who delights in a Cup of good Coffee Should be without it. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY H. B. NEWHALL, 36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

Certificate of Dr. Hayes.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance. It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully, A. A. HAYES, M. D., jy16—2m cow State Assayer.

L. H. ALLEN, FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,

FURNISHES at his Wareroom, four doors north of depot, Caskets of all sizes and qualities. Black Walnut, Mahogany, White Wood, and Pine coffins, of every size and price. Plates of various styles, and Plain and Fancy Handles. Thibet, Cashmere, Colored, Lawn, Muslin, and Cambric Shrouds. Metallic Caskets furnished at the shortest notice. Every thing furnished at the lowest living prices.

The subscriber having received from the Board of Selectmen the appointment of Funeral Undertaker for the town, now offers to the public his new and elegant HEARSE, which has been manufactured expressly to his order, and which he will furnish with one or a pair of horses, at the usual price.

He likewise offers the new invention for preserving the bodies of deceased persons by cold air alone, without the direct application of ice, which is so repugnant to the feelings. When preserved by the cold air process, a glass reveals at any moment the features of the departed, and the corpse will keep much longer than in the ordinary way.

The subscriber would take this opportunity to return his thanks for the liberal patronage he has hitherto received, and hopes with his new improvements to continue to give his customers the highest satisfaction.

All orders answered with promptness, and Coffins delivered within ten miles free of expense.

L. H. ALLEN. Woburn Center, March 4, 1864.—23-6m

FRANK B. DODGE, WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER, ALSO, DEALER IN Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, Musical Instruments, Fancy Goods, &c.

☞ *Melodeons For Sale and to Let.*

WADE BLOCK, MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

DON'T FAIL TO READ THIS.

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

The East India Coffee CO.,

154 READE ST., (three doors from Greenwich Street), N. Y., call universal attention to their

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE

—o—

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE.
has all the flavor of OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA, and is but half the price; and also that

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE
has twice the strength of Java, or any other Coffee whatever and wherever used by our first class hotels and steamboats, the stewards say there is a saving of 50 per cent.

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
is the most healthy beverage known, and is very nutritious. The weak and infirm may use it at all times with impunity. The wife of the Rev. W. Eaves, local minister of the M. E. Church, Jersey city, who has not been able to use any coffee for fifteen years, can use

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE.
three times a day without injury, it being entirely free from those properties that produce nervous excitement.

Dr. JAMES BOYLE, of 156 CHAMBERS STREET, says: "I have never known any Coffee so healthy, nutritious, and free from all injurious qualities as

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
I advise my patients to drink it universally even those to whom I have hitherto prohibited the use of coffee."

The PRINCIPAL OF THE NEW YORK EYE INFIRMARY says: "I direct all the patients of our Institution to use exclusively

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
and would not be without it on any account."

The Rev. C. LAURE, an eminent clergyman of the M. E. Church, now stationed at Halsey street, Newark, says of

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE.
"I have used it nearly a year in my family, and find it produces no ache of the head or nervous irritation, as in the case of all other Coffees. It is exceedingly pleasant, and I cordially recommend it to all clergymen and their families."

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
is used daily by the families of Bishop Ames, Bishop Baker, Bishop James, and many of the most distinguished clergymen and professional men in the country."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!
and be sure that the packages are labeled

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE,
154 Reade Street, New York.
as there are numerous counterfeits afloat under the name of "Genuine East India Coffee." "Original East India Coffee," etc., put forth by impostors to deceive the unwary.

In 1 lb. packages, and in boxes of 36, 60, and 160 lbs., for Grocers and large consumers. Sold by Grocers generally.

Orders from Country Grocers solicited, to whom a very liberal discount will be made.

Wholesale Agents; Hoeflish & Molan, and W. J. Heiss & Brother Philadelphia; Francis H. Perry, Providence; A. L. Waite & Co., Boston; Pynchon & Lee, Springfield, Mass; S. N. Callender, Buffalo; Gorden M'Millan & Co, Cleveland; A. A. Colter & Co., Cincinnati; J. & J. W. Bunn, Springfield, Ill.,; H. B. Shields, Corydon, Ind.; and C. C. Garber, Chicago.

The Am. Adv. Agency 308 Broadway, N. Y., will receive orders for the above named Coffee.

Business Department—E. ALFOBD.
Corresp. Dep.,—FOWLER & WELLS.

MIDDLESEX JOURNAL

BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT,

Main Street, Woburn.

WE call the attention of the public to the facilities of the above establishment for the execution of

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PRINTING.

We are prepared to supply all classes of the community with any kind of printing they may need.

BLANK BOOKS,
INSURANCE POLICIES,
BANK CHECKS,
CIRCULARS,
PROGRAMMES,
PAMPHLETS,
ORDER OF EXERCISES,
LEGAL BLANKS,
BILL HEADS,
CATALOGUES.
SERMONS,
NOTE BOOKS.
BLANK RECEIPTS,
BUSINESS CARDS,
ADDRESS CARDS,
BALL CARDS,
ORDER OF DANCES,
SHOW BILLS,
POSTERS,
AUCTION BILLS,
SHOP BILLS,
MILK BILLS,
LABELS,
&c., &c., &c.

Particular attention paid to printing
POSTERS OF EVERY SIZE.

Also—Visiting, Wedding, Ball and Business Cards.

☞ Persons in the adjoining towns who may wish printing done, can send their orders by mail, or otherwise, and rest assured that they will be promptly and correctly filled.

JOURNAL PRINTING ROOMS,

MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

FARINA COLOGNE!

Just received and for sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM.

The Middlesex Journal,

E. MARCHANT, PROPRIETOR.

Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

TERMS—$2.00 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher; and any person wishing his paper discontinued, must give notice thereof at the expiration of the term, whether previous notice has been given or not.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square (12 lines this type) one insertion,	$1 50
Each subsequent insertion,	25
Half a square (six lines), one insertion,	1 00
Each subsequent insertion,	17
One square one year,	15 00
One square six months,	8 00
One square three months,	5 00
Half a square one year,	8 00
Half a square six months,	5 00
Half a square three months	3 00

Less than half a square charged as a half square; more than half a square charged as a square.
Larger advertisements as may be agreed upon.

SPECIAL NOTICES, *leaded*, 12 cents per line for one insertion, each subsequent insertion 5 cents.

☞ All advertisements, not otherwise marked on the copy, will be inserted UNTIL ORDERED OUT, and charged accordingly.

AGENTS FOR THE JOURNAL.

South Reading—DR. J. D. MANSFIELD
Stoneham:—E. T. WHITTIER.
Winchester:—JOSIAH HOVEY.
Reading:—L. E. GLEASON.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., Boston and New York; S. R. NILES, (successor to V. B. Palmer,) Scollay's Building, Court street, Boston, are duly empowered to take advertisements for the JOURNAL, at the rates required by us.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The attention of business men everywhere is called to this paper as an advertising medium. The JOURNAL circulates largely in the towns that surround Woburn, and all will increase their business by advertising in its columns.

Every kind of JOB PRINTING done at short notice, on reasonable terms and in good style.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of correspondents.

☞ Subscribers are requested to remit direct to the office of publication.

BOSTON AND LOWELL

And Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Stony Brook Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowel Railroads.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 16th, 1864, trains will leave BOSTON for—

Upper Railroads, 6.00, 8.00 a m, 12.00, 5.30 p m
Wilton, Milford, Danforth's Corner, S. Merrimack 8.00 a.m. 12.00, 5.30 p. m.
Nashua, 6.00, 8.00† am, 12 m, 5 30 pm
Tyngsboro', No. Chelmsford 6.00am, 12.00, 5.30pm
Groton Junction 10.00 (exp) a.m., 2.30 p. m.
Lowell, 6.00, 8.00†, 10.00 am, 12-00 (exp), 2.30, 5.30 (exp), 6 pm.
North Billerica, Billerica & Tewksbury, Wilmington, 6.00, 10.00 a m, 2.30, 6.00 p m.
S. Wilmington, N. Woburn, 10 a m, 2.30, p m.
Woburn W. S., 6.00, 10.00, a.m., 2.30, 6.00 p m.
E. Woburn, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30 a m. 2.30, 3.00, 5.10, 7.30* pm.
Winchester and West Medford, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, am, 2.30, 3,00, 5.10, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p m.
College Hill 6.45, 10.00, 11.30 a.m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p.m.
Mondays at 11.30 p. m., a train leaves for Lowell, Nashua and Way Stations.
The 10.00 A. M., and 2 30 P. M., Trains from Boston stop at Milk Row, Somerville Centre, and College Hill Stations, to take passengers for Stations above Winchester.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BOSTON LEAVE

Wilton at 6.15, 11.00 a. m. 3.30 p m.
Milford, 6.20, 11.05, a. m. 3.55 p m.
Danforth's Corner, 6.30, 11-13, a m, 4.08 p m.
South Merrimack, 6.35, 11-21 a m, 4.23 p m.
Nashua at 7.00, 11-45, a m, 5.00, 8.40† p m,
Tingsboro' 7.15, 11.57 a m., 5,12 pm.
North Chelmsford, 7-22, 12.06 a.m., 5,19 p.m.
Groton Junction, 8.00 a m, 12.45 p m.
Lowell 7, 7.30* 9.30, a m, 12.15*, 2.15, 5-30*, 9*pm.
North Billerica 7.09, 9-39 a m. 2.22, 5.41, p m.
Billerica and Tewksbury 7.16, 9 46 a m, 2.29, 5.47 p m.
Wilmington at 7 26 9-55 a m, 2.39, 5.55, p m.
South Wilmington 10.00 a m, 2.43 p m.
North Woburn 10.03 a m, 2.45 p m.
Woburn Watering Station at 7.39, 10-08 a m, 2.53, 6.04 p.m.
East Woburn at 7-00, 9.00, 10-00 a m, 1.15, 2.54, 5.00 6-30, p m.
Winchester at 6.05, 7.05 7.45, 9.05, 10-15 a m, 1.20, 3.00, 5.05, 6-35, 8.20, p m.
West Medford at 6.15, 7.15, 7.52, 9.15, 10 22 am 1.30 3.07, 5.15, 6-45, 8.25 p m.
College Hill 6.19, 7.19, 9.19 a.m., 1.33, 3.10, 5.19, 6.47 8 28 p. m.
*Or on arrival of trains from Nashua.
†Northern Depot.
The 9.30 A. M., and 2 15 P. M., Trains from Lowell stop at College Hill, Somerville Centre, and Milk Row Stations, to leave Passengers from Stations above Winchester.

Woburn Branch.

Trains for Woburn Centre, leave Boston, at 6.45 11.30, a. m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30,* p. m.
Trains leave Woburn Centre for Boston, at 6.00, 7.00, 7-40, 9 a m, 1.15, 5.00, 6.30, 8-15 p m.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

Stoneham Branch.

The Trains on this Road will leave Boston (from Lowell Railroad Depot) for Stoneham, at 6-45, and 11-30 A M, 3-00, 5-10, and 7-30* P M.;
Leave Stoneham for Boston, at 6 52, and 8-5 A M, 1-00, 4-52, and 6-22 P M.
* Saturdays at 10-00 P.M.

J. B. WINSLOW, Superintendant,
B. L. and N. & L. R. R.

VERNATELLA.

WARRANTED TO MAKE THE

SOLES OF BOOTS AND SHOES

WATER AND DAMPNESS PROOF,

AND WEAR ONE-THIRD LONGER.

VERNATELLA,

is a preparation from Copper, having no grease. Linseed oil, or anything of the kind, and when the soles are once saturated with it, water can no more get through them than through copper itself.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

AT RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

But its cost to the purchaser is really NOTHING, as it makes the soles wear enough longer to more than pay for it, leaving as a net gain the making of them Water and Dampness Proof and the preservation thereby of that priceless gem, the health.

LADIES, READ THIS.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH!

Use Vernatella on the soles of your Shoes. It makes them water proof and thereby protects your feet from dampness, for the ground is always more or less moist, either from rain or the morning and evening dew.

At Wholesale in Boston by

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 38 Hanover street.
S. M. COSCORD & CO., 86 Hanover street.
M. S. BURR & CO., 26 Tremont street.
CARTER, RUST & CO., 43, Hanover street.

And Wholesale Druggists generally. Also by all the Principal Dealers in Boots and Shoes.

Manufactured in the CHEMICAL DEPARTMENT of the

Cahoon Manufacturing Company.

WYMAM & TYLER, Agents.
0—7m 82, Water street, Boston.

ATKINSON'S FRENCH PLASTER.

Highly Recommended for CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD JOINTS, NAILS IN-GROWING, or any Disease of the Feet.

This Plaster effects a cure without pain or inconvenience. After the application the boot or shoe can be worn with perfect ease. Warranted not injurious. Procured of all principal druggists and Boot and shoe dealers. Made only by W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., Tremont corner Boylston streets, Boston, Mass. Wholesale agents, G. C. Goodwin & Co.; John Wilson, Jr., & Co., Boston.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT,
OF

Drugs and Medicines,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

For sale at the lowest market prices, by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

WOBURN BOOKSTORE!

THE WOBURN BOOKSTORE is well supplied with a good stock of Books, Writing Paper, Pens, Ink, Inkstands, Pencils, Blank Books, Room Paper, Fancy Goods, Toys, and almost everything usually found in a Stationery Store. The stock of

Bibles and Testaments

is large, and consists of a variety of sizes and styles.

FAMILY BIBLES supplied to order.

Hymn Books,

The various kinds of Hymn Books used in the different Societies, are always kept on hand. Those of particular binding, when not on hand, will be furnished to order.

Sabbath Sch'l Books,

Such as Hymn and Tune Books, Question Books, &c., supplied at short notice.

Photograph Albums

in good variety, and at different prices, from 50 cts. upwards.

Juvenile Works,

suitable for children of all ages, including the works of the most favorite authors, in great supply. TOY BOOKS of all kinds and prices.

Blank Books,

Ledgers, Journals, Record Books, Pocket and Tuck Memorandums, and all kinds of Blank Books usually called for. BLANK BOOKS, of particular kinds, furnished to order.

School Books.

The various kinds of Books used in our Public Schools, are always on hand. Also, Rewards of Merit, in many different styles.

Writing Paper.

The stock of Writing Paper is always large, and includes all kinds—Letter, Billet, Cap, Bank Post, Bill, and Ornamental.

Envelopes

Of all colors, sizes and qualities.

Pens.

All kinds of Gillott's, Washington Medallion, and many others, too numerous to mention.

Penholders,

In Wood, Bone, Ivory, &c., at all prices.

Paper Hangings.

A good supply of House Papers, Borders, Window Blinds, &c, of the latest and most fashionable patterns, at LOW PRICES, always on hand.

Miscellaneous.

Cartridge, Drawing, Blotting and Tissue Paper; Patent, Portable, Fancy and Office Inkstands, Playing Cards, Portfolios, Ink Erasers, Ivory Tablets, Tape Measures, Transparent Slates, Pencil Leads, Superior, Common and Perfumed Sealing Wax, Wafers and Stamps, Crayons, Drawing Books, Stamps, Rubber, Boxes Paints and Brushes, Pen Racks, Paper Tearers, Bill Files, Date Cases, Rulers, Ivory Folders, Sand and Boxes, Thermometers, Mathematical Instruments, &c., &c.

Fancy Goods and Toys.

A large variety of Work Boxes, Reticules; Puff, Back, Round, Fine, Pocket and Dressing Combs; Hair, Tooth, Nail, Clothes and Shaving Brushes; Crotchet Needles, Emory Cushions, Port Monnaies, Wallets, Ladies' Money Bags, Visiting, Playing, Plain and Ornamental Cards; Dolls in variety, and toys of all kinds

Main St. Woburn Center.

CLARK'S

DISTILLED

RESTORATIVE FOR THE HAIR,

Restores Gray and Faded Hair and Beard to its Natural Color, and is a most Luxurious Dressing

FOR THE HAIR AND HEAD.

Clark's Restorative, Restores the Color.
Clark's Restorative, Eradicates Dandruff.
Clark's Restorative, Promotes its growth.
Clark's Restorative, Prevents its falling off.
Clark's Restorative, Is an unequalled Dressing.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Children.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Ladies.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Old People.
Clark's Restorative, Is perfectly harmless.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Oil.
Clark's Restorative, Is not a Dye.
Clark's Restorative, Beautifies the Hair.
Clark's Restorative, Is splendid for Whiskers.
Clark's Restorative, Keeps the Hair in its Place.
Clark's Restorative, Cures Nervous Headache.
Clark's Restorative, Prevents Eruptions
Clark's Restorative, Stops Itching and Burning
Clark's Restorative, Keeps the Head Cool.
Clark's Restorative, Is delightfully perfumed.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Sediment.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Gum.
Clark's Restorative, Polishes your Hair.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Parties.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Balls.
Clark's Restorative, All Ladies need it.

C. G. CLARK & CO., PROPRIETORS.
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston, General Agents, 30—1y.

"BIG THING ON ICE."

ONE OF TUFT'S

ARCTIC SODA FIXTURES!

Has been placed on the Counter of the APOTHECARY at

No. 5 Wade Block, Main St.

He now offers to the thirsty public a cold glass of Soda Water with either of

12 varieties of Fruit and Cream Syrups.

☞ CALL AND SAMPLE THE GOODS. ☜

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE

EFFECTED IN

Good Stock & Mutual Companies;

Also, PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, &c., obtained for Widows, Children, Fathers, Mothers, Brothers or Sisters, through the agency of HORATIO WOODMAN, Esq., of Boston,

By SPARROW HORTON Agt.,

AT THE

WOBURN POST-OFFICE.

G. R. GAGE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

New Bank Building, Woburn,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he is now located in his new store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS

made in the best style, and warranted to fit.

Particular attention paid to making

Boys' Clothing

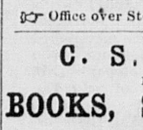
He has on hand a large stock of the best and most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the season, which will be made up to order at the most reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS

of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly on hand.

Woburn, March 19th, 1864.

DR. C. T. LANG,



Surgeon Dentist.

Cor. Winn and Pleasant Sts.

Woburn Centre, Mass.

MRS. M. E. FIELD,

MILLINER,

Keeps constantly on hand

BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, DRESS TRIMMINGS, CAPS, BRAIDS, LACES, SILKS, WORSTEDS, &c.

MOURNING GOODS furnished at short notice

☞ BONNETS Bleached, Pressed and Trimmed to order.

Bank Block, Main Street, Woburn.

WILLIAM WINN,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER.

BURLINGTON, MASS.

Sales of Real and Personal Estate attended to on reasonable terms.

Orders left at the *Journal* office will receive prompt attention.

H. HARRIMAN,

HARNESS AND COLLAR MANUFACTURER.

Corner of Ockley Court and Main Street, (opposite Central House), Woburn Mass.

Harnesses of every description made from the best stock, and by experienced workmen, at low prices.

Repairing neatly done.

HORACE COLLAMORE,

DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

OFFICE:—4 WADE'S BLOCK,

Woburn Centre.

A. B. COFFIN,

ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW

No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.

Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street.

SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,

WOBURN CENTRE.

M. L. MORSE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

STONEHAM.

☞ Office over Store of C. H. Montague.

C. S. ADKINS,

DEALER IN

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

PERIODICALS,

CONFECTIONERY, &C., &C.,

WOULD respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Woburn and vicinity to a good assortment of

Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Sand, Mucilage, Sealing Wax, and all articles usually found in a Stationery Store.

Daily Papers and Periodicals of the day.
Sheet Music—Vocal and Instrumental.
Violin and Guitar Strings.
Confectionery of all kinds, and of the best quality.

Also, HOVEY'S HAIR BALM, one of the best preparations for the Hair, offered to the public.

"TOWNSMAN" BUILDING,

Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

MIDDLESEX

WAR-CLAIM ASSOCIATION,

Office, 4 Niles Block, 33 School St., Boston.

THIS ASSOCIATION has been formed to aid Soldiers, Seamen, and their Families in obtaining PENSIONS BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, PRIZE MONEY, LAND, and other claims against the Government.

Applications for the collection of claims should be made by letter, or in person, to the Attorney of the Association.

Advice will be given by the Attorney without charge.

Upon the collection of claims, small charges, established by the Directors, will be made.

HON. JOEL PARKER, President.
HON. D. W. GOOCH, } Vice Presdts.
HON. GEO. S. BOUTWELL, }
DIRECTORS—Joel Parker, Geo. S. Boutwell. D. W. Gooch, Leonard Huntress, James M. Shute, Phineas J. Stone, Chas. Hudson, E. J. Collins, Amos Stone, H. Hosford, Horace Conn, J. H. Waitt, Charles Kimball, John K. Going.

A. B. COFFIN, Attorney, No. 33 School Street. Boston. GEO. W. COPELAND, Secretary and Treasurer, 5 Tremont Street, Boston. 20 1y.

WOBURN MARBLE & GRANITE

STONE-WORKS.

THE subscribers offer for sale the largest and best assortment of MARBLE

Monuments and Gravestones

ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular attention given to the

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Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back,
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Secret Diseases

In all their Stages, At little Expense,
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LONG SPLICE
—OR,—
THE REBEL PRIZE MASTER OUTWITTED

BY LIEUT. CHAS. P. MORGAN, U. S. N.

Early in the morning of a beautiful day in the latter part of May, of this present year of our Lord, there laid, nearly one hundred miles east of Cape Hatteras, a full rigged brig, nearly new and lumber-laden, called the Mermaid, said brig being commanded by one Seth Comstock, who, with his daughter Mary, a buxom and beautiful girl of eighteen, and five men that composed his crew, formed the total number of the ship's company.

Breakfast being over, in the morning now alluded to, the captain went on deck, and after gazing long and anxiously around the horizon, called out:

"Long Splice, where are you?"

"Here, sir," replied a tall and gigantic individual, running aft from the forecastle.

"Go aloft and look out sharp for strangers."

"Ay, ay, sir," and a moment afterwards Long Splice was at his appointed station.

Not that Long Splice was his real name, but an *alias* he had attained long before, from his most intimate nautical friends, on account of his extreme length, standing all of six feet in his stockings. Being stout in proportion, he was of course very strong, and as even tempered and good natured as powerful. He was now about twenty-five years of age, and having followed the Southern coasting trade from early boyhood had become an expert sailor, which, combined with other accomplishments, such as an extraordinary amount of shrewd common sense, and an inexhaustible fund of humor, with a quaint, homespun way of expressing it, made him an invaluable assistant to the Mermaid's captain, and a general favorite of the vessel's entire company.

After being aloft for the space of ten or fifteen minutes, our hero suddenly started every soul on board, by shouting out with the full strength of his stentorian voice:

"Smoke, O!"

"What's that?" returned the captain.

"Smoke, O!" repeated Long Splice.

"Where away?"

"Off the weather bow, sir."

"Steamer is it?"

"Guess she is. Smokes like one anyhow."

"Any sail on her?"

"Nary sail."

"Not much use for any without wind," muttered the captain. "Is she coming this way?"

"Well, she is, and dreadful fast too."

"Come down from the loft, then, quick, returned the captain.

"Father, dear, what is coming?" asked Mary Comstock, who had been standing by the captain's side for some time unobserved.

"A steamer of some sort, my dear."

"Yes, one of the last sort, I reckon," said Long Splice, who by this time had reached the deck, and stood waiting for further orders.

"That's so, for there she is in plain sight," replied the captain. "Run up the colors," he continued to a sailor standing by, and in a minute or so the glorious stars and stripes were displayed at the mizenpeak.

"If he answers that signal with the same," said Long Splice, "well and good; if he don't—"

"Well, he does not then," interrupted Captain Comstock, who had been for some moments intently watching the approching stranger through his glass. "He has a rebel signal flying, and is a pirate."

"All of that and some to spare," said Long Splice, as a shot from a gun fired at that moment from the steamer, came hissing and richotetting athwart the brig's bows.

"O! father, father," cried Mary, clinging nervously to the captain's arm, "what shall we do?"

"The best we can, my daughter. Go into the cabin, my dear, and pack your trunk."

"And leave you here to be killed, father? Never."

"Now you see, Miss Comstock," said Long Splice, with a look in which admiration and bashfulness were curiously blended: "I'm not at all soft in the way of speaking to ladies, especially young ones, but if you'll just go below and make yourself comfortable, you will not only oblige your father, but also your very humble servant, John Hamilton, who hereby promises to save the vessel and all its treasures, or as the newspapers say, perish in the attempt."

"They are preparing to broad us," interrupted the captain, speaking to Long Splice and directing his attention to the privateer, whose speed had been checked, and from whence a boat was at that moment in the act of descending into the water. "What is it best to do, fight?"

"I should say fight," returned Long Splice, "if we had anything to fight with, or stood any earthly chance of gaining anything, but as we don't and can't run away for the want of wind, why the next best thing we can do is to haul down the flag and surrender."

"You may do it Hamilton, if you can," said the captain. "I never will."

"By thunder, I will then, and glad of the chance," replied Long Splice. "My ancient grandmarm used to say when I couldn't do as I would, to do as I could, so, as I can neither run nor fight, and can surrender, why here goes to begin with.

So saying, our hero deliberately went to the signal halyards, and soon brought the stars and stripes ingloriously to the deck. Having witnessed this proceeding with great astonishment, the captain said,—

"Is it possible, Hamilton, you have grown so cowardly as to give token of surrender before being summoned to do so?"

"Look here, Captain Seth," replied Long Splice, as his eye flashed, and his lip quivered with suppressed indignation, "you and I were born in the same neighborhood. We were boys together, and you knew then, as you know now, that John Hamilton is *no coward*. But we are placed in a situation now, where common courage is of no avail, so I'm determined to see what can be done with Yankee shrewdness. I have an idea in my mind, and for the sake of your daughter who has just gone below, and for the sake of the whole ship's company, I implore you, without questions on your part to allow me to carry it out. Will you do so?"

"I will," returned the captain, "although judging from the way you have commenced, I think your idea must be a strange one."

By this time the privateer's boat had got within speaking distance, and the officer in command hailed as follows:

"Brig ahoy."

"Halloa."

"What brig is that?"

"The Mermaid from Bangor for St. Thomas."

"What schooner is that?"

"The private armed schooner Jeff Davis of the Confederate States of America, to which, by lowering your flag, you have surrendered as a prize."

The boat by this time being alongside of the brig, its crew armed to the teeth and headed by a lieutenant, jumped upon her deck and took a formal possession of the vessel, crew and cargo, which fact was immediately signalled to the privateer, and ordered her to range within speaking distance alongside the brig.

As the Jeff Davis had at that time more prisoners on board than she could well accommodate, it was determined that the Mermaid's crew should be heavily ironed and confined in the forcastle of their own vessel, while the captain and his daughter were allowed to remain under strict guard in the cabin. Then a prize master and six men were left in charge of the brig, and the privateer immediately steered off upon her course. Soon after this a good breeze sprang up, and the brig was enabled to shape her course towards Beaufort, S. C., whither she had been previously ordered to proceed.

Some two hours after the Mermaid had thus got under way, the prize master was astonished at hearing a voice from the forecastle loudly exclaiming,—

"Hurrah for secession, hurrah for Jeff Davis and death to the Union forever."

"Who did that come from?" inquired the prize master of the sentry at the forecastle gangway.

"The tall Yankee prisoner they call Long Splice, sir."

"Bring him aft."

In accordance with this our hero was taken at once to the quarter-deck, when he was addressed by the prize-master as follows:

"Are you the chap I heard hurrahing just now?"

"Well, yes, I calculate I am," returned Long Splice.

"Are you a secessionist?"

"I am considerable if not more."

"Then why didn't you say so before the irons were put on your wrist?"

"Because I thought you wouldn't believe me, and so it wouldn't be of any use. But afterwards, when I came to realize I had got among friends where I could express the sentiments of my heart, I couldn't help giving them lip."

"Are you ready to take the oath of allegiance?"

"Ready, sir, to take anything but Brandreth's pills, and them I can't get down nohow."

"Tell me first how you came to be secessionist."

"Somehow like this," returned Long Splice.

"A few years age I was discharged from a coaster in Charleston, and hired out there on a steamboat. After staying around in them diggings about six months, I concluded slavery was the best thing out especially for niggers, so I have gone for it ever since. So I go in for it now, and for secession and the South generally. Hurrah for Jeff Davis."

"Good, said the prize master. Your irons shall be taken off and you shall be one of us. Say is there any rum on board!"

"There's about a half a barrel of whiskey in the run."

"Then we'll have it up," replied the master, "and drink success to Jeff Davis and confusion to Abe Lincoln."

While this was being done, Hamilton's irons were taken off, and he was introduced to the prize crew as one of their number, and as good a secessionist as any of them. Then the whisky was brought up, and freely distributed among the men; the consequence was that in an hour or two most of them were roaring drunk. Taking advantage of this, Long Splice gained easy access to the forecastle, where he was not long in fixing the irons of his former comrades so they could be slipped off at a minute's warning. This being done he returned to the deck, and taking a revolver from the belt of a sentry overpowered by liquor, he concealed it in his pocket, and walking up to the prize master, said:

"That whisky has made the men sleepy."

"Never mind," said the master, "it's calm weather and you and I can manage to work the brig till they get over it."

"So we can with a little help," returned Long Splice.

"Ah, but where's that coming from?" inquired the master.

"The forecastle!" answered Long Splice, at the same time presenting his pistol at the master and saying, "Surrender or take the consequences. Hurrah for the Union!"

"Take'um yourself, you blasted cheating Yankee!" exclaimed the master, as he drew his revolver and fired, but owing to the action of the whisky previously imbibed, he missed his mark, and ere he could discharge another barrel was overpowered by the herculean strength of Hamilton and securely bound. Then at a preconcerted signal given by Long Splice, the brig's former crew slipped their irons, rushed on deck, armed themselves, and in a few moments held quiet and bloodless possession of the Mermaid, with which Captain Comstock deemed it most prudent to return to New York, where he safely arrived some ten days afterwards.

Of course the captain felt under great obligations to Hamilton, for having so handsomely outwitted the rebel prize master, and it is rumored that ere long our friend Long Splice will be in reality 'spliced,' that is, married to the captain's beautiful and accomplished daughter, Mary Comstock.

SELF-MADE MEN.—Of course everybody likes and respects self-made men. It is a great deal better to be made in that way than not to be made at all. Are any of you younger people old enough to remember that Irishman's house on the marsh at Cambridgeport, which house he built from drain to chimney-top with his own hands? It took him a good many years to build it, and one could see that it was a little out of plumb, and a little wavy in outline, and a little queer and uncertain in general aspect. A regular hand could certainly have built a better house; but it was a very good house for a "self-made" carpenter's house, and people praised it, and said how remarkably well the Irishman had succeeded. They never thought of praising the fine blocks of houses a little farther on. Your self-made man, whittled into shape with his own jack-knife, deserves more credit, if that is all, then the regular engine-turned article, shaped by the most approved pattern, and French polished by society and travel. But as to saying that one is every way the equal of the other, that is another matter.—*O. W. Holmes.*

To say little and perform much is noble.

[Our Army Correspondence.]

NEAR PETERSBURG, VA., Sept. 4th, 1864.

"A horse, a horse, my kingdom for a horse."

A lover of a good horse can see force and affection in this exclamation of King Richard, that none but an admirer of the genuine race can appreciate. Of all the animal creation with which God has covered the earth, the horse is acknowledged to be the most magnificent and useful. As an object of animate beauty, intelligent and subservient fidelity, he stands unrivaled; and when for pleasure or toil his master calls him, he cheerfully responds. His praise is as old as song, his usefulness coeval with man. His power and beauty are described in the best of *books* with the sublimest language; and only when language and progress cease will his noble nature be forgotten. His proud and defiant step, his bold and lofty carriage, his full eye, wide nostril, glowing with the breath of life. His flowing mane and well bent neck, his broad back and round sides, strong and deep loins, with limbs clean and muscular, with that symetrical combination that nature ever developes, fit him for the admiration and use of man.

We know the charge put upon him, "who hath no music in his soul;" a worse charge should greet him who hath no horse in his heart. A good wife is the comfort of one's life. A good horse is the pleasure of one's road strife. Men may talk against fast horses and fast riding, but eight *ministers* out of ten will shorten a sermon, or contract a prayer to behold a good and fast horse. Next to an elegant lady a fine horse will enjoy the attention of the best bred gentlemen in the land. Men may ride in an ox team, or go to the beach on foot, but all like to come home a 2:40 gait.

Men may talk about speed and fast horses, but they do not deceive others if they do themselves. Speed is *popular*, and most men when they buy a horse seek for speed as much as they seek for goodness and beauty when they get a wife. I know there is often an error of judgment; a man frequently thinks he marries beauty and grace, and wakes to find himself the *other* side of the hedge. So a man often thinks he has a *trotter* till some day he finds a *mule team* shaking dust into his face.

But with all the good qualities of the horse, he is the most used and abused of creation, and probably nowhere more so than in the army. Were I to tell you of the number of horses that this war has used up, and the amount they have cost the government, and the depreciation of those on hand from first cost, you would not believe the figures. Were I to write the number a million, and the cost one hundred and fifty millions, I should hardly exaggerate. Your readers all remember Gen. Sheridan's Trivolian raid from Bottom Bridge, in front of Richmond, across the peninsular to near City Point. He lost alone in horses 35,000, that cost the government not less than $450.000, & his raid was considered a success. These were not captured by the enemy, only a few at least, but gave out on the way, had to be deserted and shot to keep them from falling into the hands of the enemy. So Gen. Wilson in his raid last June, South of Richmond, lost about 2000 horses that cost $300.000. These are but two instances of scores. In every cavalry fight hundreds are killed. So in a field artillery fight, often every horse of a piece is killed, sometimes amounting to hundreds and thousands in a hard fight, costing one and two hundred thousand dollars. When one horse or 500 are killed to keep them from the enemy, all the equipage, too, must be destroyed, hundreds of saddles, &c., thrown into ruts of the roads, and the crushing wheels of cannon rolled over them, till they are ground up; blankets, bridles, and saddle-bags share a like fate. Could you see a cavalry division or corps, after a return from a raid, you would see something of the suffering of man and beast in this arm of the service. For days and nights in the saddle without food or sleep, plastered with sweat and dust as if rolled in ashes and tar, horses all jaded and drooping, gulled, weak and sunken with their human freight, like their riders fasting for days, weary and wan, galloping, trotting, walking and tottering back for days, broken down and used up, to be sent to the corral to be inspected; more than half condemned and sent to Fort Munroe and Washington, sold at auction at from 25 cents to $5, to be worked up into glue, phosphate, combs, buttons, &c. In the army the poor horse is the victim of every device known to veterinary science, to every kind of lameness that toil and abuse can produce. They die by hundreds daily from sickness, weakness and neglect. The soil of Virginia is pestilential with their carcasses, and the buzzards, the vultures, and the crows sing requiems of plenty, and fatten on the flesh of the once prancing steed. By the road side every ten rods, in the fields all over, they lie, filling the air with the most sickening effluvia. Shades of Brighton; no longer can you bear off the palm of victory in your weekly carnival of skin and bones. The capital required to buy a *Brighton Plug* will buy a squadron of "high mettled racers" in Virginia. Poor old horse, let him die; after life's fitful fever he sleeps well; may his cruel master sleep as peaceful and honored. With the cannon's heavy wheels he has rolled upon the foe, and neighed as the fury of battle mingled with the crash of the strife. With the subsistence train he has struggled and drawn. With the ambulance he carried off the wounded and dead. With the cavalryman he has charged the enemy till horse and rider were both laid low. He has borne the proud standard over the field of victory, defeat and death, till now, where a greener turf only marks the spot of his rest. R.

For the Middlesex Journal.

THE PILGRIM'S PROGRESS.—Benjamin's immortal allegory has been finely illustrated by a picture, formerly sold at ten dollars, but now, through the enterprise of L. A. Elliot & Co., of Boston, offered for three, five and ten dollars, according to style. This picture should be in every Christian household. Here the entire story is presented to the eye, and high moral lessons can be taught, with it, for a text, to children, which would not easily be forgotten. The mother of the pious Dr. Doddridge was wont to teach him important truths from the Bible, as she pointed out to him the Scripture illustrations, on some large Dutch tiles around the fireplace. And thus could this picture be used by a faithful parent, to warn, instruct, guide and cheer the youthful listener, in the way of eternal life.

As a work of art it is worthy of high praise, and as all who aspire to a knowledge of English literature should be acquainted with Benjamin's Pilgrim's Progress, so all who would adorn their residences with pictures at once suggestive and beautiful, should secure a copy of this engraving. The novel idea of thus embodying the attractive story in a simple picture originated with Rev. Daniel Wight of Massachusetts, and the picture was designed by Hammatt Billings, and engraved by Joseph Andrews, the distinguished historical engraver. By calling at, or sending to, 322 Washington street, Boston, this truly ornamental and valuable work of art can be obtained. This article is written, not as a puff, but with the sincere desire to promote taste for the excellent in art, and with the hope that New England will be widely enriched by this instructive picture upon the walls of its pleasant homes. P. A. H.

Reading, Mass.

A COMPLIMENT FROM ROYALTY.—We clip the following item from a recent number of the London (Court) Journal. "We have of late observed with pleasurable feelings a growing tendency among the higher circles to contract a closer intimacy with the disciples of Art and Science. This is as it should be, for in our humble opinion England rises higher in the scale of civilization by the fertile genius of her sons than by the rays of military glory reflected from her arms. At the late *levee* in the Queen's Drawing Rooms among other notabilities we noticed with unfeigned satisfaction the celebrated Dr. Holloway, whose Pills and Ointment have won for him a universal and imperishable name; his sober habiliments strangely contrasted with the elegant and *recherche* dress of the courtiers who surrounded him. On introducing him to the queen, Her Majesty extended her hand to him in the most gracious and smiling manner, detaining him a few moments by well merited compliments to to his fame, which had been echoed to the uttermost boundaries of the earth, wherever sickness had found a "local habitation," or disease sown its dragon's teeth. Her Majesty particularly alluded to the benefits which not only the wounded British but even French Soldiers had received from his ointment during the Russian war. The Doctor bowed his venerable head in acknowledgement of this proud tribute from his Sovereign Mistress to his unceasing efforts in the cause of suffering humanity. From the united testimony of the Medical Staff, the Officers, and Miss Florence Nightingale, who all concurred in the great efficacy of Dr. Holloway's Ointment in gun-shot wounds, sloughing ulcers, sabre cuts and contusions, the Government has issued orders that the ointment be used for dressings in all the Military Hospitals throughout Great Britain and her dependencies."—*Chester "Morning Times."*

It is only great souls that know how much glory there is in doing good.

THE PEDIGREE OF SHODDY.—These are the generations of Pshawdee. Psnawb, who came from the land of Jonbool, begat Pedullah; and Pedullah begat Rheet Aylah; and Rheet Aylah begat Jobbah; and Jobbah begat Holz Ayl; and Holz Ayl begat Kaudphyssh; and Kaudphyssh begat Pshawdee, of the Pahdee woman, which was his concubine.

And after these things the riches of Kaudphyssh vanished away, and he became poor among the great men of Gotham. But he hid some money from his creditor, and went down the river of debtors, the Oh-I-owe, unto the country of the Repudiators; and they welcomed him. And he bought some Niggahs with the money that he had hidden, and he lived upon the wages that were paid to him for their labor: and so at last he was Tshivulree. [New Gospel of Peace.

YE CANDIDATE'S GRINDSTONE.—A neighbor of Colonel Baker, the warrior statesman of Windham, tells the following story:—

The Colonel's old grindstone, which had long done good service on the farm, having become pretty well worn down, he bought and brought home a nice new one. A poor neighbor conceiving that the venerable Colonel could have no use for *two stones*, but could get along very well with one, asked him to give him the old one. The proposal, however, was *not* eagerly embraced, but was, on the contrary, positively negatived. An effort to buy the stone also failed, owing to a disagreement between them regarding the price; and the man having asked for the stone, and been given a decidedly cold shoulder, went away exceedingly sorrowful.

A day or two after the Colonel's nomination for Congress, he fell in with his neighbor, and after shaking hands and inquiring after each member of the independent elector's family, he took occasion to say, in the most friendly manner—

"By-the-by, you was speaking to me the other day about an old grindstone of mine. I don't know as I shall want it for anything; if it will do you any good, you can take it along with you any time when you are going by. It lies out there by the woodpile."

The Colonel paused to receive the warm thanks which he felt that his noble conduct deserved, but was a trifle set back by the following blunt response—

"Better keep it yourself, Colonel; you've got more axes to grind than I have."

A LONG SPEECH.—A member of the bar of one of the Eastern States was noted for possessing all the attributes of a good advocate but one—he never knew when to stop; it sometimes seemed as if he never would stop. On one occasion he had completely exhausted the patience of the court, the jury and the counsel; still the stream of his eloquence ran on as glibly as ever. At last he made a splendid peroration; every one experienced a feeling of relief, and every eye was turned towards him, expecting him to take his seat. But at this moment, to their astonishment and horror, he started off afresh on a new track:—

"Gentlemen of the jury," said he, "astronomers tell us that there are some stars situated at a distance so remote from this earth that their light, though it left them on the morning of creation, and has been traveling ever since, has not yet reached us."

"Never mind, brother T.," interposed the opposing counsel, "it will be sure to get here before you have done!"

☞ Mr. John L. Parker, editor and proprietor of "The Woburn Townsman," which paper he has conducted with signal ability and energy, has volunteered in the service of his country, and the subscription list and good will of the paper, together with good will of the job office, have been purchased by the proprietor of the Middlesex Journal. The papers will hereafter be united, and the subscribers to the Townsman will be furnished with the Journal. The editor of the Journal has also purchased the subscription lists and good will of the Stoneham Sentinel and the Winchester Transcript, heretofore published by Mr. Parker, and those papers are also united to the Journal.

Those who desire to advertise in the Journal, can now reach about everybody in this section of country.

☞ Volunteers, Read this.—For the derangement of the system, Change of Diet, Wounds, Sores, Bruises and Eruptions, to which every Volunteer is liable, there are no remedies so safe, convenient and sure as Holloway's Pills and Ointment, thoroughly tested in the Crimean and Italian Campaigns.

If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. 234

The Middlesex Journal,

—AND—

WOBURN TOWNSMAN.

WOBURN:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1864.

Our Army Correspondence.

BRIGADE HOSPITAL, 22d A. C.,
Washington, D. C., Sept. 1st, 1864.

Mr. Editor,—In a recent article of your invaluable Sentinel I learned that a patriotic citizen of Stoneham had subscribed for ten copies of the Sentinel to be sent to Capt. Sweetser, for distribution among the Stoneham boys in his command. I hope some other philanthrophist will open his heart and purse and do likewise. For, I assure you there is nothing pleases the soldier so much as to receive a paper direct from his own town. We may receive a dozen letters from the loved ones at home, and yet they do not give him the desired information respecting the business transactions, marriages and deaths, accidents and incidents connected with the affairs of every day life. But when he receives a paper it supplies the deficiency, and pictures as it were an ocular vision in the mind, that makes him feel as if he was at home at his own fireside and participated in every thing that pertains to the interest of the populace and the prosperity of the town.

And permit me to say in this connection that a few copies of the Sentinel would be thankfuly received and gratefully acknowledged by the Stoneham boys of the 9th Co. U. H. Art., now stationed at Forts Davis and Dupont. And if any benevolent citizen contributes towards this object, you can send half the number subscribed for to George P. Stevens, Fort Dupont, and the other numbers to Corpl. L. E. Sweetser, Fort Davis, Washington, D. C., and you will gladden the hearts of as good boys as ever left Stoneham to defend our flag, against demagogues and traitors who raised a rebel rag.

The boys are in good health and spirits, and always ready to defend our National emblem, that so proudly floats to the breeze over the kennel of Uncle Sam's bloodhounds. And if the Johnnies try their hands at the fortunes of war in this region, they will be obliged to confess that the Northern *mudsills* fought with better pluck than they imagined. Yea, verily, Gordon's Zouaves are determined to acquit themselves with credit should the Johnnies have the audacity to come this way.

A great change has taken place in our subsistence department recently. Owing to a misunderstanding between one of the Lieutenants and the boys, the Capt. investigated the cause of *our* woes, and the result of the examination proved that great injustice had been done the boys: and out of chaos and destitution came harmony and plentiness. Consequently, old phases have passed away and all things have become new. (The old familiar tune of hard tack, salt pork, and slop coffee, has changed, and good soft bread, corn beef, coffee, with milk in it, have taken their place. And Capt. Gordon assures us that it will continue so to the end of our term.)

Nothing of importance has occurred in this locality since I wrote two months ago. We hear a great noise about peace, but we turn a deaf ear to all such rumors, knowing full well that they are devoid of veracity: for as the scriptures say there is no peace for the wicked: consequently, as the rebels are desperately wicked, there shall be offered no terms of peace but entire submission to the Government of the United States.

I am of the opinion that those loud demonstrations of peace prove that Jeff is getting weak at the knees, and doubtless he thinks that his one eye will never behold the splendor and glories to which he aspired. Hence his harrangues about the *blessed peace* which the Richmond Examiner speaks of. But Father Abraham thinks differently. For the tone in which he addressed a-would-be-peace-maker a few days since, throws a new light upon the peace question. Says Abe, "tell Mr. Davis, sir, that if he is tired of fighting, sir, that I am not tired of being President, sir, and to convince him that I mean what I say, sir, I am going to try it four years more, sir, and if he throws up the sponge before 1868, I shall proclaim myself Champion, sir, and retire from the political ring to receive the eulogies of a grateful country, sir."

I hope the North will not be too hasty to get peace. Recent army movements show that there is sweet music in Generals Grant's, Sherman's and Sheridan's swords, and if the people have patience we will ere long have the pleasure of seeing the Johnnies dance a Union jig to the old tune of Yankee Doodle. Let us always bear in mind that the Union army has not only the southern chivalry to fight against but also thousands of Johny Bull's, and the best cannons, grape and shells that our trans-atlantic cousins could manufacture. But since Stoneham has sent forth her world renowned butcher—Joseph Kittridge—the bull will be slain, and nothing but the "Johny" will remain: and I am confident that the mudsills will soon dispose of the chivalrous slave breeders.

LIBERTY.

FORT MCHENRY, Sept. 12th, '64.

Mr. Editor,—To-day is the anniversary of the bombardment of this fort. Would that the American heart was as glad to-day as it was fifty years ago to-day. In the city flags are displayed from all the public places, bands are playing, and it is a day of general festivity.

I was in hopes when we left Mass. that I should not be obliged to record the death of one of our number; but, alas! however painful the task may be, I am compelled to do it. At 3 o'clock on the morning of the 10th inst., Horace R. Pearson breathed his last. He had been sick but a short time with typhoid fever. He was not considered dangerously sick until the day before he died and then the doctor thought that he might possibly get well. The attention paid him by the officers and men of the company was unceasing; scarcely a minute passed, from the time he was confined to his bed till he died, when there was not some one of the company by his bed-side to administer to his wants. Although his stay with us was comparatively short, still, all became strongly attached to him, and will cherish him in fond remembrance.

His wife and mother arrived here just three hours after he expired,—the Capt. having telegraphed to his wife, two day's previous, that her husband was *dangerously* sick. When she learned that he was dead and that he died only three hours before she arrived, her grief was beyond measure, and would not be comforted. They remained but a short time, then took the cars for home. The remains have been embalmed and forwarded to his friends. Horace P. belonged in Burlington, where, for several years, he had worked at his trade, blacksmithing. Burlington has now to mourn the loss of a *good citizen* and an able workman.

Details are almost daily being made to guard prisoners to other places of confinement, and to various camps of distribution in other Departments. On the morning of the 8th inst., a detail of a Sergt., two Corpl's, and thirty men from the companies of the 5th, stationed here, under Lieut. Fuller, were sent to the camp of distribution at Alexandria, with one hundred and fourteen prisoners. This squad was composed of bounty jumpers and deserters, and was literally "*rough.*" They proceeded in baggage cars to Washington. As the Lieut. could not procure transportation until the next day, he thought it better to remain in Washington over night, than to run the risk of marching there, as he would not be likely to get there before dark. Consequently, after taking supper at the "Soldiers' Rest," the prisoners were marched to a large barrack surrounded by a high fence. This barrack is divided into three rooms; in the centre one were placed the prisoners, and in one of the others the guard. The guard was posted in and about the building to the best advantage possible. During the first of the evening everything went on quietly. Some were dancing, (one of the prisoners had a violin) some singing, and others playing cards. One would have little thought to have seen them that they were prisoners. About 11 o'clock there was a grand rush made for the door, which was opened. One of them succeeded in escaping unhurt, another was dangerously wounded, while scaling the fence, by one of Co. "G's" boys. Others that tried to escape were forced back by the guard. None of the guard were hurt except one of our Co, who was hit with a brick-bat on the shoulder by one of the prisoners. It seems that this "*grand rush*" was all "cut and dried" beforehand, as we afterwards found a lot of "brick-bats" secreted in one corner of the room. They found to their sorrow that they were under a guard that would not trifle with them much. During the remainder of the night, and in fact till they were turned over to the proper authorities, none of them attempted to escape. On returning to Washington it was ascertained that transportation for Baltimore could not be furnished for nearly five hours, so that the boys had ample time to look about the city and visit many of the noted places. They were too tired however to go round much, for most of them had not slept at all since they left Fort McHenry, nor did they sleep scarcely any till they arrived back there about 11 o'clock Friday night.

More of the 91st N. York have arrived since I last wrote, and I understand that there are more yet to come. Lieut. M. Seeley has been ordered to Fort Marshall for temporary duty.

Yesterday we welcomed another Woburn friend to our camp—Mr. Wm. Totman, on his way from Alexandria, called on us. He left for home this morning.

Yours truly, IRA.

Army Notes,---No. 11.

HEADQUARTERS 10TH ARMY CORPS,
Near Petersburg, Va., Sept. 9, '64.

Dear Editor,—The truth of the trite phrase, "a changeful world," is nowhere more apparent than in the army. If in the ordinary pursuits of life we are led to perceive that instability is an all-pervading principle of nature, how much more forcibly are we impressed with this idea while on the field of active service! The soldier is indeed the true cosmopolite; the world is his home; his sojourn in one particular locality is only of brief duration. Continually changing camp, he gets so habituated to this migratory mode of existence that he very soon learns to domesticate himself wherever the voice of duty may call him.

Since the date of my last "Notes," the 10th and 18th Army Corps have exchanged places, and our Corps is now well settled in the trenches around the "Cockade City." Nothing of momentous importance has transpired since we came here, the stereotyped phrase, "everything quiet," expressing the true state of military affairs. Our forces still have a firm hold on the Weldon R. R., and are so strongly fortifying the position that the whole of Lee's army must labor in vain for its re-possession. It is evident that they have come to such a conclusion, else a most determined attack would have been made by them ere this. The possession of this important thoroughfare by our forces is a most damaging blow to the rebels, and this they are free to admit, inasmuch as it affords Gen. Grant a good opportunity to so extend his lines as to completely circumscribe the beleaguered city. This we hope will be fully accomplished before our soldiers will be called upon to cast their votes for Chief Magistrate of the Union, in November.

The glorious news of the fall of Atlanta, and the splendid achievements of Farragut in Mobile Bay, is the cause of much rejoicing throughout the army. At 11 o'clock on Monday evening last, our batteries commenced firing a concerted salute in honor of the official intelligence just received from Gen. Sherman. The *bang, bang* of artillery was incessant, and the air was literally alive with exploding shells. To an indifferent observer, such a display of artillery fireworks seems grand in the extreme. The star-like spark in the fuse of the mortar shells as they describe their parabolic course through the sky; the meteoric flash of the exploding shell; and the deep reverberations of the report among the pine forests—all tend to produce an effect at once startling and sublime. As the firing slackened, the sweet and inspiring strains of a distant band filled the intervals of the artillery din, discoursing the patriotic airs, "Hail Columbia" and "Yankee Doodle." It seemed a strange time for musical performances, but the effect was fine. Whether these airs fell pleasantly on rebel ears is extremely doubtful, under the circumstances. Of our salute they certainly could cherish no great appreciation, inasmuch as no *blank* cartridges were used, as ordinarily,—nothing but the substantial, effective, war material, shells. After the requisite number of discharges had been made by each battery along the line, the "confusion worse confounded" came to an end, and the god of quiet reigned supreme during the remainder of the night.

Picket firing is not indulged in to any great extent, it being more brisk in the night season than at any other time. Occasionally both parties try the effect of friendly intercourse; meet between the lines; "drive" bargains; and, it is said, sometimes even go so far as to indulge in a hasty game of "euchre" or "seven-up." If these games do not terminate by "*spades*" being "trumps," through the sudden intrusion of some hostile shell, the players are certainly on the side of good luck.

I must relate a little incident which transpired on the Bermuda Hundred line a few days ago. An inducement has been held out for the capture of prisoners, each man gobbling a reb being entitled to a 30 days' furlough home. This idea so forcibly worked upon the mind of a N. H. chap, while on picket, that he determined to try the effect of a little strategy in securing one of those animals of the secesh genus called "greybacks." Signifying his desire to exchange papers with "Johnny," he was met half way between the lines by the unsuspecting Southron, when, by compulsory measures, our hero succeeded in conducting his game safely within the Union lines. The coast seemed clear indeed, to him then; but disappointment is the "common lot" of all, and the "Granite State" Yankee was destined to receive his full share of Nature's bounteous gifts. Taking his captive before the Provost Marshal, that functionary decided, after hearing the reb's story, that his capture was not honorably brought about, and so he was sent back, under flag of truce, to a further enjoyment of life in the rebel service. Thus it was that our N. H. friend *didn't* get his furlough.

Our present location is on the line of the City Point and Petersburg R. R., about 6 miles from the former place and 4 from the latter. The station where the army supplies are landed is only a few rods distant, and it is truly surprising to see how large a quantity of stores is required in order to keep our army in working and fighting trim. A large storehouse is soon to be erected here, and a branch road is now in progress of construction, to connect, we are told, with the Weldon road, and thereby greatly facilitate the transportation of supplies to our troops at the extreme front. Verily, the "U. S. M. R. R." is a great institution.

The weather at present is very enjoyable, the nights quite cool. Good refreshing thunder storms visit us just often enough to keep the atmosphere in a wholesome state, and the dust well laid: besides bringing other blessings in the way of giving a quietus to annoying insects, of which this locality seems to be wonderfully prolific.

H. T. P.

☞ The Governor and Council have commissioned SPARROW HORTON, Esq., of Woburn, a Justice of the Peace, within and for the county of Middlesex.

MILITARY.—Corporal John K. Richardson, of Woburn, of Co. D, 22d Mass. Regt., who was wounded in the arm at the battle of Spottsylvania Court House, has returned home, preparatory to being mustered out of service.

Corporal Uriah Perkins, of Woburn, a member of Co. H, 59th Mass. Vols., is at home on furlough.

Corporal John Fullerton, of Woburn, of Co. M, 1st Mass. Cavalry, whom we mentioned in our last as being badly wounded, has since died of his wounds, in hospital at City Point, Va.

Private Thomas W. Harris, of Woburn, a member of Co. F, 59th Mass. Vols., who was severely wounded at Petersburg, Va., July 30th, is at home on furlough.

Sergeant William McDevitt and Private John McCarthy, of Co. K, 39th Mass. Regiment, both of whom were wounded at the battle of Spottsylvania Court House, have recovered from their wounds, and returned to the regiment.

The following Woburn men are in the U. S. General Hospital, Readville, Mass.:

1st Sergt. John Gilcreast, Co. K, 39th Mass. Regt., wounded in the back, at Spottsylvania Court House, May 10th.

Private James C. Libbey, Co. K, 39th Regt., wounded in the fingers, at Petersburg, June 19th.

Private Sylvester Murray, Co. K, 39th Regt., wounded in the thigh, at Spottsylvania Court House, May 8th.

Private Thomas McCarthy, Co. K, 39th Regt., wounded in the foot, at North Anna, May 24th.

Private John Riley, Co. K, 39th Regt., wounded in the fingers, at Petersburg, June 17th.

Private Benjamin W. Perkins, Co. B, 59th Regt., sick.

Private Charles W. Wellman, Co. H, 59th Regt., sick.

Private Orlando Crocker, Co. K, 59th Regt., wounded in the finger, at Cold Harbor, June 3d; transferred to hospital at Washington, a short time since.

Sergeant William H. Bancroft, Co. E, 11th Regt., wounded in the arm, hip, and breast, at Petersburg, June 19th; formerly of Co. E, 16th Regt.

POLITICAL.—At a meeting of the Union Republicans of Woburn, held at the Town Hall, Tuesday evening, Sept. 13th, M. M. Tidd was chosen Chairman, and E. E. Thompson, Secretary.

The following named persons were chosen delegates to attend the different Conventions:—

To the State Convention—Stephen M. Allen, C. C. Woodman, Warren Fox, D. F. Eager, J. G. Pollard, M. F. Winn, J. B. Winn.

County and Councillor Conventions—Jacob Brown, M. M. Tidd, A. B. Johnson, J. G. Pollard, C. R. Thompson, Horace Conn, Nathan Wyman.

Sixth Congressional District Convention—Joseph G. Pollard, S. M. Allen, Nathan Wyman, J. B. Winn, A. B. Johnson, J. W. Hammond, E. N. Blake.

Voted, To form a Union Club, and chose the following named persons for officers:—

President—Joseph G. Pollard.

Vice Presidents—S. M. Allen, G. M. Champney.

Secretaries—M. M. Tidd, E. E. Thompson.

Treasurer—Nathan Wyman.

Executive and Finance Committee—Jacob Brown, J. W. Hammond, M. F. Winn, E. N. Blake, and S. O. Pollard.

☞ The Republicans of Stoneham held a Caucus on Tuesday evening, Sept 13th, and made choice of the following persons to attend the State, County and Councillor, Congressional and Senatorial conventions:—

Delegates to State Convention.—M. L. Morse, L. W. Abbott, Geo. P. French, Watson A. Noyes, Darius N. Messer.

County and Councillor.—Lyman Dike, Wm. G. Brown, L. S. Rowe, Samuel Tidd, J. G. Rounds.

Senatorial.—John Hill, L. F. Lynde, John Botume, Jr., J. W. Osgood, Samuel Cloon.

Congressional.—Luther Hill, Daniel Hill, R. Ransom, Danforth J. Whitehouse, John. S. Leavitt.

The following Resolution was presented by M. L. Morse, Esq., and unanimously adopted:—

Resolved, That the integrity and energy displayed in the administration of our state government during the period of the Rebellion thus far, are to us sufficient guarantees of the ability and wisdom of our chief magistrate, Gov. Andrew, and that he is our first choice for the office he now so worthy fills.

Acknowledgments.

P. A. Jewett, the surgeon in charge of the "Knight General Hospital," at New Haven Ct., returns his acknowledgments to Miss Carrie R. Ford, of Winchester, for articles of comfort for the soldiers under his charge, forwarded by the Society at Winchester, through the hands of Mr. Schwaba, of Woburn.

Sergeant Charles P. Daley, of Woburn, Co. C, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery, at Fort Totten, North Carolina, acknowledges, with many sincere thanks a large package of stationery, &c., for Co. C, the gift of the people of Winchester. His letter is a very pleasent one, and he says the boys of Co. C, will look out for a wife from Winchester.

William Winn, of the Sixth Mass. Regt, writes from Washington Hospital to his mother, Mrs. A. Winn, of Winchester. He is getting better fast, on account of the supply of elderberry and blackberry wine given him by Miss. L. H. Dawes, a lady of the highest standing of that city. She is very kind. The wine sent to him and others, for distribution, by Mr. Schwabe, for whom she distributes comforts to the wounded from any State.

J. Bowers Winn, Esq., received a very grateful acknowledgment from Chaplain E. Crane, of the 1st and 2d Invalid Corps, for a fine supply of useful articles.

J. P. Tilton, of the 23d Mass. Regt., and son of Rev. Mr. Tilton, of Woburn, writes from Knight Hospital, Conn., to Mrs. S. E. Davis, a very sincere letter of thanks, not only for himself, but in behalf of all the Mass. soldiers at that hospital, for the prompt ond generous relief by the people of Woburn. He says the many boxes of so many useful contents lately sent by them, was a real godsend.

The Warden at Readville Hospital, acknowledges kindly a box of stationery from Mr. Fred W. Ellis, for distribution, which they much needed.

Mr. Samuel Cook received the Christian thanks from Agent Philsbury, of the Christian Commission, for a large package of towels and stockings.

Miss Nellie Stearns, got a diploma for a box of wines, and Mrs. Major McDonald for a box of useful contents, and little Master Warren T. Butler for a very fine box of hospital stores of all kinds, from Mrs. Harrison Gray Otis. Master Albert Thompson the same, for a box of clothing.

Mrs. John Cummings, Jr. also received an interesting acknowledgment from Mrs. Brewster, at Portsmouth Grove Hospital, for a supply of good linens, combs, and reading.

Private Edward Morrill, of Co. G, 35th Mass. Regt., who was wounded seven times, writes to Mrs. S. E. Davis many thanks for the fine supply for him and others, at Readville Hospital. Mr. Morrill is but 17 years old, and is said to be one of the bravest soldiers that ever left the State.

The Sanitary acknowledges thankfully a large bundle of books and stationery, from Mr. Henry Carter.

Private James Barker, of Co. K, 27th Mass. Regt., writes from Wolfe Street Hospital, Alexandria, Va., to Miss Ellen Warren, that a large supply came from Mrs. Harrison G. Otis, of Boston, and he got the nice box sent by her from Woburn, to Mrs. Otis. He is very thankful, as it came in the nick of time. He was much in want of the good things.

Mrs. M. Tidd, President Soldiers' Aid Society, received an acknowledgment from the Sanitary, for a supply of everything.

☞ The President has ordered the draft to take place, in all the States and districts, which have not filled their quotas, on Monday next. Woburn has a full quota, and forty-four to spare, to meet another call of 200,000 men, if such should be ordered.

☞ Some editorial and other matters are crowded out this week.

List of Soldiers who have enlisted as a part of the quota of Stoneham, under the last call of the President:—

INVALID CORPS.

Sturtevant, D. G.	Hadley, Darius.
Dodge, Orrin A.	Andrews, Alonzo,
	Hilton, J. M.
Quimby, E. T, 10th Bat.	Dempsey, Daniel, navy

CO. E, 1ST BATTERY HEAVY ARTILLERY.

Brown, Daniel,	Horne, Peter H.
Crocker, Horace,	Dolan, Thomas,
Carr, Arthur E.	Riley, Charles E.
Howard, Jeremiah F.	Wheeler, Benj. O.
Hadley, William,	Kempton, Andrew J.

25TH UNATTACHED CO. HEAVY ARTILLERY.

Carby, Charles A.	Cassidy, Patrick,
Perkins, Calvin,	Hogan, Daniel,
Dempsey, William,	Rowe, William E.
Abbott, Daniel A.	Murphy, William F.
Cotton, John L.	Corbett, Thomas J
Dugan, James H.	O'Brien, John,
Sheldon, John S.	Mackin, James,
Eaton, Melzar,	Desmond, John,
Neal, Charles H.	Lyon, Michael,
Young, Reuben C.	Andrews, Gustavus,
O'Laughlin, James,	Young, Geo. W. P.
McDonald, Michael,	Usher, Ambrose,
Looney, John,	Hagan, John,
Feeley, Michael,	Carr, Willis F.
Millit, Frank A.	McLaughlin, Owen,
McLaughlin, John D.	Winn, James A.
Hanson, Samuel G.	Estabrook, Edward C.
Upham, Edward E.	Sheridan, Hugh.
Brown, John, 2d,	Bacon, Silas,
Davis, H. H.	Feeley, Daniel.

The balance of the quota is filled by reinlistments and substitutes, put in by gentlemen liable to draft, and by recruits not residents of the town.

☞ Yellow fever is making considerable havoc at Havana.

VOLUNTEERS.—The following persons have volunteered in Woburn, under the call of the President for 500,000 men, and they have been mustured into the service of the United States:—

Wm. Rufus Fowle, 11th Mass. Battery.
Daniel C. Porter, Veteran Reserve Corps.
Abel Barrett, substitute.
L. M. Harris, "
Sereno B. Pratt, "
Asa Phillips, "
Dawson Smith, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Ephraim Cutter, substitute.
Fred. A. Hartwell, "
Warren E. McKee, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
Hugh Downey, " "
John Hearlihy, " "
Henry Mosher, " "
Alfred A. Dow, substitute.
John W. Knight, "
George H. Conn, "
A. P. Pollard, "
Jacob Brown, "
George H. Noble, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Reuben Green, " "
Edward D. Metcalf, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
George A. Metcalf, " "
Joseph Buck, Jr., substitute.
Alexander Chalmers, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Charles A. McDonald, " "
Charles Bulfinch, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
Patrick H. Bradley, " "
Adams J. Eaton, " "
Robert Booth, " "
Charles E. Followsbee, " "
James Duffy, " "
Philip H. Gill, " "
Timothy Corcoran, " "
Thomas Ryan, " "
James Boyle, " "
Isaac B. Noble, 61st Mass. Infantry.
William McMenamin, 2d Mass. Cavalry.
Henry L. Norris, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
George Reynolds, " "
James W. Kirk, 1st Mass. Cavalry.
Harvey M. Jones, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Henry Bulfinch, Co. E, 1st Batt. Heavy Art.
John Wallace, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Henry J. Dart, " "
John Riley, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
William Ritchie, " "
John C. McClellan, 2d Mass. Cavalry.
Alfred B. Cruikshank, " "
Andrew B. Brooks, substitute.
James Galligan, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
Elbert G. Perkins, U. S. Service.
Timothy O'Leary, 3d Mass. Cavalry.
David Mitchel, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Charles Mann, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
Thomas McDonald, " "
William Switser, " "
Fernando Bovier, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Hugh L. Currier, " "
John Russell, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
Thomas A. Conway, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Patrick Mehan, " "
Peter Murray, U. S. Navy.
Patrick Rafferty, "
John McGovern, " "
Henry J. Gallagher, 61st Mass. Infantry.
James W. Hurd, 2d Mass. Heavy Artillery.
James Sullivan, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Daniel Currier, " "
Frederic C. Parker, substitute, U. S. Navy.
Michael O'Donald, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Thomas Dever, " "
Solomon Isak, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Joseph Dimond, " "
Timothy Fitzpatrick, " "
George McGee, " "
John A. Nugent, " "
John P. Vincent, " "
John Ott, " "
John Slattery, " "
Jeremiah Donnovan, " "
Dana Kent, " "
Alexander Murdock, " "
John LeBarron, " "
Charles S. Parker, " "
Horace N. Hastings, " "
Thomas Glynn, " "
Henry F. Maxwell, " "
Charles T. Wood, " "
James Moran, " "
Maurice Collins, " "
Michael Havlin, Marine Corps.
John W. Plummer, U. S. Navy, ship Ohio.
George Vant, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Thomas J. Hamilton, " "

STONEHAM.

Complete Roster of Co. D, 33d Reg. Mass. Vol. Infantry—in the field, near Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 15, 1864:

Godfrey Rider, Jr.,* (Capt.) Promoted to Lieut. Col. April 3d, 1863.

James F. Rowe,* (1st Lieut.) Promoted to Capt. Aug. 1, 1863, on Gen. J. Hooker's Staff.

Naman H. Turner,* (2d Lieut.) Promoted to 1st Lieut. Mar. 3, 1863. Promoted Capt. of Co. C, May 1st, 1864.

SERGEANTS.

Hiram P. Marston.* Promoted 2d Lieut. July 1, 1863, to 1st Lieut. of Co. I, Nov. 1, 1863.

James H. Greggs. Discharged Mar. 7, 1863, for disability.

Sidney L. Colley.* Promoted Orderly Sergeant March 5, 1864.

Albert J. Meader. Transferred to Invalid Corps.

John M. Cate.* Reduced to the ranks Mar 5, 1864.

CORPORALS.

Nathan E. Starbird. Died Jan. 12, 1863, at Washington, of Typhoid Fever.

Otis S. Sanborn. Died Oct. 22, 1862, at Alexandria.

Archelaus Welch. Promoted to Lieut. Aug. 1st, 1863. Discharged April 1st, 1864, from wounds received at Lockout Mountain, Oct. 28th, 1863.

Alvin Woodman. Promoted Sergt. May 1, 1863. Discharged May 12, '64, from wound received at Lookout Valley.

John D. DeRonde. Reduced to the ranks. Transferred to Invalid Corps, May 1, 1864.

Duncan Harriman. Transferred to Invalid Corps, May 1, 1864.

Charles H. Barry.* Promoted to Sergt. June 20, 1863. Now Color Sergt.

Charles H. Tibbitts. Deserted Mar. 30, 1864.

PRIVATES.

Jules R. Allen. Promoted Corpl. Mar. 1, 1863. Killed at Gettysburg, July 2, 1863.

Alpheus Austin. Transferred to Co. K, Sept. 1, 1862.

Alonzo Andrews. Discharged for disability, Feb. 7th, 1863.

George Brown. Absent sick.

George F. Burrows. Discharged for disability, Feb. 13th, 1863.

Philip O. Buxton. Promoted Corpl. May 1, 1863. Killed in action at Lookout Valley, Oct. 29th, 1863.

Sylvanus Blanchard. Absent sick.

Walter B. Berry.*

Albert Brown. Absent sick.

Herman Balink. Transferred to Invalid Corps, Aug. 1st, 1864.

Edward Crossin. Absent wounded.

James Cogan. Absent, wounded July 4th, 1864.

William Coveny. Discharged from wounds received at Gettysburg, July 2, 1864.

Henry Cook. Promoted Corpl. Jan. 1, 1863. Transferred to Invalid Corps July 12, 1863.

Arthur W. Carr.* Promoted Corpl. Mar. 1, 1863, to Sergt. May 1, 1864.

Andrew J. Cobb. Promoted Corpl. May 1st. Killed in action May 15, 1864.

Eleazer W. Davis.*

Henry Dorr. Absent sick.

Amos Damon. Transferred to Invalid Corps Jan. 19, 1864.

George T. Eames.*

Fred. E. Farmer. Absent sick.

John I. Fletcher. Discharged for disability, Mar. 12, 1863.

John S. George. Discharged for disability, Mar. 8th, 1863.

Walter B. G. Gray. Absent sick. Died August 23d, 1864.

Aaron A. Green. Died June 8, 1863, (over fatigue on the march.)

Matthias Gambell. Transferred to Co. K, Sept. 1, 1862. Died of Poison in Sept.

Lawrence Houlton. Absent from wound received at Dallas, May 25, 1864.

Francis E. Hartwell. Discharged for disability Jan. 9th, 1864.

Marcellus L. Hook. Transferred to Invalid Corps July 1, 1863.

George W. Hunt. Discharged for disability Jan. 20th, 1864

Charles R. Haynes. Discharged from wounds received at Lookout Valley, Feb. 16, 1864.

Darius Hadley. Discharged at Washington, for disability, May 19, 1863.

Moses H. Johnson. Discharged for disability Mar. 25th, 1863.

Amasa M. Knowlton.* Detached, Division Pioneer.

Celesta Kederack. Transferred to Co. H, August 5th, 1862.

Edward Libby. Died of Chronic Diarrhea, at Nashville, June 27th, 1864.

Joseph LaClare. Died of wound received at Resaca, May 15, 1864.

George W. Libby. Absent from a wound received at Dallas, May 25, 1864.

Nelson Loucraff.* Detached, Brigade Teamster.

James Marr. Discharged for disability Dec. 3, 1862.

John F. Marston.* Promoted Corpl. Oct. 24, 1863, to Sergt. May 12, 1864.

Frank Murphy. Discharged for disability, Jan. 30th, 1862.

William Mahan. Killed at Gettysburg, July 2, 1863.

Philip Moore. Transferred to Invalid Corps, Aug. 1st, '63.

George H. Miller. Absent from wound received at Resaca, May 15, '64.

Henry T. Munroe.*

Edward Manning. Promoted to Corpl. Oct. 24, '63. Discharged from wounds received at Lookout Valley, May 8th, '64.

John F. Mansfield.* Promoted to Corpl. Dec. 15th, '63.

George A. Mansfield. Discharged for disability Mar. 12th, '63.

John McGowan.* Promoted to Corpl. Dec. 15, '63.

John Nolan. Killed in action at Dallas, May 25th, '64.

Michael O'Brine. Deserted Sept. '63.

George Pasho.* Detached at Brigade Hospital.

Bowman W. Patten. Promoted to Corpl. August 29th, '63. Absent from wounds received at Resaca, May 15th, '64.

Asa J. Patten. Promoted to Corpl. June 25, '63. Died Nov. 1st, '63, from wounds received at Lookout Valley, Oct. 29th, '63.

Jonathan A. Perry. Absent from wound received at Lookout Valley, Oct. 29th, '63.

Grovener A. Page. Discharged Apr. 6th, '64, from wound received at Lookout Valley, Oct. 29th, '63.

David G. Pierce.*

Otis W. Pinkham. Promoted Corpl. Jan. 1st '63. Died May 15th, '63, of Chronic Diarrhea.

Edwin C. Prentiss. Transferred to Invalid Corps Nov. 15th, '63.

Benjamin P. Paine.* Detached, Corps Ambulances.

Adelbert O. Richardson.*

Henry J. Rowe. Discharged Feb. 9th, '63.

William B. Reed. Discharged Oct. 20th, '63.

James Rooney. Transferred to Invalid Corps Apr. 6th, '64.

Francis B. Shaw.*

James H. Swain.* Detached at Corps Headquarters.

Frank S. Stowell. Absent from wound received at Reseca, May 15th, '64.

Frank H. Smith. Discharged Nov. 18th, '62.

Jonas S. Stone.*

James Shields. Died Oct. 10, '62, of Typhoid Fever.

David Sullivan.* Promoted to Corpl. May 1, '64.

Thomas G. Tafs. Discharged Dec. 23d, '63, for disability.

Warren B. Tibbitts. Died Mar. 15th, '63, of Typhoid Fever.

John Taylor. Transferred to Co. H, Aug. 7, '62.

Timothy D. Upton.*

John Van Putten. Absent sick.

Edwin Vance. Died Nov. 5th, '62, of Typhoid Fever.

Charles E. Vaughn.* Detached, Division Teamster.

Henry F. Wardwell. Died Feb. 15th, '63, of Typhoid Fever.

John Williams.* Detached, Brigade Teamster.

Albert E. Willey.* Promoted to Corpl. Mar. 1, '63; to Sergt. Oct. 24th, '63.

Oliver Wheeler. Died Nov. 10th, of Typhoid Fever.

Joseph Wilson. Absent sick.

Albert A. Young. Discharged Jan. 17, '63, for disability.

Leonard Peterson. Killed in action at Gettysburg, July 2, '63.

Arthur P. Hazard,* (Bugler.) Member of 33d Band.

Arthur Lorendo,* (Drummer.) Colonel's Orderly.

Orrison Glines. Deserted July 19th, '62.

RECRUITS.

Jason M. Gorham,* (Private,) joined Co. D, 33d Mass. Vol. Infantry, June 26th, 1864.

Edward Donely,* (Private,) joined Co. D, 33d Mass. Vol. Infantry, July 6th, 1864.

John Larkins,* (Private,) joined Co. D, 33d Mass. Vol. Infantry, July 6th, '64.

James Shea,* (Private,) joined Co. D, 33d Mass. Vol. Infantry, July 6th, '64.

James Scott,* (Private,) joined Co. D, 33d Mass. Vol. Infantry, July 6th, '64.

Co. D,—Number of Guns present,	18
Whole number present for duty with the Regiment,	25
Present, detached,	7
Absent, sick,	17
Total enlisted, present and absent,	49
Whole number transferred,	15
" " discharged,	24
" " died of disease,	10
" " killed in action,	9
" " deserters,	3
	61
Total belonging to the company since the organization,	49
	110
Promoted to commissioned officers,	2

*Present with the Regiment.

Medical Meeting.

The Middlesex East District Medical Society held a meeting on Wednesday evening, Sept. 14th, at the house of Dr. Chapin. There were present Dr. Brown, of Reading, Chapin, of Winchester, Cutter, of Woburn, Edward Gage, of Paris, France, Harlow, of Woburn, Harris and Hodgdon, of West Cambridge, Holmes, of Lexington, Mansfield, of South Reading, Parker, of Melrose, Stevens, of Stoneham, Toothaker, of Wilmington, Wakefield, of Reading, Winsor, of Winchester, and Dr. Dole, Boston City Hospital.

On motion, Drs. Parker, Cutter and Jordan, were appointed a committee to adopt suitable resolutions of respect to the memory of Surgeon William H. Heath, of Stoneham, late of the 2d Regt. Mass. Vols., who died Aug. 29th, at Chattanooga, Ga., of disease contracted in the untiring discharge of most arduous and trying surgical duties as operating surgeon of his division. Dr. Parker presented the following, which were adopted by all rising in silence.

"Resolved, That in the death of Dr. William H. Heath, this society has sustained the loss of a faithful and honored member.

"Resolved, That while we mourn his loss, we can but regard with pleasure and pride his professional career, especially that portion of it so nobly and truly given to our well-beloved country, as manifested in a life sacrificed in contributing to the well-being of those who are now fighting for the preservation of all that makes our national existence desirable and so well appreciated by those noble veterans, who heard of his death with tears and unrestrained grief.

Resolved, That we will endeavor tenderly to cherish his memory, and profit by the noble example he has left us by giving our lives more earnestly to the work before us.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent by the Secretary to the family of the deceased, to whom we tender our most heartfelt sympathies in their present bereavement. Also that these resolutions be published in the Stoneham Sentinel, Middlesex Journal, and the Boston Medical and Surgical Journal."

Dr. Chapin spoke very feelingly in relation to Dr. Heath. He alluded to his manliness, his high attainments and his worth.

Dr. Cutter alluded to the great interest Dr. Heath evinced in the society—how that he longed to unite with his professional contemporaries once more and do all he could to maintain a high esprit de corps, and to advance the welfare of the profession.

The Hon. Dr. Wakefield referred to the symmetry of his character and to the earnestness of his efforts to be a master of his profession—laying a broad foundation in the principles of Surgery at home, and acquiring such a proficiency in the practical details on the field, as shed a lustre and honor upon himself and upon us his associ-

ates. The society was honored by his belonging to it. The Dr. also paid a loyal tribute to those brave men who had fallen in defense of our country and those who are now in the field. He thought that living or dead they could not be honored enough. Dr. Toothaker followed in the same strain, patriotic.

Dr. Parker thought that we should see to it that a suitable testimonial should be erected to the memory of Dr. Heath, Major Gould, and others who have fallen from our midst. On motion of Dr. Stevens it was voted, "That a committee of five be nominated by the chair to consider the matter of a monumental memorial for Dr. Heath, to consult with the people in various towns and have full powers to act." Drs. Stevens, Wakefield, Parker, Mansfield, and Harlow, were nominated. After transacting professional business the society adjourned. E. CUTTER, Secretary.

RUNAWAY.—Last Saturday, a horse, belonging to Alvin Wilson, attached to a team loaded with bedsteads, ran down Pond street, upsetting the team, and slightly injuring a boy who was driving.

MILITARY.—Corpl. John B. Wheeler, of the 3d Mass. Battery, arrived home Friday night, his term of service having expired. He went out for three months.

Private Amos Rowe, of the same Battery, has reenlisted.

Private John Layhea, of the 1st Mass. Heavy Artillery, arrived home on Saturday, his term of service having expired.

WINCHESTER.

CAUCUS.—A meeting of the Republicans and supporters of the present National Administration, was held on Saturday evening last, at the hall of the Union League, for the purpose of organizing for the fall campaign and the selection of delegates to the State Convention. Hon. Oliver R. Clark was chosen Chairman, and Salem Wilder, Secretary. A committee, consisting of Messrs. E. A. Wadleigh, K. W. Baker, and J. F. Stone, were appointed to nominate a Town Committee for the ensuing year, who reported the following names, viz: Oliver R. Clark, Salem Wilder, H. K. Stanton, A. H. Field and Sumner Richardson. K. W. Barker was afterwards added to the Committee, and the report accepted and adopted. For Delegates to the State Convention, O. R. Clark, William A. Stowe and H. K. Stanton, were selected with power to appoint substitutes. It was stated, that a new flag of large size, bearing the names of the presidential candidates had been procured by subscription, and the Town committee were requested to accept the flag and have it put up in a conspicuous place. The caucus was well attended and a determination manifested to bring out a full vote on the party at the ensuing election. The Democrats and supporters of McClellan had their meeting for the same purposes as the foregoing on the same evening, in Lower Lyceum Hall.

MASONIC FUNERAL.—Parkman Lodge united with their masonic brethren of Stoneham, Melrose, Malden and Woburn, in paying the last tribute of respect to their late brother, Surgeon Heath, of the 2d Mass. Regt., at Soneham last Sunday afternoon. The deceased was a member of Wyoning Lodge, Melrose, and the ceremonies were under the direction of that Lodge. As the Stoneham correspondent of the Journal will probably give a full account of the services, I will not intrench upon his work, but will only say that the exercises were very impressive; that it was peculiarly fortunate, that Rev. A. H. Quint, who had been on such intimate terms with the deceased during his service in the army, was able to be present to testify to the moral worth and christian graces of the departed, and his fidelity to his masonic obligations.

The new cemetery where the remains of the deceased were laid away in their last resting place, is well adapted to its purposes, and reflects credit upon those making the selection, and perfecting the enclosing and laying out of the grounds.

The collation provided in the Town Hall at the close of the exercises was well got up and very acceptable to the brethren of the mystic tie.

REAL ESTATE CHANGES.—The Boon Estate has been leased for the term of three years to Mr. Parsons who has purchased ten acres of land near by and purposes to erect a large and elegant stone house, which will be an ornament to this section of the town.

THE DRAFT.—The official announcement of Major Clarke, the A. A. Provost Marshal General, relieves all apprehension of a draft so far as this town is concerned and states also the gratifying fact that there are four surplus to our credit up to September 1st. As there have been some enlisted since that date the surplus is probably larger at the present time. A complete list of those enlisted under the last call will be given as soon as obtained.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.—Mr. Hanks of Boston, lectured upon the subject of Temperance, in the Vestry of the Congregational Church last (Friday) evening.

SOLDIERS' AID SOCIETY.—The meetings of this Society are held every Wednesday afternoon in the Vestry of the Cong. Church. It is thought that some of our worthy ladies who are generally foremost in every good cause, are not aware of the existence of this excellent society, otherwise their presence would be noted and their fingers busy in the good works which are here practiced as well as professed.

EXCELSIOR.

SOUTH READING.

MAJ. WARREN.—The following resolutions have been received from Company C., 8th Reg. Mass. Volunteers, of South Reading, unanimously adopted by said company at a meeting held at Camp Bradford, Baltimore, Sept. 10, 1864:—

Whereas, it has pleased an all-wise Providence to remove from earth a loved friend and former comrade in arms; and fully recognizing the wisdom of Him who doeth all things well,

Therefore, *Resolved*, That in the death of Major Horace M. Warren, the army has lost an efficient, brave and energetic officer, and his friends a noble, generous and warm hearted companion; and deeply sympathizing with the family in their bereavment, we are consoled with the thought that he yielded up his life at the post of duty, with his face to the foe, shedding his blood freely for his country, for which he battled on so many bloody fields, receiving honorable scars.

Resolved, That although we mourn his death as a dear friend, we believe that our loss is his eternal gain, and that he is at rest, where there are no wars, nor rumors of wars.

Resolved, That the members of Company E, 8th Reg. Mass. V. M., offer this small tribute of love and respect to his memory, which it shall ever be their delight to cherish.

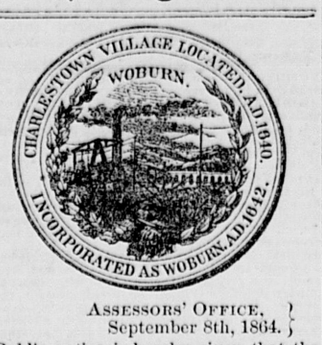
RELIGIOUS.—On the first Sabbath of the present month, Rev. Mr. Bullen, baptised three young persons, who, with a fourth by letter, were on the same day received into the fellowship of the Baptist Church.

REAL ESTATE.—Those wishing to procure a farm will find a good oppertunity by attending the auction sale of the Real Estate of the late John Paine, of Stoneham, at 3 o'clock next Monday afternoon, as advertised in another column of this paper.

HORTICULTURAL.—The annual exhibition of the South Reading Horticultural and Agricultural Exhibition, will be held in the Town Hall, on the afternoons and evenings of Tuesday and Wednesday of next week. The Hall will be open for the reception of articles for the exhibition on the forenoon of each day.

DELEGATES.—The following gentlemen were delegates to the Worcester Convention on Thursday:—J. S. Eaton, C. W. Eaton, J. O. Bodwell and Daniel Allen. M.

Special Notices.



ASSESSORS' OFFICE, }
September 8th, 1864. }

Public notice is hereby given that the Board of Assessors will be in session at their office, on Thursday, Sept. 22d, from one to five o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of hearing applications for abatement of taxes for the year 1864.

By order of the Board of Assessors,
A. E. THOMPSON, *Clerk.*

EDITOR OF JOURNAL:—*Dear Sir*,—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail with out charge. Respectfully yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
jy23—3m* 831 Broadway, New York.

A Card to the Suffering.

SWALLOW two or three hogsheads of "Buchu," "Tonic Bitters," "Nervous Antidotes," &c., &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the result, then try one box of OLD DOCTOR BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS—and be restored to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the broken down and shattered constitution. Old and young can take them with advantage. Imported and sold in the United States only by
JAS. S. BUTLER,
No. 427 Broadway, New York,
☞ Agent for the United States.

P. S.—A box of the Pills, securely packed, will be mailed to any address on receipt of price, which is ONE DOLLAR, post paid—money refunded by the Agent if entire satisfaction is not given.
jy23—3m*

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED? DR. BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESS, Impotency, premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual, and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced. Price One Dollar per box. Sent post-paid by mail on receipt of an order. One box will perfect the cure in most cases. Address
JAMES S. BUTLER,
General Agent, 427 Broadway, New York.
jy23—3m*

Stoves for Sale.

☞ A cylinder Stove, with sheet iron drum heater, and "Richards' Spark Arrester" attached.

Also, a Cylinder Stove, but little used. For sale cheap. Inquire of
sept17—1t JOHN L. PARKER.

LOST, on Tuesday forenoon last, a new morocco Porte Monnie, containing a small sum in currency and a $10 counterfeit bill. The finder will please leave it at the Woburn Book Store. sept17

Died

In Wobuan, Sept. 9, of typhoid fever, Edward T, son of the late John Waldron, aged 22 years.

In Wilmington, Sept. 15, Silas Brown, M. D., aged 85 years.

Letters Remaining Unclaimed,

IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN. State of Massachusetts, 17th day of Sept. 1864

Morris Brodrick	Saml H Pierce
Patrick Donlan	James Ramsel
Julia Ford	Myles Reagaien
Patrick Kelly	T Simonds
Thomas F Meagher	Susan Smith

☞ To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for *'advertised letters,'* give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

NATHAN WYMAN, M. P.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.
PROBATE COURT.

To the Devisees, Legatees, Creditors, and all other Persons interested in the estate of THOMAS SKINNER, late of South Reading, in said County, Yeoman, deceased, testate:

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration with the will annexed on the estate of said deceased, to DANIEL ALLEN, of South Reading, in the County of Middlesex;

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of October next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against granting the same.

And said Daniel Allen is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once a week for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Middlesex Journal, printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to all known heirs, legatees, or devisees of said deceased, or their legal representatives, within two days after said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this fourteenth day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

sept17—3t J. H. TYLER, Register.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of JEREMIAH BROWN, late of South Reading, in the County of Middlesex, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the Estate of said deceased are requested to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted to said Estate are called upon to make payment to

EDWARD MANSFIELD, Adm,
South Reading, Sept. 17, 1864. 3t.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.



HEAD-QUARTERS, BOSTON, Aug. 20, 1864.
GENERAL ORDER, NO. 32.

The Volunteer Militia of Massachusetts, as it existed previous to the beginning of the present war, having been almost entirely broken up by the enlistment of its members, individually and as Companies and Regiments, in the service of the United States, in response to the different calls of the President for troops for three months, nine months, one hundred days, one year and three years; and the laws establishing this Volunteer Militia being no longer in conformity with the system of organization prescribed by the laws of the United States, and it having been found impossible to recruit this militia under the laws as they stood, and the safety and honor of the Commonwealth imperatively demanding a well-organized militia for the common defence; the Legislature of Massachusetts at its last session passed an Act, entitled an Act concerning the Militia, which was approved on the 14th day of May last, and which is the 238th Chapter of the Acts of 1864, establishing a new system, in strict conformity to the Constitution and Laws of the United States and the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and by which all previous Acts concerning the militia were repealed;—

As it was known, however, that some of the old organizations still possessed a strong vitality,—as others were capable of being revived and resuscitated, and as there are many glorious associations connected with the names of Companies and Regiments which have won imperishable honor for themselves and for the State,—the Legislature, while abolishing the whole of the ancient system, provided that the Commander-in-Chief might continue in being and retain such Companies and Regiments of the old Volunteer Militia as he should see fit;—

By General Orders No. 22 of the 23d June, 1864, the different commanding officers were directed to make return to the Adjutant-General, on or before the 10th of July, 1864, of the condition of their several commands, stating therein the number of men to be relied on for duty, with any suggestions they might think proper to make relative to the expediency of continuing or disbanding their commands.

From the returns made in response to this Order, and from all other accessible sources of information, the Commander-in-Chief has sought to determine what Companies and Regiments of the Volunteer Militia, and of the Independent Division of Militia, presented such proof of present efficiency, or of a power to recruit themselves so as to conform to the requirements of the law, as to warrant him in continuing and retaining them.

And in accordance with the results of such examination, it is hereby ordered that the Companies and Regiments hereinafter enumerated shall be continued and retained, viz:

CAVALRY.

1. The Company in Boston commanded by Capt. Lucius Slade, and heretofore known as Co. A, 1st Battalion Light Dragoons.
2. The Company in Boston commanded by Capt. C. B. Stevens, and heretofore known as Co. B, 1st Battalion Light Dragoons.
3. The Company in New Bedford commanded by Capt. George H. Shaw, and heretofore known as the company of Cavalry attached to the 2d Brigade, 1st Div. M. V. M.
4. The Company in Charlestown commanded by Capt. John F. Gilman, and heretofore known as a company attached to the Independent Division M. V. M.
5. The Company in Roxbury commanded by Capt R. Holmes, formerly known as the Roxbury Horse Guards.

These Companies will be hereafter designated, respectively, in the order above given, as Companies A, B, C, D, E, of Cavalry of the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia; and, until the organization of new companies shall authorize the organization of one or more regiments, will remain unattached.

ARTILLERY.

1. The Company in Boston heretofore known as the 1st Light Battery, and commanded by Capt Lucius Cummings.
2. The Company in Boston commanded by Capt. Warren French, at present temporarily attached to the Forty-second Regiment of Infantry.

These Companies will be respectively designated in the order above given—as the First and Second Light Batteries Massachusetts Volunteer Militia.

INFANTRY.

The Third Regiment of Infantry, Lieutenant-Colonel James Barton commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following Companies of said Regiment:

1. The Company commanded by Capt. John W. Marble, of Freetown, now enlisted in the U. States' service for 100 days.
2. The Company commanded by Captain Thomas B. Griffith, of South Carver.
3. The Company commanded by Captain Joseph O'Neill, of Fall River, at present temporarily attached to the Sixtieth Regiment
4. The Company commanded by Captain David H. Dyer, of Fall River, and now in the United States' service for 100 days' duty.
5. The Company commanded by Captain Isaac A. Jennings, of New Bedford, and now enlisted in the United States' service for 100 days.
6. The Company commanded by Captain O. A. Baker, of Rehoboth, now enlisted in the United States' service for 100 days.
7. The Company commanded by Captain Jabez M. Lyle, of Fairhaven, now enlisted in the United States' service for 100 days.
8. The Company commanded by Lieut. Thomas J. Borden, of Fall River, formerly known as a company of the Independent Division of Militia.

These Companies will be henceforth designated and known, respectively, in the order above given, as companies A, B, C, D, E, H, I, K, of the Third Regiment of Infantry, M. V. M. The Company commanded by Captain Lewis Soule, of Abington, formerly known as Co. E of the Fourth Regiment, M. V. M., and at present in United States' service for 100 days, will be henceforth attached to the Third Regiment, unless the friends of the Fourth Regiment shall forthwith offer to reorganize the regiment and shall diligently recruit the same.

The Fifth Regiment of Infantry, Colonel George H. Peirson commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following Companies of said Regiment:

1. The Company commanded by Capt. George H. Homer, of Boston.
2. The company commanded by Capt. John W. Coffin, of Somerville.
3. The company commanded by Capt. George F. Barnes, of South Danvers.
4. The company commanded by captain George H. Marden, Jr., of Charlestown.
5. The company commanded by captain David L. Brown, of Marlborough.
6. The company commanded by captain Philip J. Cootey, of Boston.
7. The company commanded by captain Charles S. Converse, of Woburn.
8. The company commanded by captain D. Webster Davis, of Charlestown.
9. The company commanded by captain Andrew A. Powers, of Bolton.
10. The company commanded by captain Francis M. Sweetser, of Stoneham.

And these companies will be henceforth designated in the above order, respectively, as companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, and K, of the Fifth Regiment of Infantry, M. V. M.

The Sixth Regiment of Infantry, Colonel Albert S. Follansbee commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following companies of said Regiment:

1. The company commanded by captain Joseph M. Coombs, of Boston.
2. The company commanded by captain Geo. F. Shattuck, of Groton.
3. The company commanded by captain Benj. F. Goddard, of Lowell.
4. The company commanded by captain James W. Hart, of Lowell.
5. The company commanded by captain Frank H. Whitcomb, of Acton.
6. The company commanded by captain Henry W. Wilson, of Boston.
7. The company commanded by captain Nathan Taylor, of Lowell.
8. The company commanded by captain Moses E. Ware, of Roxbury.
9. The company commanded by captain Edward H. Staten, of Salem.
10. The company commanded by captain Edgar J. Sherman, of Lawrence.

And the said companies, in the above order, will be henceforth respectively designated as companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K, of the Sixth Regiment of Infantry.

The Eighth Regiment of Infantry, Colonel Benj. F. Peach, Jr., commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following companies of said Regiment:

1. The company commanded by captain Lewis A. Tifft, of Springfield.
2. The company commanded by captain Henry M. Lyons, of Adams.
3. The company commanded by captain Samuel Graves, of Marblehead.
4. The company commanded by captain William H. Merritt, of Lynn.
5. The company commanded by captain Samuel F. Littlefield, of South Reading.
6. The company commanded by captain Henry Stone, of Lynn.
7. The company commanded by captain Edward L. Low, of Gloucester.
8. The company commanded by captain William H. Landen, of Springfield.
9. The company commanded by captain Henry S. Shelton, of Boston.
10. The company commanded by captain Lafayette Butler, of Pittsfield.

And the said companies, in the above order, will be henceforth respectively designated as companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, and K, of the Eighth Regiment of Infantry, M. V. M.

The Forty-second Regiment of Infantry, Colonel Isaac S. Burrill commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following companies of said Regiment;

1. The company commanded by captain George M. Stewart, of Springfield.
2. The company commanded by captain Benj. C. Tinkham, of Medway.
3. The company commanded by captain Isaac B. White, of Boston.
4. The company commanded by captain Samuel A. Waterman, of Roxbury.
5. The company commanded by captain Augustus Ford, of Worcester.
6. The company commanded by captain Samuel S. Eddy, of Worcester.
7. The company commanded by captain Alanson H. Ward, of Worcester.
8. The company commanded by captain I. T. Stevens, of Braintree.
9. The company commanded by captain Benj. R. Wales, of Dorchester.

And the said companies, in the above order, will be henceforth respectively designated as companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G, I, and K, of the Forty-second Regiment of Infantry, M. V. M.

The Sixtieth Regiment of Infantry, Colonel Ansel D. Wass commanding, will be retained under its present designation.

And the following companies of said Regiment:

1. The company commanded by captain Josiah Soule, Jr., of Abington.
2. The company commanded by captain F. Edwd. Bent, of Quincy.
3. The company commanded by captain Charles L. Sproul, of Bridgewater.
4. The company commanded by captain Moses H. Comset, of Boston.
5. The company commanded by captain Robert H. Chamberlain, of Worcester.
6. The company commanded by captain Barker B. Kent, of Boston.
7. The company commanded by captain Stephen D. Gardner, of Newburyport.
8. The company commanded by captain David Boynton, of Haverhill.
9. The company commanded by captain C. J. Woodward, of Shelburne Falls.

And the said companies, in the above order, will be henceforth respectively designated as A, B, C, E, F, G, H, I and K, of the Sixtieth Regiment of Infantry, M. V. M.

The following unattached companies will be retained.

1. The company commanded by captain Lewis J. Bird, of Boston.
2. The company commanded by captain Francis E. Porter, of Beverly.
3. The company commanded by captain Luther Dame, of Newburyport.
4. The company commanded by captain A. J. Hilbourne, of Chelsea.
5. The company commanded by captain A. L. Hamilton, of Lawrence.
9. The company commanded by captain George H. Smith, of Boston.
11. The company commanded by captain J. C. Batchelier, of Lynn.
12. The company commanded by captain Charles F. Walcott, of Cambridge.
13. The company commanded by captain Robert W. Reeves, of Salem.
14. The company commanded by captain Lewis Gaul, Boston.

And said companies will be for the present designated, in the above order, as the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Eighth, Ninth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, and Fourteenth Unattached Companies of Infantry, M. V. M.

The above order will not apply to any Companies at present in the service of the United States, so as to alter the designation by which such Companies may be known in that service, until they shall have been mustered out of service.

Upon the return of the Regiments now in the U. States service, reorganization of the Regiments will be necessary, in order that each Regiment, for the purposes of drill and discipline, and to enable it to be readily assembled, may be composed as nearly as possible of Companies from the same neighborhood or district.

Books of enlistment will be at once issued by the Adjutant General (in conformity with section 18, chapter 238, Acts of 1864) to the commanders of all the Companies hereinbefore enumerated. All non-commissioned officers and privates of said Companies who shall not re-enlist in said Companies, in conformity with the provisions of said Act, will be at once discharged and cease to be members of said Companies. And the commanders of said Companies shall within thirty days return to the Adjutant General rolls of their respective Companies, upon blank forms to be furnished by the Adjutant General, in conformity with the provisions of section 10 of said Act; and all such Companies as shall not, within the said space of thirty days, have returned such rolls, or as shall appear by said rolls to be reduced to a less number than the minimum number of non-commissioned officers and privates by said act established for a Company of its arm, may be forthwith disbanded.

Application for the formation of new Companies of the Volunteer Militia must be made at once to the Adjutant General, as they will not be granted after the districting of the State for the formation of Companies of the Active Militia under the new statute shall have been commenced.

All organizations of the Volunteer Militia other than those hereinbefore enumerated as continued and retained, and excepting the two corps of Cadets which by said Act are expressly recognized and retained, are hereby disbanded, and all officers holding commissions in any such organization, and all general and staff officers of Divisions and Brigades, are hereby honorably discharged.

Provided, however, that any Regiment or Company of the Volunteer Militia not hereinbefore enumerated, which shall present to the Adjutant General within ten days satisfactory proof of its existence and power to recruit itself to the minimum strength required by said act for an organization of its arm, and shall account for its neglect to make returns to the General Order No. 22 of this year, may be reinstated and continued.

The Commander-in-Chief avails himself of this occasion to tender his thanks to the Major Generals, Brigadier Generals, and the various Field, Staff and Company Officers, who are by the operation of law discharged as aforesaid for their past fidelity and efficiency in the service; and he entertains the hope that the reorganization of the Militia will receive their constant and efficient co operation.

By order of His Excellency, JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander in-Chief.
WILLIAM SCHOULER,
Adjutant-General.

sept3—3t

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of JOHN CARTON, late of Woburn, in the County of Middlesex, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to SAM'L S. HOLTON, Adm.
Winchester, Aug. 23, 1864. sept3—3t

Administrator's Sale of Real ESTATE.

BY virtue of a License from the Court of Probate for Middlesex County, will be sold at Auction, on Monday, September 19th, 1864, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, all the Real Estate of the late JOHN PAINE, of Stoneham, in the County of Middlesex, consisting of about 29 acres of Tillage, Pasturage, and Meadow Land; situated mostly on the South side of the street, opposite his late residence and near the boundary line between Stoneham and South Reading.

Terms Cash, on the delivery of the deed.
EDWARD MANSFIELD, Administrator.
South Reading, Sept. 3, 1864. 3t

South Reading Bank.

THE Stockholders of the South Reading Bank are hereby notified that their Annual Meeting for the choice of seven Directors; to vote, in compliance with the requisitions of section 54, chapter 57, of the General Statutes of Massachusetts, in regard to the liabilities of Directors for the ensuing year; and for the transaction of any other business that may be legaly brought before them; will be held at their Banking-House, on Monday, the third day of October next, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Per order, L. EATON, *Cashier.*
South Reading, Sept. 17, 1864. 2t

Guardians' Sale of Real Estate in Winchester, Mass.

WILL be sold at Public Auction, on Thursday, Sept. 29th, by order of Probate Court, the following described lots of Land, together with Homestead, belonging to the late Joel White:

LOT NO 1—Containing 15,406 Square feet, and bounded as follows—Easterly by land of J. F. Stone; Southerly by land of W. Johnson; Westerly by other land of said Johnson, and Northerly by land of heirs of Betsey J. Rice.

LOT NO. 2—Containing 15,650 square feet, and bounded as follows—Westerly by Brackett street; Northerly by Winthrop street; Easterly by land of R. Crawford, and Southerly by land of J. Kelsey.

LOT NO. 3—Containing 5,200 square feet, more or less, and bounded as follows—Northerly by Shepherd street; Easterly by land of J. M. Williams; Southerly by land of Calvin Richardson, and Westerly by land of W. P. Greely.

NO. 4—Containing 4,450 square feet, more or less, and bounded as follows—Northerly by Shepherd street: Easterly by land of A. Pratt; Southerly by land of O. Stearns and Calvin Richardson, and Westerly by land of J. M. Williams.

NO. 5—Homestead, containing House and Barn, five minutes walk from R. R. Station, about 16,100 square feet of land, and bounded as follows—Northerly by land of H. Hateh, Easterly by land of A. Fletcher; Southerly by land of J. B. Winslow; Westerly by Washington street.

NO. 6—Near Church's Mills, containing about 12,000 square feet, Lot No. 49 on Plan of Caleb and Joshua Richardson's Estate, and bounded as follows—Easterly by Chestnut st.; Northerly by Water street; Westerly by Lot No. 48, and Northerly by Lot No. 57.

☞ Should the weather prove stormy, the sale will be postponed to the next fair day.

J. A. COOLIDGE,
JOSEPH WHITE, } Guardians.
ADELINE B. WHITE,
Winchester, Sept. 10, 1864. 3t

Real Estate for Sale in Woburn, At a Bargain.

THE large double dwelling house, slated roof, on Rail Road street, about one third of a mile from the depot, built by Jeduthian Fowle. The house contains two parlors, two sitting rooms, two dining rooms, two kitchens, eleven chambers, and is well supplied with closets, marble mantles in the parlors and sitting rooms; there is about one and a half acres of land connected with the house, and an excellent well of water. A good bargain is offered, as the estate must be sold to close a concern. For further particulars, apply to C. D. COLE, No. 548 Washington St., or GEORGE THOMPSON, at Andrew's Hall, between 9 and 10 A. M., or 3 and 4 P. M.
Woburn, Sept. 10 1864. tf

Cottage House, Barn and Land, For Sale.

THE Cottage House, Barn and Land, now occupied by Mr. N. H. Walton, on Fulton street, near the Stoneham Branch R. Road. The house contains seven rooms, with several good closets; also, a basement, used as a cook room. There is a well of excellent water and a never failing spring. Attached to the barn is a building well adapted for a Shoe Manufactory.

The house has been erected but a few years and was built in the most thorough manner.

For further particulars, enquire of E. T. WHITTIER, at the Post Office, Stoneham, or of TIMOTHY WALTON, 161 Boston St., Salem. Post Office address, So. Danvers, Box 99.
sept10—3m

RARE CHANCE.

Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

THE undersigned, desirous of closing out his entire Stock of Clothing and Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, &c., during the present month, would remind those persons who intend to economize in their selection of Winter Apparel, that now is their chance to make a selection, as the entire Stock will be sold for Cash, in the shortest time possible.

All persons having unsettled accounts with the undersigned, will confer a special favor by settling them at once.

J. W. HAMMOND, Lyceum Building.
Woburn, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

House, Carriage and Sign Painting, Glazing & Paper Hanging.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Woburn and vicinity, that he is now prepared to do any work in the above business, with promptness and in a workmanlike manner. Second-hand Carriages and Sleighs fitted up to look as well as new, at fair prices.

Favors thankfully received, and all work warranted to give satisfaction.

Shop on private way, leading from Pleasant St. to Horn Pond. WILLIAM F. SAWYER.
Woburn, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

PERFUMERY.

LUBINS, JAQUES, WRIGHTS, PHALON'S, and EDREDIUS' Popular Extracts for the handkercheif. Thirty different odors. For sale by
sept 10 W. C. BRIGHAM.

FOR THE HAIR.

STERLING'S AMBROSIA,
KENDALLS' AMBOLINE,
BURNETS' COCOAINE,
And all the popular Hair preparations of the day. For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM.
sept 10

STONEHAM ADVERTISEMENTS.

SAMUEL LYNCH, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

(Main Street, opposite the Church,)
STONEHAM, MASS.
sept10—tf

D. H. MESSER, FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,

Attends to any duty connected with his profession at the shortest notice. Also, Coffins and Grave Clothes of every description on hand and furnished at short notice. I have also an AIR TIGHT CORPSE PRESERVER, in which cold air is the medium used, acting as a preservative in the warmest weather, for any length of time. At the same time the body is entirely secure from nocturnal depredations, while a glass reveals at any moment the features of the departed. Thus arranged it can be conveyed hundreds of miles with perfect safety, and in a good state of preservation, which has already been done.

☞ Residence, North Common Street, opposite the Congregational Meeting House.
Stoneham, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

Medical Notice.

BY the solicitation of friends, the subscriber has resumed the practice of Medicine in Stoneham. Calls attended to at all hours. Particular attention will be given to the treatment of all chronic diseases. Consultations at office, *free.*
H. GOODRICH.
Stoneham, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

S. G. CHAUNCEY, CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER,

☞ Shop rear of Dike's Building.
Carriages and Sleighs repaired and painted.
All new work warranted.
Stoneham, Sept 10. 1864. tf

NOTICE.

THE citizens of Stoneham and vicinity, will always find at Dr. Horace Goodrich's
DRUG STORE,
a fresh supply of pure Drugs and Medicines, Perfumery and Fancy Goods, Letter, Cap, and Note Paper, Pens, Pencils, Superior Ink, and all other articles usually kept by Druggists. Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded.

The above articles will be warranted as represented, and sold at the lowest cash prices.
Stoneham, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

CENTRAL HOUSE,

MAIN STREET, WOBURN, MASS.

THE undersigned, having completed the alterations and repairs on this commodious and centrally located Hotel, is now prepared to receive transient and permanent boarders. Gentlemen, with their families, can be accommodated with excellent rooms, newly furnished.

No expense will be spared in an endeavor to make the Central House equal to any hotel in the County. The tables are always supplied with the best the market affords, and in this respect the proprietor feels sure that he can give satisfaction to his guests.

The STABLES connected with the establishment have recently been put in fine order, and horses and carriages are to let—day or night.

L. B. NORRIS, Proprietor.
Woburn, Aug. 20, 1864.

Jaques' Extract Pond Lily,

Just received and for sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM



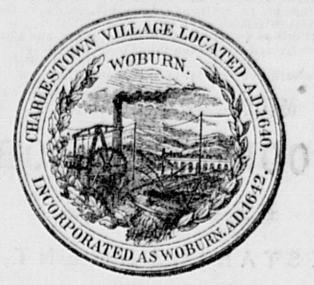
COAL, LUMBER, &C.

THE firm of AYER & MCDONALD having been dissolved, the subscriber respectfully gives notice to the inhabitants of Woburn and vicinity, that he will continue the business, at the same stand, in all its branches, and trusts by giving strict attention to business, and always keeping on hand the different kinds of COAL, WOOD and LUMBER, to receive that generous share of public patronage which has been accorded to the late firm during the past year.

LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

OFFICE—Immediately adjoining the North end of the Depot, Woburn Centre.

JOS. B. McDONALD.
Woburn Feb, 13th, 1863.



SELECTMEN'S OFFICE, }
WOBURN, July 7, 1864. }

The attention of the citizens of Woburn, NOT LIABLE TO DRAFT, is respectfully called to the annexed Circular, and extracts from Gen. Order No. 23. It affords the opportunity to those interested in the success of the National cause, to give to the country the proof of their patriotism, by placing in the Army a personal representative.

All cannot go to the front and give their personal service, but every citizen has now the privilege of voluntarily placing his representative there, and thus aiding to secure the prompt and decisive overthrow of the rebellion.

Let the citizens of Woburn nobly respond to this new call on their patriotism.

All persons enlisting as representative recruits under this authority, will receive the Town Bounty of One Hundred and Twenty-Five Dollars.

By order of the Board of Selectmen,
A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

WAR DEPARTMENT, }
PROVOST-MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
Washington, D. C., June 26, 1864. }

Persons not fit for military duty and not liable to draft, from age or other causes, have expressed a desire to be personally represented in the Army. In addition to the contributions they have made in the way of bounties, they propose to procure at their own expense, and present for enlistment, recruits to represent them in the service. Such practical patriotism is worthy of special commendation and encouragement. Provost-Marshals, and all other officers acting under this Bureau, are ordered to furnish all the facilities in their power to enlist and muster promptly the acceptable *representative recruits* presented, in accordance with the design herein set forth.

The name of the person whom the recruit represents will be noted on the Enlistment and Descriptive Roll of the recruit, and will be carried forward from those papers to the other official records which form his military history.

Suitably prepared certificates of this *personal representation* in the service will be forwarded from this office, to be filled out and issued by Provost-Marshals to the persons who put in *representative recruits*.

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost-Marshal General.

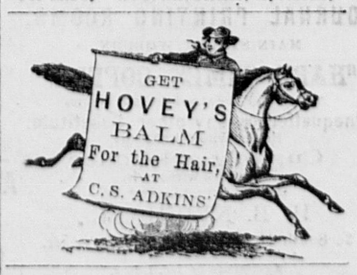
FROM GEN. ORDER NO. 23.

The men enlisted under the provisions of the above circular will be entitled to the bounty from the State; and their families the State Aid. These men are *Representative Recruits*,—that is to say, men induced to enlist, by the exertions of patriotic men who who are not themselves liable to do military service, and not substitutes who are enlisted in the place of men either liable to military duty, or who have been drafted.

By order of His Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander-in-Chief.
WILLIAM SCHOULER,
Adjutant-General.
jy9

4711 Farina Cologne 4711

Celebrated for its excellence all over the world,
For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.



THE HISTORY
OF
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

The most remarkable medicine of the day, and the many cures that have been performed with it in cases of Liver Complaint, Dispepsia, Nervous Debility, and other diseases arising from a disordered stomach or liver, places it at once among the most astonishing discoveries that has taken place in the medical world. The diseases to which bitters are applicable are so universal that there are but few of our friends who may not test their virtues in their own families or circle of acquaintances, and prove to their own satisfaction that there is at least one remedy among the many advertised medicines, deserving the public commendation.

For sale by druggists and dealers everywhere.
jy30—2m

WYMAN'S

AMBROTYPE, MELAINOTYPE, AND Daguerreotype Rooms,

KELLEY'S BLOCK, ... WOBURN.

PARTICULAR attention given to copying pictures.

Central Market,

Main Street, Woburn.

THE subscriber having taken the store formerly occupied by E. O. SOLES, will keep constantly on hand West India Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Vegetables, &c H. WHITFORD.

English, French and American

BRUSHES,

FOR THE

HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.

For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

TOILET EXTRACTS.

In endless variety, many of which will be sold at a low figure. By

W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

L. H. ALLEN,

FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,

FURNISHES at his Wareroom, four doors north of depot, Caskets of all sizes and qualities. Black Walnut, Mahogany, White Wood, and Pine coffins, of every size and price. Plates of various styles, and Plain and Fancy Handles. Thibet, Cashmere, Colored, Lawn, Muslin, and Cambric Shrouds. Metallic Caskets furnished at the shortest notice. Every thing furnished at the lowest living prices.

The subscriber having received from the Board of Selectmen the appointment of Funeral Undertaker for the town, now offers to the public his new and elegant HEARSE, which has been manufactured expressly to his order, and which he will furnish with one or a pair of horses, at the usual price.

He likewise offers the new invention for preserving the bodies of deceased persons by cold air alone, without the direct application of ice, which is so repugnant to the feelings. When preserved by the cold air process, a glass reveals at any moment the features of the departed, and the corpse will keep much longer than in the ordinary way.

The subscriber would take this opportunity to return his thanks for the liberal patronage he has hitherto received, and hopes with his new improvements to continue to give his customers the highest satisfaction.

All orders answered with promptness, and Coffins delivered within ten miles free of expense.

L. H. ALLEN.

Woburn Center, March 4, 1864.—23-6m

MIDDLESEX JOURNAL

BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT,

Main Street, Woburn.

WE call the attention of the public to the facilities of the above establishment for the execution of

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PRINTING.

We are prepared to supply all classes of the ommunity with any kind of printing they may need.

BLANK BOOKS,

INSURANCE POLICIES,

BANK CHECKS,

CIRCULARS,

PROGRAMMES,

PAMPHLETS,

ORDER OF EXERCISES,

LEGAL BLANKS,

BILL HEADS,

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BLANK RECEIPTS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

ADDRESS CARDS,

BALL CARDS,

ORDER OF DANCES,

SHOW BILLS,

POSTERS,

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SHOP BILLS,

MILK BILLS,

LABELS,

&c., &c., &c.

Particular attention paid to printing

POSTERS OF EVERY SIZE.

Also—Visiting, Wedding, Ball and Business Cards.

☞ Persons in the adjoining towns who may wish printing done, can send their orders by mail, or otherwise, and rest assured that they will be promptly and correctly filled.

JOURNAL PRINTING ROOMS,

MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE."

This Coffee has stood the test, and is

Unequalled by any other Substitute.

No one who delights in a

Cup of good Coffee

Should be without it.

MANUFACTUEED ONLY BY

H. B. NEWHALL,

36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

Certificate of Dr. Hayes.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance. It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D.,

jy16—2m cow State Assayer.

French, English and American

TOILET SOAPS,

Genuine.

From the manufactories of Coudray, Mangenet & Coudray, Gelle Freres, Lowe, Son &, Haydon, Patty, Glenn, Worsley, and others,

For sale by

W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

The Middlesex Journal,

E. MARCHANT, PROPRIETOR.

Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

TERMS—$2.00 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher; and any person wishing his paper discontinued, must give notice thereof at the expiration of the term, whether previous notice has been given or not.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square (12 lines this type) one insertion,	$1 50
Each subsequent insertion,	25
Half a square (six lines), one insertion,	1 00
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One square one year,	15 00
One square six months,	8 00
One square three months,	5 00
Half a square one year,	8 00
Half a square six months,	5 00
Half a square three months	3 00

Less than half a square charged as a half square; more than half a square charged as a square.

Larger advertisements as may be agreed upon.

SPECIAL NOTICES, *leaded*, 12 cents per line for one insertion, each subsequent insertion 5 cents.

☞ All advertisements, not otherwise marked on the copy, will be inserted UNTIL ORDERED OUT, and charged accordingly.

AGENTS FOR THE JOURNAL.

South Reading—DR. J. D. MANSFIELD

Stoneham:—E. T. WHITTIER.

Winchester:—JOSIAH HOVEY.

Reading:—L. E. GLEASON.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., Boston and New York; S. R. NILES, (successor to V. B. Palmer,) Scollay's Building, Court street, Boston, are duly empowered to take advertisements for the JOURNAL, at the rates required by us.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The attention of business men everywhere is called to this paper as an advertising medium. The JOURNAL circulates largely in the towns that surround Woburn, and all will increase their business by advertising in its columns.

Every kind of JOB PRINTING done at short notice, on reasonable terms and in good style.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of correspondents.

☞ Subscribers are requested to remit direct to the office of publication.

BOSTON AND LOWELL

And Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Stony Brook Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowel Railroads.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 16th, 1864, trains will leave BOSTON for—

Upper Railroads, 6.00, 8 00 a m, 12.00, 5.30 p m.
Wilton, Milford, Danforth's Corner, S. Merrimack 8.00 a.m. 12,00, 5.30 p. m.
Nashua, 6-00, 8-00† am, 12 m, 5 30 pm
Tyngsboro', No. Chelmsford 6.00am, 12.00, 5.30pm
Groton Junction 10.00 (exp) a.m., 2.30 p. m.
Lowell, 6.00, 8.00†, 10.00 am, 12-00 (exp), 2.30, 5.30 (exp), 6 pm.
North Billerica, Billerica & Tewksbury, Wilmington, 6.00, 10.00 a m, 2.30, 6.00 p m.
S. Wilmington, N. Woburn, 10 a m, 2.30, p m.
Woburn W. S., 6.00, 10.00, a.m., 2 30, 6.00 p m.
E. Woburn, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, a m. 2.30, 3.00, 5.10, 7.30* pm.
Winchester and West Medford, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, am, 2.30, 3,00, 5.10, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p m.
College Hill 6.45, 10.00, 11.30 a.m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p.m.
Mondays at 11.30 p. m., a train leaves for Lowell, Nashua and Way Stations.
The 10.00 A. M., and 2 30 P. M., Trains from Boston stop at Milk Row, Somerville Centre, and College Hill Stations, to take passengers for Stations above Winchester.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BOSTON LEAVE

Wilton at 6.15, 11.00 a. m., 3.30 p m.
Milford, 6.20, 11.05, a. m. 3.55 p m.
Danforth's Corner, 6.30, 11-13, a m, 4.08 p m.
South Merrimack, 6.35, 11-21 a m, 4.23 p m.
Nashua at 7.00, 11-45, a m, 5.00, 8.40† p m,
Tingsboro' 7.15, 11.57 a.m., 5.12 pm.
North Chelmsford, 7-22, 12.06 a.m., 5.19 p.m.
Groton Junction, 8.00 a m, 12.45 p m.
Lowell 7, 7.30* 9.30, a m, 12.15*, 2.15, 5-30*, 9*†p.m.
North Billerica 7.09, 9-39 a m, 2.22, 5.41, p m.
Billerica and Tewksbury 7.16, 9 46 a m, 2.29, 5.47 p m.
Wilmington at 7.36 9.55 a m, 2.39, 5.55, p m.
South Wilmington 10.00 a m, 2.43 p m.
North Woburn 10.03 a m, 2.45 p m.
Woburn Watering Station at 7.39, 10-08 a m, 2.53, 6.04 p.m.
East Woburn at 7-00, 9.00, 10-00 a m, 1.15, 2.54, 5.00 6-30, p m.
Winchester at 6.05, 7.05 7.45, 9.05, 10-15 a m, 1.20, 3.00, 5.05, 6-35, 8.20, p m.
West Medford at 6.15, 7.15, 7.52, 9.15, 10 22 am 1.30 3.07, 5.15, 6-45, 8.25 p m.
College Hill 6.19, 7.19, 9.19 a.m., 1.33, 3.10, 5.19, 6.47 8 28 p. m.
*Or on arrival of trains from Nashua.
†Northern Depot.
The 9.30 A. M., and 2 15 P. M., Trains from Lowell stop at College Hill, Somerville Centre, and Milk Row Stations, to leave Passengers from Stations above Winchester.

Woburn Branch.

Trains for Woburn Centre, leave Boston, at 6.45 11.30, a. m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30,* p. m.
Trains leave Woburn Centre for Boston, at 6.00, 7.00, 7-40, 9 a m, 1.15, 5.00, 6.30, 8-15 p m.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

Stoneham Branch.

The Trains on this Road will leave Boston (from Lowell Railroad Depot) for Stoneham, at 6-45, and 11-30 A M, 3-00, 5-10, and 7-30* P M.
Leave Stoneham for Boston, at 6 52, and 8-5 A M, 1-00, 4-52, and 6-22 P M.
* Saturdays at 10-00 P.M.

J. B. WINSLOW, Superintendant,
B. L. and N. & L. R. R.

VERNATELLA.

WARRANTED TO MAKE THE

SOLES OF BOOTS AND SHOES

WATER AND DAMPNESS PROOF,

AND WEAR ONE-THIRD LONGER.

VERNATELLA,

is a preparation from Copper, having no grease. Linseed oil, or anything of the kind, and when the soles are once saturated with it, water can no more get through them than through copper itself.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

AT RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

Put its cost to the purchaser is really NOTHING, as it makes the soles wear enough longer to more than pay for it, leaving as a net gain the making of them Water and Dampness Proof and the preservation thereby of that priceless gem, the health.

LADIES, READ THIS.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH!

Use Vernatella on the soles of your Shoes. It makes them water proof and thereby protects your feet from dampness, for the ground is always more or less moist, either from rain or the morning and evening dew.

At Wholesale in Boston by

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 38 Hanover street.
S. M. COSCORD & CO., 86 Hanover street.
M. S. BURR & CO., 26 Tremont street.
CARTER, RUST & CO., 43, Hanover street.

And Wholesale Druggists generally. Also by all the Principal Dealers in Boots and Shoes.

Manufactured in the CHEMICAL DEPARTMENT of the

Cahoon Manufacturing Company.

WYMAM & TYLER, Agents.
0—7m 82, Water street, Boston.

ATKINSON'S FRENCH PLASTER. Highly Recommended for CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD JOINTS, NAILS INGROWING, or any Disease of the Feet.

This Plaster effects a cure without pain or inconvenience. After the application the boot or shoe can be worn with perfect ease. Warranted not injurious. Procured of all principal druggists and Boot and shoe dealers. Made only by W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., Tremont corner Boylston streets, Boston, Mass. Wholesale agents, G. C. Goodwin & Co.; John Wilson, Jr., & Co., Boston.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT,

OF

Drugs and Medicines,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

For sale at the lowest market prices, by

W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

WOBURN BOOKSTORE!

THE WOBURN BOOKSTORE is well supplied with a good stock of Books, Writing Paper, Pens, Ink, Inkstands, Pencils, Blank Books, Room Paper, Fancy Goods, Toys, and almost everything usually found in a Stationery Store. The stock of

Bibles and Testaments

is large, and consists of a variety of sizes and styles.

FAMILY BIBLES supplied to order.

Hymn Books.

The various kinds of Hymn Books used in the different Societies, are always kept on hand. Those of particular binding, when not on hand, will be furnished to order.

Sabbath Sch'l Books,

Such as Hymn and Tune Books, Question Books, &c., supplied at short notice.

Photograph Albums

in good variety, and at different prices, from 50 cts. upwards.

Juvenile Works,

suitable for children of all ages, including the works of the most favorite authors, in great supply. TOY BOOKS of all kinds and prices.

Blank Books,

Ledgers, Journals, Record Books, Pocket and Tuck Memorandums, and all kinds of Blank Books usually called for. BLANK BOOKS, of particular kinds, furnished to order.

School Books.

The various kinds of Books used in our Public Schools, are always on hand. Also, Rewards of Merit, in many different styles.

Writing Paper.

The stock of Writing Paper is always large, and includes all kinds—Letter, Billet, Cap, Bank Post, Bill, and Ornamental.

Envelopes

Of all colors, sizes and qualities.

Pens.

All kinds of Gillott's, Washington Medallion, and many others, too numerous to mention.

Penholders,

In Wood, Bone, Ivory, &c., at all prices.

Paper Hangings.

A good supply of House Papers, Borders, Window Blinds, &c, of the latest and most fashionable patterns, at LOW PRICES, always on hand.

Miscellaneous.

Cartridge, Drawing, Blotting and Tissue Paper; Patent, Portable, Fancy and Office Inkstands, Playing Cards, Portfolios, Ink Erasers, Ivory Tablets, Tape Measures, Transparent Slates, Pencil Leads, Superior, Common and Perfumed Sealing Wax, Wafers and Stamps, Crayons, Drawing Books, Stamps, Rubber, Boxes Paints and Brushes, Pen Racks, Paper Tearers, Bill Files, Date Cases, Rulers, Ivory Folders, Sand and Boxes. Thermometers, Mathematical Instruments, &c., &c.

Fancy Goods and Toys.

A large variety of Work Boxes, Reticules; Puff, Back, Round, Fine, Pocket and Dressing Combs; Hair, Tooth, Nail, Clothes and Shaving Brushes; Crotchet Needles, Emory Cushions, Port Monnaies, Wallets, Ladies' Money Bags, Visiting, Playing, Plain and Ornamental Cards; Dolls in variety, and toys of all kinds

Main St. Woburn Center.

CLARK'S

DISTILLED

RESTORATIVE FOR THE HAIR,

Restores Gray and Faded Hair and Beard to its Natural Color, and is a most Luxurious Dressing

FOR THE HAIR AND HEAD.

Clark's Restorative, Restores the Color.
Clark's Restorative, Eradicates Dandruff.
Clark's Restorative, Promotes its growth.
Clark's Restorative, Prevents its falling off.
Clark's Restorative, Is an unequalled Dressing.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Children.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Ladies.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Old People.
Clark's Restorative, Is perfectly harmless.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Oil.
Clark's Restorative, Is not a Dye.
Clark's Restorative, Beautifies the Hair.
Clark's Restorative, Is splendid for Whiskers.
Clark's Restorative, Keeps the Hair in its Place.
Clark's Restorative, Cures Nervous Headache.
Clark's Restorative, Prevents Eruptions
Clark's Restorative, Stops Itching and Burning
Clark's Restorative, Keeps the Head Cool.
Clark's Restorative, Is delightfully perfumed.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Sediment.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Gum.
Clark's Restorative, Polishes your Hair.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Parties.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Balls.
Clark's Restorative, All Ladies need it.

C. G. CLARK & CO., PROPRIETORS.
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston, General Agents, 30—1y.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon

CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,

WOBURN CENTRE.

CHARLES A. SMITH,

DEALER IN

American and Foreign

DRY GOODS,

Bank Block, - - Woburn

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE

EFFECTED IN

Good Stock & Mutual Companies;

Also, PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, &c., obtained for Widows, Children, Fathers, Mothers, Brothers or Sisters, through the agency of HORATIO WOODMAN, Esq., of Boston,

By SPARROW HORTON Agt.,

AT THE

WOBURN POST-OFFICE.

G. R. GAGE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

New Bank Building, Woburn,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he is now located in his new store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS

made in the best style, and warranted to fit.

Particular attention paid to making

Boys' Clothing

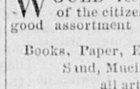
He has on hand a large stock of the best and most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the season, which will be made up to order at the most reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS

of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly on hand.

Woburn, March 19th, 1864.

DR. C. T. LANG,



Surgeon Dentist.

Cor. Winn and Pleasant Sts.

Woburn Centre, Mass.

MRS. M. E. FIELD,

MILLINER,

Keeps constantly on hand

BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, DRESS TRIMMINGS, CAPS, BRAIDS, LACES, SILKS, WORSTEDS, &c.

MOURNING GOODS furnished at short notice

☞ BONNETS Bleached, Pressed and Trimmed to order.

Bank Block, Main Street, Woburn.

WILLIAM WINN,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER.

BURLINGTON, MASS.

Sales of Real and Personal Estate attended to on reasonable terms.

Orders left at the *Journal* office will receive prompt attention.

H HARRIMAN,

HARNESS AND COLLAR MANUFACTURER.

Corner of Ockley Court and Main Street, (opposite Central House), Woburn Mass.

Harnesses of every description made from the best stock, and by experienced workmen, at low prices.

Repairing neatly done.

HORACE COLLAMORE,

DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

OFFICE:—4 WADE'S BLOCK,

Woburn Centre.

A. B. COFFIN,

ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW

No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.

Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street.

M. L. MORSE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

STONEHAM.

☞ Office over Store of C. H. Montague.

C. S. ADKINS,

DEALER IN

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

PERIODICALS,

CONFECTIONERY, &C., &C.,

WOULD respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Woburn and vicinity to a good assortment of

Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Sand, Mucilage, Sealing Wax, and all articles usually found in a Stationery Store.

Daily Papers and Periodicals of the day.
Sheet Music—Vocal and Instrumental.
Violin and Guitar Strings.
Confectionery of all kinds, and of the best quality.

Also, HOVEY'S HAIR BALM, one of the best preparations for the Hair, offered to the public.

"TOWNSMAN" BUILDING,

Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

MIDDLESEX

WAR-CLAIM ASSOCIATION,

Office, 4 Niles Block, 33 School St., Boston.

THIS ASSOCIATION has been formed to aid Soldiers, Seamen, and their Families, in obtaining PENSIONS BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, PRIZE MONEY, LAND, and other claims against the Government.

Applications for the collection of claims should be made by letter, or in person, to the Attorney of the Association.

Advice will be given by the Attorney without charge.

Upon the collection of claims, small charges, established by the Directors, will be made.

HON. JOEL PARKER, President.
HON. D. W. GOOCH, } Vice Presdts.
HON. GEO. S. BOUTWELL, }

DIRECTORS—Joel Parker, Geo. S. Boutwell, D. W. Gooch, Leonard Huntress, James M. Shute, Phineas J. Stone, Chas. Hudson, E. J. Collins, Amos Stone, H. Hosford, Horace Conn, J. H. Waitt, Charles Kimball, John K. Going.

A. B. COFFIN, Attorney, No. 33 School Street. Boston. GEO. W. COPELAND, Secretary and Treasurer, 5 Tremont Street, Boston. 29 1y.

WOBURN MARBLE & GRANITE

STONE-WORKS.

THE subscribers offer for sale the largest and best assortment of MARBLE

Monuments and Gravestones

ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular attention given to the

Fitting up of Cemetery Lots

with GRANITE EDGE-STONE and POSTS.

Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for Building purposes furnished to order.

OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin Warerooms, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass

A. SCOTT & CO.
R. PICKERING, Agent.

Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1854—21-y.

ATKINSON'S FURNITURE POLISH. For VARNISHED or POLISHED FURNITURE, this excellent Polish will not fail to restore furniture to its original brilliancy. After using this preparation, the touch of the hand will not leave a mark or soil furniture. Obtained at the principal dealers in furniture, and traders generally. W. D. ATKINSON, JR., manufacturer, Tremont corner Boylston streets. Wholesale agents, Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. Warranted not to injure the varnish. 40 3m

---

FARINA COLOGNE!

Just received and for sale by

W. C. BRIGHAM.



HOSTETTER'S

CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS.

A pure and powerful Tonic, corrective and alterative of wonderful efficacy in disease of the

Stomach, Liver and Bowels,

Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation, Colic, Intermittent Fevers, Cramps and Spasms, and all Complaints of either Sex, arising from Bodily Weakness whether inherent in the system or produced by special causes.

NOTHING that is not wholesome, genial and restorative in its nature enters into the composition of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. This popular preparation contains no mineral of any kind, no deadly botanical element; no fiery extant; but it is a combination of the extracts of rare balsamic herbs and plants with the purest and mildest of all diffusive stimulants.

It is to be forearmed against disease, and, so far as the human system can be protected by human means against maladies engendered by an unwholesome atmosphere, impure water and other external causes, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS may be relied on as a safeguard.

In districts infested with *Fever and Ague*, it has been found infallible as a preventative and irresistable as a remedy and thousands who resort to it under apprehension of an attack, escape the scourge; and thousands who neglect to avail themselves of its protective qualities in advance, are cured by a very brief course of this marvelous medicine. Fever and Ague patients, after being plied with quinine for months in vain, until fairly saturated with that dangerous alkaloid, are not unfrequently restored to health within a few days by the use of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

The weak stomach is rapidly invigorated and the appetite restored by this agreeable Tonic, and hence it works wonders in cases of DYSPEPSIA and in less confirmed forms of INDIGESTION. Acting as a gentle and painless apperient, as well as upon the liver, it also invariably relieves the CONSTIPATION superinduced by irregular action of the digestive and secretive organs.

Persons of feeble habit, liable to *Nervous Attacks, Lowness of Spirits* and *Fits of Langour*, find prompt and permanent relief from the Bitters. The testimony on this point is most conclusive, and from both sexes.

The agony of BILIOUS COLIC is immediately assuaged by a single dose of the stimulant, and by occasionally resorting to it, the return of the complaint may be prevented.

As a General Tonic, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS produce effects which must be experienced or witnessed before they can be fully appreciated. In cases of *Constitutional Weakness, Premature Decay* and Debility and Decrepitude arising from OLD AGE, it exercises the electric influence In the convalescent stages of all diseases it operates as a delightful invigorant. When the powers of nature are relaxed, it operates to re-enforce and re-establish them.

Last, but not least, it is *The Only Safe Stimulant*, being manufactured from sound and innocuous materials, and entirely free from the acid elements present more or less in all the ordinary tonics and stomachics of the day.

No family medicine has been so universally, and, it may be truly added, deservedly popular with the intelligent portion of the community, as HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Prepared by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Storekeepers everywhere.

HELMBOLD'S

GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, a Positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calcareous depositions, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

For Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:—

Indisposition to Exertion,	Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory,	Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves,	Trembling,
Horror of Disease,	Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision,	Pain in the Back,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,	
Hot Hands,	Flushing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin,	Eruptions on the Face,
Pallid Countenance.	

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow *Impotency, Fatuity, Epileptic Fits*,

In one of which the Patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "Direful Diseases,"

"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, *but none will confess. The records of the insane asylums*

And Melancholy Deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the Truth of the assertion.

The Constitution once affected with Organic Weakness requires the aid of Medicine to Strengthen and Invigorate the System.

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does.

A Trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females—Females—Females.

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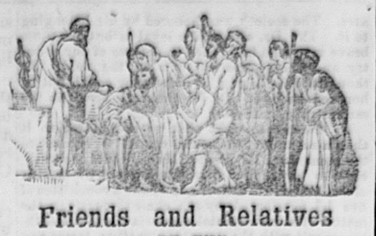
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OINTMENT.

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Vol. XIII : : No. 52. WOBURN, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1864. TWO DOLLARS A YEAR SINGLE COPY 5 CENTS

Dora's Birthday Pic-nic.

BY CHARLES DICKENS.

Mr. Spenlow told me this day week was Dora's birthday, and he would be glad if I would come down and join a little pic-nic on the occasion. I went out of my senses immediately; because a mere driveller next day, on receipt of a little lace-edged sheet of note paper, "Favored by papa. To remind," etc.; and passed the intervening period in a state of dotage.

I think I committed every possible absurdity, in the way of preparation for this blessid event. I turn hot when I remember the cravat I bought. My boots might be placed in any collection of instruments of torture. I provided, and sent down by the Norwood coach the night before, a delicate little hamper, amounting in itself, I thought, almost, to a declaration. There were crackers in it with the tenderest mottos that could be got for money. At six in the morning, I was at Covent Garden Market, buying a bouquet for Dora. At ten I was on horseback (I hired a gallant gray for the occasion,) with the bouquet in my hat, to keep it fresh, trotting down to Norwood.

I suppose that when I saw Dora in the garden and pretended not to see her, and rode past the house pretending to be anxiously looking for it, I committed two small roguleries which other young gentlemen in my circumstances might have committed—because they came so very natural to me. But oh! when I *did* find the house, and *did* dismount at the garden gate, and drag those stony-hearted boots across the lawn to Dora sitting on a garden seat under a lilac tree, what a spectacle she was, upon that beautiful morning, among the butterflies, in a white chip bonnet and a dress of celestial blue.

There was a young lady with her—comparitively stricken in years — almost twenty, I should say. Her name was Miss Mills, and Dora called her Julia. She was the bosom friend of Dora. Happy Miss Mills!

Jip was there, and Jip *would* bark at me again. When I presented my bouquet, he gnashed his teeth with jealousy. Well he might. If he had the least idea how I adored his mistress, well he might!

"O, thank you, Mr. Copperfield! What dear flowers!" said Dora.

I had had an intention of saying (and had been studying the best form of words for three miles) that I thought them beautiful before I saw them so near *her*. But I couldn't manage it. She was too bewildering. To see her lay the flowers against her little dimpled chin, was to lose all presence of mind and power of language in a feeble ecstacy. I wonder I didn't say, "Kill me, if you have a heart, Miss Miles. Let me die here!"

Then Dora held my flowers to Jip to smell. Then Jip growled, and wouldn't smell them. Then Dora laughed, and held them a little closer to Jip, to make him. Then Jip laid hold of a bit of geranium with his teeth, and worried imaginary cats in it. Then Dora beat him, and pouted, and said, "My poor beautiful flowers!" as compassionately, I thought, as if Jip had laid hold of me. I wished he had!

"You will be so glad to hear, Mr. Copperfield," said Dora, "that that cross Miss Murdstone is not here. She has gone to her brother's marriage, and will be away at least three weeks. Isn't that delightful?"

I said I was sure it must be delightful to her, and all that was delightful to her was delightful to me. Miss Miles, with an air of superior wisdom and benevolence, smiled upon us.

"She is the most disagreeable thing I ever saw," said Dora. "You can't believe how ill-tempered and shocking she is, Julia."

"Yes, I can, my dear!" said Julia.

"*You can*, perhaps, love," returned Dora, with her hand on Julia's. "Forgive my not excepting you, my dear, at first."

I learnt, from this, that Miss Mills had had her trials in the course of a chequered existence: and that to these, perhaps, I might refer that wise benignity of manner which I had already noticed. I found, in the course of the day, that this was the case: Miss Mills having been unhappy in a misplaced affection, and being understood to have retired from the world on her awful stock of experience, but still to take a calm interest in the unblighted hopes and loves of youth.

But now Mr. Spenlow came out of the house, and Dora went to him, saying, "Look, papa, what beautiful flowers!" And Miss Mills smiled thoughtfully, as who would say, "Ye-May-flies, enjoy your brief existence in the bright morning of life!" And we all walked from the lawn towards the carriage, which was getting ready.

I shall never have such a ride again. I have never had such another. There were only those three, their hamper, my hamper, and the guitar-case, in the phæton; and, of course, the phæton was open; and I rode behind it, and Dora sat with her back to the horses, looking towards me. She kept the bouquet close to her on the cushion, and wouldn't allow Jip to sit on that side of her at all, for fear he should crush it. She often carried it in her hand, often refreshed herself with its fragrance. Our eyes at those times often met; and my great astonishment is that I didn't go over the head of my gallant gray into the carriage.

There was dust, I believe. There was a good deal of dust, I believe. I have a faint impression that Mr. Spenlow remonstrated with me for riding in it; but I knew of none. I was sensible of a mist of love and beauty about Dora, but of nothing else. He stood up sometimes, and asked me what I thought of the prospect. I said it was delightful, and I dare say it was; but it was all Dora to me. The sun shone Dora, and the birds sang Dora. The south wind blew Dora, and the wild flowers in the hedges were all Doras, to a bud. My comfort is, Miss Mills understood me. Miss Mills alone could enter into my feelings thoroughly.

I don't know how long we were going, and to this hour I know as little where we went. Perhaps it was near Guildford. Perhaps some Arabian-night magician opened up the place for the day, and shut it forever when we came away. It was a green spot, on a hill, carpeted with soft turf. There were shady trees, and heather, and, as far as the eye could see, a rich landscape.

It was a trying thing to find people here, waiting for us; and my jealousy, even of the ladies, knew no bounds. But all of my own sex—especially one imposter, three or four years my elder, with a red whisker, on which he established an amount of presumption not to be endured—were my mortal foes.

We all unpacked our baskets, and employed ourselves in getting dinner ready. Red Whiskers pretended he could make a salad (which I don't believe,) and obtruded himself on public notice. Some of the young ladies washed the lettuce for him, and sliced them under his directions. Dora was among these. I felt that fate had pitted me against this man, and one of us must fall.

Red Whiskers made his salad, (I wondered how they could eat it. Nothing should have induced *me* to touch it!) and voted himself into the charge of the wine-cellar, which he constructed, being an ingenious beast, in the hollow trunk of a tree. By-and-by I saw him with the majority of a lobster on his plate, eating his dinner at the feet of Dora!

I have but an indistinct idea of what happened for some time after this baleful object presented itself to my view. I was very merry, I know; but it was hollow merriment. I attached myself to a young creature in pink, with little eyes, and flirted with her desperately. She received my attentions with favor; but whether on my account solely, or because she had any designs on Red Whiskers, I can't say. Dora's health was drank. When I drank it, I affected to interrupt my conversation for that purpose, and to resume it immediately afterwards. I caught Dora's eye as I bowed to her, and I thought it looked appealing. But it looked at me over the head of Red Whisker, and I wss adamant.

The young creature in pink had a mother in green: and I rather think the latter separated us from motives of policy. Howbeit, there was a general breaking up of the party, while the remnants of the dinner were being put away: and I strolled off by myself among the trees, in a raging and remorseful state. I was debating whether I should pretend that I was not well, and fly—I don't know where — upon my gallant gray, when Dora and Miss Mills, met me.

"Mr Copperfield," said Miss Mills, "you are dull."

I begged her pardon. Not at all.

"And Dora," said Miss Mills, "*you* are dull."

Oh, dear no! Not in the least.

"Mr. Copperfield and Dora," said Miss Mills, with an almost venerable air, "Enough of this. Do not allow a trivial misunderstanding to wither the blossoms of spring, which, once put forth and blighted, can not be renewed. I speak," said Miss Mills, "from experience of the past—the remote irrevocable past. The gushing fountains which sparkle in the sun must not be stopped in mere caprice; the oasis in the desert of Sahara must not be plucked up idly."

I hardly knew what I did, I was burning all over to that extraordinary extent; but I took Dora's little hand and kissed it—and she let me! I kissed Miss Mills' hand; and we all seemed, to my thinking, to go straight up to the seventh heaven.

We did not come down again. We stayed up there all the evening. At first we strayed to and fro among the trees: I with Dora's shy arm drawn through mine; and Heaven knows, folly as it all was, it would have been struck immortal with those foolish feelings, and have strayed among the trees for ever!

But much too soon, we heard the others laughing and talking, and calling, "where's Dora?" So we went back, and they wanted Dora to sing. Red Whisker would have got the guitar-case out of the carriage, but Dora told him nobody knew where it was but I. So Red Whisker was done for in a moment; and I got it, and I unlocked it, and I took the guitar out, and I sat by her, and I held her handkerchief and gloves, and I drank in every note of her dear voice, and she sang to *me* who loved her, and all the others might applaud as much as they liked, but they had nothing to do with it!

I was intoxicated with joy. I was afraid I was too happy to be real, and that I should wake in Buckingham street presently, and hear Mrs. Crupp clinking the teacups in getting breakfast ready. But Dora sang, and others sang, and Miss Mills sang—about the slumbering echoes in the caverns of memory, as if she were a hundred years old—and the evening came on; and we had tea, with a bottle gipsy-fashion; and I was still as happy as ever.

I was happier than ever when the party broke up, and the other people, defeated Red Whisker and all went their several ways, and we went ours through the still evening and the dying light, with sweet scenes rising up around us. Mr. Spenlow being a little drowsy after the champagne—honor to the soil that grew the grape, to the grape that made the wine, to the sun that ripened it, and to the merchant who adulterated it!—and being fast asleep in a corner of the carriage, I rode by the side, and talked to Dora. She admired my horse and patted him—oh, what a dear little hand it looked upon a horse!—and her shawl would not keep right, and now and then I drew it round her with my arm; and I even fancied that Jip began to see how it was, and to understand that he must make up his mind to be friends with me.

That sagacious Miss Mills, too: that amiable, though quite used up, recluse; that little patriarch of something less than twenty, who had done with the world, and mustn't on any account have the slumbering echoes in the caverns of Memory awakened; what a kind thing *she* did!

"Mr. Copperfield," said Miss Mills, "come to this side of the carriage, a moment—if you can spare a moment. I want to speak to you."

Behold me, on my gallant gray, bending at the side of Miss Mills, with my hand upon the carriage door!

"Dora is coming to stay with me. She is coming home with me the day after to-morrow. If you would like to call, I am sure papa would be happy to see you."

What could I do but invoke a silent blessing on Miss Mills' head, and store Miss Mills' address in the securest corner of my memory! What could I do but tell Miss Mills, with grateful looks and fervent words how much I appreciated her good offices, and what an inestimable value I set upon her friendship!

Then Miss Mills benignantly dismissed me, saying, "Go back to Dora! and I went; and Dora leaned out of the carriage to talk to me, and we talked all the rest of the way; and I rode my gallant gray so close to the wheel that I grazed his near fore leg against it, and "took the bark off," as his owner told me "to the tune of three pun, sivin"—which I paid, and thought extremely cheap for so much joy. What time Miss Mills sat looking at the moon, murmuring verses, and recalling, I suppose, the ancient days when she and earth had anything in common.

Norwood was many miles too near, and we reached it many hours too soon; but Mr. Spenlow came to himself a little short of it, and said, "You must come in, Copperfield, and rest!" and I consenting, we had sandwiches and wine-and-water. In the light room, Dora blushed and looked so lovely, that I could not tear myself away, but sat there staring, in a dream, until the snoring of Mr. Spenlow inspired me with sufficient consciousness to take my leave. So we parted; I riding all the way to London, with the farewell touch of Dora's hand still light on mine, recalling every incident and word ten thousand times; lying down in my own bed at last, as enraptured a young noodle as ever was carried out of his five wits by love.

When I awoke next morning, I was resolute to declare my passion to Dora, and know my fate. Happiness or misery was now the question. There was no other question that I knew of in the world, and only Dora could give the answer to it. I passed three days in a luxury of wretchedness, torturing myself by putting every conceivable variety of discouraging construction on all that ever had taken place between Dora and me. At last, arrayed for the purpose at a vast expense, I went to Miss Mills', fraught with a declaration.

How many times I went up and down the street and round the square—painfully aware of being a much better answer to the old riddle than the original one—before I could persuade myself to go up the steps and knock, is no matter now. Even when, at last I knocked, and was waiting at the door, I had some flurried thought of asking if that were Mr. Blackboy's (in imitation of poor Barkis,) begging pardon, and retreating. But I kept my ground.

Mr. Mills was not at home. I did not expect he would be. Nobody wanted *him*. Miss Mills was at home. Miss Mills would do.

I was shown into a room up stairs, where Miss Mills and Dora were. Jip was there. Miss Mills was copying music (I recollect, it was a new song, called Affection's Dirge,) and Dora was planting flowers. What were my feelings when I recognized my own flowers; the identical Covent Garden Market purchase! I cannot say that they were very like, or that they particularly resembled any flowers that have ever come under my observation; but I knew from the paper round them, which was accurately copied, what the composition was.

Miss Mills was very glad to see me, and very sorry her Papa was not at home; though I thought that we all bore that with fortitude. Miss Mills was conversational for a few minutes, and then laying down her pen upon Affection's Dirge, got up and left the room.

I began to think I would put it off till to-morrow.

"I hope your poor horse was not tired, when he got home at night," said Dora, lifting up her beautiful eyes. "It was a long way for him."

I began to think I would do it to-day.

"It was a long way for *him*," said I, "for *he* had nothing to uphold him on the journey."

"Wasn't he fed, poor thing?" asked Dora.

I began to think I would put it off till to-morrow.

"Ye—yes," I said, "he was well taken care of. I mean he had not the unutterable happiness that I had in being so near you."

Dora bent her head over the drawing, and said, after a little while—I had sat in the interval, in a burning fever, and with my legs in a very rigid state—

"You didn't seem to be sensible of that happiness yourself, at one time of the day."

I saw now that I was in for it, and it must be done on the spot.

"You didn't care for that happiness in the least," said Dora, slightly raising her eye brows, and shaking her head, "when you were setting by Miss Kitt."

Kitt, I should observe, was the name of the creature in pink, with the little eyes.

"Though certainly I don't know why you should," said Dora, "or why you should call it it a happiness at all. But of course you don't mean what you say. And I am sure no one doubts your being at liberty to do whatever you like. Jip, you naughty boy come here!"

I don't know how I did it. I did it in a moment. I intercepted Jip. I had Dora in my arms. I was full of eloquence. I never stopped for a word. I told her how I loved her. I told her I should die without her. I told her that I idolized and worshipped her. Jip barked madly all the time.

When Dora hung her head and cried, and trembled, my eloquence increased so much the more. If she would like me to die for her, she had but to say the word, and I was ready. Life without Dora's love was not a thing to have on any terms. I couldn't bear it and I wouldn't. I had loved her every minute, day and night, since I first saw her. I loved her at that minute to distraction. Lovers had loved before, and lovers would love again; but no lover had ever loved, might, could, would, or should ever love, as I loved Dora. The more I raved, the more Jip barked. Each of us, in his own way, got more mad every moment.

Well, well! Dora and I were sitting on the sofa by-and-by, quiet enough, and Jip was laying in her lap, winking peacefully at me. It was off my mind. I was in a state of perfect rapture. *Dora and I were engaged.*

Only and Well-Beloved.

BY MRS. P. A. HANAFORD.

An only child, the household pet and joy,
The idol of her home,
How can we say, 'twas well that she should die,
A bud forbade to bloom!

How, but with faith that he who sees the end,
From every opening hour,
Hath with the kindness of a loving friend,
With wisdom, as with power,

This sweet one gathered to the angel band,
To sing forever there,
In the rich music of the better land,
Peaceful and blest, as fair!

God gave His only and His well-beloved,
To die upon the cross,
Oh, let our spirits, every fear removed,
Count gain what earth calls loss!

Earth with its sorrows is no more to her,
Who sinless heights hath gained,
The bliss secured by Christ the Conquerer,
She early hath attained.

And safe upon the glad and peaceful shore,
The well-belov'd may rest,
God loves and guards our dear one evermore,
And yet will make us blest,

When we have followed Him by faith awhile,
With a reunion hour,
Where sin can nevermore our hearts beguile,
And death has lost his power.

READING, MASS.

[Our Army Correspondence.]

Four miles from Petersburg, Va.,
September 12th, 1864.

Watchman, what of the night? is a common salutation to him who guards a post of trust. So General, what of the field? and soldier, what of the fight? is asked hourly with deep feelings by the anxious North. This war has raged fearfully for three and a half years. From small beginning to frightful magnitude it still sweeps on, unchecked in its career of devastation and blood. History furnishes no war of equal proportions in the same length of time. Such vast outlays of money, such mighty appliancies of implements, such swelling armies, covering such extended fields of operation, such gigantic enterprise, firey and lasting bravery, may well challenge all the glories and powers of ancient or modern warfare. How much longer will it last, ask the people. It will last until the enemy is vanquished, freedom triumphant, the Union restored, and the proudest flag of the universe waving in victory o'er *all* the states. Look at the great territory o'er which the rebellion first flapped its black and traitorous wings—see how much of it has been restored to loyalty and the Union. Louisiana, a part of Texas, Arkansas and Georgia, most of Tennessee, all of Missouri and Kentucky, (but bands of roving guerrillas,) all of Maryland, the whole coast (well into the interior) of North Carolina, with a good foothold in South Carolina, a good portion of Virginia and Florida, every great bay, sound and river of the South, is either occupied or guarded by Northern troops. With the two exceptions of Charleston and Wilmington, the whole extent of the Atlantic Ocean and the Gulf of Mexico is held by our Navy, and these two ports, blockaded, so that but one rebel flag out of three escapes capture. The Mississippi—the great artery of agricultural and commercial trade, closed against all rebel occupancy, while for the Union its flowing bosom bears food and arms to the gallant sons who have descended from its upper waters to hold in check the assailants of its mouth. New Orleans ours, Mobile soon to follow, Charleston beseiged and surely falling, Nashville our base of supplies; Atlanta captured, of the greatest geographical and political importance, the depot of Southern supplies, the theater of factories and machinery, directly connected by three railroads with Charleston, Mongomery and Savannah—the *key* that *throws open* all the Southern Confederacy; Richmond, the nest of conspirators, invested newly on every side, holding out only under the folly of insensible temper, which thinned ranks and empty stomachs will overcome. The great grappler and tight holder *Grant*, is throttling the short lived beast. So firm is his hold that the monster's eyes are livid, and his countenance black with gasping and struggling for new expedients to break the death grasp. He tries the expedient (to get breath) of sending his minions to Pennsylvania and Maryland, but with as little success as would be the efforts of a few hungry ants upon the sugar bowl of some housewife, to drive her to the street and eat up the contents of the pantry. The monster rebellion is being pressed on all sides. Shorn of half its territory, with no more victims to come forth at the call of a merciless conscription, being divided in counsel, with a worthless currency, a sinking army, it will, it must yield, the masses to the arms of the Union for life and protection, the leaders to a just retribution, the wrath of a deceived people and full punishment for the great crime of treason. Let the North furnish a few thousand more good men; let it keep united; it is strong and powerful, rich and growing. It can, if it will, close the war sooner than the most sanguine expect. When the bloody giant falls, he will tumble with a crash that will shiver him to atoms. His corruption has devoured all his vitality; his craft and false professions have run counter to his every deed.

Friends of the Union at home, encourage the army; brace it to new conflicts and continued struggles to the end. You can never know of its labor, exposure and suffering, during all the hours of day and night. Could you see your friends and brethren move with serried ranks and unblanched cheeks up to death's open mouth; with the eye of faith and hearts swelling with hope, with all the grim panopy of battle thundering in and around, while the vault of Heaven echoes back the deep intonations of the opening slaughter, as they toil, march, bleed and die for their country, your constitution, and a flag to protect and envelope you and them, you would with one heart and one mind, renew your energies, and double your exertions to close the war, and bring back to home the remnant of the brave ones that have gone out from among you.

Sustain the government in this time of trial; strengthen it with warm and vigorous sympathy; assist it in all ways and means; give support to the President; he of all men needs your help and comfort,—*honest*, *patriotic*, *charitable*, and *devoted* to the welfare of the *whole* country—he has been the largest abused and most unjustly censured. Coming into power upon a sea of boiling and raging motion—with a lurking and ripening rebellion close upon his first advent, wicked and cunning men in possession of the munitions, ships and resources of the Government, his task was indeed a difficult one. But who of all the great men of the nation could have done better? More talent and less patriotism might have been fatal; less zeal and more reflection might have been too late.

The wisdom, patriotism and purity of Abraham Lincoln will give him a name in history long after the battles of the war have ceased to astonish or delight the student of after generations. R.

THE TWO LIVES.—Beautiful is old age, beautiful is the slow dropping mellow autumn of a rich and glorious summer. In the old man nature has fulfilled her work; she loads him with the fruits of a well spent life; and surrounded by his children and children's children, she rocks him softly to the grave, to which he is followed with blessings. God forbid that we should not call that beautiful. There is another life, hard, rusty and thorny; trodden with bleeding feet and an aching brow; the life of which the cross is a symbol; a battle which no peace follows this side of the grave, which the grave gapes to finish before the victory is won; and, strange that it should be so, this is the life of man.

The business manner with which "revival preachers" sometims speak of their "work," frequently strikes the most piously disposed as comical to the last degree. The remark made at a camp meeting, amid unusual excitement, "that souls would be lost for want of more straw inside of the mourners' circle," has become a proverb; but it is approached by the minister who, sending the name of a new subscriber to the Western Baptist Watchman, remarks: "I did not let the convert's *hair get dry* before I impressed upon him the duty of subscribing to the Watchman, and of paying for it in advance."

Good-nature, like the little busy bee, collects sweetness from every herb; while ill-nature, like the spider, collects poison from honeyed flowers.

The Middlesex Journal,
—AND—
WOBURN TOWNSMAN.

WOBURN:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1864.

HOME.—The passing away of summer, and the cold and comfortless storms of the equinoctial season, with the shortening of the days and the lengthening of the nights, remind us of a home. We can be no longer out of doors spending the live-long day in the warm sunshine among the groves, or upon the shores of the sea, and are driven into our homes. Well is it for us in New England, that we have such homes, wherein to dwell.

But what kind of homes do we propose? A convenient, comfortable edifice, we should all choose, and one by ourselves, if possible, where the one family should reside and feel it to be their castle, their privacy, their little world or inner sanctuary. A garden, however small, we can hardly dispense with, as a school for the children and a solace and delight for the whole household. We want the beauty it contains, the fragrance, the fruits, and we like to have the birds come there and build their nests and sing, and share the berries and devour the worms.

But the home within doors—*that* is, a home indeed, where the heart dwells, and peace and content, and piety and joy, take up there abode. Home should be made attractive to the young, by books, pictures, music, and flowers, and by the evident happiness of the parents in seeing the children happy. No other place should to them present such pictures of desire or tempt them, thus making their own the sentiment of the song:—

'Be it ever so humble there is no place like home.'

When the children grow up and go out into the world, the one sweet picture of home should ever glad their sight in memory and fill their imagination in dreams:

"He dreampt of his home and his dear native bowers."

But all homes are not desirable. The drunkard's home has often been described, where wife and children dwelt in poverty, sorrow and fearful apprehension. Where the tempers are not properly regulated, where there is not order and due subordination, and contentment with the ordering of Providence, the home is robbed of its peace.

There must be purpose and effort to make the home what it may be and ought to be, in a Christian land. Every inmate of the home should feel an obligation to do all in his power for the joy and edification of all its members, and all should consider the necessity of mutual concessions and forbearance. If we will reflect, how many things there are outside of home, to depress and annoy, in the conflicts that men have in life, we shall see the need of a soothing influence at home, the demand for cheerfulness, civility and affection. To preserve from the temptations of the world, we should do all we can to make the young remain at home, and not gad about for amusement, which may be more cheaply and safely supplied in the seclusion of a parent's house. We do not half like club scenes and other places of association, that draw too often away from home, the husband and father, the son and brother.

We should not in our devotion to home give up visiting and receiving friends, for we need them to bless it. This privilege, enjoyed in moderation, should be indulged. But we prefer home pleasures and privileges to all others. In well regulated homes, woman shines with the highest lustre; that is her sphere, and a noble one it is. There she trains her children, and they will bless her for it perpetually.

Home must at times be saddened by bereavement, but in another and better world, if we are faithful here, the separated family shall be reunited in a holy and happy home in heaven.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK.--The October number of this valuable magazine is well filled with choice matter for the ladies. It has no rival in its peculiar sphere.

HARPER'S MONTHLY, for October, is one of the best numbers of this truly popular magazine we have seen. It is profusely illustrated.

THE LADY'S FRIEND, FOR OCTOBER, opens with "Peep," a beautiful steel engraving of a mother and her little girl. The double steel Fashion Plate is also rich and elegant. Then follow numerous engravings—some particularly excellent—illustrating the new modes for ladies and children. Among the literary contributions we notice articles by several talented authors.

The above are for sale at the Woburn Book Store.

☞ The following persons have been mustered into the U. States service from Woburn since our last paper was issued:—

Joseph E. Clough, 11th Mass. Infantry.
Duncan R. McIntosh, " "
Preston W. Pempres, " "
Patrick Splain, " "
Josiah F. Starkweather, " "
James F. Chase, " "
Dennis Welch, U. States Navy.

SINGING SCHOOL.—Mr. Bancroft will open a Singing School, in the vestry of the Baptist church on Monday evening next. See special notices.

[From our Correspondent.]

Excursion to Newburyport.

SALEM, Sept. 22d, 1864.

On Friday, September 16th, the Essex Institute held a Field Meeting at Newburyport. In the morning train, which left Salem at 8 o'clock, a large number of ladies and gentlemen departed on this excursion. The day was a delightful one, just cool enough to make exercise in the open air pleasurable. As the cars passed through the intervening towns of Beverly, Wenham, Hamilton, Ipswich, Rowley, and Byfield, the sight of green fields and orchards charmed the eye. A few geologists went to explore the serpentine quarry, known in Newburyport as the Devil's Den, and some rode over to Plum Island to have a view of the sea and the long beach. But most of the party put themselves under the guidance of Rev. Mr. Wildes, to see the sights in the city itself. The first place visited, was a new granite chapel costing about $9000, built by Rev. Mr. Horton, lately deceased, as a Memorial Chapel for his daughter Anne. It is in the gothic style, simple, but neat and tasteful, and having some of its windows painted as memorial windows for members of the congregation, and is seated to accommodate some hundred or more persons. The next visit was to the house and grounds of "Lord Timothy Dexter," extensively known for his eccentricities, such as by sending warming pans to the West Indies, and his having a mock funeral of himself on his own extensive grounds, so that he might steal a look out of the window and see how the thing looked. His "Pickle for the knowing ones," a small book, had a wide circulation. Dr. Kelly is now the owner and occupant of the estate, and being one of the best horticulturists of the country, and possessing ample means, he has laid out the grounds in good taste, with trees, shrubbery, flowers and hedges, and alleys, so arranged as to afford beautiful and varied walks. Owing to the illness of a member of the Doctor's family, and the large number of visitors, the old mansion house was not entered, but we walked freely around it, and had an outside view of Mr. D.'s former residence. It is a large square three-story building, of the style of some sixty years ago, and when the images were in place in the front yard, in Dexter's time, must have made a grand appearance from the street. From the Dexter house we proceeded to the dwelling of the Misses Stacy, and were politely shown two large full length paintings by Copley, of Mr. Lee, the merchant prince of Marblehead, and his wife, painted about a century ago, but in good preservation. We also saw there, a painting by Trumbull, of Col. Jackson, aid to Washington, father of Patrick T. and Dr. James and Judge Jackson, long and well-known residents of Boston.

At the old Presbyterian church where Whitefield was buried, very many of the party went down into the vault to see the skull which is to be seen in his coffin. We have some doubts about the propriety of making a show of such things, but curiosity prevailed, and we saw the veritable stone box that once held the brains of the great preacher, and the place formerly covered by lips that spoke so graciously of Divine themes, and called men so earnestly to repentance. Franklin, Hume and Garrick, in common with the rest of mankind, had been charmed with his eloquent utterances in other days. After visiting the public library, the new cemetery, and some other places, we met in the City Hall, where some courteous friends of Newburyport, supplied us with tea and coffee, and choice fruits, which added to the refreshments brought by the ladies in their baskets, made a bounteous table, and, seated at the same, the party partook with great satisfaction and a good appetite. Dinner over, the speaking commenced. The large hall was two-thirds filled with hearers. Rev. Mr. Wildes officiating as chairman, opened the meeting with remarks on the object of the Institute. Mr. F. W. Putnam, Superintendent of the Essex Institute Museum, spoke of noxious insects on trees, and illustrated his statements by drawings on the black-board. Mr. Tracy, of Lynn, discoursed on the properties of some of the wild flowers gathered in the forenoon's ramble, with his usual ease and interest. Rev. A. B. Mussey, Rev. S. J. Spalding, and Dr. Henry G. Perkins, all of Newburyport, addressed the meeting in favor of the objects of the Institute, and expressed a hope that a branch might be established soon at Newburyport. Rev. Mr. Beaman, of Salem, Rev. S. Bardon, of Rockport, also participated in the exercises, the former speaking of the historical objects of the society, and the latter remarking on the geology of the serpentine quarry.

The party broke up at five o'clock, and at six the cars from Portland came along and took the company to Beverly, Salem, Lynn, and other places, where they severally belonged, and all seemed refreshed, old and young, and particularly the ladies, who had very much enjoyed the excursion and drank in the inspiration of pure air and social intercourse and instructive remark.

A large and very striking portrait of Washington, by Col. Trumbull, the gift of Hon. Caleb Cushing, graces the City Hall, and though unlike Stuart's portrait, is said to be a perfect represention of him in his appearance during the Revolutionary War. It is inspiring as well as sad to look upon in our dark day.

SABBATH SCHOOL CONVENTION.—At a recent meeting of the Woburn Association, it was recommended and *Voted*, That a Sabbath School Convention be held within the limits of this Association; and the undersigned were appointed a committee to make the necessary arrangements.

The object of the Convention is to awaken an increased interest in the work of Sabbath School instruction. Pastors, Superintendents and Teachers are especially invited to be present.

The committee have fixed upon Winchester, as the place, and WEDNESDAY, September 28th, as the time, for the proposed meeting. The exercises will commence at 9 o'clock, A. M.

The order of exercises for the day will be as follows:—

1. Organization with devotional exercises.

2. Brief Reports by the Superintendents of the present condition of their respective schools.

3. A discussion of the two following topics, viz:—

I. *The relation of the Sabbath School to the Church.*

II. *The best method of conducting the Sabbath School Concert.*

In the afternoon there will be a Grand Children's Meeting, commencing at 2 o'clock. The exercises will consist of short addresses by the Pastors and others, with singing by the children. It is desirable that arrangements should be made to bring the children in cars or by wagons, and have them arrive in season for this service.

Let all friends of children and of Sabbath Schools come prepared to participate in and enjoy the exercises of the day.

R. T. ROBINSON,
WILLIAM BARROWS, } *Com.*
CHARLES R. BLISS,
Winchester, Sept. 12th, 1864.

MCCLELLAN IN WOBURN—DELEGATES TO DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.—At a large and enthusiastic meeting of the Democratic Electors of Woburn, held on Friday evening, 16th inst., in the Town Hall, for the purpose of choosing delegates to the State Convention, Mr. John Cummings, jr., was called to preside, and W. M. Miller was chosen Secretary. The following named gentlemen were chosen Delegates: J. P. Converse, A. E. Thompson, T. J. Peirce, Stephen Nichols, C. T. Lang, A. Roundy, Peter Kenny, A. W. Goodell, J. C. Bodwell, Jr., P. H. Claffey, S. Webster Wyman, Rufus Pickering.

It was decided to form a McClellan Club, and the following organization was reported:

President—J. Cummings, jr.

Vice Presidents—B. Buckman, J. R. Kimball, Stephen Dow, Walter Frost, E. W. Hudson, Thos. J. Pierce, Stephen Nichols, Wm. Woodberry, W. B. Harris.

Secretary—Alfred A. Dow.

Treasurer—Dr. C. T. Lang.

Marshal—Walter Wyman.

Executive Committee—A. E. Thompson, A. Roundy, W. M. Miller, Geo. H. Conn, A. J. Parker, Chas. Caswell, Chas. Breslin, Sparrow Horton, G. R. Gage.

After listening to an eloquent and well-timed address from A. W. Goodell, Esq., on the present state of the country, the meeting adjourned in the best spirits, and with a fixed and harmonious determination to "swap horses" next November.

A meeting of the Woburn McClellan Club was held at their headquarters, Lyceum Hall, over the Post Office, on Monday evening, Sept. 19th, to complete their organization. After attending to business matters, J. P. Converse, Esq., gave a stirring speech, strongly marked with good sense, and was well received by those present. The Club passed the following resolution, and will take it for their motto.

Resolved, That having entire confidence in the *integrity*, *ability*, *patriotism*, and *statesmanship* of GEO. B. MCCLELLAN and GEO. H. PENDLETON, we pledge a united effort by all honorable means to secure their election.

The attendance was so large that not one half of those present could obtain entrance into the quarters. It was therefore voted to hold a meeting in the Town Hall every Monday evening until the election. The Club Room will also be opened every evening except the Sabbath, until the second week in November. With three hearty cheers for the candidates the club adjourned. UNION.

PACKAGES FOR THE 5TH REGIMENT. Mr. Gage will pack a box for the 5th Regiment, on Tuesday morning. All persons interested and wishing to send small boxes or packages, will please leave them at his store on Tuesday morning.

A RAILROAD CORPORATION INDICTED FOR MANSLAUGHTER.—The Grand Jury of Suffolk county held a special session yesterday, for the purpose of investigating the circumstances attending the death of one Thomas Hickey who was run over and killed on the Boston and Lowell Railroad at Woburn, about a year ago. The result of the investigation was that the Grand Jury returned an indictment against the Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation for causing the death of said Hickey.—*Boston Journal.*

☞ Read the new advertisements.

Acknowledgments.

Dr. Jewett, in charge of Knight's U. S. Hospital, New Haven, Conn., wrote to Surgeon General Dale, that the fine donation of well-filled boxes sent by the people of Woburn and Winchester, were the best the hospital ever received. They were all very useful for the Mass. soldiers. Two more boxes left on Thursday for that post.

Private George F. Colcord, of Co. L, 1st Mass. Heavy Artillery, writes to Nathan Wyman, Esq., thanking him kindly for a package of useful contents. He writes from Portsmouth Grove Hospital. Poor fellow, he lost the sight of his right eye. He says that the boys fully appreciate the kindness of the Woburn people at that hospital.

Another fine box of many useful articles for sick soldiers left this morning for the Soldiers' Home, the gift of Mrs. E. W. Hudson, Mrs. John Cummings, jr., and Mrs. Abijah Thompson. The Home ought to be remembered by people out of town, as many from the country find a home there. It is but two weeks ago that one of our Woburn soldiers died there, and his relations say that he could not have had better care at his own home.

Lieut. John E. Tidd, of Co. A, 32d Mass. Regt., thankfully acknowledges a fine supply of pickles, for the regiment, the gift of Mr. Schwabe.

Mrs. Abijah Thompson, and Mrs. Edward W. Hudson, received a diploma from Mrs. Harrison Gray Otis, each for a box of hospital stores for the wounded and disabled.

Mrs. Capt. John P. Crane, sent a fine box of preserved grapes, pears, &c., to the Discharged Soldiers' Home. This noble institution is much in need of the good things, as they are entirely dependent on contributions, and Mrs. Crane's donation will be very welcome.

WAR NEWS.

WINCHESTER, VA., 7.30 P. M., Sept. 19, 1864.

Lieutenant General U. S. Grant: I have the honor to report that I attacked the forces of Gen. Early, over the Berryville pike, at the crossing of Opequan creek, and after a most stubborn and sanguinary engagement, which lasted from early in the morning until 5 o'clock in the evening, completely defeated him, driving him through Winchester and capturing about 2500 prisoners, five pieces of artillery, nine army flags, and most of their wounded.

The rebel Gen. Rhodes and Gen. Gordon were killed and three other general officers were wounded. All their killed fell into our hands.

Our losses are severe. Among them was Gen. D. A. Russell, commanding a division in the 5th corps, who was killed by a cannon ball. Gens. Upton, McIntosh and Chapman are wounded. I cannot yet tell our losses.

The conduct of the officers and men was most superb. They charged and carried every position taken up by the rebels from Opequan creek to Winchester.

The enemy were strong in number and very obstinate in their fighting.

I desire to mention to the Lieut. General commanding the army, the gallant conduct of Gens. Wright, Crook, Emery, Torbert, and the officers under their command. To them the country is indebted for this handsome victory.

P. H. SHERIDAN, Maj. Gen. Com.

Lieut. S. P. Currier.

FORT DUPONT, D. C., September 16th, 1864.

We, the undersigned, members of the 2d Detachment 9th Unattached Co. Heavy Art. Mass. Vols., having seen an article in the Boston Courier, dated at Fort Dupont, D. C., Sept. 6th, 1864, purporting to give Lieut. S. P. Currier's history while in command of Fort Dupont, and stating that himself, wife, child, and Sutler's Clerk were living on our rations, the latter paying Currier $4.50 per week for his part, and he (Currier) selling half of what was left, do state that the article is a tissue of falsehoods, as far as our knowledge extends. On the contrary, in all business transactions with the company, Lieut. Currier has been perfectly honorable. His wife while at the post has been a friend to the soldiers, especially in cases of sickness, when she has taken particular pains to render the sick one comfortable.

Sergt. Chas. S. Holt; Corpl's Jas. Lincoln, Chas. W. Corser, T. F. Gardner, H. B. Danforth; Musician, Samuel H. Lee; Privates Wm. S. Bachelder, Wm. Robbins, Stillman Rich, Moses Dodge, Geo. P. Stevens, James W. Judd, John Fellows, John L. Hovey, Wm. R. King, Daniel Schermerhone, William Robinson, John N. Gledhill, John Brennan, William S. Payne, Daniel S. Crowley, Alphonso B. Pierce, Benjamin S. Ross, James R. Armstrong, T. A. Eaton, Matthew Glennan, James Halpin.

THE SECRET OF SUCCESS IN BUSINESS.—When you find a man doing more business than you are, look at the advertisements he has in the newspapers. The business man who puts his sign in the newspaper does a much wiser thing than when he fastens it over his store, and who would think of neglecting that; The man who advertises informs the public that he wants to trade, and his card in the newspaper is an invitation to customers to come and buy. Where one person reads a sign in the street, five hundred read it in the newspaper. No matter how well a business man is known, he can always pick up new customers if he will take the pains to advertise; for by neglecting the means of securing trade he loses the best of his profits.

[Propeller in Hingham Journal.

Our Army Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 14, '64.

Dear Journal,—The life of a gingerbread soldier, and such as we have been leading for the past few months, is almost painfully wanting in incident, and certainly affords no interesting subject for correspondence. Were I to have written to you, what would it have been but an iteration of description of parades, reviews, and inspections, of which we have been the habitual victims since our arrival at the capital of the nation. Here burnished shoulder scales are considered more appropriate to the possession of the artillerist than a knowledge of the science of pointing and ranges. Bright boots and white gloves rank higher than military valor. In short, in Washington, show quite crowds out of sight utility. Details of such a life then could scarcely be very pleasing, and be thankful that your correspondent's *cacoethes scribendi* has spared you.

With all the show which the capital tries to put on, still it is the filthiest and most immoral city which I have ever visited. But one street is paved, and that is oftentimes so deep beneath mud or dust that it is only in some extraordinarily clean places that the fact is patent to eyesight. The sewerage is miserable, the whole filth of the city being emptied into an open canal which runs through the centre of the city, and very imperfectly carried off by the feeble tide in a river at a point nearly 100 miles from its mouth. Outwardly it is dirty, flat, and muddled. Morally it would seem as though all the corruption of the great republic gathers here to a head and finds a breathing place. All that was once said of the Crescent City may now be safely affirmed of Washington. Such universal drunkenness, thievery, and rascality, is nowhere exceeded except perhaps in London or the Alsatia of Paris. Swindling nowhere has reached the sublime perfection to which it has attained here. Murders are not infrequent. Whether a cause or an effect of this state of affairs, I know not, but it seems as far as a soldier's observation can reach, that there is no society, always excepting the spasmodic apology offered half yearly by reason of the sitting of the legislatures.

I trust to have something more pleasing and less trite to communicate in my next. We are now under marching orders and expect to move to-morrow to join the cavalry corps of the Middle Department. We have lately been joined by the remainder of the 10th New York Battery, making us once more about 100 strong. We have drawn sufficient horses to mount the cannoniers, and two extra caissons. Thus once more we exist a four-gun horse battery. No one regrets leaving Camp Barry, and the spirits of all have risen many degrees at the prospect once more of active service. They seem to have plenty of action of the see-saw sort in the Valley, and no doubt I shall find items worth noting for your perusal during the coming fall campaign.

Uncle Abram's stock seems to be looking up in the market since "little Mac's" dexterous shift of his shoulders from beneath the Chicago Platform.

HOPLITE.

GALLIPOLIS, OHIO, Sept. 9th, '64.

Dear Father:

In this letter I propose to give you a description of the country through which we passed, on our journey from Fort McHenry to Gallipolis, and especially that in the mountains, which presented to us the most splendid scenery, and furthermore to give you a few incidents connected with the journey.

August 11th. We were relieved by the Mass. 5th Regiment, they having come in the night before. We passed out by them at 11 o'clock, and bid farewell to Fort McHenry, having been ordered to report at Johnson's Island, opposite Sandusky, Ohio. We were supplied with 3 days' rations. The weather was very hot, and starting as we did in the middle of the day, it made it come very hard upon us. There were a great many stragglers, but I kept with the company. We marched 5 miles to the Northern Central Depot, the place we started from. On our way through the city of Baltimore, we were supplied with as many peaches as we could eat and carry, and we were treated by the people generally, with great hospitality.

We arrived at the depot at 1 o'clock, P. M. Our company acted as rear guard on the march, and we had to run about the city to pick up stragglers, and that made it rather tiresome for us having on all of our equipments. We stayed at the depot until 4 o'clock, when we got on board the cars, but we did not start for about an hour.

The scenery through which we passed was very fine, but the crops for the most part, look very poor, there had been so little rain. The bridges had been burned by the "*rebs*" along the road for a number of miles, but they were all rebuilt. We arrived at Harrisburgh, on the Susquehanna river, at about daylight, where we stopped long enough to make some coffee, and then started for Pittsburgh. I rode on the top of the cars for a long time, that I might have a better view of the country. For a long distance we followed the river and mountains—the scenery was grand. Sometimes the mountain-side rose almost perpendicular for one or two hundred feet, and the rocks were as smooth and level as if they had been hewn with a chisel. We passed through a tunnel of considerable length before reaching Altona. Altona is a large town, and owes its importance for the most part, to its being a railroad centre. The railroad buildings here are quite large and substantial, and are said to be the best arranged in the country.

After leaving Altona we began to cross the Alleghany mountains, the railroad running through cuts at least fifty feet deep; at other times along the mountain, with a hill on one side and a valley on the other.

When we reached the foot of the Alleghanies, the track which was cut into the mountain, formed a steep incline, and in its ascent curved around the mountain, and in one place the curve was so short that it formed a complete horse-shoe, and the train being unusually long, you could see any one car from any point of the train. It required extra engines to pull us up, it was so steep in some places.

The sight which we saw here was beautiful beyond description. Within this circle, or horse-shoe, which I have spoken about, was a deep valley, the mountain rising perpendicularly to the height of one or two hundred feet. At the bottom of the valley was a small cultivated spot, with a small log cabin in the centre. It would almost make you shudder to look either up or down from the cars, the rocks above hanging high, towering above the track, and below for a hundred feet, a ragged bed of rocks. Here nature is seen in all her beauty. Under the highest peak there is a tunnel, about one mile and a half long. We passed through it, and it is the darkest place I was ever in.

The mountains are covered with a dense forest, here and there dotted by the cabin of the settler, with a little clearing round it, for cabbages, potatoes, &c., but they were few and far between. We saw a number of coal mines near the settlements. The entrance to them looked small, scarcely large enough to be entered by a man. The coal is run out of them in small boxes or cars, upon a track elevated so that it can be run to the railroad and dumped into the cars to save loading it.

On the other side of the mountains the first place we came to was Johnson. The principal business appeared to be moulding. Once I saw some miners standing along the track, as we passed by, with their lamps upon their hats, and their tools in their hands. It was then about five and a half o'clock, and we arrived in Pittsburgh at nine and a half, and as we came in sight of the city we could see the furnaces blazing in all directions, with a cloud of smoke hanging over it. After waiting in the city awhile, we stacked arms and marched to the refreshment saloon, and had supper at just 12 o'clock. It consisted of hot coffee, bread and butter, cold beef, pickles, crackers, tomatoes, and apples; and they had fed about four thousand men before us, during the day. After supper, we lay down on the pavements in the streets, and on the brick sidewalks, and slept until 5 o'clock, when we were called up and marched to the depot and took the cars for Sandusky, Ohio, and finally left, after sitting in the cars until 8 o'clock.

About noon we passed the line into the state of Ohio and came to a place called Wellsville, where we stopped a few minutes. It is situated on the Junaetta river. From here we pushed on lively, but about 3 o'clock the train suddenly stopped with a jerk. We all piled out to see what was the matter, and we found that the forward portion of the train had ran from the track, and we could trace it back for a quarter of a mile, where the wheel had marked the gravel and sleepers. The engineer stopped just in season to save us from being precipitated down a steep bank. It made my hair stand up to look at it and think of my escape. In about an hour we were on the track again and moving towards Alliance, the next town on the road. We reached Sandusky at 3 o'clock in the morning. I got out of the car and spread my blanket on the ground and slept until morning, when I arose and made some coffee, and made my breakfast from pork and hard tack. We went to the Island about three o'clock, after picking up the stragglers, where we pitched our tents and lay down our weary bones to rest. Here we expected to serve out our time, and were well satisfied with the place, but on the following night, at dress parade, we received orders to be in readiness to march in the morning. We left Sandusky at 1 o'clock having orders to report to Gallipolis. We reached Mansfield Junction at nine and a half o'clock, where we changed on to another track for Newark, which place we reached at daylight. At 6 o'clock I and another soldier struck out to beg something to eat. We walked until into the middle of the town, where we came to a good looking house. We went into the back door, and very politely asked the lady to give us something to eat. She invited us in, and gave us as good a breakfast as I ever sat down to, for which we kindly thanked her.

I suppose you think this rather cheeky, but such things are customary amongst soldiers wherever they are. From here we passed on rapidly through Columbus, Chillocothee, Cincinnati, and other smaller places, until we reached Hampton, where we slept in an open field near the depot. All night in the rain without tents, and you may bet that we were some wet in the morning. In the morning we took cars for Portland, 30 miles from Gallipolis, the nearest railroad communication. On the next morning we left Portland, in a heavy rain, mud ankle deep, and we marched two days, with the same pleasant company, in the mud and rain. On the first night we camped at Raccoon Creek. When we reached Gallipolis, we were completely wet through. Here we expect to rest until our time expires. We can buy eggs here for 10 cents per dozen; best beef steak 10 cents; best flour 5 cents per pound; and as many potatoes, tomatoes, apples, &c., as you want, free.

JOHN.

We would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of the Boston Mercantile Academy, headed "Actual Business Education." This institution is second to no other in New England."

The Proprietor of the WHITE PINE COMPOUND has been obliged to advance the price, owing to the greatly increased cost of materials of which it is composed.

It cannot be possibly put up and sold at former price, and have it correctly prepared. The size of the bottle is the same, and the public may feel assured that as much care is bestowed in its preparation, and that in every respect as good an article is supplied them as ever.

I have the supervision of the making of the Compound, and it shall be my effort to make it even more efficacious, if a possible thing.

J. W. POLAND,
New England Botanic Depot, 106 Hanover street.

WINCHESTER.

SABBATH SCHOOL CONVENTION.--The Woburn Association of Orthodox Churches will unite in a Sabbath School Convention to be held in this town on Wednesday next, Sept. 28th. Representatives are expected from the schools within the limit of the Association. [See notice in another column.]

DONATION.—Five members of the Orthodox Society have recently united in presenting to their Pastor one hundred dollars each, or five hundred dollars in all. Fortunate minister to have such liberal hearted parishoners, both able and willing to give out of their abundance such generous tokens of their respect and esteem. Would that in these times of high prices many other of our salaried men might be likewise remembered by their employers.

POLITICAL.—The Republicans flung to the breeze last Thursday evening a new and splendid flag, measuring 30 by 20, bearing upon it uppermost the words, "Liberty and Union," and below the names of the candidates representing those principles.

Last Tuesday evening this party held a meeting in Lower Lyceum Hall, for the choice of delegates to the Congressional, Senatorial, County and Councillor Conventions. S. S. Holton was chosen Chairman of the meeting, and E. A. Wadleigh, Secretary. For delegates to the Congressional Convention, J. A. Woodbury, S. S. Holton and E. A. Brackett, were selected. For the Senatorial, S. H. Cutter, S. A. Holt and W. A. Stone. For the County and Councillor, O. R. Clark, Stephen Cutter and J. A. Safford. The delegates were empowered to appoint substitutes.

Messrs. O. R. Clark, W. A. Stone, E. A. Wadleigh, J. H. Prince, J. A. Woodbury and H. K. Stanton, were appointed a Committee to make arrangements for forming a Union Club, and to report on next Tuesday evening. Brief speeches were made by Messrs. Clark and W. A. Stone.

The Democrats, or supporters of McClellan and Pendleton, met on last Monday evening, and formed a McClellan Club. The following named gentlemen were selected as its officers, viz:

President—F. O. Prince. Vice Presidents—S. T. Sanborn, G. W. Spurr, O. W. Gardner, Loring Emerson, Asa Lock, C. P. Curtis, Jr. Secretaries—Josiah Hovey and B. B. Stanton. Treasurer—D. N. Skillings. Marshal—G. W. Spurr. Executive Committee—F. H. Johnson, Lincoln Emerson, Albert Ayer, A. G. Lane, John Carter, J. McLaughlin, S. G. Pierce. This Club have their headquarters in the room over E. Sanderson's store.

EXCELSIOR.

STONEHAM.

BUSINESS is slackening with us. Most shoe establishments are curtailing operations. The gold bubble being contracted by the blowers in Wall street, suggests a contraction of prices, so that "bosses" are doing what our speakers at Republican gatherings say McClellan did while he had the Federal Forces, that is, the smallest work in his proper line of duty possible, with a view of keeping up appearances. But we are not "flat" on our backs—are probably doing more in the shoe line than other towns of our size where that branch of business forms the principal source of income.

OUR SCHOOLS are under good "*headway*"—meaning by this italicised word that there is some brain labor going on. Miss Pomeroy, an experienced teacher, takes the place vacated by Miss Nelson, as Assistant in the High School, and Miss Hay, a graduate from the Salem Normal School, as teacher of the East Intermediate, following Miss Johnson. Your correspondent may be an interested party and desirous for his own sake that the schools should bear a good reputation, and, therefore, what he might say, would be taken with some grains of allowance by men of a "different persuasion." But when we do not hear of any fault finding, I think we may conclude that the *modus operandi* of the schools is satisfactory at least. Let people first visit the school before criticising the teacher. I know the general idea seems to be that the School Committee are employed for the express purpose of looking after the schools, and that being *their* business, parents have no duty to perform. But scholars require all sorts of encouragement. Parents can give them a stimulus, encouragement, above what is in the power of any other persons. The statute law makes it the duty of the schools. But the "Higher Law," resulting from the sacred relation of parent and child, imposes duties and obligations far above any human enactments. And the proper education of the child is one of the responsibilities from which the parent cannot release himself. It is his duty, therefore, to see just what influences are brought to bear on the education of his child. He has no right to turn him loose, as he would a young colt, and say to him, "shift for yourself." Even if he puts him to pasture in the school house, it is the dictate of prudence that he should look after him there, as much at least as he would his horse that he had turned out for the season. He would *naturally* inquire whether he had water, whether in a dry time he had sufficient grass, and would occasionally carry him a handful of salt.

Let the parent do as much for the child. But, Mr. Editor, I have moralized to the end of my paper—to the end of the edification of some people also, I hope, who are neglecting a duty they owe to the school. LEE.

ARRIVED HOME.—Lieut. Chas. Horne, of the 13th Mass. Regt., who was taken prisoner in one of the last engagements, arrived home Friday night, having been paroled. He lost his left arm.

CORRECTION.—We mentioned last week that Corpl. John B. Wheeler, of the 3d Mass. Battery, went out for three months. It should have been that he went out for three years, and went out for three months at the first call for troops.

SOUTH READING.

HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION.—The annual Exhibition of the South Reading Agricultural and Horticultural Society, was held in the Town Hall on Tuesday and Wednesday of the present week. The weather was delightful and the attendance good. In some respects the exhibition was superior to those of previous years. The quantity of apples did not equal that of last year, but the variety of pears was greater and decidedly attractive. The show of grapes never appeared to better advantage. The display in vegetables was less, but good. The flowers were as pretty as ever grew, and tastefully arranged. There were fine specimens of needle and fancy work, though less in amount than heretofore. In this department last year, the premiums were omitted without any intention of injustice to the "handy workers," but it happened that some of the lady members of the committtee were contributors, and would have been entitled to the first premiums, so they modestly recommended that no premiums be awarded on those articles; and without considering its effect in the future, the recommendation was adopted. From that cause fancy articles may have been withheld this year.

We are not able at the present writing to furnish a full list of contributions, but present the names of those to whom premiums and gratuities were awarded, omitting the amount given:—

On Grapes—A. C. Perkins, Wm. H. Hutchinson, Mrs. Spaulding, and Dr. J. D. Mansfield.

Apples—James Eustiss, Samuel Kingman, Samuel Gardner, and Jeremiah Green.

Pears—A. C. Perkins, Dr. J. D. Mansfield, S. Kingman.

Gratuities on Pears—A. Wiley, E. Mansfield, Thos. Emerson, Lucius Beebe, Joseph Cartwright, A. G. Sweetser, J. S. Eaton, Dr. J. G. Brown, S. T. Parker, Hiram Eaton, Wm. G. Skinner, J. Eustis, Chas. Patch, N. Eaton.

Peaches—L. B. Evans, J. H. Newman.

Cranberries—Wm. White.

Squashes—Hiram Eaton, A. C. Perkins.

Corn—Lucius Beebe, Ira Wiley.

Beets—Adam Wiley, Jeremiah Green.

Cabbages—John Eaton, F. Emmons.

Beans—Horace Lewis, Adam Wiley.

Potatoes—John Eaton, Samuel Gardner.

Collection of Vegetables—Isaac Osgood.

Dish of Assorted Fruit—Mrs. J. A. Thompson.

Honey—Jeremiah Green, Adam Wiley.

Bread—Mrs. J. A. Thompson, Miss C. N. Evans.

Butter—Mrs. J. A. Thompson, Wm. Craine.

Preserves—Mrs. B. F. Abbott, Mrs. J. A. Thompson, Mrs. J. M. Evans.

Fancy and Needle-work—Mrs. Wm. Martin, Miss Sarah Tasker, Mrs. Stetson, Miss Mary J. Eaton, Miss Louise Beebe, Miss Hattie E. Brown, Mrs. John Winship.

Cut Flowers—Mrs. C. Patch, Mrs. C. Wakefield, S. Kingman.

Bouquets—Mrs. J. K. Richardson, Miss Martha A. Hutchinson.

Dish Flowers—Mrs. G. H. Sweetser, Mrs. Wakefield, E. Felton Sweetser.

Pot Plants—Hiram Sweetser, Miss Eunice A. Wiley.

Gratuities on Plants and Flowers—Mrs. Oliver Sweetser, Mrs. B. F. Abbott, Miss Mary Bowman, Mrs. L. G. Tyler, Mrs. J. S. Newhall. M.

ACCIDENT.—Mr. Isaiah Reed, of Burlington, met with a serious accident on Tuesday last. Mr. Reed was about starting for Boston with a load of produce. By the breaking of one of the tugs the horse was partially detached from the wagon, and becoming unmanageable, Mr. R., thinking to save himself, jumped from the top of his load to the ground, a distance of six or eight feet, dislocating his left ankle-joint, and producing a compound fracture of both bones of the leg near the joint, the bones protruding through the skin. Dr. Harlow was called, reduced the fracture, dressed the leg, and the unfortunate man appears to be doing as well as possible for one in his condition.

MIDDLESEX AGRICULTURAL FAIR.—The seventieth annual exhibition of the Middlesex Agricultural Society, was held at Concord on Thursday. Everything connected with this exhibition was equal to that of any preceeding year. We have not yet seen a full list of the prizes awarded, but among those we have seen we notice the name of John Cummings, jr., of Woburn, who received a premium for best breeding mare with foal, and also for best three-year old colt. At the annual meeting of the Society, Mr. Cummings was chosen Vice President.

ARRIVED HOME.—Corp'l Charles E. Richardson, of Co. K, 59th Mass. Reg. Volunteers, arrived home yesterday, on sick furlough.

An hour's industry will do more to produce cheerfulness, suppress the evil humors, and retrive our affairs, than a month's moaning.

Died

In Woburn, Sept. 22d, Benjamin L., son of Luther A. and Ellen J. Gould, aged 6 months, 13 days.

In Woburn, Sept. 20, Patrick Doherty, aged 9 months, 5 days.

In Wilmington, Sept. 18, Charles W. Nichols, aged 2 years, 10 months, 19 days.

In Boston, Sept. 10th, Charles L. Ham, son of Mark W. Ham, of Woburn, aged 22 years.

In Winchester, Sept. 13th, Mrs. Rebecca Brawn, aged 75 years, 7 months, 8 days.

In South Reading, Sept. 19th, Alice Maria, daughter of D. T. and E. J. Walton, aged 2 yrs.

Special Notices.

TREASURER'S NOTICE TO SOLDIERS' FAMILIES.

Persons who are entitled to draw State aid to families, are hereby informed that in all cases it will be payable on the first day of each month; and it is earnestly desired that parties interested, will be punctual in drawing it at that time.

All persons claiming their subscriptions, which it was voted by the town to refund, are requested to call on the Treasurer and recieve their money, on or before the first day of October next, as that account must be closed up.

GAWIN R. GAGE, Treasurer.
Woburn, Sept. 24th, 1864.

Music—Music.

MR. BANCROFT'S SINGING CLASS will commence on MONDAY EVENING, SEPT. 26, at 7½ o'clock, in the vestry of the Baptist Church. A general invitation is extended to all interested. FIRST EVENING FREE.

sept24—1t

☞ Ready-made Overcoats, $60, $55, $50, $45, $42, $40, $38, $35 $33, $32, $30, $28, $26, $25, $22, $20, $19, $18, $17, $16, $15, $14, $13, $12, $11, $10. One Price only at BENNETT & Co.'s, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston.

☞ For Boys' Clothing call at BENNETT & Co.'s One Price House, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston.

☞ Ready-made Pants, $17, $16, $15, $14, $13, $12, $11, $10, $9. $8, $7.50, $7, $6.50, $6, $5.50, $5, $4.50, $4, $3.50, $3, $2.50, at BENNETT & Co.'s One Price House, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston.

☞ For Gents' Furnishing Goods, Shirts and Drawers, or a garment made to order, call at BENNETT & Co.'s One Price House, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston. sept24—3m

REOPENED.

THE PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS of F. S. KNOWLTON, having been refitted, and an addition made of a new light, he is now prepared to execute work, in all the different branches connected with the art. Special attention paid to copying Photographs from old Daguerreotypes or Ambrotypes. An assortment of frames kept constantly on hand for sale.

Woburn, Sept. 24. 3m

To Consumptives.

Consumptive sufferers will receive a valuable presciption for the cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all throat and Lung affections, (free of charge,) by sending their address to

Rev. EDWARD A WILSON.
Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

sept24—3m

Stoves for Sale.

☞ A cylinder Stove, with sheet iron drum heater, and "Richards' Spark Arrester" attached. Also, a Cylinder Stove, but little used. For sale cheap. Inquire of

sept17—1t JOHN L. PARKER.

LOST, on Tuesday forenoon last, a new morocco Porte Monnie, containing a small sum in currency and a $10 counterfeit bill. The finder will please leave it at the Woburn Book Store. sept17

EDITOR OF JOURNAL:—*Dear Sir*,—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
jy23—3m* 831 Broadway, New York.

A Card to the Suffering.

SWALLOW two or three hogsheads of "Buchu," "Tonic Bitters," "Nervous Antidotes," &c., &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the result, then try one box of OLD DOCTOR BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS—and be restored to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the broken down and shattered constitution. Old and young can take them with advantage. Imported and sold in the United States only by

JAS. S. BUTLER,
No. 427 Broadway, New York,
☞ Agent for the United States.

P. S.—A box of the Pills, securely packed, will be mailed to any address on receipt of price, which is ONE DOLLAR, post paid—money refunded by the Agent if entire satisfaction is not given.

jy23—3m*

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED?
DR. BUCHAN'S
ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESS, Impotency, premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual, and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced. Price One Dollar per box. Sent post-paid by mail on receipt of an order. One box will perfect the cure in most cases. Address

JAMES S. BUTLER,
General Agent, 427 Broadway, New York.

jy23—3m*

THE HISTORY
OF
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

The most remarkable medicine of the day, and the many cures that have been performed with it in cases of Liver Complaint, Dispepsia, Nervous Debility, and other diseases arising from a disordered stomach or liver, places it at once among the most astonishing discoveries that has taken place in the medical world. The diseases to which bitters are applicable are so universal that there are but few of our friends who may not test their virtues in their own families or circle of acquaintances, and prove to their own satisfaction that there is at least one remedy among the many advertised medicines, deserving the public commendation.

For sale by druggists and dealers everywhere.

jy30—2m

Woburn Bank.

THE stockholders of the Woburn Bank are hereby notified that their Annual meeting will be held at their Banking Room, Oct. 3d, at 7½ o'clock, P. M., for the choice of Directors for the ensuing year; also to decide on the amount for which the Directors may become liable to the bank; and for the transaction of any other business which may come before them.

E. J. JENKS, Cashier.

Woburn, Sept. 24. 2t

PERFUMERY.

LUBINS, JAQUES, WRIGHTS,
PHALON'S, and EDREDIUS'

Popular Extracts for the handkercheif. Thirty different odors. For sale by

sept 10 W. C. BRIGHAM.

Letters Remaining Unclaimed,

IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN, State of Massachusetts, 24th day of Sept. 1864

☞ "To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for *advertised letters*," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Hayden, William	Harrison, Edward
Miller, Philip R.	Miller, James
Nichols, Percival	Persons, Helen A.
Smith, A. M. Mrs.	Richardson, M. H. Miss 2
Tracy, James Mrs.	Tyler, Geo. E.
Winslow Bros.	Wyman, Fanny K.

NATHAN WYMAM, P. M.

Boston Mercantile Academy,
228
Washington Street, corner Summer.

This Institution offers to Young Men and Ladies inducements for obtaining an

ACTUAL
BUSINESS EDUCATION

not excelled by any other in New England. The instructions are thorough and practical. The ACTUAL BUSINESS SYSTEM faithfully carried out.

The course of study embraces PENMANSHIP, BOOKKEEPING, ARITHMETIC, BANKING, COMMERCIAL CALCULATION, CORRESPONDENCE, PHONOGRAPHY, COMMON AND HIGHER ENGLISH BRANCHES, &C., &C.

Terms moderate. Time for completing the full course is not limited. Diplomas awarded. Students aided in obtaining employment. Open day and evening. Call or send for circular.

C. E. CHAMBERLAIN, Principal.
H. C. KENDALL, Associate
and Professor of Penmanship.

sept24—eow6m

DR. POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND!

THE GREAT AND POPULAR REMEDY

For Colds, Coughs, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, and Whooping Cough.

CURES GRAVEL
AND ALL KIDNEY DISEASES.

There have been many severe cases in Boston and vicinity cured by the WHITE PINE COMPOUND, which can be referred to. It is a reliable and speedy cure for Gravel.

This medicinal preparation did not originate in an effort to get up an article TO SELL. Undoubtedly very many of the popular nostrums of the day were started for that purpose, and some of them have given their proprietors vast wealth. Not so with the WHITE PINE COMPOUND.

In the winter of 1854-5, Dr. J. W. POLAND, then of Goffstown Centre, N. H., composed a small quantity of medicine for a member of his family, who was afflicted with a disagreeable irritation of the throat. Knowing that the White Pine Bark was useful in cases of inflammation, he made that the BASIS of his article. It was necessary to combine the Pine with other ingredients, to modify its action as an astringent. Of course, it was AN EXPERIMENT. It would not injure—it might do good. The result was most surprising. A permanent cure was effected within a week, and there has been no return of the difficulty for NINE YEARS, though it was of long standing.

A second small quantity was prepared for a lady who had a bad cough, and had raised some blood, and she was cured of it. Two or three other individuals made a trial of it, and experienced a wonderful relief in throat difficulties. But with all these flattering results, not a thought was entertained of ever putting it on sale, till several months had elapsed.

TESTIMONIALS.

A very large number of important testimonials have already been received from Physicians, Clergymen, Apothecaries, and, indeed, from all classes in society, speaking in the most flattering terms of the White Pine Compound.

Dr. Nichols, of Northfield, says:

"I find the White Pine Compound to be very efficacious, not only in coughs and other pulmonic affections, also in affections of the kidneys, debility of the stomach, and other kindred organs."

Rev. J. K. Chase, of Rumney, N. H., writes:

"I have for years regarded your White Pine Compound as an invaluable remedy. I can truly say that I regard it as even more efficacious and in valuable than ever. I have just taken the Compound for a cold, and it works charmingly."

Rev. H. D. Hoge, of West Randolph, Vt., who is also a physician, says:

"I find it (the Compound) an excellent medicine in kidney diseases."

Says Mr. S. Boody, of the 14th Regiment Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, at Fort Tillinghast:

"The White Pine Compound effected a cure where a fellow was considered in a critical consumption by all who knew him. I can fully substantiate this by men in this company, who thought it folly for him to make a trial of it. In colds and coughs, men leave the care of the surgeon, where treatment can be had for nothing, and try the White Pine Compound."

Col. Gould, formerly Major of the 13th Reg't. M. V., (that Veteran Regiment!) in a letter to S. Dean, Esq., of Stoneham, speaks in the highest praise of the *White Pine Compound*, and expresses a wish that it might be sent to the soldiers. His opinion is based on personal knowledge.

No effort has ever yet been made by the proprietor to introduce it into the Army; and yet it has often been purchased by friends of soldiers, to send in packages, and ordered by officers and soldiers, and large quantities have been forwarded by express.

GEO. W. SWETT, Proprietor,
106 Hanover St., Boston, Mass.
Sold by Druggists everywhere. sep24—6m

To Business Men.

THE
MIDDLESEX JOURNAL
And Woburn Townsman,

Has a large and rapidly increasing Subscription List, and finds its way into nearly all the best families in Woburn. It also has a large Circulation throughout Middlesex County, and is one of the best mediums for Advertising in this portion of the State.

Those of our Readers who desire to give a wide publicity to their Business Notices, will please bear this fact in mind when dispensing their favors to the Press.

All Advertisements will be well displayed and made attractive, so that readers can see them at a glance.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of JEREMIAH BROWN, late of South Reading, in the County of Middlesex, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the Estate of said deceased are requested to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted to said Estate are called upon to make payment to

EDWARD MANSFIELD, Adm.
South Reading, Sept. 17, 1864. 3t.

French, English and American
TOILET SOAPS,
Genuine.

From the manufactories of Coudray, Mangenet & Coudray, Gelle Freres, Lowe, Son & Haydon, Patty, Glenn, Worsley, and others,

For sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

South Reading Bank.

THE Stockholders of the South Reading Bank are hereby notified that their Annual Meeting for the choice of seven Directors; to vote, in compliance with the requisitions of section 54, chapter 57, of the General Statutes of Massachusetts, in regard to the liabilities of Directors for the ensuing year; and for the transaction of any other business that may be legaly brought before them; will be held at their Banking-House, on Monday, the third day of October next, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Per order, L. EATON, *Cashier*.
South Reading, Sept. 17, 1864. 2t

Guardians' Sale of Real Estate in Winchester, Mass.

WILL be sold at Public Auction, on Thursday, Sept. 29th, by order of Probate Court, the following described lots of Land, together with Homestead, belonging to the late Joel White:

LOT NO 1—Containing 15,406 Square feet, and bounded as follows—Easterly by land of J. F. Stone; Southerly by land of W. Johnson; Westerly by other land of said Johnson, and Northerly by land of heirs of Betsey J. Rice.

LOT NO. 2—Containing 15,650 square feet, and bounded as follows—Westerly by Brackett street; Northerly by Winthrop street; Easterly by land of R. Crawford, and Southerly by land of J. Kelsey.

LOT NO. 3—Containing 5,200 square feet, more or less, and bounded as follows—Northerly by Shepherd street; Easterly by land of J. M. Williams; Southerly by land of Calvin Richardson, and Westerly by land of W. P. Greely.

NO. 4—Containing 4,450 square feet, more or less, and bounded as follows—Northerly by Shepherd street; Easterly by land of A. Pratt; Southerly by land of O. Stearns and Calvin Richardson, and Westerly by land of J. M. Williams.

NO. 5—Homestead, containing House and Barn, five minutes walk from R. R. Station, about 16,100 square feet of land, and bounded as follows—Northerly by land of H. Hatch, Easterly by land of A. Fletcher; Southerly by land of J. B. Winslow; Westerly by Washington street.

NO. 6—Near Church's Mills, containing about 12,000 square feet, Lot No. 49 on Plan of Caleb and Joshua Richardson's Estate, and bounded as follows—Easterly by Chestnut st.; Northerly by Water street; Westerly by Lot No. 48, and Northerly by Lot No. 57.

☞ Should the weather prove stormy, the sale will be postponed to the next fair day.

J. A. COOLIDGE,
JOSEPH WHITE,
ADELINE B. WHITE, } Guardians.
Winchester, Sept. 10, 1864. 3t

Cottage House, Barn and Land, For Sale.



THE Cottage House, Barn and Land, now occupied by Mr. N. H. Walton, on Fulton street, near the Stoneham Branch R. Road. The house contains seven rooms, with several good closets; also, a basement, used as a cook room. There is a well of excellent water and a never failing spring. Attached to the barn is a building well adapted for a Shoe Manufactory.

The house has been erected but a few years and was built in the most thorough manner.

For further particulars, enquire of E. T. WHITTIER, at the Post Office, Stoneham, or of TIMOTHY WALTON, 161 Boston St, Salem Post Office address, So. Danvers, Box 99.

sept10—3m

RARE CHANCE.

Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

THE undersigned, desirous of closing out his entire Stock of Clothing and Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, &c., during the present month, would remind those persons who intend to economize in their selection of Winter Apparel, that now is their chance to make a selection, as the entire Stock will be sold for Cash, in the shortest time posssible.

All persons having unsettled accounts with the undersigned, will confer a special favor by settling them at once.

J. W. HAMMOND, Lyceum Building.
Woburn, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

House, Carriage and Sign Painting, Glazing & Paper Hanging.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Woburn and vicinity, that he is now prepared to do any work in the above business, with promptness and in a workmanlike manner. Second-hand Carriages and Sleighs fitted up to look as well as new, at fair prices.

Favors thankfully received, and all work warranted to give satisfaction.

Shop on private way, leading from Pleasant St. to Horn Pond.

WILLIAM F. SAWYER.
Woburn, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

FOR THE HAIR.

STERLING'S AMBROSIA,
KENDALLS' AMBOLINE,
BURNETS' COCOAINE,

And all the popular Hair preparations of the day. For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM.

sept 10



4711 Farina Cologne 4711

Celebrated for its excellence all over the world. For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

Jaques' Extract Pond Lily,

Just received and for sale by

W. C. BRIGHAM

STONEHAM ADVERTISEMENTS.

SAMUEL LYNCH, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
(Main Street, opposite the Church,)
STONEHAM, MASS.

sept10—tf

D. H. MESSER,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,

Attends to any duty connected with his profession at the shortest notice. Also, Coffins and Grave Clothes of every description on hand and furnished at short notice. I have also an AIR TIGHT CORPSE PRESERVER, in which cold air is the medium used, acing as a preservative in the warmest weather, for any length of time. At the same time the body is entirely secure from nocturnal depredations, while a glass reveals at any moment the features of the departed. Thus arranged it can be conveyed hundreds of miles with perfect safety, and in a good state of preservation, which has already been done.

☞ Residence, North Common Street, opposite the Congregational Meeting House.

Stoneham, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

Medical Notice.

BY the solicitation of friends, the subscriber has resumed the practice of Medicine in Stoneham. Calls attended to at all hours. Particular attention will be given to the treatment of all chronic diseases. Consultations at office, *free*.

H. GOODRICH.
Stoneham, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

S. G. CHAUNCEY,
CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER,

☞ Shop rear of Dike's Building.

Carriages and Sleighs repaired and painted. All new work warranted.

Stoneham, Sept 10, 1864. tf

NOTICE.

THE citizens of Stoneham and vicinity, will always find at Dr. Horace Goodrich's

DRUG STORE,

a fresh supply of pure Drugs and Medicines, Perfumery and Fancy Goods, Letter, Cap, and Note Paper, Pens, Pencils, Superior Ink, and all other articles usually kept by Druggists. Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded.

The above articles will be warranted as represented, and sold at the lowest cash prices.

Stoneham, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

CENTRAL HOUSE,
MAIN STREET, WOBURN, MASS.

THE undersigned, having completed the alterations and repairs on this commodious and centrally located Hotel, is now prepared to receive transient and permanent boarders. Gentlemen, with their families, can be accommodated with excellent rooms, newly furnished.

No expense will be spared in an endeavor to make the Central House equal to any hotel in the County. The tables are always supplied with the best the market affords, and in this respect the proprietor feels sure that he can give satisfaction to his guests.

The STABLES connected with the establishment have recently been put in fine order, and horses and carriages are to let—day or night.

L. B. NORRIS, Proprietor.
Woburn, Aug. 20, 1864.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.
PROBATE COURT.

To the Devisees, Legatees, Creditors, and all other Persons interested in the estate of THOMAS SKINNER, late of South Reading, in said County, Yeoman, deceased, testate:

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration with the will annexed on the estate of said deceased, to DANIEL ALLEN, of South Reading, in the County of Middlesex;

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of October next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against granting the same.

And said Daniel Allen is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once a week for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Middlesex Journal, printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court, and send a copy hereof, by mail, postage prepaid, to all known heirs, legatees, or devisees of said deceased, or their legal representatives, within two days after said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this fourteenth day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

sept17—3t J. H. TYLER, Register.



COAL, LUMBER, &C.

THE firm of AYER & MCDONALD having been dissolved, the subscriber respectfully gives notice to the inhabitants of Woburn and vicinity, that he will continue the business, at the same stand, in all its branches, and trusts by giving strict attention to business, and always keeping on hand the different kinds of COAL, WOOD and LUMBER, to receive that generous share of public patronage which has been accorded to the late firm during the past year.

LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

OFFICE—Immediately adjoining the North end of the Depot, Woburn Centre.

JOS. B. McDONALD.
Woburn Feb, 13th, 1863.

TO THE LADIES OF AMERICA

Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,
Lyon's Periodical Drops,
The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!
The Great Female Remedy!

FEMALE STRENGTHENING CORDIAL

THIS Medicine is of long tried efficacy for correcting all disorders incidental to the feminine sex. That the afflicted may feel assured that this Cordial is truly valuable and worthy their confidence,—not one of those secret compounds purposed to destroy healthy action,—I add a few testimonials from physicians who all favor the Eclectic and Reformed Practice of Medicine.

Dr. Willard C. George, formerly Professor in the Worcester Medical College, and President of the Eclectic Medical Society, Mass., speaks of it in the following terms:

"I have used the Female Strengthening Cordial similar to that prepared by Dr. Geo. W. Swett, 106 Hanover Street, and I regard it as one of the best Medicines for Female Complaints that can be found."

Dr. J. King, Author of "Woman: Her Diseases and their treatment," says:

"This Medicine appears to exert a specific influence on the Uterus. It is a valuable agent in all derangments of the Female Reproducive Organs."

Dr E. Smith, President of the New York Association of Botanic Physicians, says:

"No Female, if in delicate health, should omit the timely use of this valuable Cordial. I owe much of my success in midwifery to the use of this Medicine."

Mothers and Married Ladies!

The following from Dr. Fay is well worthy your notice—

"As a general remedy for Female Complaints this 'Cordial' is a very valuable one, but by the Profession it is esteemed more highly for its good results during Confinement in relieving the great suffering attendant upon childbirth. I acknowledge with Dr. Smith that much of my success in midwifery is due to the use of this medicine. It strengthens both mother and child. In such cases I follow the directions of Prof. King, by allowing my patients to use it a few weeks previous to confinement, as by the energy it imparts to the Uterine nervous system the labor will be very much facilitated, and removes the cramps which many females are liable to. No woman, if she knew the great value of this Strengthening Cordial would fail to use it."

I have received numerous testimonials from different parts of the country where used. Knowing the good it is capable of doing, I will warrant every bottle of my "Cordial" to be satisfactory in its results.

The following symptoms indicate those affections in which the Female Strengthening Cordial has proved invaluable—

Indisposition to Exertion, Wakefulness, Uneasiness, Depression of Spirits, Trembling, Loss of Power, Pain in the Back, Alternate Chills and Flushing of Heat, Dragging Sensation at the Lower Part of the Body, Headache, Languor, Aching along the Thighs, Intolerance of Light and Sound, Pale Countenance, Derangement of the Stomach & Bowels, Difficult Breathing, Hysteria, &c., &c.

It is a specific remedy in all Uterine Diseases, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Irregularity, Painfulness, Profuse or Suppression of Customary Discharges, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Scirrhus or Ulcerated State of the Uterus, Sterility, &c., &c.

No better Tonic can possibly be put up than this, and none less likely to do harm, as it is composed wholly of vegetable agents, and such as we have known to be valuable, and have used for many years.

Price per Bottle, $1.00.

Sold by Druggists generally; also, sent to any address on receipt of price.

For sale in Woburn by E. TRULL and at MRS FIELD'S Millinery Store.

Be sure and get that prepared at the

TE NEW ENGLAND BOTANIC DEPOT
Geo. H. Swett, M. D.—Proprietor
106 *HANOVER STREET*,
21-6w BOSTON, MASS.

BE WISE BY TIMES.

Do not trifle with your health, constitution, and character. If you are suffering with any diseases for which

HELMBOLD'S EXTRA BUCHU

is recommended,

TRY IT! TRY IT! TRY IT!

It will cure you, save long suffering, allaying Pain and inflammation, and will restore you to HEALTH AND PURITY.

At little expense and no exposure. Cut out the advertisement in another column, and call or send for it.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!
Ask for Helmbold's Take no other.
CURES GUARANTEED.

jy30—2m

ANEROTYPE, MELAINOTYPE, AND

Daguerreotype Rooms,

KELLEY'S BLOCK, ... WOBURN.

PARTICULAR attention given to copying pictures.

Central Market,

Main Street, Woburn.

THE subscriber having taken the store for merly occupied by E. O. SOLES, will keep constantly on hand West India Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Vegetables &c H. WHITFORD.

English, French and American

BRUSHES,

FOR THE

HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.

For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

TOILET EXTRACTS.

In endless variety, many of which will be sold at a low figure. By

W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

L. H. ALLEN,

FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,

FURNISHES at his Wareroom, four doors north of depot, Caskets of all sizes and qualities. Black Walnut, Mahogany, White Wood, and Pine coffins, of every size and price. Plates of various styles, and Plain and Fancy Handles. Thibet, Cashmere, Colored, Lawn, Muslin, and Cambric Shrouds. Metallic Caskets furnished at the shortest notice. Every thing furnished at the lowest living prices.

The subscriber having received from the Board of Selectmen the appointment of Funeral Undertaker for the town, now offers to the public his new and elegant HEARSE, which has been manufactured expressly to his order, and which he will furnish with one or a pair of horses, at the usual price.

He likewise offers the new invention for preserving the bodies of deceased persons by cold air alone, without the direct application of ice, which is so repugnant to the feelings. When preserved by the cold air process, a glass reveals at any moment the features of the departed, and the corpse will keep much longer than in the ordinary way.

The subscriber would take this opportunity to return his thanks for the liberal patronage he has hitherto received, and hopes, with his new improvements to continue to give his customers the highest satisfaction.

All orders answered with promptness, and Coffins delivered within ten miles free of expense.

L. H. ALLEN.

Woburn Center, March 4, 1864.—23-6m

MIDDLESEX JOURNAL

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Main Street, Woburn.

WE call the attention of the public to the facilities of the above establishment for the execution of

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PRINTING.

We are prepared to supply all classes of the ommunity with any kind of printing they may need.

BLANK BOOKS,

INSURANCE POLICIES,

BANK CHECKS,

CIRCULARS,

PROGRAMMES,

PAMPHLETS,

ORDER OF EXERCISES,

LEGAL BLANKS,

BILL HEADS,

CATALOGUES,

SERMONS,

NOTE BOOKS,

BLANK RECEIPTS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

ADDRESS CARDS,

BALL CARDS,

ORDER OF DANCES,

SHOW BILLS,

POSTERS,

AUCTION BILLS,

SHOP BILLS,

MILK BILLS,

LABELS,

&c., &c, &c.

Particular attention paid to printing

POSTERS OF EVERY SIZE.

Also—Visiting, Wedding, Ball and Business Cards.

☞ Persons in the adjoining towns who may wish printing done, can send their orders by mail, or otherwise, and rest assured that they will be promptly and correctly filled.

JOURNAL PRINTING ROOMS,

MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE."

This Coffee has stood the test, and is

Unequalled by any other Substitute.

No one who delights in a

Cup of good Coffee

Should be without it.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

H. B. NEWHALL,

36 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

Certificate of Dr. Hayes.

"HARD TIMES COFFEE.—This substitute for the more expensive kinds of Coffee has been analyzed chemically and microscopically, and found to be free from any deleterious substance. It also corresponds in composition with the manufacturer's statement. Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D.,

State Assayer.

1y16—2m cow

French, English and American

TOILET SOAPS,

Genuine.

From the manufactories of Coudray, Mangenet & Coudray, Gelle Freres, Lowe, Son & Haydon, Patty, Glenn, Worsley, and others,

For sale by

W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

The Woburn Journal,

E. MARCHANT, PROPRIETOR.

Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

TERMS—$2,00 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher; and any person wishing his paper discontinued, must give notice thereof at the expiration of the term, whether previous notice has been given or not.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square (12 lines this type) one insertion,	$1 50
Each subsequent insertion,	25
Half a square (six lines), one insertion,	1 00
Each subsequent insertion,	17
One square one year,	15 00
One square six months,	8 00
One square three months,	5 00
Half a square one year,	8 00
Half a square six months,	5 00
Half a square three months	3 00

Less than half a square charged as a half square; more than half a square charged as a square.

Larger advertisements as may be agreed upon.

SPECIAL NOTICES, *leaded*, 12 cents per line for one insertion, each subsequent insertion 5 cents.

☞ All advertisements, not otherwise marked on the copy, will be inserted UNTIL ORDERED OUT, and charged accordingly.

AGENTS FOR THE JOURNAL.

South Reading—DR. J. D. MANSFIELD
Stoneham—E. T. WHITTIER.
Winchester—JOSIAH HOVEY.
Reading—L. E. GLEASON.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., Boston and New York; S. R. NILES, (successor to V. B. Palmer,) Scollay's Building, Court street, Boston, are duly empowered to take advertisements for the JOURNAL, at the rates required by us.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The attention of business men everywhere is called to this paper as an advertising medium. The JOURNAL circulates largely in the towns that surround Woburn, and all will increase their business by advertising in its columns.

Every kind of JOB PRINTING done at short notice, on reasonable terms and in good style.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of correspondents.

☞ Subscribers are requested to remit direct to the office of publication.

BOSTON AND LOWELL

And Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Stony Brook Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowel Railroads.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 16th, 1864, trains will leave BOSTON for—

Upper Railroads, 6.00, 8 00 a m, 12.00, 5.30 p m.
Wilton, Milford, Danforth's Corner, S. Merrimack 8.00 a.m. 12.00, 5.30 p. m.
Nashua, 6-00, 8-00† am, 12 m, 5 30 pm
Tyngsboro', No. Chelmsford 6.00am, 12.00, 5.30pm
Groton Junction 10.00 (exp) a.m., 2.30 p. m.
Lowell, 6.00, 8.00†, 10.00 am, 12-00 (exp), 2.30, 5. 30 (exp), 6 pm.
North Billerica, Billerica & Tewksbury, Wilmington, 6.00, 10.00 a m, 2,30, 6.00 p m.
S. Wilmington, N. Woburn, 10 a m, 2.30, p m.
Woburn W. S., 6.00, 10.00, a.m., 2.30, 6.00 p m.
E. Woburn, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, a m. 2.30, 3.00, 5.10, 7.30* pm.
Winchester and West Medford, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30, am, 2.30, 3,00, 5.10, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p m.
College Hill 6.45, 10.00, 11.30 a.m., 3.00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30* p.m.
Mondays at 11.30 p. m., a train leaves for Lowell, Nashua and Way Stations.
The 10.00 A. M., and 2 30 P. M., Trains from Boston stop at Milk Row, Somerville Centre, and College Hill Stations, to take passengers for Stations above Winchester.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BOSTON LEAVE

Wilton at 6.15, 11.00 a. m. 3.30 p m.
Milford, 6.20, 11.05, a. m. 3.55 p m.
Danforth's Corner, 6.30, 11-13, a m, 4.08 p m.
South Merrimack, 6.35, 11-21 a m, 4.23 p m.
Nashua at 7.00, 11-45, a m, 5.00, 8.40† p m,
Tingsboro' 7.15, 11.57 a m., 5.12 pm.
North Chelmsford, 7-22, 12.06 a.m., 5.19 p.m.
Groton Junction, 8.00 a m, 12.45 p m.
Lowell 7, 7.30* 9.30, a m, 12.15*, 2.15, 5.30*, 9*pm.
North Billerica 7.09, 9-39 a m. 2.22, 5.41, p m.
Billerica and Tewksbury 7.16, 9 46 a m, 2.29, 5.47 p m.
Wilmington at 7 26 9-55 a m, 2.39, 5.55, p m.
South Wilmington 10 00 5 m, 2.43 p m.
North Woburn 10.03 a m, 2.45 p m.
Woburn Watering Station at 7.39, 10-08 a m, 2.53, 6.04 p.m.
East Woburn at 7-00, 9.00, 10-00 a m, 1.15, 2.54, 5.00 6-30, p m.
Winchester at 6.05, 7.05 7.45, 9.05, 10-15 a m, 1.20, 3.00, 5.05, 6-35, 8.20, p m.
West Medford at 6.15, 7.15, 7.52, 9.15, 10 22 am 1.30 4.07, 5.15, 6-45, 8.25 p m.
College Hill 6.19, 7.19, 9.19 a.m., 1.33, 3.10, 5.19, 6.47 8 28 p. m.
*Or on arrival of trains from Nashua.
†Northern Depot.
The 9.30 A. M., and 2 15 P. M., Trains from Lowell stop at College Hill, Somerville Centre, and Milk Row Stations, to leave Passengers from Stations above Winchester.

Woburn Branch.

Trains for Woburn Centre, leave Boston, at 6.45 11.30, a. m., 3,00, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30,* p. m.
Trains leave Woburn Centre for Boston, at 6.00, 7.00, 7-40, 9 a m. 1.15, 5.00, 6.30, 8-15 p m.
* Saturdays at 10 p. m.

Stoneham Branch.

The Trains on this Road will leave Boston (from Lowell Railroad Depot) for Stoneham, at 6-45, and 11-30 A M, 3-00, 5-10, and 7-30* P M.
Leave Stoneham for Boston, at 6 52, and 8-5* A M, 1-00, 4-52, and 6-22 P M.
* Saturdays at 10-00 P. M.

J. B. WINSLOW, Superintendant,
B. L. and N. & L. R. R.

VERNATELLA.

WARRANTED TO MAKE THE

SOLES OF BOOTS AND SHOES

WATER AND DAMPNESS PROOF,

AND WEAR ONE-THIRD LONGER.

VERNATELLA,

is a preparation from Copper, having no grease. Linseed oil, or anything of the kind, and when the soles are once saturated with it, water can no more get through them than through copper itself.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

AT RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

But its cost to the purchaser is really NOTHING, as it makes the soles wear enough longer to more than pay for it, leaving as a net gain the making of them Water and Dampness Proof, and the preservation thereby of that priceless gem, the health.

LADIES, READ THIS.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH!

Use Vernatella on the soles of your Shoes. It makes them water proof and thereby protects your feet from dampness, for the ground is always more or less moist, either from rain or the morning and evening dew.

At Wholesale in Boston by

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 38 Hanover street.
S. M. COSCORD & CO., 80 Hanover street.
M. S. BURR & CO., 26 Tremont street.
CARTER, RUST & CO., 43, Hanover street.

And Wholesale Druggists generally. Also by all the Principal Dealers in Boots and Shoes.

Manufactured in the CHEMICAL DEPARTMENT of the

Cahoon Manufacturing Company.

WYMAN & TYLER, Agents.
9—7m 82, Water street, Boston.

ATKINSON'S FRENCH PLASTER.

Highly Recommended for CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD JOINTS, NAILS INGROWING, or any Disease of the Feet.

This Plaster effects a cure without pain or inconvenience. After the application the boot or shoe can be worn with perfect ease. Warranted not injurious. Procured of all principal druggists and Boot and shoe dealers. Made only by W. D. ATKINSON, Jr., Tremont corner Boylston streets, Boston, Mass. Wholesale agents, G. C. Goodwin & Co.; John Wilson, Jr., & Co., Boston.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT,

OF

Drugs and Medicines,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

For sale at the lowest market prices, by

W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

WOBURN BOOKSTORE!

THE WOBURN BOOKSTORE is well supplied with a good stock of Books, Writing Paper, Pens, Ink, Inkstands, Pencils, Blank Books, Room Paper, Fancy Goods, Toys, and almost everything usually found in a Stationery Store. The stock of

Bibles and Testaments

is large, and consists of a variety of sizes and styles.

FAMILY BIBLES supplied to order.

Hymn Books.

The various kinds of Hymn Books used in the different Societies, are always kept on hand. Those of particular binding, when not on hand, will be furnished to order.

Sabbath Sch'l Books,

Such as Hymn and Tune Books, Question Books, &c., supplied at short notice.

Photograph Albums

in good variety, and at different prices, from 50 cts. upwards.

Juvenile Works,

suitable for children of all ages, including the works of the most favorite authors, in great supply. TOY BOOKS of all kinds and prices.

Blank Books,

Ledgers, Journals, Record Books, Pocket and Tuck Memorandums, and all kinds of Blank Books usually called for. BLANK BOOKS, of particular kinds, furnished to order.

School Books.

The various kinds of Books used in our Public Schools, are always on hand. Also, Rewards of Merit, in many different styles.

Writing Paper.

The stock of Writing Paper is always large, and includes all kinds—Letter, Billet, Cap, Bank Post, Bill, and Ornamental.

Envelopes

Of all colors, sizes and qualities.

Pens.

All kinds of Gillott's, Washington Medallion, and many others, too numerous to mention.

Penholders,

In Wood, Bone, Ivory, &c., at all prices.

Paper Hangings.

A good supply of House Papers, Borders, Window Blinds, &c, of the latest and most fashionable patterns, at LOW PRICES, always on hand.

Miscellaneous.

Cartridge, Drawing, Blotting and Tissue Paper; Patent, Portable, Fancy and Office Inkstands, Playing Cards, Portfolios, Ink Erasers, Ivory Tablets, Tape Measures, Transparent Slates, Pencil Leads, Superior, Common and Perfumed Sealing Wax, Wafers and Stamps, Crayons, Drawing Books, Stamps, Rubber, Boxes Paints and Brushes, Pen Racks, Paper Tearers, Bill Files, Date Cases, Rulers, Ivory Folders, Sand and Boxes, Thermometers, Mathematical Instruments, &c., &c.

Fancy Goods and Toys.

A large variety of Work Boxes, Reticules; Puff, Back, Round, Fine, Pocket and Dressing Combs; Hair, Tooth, Nail, Clothes and Shaving Brushes; Crotchet Needles, Emory Cushions, Port Monnaies, Wallets, Ladies' Money Bags, Visiting, Playing, Plain and Ornamental Cards: Dolls in variety, and toys of all kinds

Main St. Woburn Center.

CLARK'S

DISTILLED

RESTORATIVE FOR THE HAIR,

Restores Gray and Faded Hair and Beard to its Natural Color, and is a most Luxurious Dressing

FOR THE HAIR AND HEAD.

Clark's Restorative, Restores the Color.
Clark's Restorative, Eradicates Dandruff.
Clark's Restorative, Promotes its growth.
Clark's Restorative, Prevents its falling off.
Clark's Restorative, Is an unequalled Dressing.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Children.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Ladies.
Clark's Restorative, Is good for Old People.
Clark's Restorative, Is perfectly harmless.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Oil.
Clark's Restorative, Is not a Dye.
Clark's Restorative, Beautifies the Hair.
Clark's Restorative, Is splendid for Whiskers.
Clark's Restorative, Keeps the Hair in its Place.
Clark's Restorative, Cures Nervous Headache.
Clark's Restorative, Prevents Eruptions
Clark's Restorative, Stops Itching and Burning
Clark's Restorative, Keeps the Head Cool.
Clark's Restorative, Is delightfully perfumed.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Sediment.
Clark's Restorative, Contains no Gum.
Clark's Restorative, Polishes your Hair.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Parties.
Clark's Restorative, Prepares you for Balls.
Clark's Restorative, All Ladies need it.

C. G. CLARK & CO., PROPRIETORS.
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston, General Agents, 30—1y.

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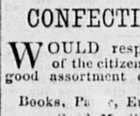
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Confectionery of all kinds, and of the best quality.

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A pure and powerful Tonic, corrective and alterative of wonderful efficacy in disease of the

Stomach, Liver and Bowels,

Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation, Colic, Intermittent Fevers, Cramps and Spasms, and all Complaints of either Sex, arising from Bodily Weakness whether inherent in the system or produced by special causes.

NOTHING that is not wholesome, genial and restorative in its nature enters into the composition of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. This popular preparation contains no mineral of any kind, no deadly botanical element; no fiery extant; but it is a combination of the extracts of rare balsamic herbs and plants with the purest and mildest of all diffusive stimulants.

It is to be forearmed against disease, and, so far as the human system can be protected by human means against maladies engendered by an unwholesome atmosphere, impure water and other external causes, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS may be relied on as a safeguard.

In districts infested with *Fever and Ague*, it has been found infallible as a preventative and irresistable as a remedy and thousands who resort to it under apprehension of an attack, escape the scourge; and thousands who neglect to avail themselves of its protective qualities in advance, are cured by a very brief course of this marvelous medicine. Fever and Ague patients, after being plied with quinine for months in vain, until fairly saturated with that dangerous alkaloid, are not unfrequently restored to health within a few days by the use of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

The weak stomach is rapidly invigorated and the appetite restored by this agreeable Tonic, and hence it works wonders in cases of DYSPEPSIA and in less confirmed forms of INDIGESTION. Acting as a gentle and painless aperient, as well as upon the liver, it also invariably relieves the CONSTIPATION superinduced by irregular action of the digestive and secretive organs.

Persons of feeble habit, liable to *Nervous Attacks, Lowness of Spirits* and *Fits of Languor*, find prompt and permanent relief from the Bitters. The testimony on this point is most conclusive, and from both sexes.

The agony of BILIOUS COLIC is immediately assuaged by a single dose of the stimulant, and by occasionally resorting to it, the return of the complaint may be prevented.

As a General Tonic, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS produce effects which must be experienced or witnessed before they can be fully appreciated. In cases of *Constitutional Weakness, Premature Decay* and Debility and Decrepitude arising from OLD AGE, it exercises the electric influence. In the convalescent stages of all diseases it operates as a delightful invigorant. When the powers of nature are relaxed, it operates to re-enforce and re-establish them.

Last, but not least, it is *The Only Safe Stimulant*, being manufactured from sound and innocuous materials, and entirely free from the acid elements present more or less in all the ordinary tonics and stomachics of the day.

No family medicine has been so universally, and, it may be truly added, deservedly popular with the intelligent portion of the community, as HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Prepared by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Storekeepers everywhere.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, a Positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calcareous depositions, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

For Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:—

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves, Trembling,
Horror of Disease, Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,
Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face,
Pallid Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow *Impotency, Fatuity, Epileptic Fits*,

In one of which the Patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "Direful Diseases,"

"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, *but none will confess. The records of the insane asylums*

And Melancholy Deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the Truth of the assertion.

The Constitution once affected with Organic Weakness requires the aid of Medicine to Strengthen and Invigorate the System.

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does.

A Trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females—Females—Females.

In many Affections peculiar to Females the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leuchorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicines for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash Cures

Secret Diseases

In all their Stages, At little Expense,
Little or no change in Diet. No inconvenience,
And no Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous, Diseased and wornout Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands who have been the Victims of Quacks, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the URINARY ORGANS, whether existing in MALE or FEMALE, from whatever cause originating and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these Organs requires the aid of a DIURETIC, HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE GREAT DIURETIC, and is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is Recommended.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will accompany the medicine.

Price, $1.00 per bottle, or Six for $5.00. Delivered to any Address, securely packed from observation.

Describe Symptoms in all Communications.

Cures Guaranteed! Advice Gratis!!

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Sold by all druggists everywhere.

Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Cut out the Advertisement and send for it. And avoid imposition and exposure.

For sale in Woburn by W. C. BRIGHAM.



Friends and Relatives

OF THE

BRAVE SOLDIER'S & SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

All who have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care, that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

Coughs and Colds affecting Troops

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite, Incidental to Soldiers.

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

Weakness or Debility Induced by over Fatigue,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's should be recommended for Dysentery and Fulx, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

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Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all round it, then covered with a piece of linen from his Knapsack and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's Knapsack and Seaman's Chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW-YORK AND LONDON," are discernable as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light*. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment are now retailed, owing to the high price of drugs, &c., at 30 cts. 70 cts., and $1.10 per Box or Pot.

☞ Dealers in my well known medicines can have Show Cards, Circulars, &c., sent them, FREE OF EXPENSE, by addressing Thomas Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York.

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A SURE RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERER.

This Salve is a vegetable preparation, invented in the 17th century, by DR. WM. GRACE, surgeon in King James's army. Through its agency he cured thousands of most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Burns.
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Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Lips.
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And from Sores and Wounds of the most serious nature down to a common Pimple. It eradicates Pimples from the face, and beautifies the skin. There is no preparation before the public that can equal this Salve in prompt and energetic action for the speedy cure of external diseases, as those who have tried its virtues testify. Soldiers, Sailors, and Fishermen, will find Salve their best friend.

It has none of the irritating, heating properties of other remedies, but cools, cleanses, and heals the most serious Sores and Wounds. Every family, and especially those containing children, should keep a box on hand in case of accident, for it will save them much trouble suffering, and money. All it wants is a fair trial to cure old and inveterate Sores.

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Price 25 cents and $1 per Box. A great saving is made by taking the large size.

Each Box has the above cut and the facsimile of the proprietor's signature attached to it, which is duly copyrighted.

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Grace's Salve can be obtained at all respectable Druggists and country stores everywhere.

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Paper Hanging, White-washing and Coloring done in the neatest manner. Also, Graining and Marbling. Sashes and Blinds of every description furnished. PAINTS, OIL and GLASS, of the best quality, constantly on hand.

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